

BIC Simulation Meeting

Hybrid Clustering Algorithm for the Barrel Imaging Calorimeter (BIC) at the Electron Ion Collider (EIC)

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Hybrid Clustering For BIC

- ❖ **Topological clustering:**
 - **On Imaging Hits**
 - **On Scfi Hits**
- ❖ **Cross System Clustering**

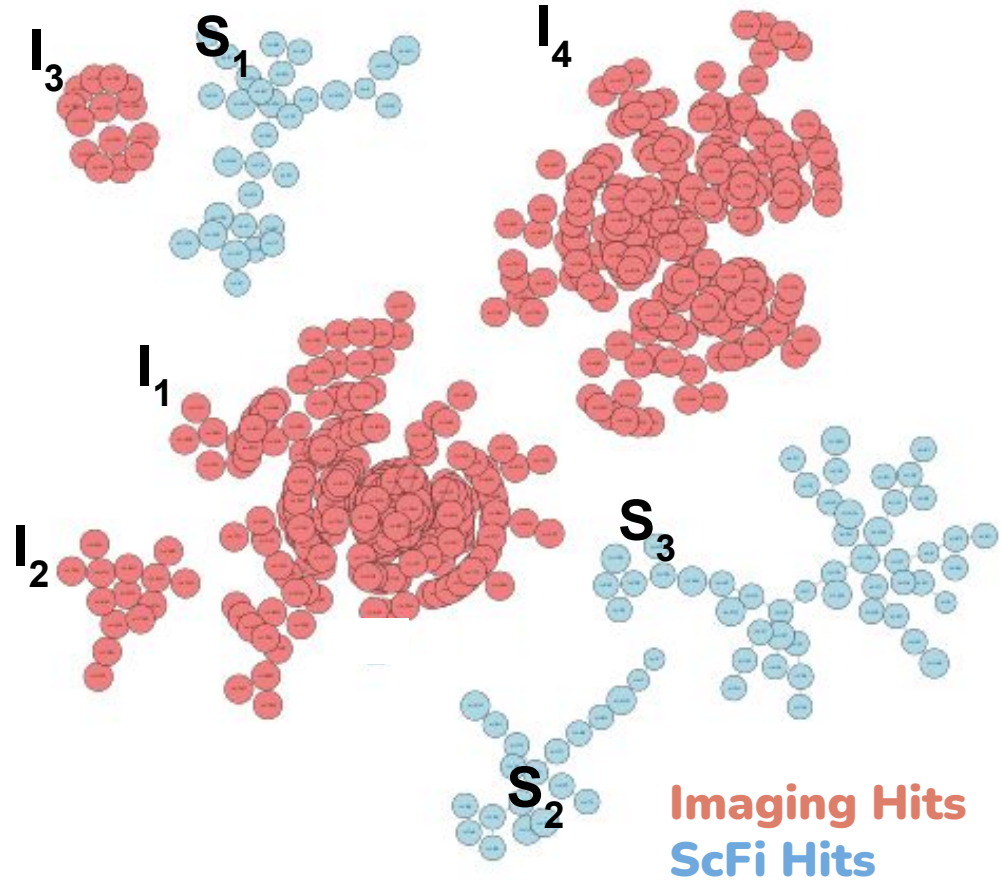
Imaging Topo Clustering for ScFi

ElayerMode	sameLayerMode	diffLayerMode
xy	sameLayerDistXY	diffLayerDistXY
etaphi	sameLayerDistEtaPhi	diffLayerDistEtaPhi
tz	sameLayerDistTZ	diffLayerDistTZ
xyz	sameLayerDistXYZ	diffLayerDistXYZ

```
case ImagingTopoClusterConfig::ELayerMode::xyz:  
  return (std::abs(h1.getLocal().x - h2.getLocal().x) <= sameLayerDistXYZ[0]) &&  
    (std::abs(h1.getLocal().y - h2.getLocal().y) <= sameLayerDistXYZ[1]) &&  
    (std::abs(h1.getLocal().z - h2.getLocal().z) <= sameLayerDistXYZ[2]);
```

Cross-System Clustering

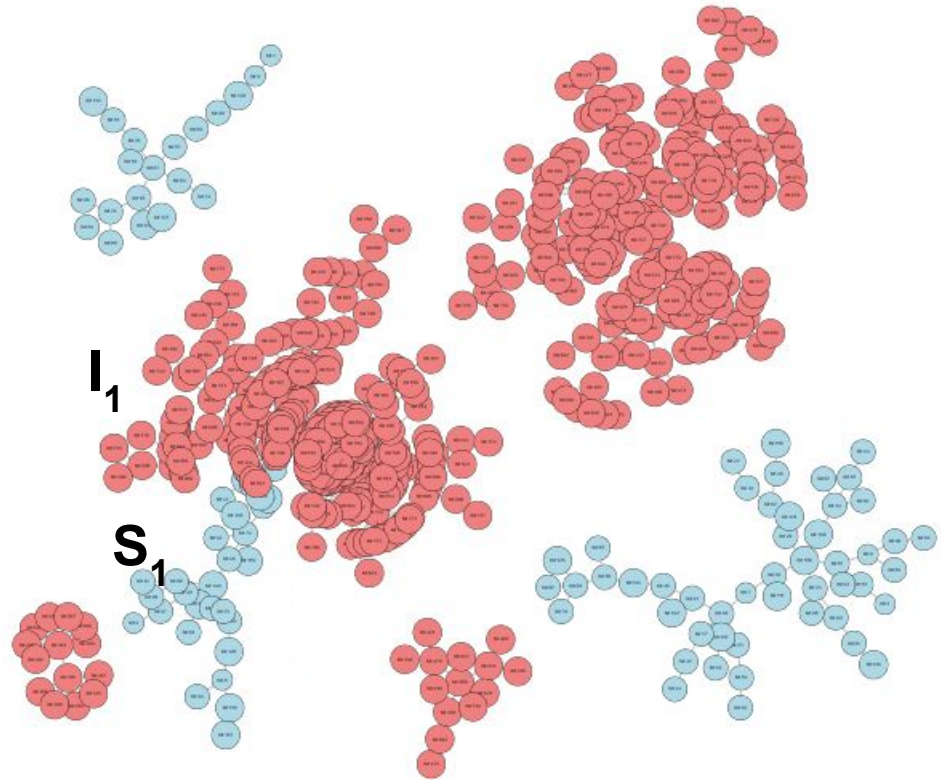
- Start from an Imaging cluster
- Search for neighboring ScFi clusters
- If a neighbour is found → combines Imaging and ScFi clusters
- Check whether other Imaging clusters connect to the same ScFi cluster
- Repeat the neighbour checks for all Imaging clusters
- Keep unused clusters unchanged



This is just for demonstration and are not real detector hits and clusters

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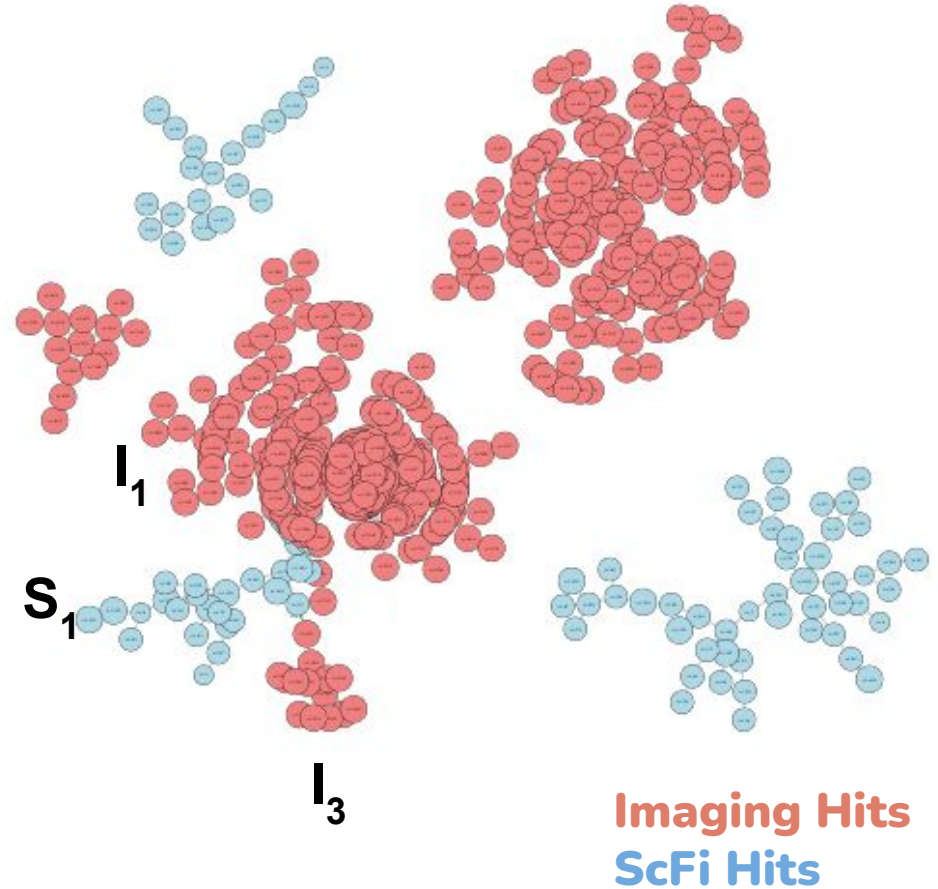


Imaging Hits
ScFi Hits

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Cross-System Clustering

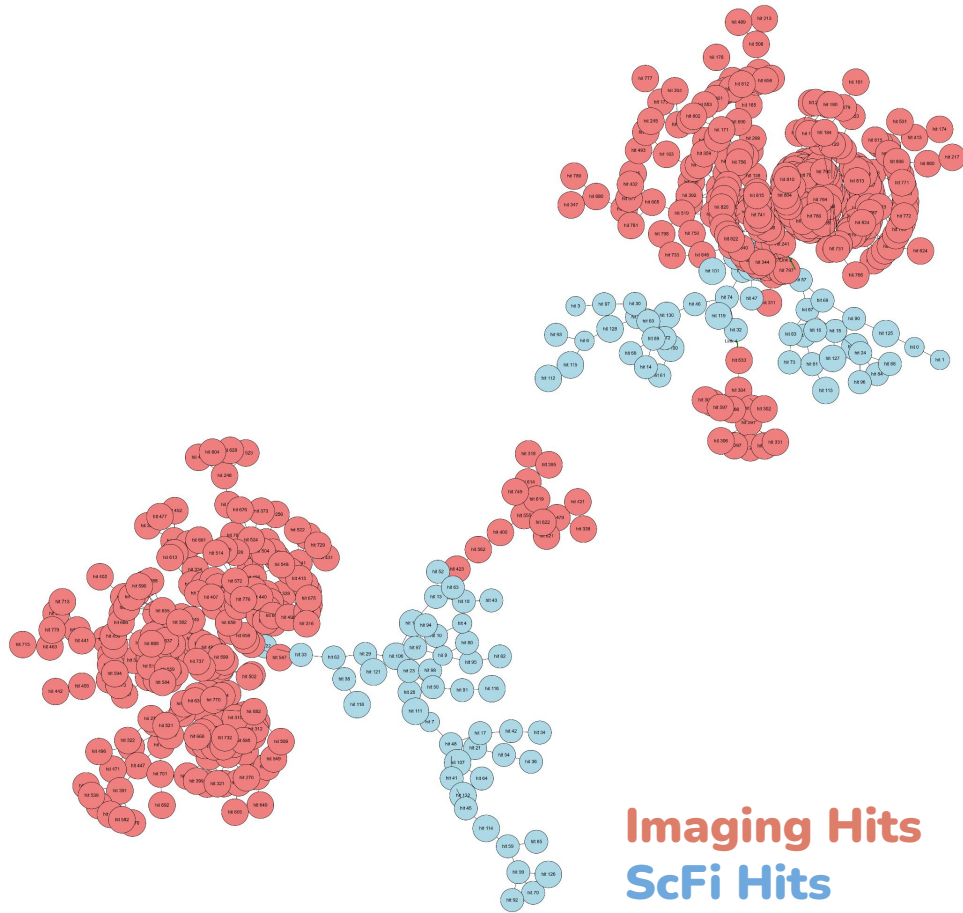
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Optimizing the Hybrid clustering : based on simulation of 2 Photon at different opening angles and with energy of 500 MeV.

Penalty score :

Cluster Count : $P_{\text{count}} = |N_{\text{clusters}} - N_{\text{true}}|$

Cluster Energy : $P_{\text{energy}} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{|E_{\text{cluster}} - E_{\text{true}}|}{E_{\text{true}}}$

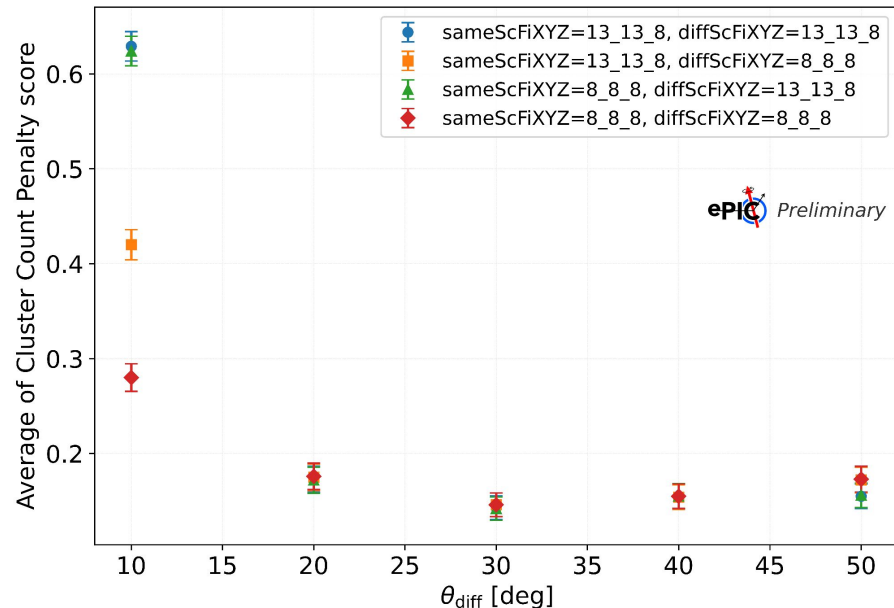
Distance parameters are optimized by minimizing the penalty score; lower values indicate better clustering performance.

For now only the parameters used for Topological clustering on ScFi hits at the initial stage of Hybrid Clustering are optimized. They are:

- 1) ScFisameLayerXYZ
- 2) ScFidiffLayerXYZ

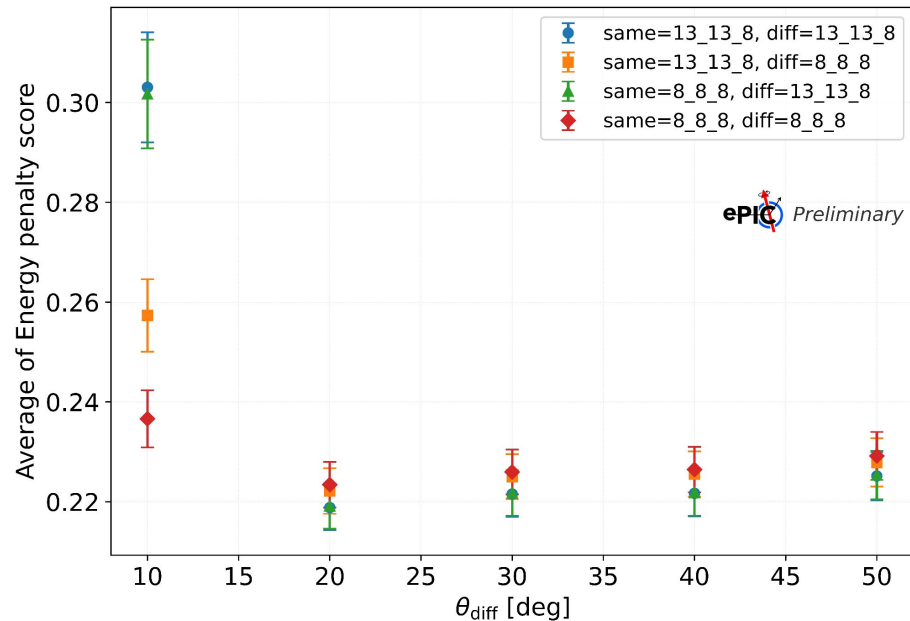
Hybrid Clustering (2 photons of 500 MeV)

Cluster size penalty comparison for different distance parameters



$$P_{\text{count}} = |N_{\text{clusters}} - N_{\text{true}}|$$

Cluster energy penalty comparison for different distance parameters



$$P_{\text{energy}} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{|E_{\text{cluster}} - E_{\text{true}}|}{E_{\text{true}}}$$

Distance parameter with low penalty is the best choice :

ScFisameLayerXYZ - 8,8,8

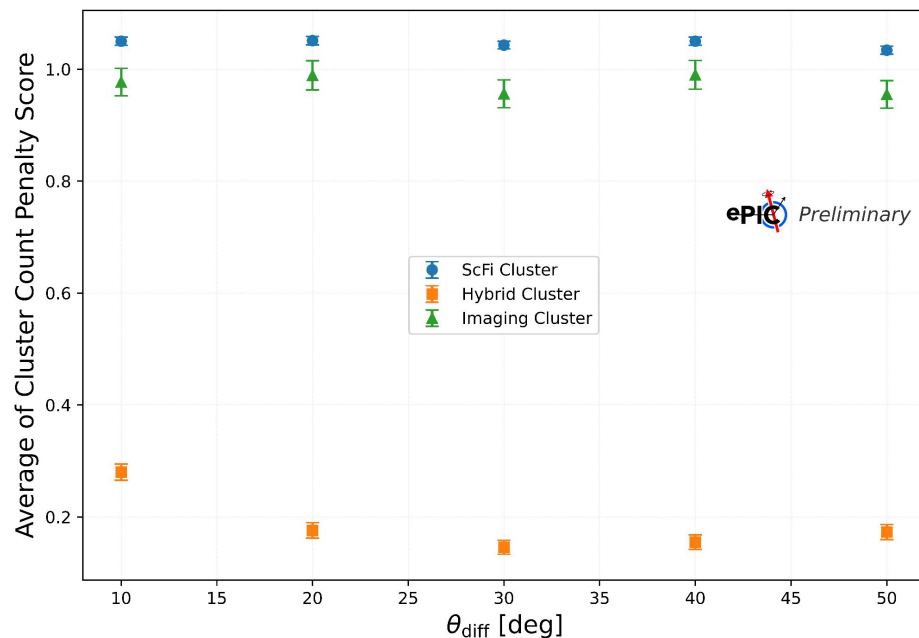
ScFidiffLayerXYZ - 8,8,8

Comparing the 3 Clustering Algorithms:

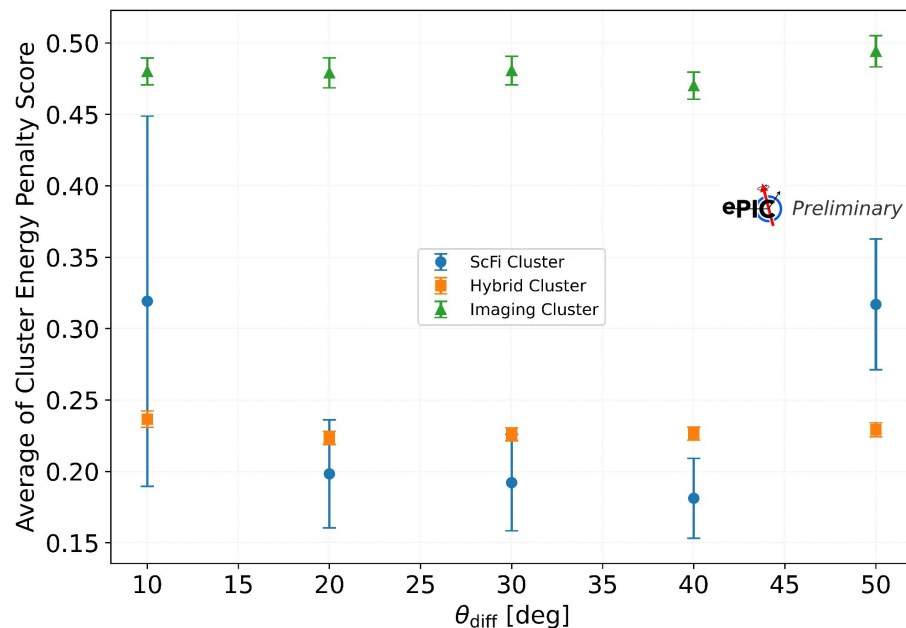
ScFisameLayerXYZ - 8,8,8

ScFidiffLayerXYZ - 8,8,8

Comparison of clustering methods



Comparison of clustering methods



Lower penalty $\rightarrow$ better clustering

Future Goal :

Study the physics-performance by applying the hybrid clustering algorithm to neutral pion reconstruction and evaluating how it improves photon separation, merging probability etc.

(Energy Position Merger Algorithm)Current Version:

Starts from an Imaging cluster

finds best matching ScFi cluster (each can be used only once):

Relative Energy of Imaging and ScFi $<$ energy_Tolerance

$\Delta E < \Delta E_{Tolerance}$

$\Delta \phi < \phi_{Tolerance}$

If more than 1 best match : choose the one with closest energy to ScFi

For eg: Imaging = 4.0 GeV :

ScFi 0 = 3.8 GeV $\Delta E = 0.2$

ScFi 1 = 4.1 GeV $\Delta E = 0.1$ ← selected

ScFi 2 = 4.5 GeV $\Delta E = 0.5$

The hybrid energy comes entirely from ScFi .



Merged Cluster stores subdetector energies energy of the the merged cluster is from ScFi

(Energy Position Merger Algorithm)New Version:

Compare each ScFi cluster with ALL Imaging clusters

Check Spatial matching : $\Delta\eta$, $\Delta\phi$

Find compatible Imaging clusters and calculate weight factor :

$$W_i = E_{\text{img},i} / \text{Sum} (E_{\text{img}})$$

Distribute Scfi Energy : $E_i = W_i \times E_{\text{scFi}}$

Merging energy and position clusters for new event

Input clusters: 1 ScFi, 2 Imaging

Energy cluster 0 matched 2 position cluster(s)

Energy cluster 0 total assigned weight: 1

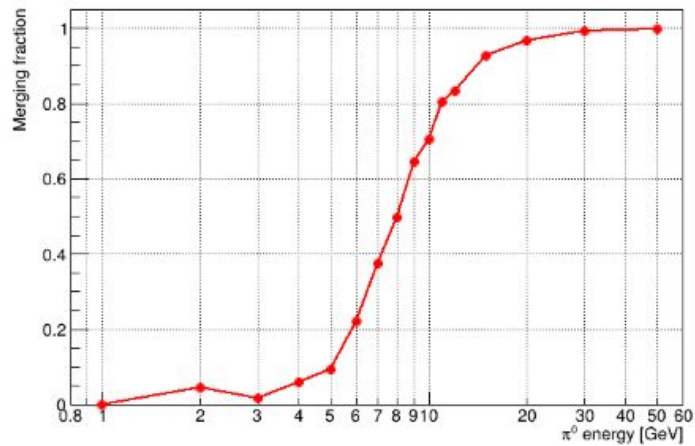
--> ScFi cluster 0 -> Imaging cluster 0 -> merged cluster 0

ScFi energy	= 10.150336 GeV
Imaging energy	= 6.4409866 GeV
sharing weight	= 0.9110789478148251
assigned ScFi energy	= 9.247757684796678 GeV
final merged energy	= 9.247758 GeV
ScFi cluster 0 contains	88 hits

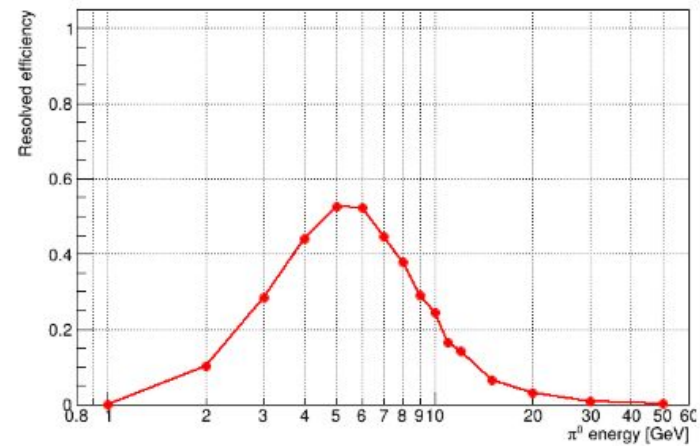
--> ScFi cluster 0 -> Imaging cluster 1 -> merged cluster 1

ScFi energy	= 10.150336 GeV
Imaging energy	= 0.6286385 GeV
sharing weight	= 0.08892105218517493
assigned ScFi energy	= 0.9025785807672869 GeV
final merged energy	= 0.9025786 GeV
ScFi cluster 0 contains	88 hits

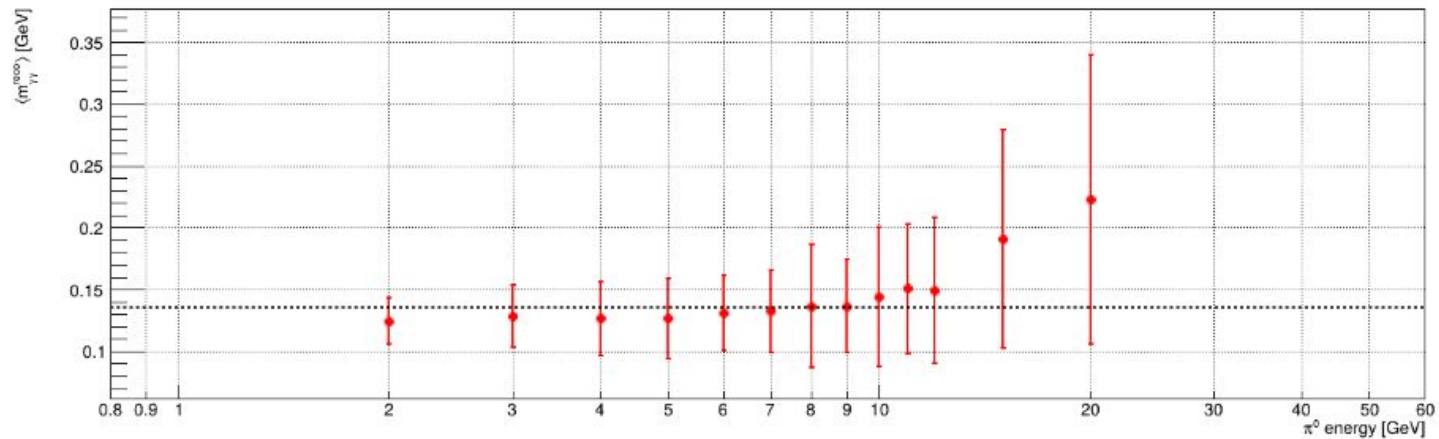
(a) $\gamma\gamma$ merging fraction



(b) π^0 two-photon (separate clusters) reconstruction efficiency



(c) Reconstructed π^0 invariant mass



Next Step :

- > Improve the association logic in the Energy Position Merger Algorithm.
- > Study the 2 photon separation for π^0 decay and thereby compare the invariant mass of π^0 .

Thank You