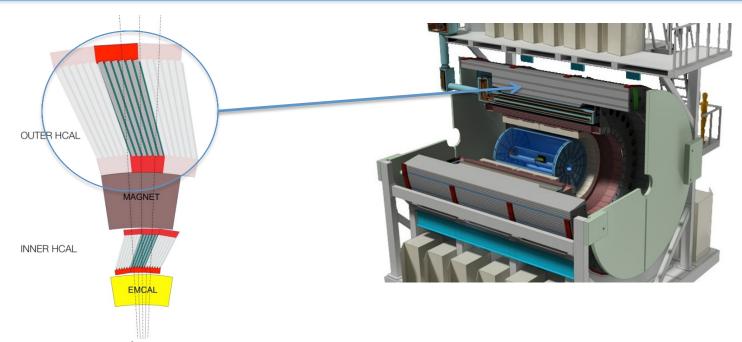


## sPHENIX Director's Review

# OUTER HCAL DETECTOR ANATOLI GORDEEV August 2-4, 2017 BNL



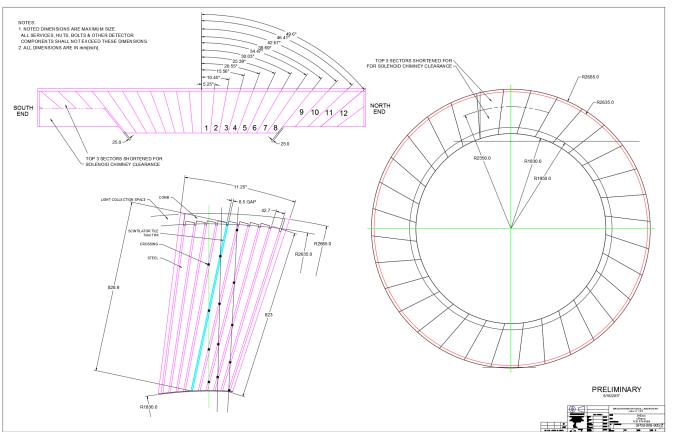
## sPHENIX OUTER HCAL Description



- HCAL steel-
  - HCAL ABSORBER STEEL
  - MAGNET FLUX RETURN
  - STRUCTURAL SUPPPORT FOR INNER DETECTORS AND MAGNET
- Scintillating tiles with wavelength shifting fiber
- SiPM Readout

## The Subsystem Technical Overview



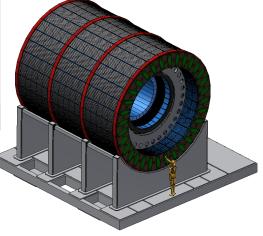


32 SECTORS, 13.5 tons each

INNER RADIUS 1.9m OUTER RADIUS 2.6m

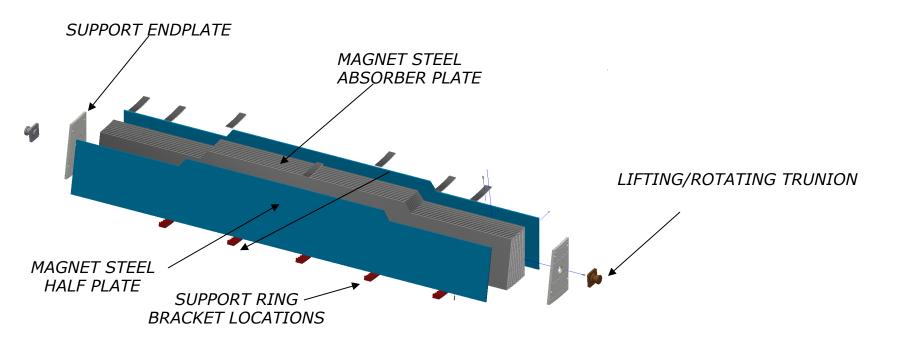
10 GAPS of 7mm Scint Tiles 24 Tiles in each row.

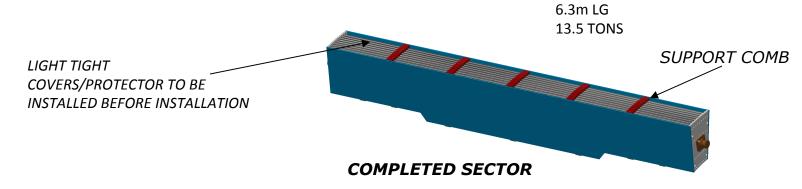
~26.1mm - ~42.4mm Tapered 1020 Steel Plates



#### **OUTER HCAL SECTOR**







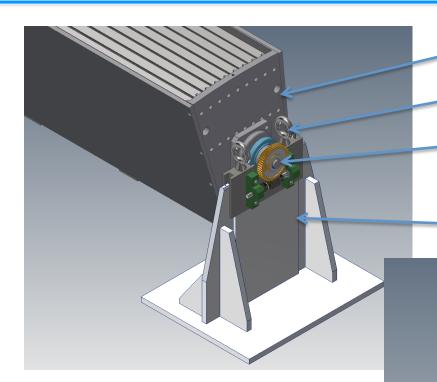
## **Design Drivers**



- Outer HCal structure
  - Absorbers designed for HCal performance
  - Also serve as structural support for all internal detectors and SC
     Magnet (load transfer to Cradle carriage)
  - Also serve as magnet flux return
- Scintillating tiles with embedded waveshifting fiber
  - HCal performance
- Why a tilted plate design?
  - A tilted plate design can provide a uniform acceptance, adequate energy resolution and simplified construction
- How are the tilt angles chosen?
  - Chosen to avoid channeling (tails in resolution function)
- Lifting, Handling



## **OUTER HCAL HANDLING FIXTURES**



Aug 2-4, 2017

**OUTER HCAL SECTOR** 

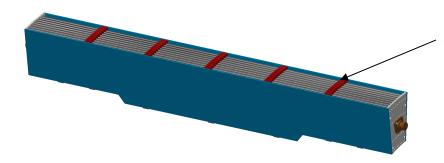
LIFTING FIXTURE
SECTOR ROTATION
ATTACHMENT (WORM
GEAR)

HOLDING FIXTURE (BASE STAND)

CLOSER VIEW OF LIFTING FIXTURE WITH ROTATION GEARS

#### **OUTER HCAL SECTOR ANALASYS**



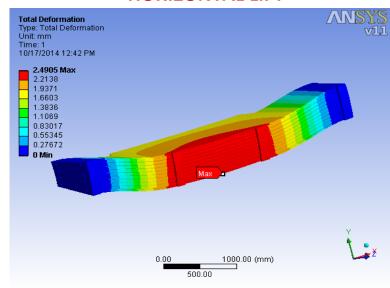


SUPPORT COMB

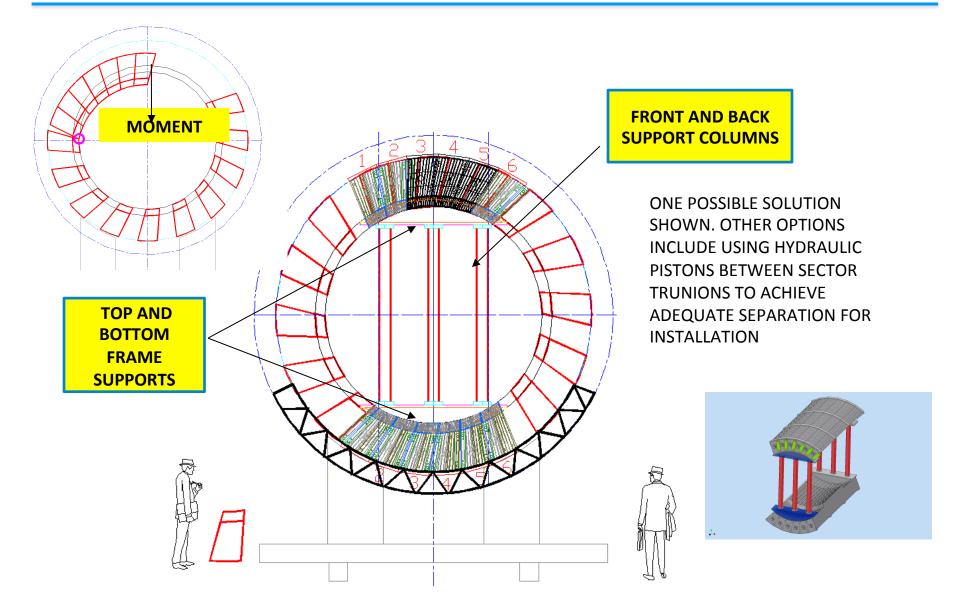
#### WORST CASE SCENARIO – HORIZONTAL LIFT

TOTAL DEFORMATION
WITHOUT SUPPORT COMBS 4.6mm

TOTAL DEFORMATION
WITH 5 SUPPORT COMBS ON TOP
7 COMBS ON BOTTOM 2.5mm

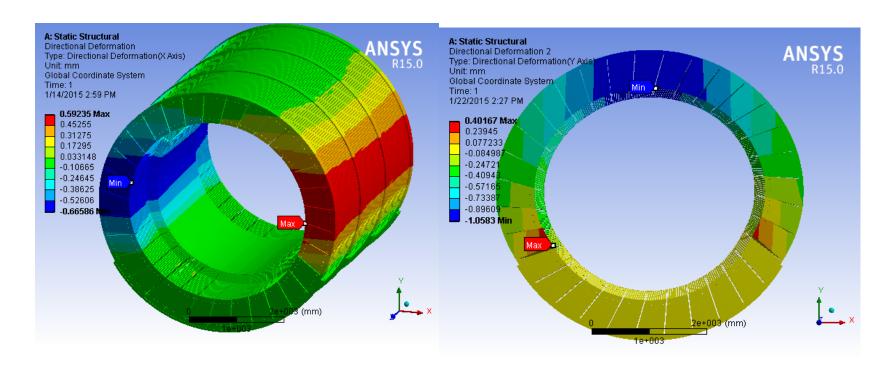


## TEMPORARY SUPPORT FOR TOP SECTOR INSTALLATION



#### **COMPLETED ASSEMBLY ANALYSYS**





X DEFORMATION +/- 0.6mm

Y DEFORMATION 1mm MAX

FINAL ASSEMBLY DEFORMATION IS WITHIN TOLERANCE AFTER REMOVAL OF TEMPORARY SUPPORTS

Additional Analyses in Backup

# Resources/Cost Drivers



- Cost is dominated by Sector steel and machining costs
  - 1020 A36 steel 6.3 meters long
  - Mechanical assembly at vendor
  - Fixed price contract option in place with vendor for full scale prototype
- Scintillator tile production
  - Surface flatness over long distances a key specification
    - Wrapped tile thickness < 7.5mm, Uniplast can meet this spec.</li>
  - Uniplast (T2K, PHENIX)
    - FNAL/Elgen also investigated, Uniplast most economical for complete tile assemblies
- Final Tile and Electronics Assembly at BNL
  - University labor (installing tiles, testing)
  - BNL Labor (sector handling electronics connections, general technical support)
  - Lifting and handling fixtures

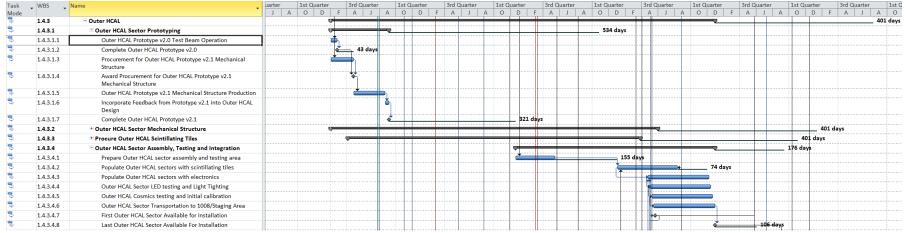
## Schedule Drivers



- Sector Mechanical Prototypes: Contract for full scale prototype with option for production
- Scintillating Tiles
- Sector assembly and testing
  - Location at BNL currently being negotiated (912 floor)
  - Plan to have parallel lines for
    - Inspection Tile assembly
    - Electronics assembly
    - QA testing
    - Prep for delivery to 1008
  - 4 sets of stands
  - 2 sets of handling/lifting fixtures
- Planned mechanical sector delivery- 4/month

Production schedule integrates availability of electronics/SiPMs (WBS 1.5).

BNL labor planned. Schedule slip in assembly can be addressed by adding additional University labor.



## Full Scale Prototype Sector in Progress





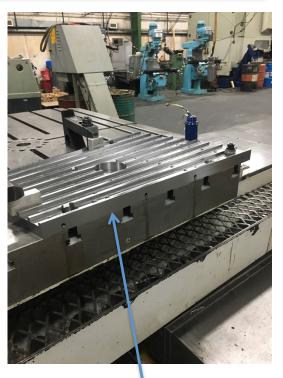
Absorber Plates



**Trunions** 

Combs





**End Plates** 

Full assembly to be delivered to BNL August 2017



#### **Outer HCAL Assembly Area**

#### Building 912

- Area behind Door 16 and behind former RPC tent
- 40 Ton crane, 5 Ton aux.
- 1 Ton mobile gantry
- 30' x 16' Tent









# Status and Highlights



- Analyses are continuing (near completion)
  - Outer HCal to Cradle carriage
  - Adding SC Magnet, Inner HCal and EMCAl support loads to model
  - Splice Plate and Pin stresses
  - Modified sectors (with cut out for SC Magnet Chimney extension)
- Lifting fixture design (including rotation attachment) nearly complete
  - Design to be submitted to BNL lifting safety committee this month
  - Tile/electronics assembly stands detailed awaiting final approval for fabrication
- Full scale prototype sector in production at vendor. (Delivery late summer 2017)
  - Validate and qualify lifting and handling fixtures/tools
  - Evaluate tile holding features and alignment
  - Evaluate cable management
  - Partial instrumentation to validate operational characteristics with cosmic rays
  - Evaluate light tightness design
  - Test structural integrity in all installed orientations

## Summary



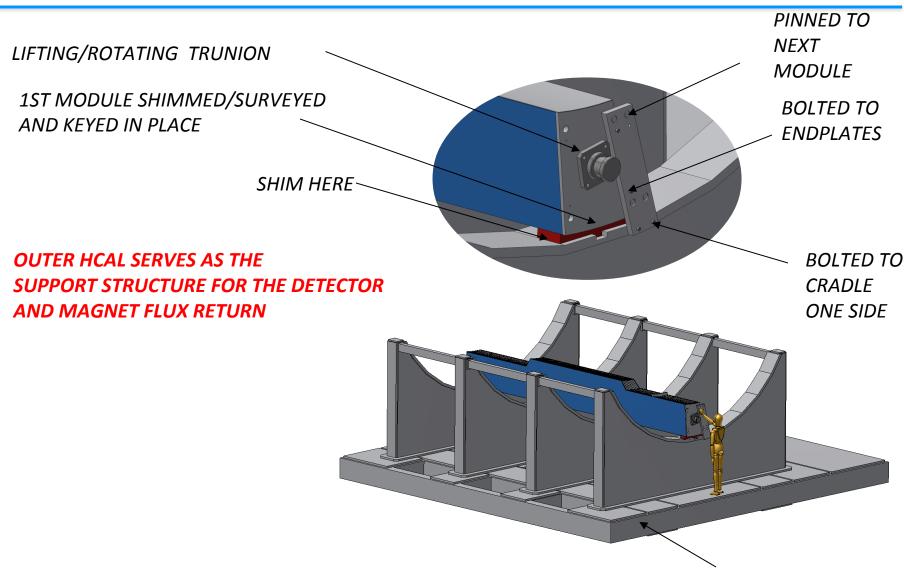
- Design is maturing rapidly
- Analyses indicate acceptable structural integrity
- Full scale prototype sector (near final design) in production
- Design drawing package nearly complete
- Interfaces with Cradle Carriage and other detectors under development
- Assembly area at BNL to be finalized shortly (candidates identified, negotiating availability)
- Cost and production schedules being validated with full scale prototype sector



# Back Up

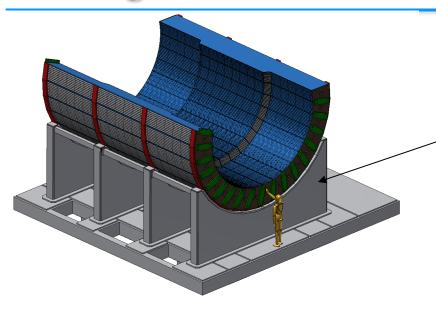
#### **1ST HCAL MODULE INSTALLATION**





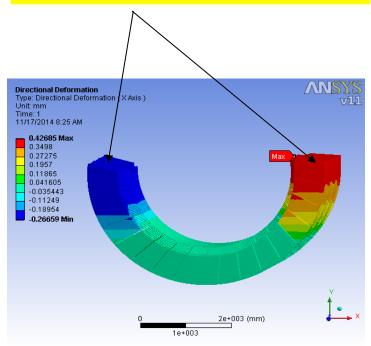






120 DEGREE OR MORE BOTTOM SUPPORT WILL BE SUFFICIENT

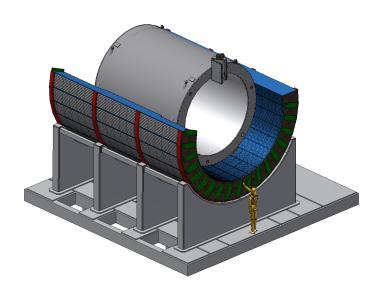
#### **TOTAL DEFORMATION IS 0.4mm MAX**

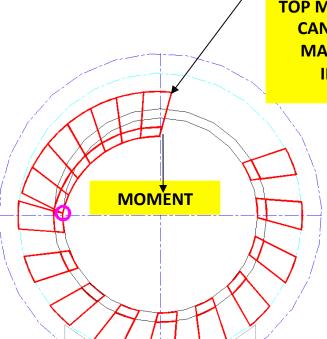


## **ASSEMBLE UPPER QUADRANT**



## AFTER MAGNET IS INSTALLED REMAINING SECTORS ARE INSTALLED

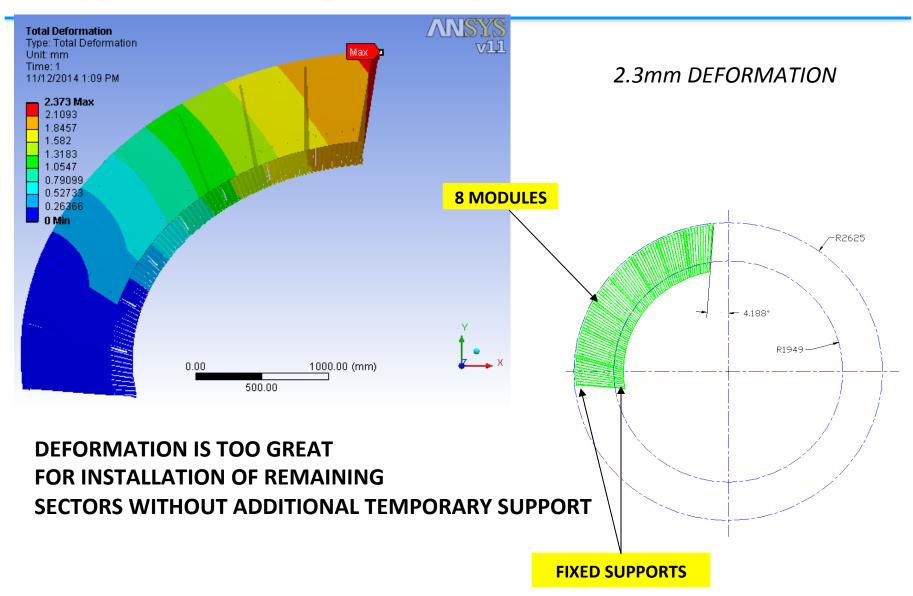




BOLTED SECTOR
CONNECTION –
FRICTION
CONNECTION.
TOP MODULE SECTION
CAN ROTATE AND
MAKE ASSEMBLY
IMPOSSIBLE

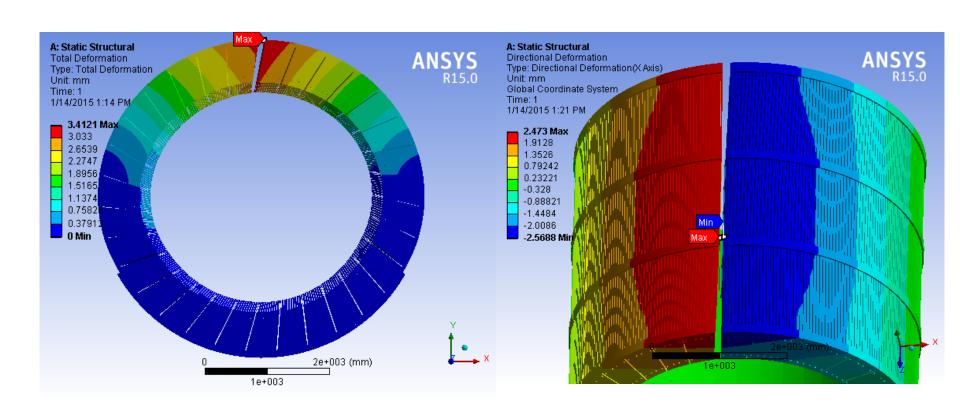
#### **ASSEMBLY DEFORMATION**







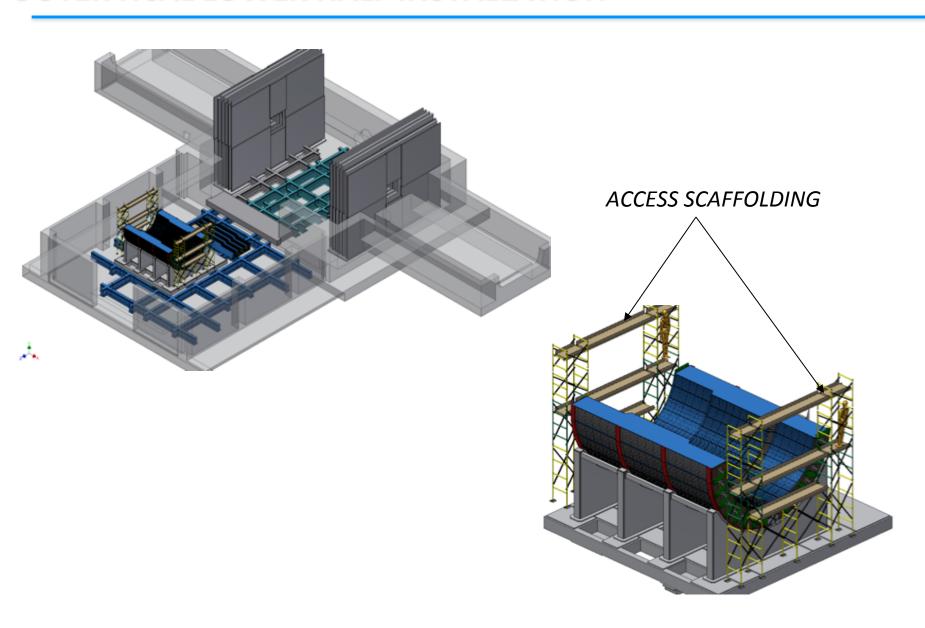
#### **ASSEMBLY DEFORMATION**



## AN EXTERNAL SUPPORT IS REQUIRED FOR REMAINING MODULES TO BE INSTALLED

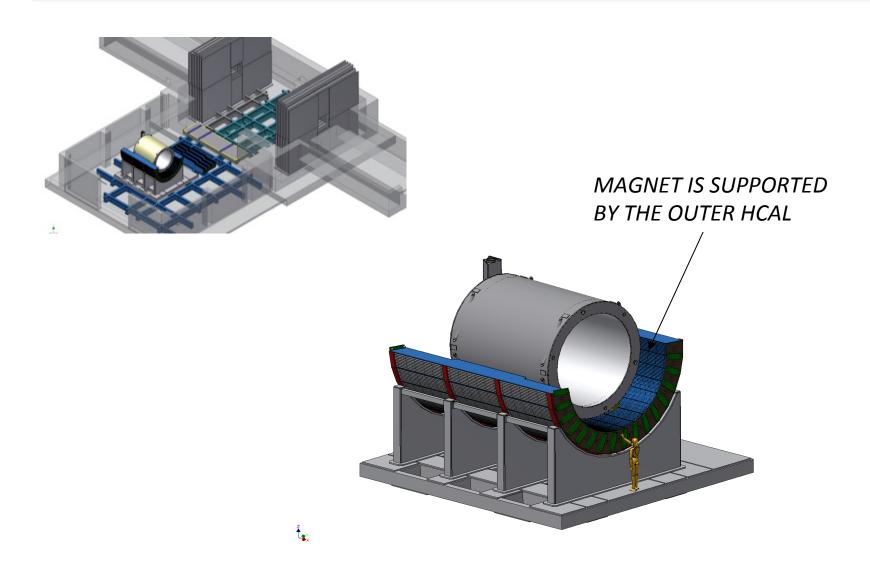






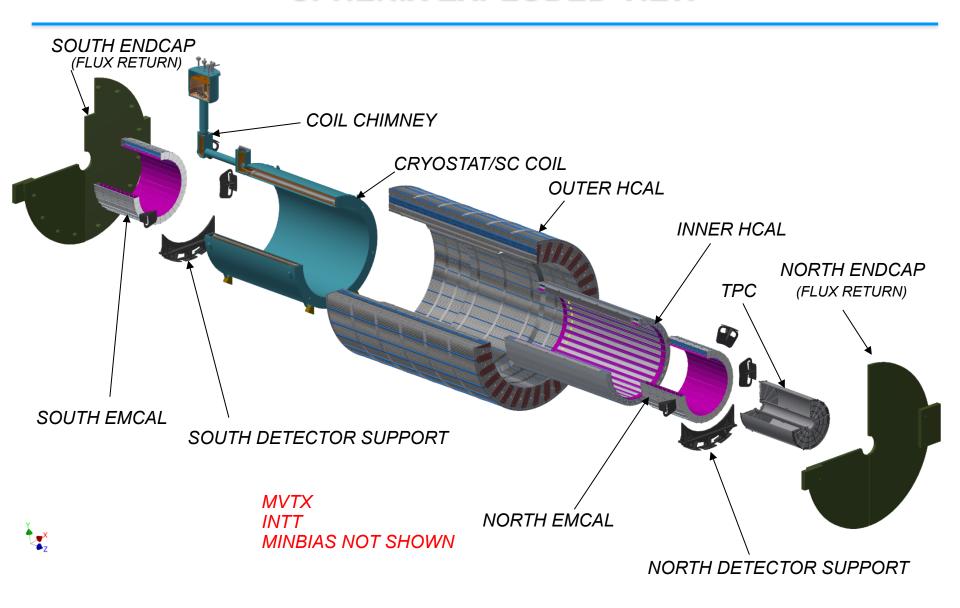
## **SC MAGNET INSTALLATION**





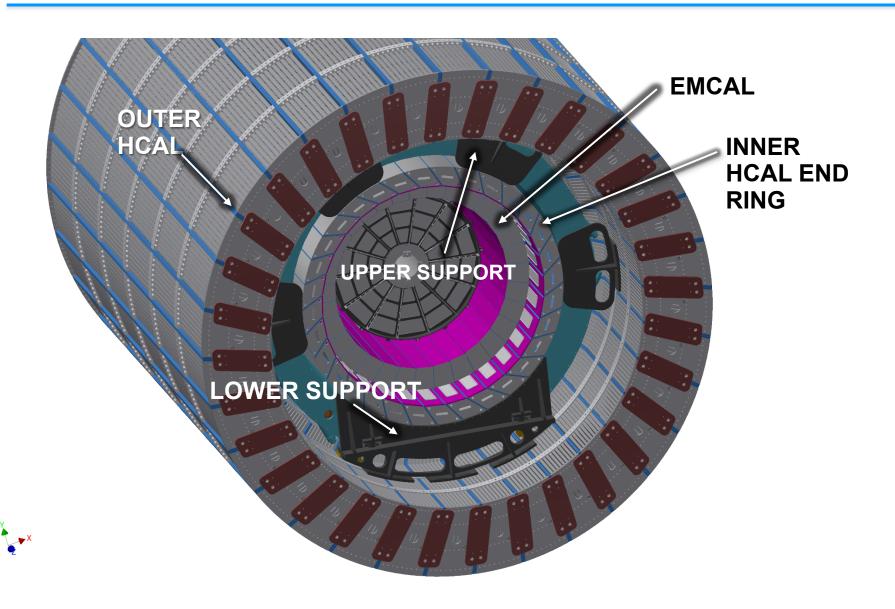
#### **SPHENIX EXPLODED VIEW**





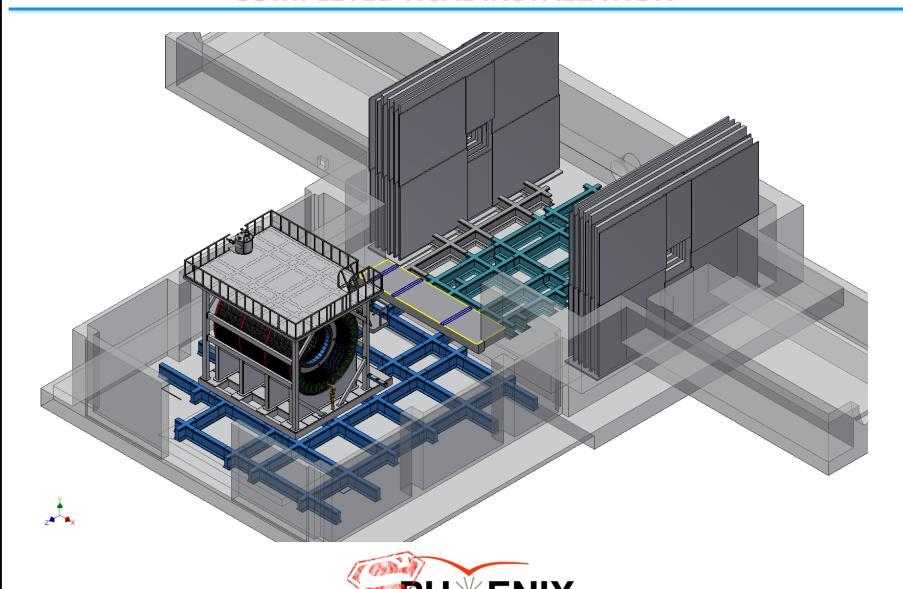
#### **INNER DETECTORS SUPPORT POINTS**







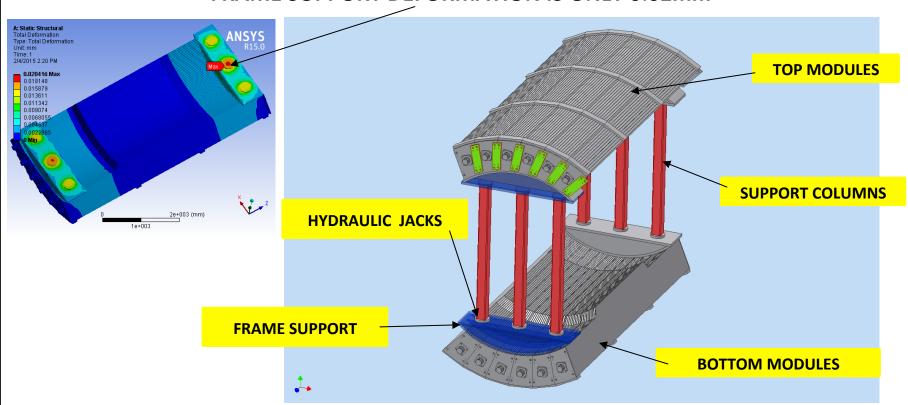
#### **COMPLETED HCAL INSTALLATION**





# TEMPORARY SUPPORT FOR TOP MODULE INSTALLATION

#### FRAME SUPPORT DEFORMATION IS ONLY 0.02mm

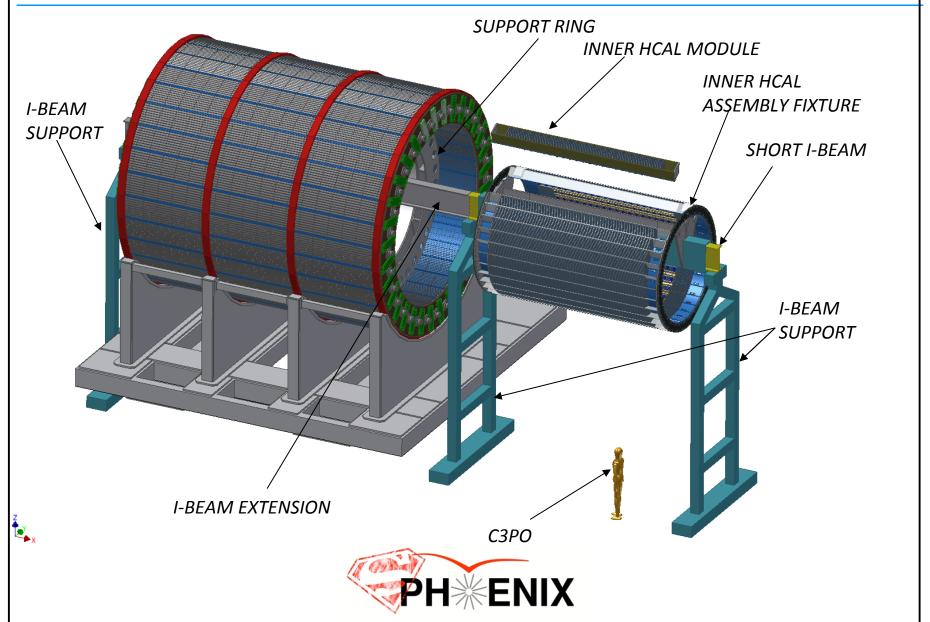


DEFORMATION DOES NOT EFFECT LOWER HCAL MODULES INTERNAL STRUCTURE





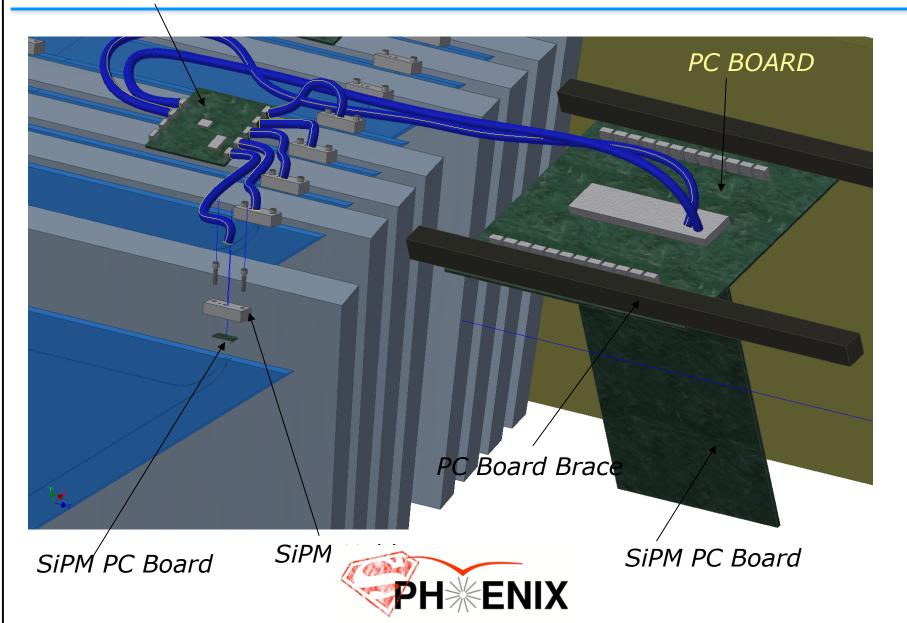
#### **INNER HCAL INSTALLATION**





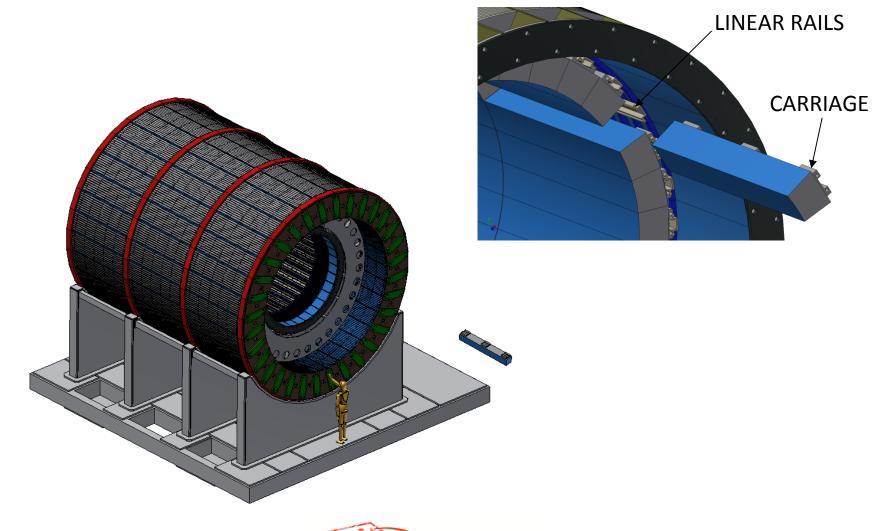
#### TOWER BOARD

#### **HCAL ELECTRONICS & CABLE ROUTING**





#### **EMCAL MODULES ATTACHED TO INNER HCAL**



# Risk Registry/Issues and Concerns



1.4 HCal	Loss of scintillating tile provider (Uniplast)	engage in or complere the production contract	Schedule delay in the procurement of rthe scintillating tiles, along with corresponding delays in inner and outer HCAL assembly.		Explore alternate scintillator vendors (FNAL, Elgin, IHEP).
1.4 HCal	Unable to produce inner HCAL in SS310 in a cost effective manner	HCAL prototype yields	Schedule delay in finalizing the design of the inner HCAL; re-engineering required.		Investigate value-engineering designs and alternate materials (brass); will require re-engineering.
1.4 HCal	Unable to identify suitable site(s) for inner HCAL assembly (scint. and electronics)	No participating University site can idetify the space resources for assembly.	,	Low	Investigate possibility of assembly (scintillator and electronics) at BNL.

Risk registry currently includes three major items, two of which are rated at moderate risk (all three relevant to inner HCAL).

## Personnel



#### BNL

- Edward Kistenev (scientist)
- Don Lynch (engineer)
- Rich Ruggiero (designer)
- Anatoli Gordeev (engineer, OHCAL L3)
- ISU
  - J. Lajoie (L2 Manager/IHCAL L3)
- Colorado (tile testing)
  - J. Nagle (faculty)
- GSU (tile testing, outer HCAL)
  - Megan Connors (faculty)
  - Xiaochun He (faculty)
- WSU
  - Bill Llope (faculty)
  - Joern Putschke (faculty)
- ACU
  - Rusty Towell (faculty)
- Rutgers
  - Sevil Salur (faculty)
- In discussions with Russian institutions (MEPHI/IHEP/Kurchatov)

BNL engineering has decades of experience with PHENIX.

ISU was responsible for the PHENIX LL1 trigger and MPC-EX.

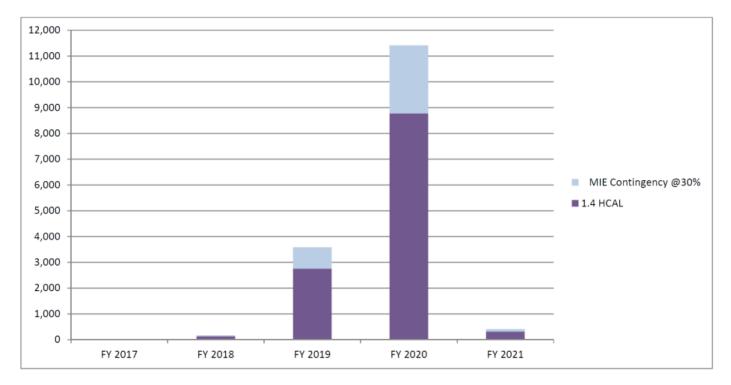
WSU has a wide range of experience in building detectors.

ACU worked on the PHENIX MuTR chambers.





Baseline Scenario
AY k\$'s - with Extraordinary Construction Overhead Application (PM Labor in Ops Support)



#### **Baseline Scenario**

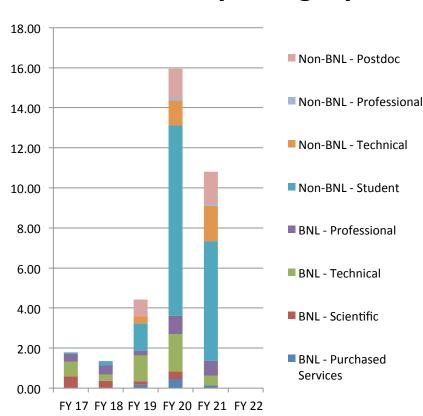
#### AY k\$'s - with Extraordinary Construction Overhead Application (PM Labor in Ops Support)

WBS	SYSTEM	Baseline	Contingency(30%)	Total			
MIE	Total	20	168	3578	11410	407	15582
MIE	Contingency @30%	5	39	826	2,633	94	3,596
1.4 HCA	L	15	129	2,752	8,777	313	11,986
WBS	SYSTEM	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Total
	•	•		•	•		

# **HCAL Staffing**



#### **FTE Profile by Category**



#### **FTE Profile by Fiscal Year**

WBS Level	Org Sort	Group	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 20	FY 21	FY 22
1.4	BNL	Purchased Services	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.46	0.12	0.00
		Scientific	0.60	0.36	0.16	0.37	0.00	0.00
		Technical	0.74	0.31	1.29	1.87	0.51	0.00
		Professional	0.38	0.47	0.23	0.91	0.75	0.00
	BNL Sum		1.71	1.13	1.87	3.61	1.38	0.00
	Non-BNL	Student	0.08	0.23	1.35	9.50	5.97	0.00
		Technical	0.00	0.00	0.38	1.27	1.76	0.00
		Professional	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.10	0.00
		Postdoc	0.00	0.00	0.82	1.46	1.61	0.00
	Non-BNL Sum		0.08	0.23	2.55	12.34	9.43	0.00
Grand Total			1.79	1.36	4.42	15.95	10.81	0.00





	HCal	
SUBSYSTEM	PERCENT OF ESTIMATES	CONTINGENCY
Engineering estimate	43	0.40
Quotes	57	0.20
Average contingency		0.29



