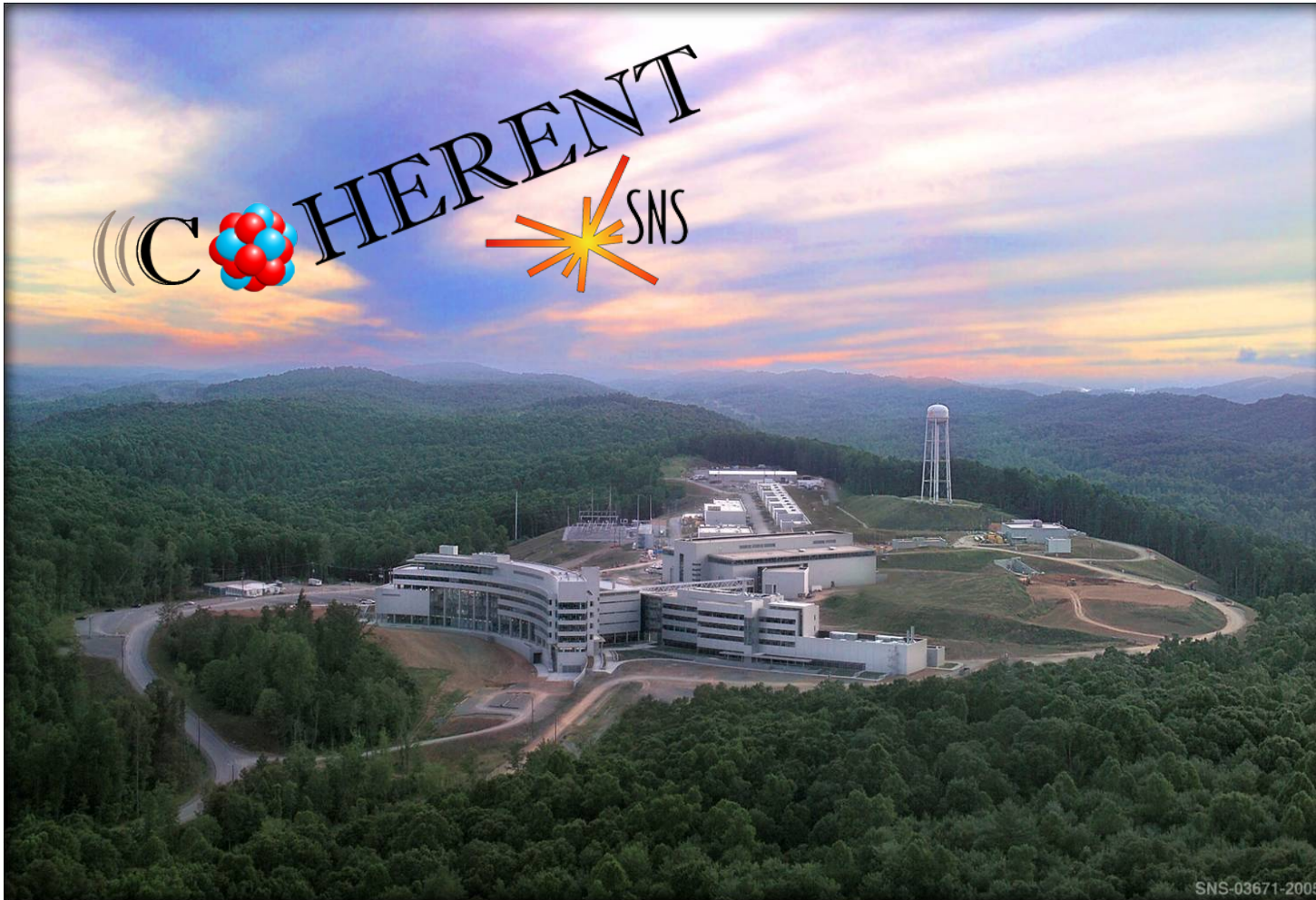


Observation of **Coherent Elastic Neutrino-Nucleus Scattering**



Kate Scholberg, Duke University
BNL Seminar
October 26, 2017

OUTLINE

- Coherent elastic neutrino-nucleus scattering (CEvNS)
- Why measure it? Physics motivations (short and long term)
- How to measure CEvNS
- The COHERENT experiment at the SNS
- **First light** with CsI[TI]
- Status and prospects for COHERENT

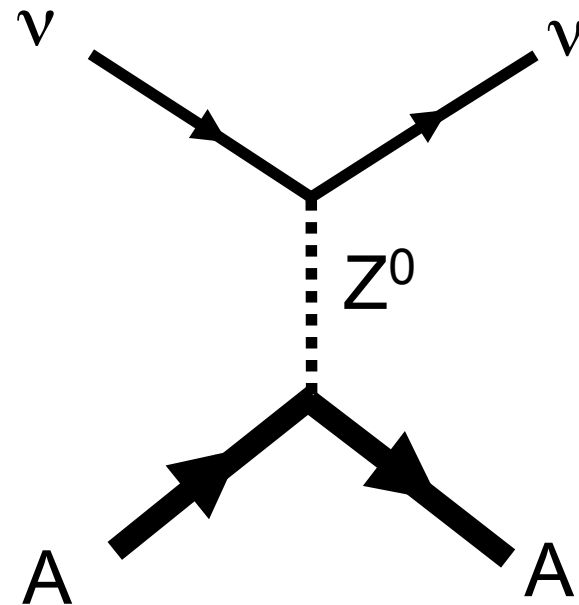
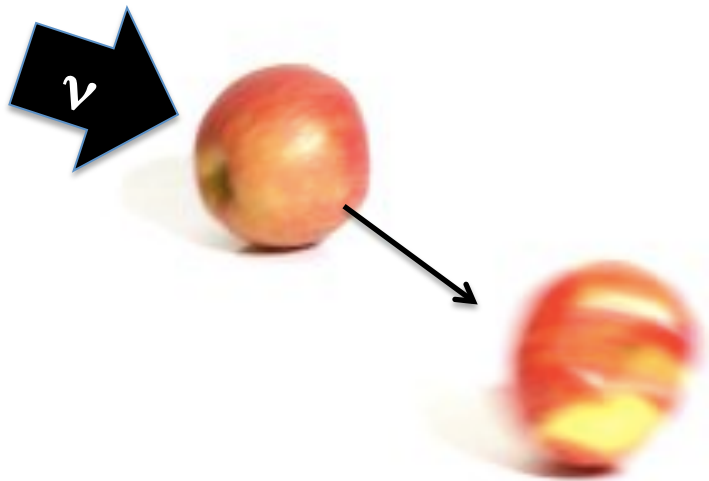
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Coherent elastic neutrino-nucleus scattering (CEvNS)

$$\nu + A \rightarrow \nu + A$$

A neutrino smacks a nucleus via exchange of a Z , and the nucleus recoils as a whole;
coherent up to $E_\nu \sim 50$ MeV



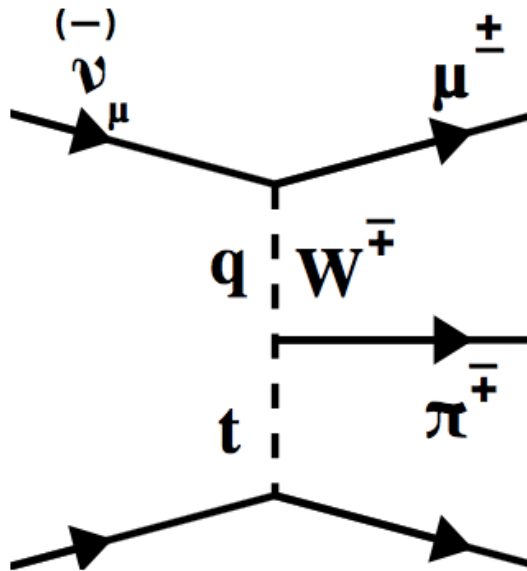
Nucleon wavefunctions in the target nucleus
are **in phase with each other**
at low momentum transfer

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \sim A^2 |f(\mathbf{k}', \mathbf{k})|^2 \quad \text{Momentum transfer} \quad \mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{k}' - \mathbf{k}$$

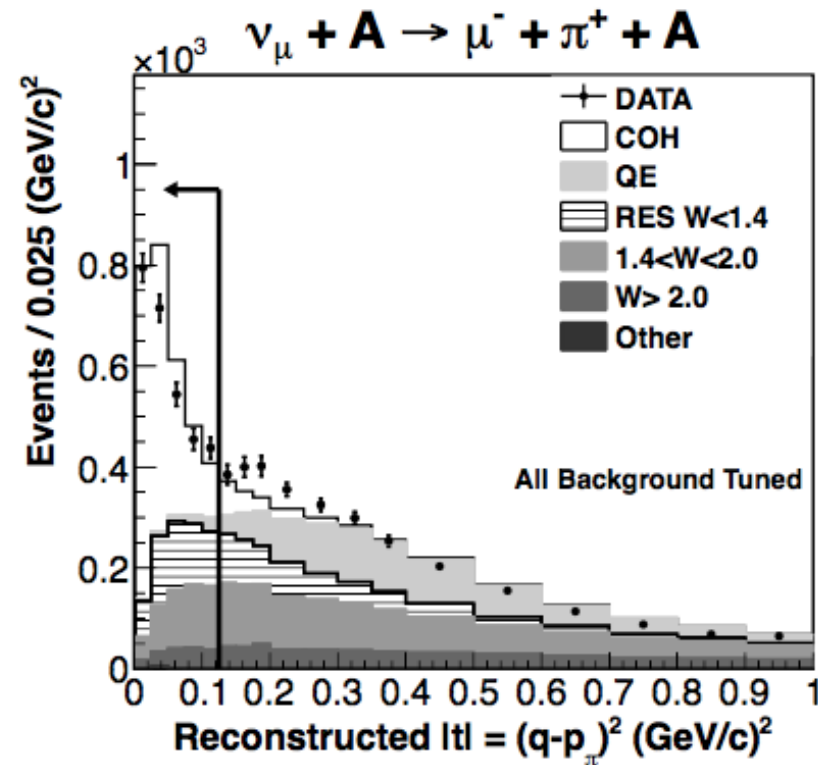
For $QR \ll 1$,

$$[\text{total xscn}] \sim A^2 * [\text{single constituent xscn}]$$

This is ***not*** coherent pion production,
a strong interaction process (***inelastic***)



not
THAT!



A. Higuera et. al, MINERvA collaboration,
PRL 2014 113 (26) 2477

\begin{aside}

Literature has CNS, CNNS, CENNS, ...

- I prefer including “E” for “elastic”... otherwise it gets frequently confused with coherent pion production at \sim GeV neutrino energies
- I’m told “NN” means “nucleon-nucleon” to nuclear types
- $\text{CE}\nu\text{NS}$ is a possibility but those internal Greek letters are annoying

→ $\text{CE}\nu\text{NS}$, pronounced “sevens”...

spread the meme!

\end{aside}

First proposed 43 years ago!

PHYSICAL REVIEW D

VOLUME 9, NUMBER 5

1 MARCH 1974

Coherent effects of a weak neutral current

Daniel Z. Freedman[†]

National Accelerator Laboratory, Batavia, Illinois 60510

and Institute for Theoretical Physics, State University of New York, Stony Brook, New York 11790

(Received 15 October 1973; revised manuscript received 19 November 1973)

Our suggestion may be an act of hubris, because the inevitable constraints of interaction rate, resolution, and background pose grave experimental difficulties for elastic neutrino-nucleus scattering. We will discuss these problems at the end of this note, but first we wish to present the theoretical ideas relevant to the experiments.



Also: D. Z. Freedman et al., "The Weak Neutral Current and Its Effect in Stellar Collapse", *Ann. Rev. Nucl. Sci.* 1977. 27:167-207

The cross section is cleanly predicted in the Standard Model

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dT} = \frac{G_F^2 M}{\pi} F^2(Q) \left[(G_V + G_A)^2 + (G_V - G_A)^2 \left(1 - \frac{T}{E_\nu}\right)^2 - (G_V^2 - G_A^2) \frac{MT}{E_\nu^2} \right]$$

E_ν : neutrino energy

T : nuclear recoil energy

M : nuclear mass

$Q = \sqrt{2 M T}$: momentum transfer

G_V, G_A : SM weak parameters

vector $G_V = g_V^p Z + g_V^n N,$

axial $G_A = g_A^p (Z_+ - Z_-) + g_A^n (N_+ + N_-)$

dominates

small for
most
nuclei,
zero for
spin-zero

$$g_V^p = 0.0298$$

$$g_V^n = -0.5117$$

$$g_A^p = \pm 0.4955 \text{ (} - \text{ for } \bar{\nu} \text{)}$$

$$g_A^n = \mp 0.5121 \text{ (} + \text{ for } \bar{\nu} \text{)}$$

The cross section is cleanly predicted in the Standard Model

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dT} = \frac{G_F^2 M}{\pi} F^2(Q) \left[(G_V + G_A)^2 + (G_V - G_A)^2 \left(1 - \frac{T}{E_\nu}\right)^2 - (G_V^2 - G_A^2) \frac{MT}{E_\nu^2} \right]$$

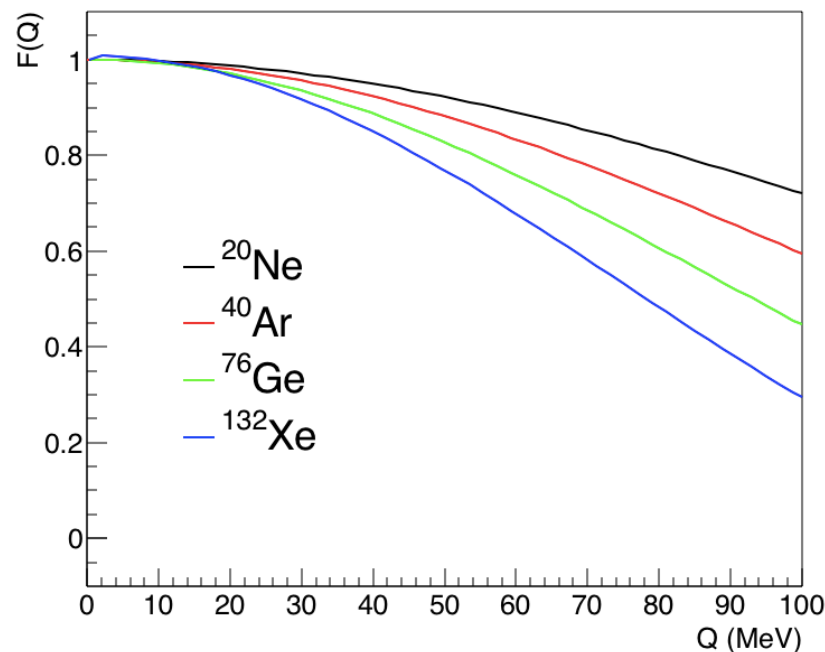
E_ν : neutrino energy

T : nuclear recoil energy

M : nuclear mass

$Q = \sqrt{2 M T}$: momentum transfer

$F(Q)$: nuclear **form factor**, $< \sim 5\%$ uncertainty on event rate



form factor
suppresses
cross section
at large Q

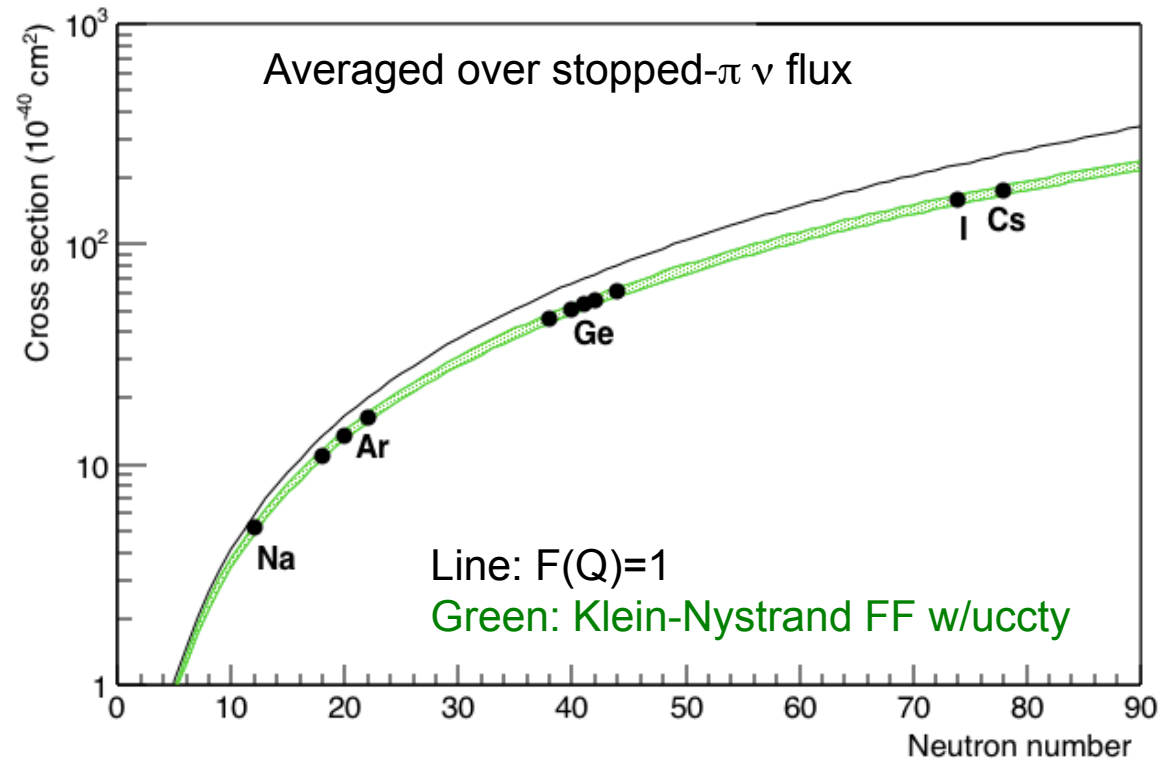
For $T \ll E_\nu$, neglecting axial terms:

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dT} = \frac{G_F^2 M}{2\pi} \frac{Q_W^2}{4} F^2(Q) \left(2 - \frac{MT}{E_\nu^2} \right)$$

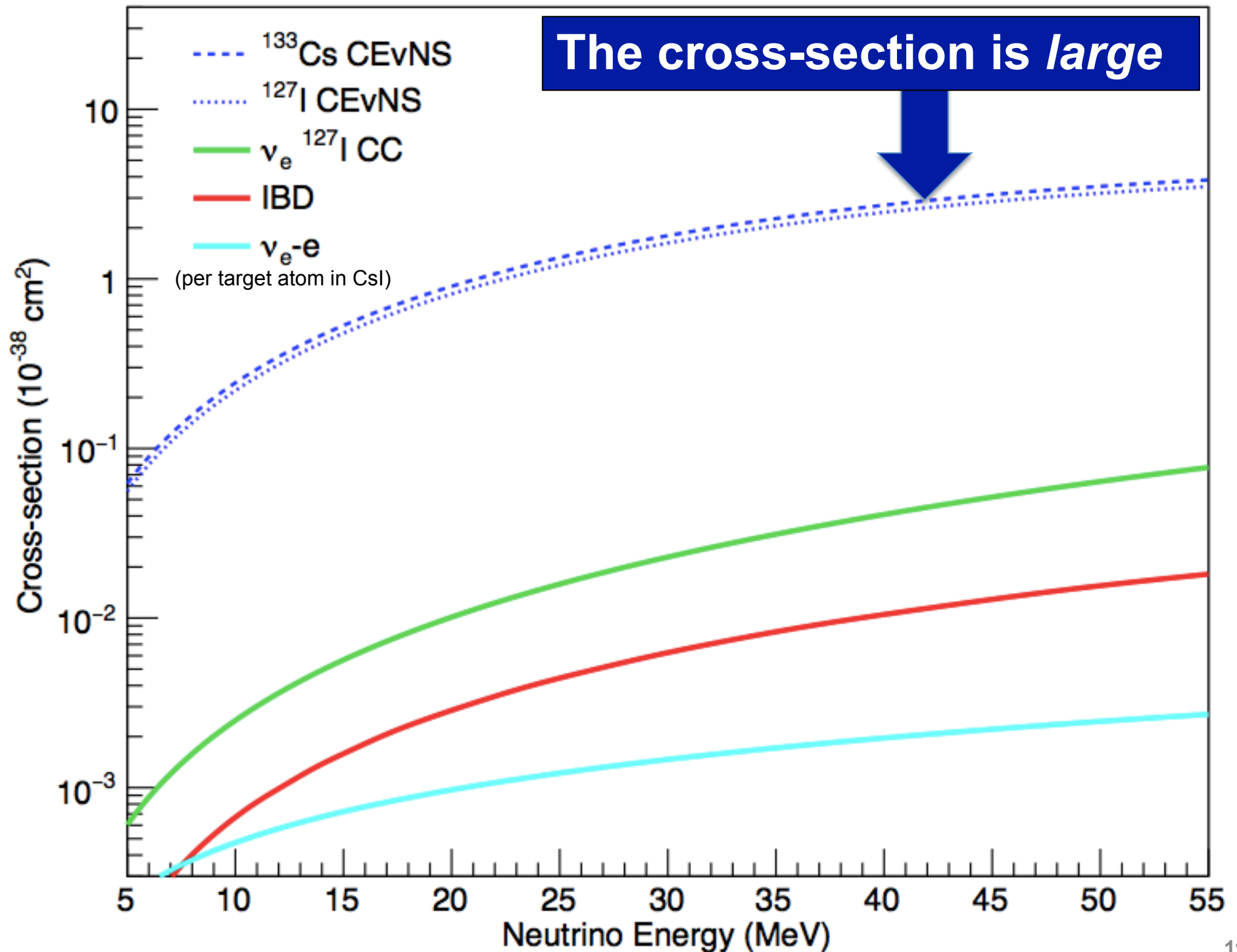
$$Q_W = N - (1 - 4 \sin^2 \theta_W) Z \quad : \text{weak nuclear charge}$$

$\sin^2 \theta_W = 0.231$,
so protons unimportant

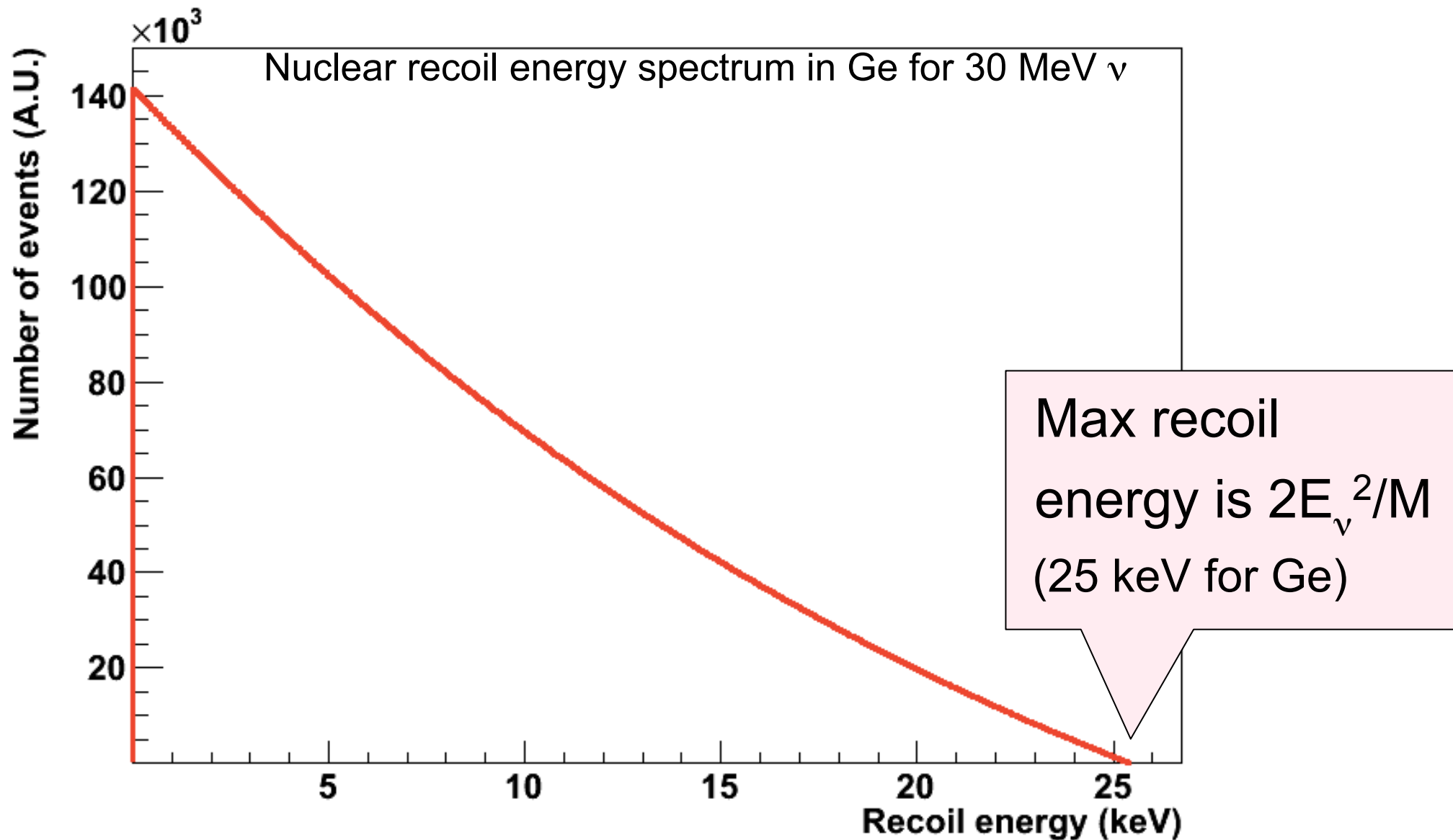
$$\Rightarrow \frac{d\sigma}{dT} \propto N^2$$



The cross-section is *large*

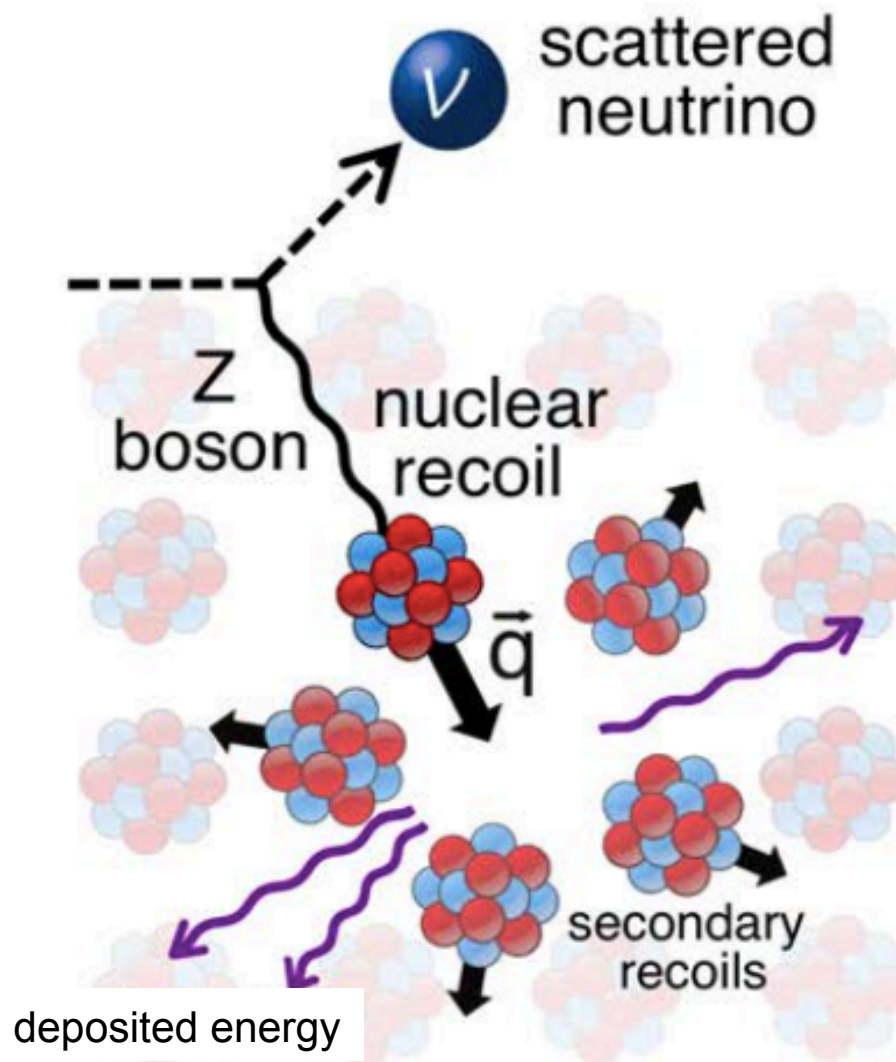


Large cross section (by neutrino standards) but hard to observe due to **tiny nuclear recoil energies**:



The only
experimental
signature:

tiny energy
deposited
by nuclear
recoils in the
target material



➔ **WIMP dark matter detectors** developed over the last ~decade are sensitive to \sim keV to 10's of keV recoils

OUTLINE

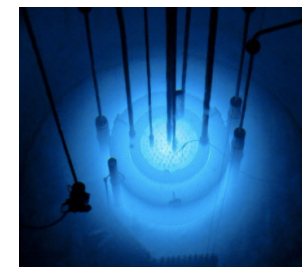
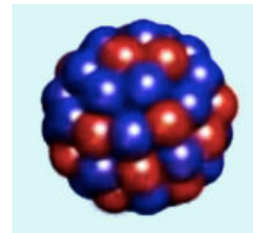
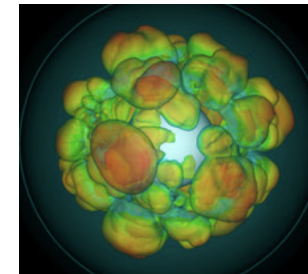
- Coherent elastic neutrino-nucleus scattering (CEvNS)
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CEvNS: what's it good for?

① So
② Many
③ Things

! (not a complete list!)

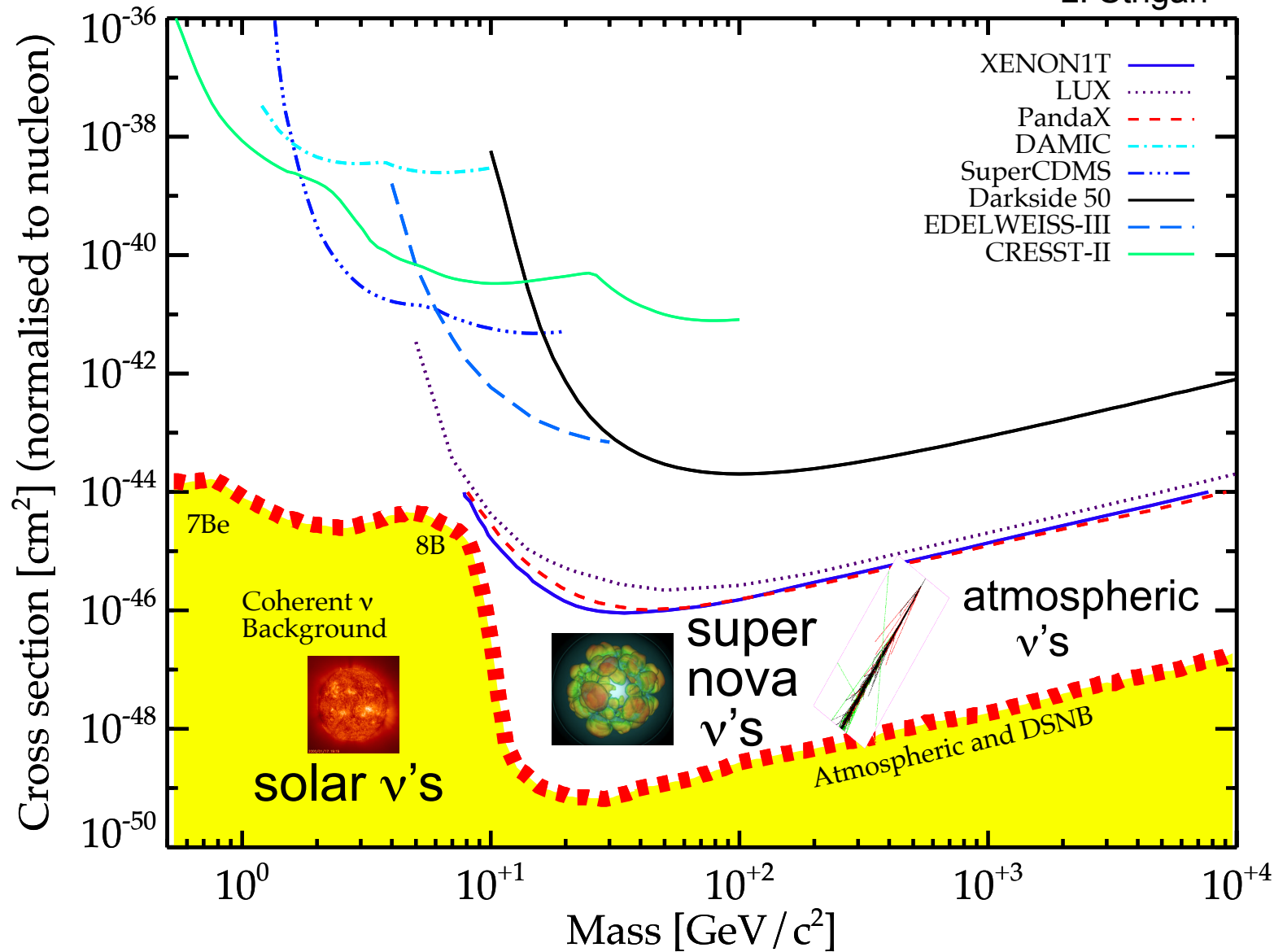
- **DM direct-detection expt bg/signal**
- Well-calculable cross-section in SM:
 - $\sin^2\theta_{\text{Weff}}$ at low Q
 - **Probe of Beyond-the-SM physics**
 - Non-standard interactions of neutrinos
 - New NC mediators
 - Neutrino magnetic moment
- New tool for sterile neutrino oscillations
- **Astrophysical signals (solar & SN)**
- Supernova processes
- Nuclear physics:
 - Neutron form factors
 - g_A quenching
- Possible applications (reactor monitoring)



The so-called “neutrino floor” (**signal!**) for DM experiments

J. Billard, E. Figueroa-Feliciano, and L. Strigari, arXiv:1307.5458v2 (2013).

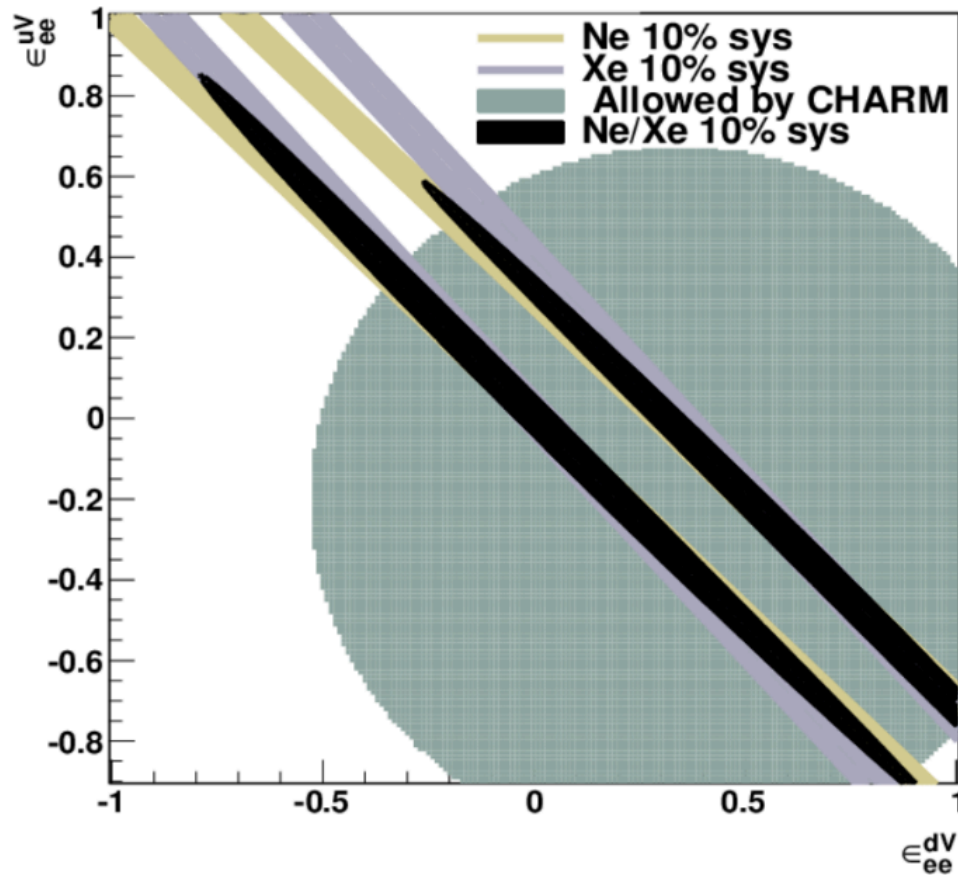
L. Strigari



Measure CEvNS to understand nature of background/astro signal
(& detector response, DM interaction)

Non-Standard Interactions of Neutrinos: new interaction **specific to ν 's**

$$\mathcal{L}_{\nu H}^{NSI} = -\frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{\substack{q=u,d \\ \alpha,\beta=e,\mu,\tau}} [\bar{\nu}_\alpha \gamma^\mu (1 - \gamma^5) \nu_\beta] \times (\varepsilon_{\alpha\beta}^{qL} [\bar{q} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma^5) q] + \varepsilon_{\alpha\beta}^{qR} [\bar{q} \gamma_\mu (1 + \gamma^5) q])$$

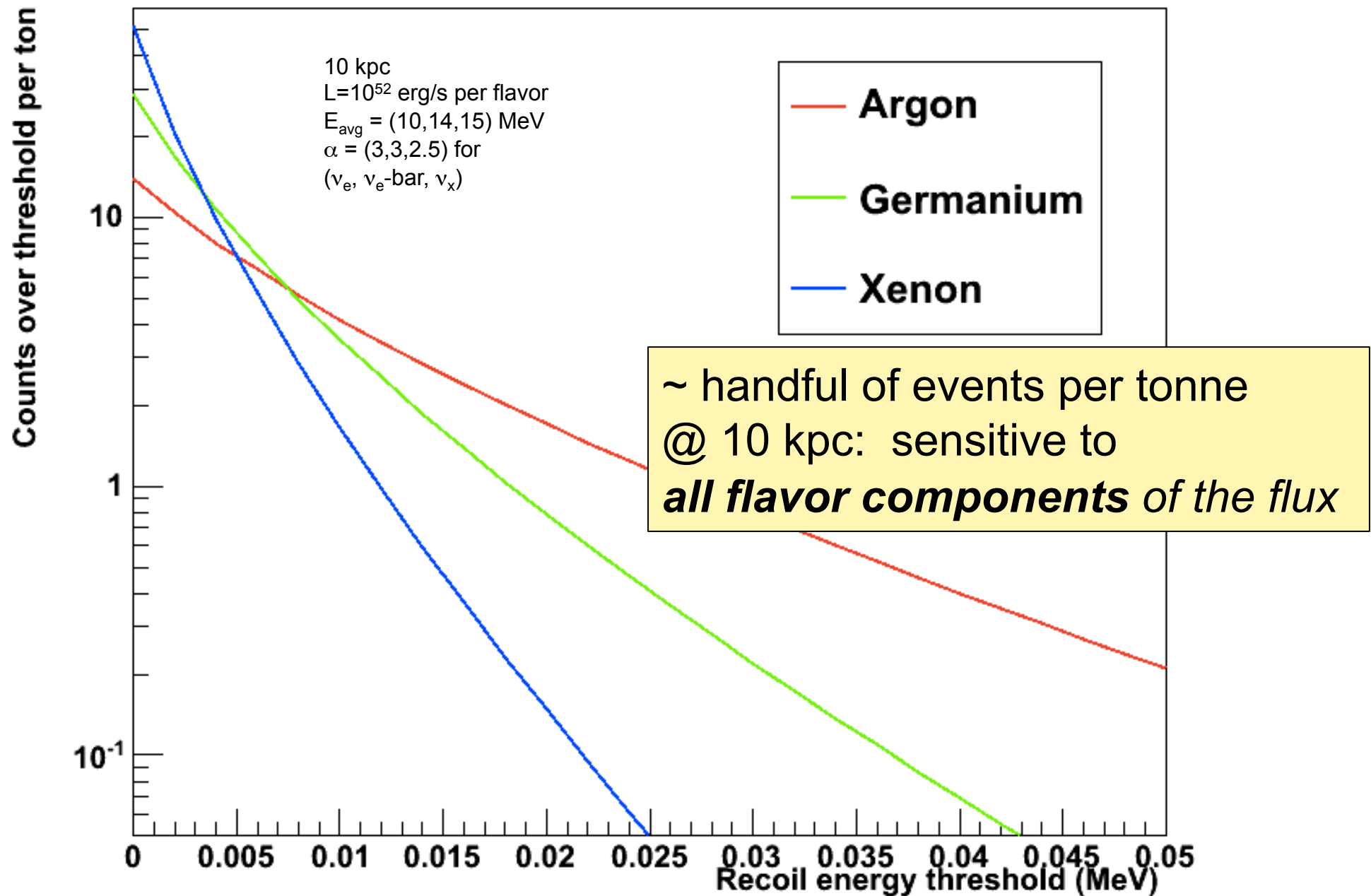


If these ε 's are \sim unity, there is a new interaction of \sim Standard-model size... many not currently well constrained

J. Barranco et al., JHEP 0512 (2005), K. Scholberg, PRD73, 033005 (2006), 021

Can improve \sim order of magnitude beyond CHARM limits with a first-generation experiment (for best sensitivity, want **multiple targets**)

Supernova neutrinos in tonne-scale DM detectors

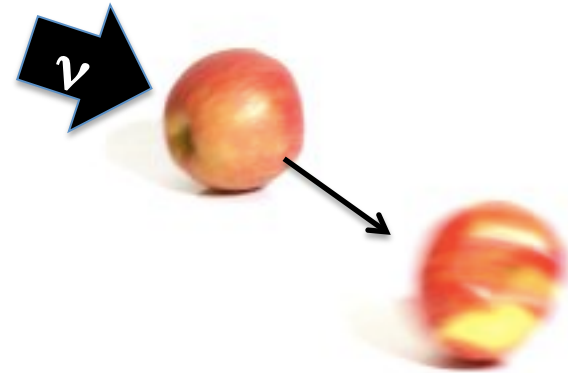


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How to detect CEvNS?

You need a neutrino source
and a detector

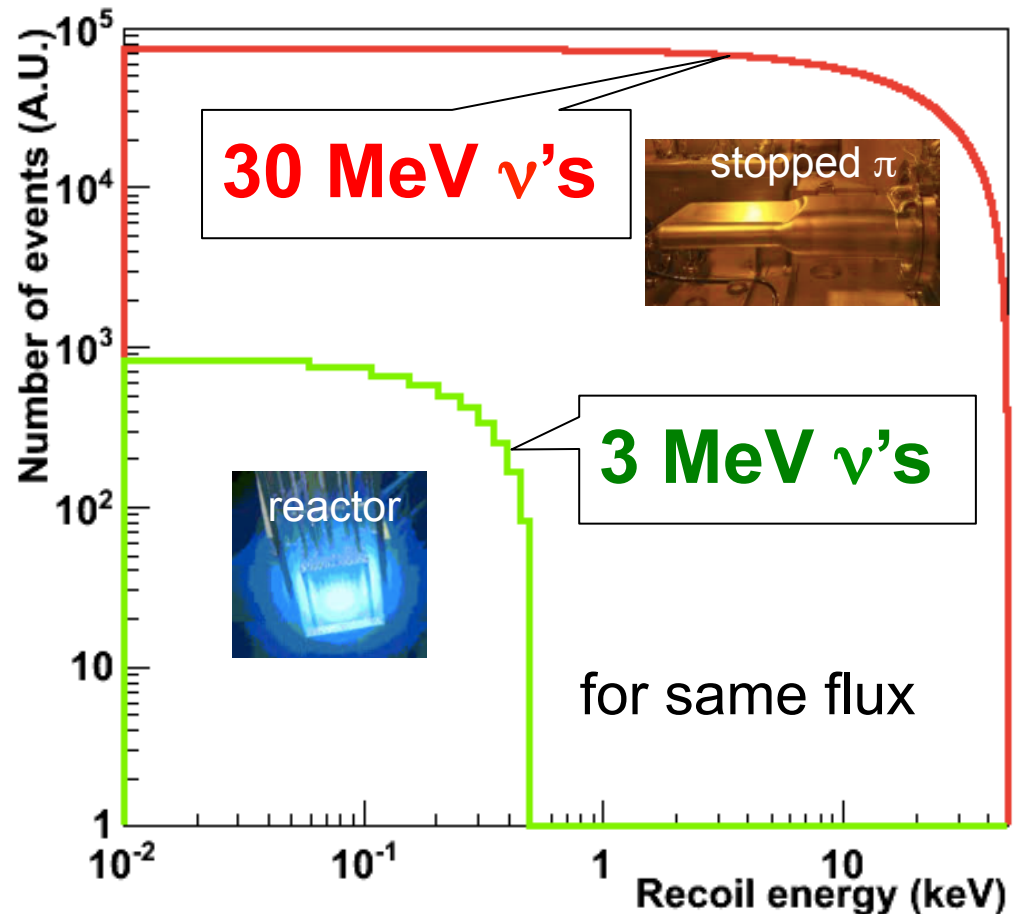
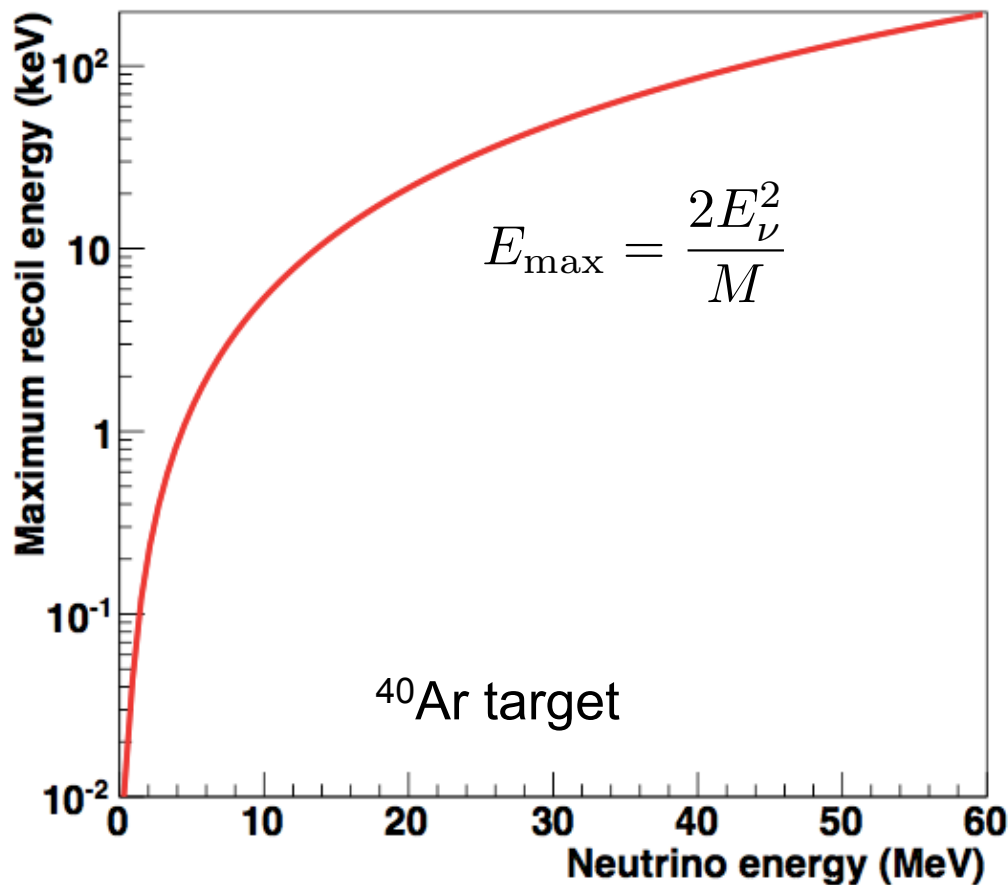


What do you want for your ν source?

- ✓ High flux
- ✓ Well understood spectrum
- ✓ Multiple flavors (physics sensitivity)
- ✓ Pulsed source if possible, for background rejection
- ✓ Ability to get close
- ✓ Practical things: access, control, ...

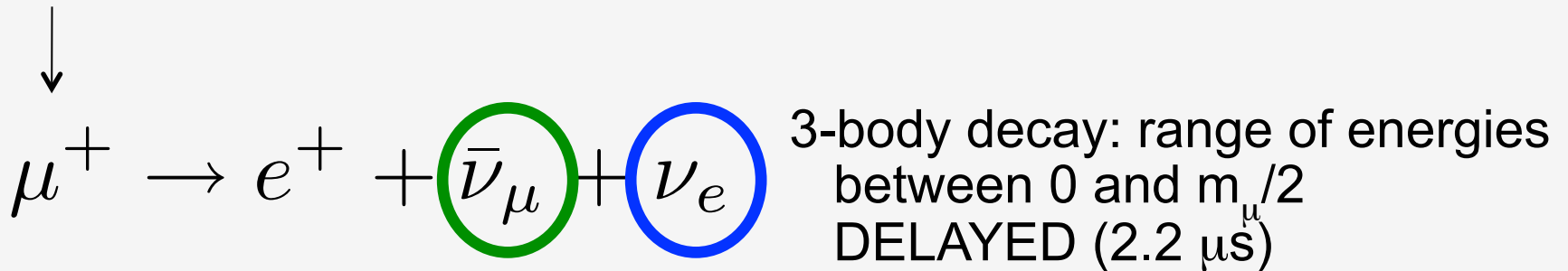
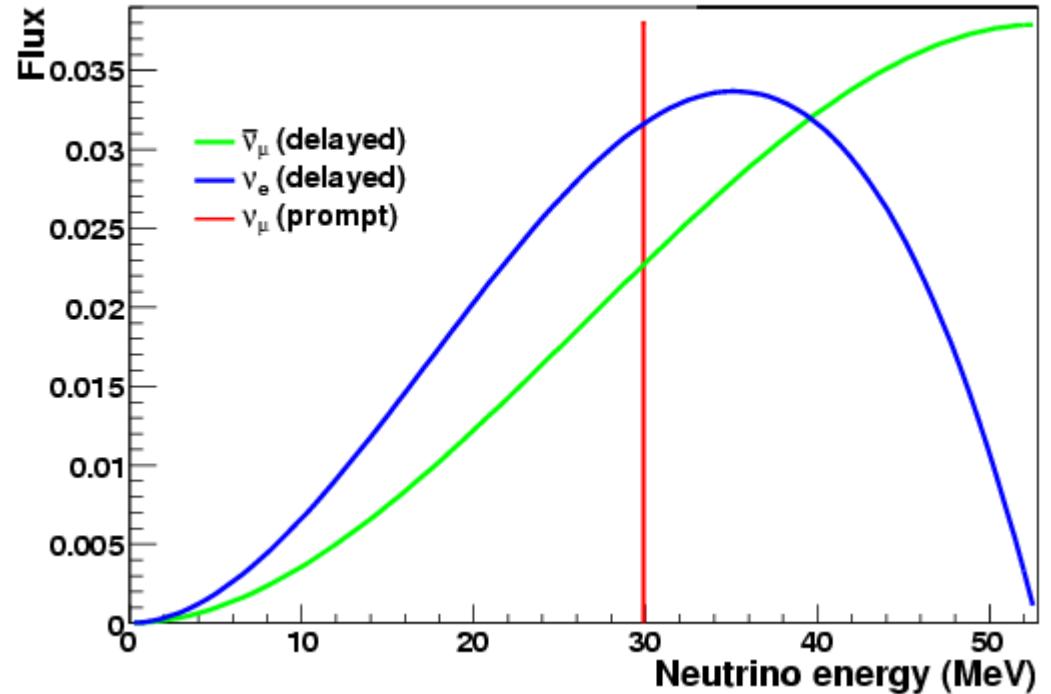
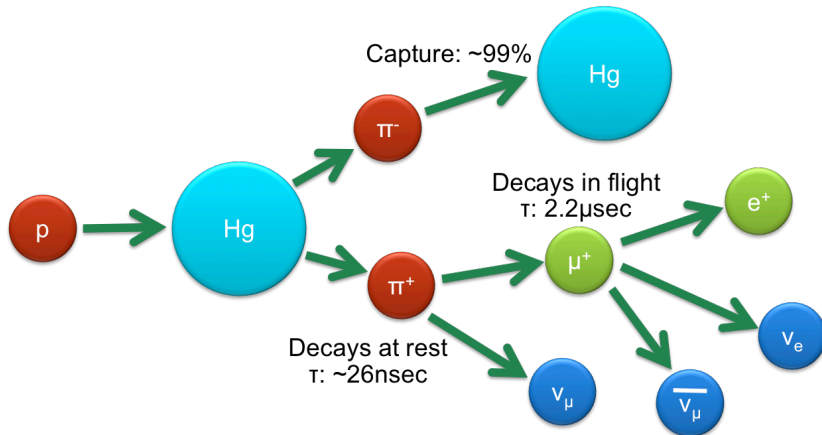


Both **cross-section** and maximum recoil energy
increase with neutrino energy:



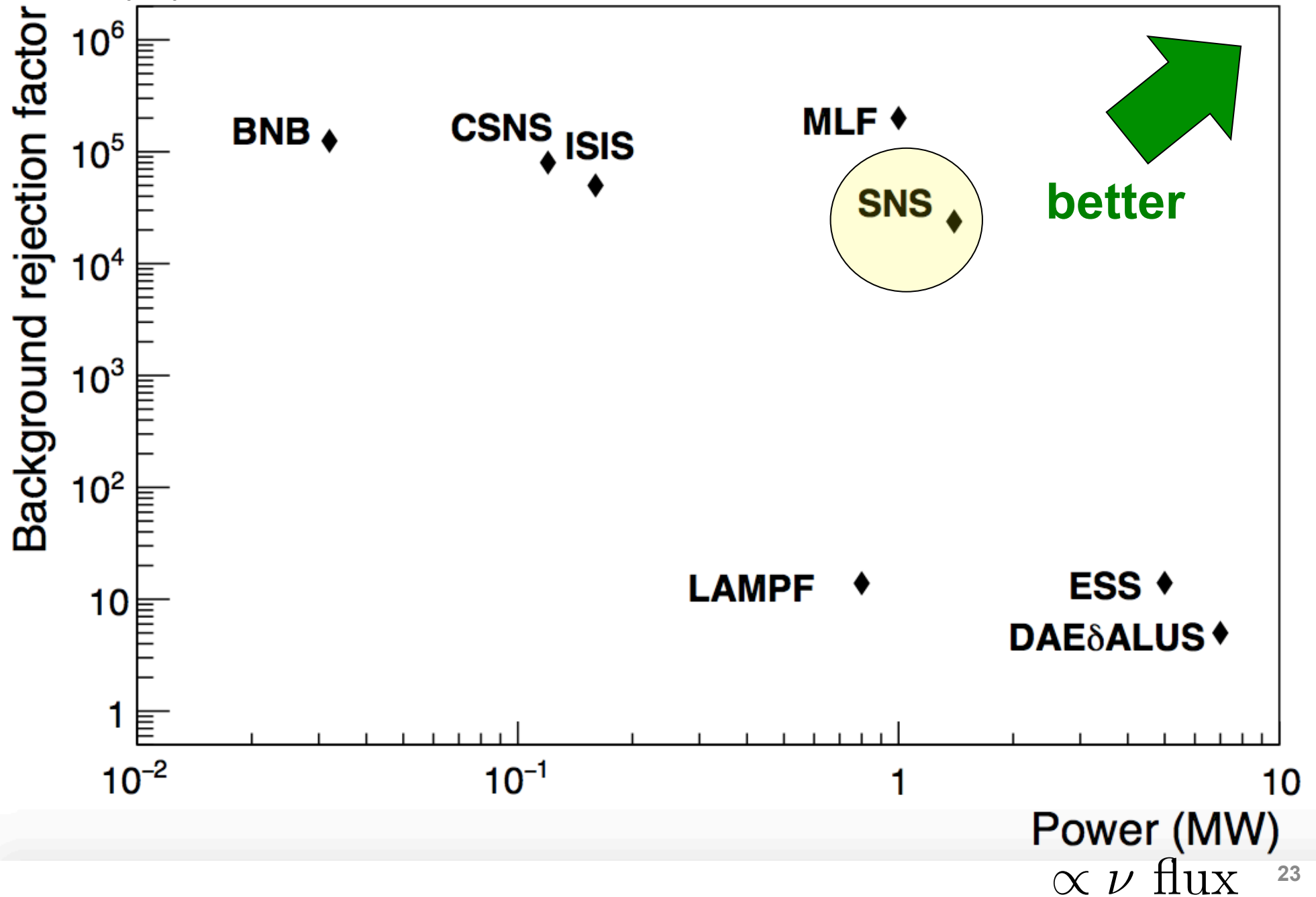
Want energy as large as possible while satisfying
coherence condition: $Q \lesssim \frac{1}{R}$ ($< \sim 50$ MeV for medium A)

Stopped-Pion (π DAR) Neutrinos



Comparison of pion decay-at-rest ν sources

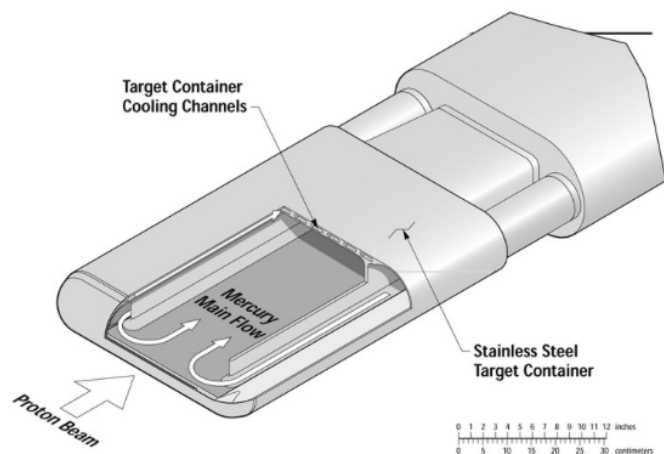
from duty cycle





Spallation Neutron Source

Oak Ridge National Laboratory, TN



Proton beam energy: 0.9-1.3 GeV

Total power: 0.9-1.4 MW

Pulse duration: 380 ns FWHM

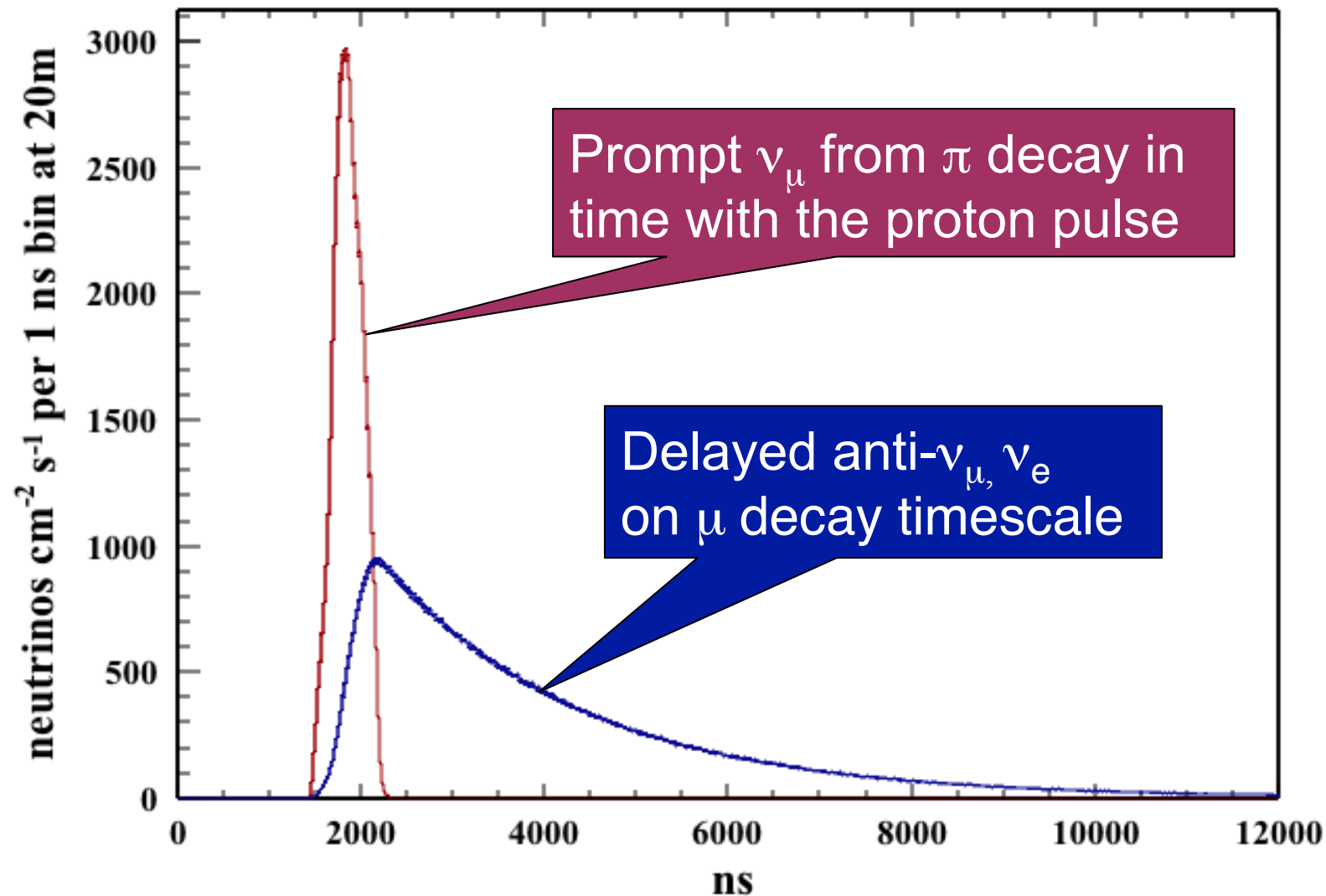
Repetition rate: 60 Hz

Liquid mercury target

The neutrinos are free!

Time structure of the SNS source

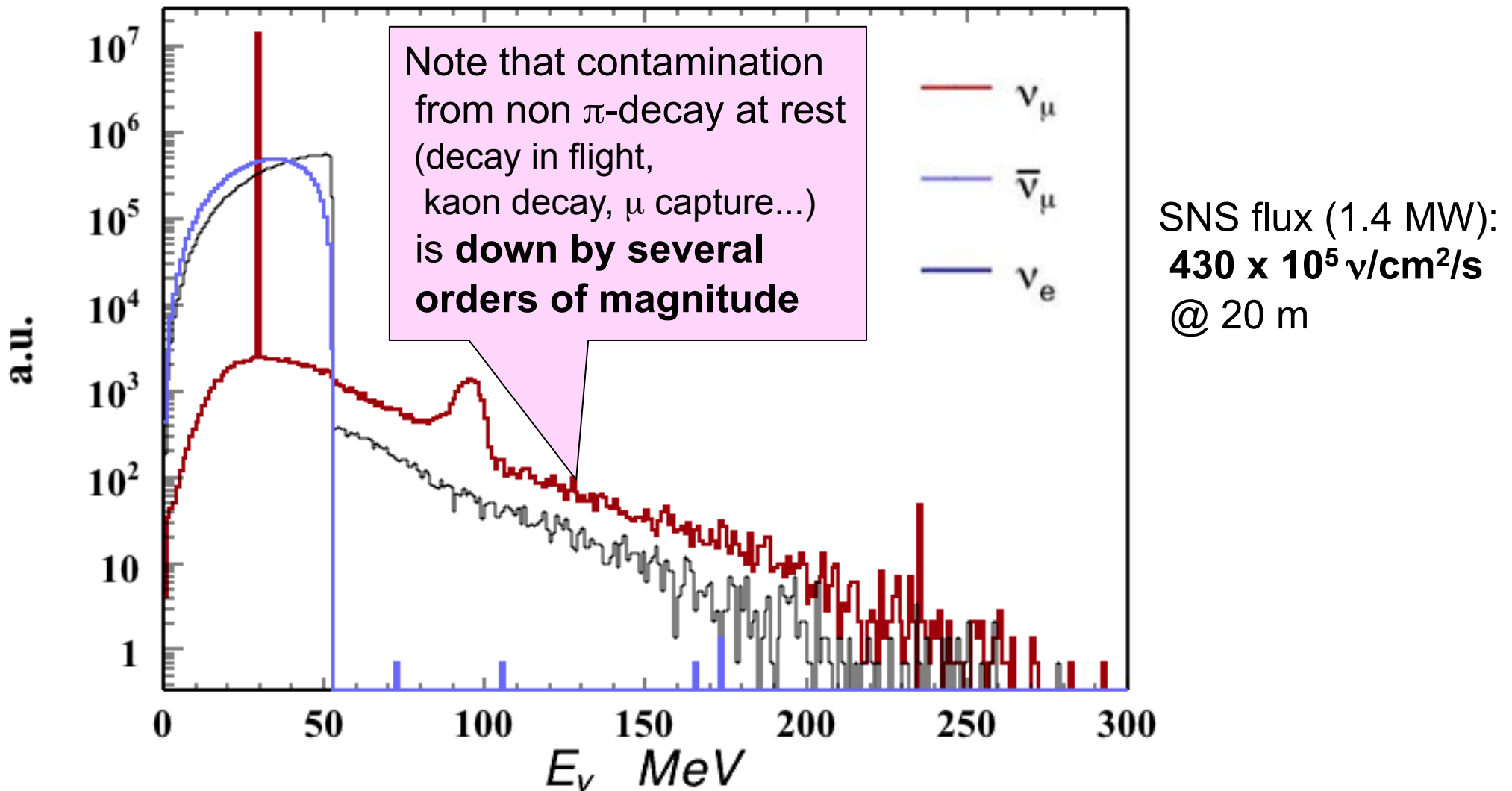
60 Hz *pulsed* source



Background rejection factor $\sim \text{few} \times 10^{-4}$

The SNS has **large, extremely clean** DAR ν flux

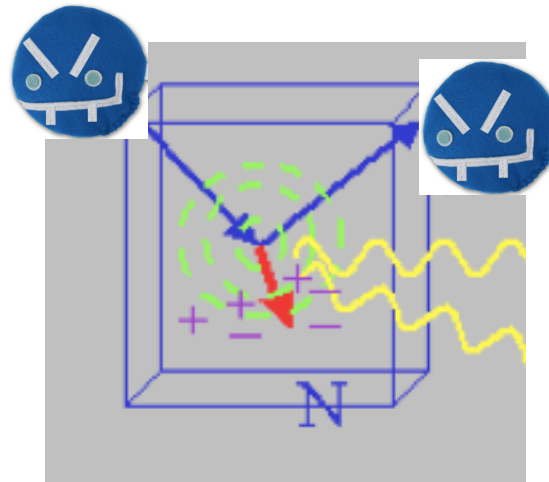
0.08 neutrinos per flavor per proton on target



Backgrounds

- Usual suspects:
- cosmogenics
 - ambient and intrinsic radioactivity
 - detector-specific noise and dark rate

Neutrons are especially not your friends*

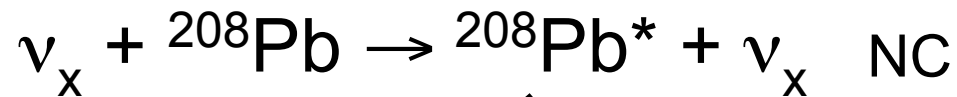


Steady-state backgrounds can be *measured* off-beam-pulse
... in-time backgrounds must be carefully characterized

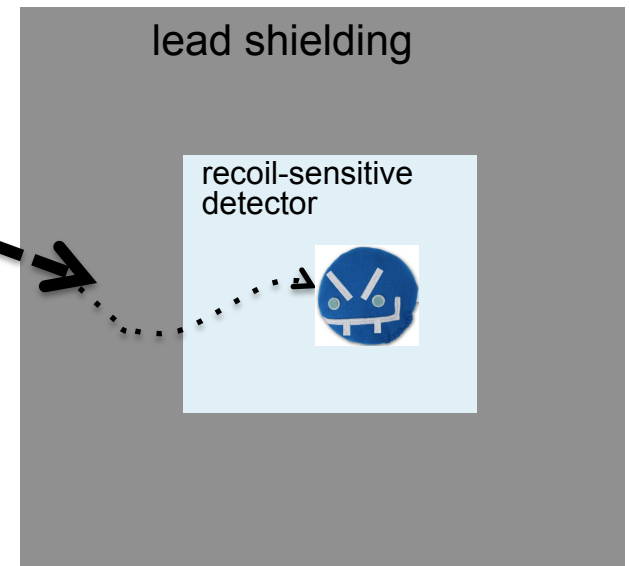
A “friendly fire” in-time background: Neutrino Induced Neutrons (NINs)



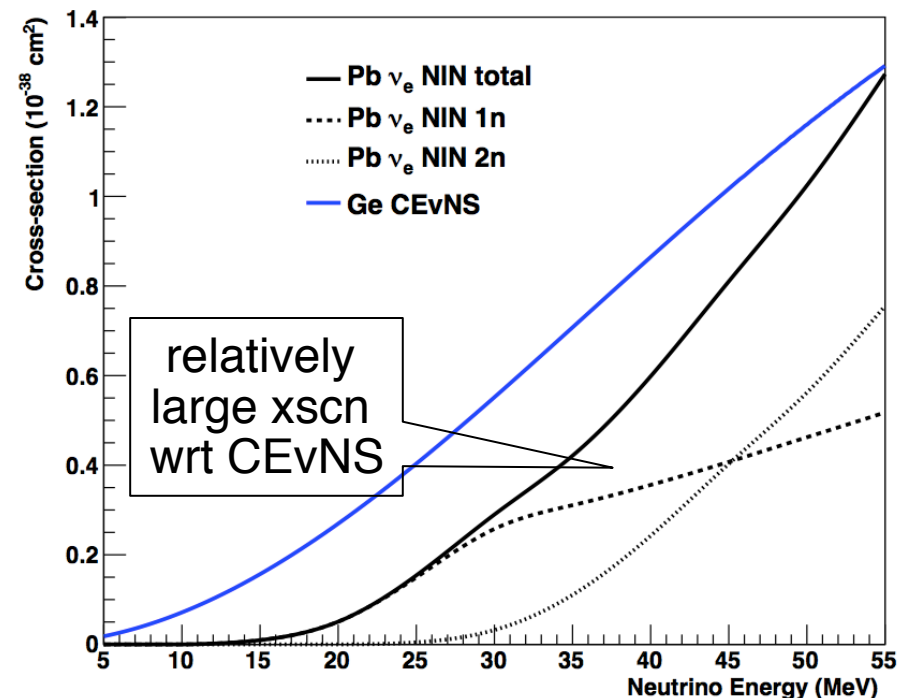
↓
1n, 2n emission



↓
1n, 2n, γ emission



- potentially non-negligible background from shielding
- requires careful shielding design
- large uncertainties (factor of few) in xscn calculation
- [Also: a signal in itself, e.g. HALO SN detector]



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The COHERENT collaboration

<http://sites.duke.edu/coherent>



~80 members,
19 institutions
4 countries

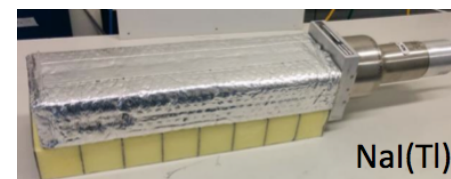
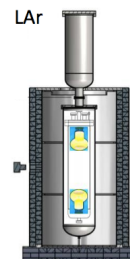
arXiv:1509.08702



COHERENT CEvNS Detectors

| Nuclear Target | Technology | Mass (kg) | Distance from source (m) | Recoil threshold (keVr) |
|----------------|--|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| CsI[Na] | Scintillating crystal flash | 14.6 | 19.3 | 6.5 |
| Ge | HPGe PPC zap | 10 | 22 | 5 |
| LAr | Single-phase flash | 22 | 29 | 20 |
| NaI[Tl] | Scintillating crystal flash | 185*/ 2000 | 28 | 13 |

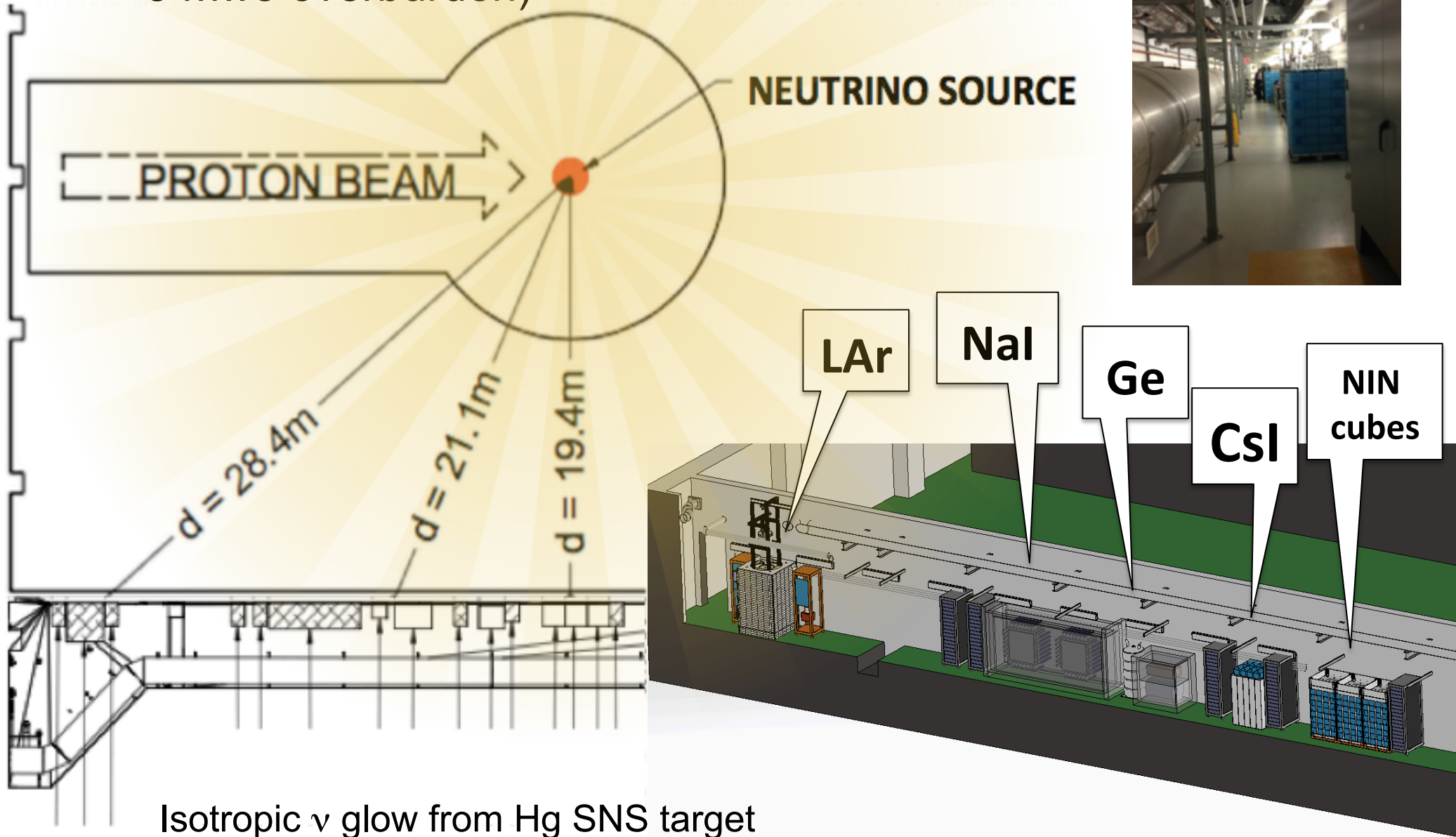
Multiple detectors for N^2 dependence of the cross section



Siting for deployment in SNS basement

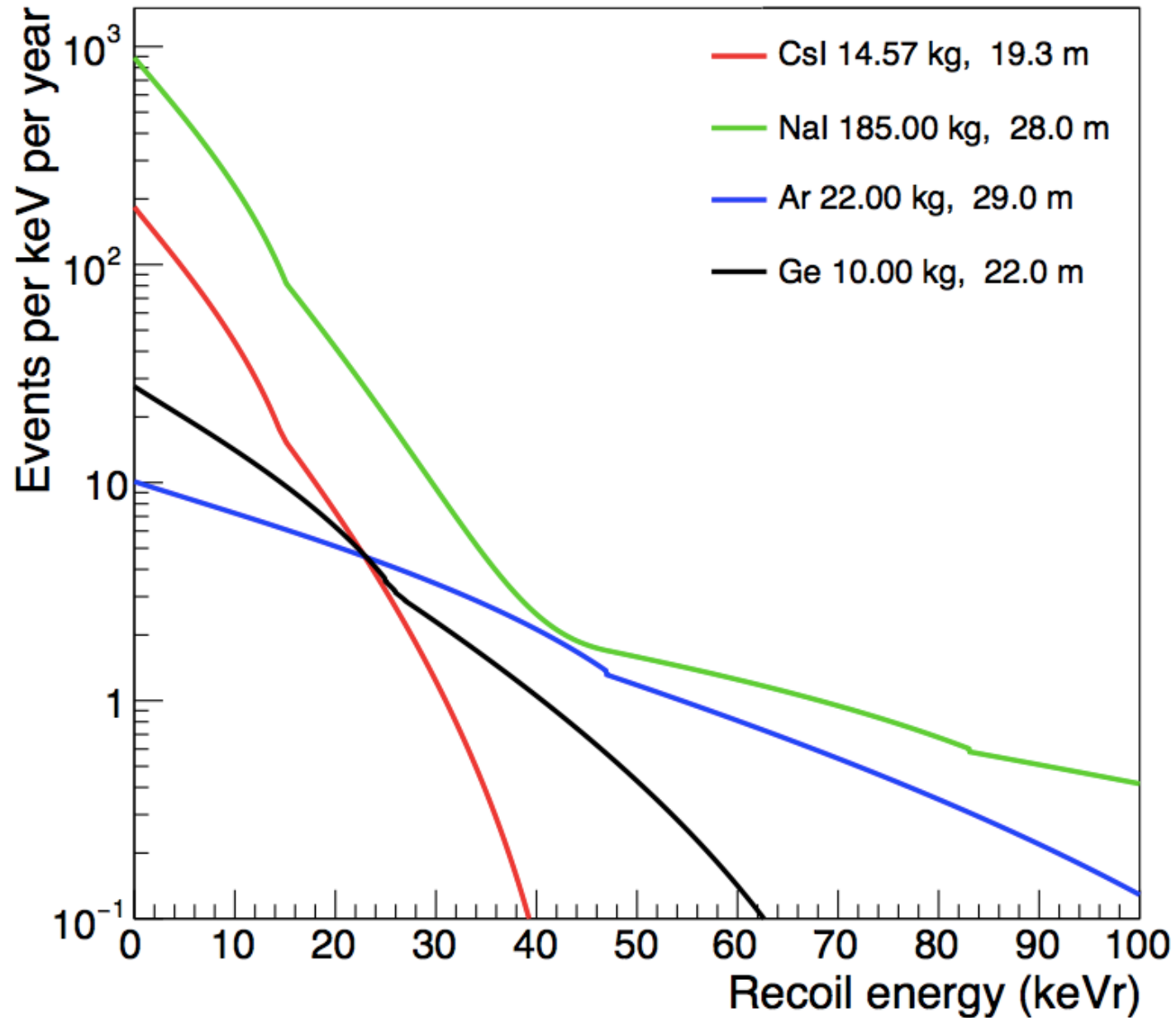
(measured neutron backgrounds low,
~ 8 mwe overburden)

View looking
down “Neutrino Alley”



Isotropic ν glow from Hg SNS target

Expected recoil energy distribution

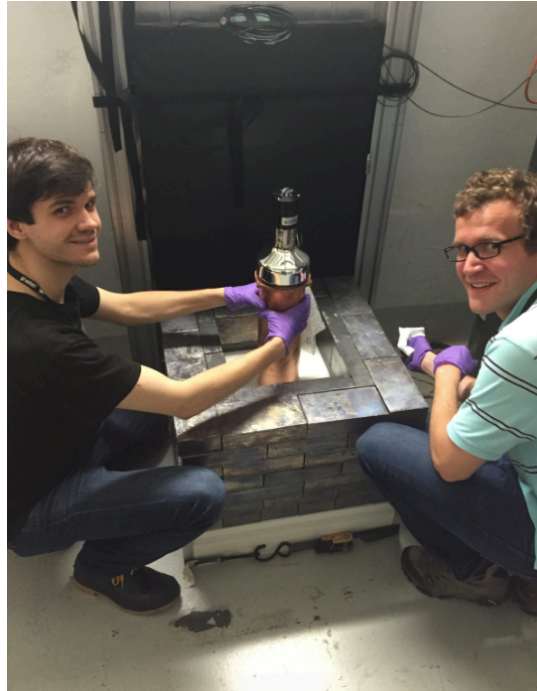
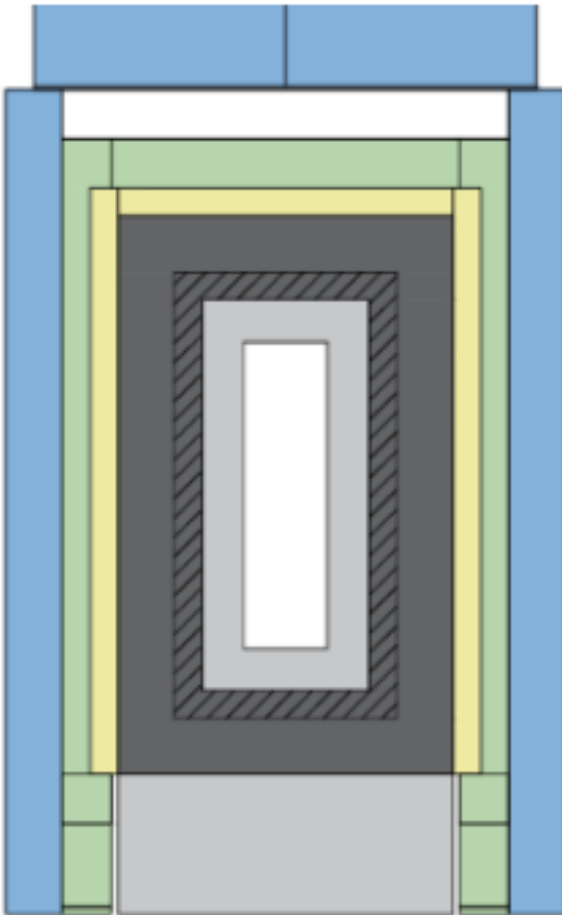


Includes prompt and delayed, all flavors, first 6000 ns

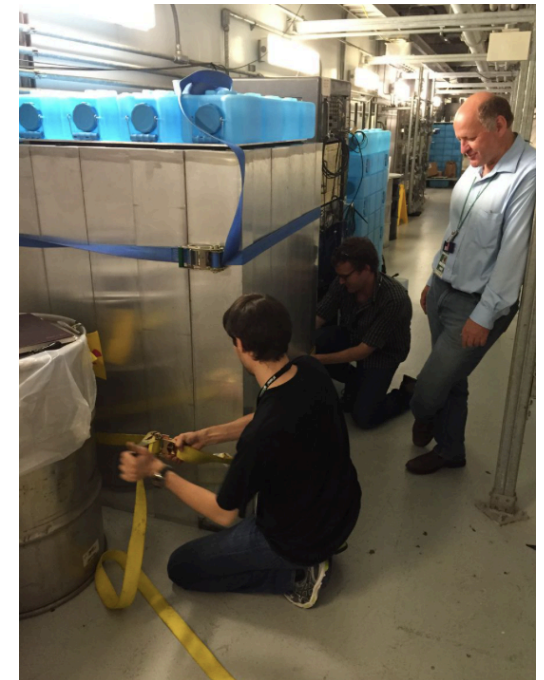
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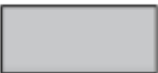




The CsI Detector in Shielding in Neutrino Alley at the SNS



A hand-held detector!

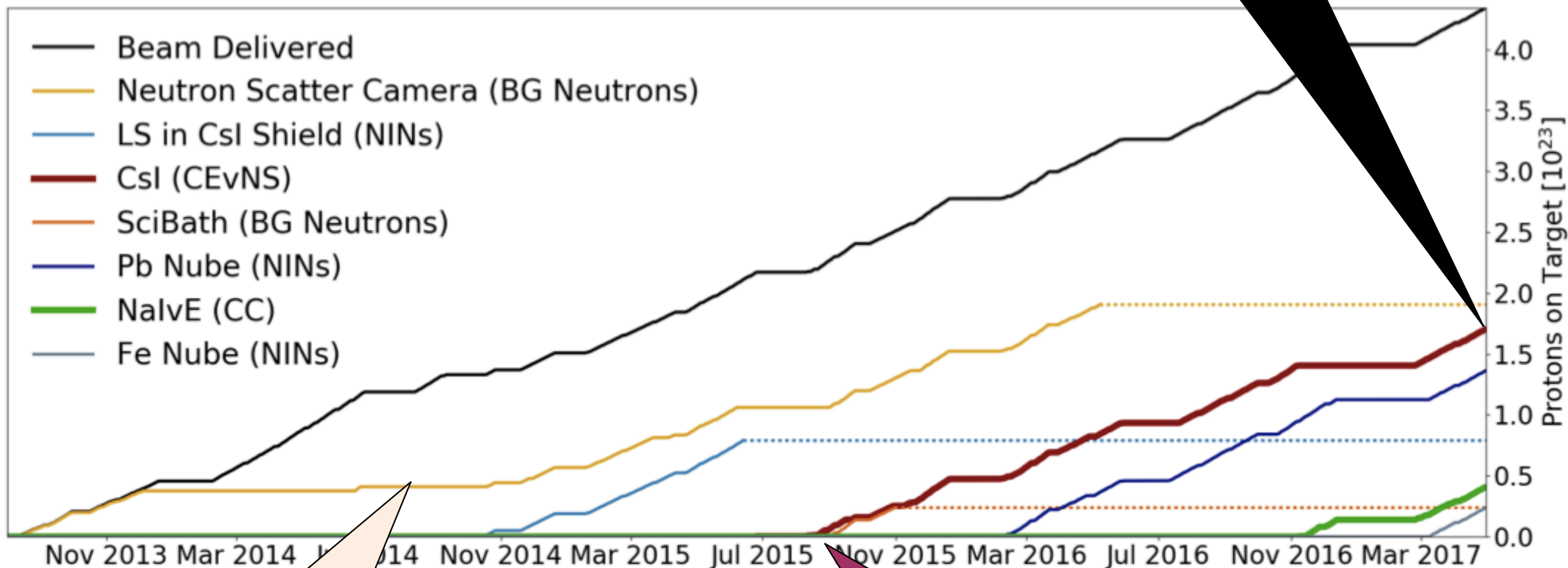


Almost wrapped up...

| Layer | HDPE* | Low backg. lead | Lead | Muon veto | Water |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|
| Thickness | 3" | 2" | 4" | 2" | 4" |
| Colour |  |  |  |  |  |

COHERENT data taking

1.76×10^{23} POT
delivered to Csl
(7.48 GWhr)

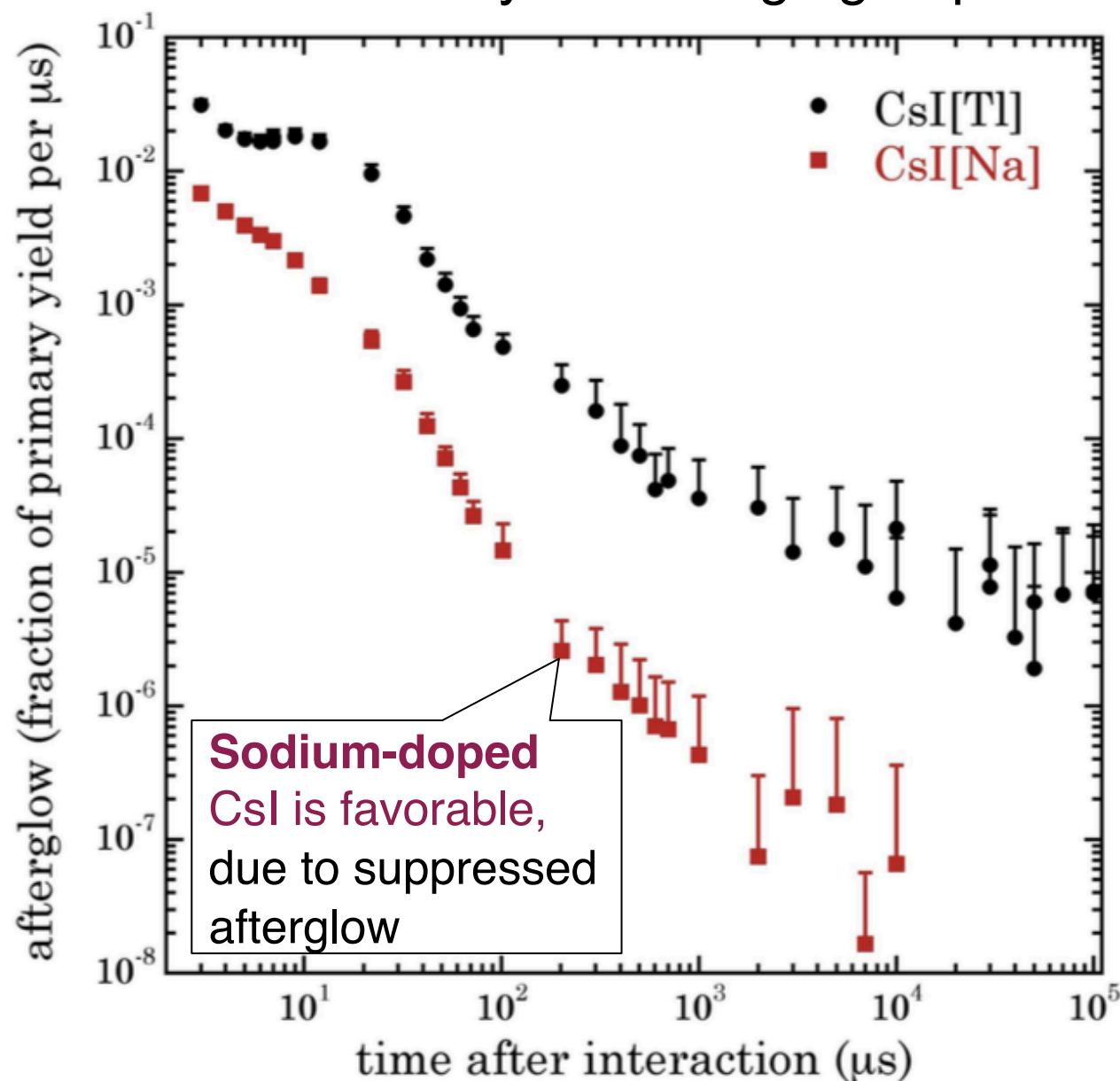


Neutron
background data-
taking for ~2 years
before first CEvNS
detectors

Csl data-taking
starting summer 2015

The First COHERENT Result: CsI[Na]

Led by U. Chicago group



J.I. Collar et al., NIM A773 (2016) 56-67

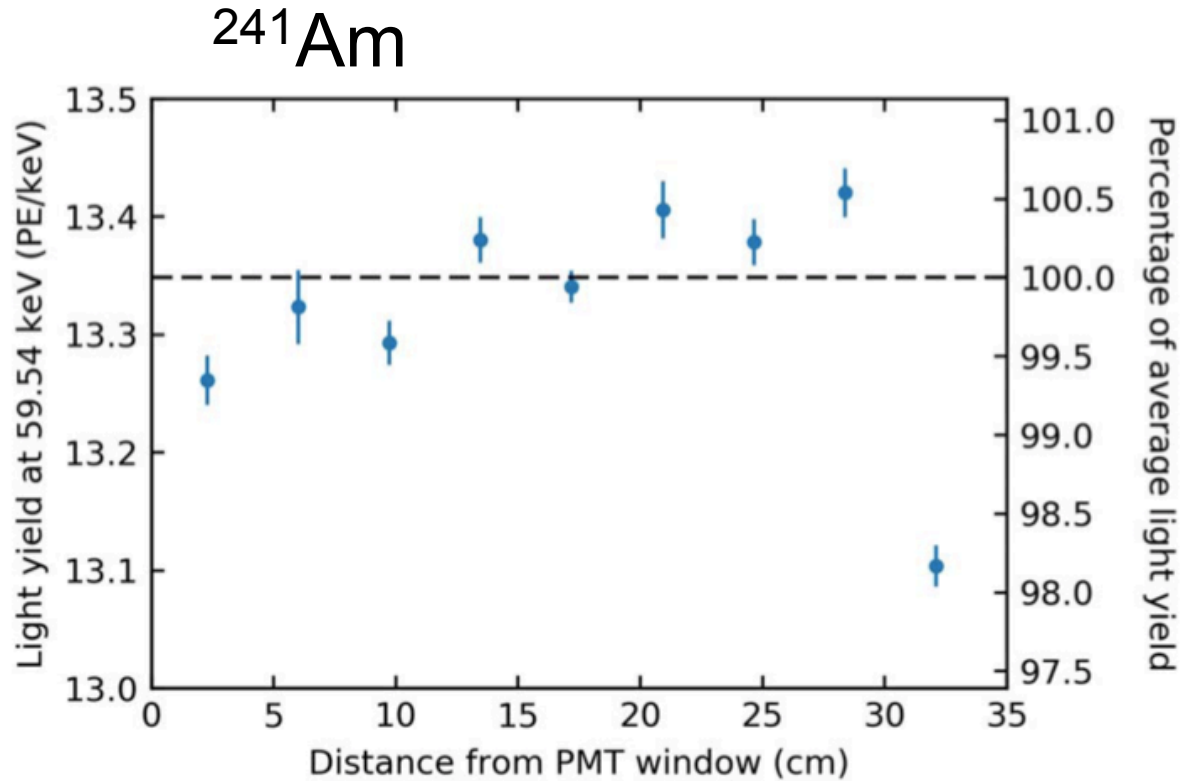
Scintillating crystal

- high light yield
- low intrinsic bg
- rugged and stable
- room temperature
- inexpensive



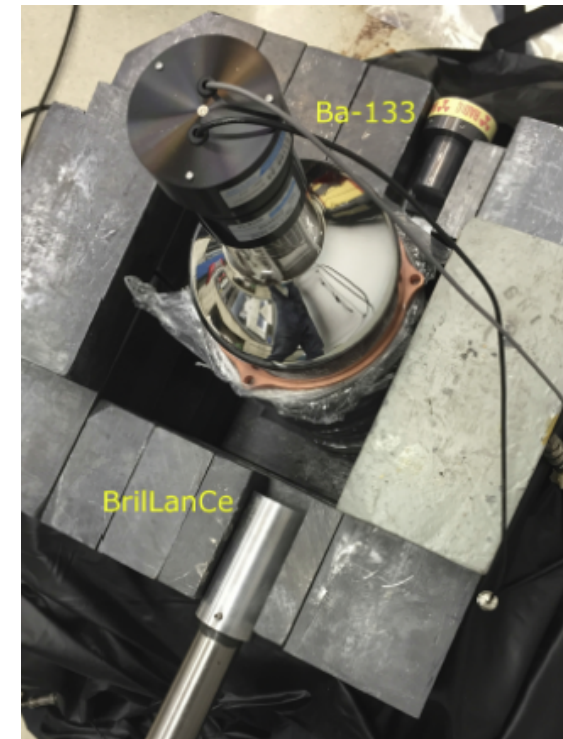
2 kg test crystal
@U. Chicago.
Amcrys-H, Ukraine

Calibration of 14.6-kg detector at U. Chicago (^{241}Am , ^{133}Ba)



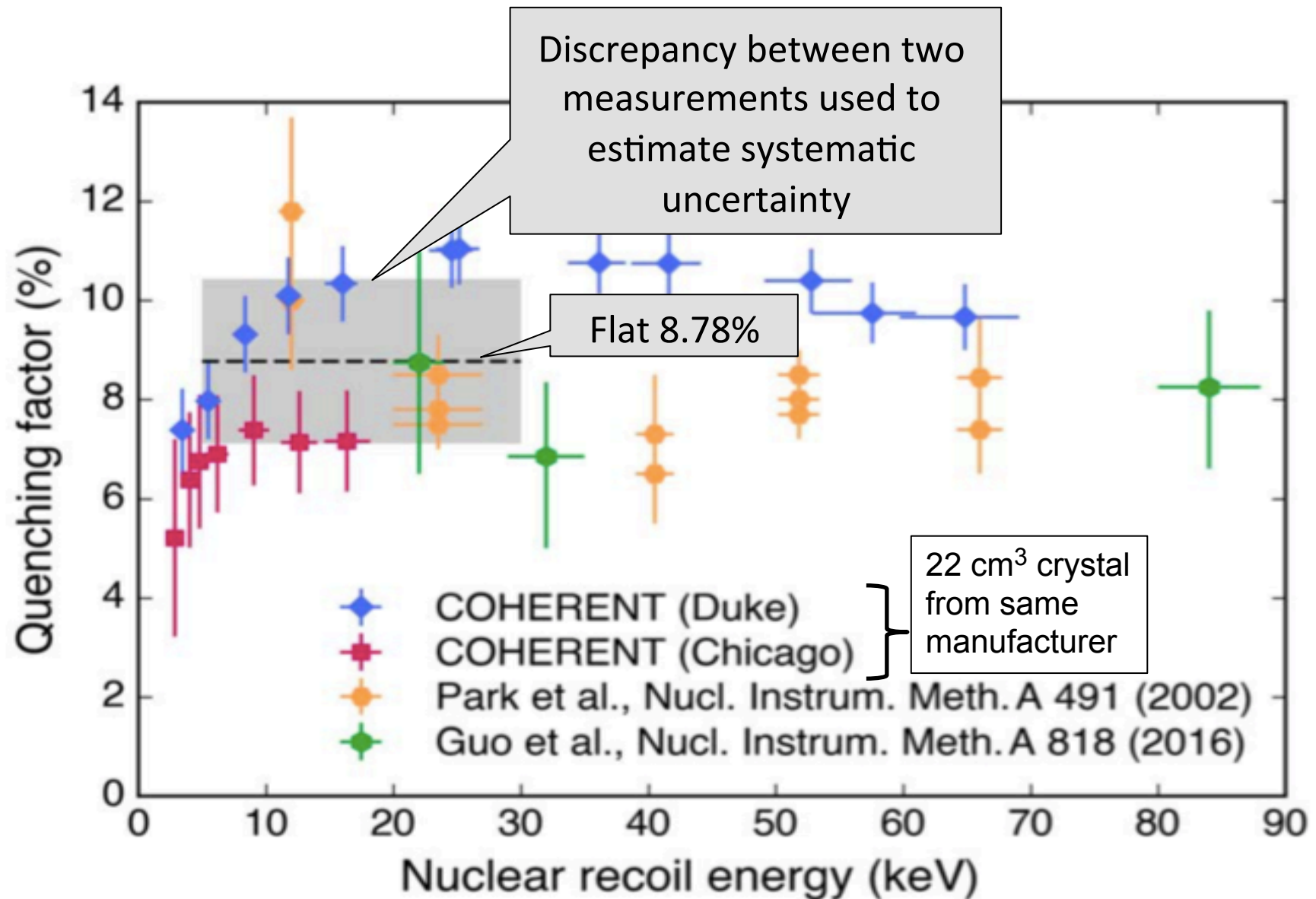
Light yield:
13.35 pe/keVee,
uniform within ~2%

^{133}Ba



Used to determine
event selection efficiency

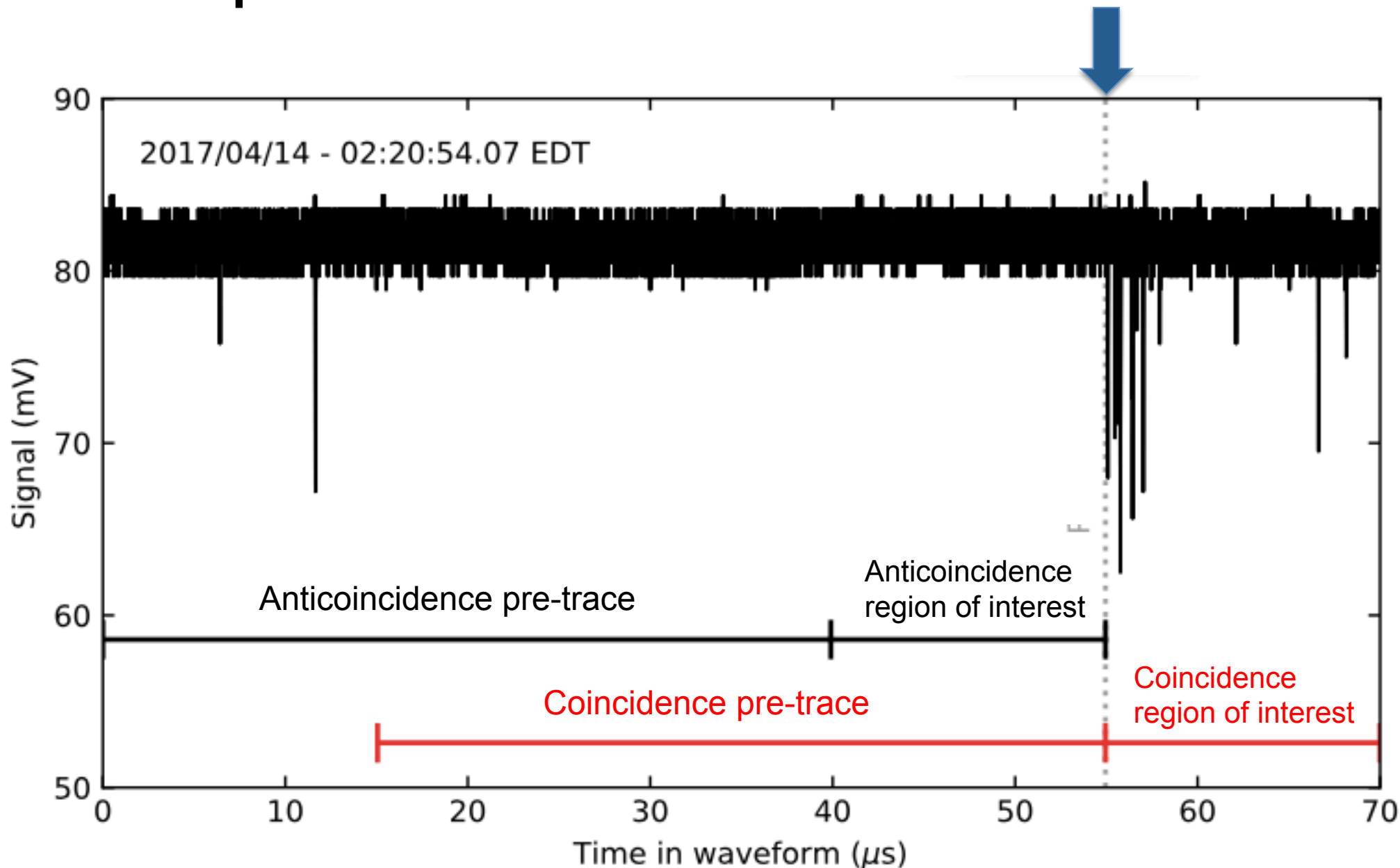
CsI quenching factor measurements at TUNL w/ neutrons



$$\underbrace{13.348 \text{ pe/keVee}}_{\text{ee light yield}} * \underbrace{0.0878 \text{ keVee/keVr}}_{\text{QF}} = \mathbf{1.2 \text{ pe/keVr}}$$

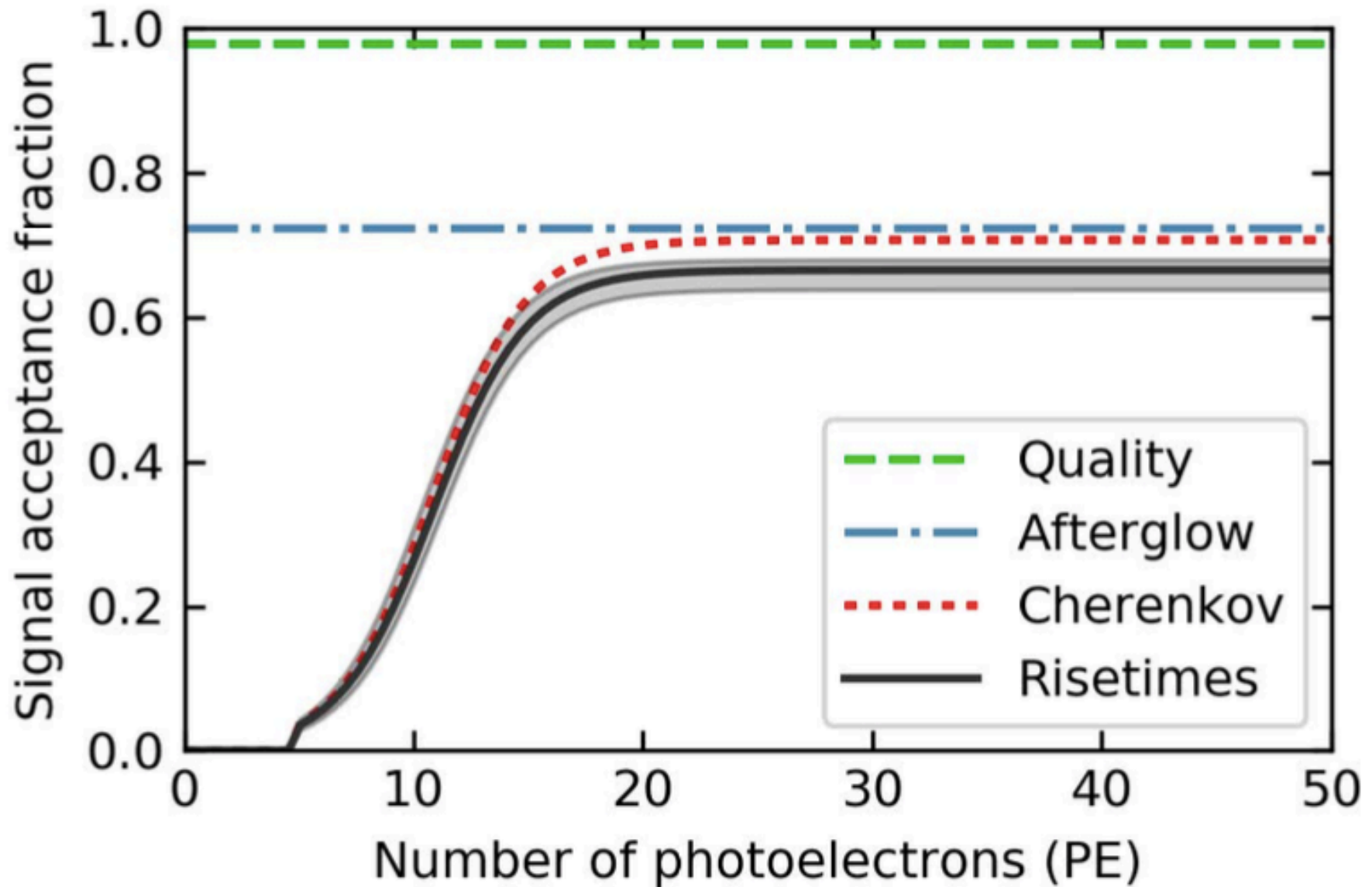
Example Csl waveform

Protons on target



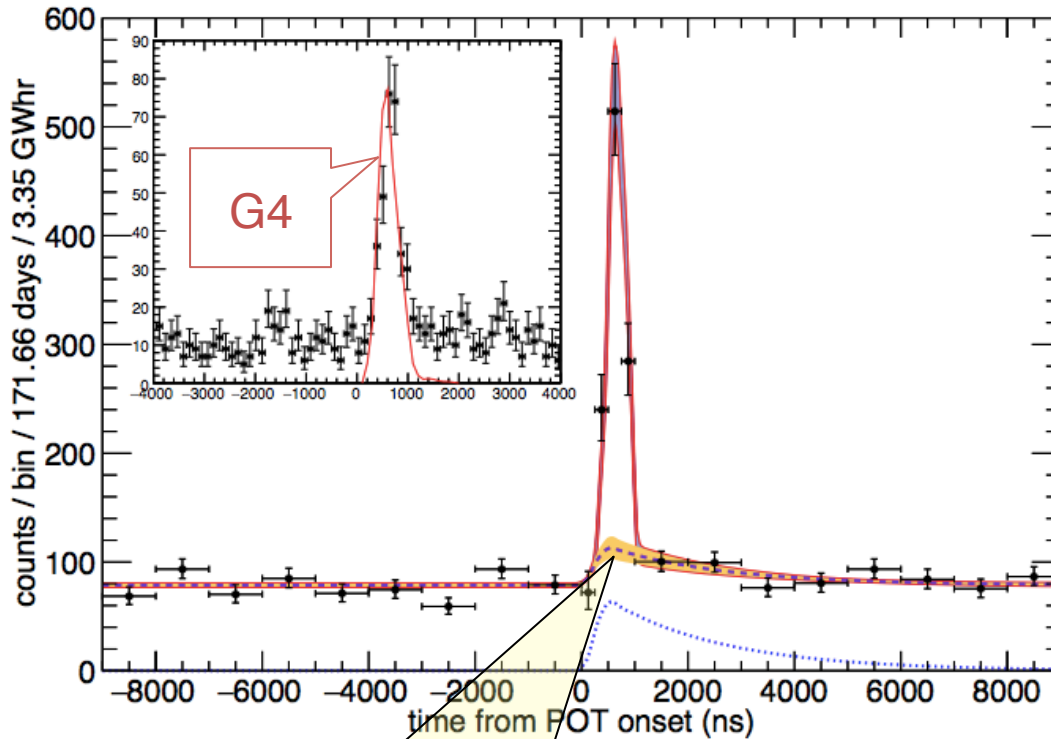
- (C ROI) – (AC ROI) = CEvNS + Beam-on bg
- Pretraces used for afterglow background removal

Event selection cut efficiencies



Neutron backgrounds

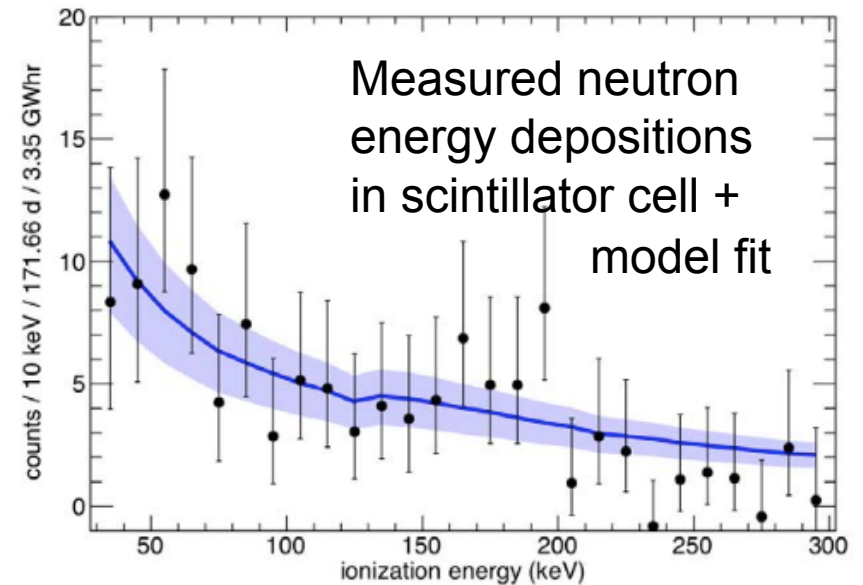
- Evaluated using EJ-301 liquid scintillator cell deployed inside Csl shielding before Csl deployment
- Consistent with Geant4 simulation for SNS production & shielding



NINs: non-zero component at 2.9σ
(factor ~ 1.7 lower than prediction)

Expect: 0.93 ± 0.23 beam n events/GWhr
 0.54 ± 0.18 NIN events/GWhr (neglected)

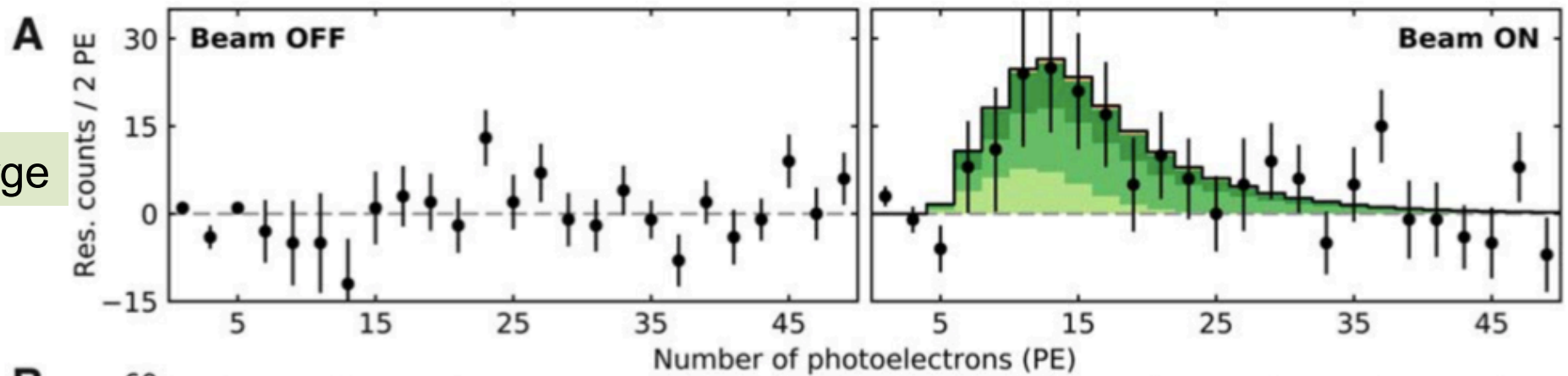
$< \sim 11$ neutron events in Csl dataset



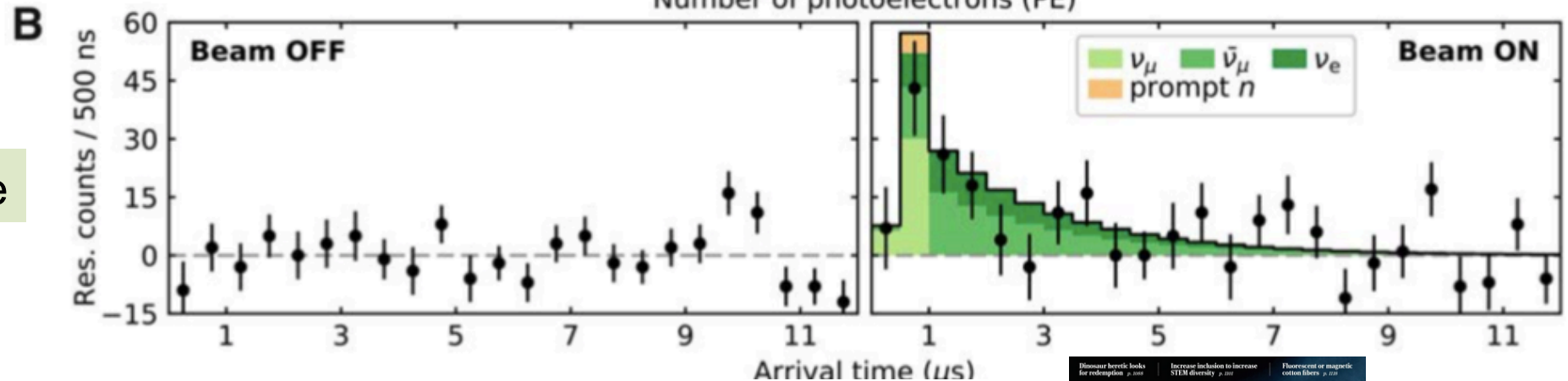
(consistent w/other measurements)

First light at the SNS with 14.6-kg CsI[Na] detector

Charge



Time



Observation of coherent elastic neutrino-nucleus scattering

D. Akimov^{1,2}, J. B. Albert³, P. An⁴, C. Awe^{4,5}, P. S. Barbeau^{4,5}, B. Becker⁶, V. Belov^{1,2}, A. Brown^{4,7}, A. Bolozdy...

+ See all authors and affiliations

Science 03 Aug 2017:
eaao0990
DOI: 10.1126/science.aao0990



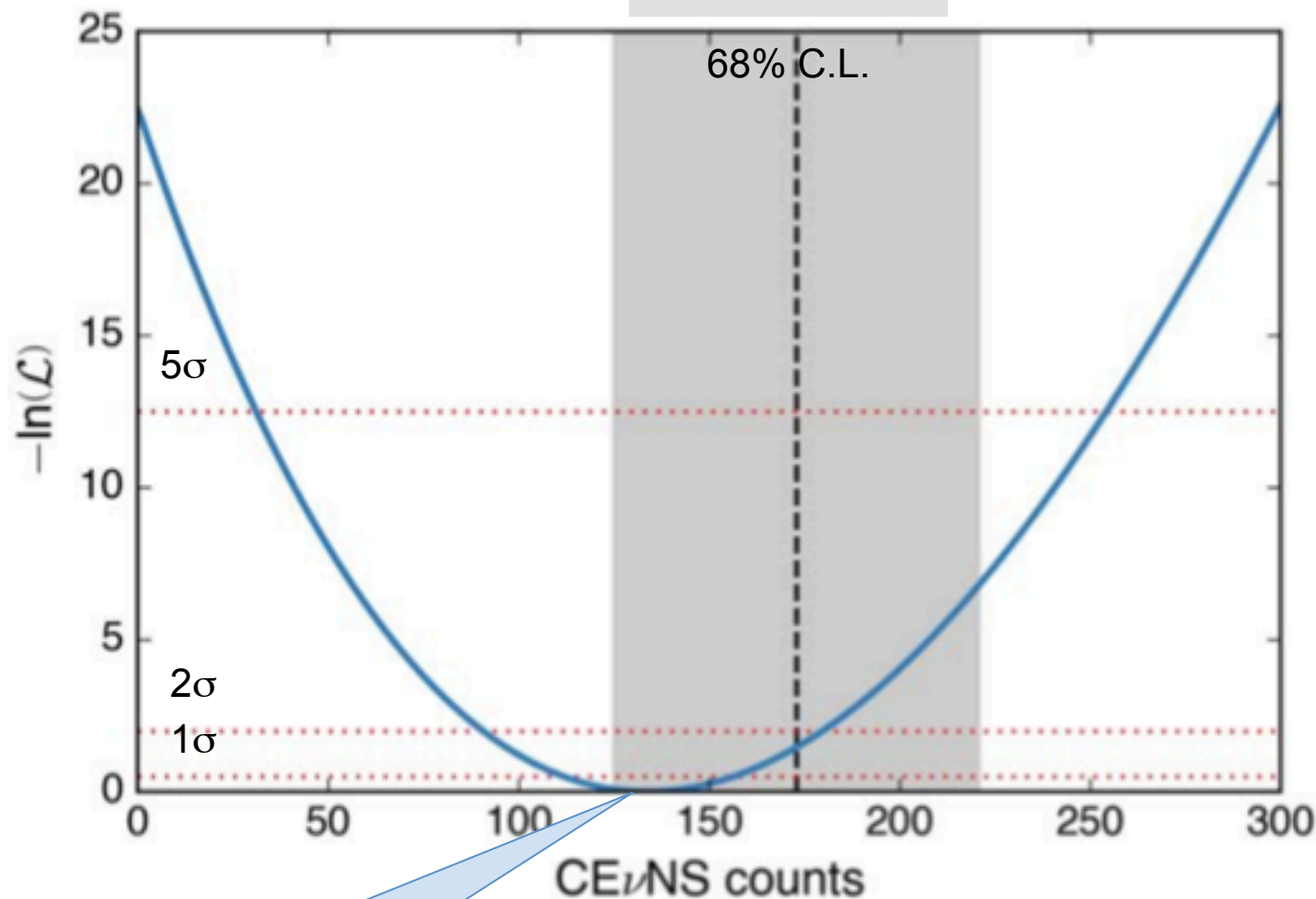
Peer Reviewed
← see details



D. Akimov et al., *Science*, 2017

<http://science.sciencemag.org/content/early/2017/08/02/science.aao0990>

Results of 2D energy, time fit



Best fit: **134 ± 22**
observed events

No CEvNS rejected at 6.7σ ,
consistent w/SM within 1σ

Signal, background, and uncertainty summary numbers

$$6 \leq PE \leq 30, 0 \leq t \leq 6000 \text{ ns}$$

| | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Beam ON coincidence window | 547 counts |
| Anticoincidence window | 405 counts |
| Beam-on bg: prompt beam neutrons | 6.9 ± 1.7 |
| Beam-on bg: NINs (neglected) | 4.0 ± 1.3 |
| Signal counts, single-bin counting | 136 ± 31 |
| Signal counts, 2D likelihood fit | 134 ± 22 |
| Predicted SM signal counts | 173 ± 48 |

| Uncertainties on signal and background predictions | |
|--|------------|
| Event selection | 5% |
| Flux | 10% |
| Quenching factor | 25% |
| Form factor | 5% |
| Total uncertainty on signal | 28% |
| Beam-on neutron background | 25% |

Dominant
uncertainty



What constraints do these data make on new interactions?

A first example: simple counting to constrain
non-standard interactions (NSI) of
neutrinos with quarks

Davidson et al., JHEP 0303:011 (2004)
Barranco et al., JHEP 0512:021 (2005)

“Model-independent” parameterization

$$\mathcal{L}_{\nu H}^{NSI} = -\frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{\substack{q=u,d \\ \alpha,\beta=e,\mu,\tau}} [\bar{\nu}_\alpha \gamma^\mu (1 - \gamma^5) \nu_\beta] \times (\varepsilon_{\alpha\beta}^{qL} [\bar{q} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma^5) q] + \varepsilon_{\alpha\beta}^{qR} [\bar{q} \gamma_\mu (1 + \gamma^5) q])$$

ε 's parameterize new interactions

“Non-Universal”: ε_{ee} , $\varepsilon_{\mu\mu}$, $\varepsilon_{\tau\tau}$

Flavor-changing: $\varepsilon_{\alpha\beta}$, where $\alpha \neq \beta$

\Rightarrow some are quite poorly constrained (\sim unity allowed)

Cross-section for CEvNS including NSI terms

For flavor α , *spin zero* nucleus, and $E \ll k, M$:

$$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{dE} \right)_{\nu N} = \frac{G_F^2 M}{\pi} F^2 (2MT) \left[1 - \frac{MT}{2E_\nu^2} \right] \times$$

$$\{ [Z(g_V^p + 2\varepsilon_{\alpha\alpha}^{uV} + \varepsilon_{\alpha\alpha}^{dV}) + N(g_V^n + \varepsilon_{\alpha\alpha}^{uV} + 2\varepsilon_{\alpha\alpha}^{dV})]^2 \quad \text{non-universal}$$

$$+ \sum_{\alpha \neq \beta} [Z(2\varepsilon_{\alpha\beta}^{uV} + \varepsilon_{\alpha\beta}^{dV}) + N(\varepsilon_{\alpha\beta}^{uV} + 2\varepsilon_{\alpha\beta}^{dV})]^2 \} \quad \text{flavor-changing}$$

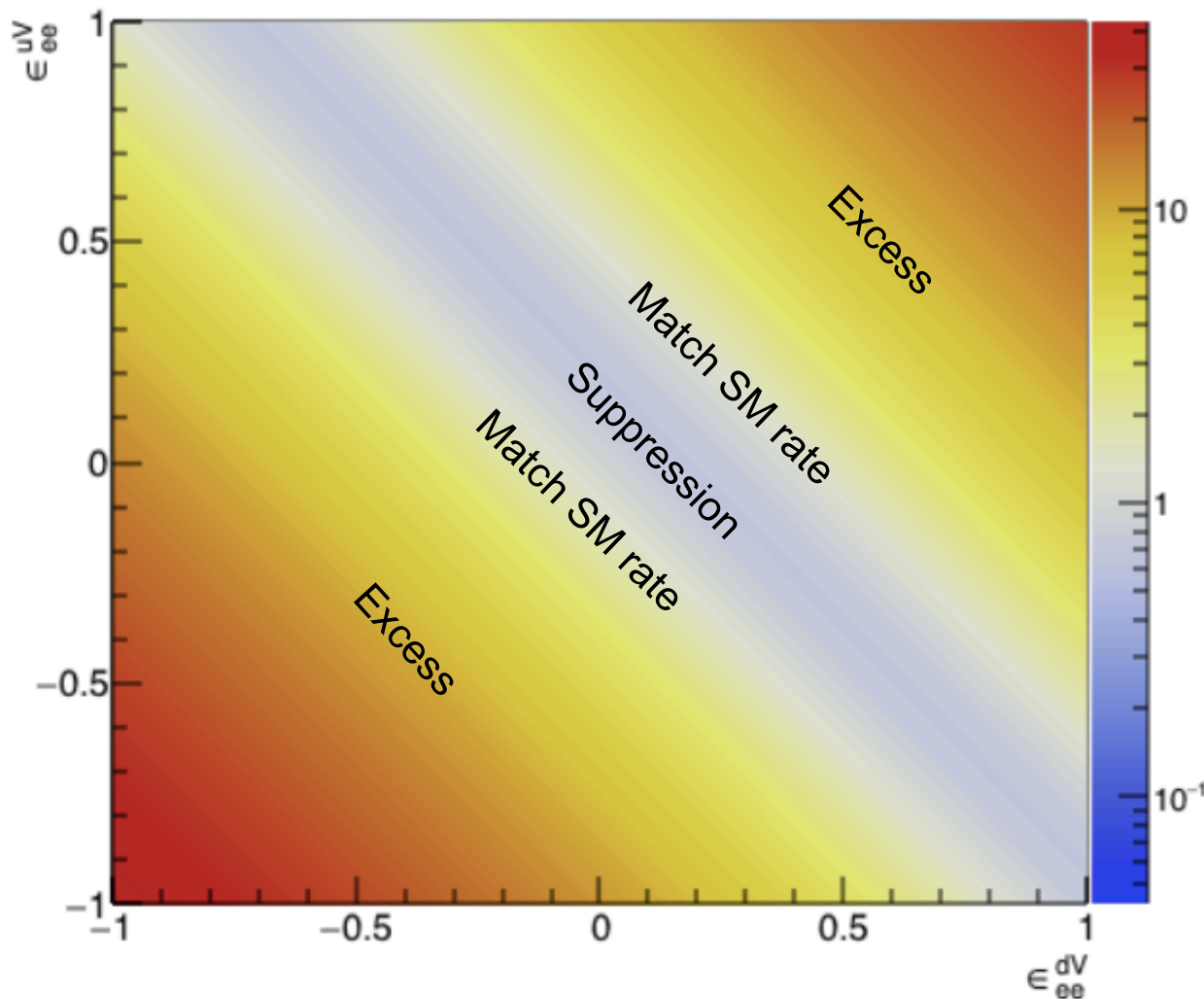
$$\left. \begin{aligned} g_V^p &= \left(\frac{1}{2} - 2 \sin^2 \theta_W \right), \quad g_V^n = -\frac{1}{2} \\ \varepsilon_{\alpha\beta}^{qV} &= \varepsilon_{\alpha\beta}^{qL} + \varepsilon_{\alpha\beta}^{qR} \end{aligned} \right\} \text{SM parameters}$$

- NSI with these assumptions affect ***total cross-section, not differential shape of recoil spectrum***
- size of effect depends on N, Z
(different for different elements)
- ε 's can be negative and parameters can cancel

Ratio of rate with NSI to SM rate (all flavors in stopped-pion beam)

ϵ_{ee}^{uV} vs ϵ_{ee}^{dV} parameters (assume others zero)

Csl



Note that for

$$Z(g_V^p + 2\epsilon_{ee}^{uV} + \epsilon_{ee}^{dV}) + N(g_V^n + \epsilon_{ee}^{uV} + 2\epsilon_{ee}^{dV}) = \pm(Zg_V^p + Ng_V^n),$$

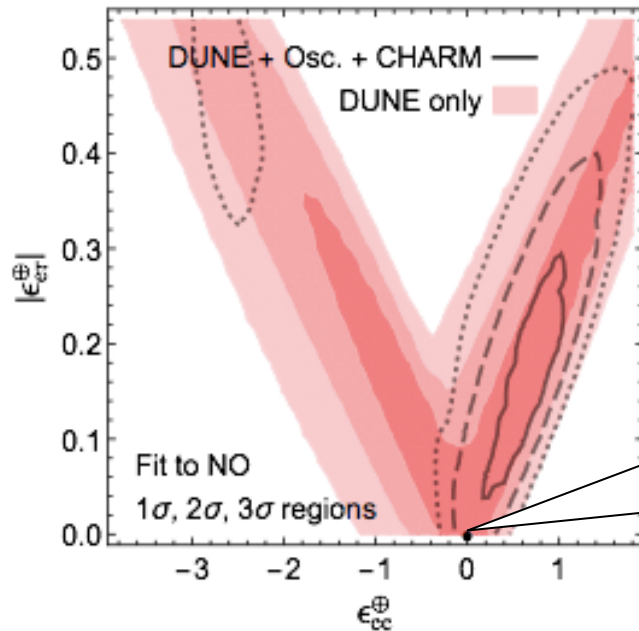
the rate is the same
as for the SM,
so parameters
will be allowed

Get slightly different
slope for different targets

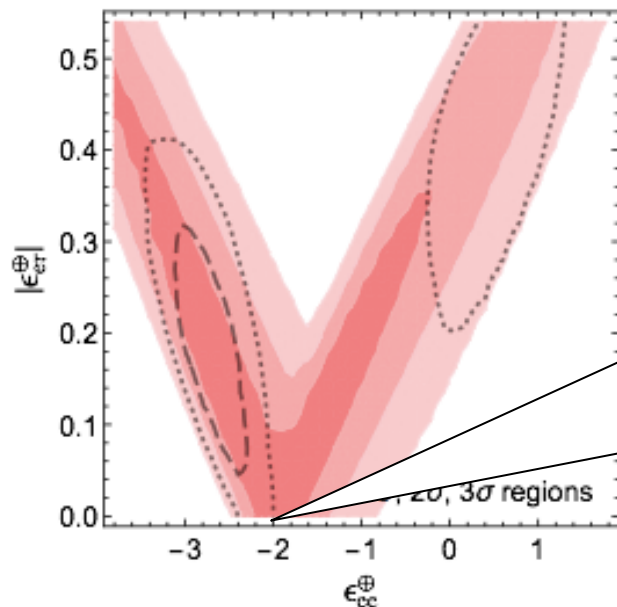
Generalized mass ordering degeneracy in neutrino oscillation experiments

Pilar Coloma¹ and Thomas Schwetz²

Phys.Rev. D94 (2016) no.5, 055005,
Erratum: Phys.Rev. D95 (2017) no.7, 079903
Also: P. Coloma et al., JHEP 1704 (2017) 116



Normal
ordering
w/no
NSI...



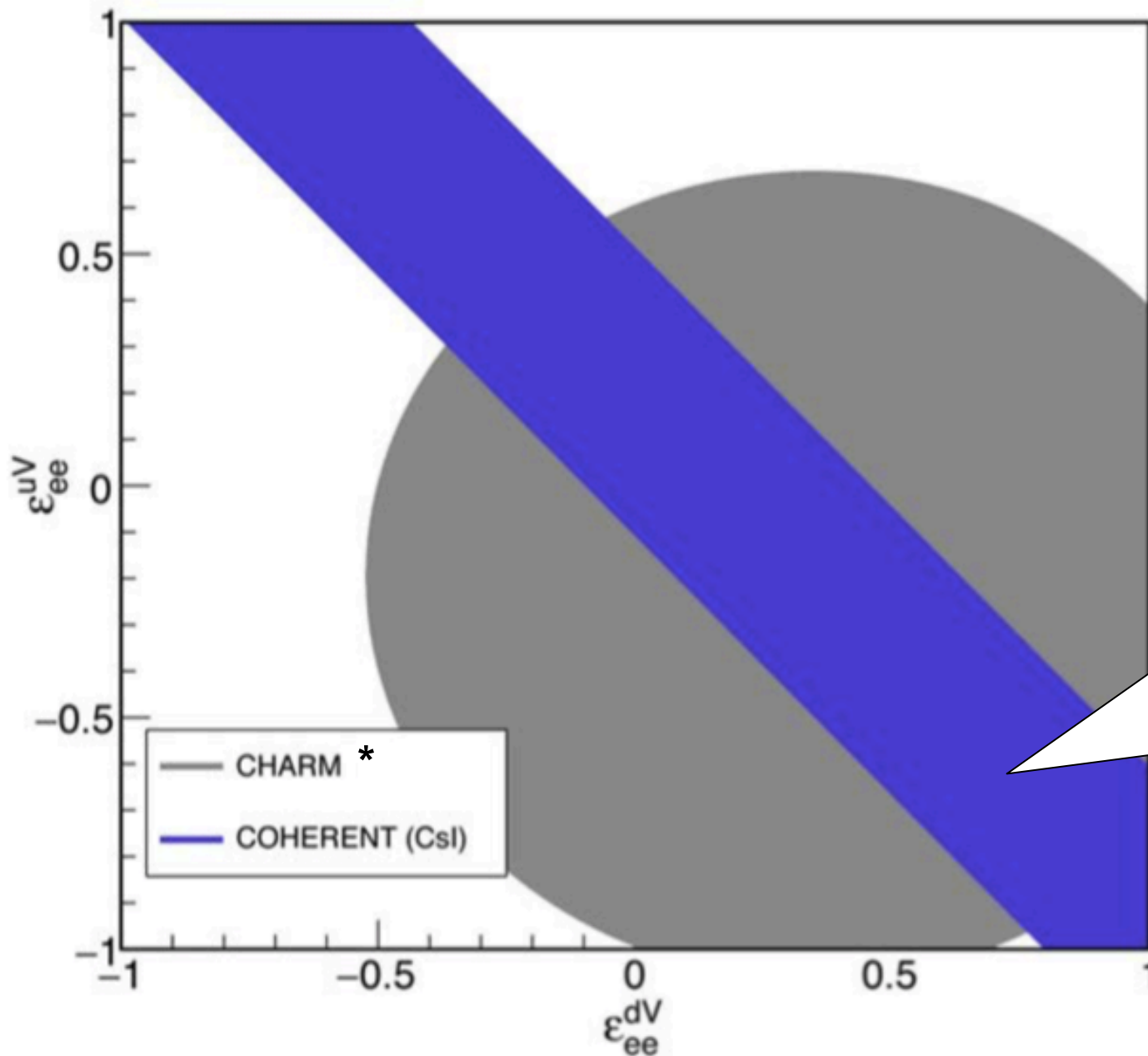
...looks
just like
inverted
ordering
w/NSI

If you allow for
NSI to exist,
you can't tell the
neutrino mass ordering in
long-baseline experiments

... NC scattering can
constrain NSI...

➔ DUNE may need this...

Neutrino non-standard interaction constraints for current Csl data set:



- Assume all other ε 's zero

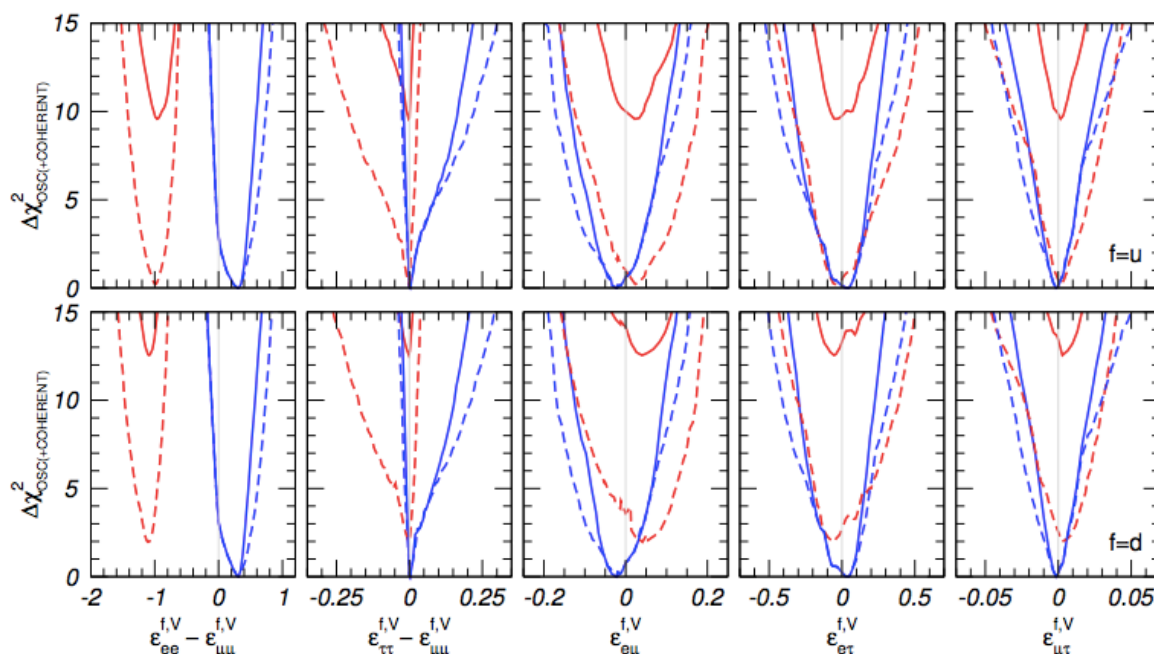
Parameters describing beyond-the-SM interactions outside this region disfavored at 90%

See also
Coloma et al.,
arXiv:1708.02899

*CHARM constraints apply only to heavy mediators

A COHERENT enlightenment of the neutrino Dark Side

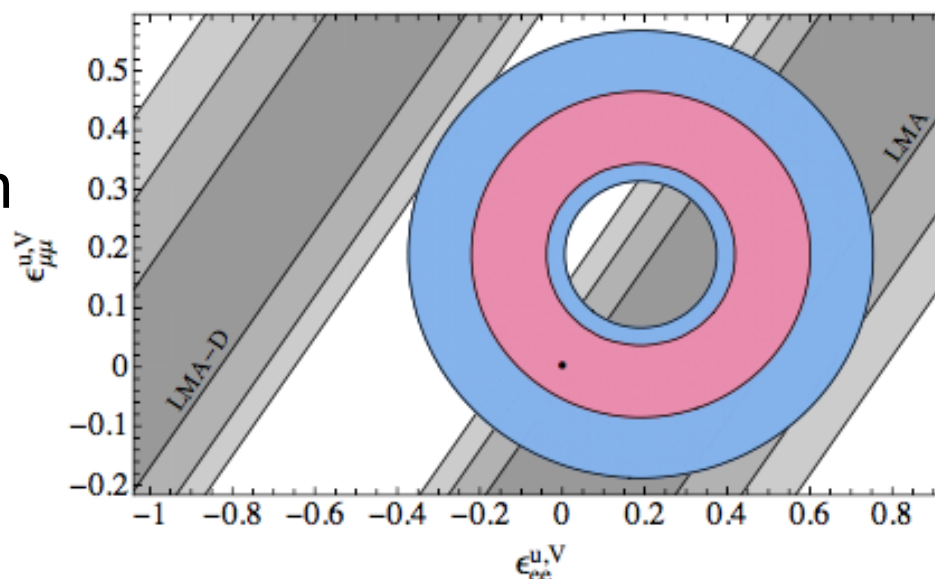
Pilar Coloma,^{1,*} M. C. Gonzalez-Garcia,^{2,3,4,†} Michele Maltoni,^{5,‡} and Thomas Schwetz^{6,§}



Global fits to COHERENT
+ oscillation experiments

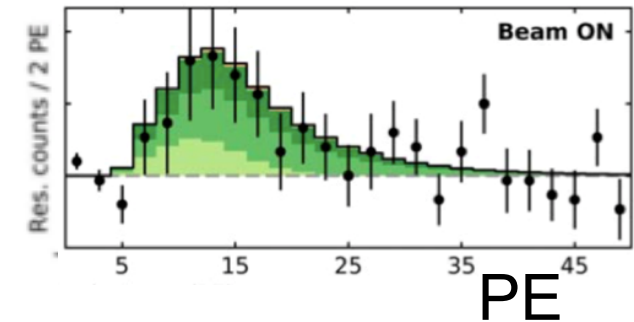
Solid: COHERENT
Dashed: COHERENT + osc
Blue: LMA ($\theta_{12} < \pi/4$)
Red: LMA-D ($\theta_{12} > \pi/4$)
("dark side", still allowed with NSI)

1 σ , 2 σ allowed
regions projected in
($\epsilon_{ee}^{u,V}$, $\epsilon_{\mu\mu}^{u,V}$)
plane



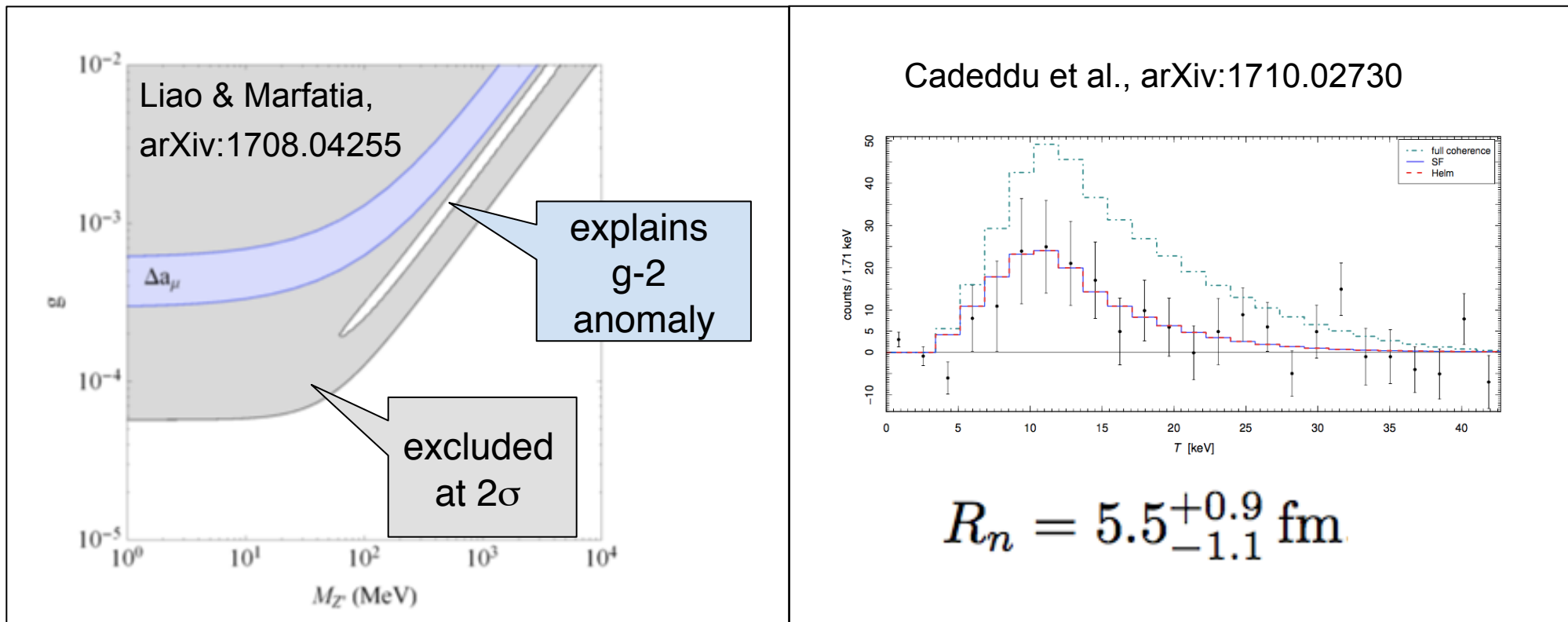
Already
meaningful
constraints!

This is the first measurement of low-energy NC neutrino-hadron interaction with **event-by-event *spectral information***



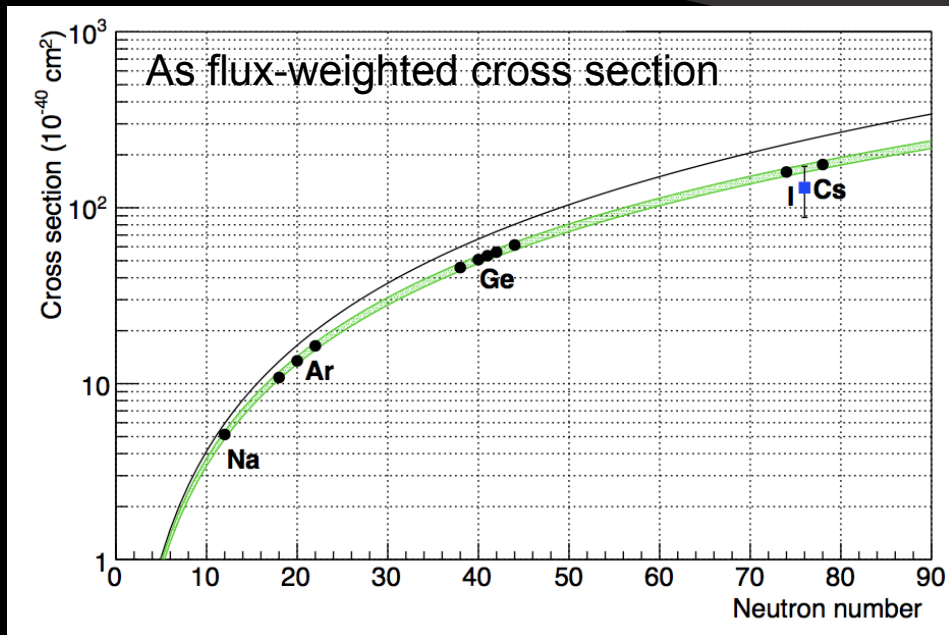
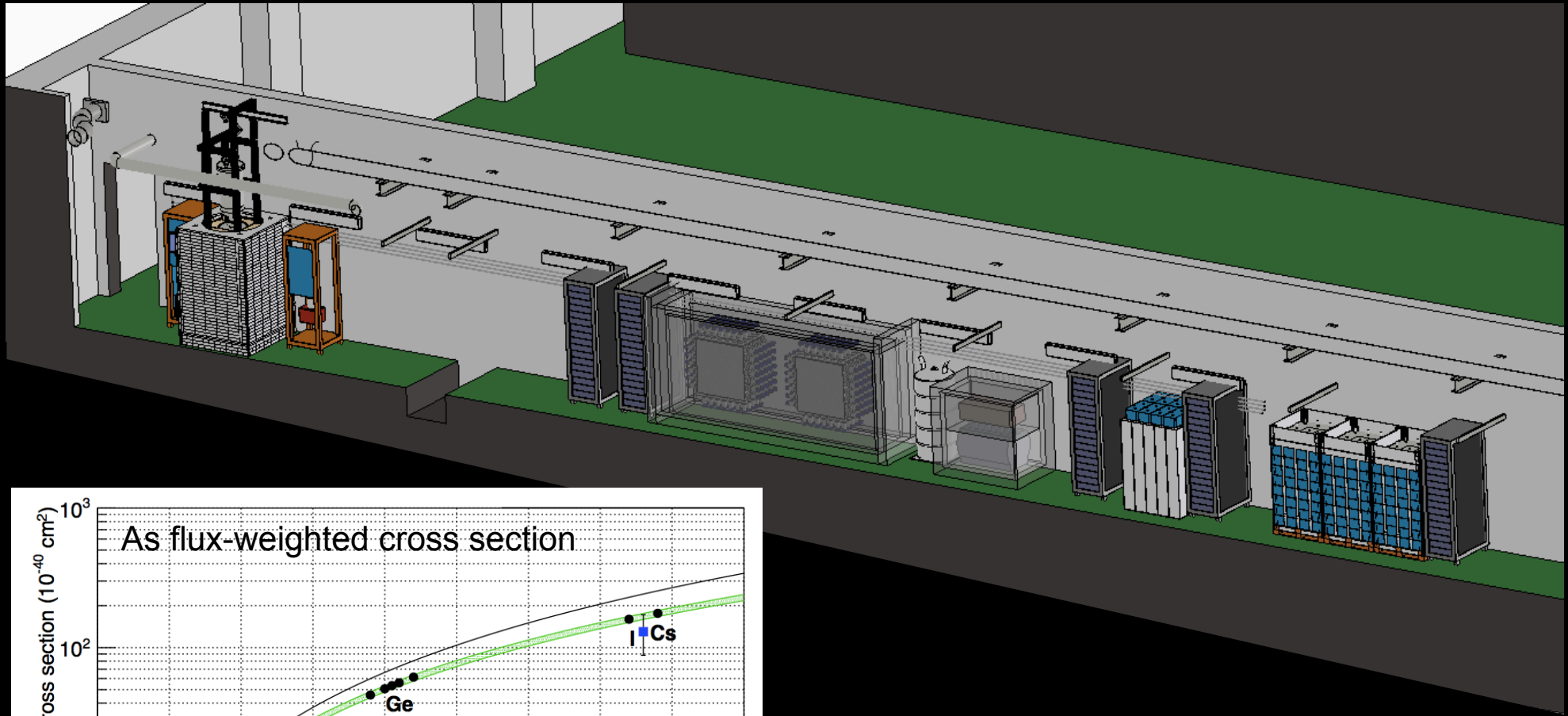
Some NC on d, ^{12}C , and a few CC in this energy range,
but no final-state energies J.A. Formaggio and G. Zeller, RMP 84 (2012) 1307-1341

Recent interpretations for particle & nuclear physics



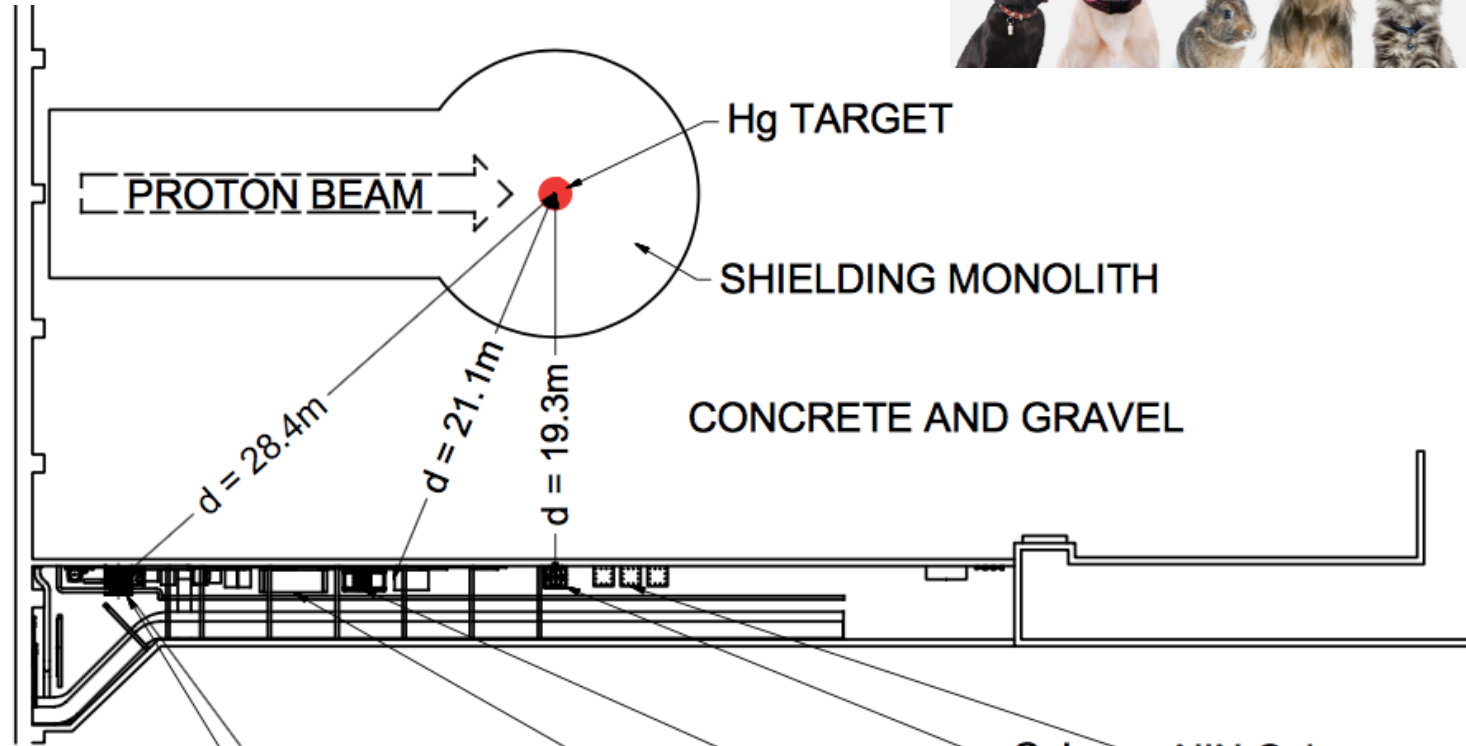
More soon from COHERENT, w/spectral uncertainties

What's Next for COHERENT?



One down...
more to go

Deployments so far in Neutrino Alley



CENNS-10
(LAr)

SCIBATH

Nal

SANDIA
CAMERA

CsI

NIN Cubes

CEvNS

Neutron
backgrounds

ν_e CC on ^{127}I

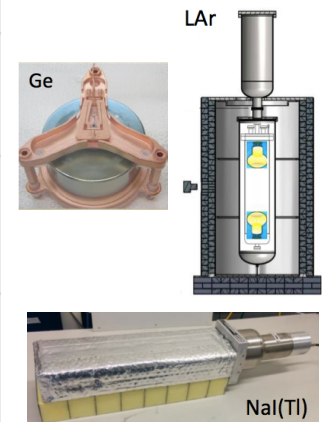
Neutron
backgrounds

CEvNS

Neutrino-
induced
neutrons

COHERENT CEvNS Detector Status and Near Future

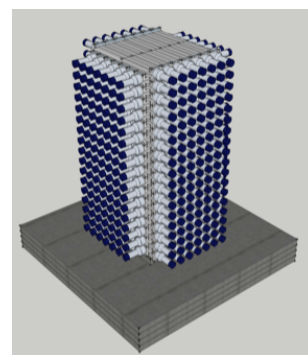
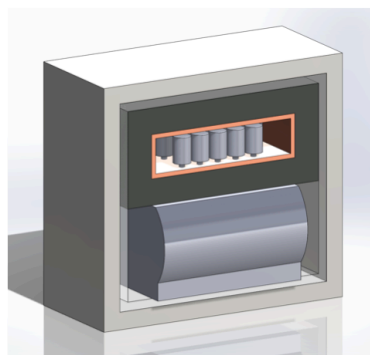
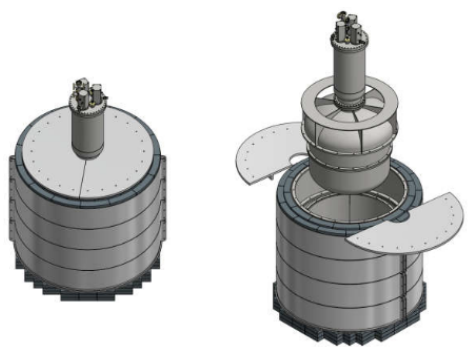
| Nuclear Target | Technology | Mass (kg) | Distance from source (m) | Recoil threshold (keVr) | Data-taking start date |
|----------------|-----------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| CsI[Na] | Scintillating crystal | 14.6 | 20 | 6.5 | 9/2015 |
| Ge | HPGe PPC | 10 | 22 | 5 | 2017 |
| LAr | Single-phase | 22 | 29 | 20 | 12/2016, upgraded summer 2017 |
| NaI[Tl] | Scintillating crystal | 185*/2000 | 28 | 13 | *high-threshold deployment summer 2016 |



- CsI will continue running
- 185 kg of NaI installed in July 2016
 - taking data in high-threshold mode for CC on ^{127}I
 - PMT base modifications to enable low-threshold CEvNS running
- LAr single-phase detector installed in December 2016
 - upgraded w/TPB coating of PMT & Teflon, running since May 2017
- First Ge detectors to be installed late 2017

COHERENT CEvNS Detector Status and Farther Future

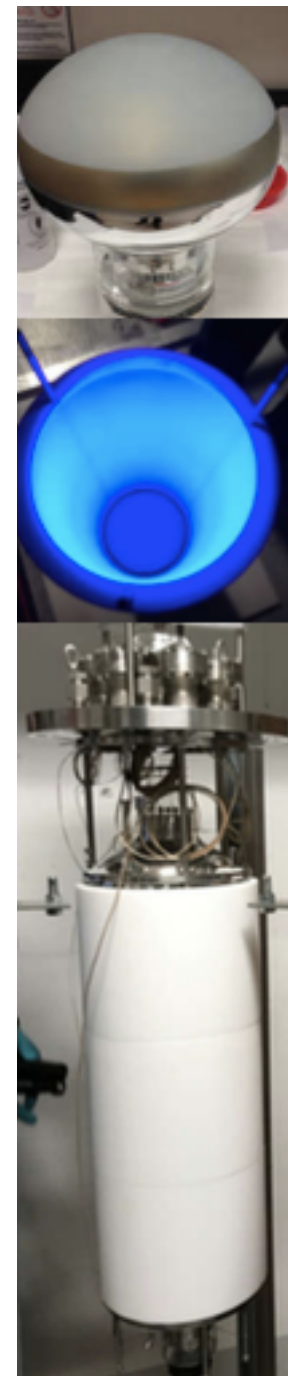
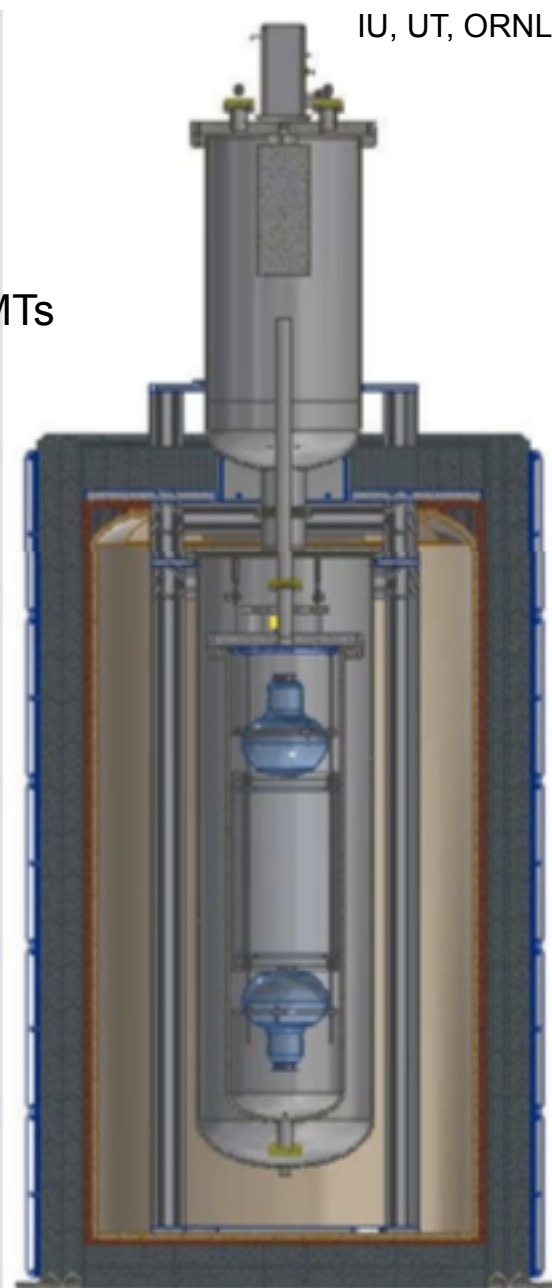
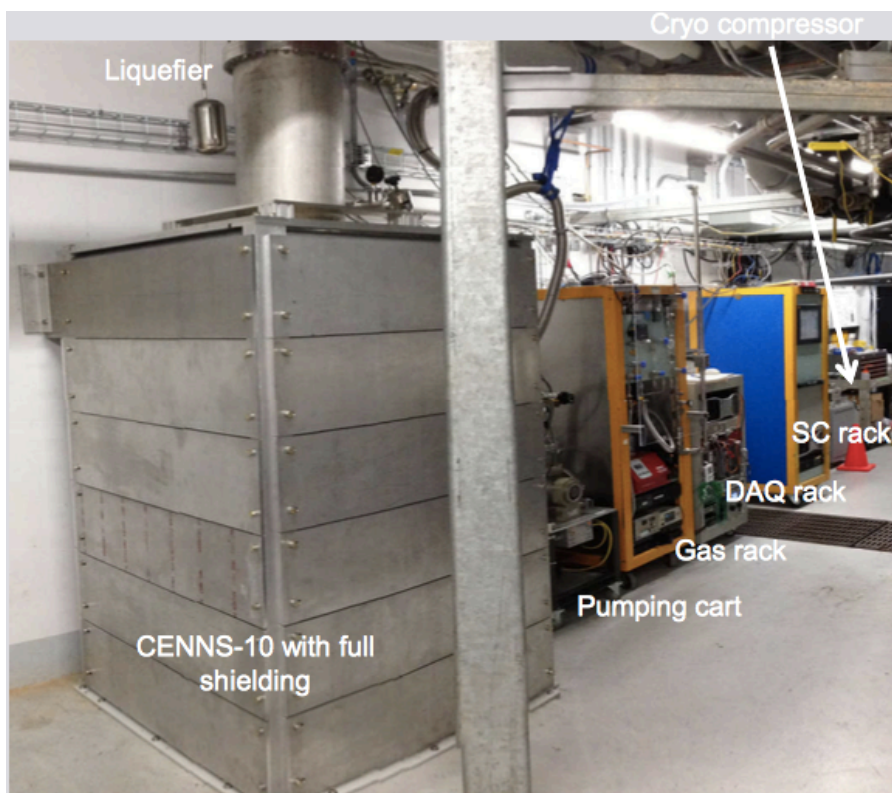
| Nuclear Target | Technology | Mass (kg) | Distance from source (m) | Recoil threshold (keVr) | Data-taking start date | Possible Future |
|----------------|-----------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| CsI[Na] | Scintillating crystal | 14.6 | 20 | 6.5 | 9/2015 | Finish data-taking |
| Ge | HPGe PPC | 10 | 22 | 5 | 2017 | Additional detectors, 2.5-kg detectors |
| LAr | Single-phase | 22 | 29 | 20 | 12/2016, upgraded summer 2017 | Expansion to ~1 tonne scale |
| NaI[Tl] | Scintillating crystal | 185*/2000 | 28 | 13 | *high-threshold deployment summer 2016 | Expansion to 2 tonne, up to 9 tonnes |



+ concepts
for other
targets

Single-Phase Liquid Argon

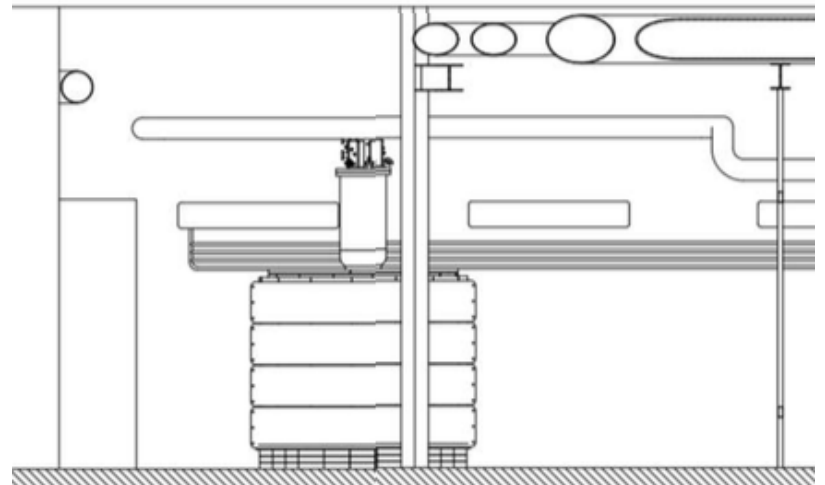
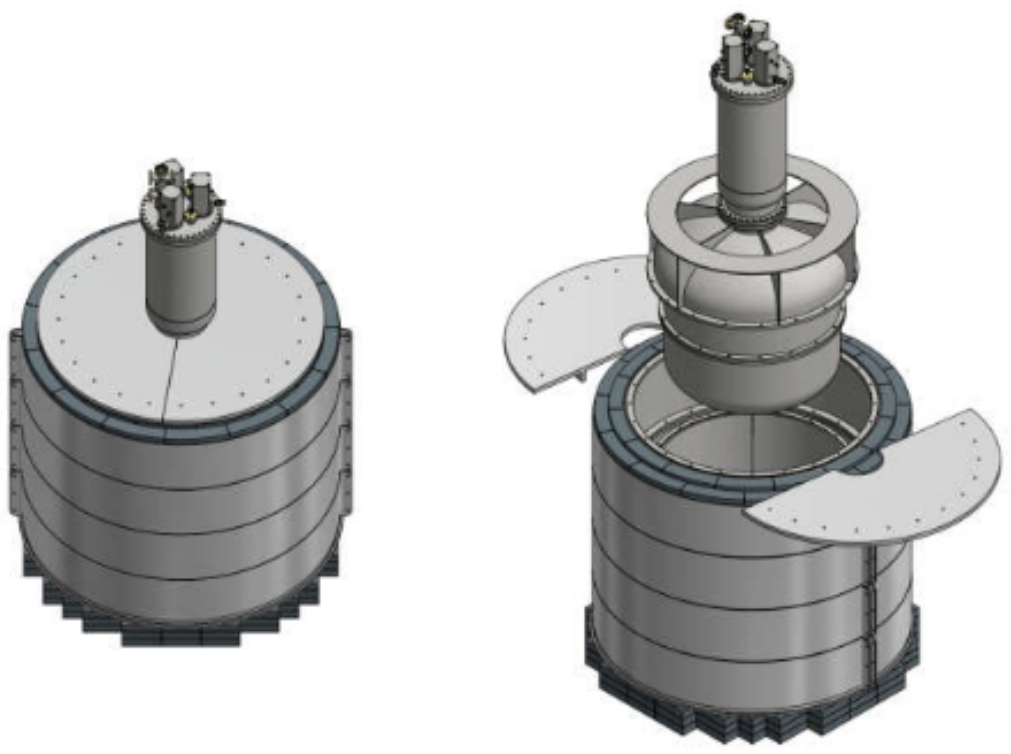
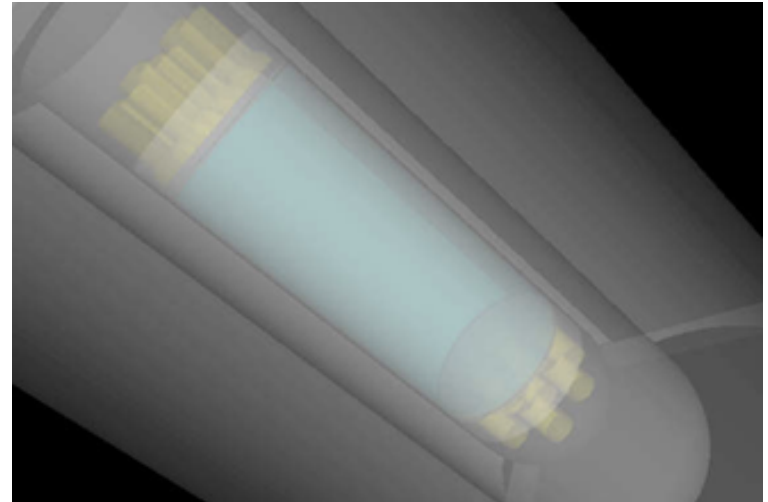
- ~22 kg fiducial mass
- 2 x Hamamatsu 5912-02-MOD 8" PMTs
 - 8" borosilicate glass windowdown
 - 14 dynodes
 - QE: 18%@ 400 nm
- Wavelength shifter: TB-coated teflon walls and PMTs
- Cryomech cryocooler – 90 Wt
 - PT90 single-state pulse-tube cold head



Detector from FNAL, previously built (J. Yoo et al.) for CENNS@BNB
(S. Brice, Phys.Rev. D89 (2014) no.7, 072004)

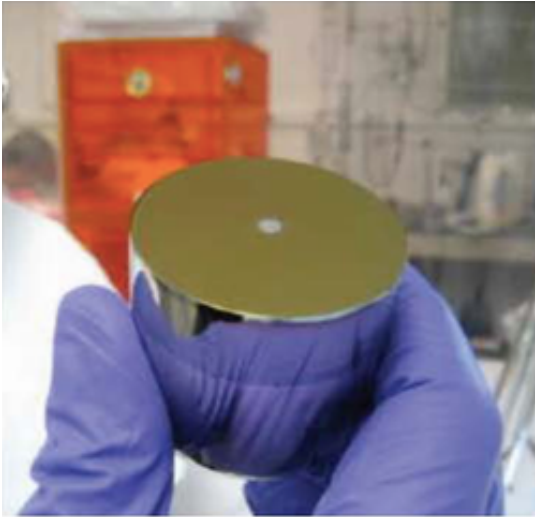
Future LAr concepts

- 1-tonne scale feasible in Neutrino Alley
- Considering depleted argon to reduce ^{39}Ar background
- Considering SiPMs



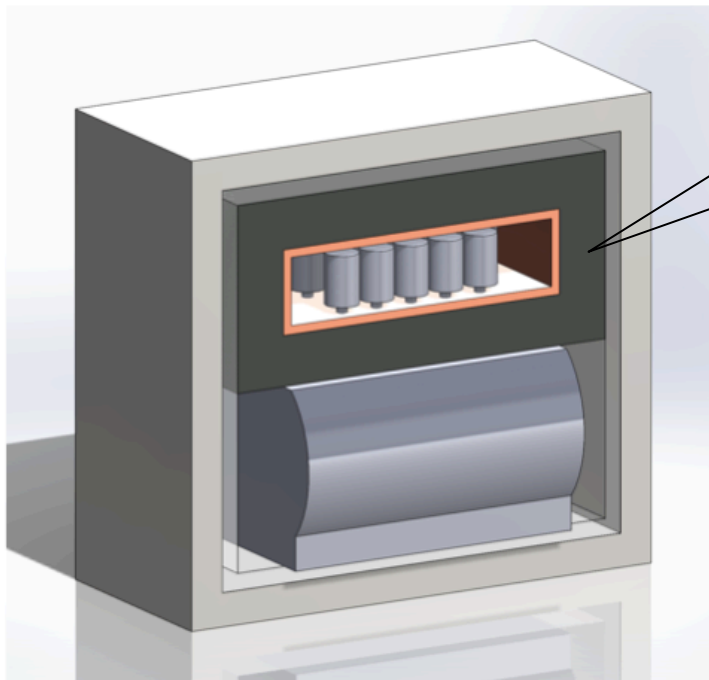
High-Purity Germanium Detectors

P-type Point Contact



- Excellent low-energy resolution
- Well-measured quenching factor
- Reasonable timing

- Canberra cryostats in multi-port dewar
- Compact poly+Cu+Pb shield
- Muon veto
- Designed to enable additional detectors



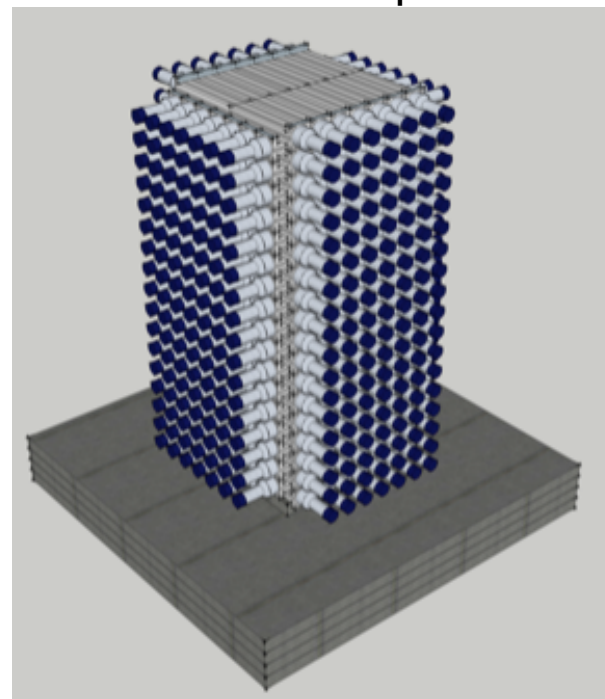
- 10 kg of detectors available (MAJORANA unenriched prototypes)
- Under refurbishment/test at NCSU, Duke and LANL
- Dewar fabrication nearly complete
- Future: additional 2.5 kg detectors (UChicago, NCSU)

Sodium Iodide (NaI[Tl]) Detectors (NalvE)

- up to 9 tons available,
2 tons in hand
- QF measured
- require PMT base
refurbishment
(dual gain) to
enable low threshold
for CEvNS on Na
measurement
- development and
instrumentation tests
underway at UW, Duke



Multi-ton concept

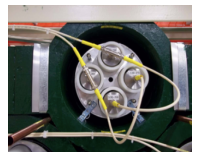
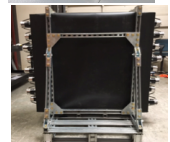
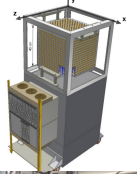


In the meantime: **185 kg deployed at SNS** to go after ν_e CC on ^{127}I

| Isotope | Reaction Channel | Source | Experiment | Measurement (10^{-42} cm^2) | Theory (10^{-42} cm^2) |
|------------------|---|-------------------|------------|--|---|
| ^{127}I | $^{127}\text{I}(\nu_e, e^-)^{127}\text{Xe}$ | Stopped π/μ | LSND | $284 \pm 91(\text{stat}) \pm 25(\text{sys})$ | 210-310 [Quasi-particle] (Engel <i>et al.</i> , 1994) |

COHERENT Non-CEvNS Detectors (“In-COHERENT”)

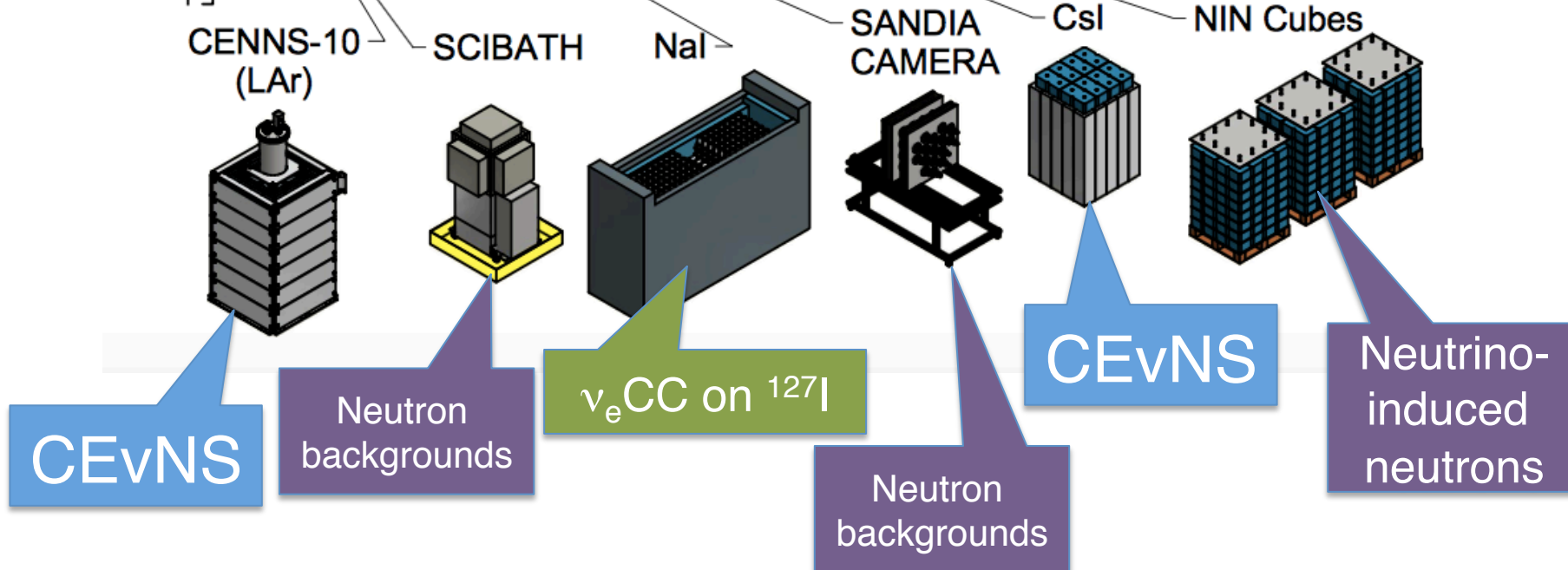
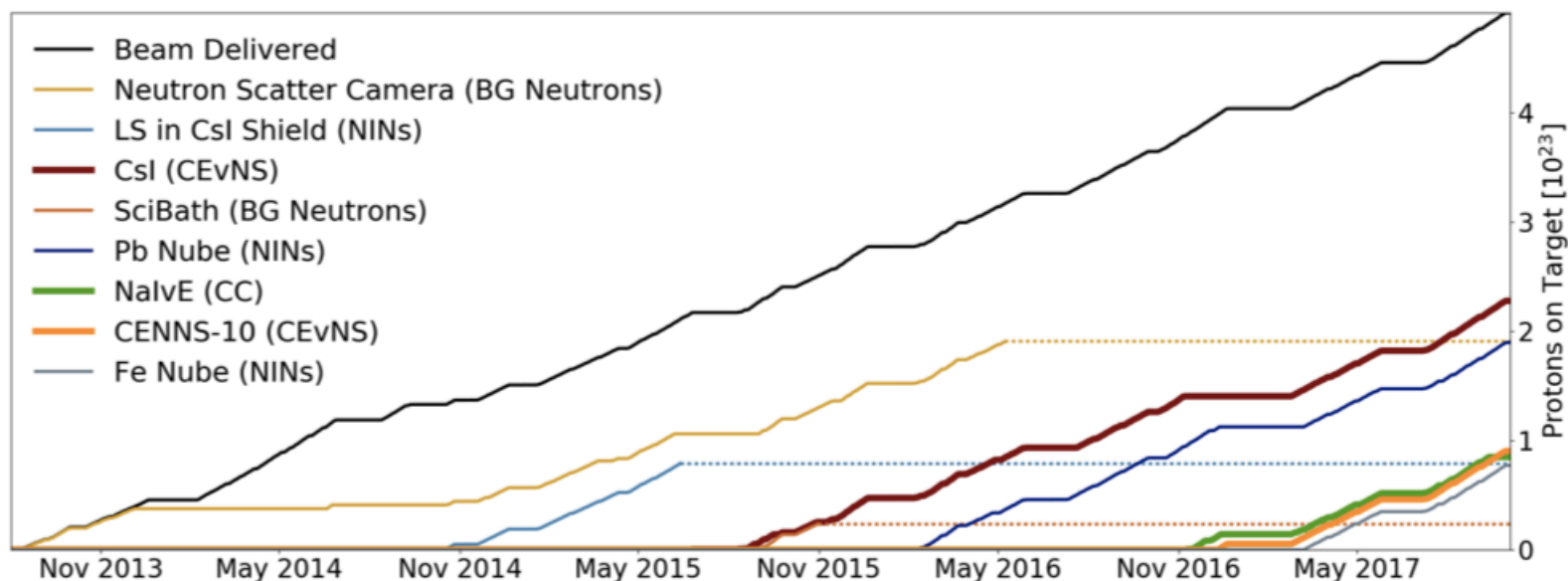
| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Sandia Neutron Scatter Camera | Multiplane liquid scintillator | Neutron background | Deployed 2014-2016 |
| SciBath | WLS fiber + liquid scintillator | Neutron background | Deployed 2015 |
| Nal[Tl] | Scintillating crystal | ν_e CC | High-threshold deployment summer 2016 |
| Lead Nube | Pb + liquid scintillator | NINs in lead | Deployed 2016 |
| Iron Nube | Fe + liquid scintillator | NINs in iron | Deployed 2017 |
| MARS | Plastic scintillator and Gd sandwich | Neutron background | Under deployment |
| Mini-HALO | Pb + NCDs | NINs in lead | In design |



And many more ideas and activities for Neutrino Alley and beyond...

- Inelastic CC and NC in Ar, Pb, ...
- Other crystal or scint deployments in CsI shield
- Flux normalization using D₂O (well known xscn)
- Ancillary measurements: QF
- Directional detectors
- ...

Protons on target delivered so far



Summary

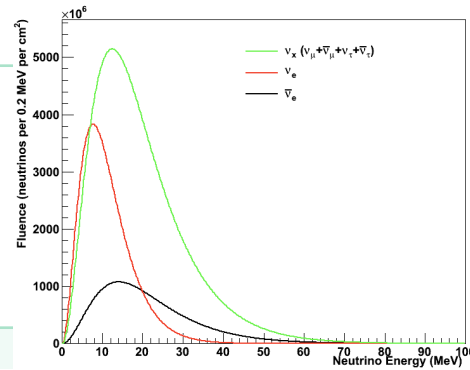
- **CEvNS:**
 - large cross section, but tiny recoils, $\propto N^2$
 - accessible w/low-energy threshold detectors, plus extra oomph of stopped-pion neutrino source
 - DM bg, SM test, astrophysics, nuclear physics, ...
- **First measurement** by COHERENT CsI[Na] at the SNS
- Low-hanging fruit:
meaningful bounds on ν Non-Standard Interactions



- **It's just the beginning....**
- Multiple targets, upgrades and new ideas in the works!
- Other CEvNS experiments will soon join the fun
(CONNIE, CONUS, MINER, RED, Ricochet, Nu-cleus...)

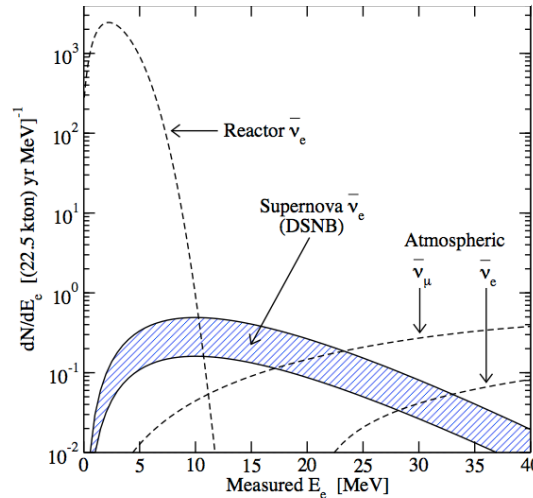
Extras/backups

Supernova burst neutrinos



Every ~30 years in
the Galaxy, ~few 10's
of sec burst, all
flavors

Supernova relic neutrinos

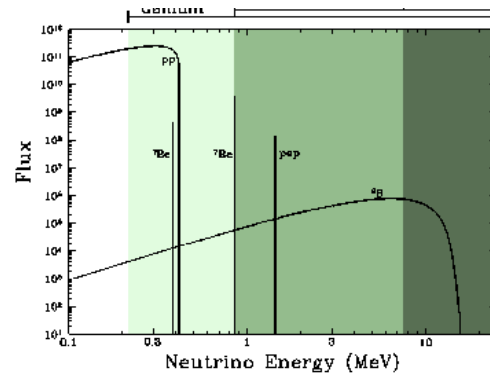


All flavors,
low flux

Atmospheric neutrinos

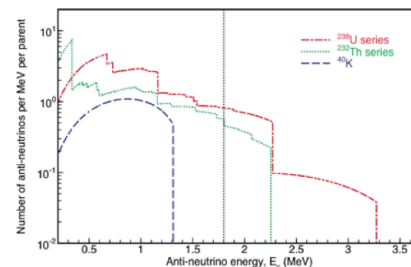
Some component
at low energy

Solar neutrinos



Most flux below
1 MeV

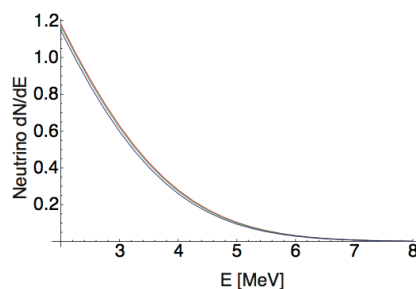
Geoneutrinos



Very low energy

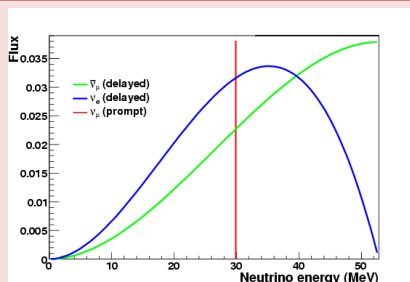
CEvNS
eventually
seen in
DM expts

Reactors



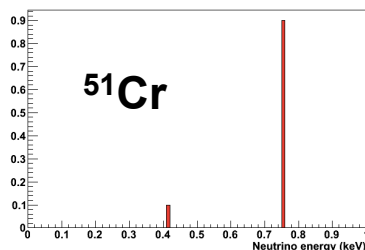
Low energy, but very high fluxes possible; \sim continuous source, good bg rejection needed

Stopped pions (decay at rest)



High energy, pulsed beam possible for good background rejection; possible neutron backgrounds

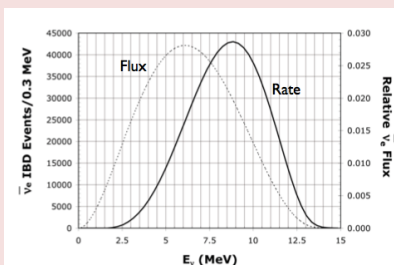
Radioactive sources (electron capture)



Portable; can get very short baseline, monochromatic

Low energy challenging

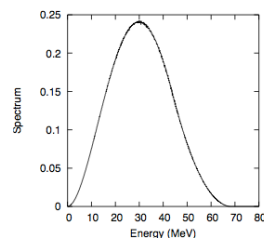
Beam-induced radioactive sources (IsoDAR)



Relatively compact, higher energy than reactor; time structure not sharp

Does not exist yet

Low-energy beta beams

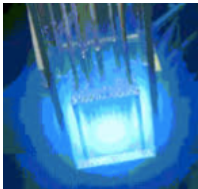



$\gamma=10$
boosted
 $^{18}\text{Ne } \nu_e$

Tunable energy, but not pulsed

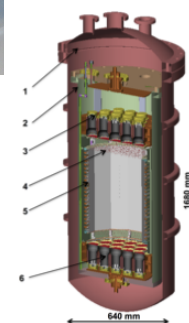
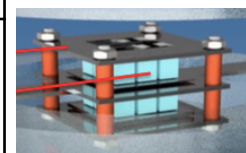
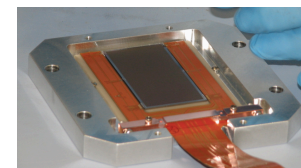
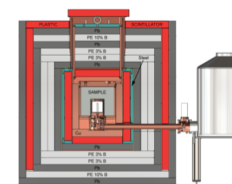
Does not exist yet

Reactor vs stopped-pion for CEvNS

| Source | Flux/ ν 's per s | Flavor | Energy | Pros | Cons |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------|--|--|
| Reactor  | 2e20 per GW | nuebar | few MeV | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • huge flux | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lower xscn • require very low threshold • CW |
| Stopped pion  | 1e15 | numu/ nue/ nuebar | 0-50 MeV | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • higher xscn • higher energy recoils • pulsed beam for bg rejection • multiple flavors | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lower flux • potential fast neutron in-time bg |

Proposed Reactor CEvNS Experiments

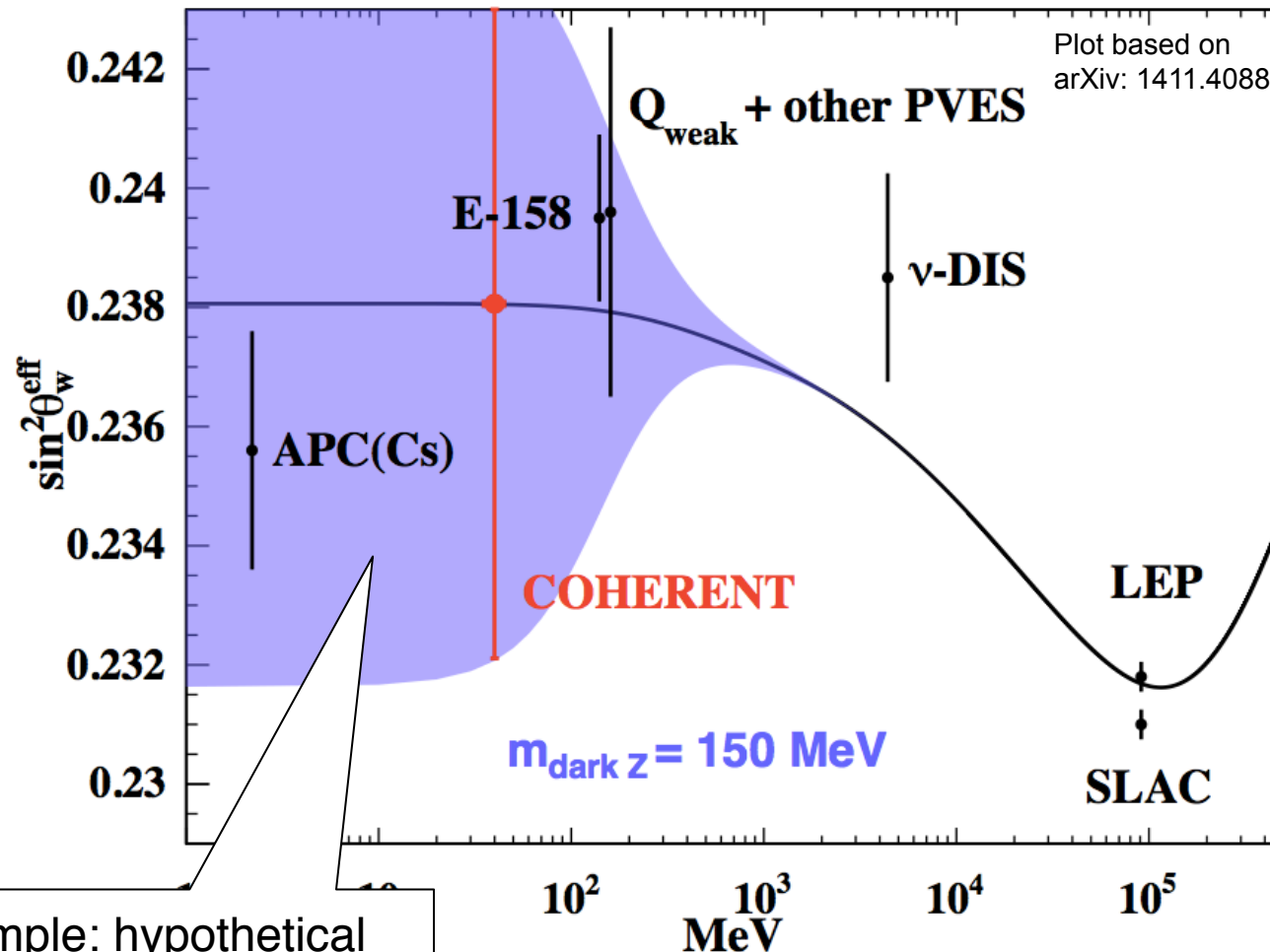
| Experiment | Technology | Location |
|-----------------|---|----------|
| CONUS | HPGe | Germany |
| Ricochet | Ge, Zn bolometers | France |
| CONNIE | Si CCDs | Brazil |
| RED | LXe dual phase | Russia |
| Nu-Cleus | Cryogenic CaWO_4 , Al_2O_3 calorimeter array | Europe |
| MINER | Ge iZIP detectors | USA |



Novel low-background, low-threshold technologies

Clean SM prediction for the rate \rightarrow measure $\sin^2\theta_{W\text{eff}}$;
deviation probes
new physics

$$\sigma \sim \frac{G_f^2 E^2}{4\pi} (N - (1 - 4 \sin^2 \theta_W) Z)^2$$



Example: hypothetical
dark Z mediator
(explanation for g-2
anomaly)

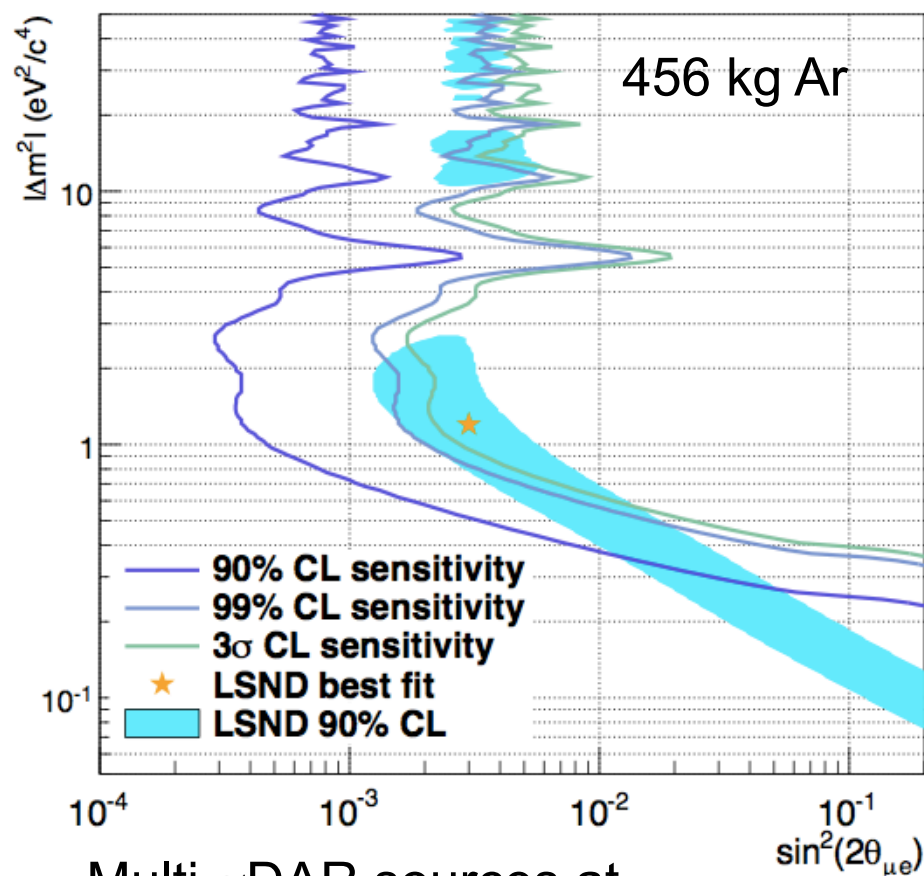
CEvNS sensitivity is @ low Q;
need sub-percent precision to compete w/
electron scattering & APV, but **new channel** 69

Oscillations to sterile neutrinos w/CEvNS

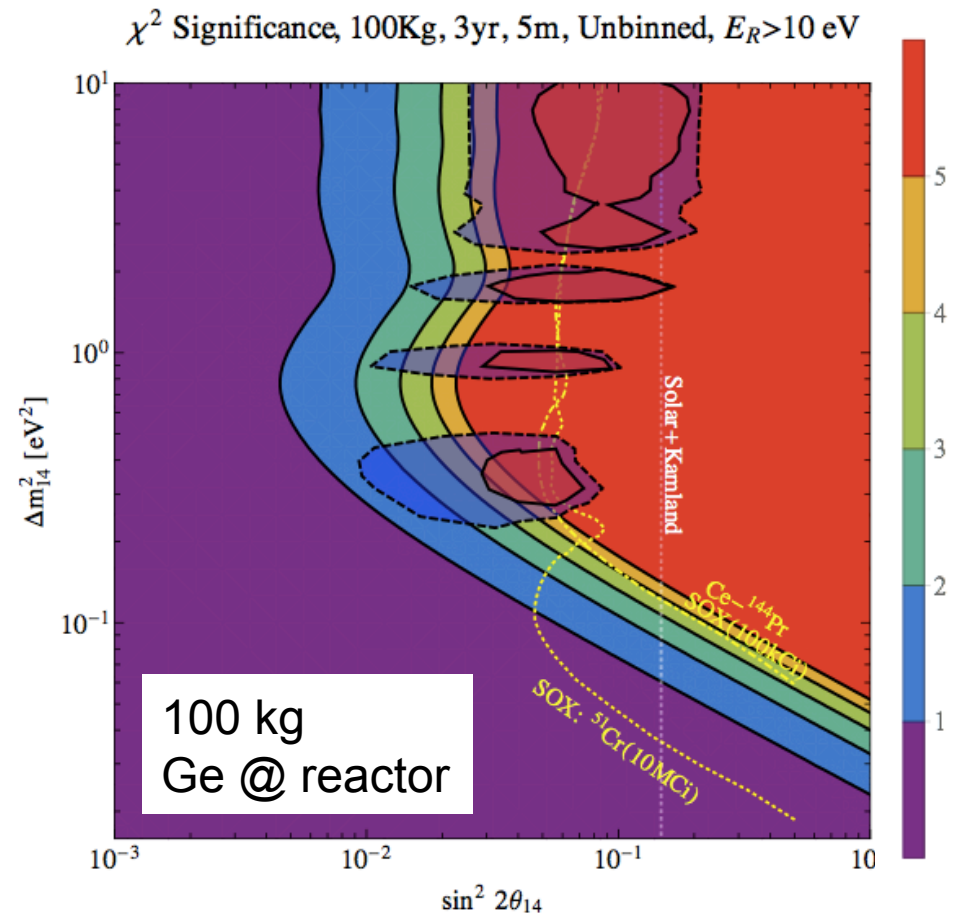
(NC is flavor-blind): a potential new tool;

look for deficit and spectral distortion vs L,E

Examples:



Multi- π DAR sources at different baselines (20 & 40 m)

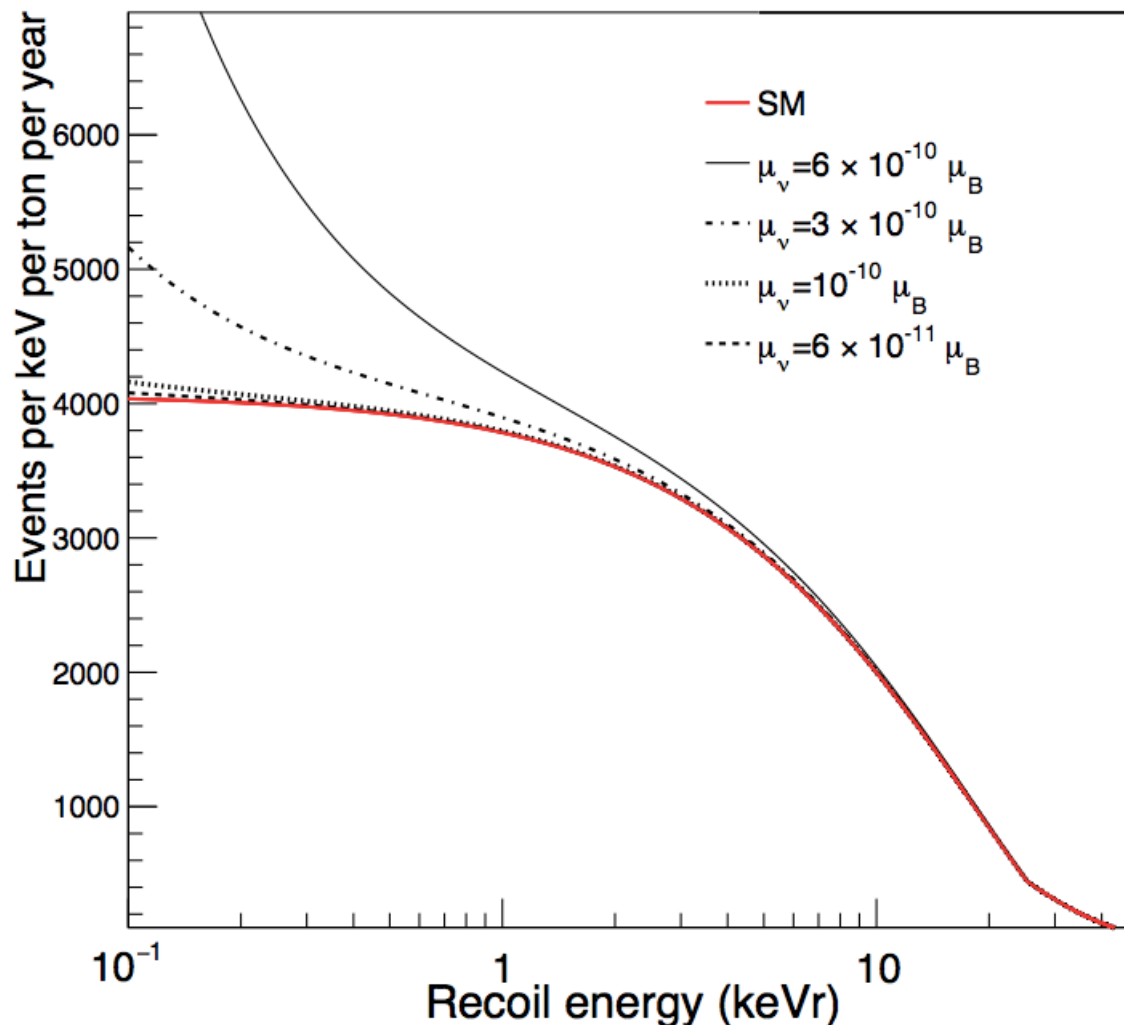


B. Dutta et al, arXiv:1511.02834

Neutrino magnetic moment

Signature is **distortion at low recoil energy E**

$$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{dT}\right)_m = \frac{\pi\alpha^2\mu_\nu^2 Z^2}{m_e^2} \left(\frac{1 - T/E_\nu}{T} + \frac{T}{4E_\nu^2}\right)$$



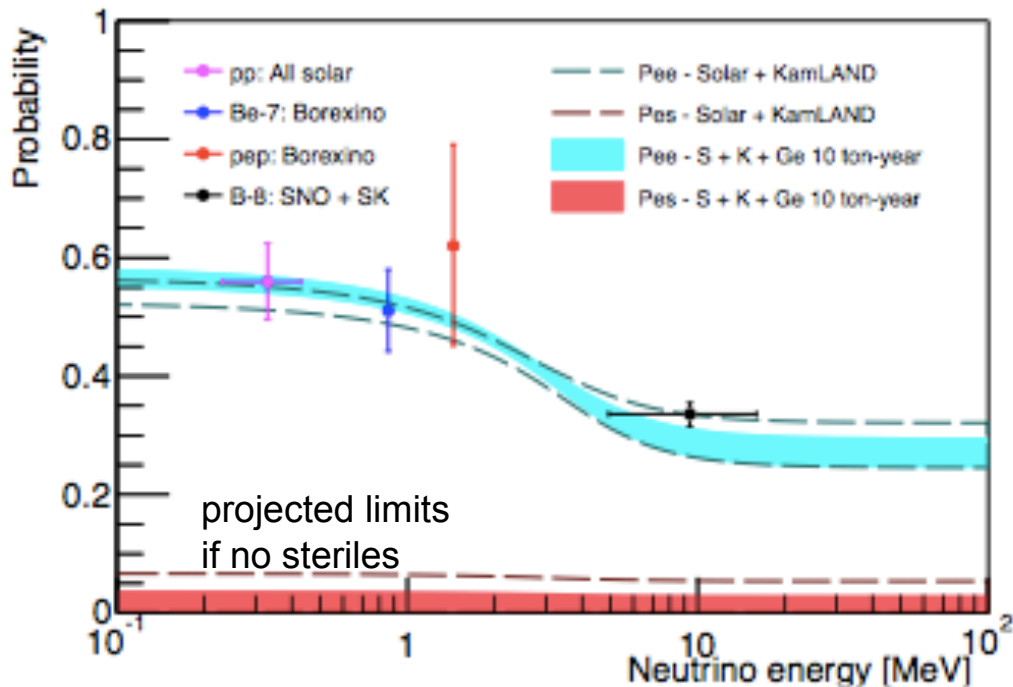
→ requires very low energy threshold

See also Kosmas et al.,
arXiv:1505.03202

Also note: tonne-scale low-threshold underground
can look at **astrophysical neutrinos**

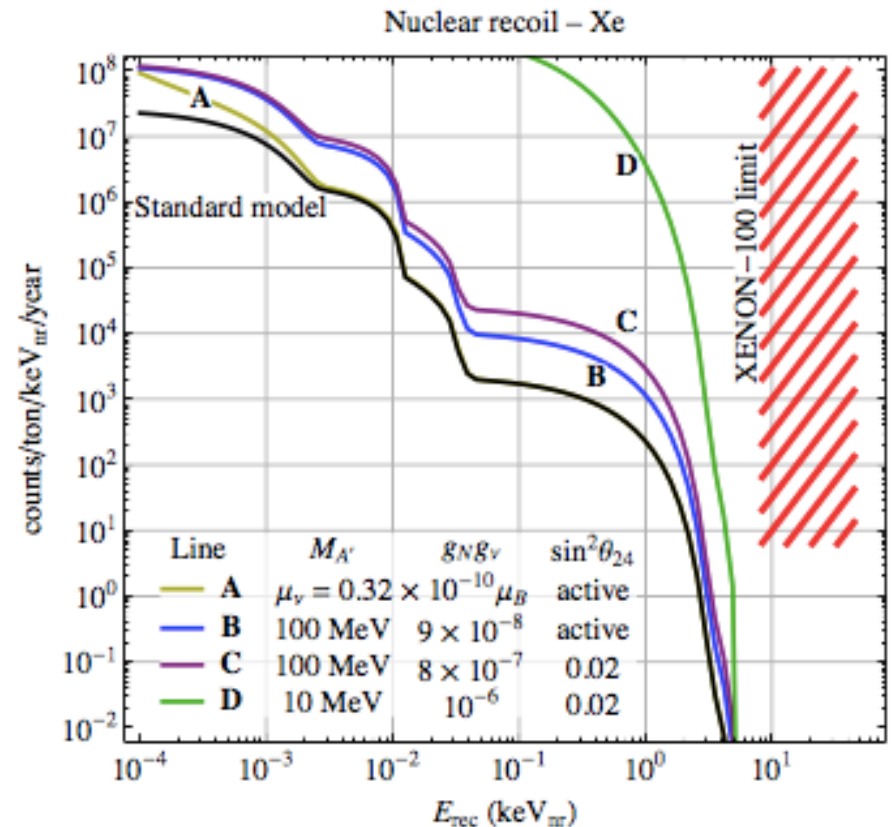
Solar neutrinos

J. Billard et al.,
Phys.Rev. D91 (2015) no.9, 095023



Rule out sterile oscillations
using CEvNS (NC),
10 ton-year of Ge

R. Harnik et al., JCAP 1207 (2012) 026



Effect of new physics on
CEvNS recoil spectrum

Nuclear physics with CEvNS

If systematics can be reduced to ~ few % level,
we can start to explore nuclear form factors

P. S. Amanik and G. C. McLaughlin, J. Phys. G 36:015105

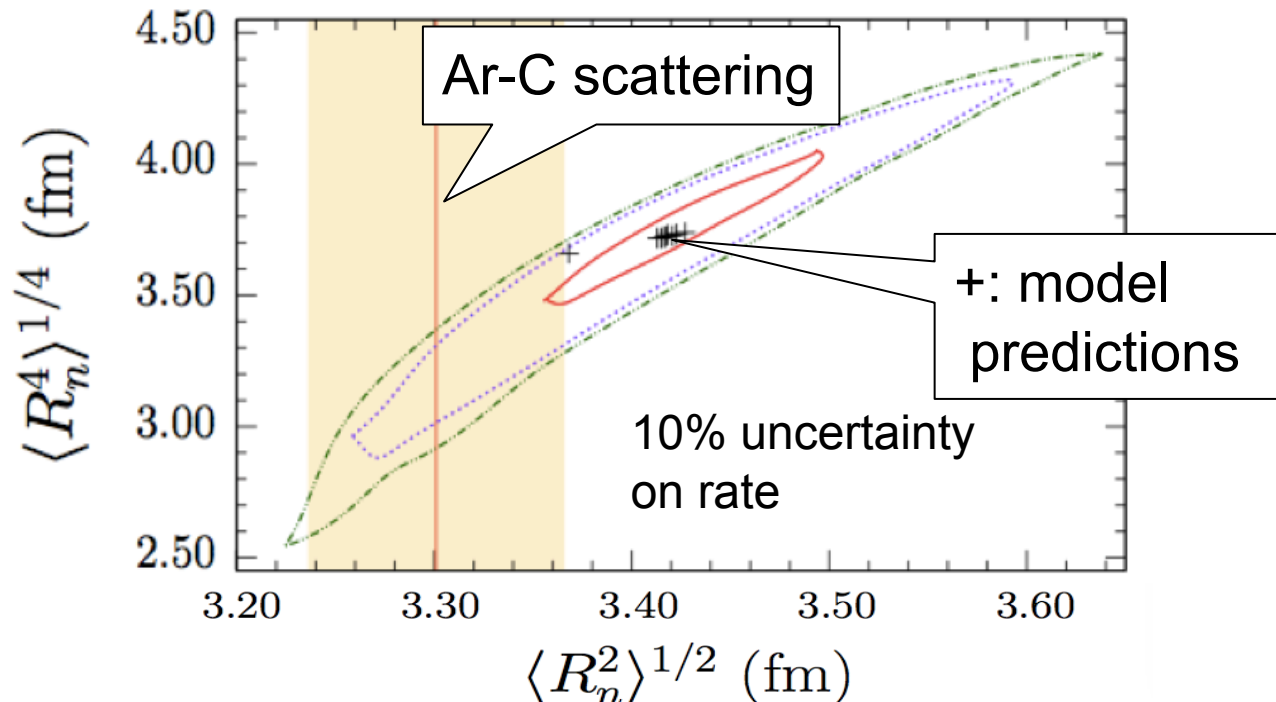
K. Patton et al., PRC86 (2012) 024612

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dT} = \frac{G_F^2 M}{2\pi} \frac{Q_W^2}{4} F^2(Q) \left(2 - \frac{MT}{E_\nu^2} \right)$$

Form factor: encodes information
about nuclear (primarily neutron)
distributions

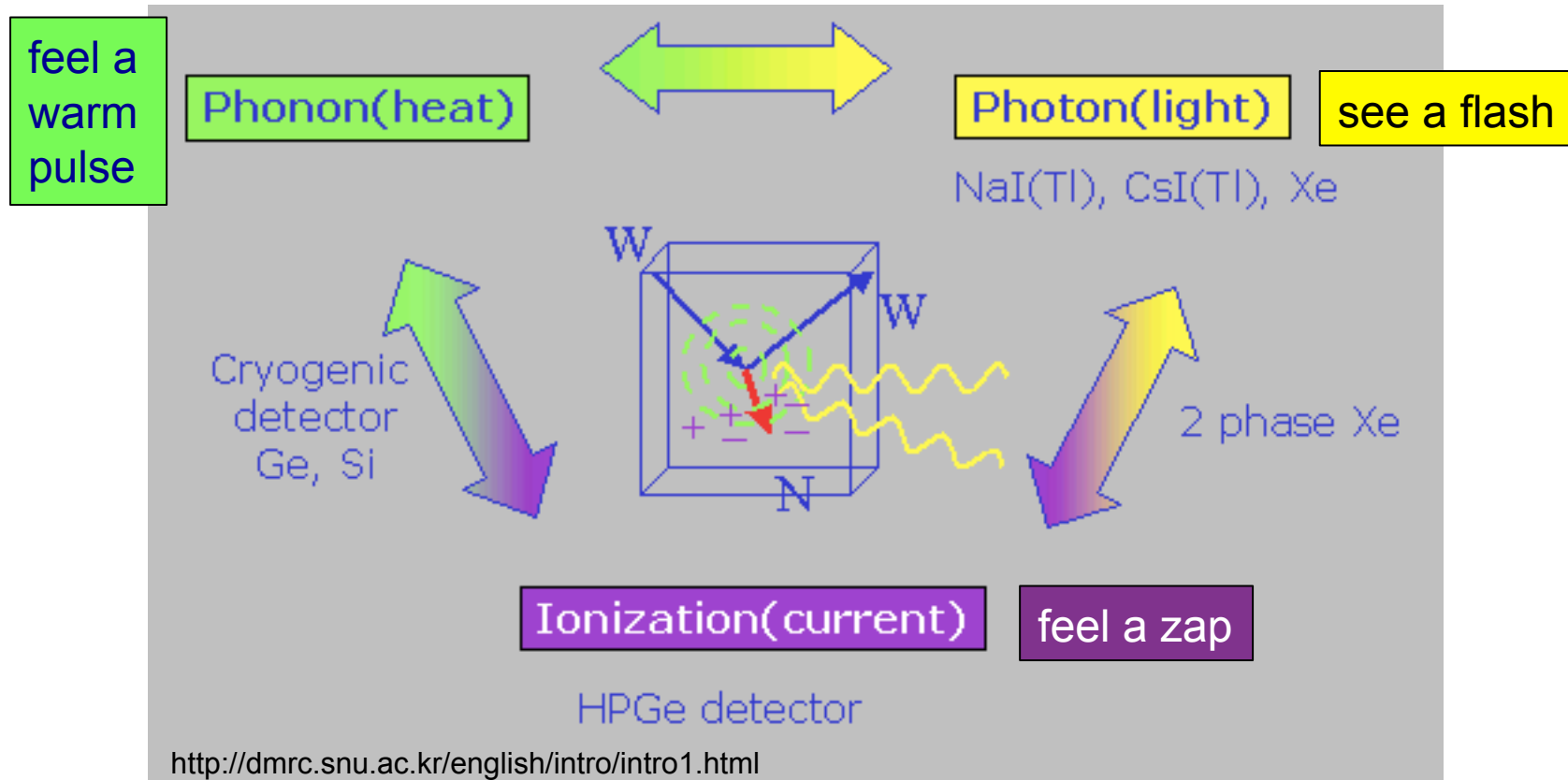
Fit recoil **spectral shape** to determine the $F^2(Q)$ moments
(requires very good energy resolution, good systematics control)

Example:
tonne-scale
experiment
at π DAR source



Now, ***detecting*** the tiny kick of the neutrino...

This is just like the tiny thump of a WIMP;
we benefit from the last few decades of low-energy nuclear recoil detectors

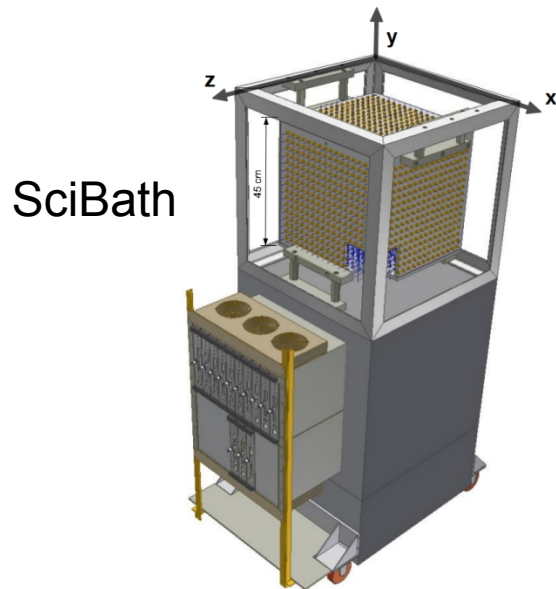


- low background (although for beam, requirements less stringent than for WIMPs)
- low energy threshold
- energy resolution
- fast timing
- nuclear recoil discrimination
- well-known (and large if possible) **quenching factor**
(fraction of observable energy, $\text{keVr} = \text{QF} \cdot \text{keVee}$)



Neutron Backgrounds

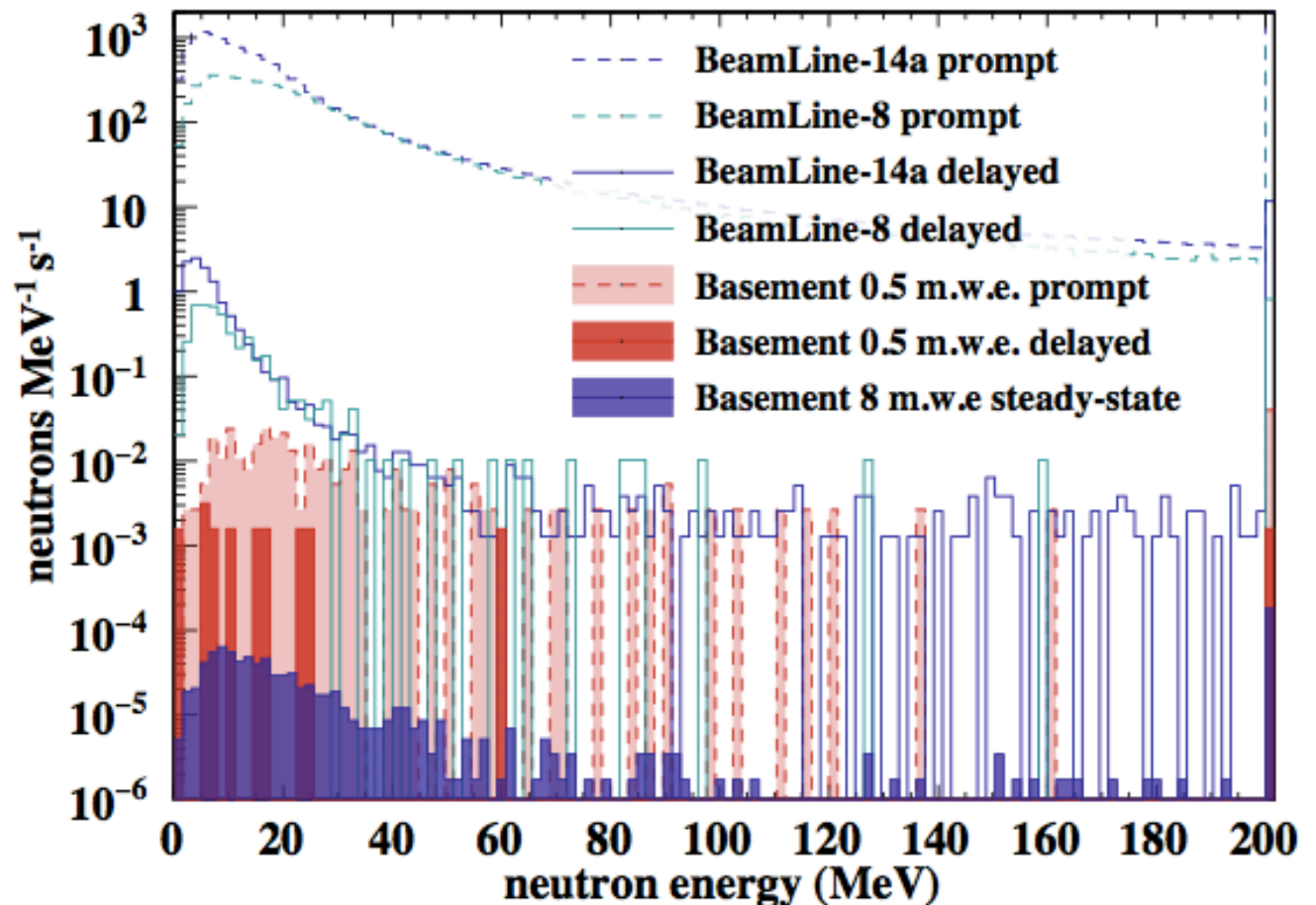
Several background measurement campaigns have shown that Neutrino Alley in the basement is neutron-quiet



SciBath



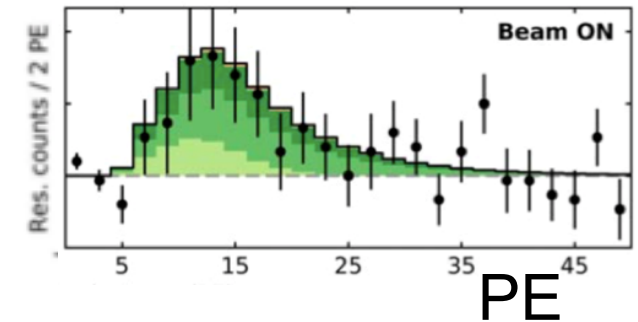
Sandia scatter cam



OUTLINE

- Neutrinos and neutrino interactions
- Coherent elastic neutrino-nucleus scattering (CEvNS)
- Why measure it? Physics motivations (short and long term)
- How to measure CEvNS
- The COHERENT experiment at the SNS
- **First light** with CsI[Tl]
- **Status and prospects for COHERENT**

This is the first measurement of low-energy NC neutrino-hadron interaction with event-by-event *spectral information*



Low energy (<~100 MeV) NC measurements so far:

J.A. Formaggio and G. Zeller, RMP 84 (2012) 1307-1341

^{12}C excitation

15-MeV gamma observed

| Isotope | Reaction Channel | Source | Experiment | Measurement (10^{-42} cm^2) | Theory (10^{-42} cm^2) |
|---------|--|-------------------|------------|---|---|
| | $^{12}\text{C}(\nu_\mu, \nu_\mu)^{12}\text{C}^*$ | Stopped π/μ | KARMEN | $3.2 \pm 0.5(\text{stat}) \pm 0.4(\text{sys})$ | 2.8 [CRPA] (Kolbe <i>et al.</i> , 1999b) |
| | $^{12}\text{C}(\nu, \nu)^{12}\text{C}^*$ | Stopped π/μ | KARMEN | $10.5 \pm 1.0(\text{stat}) \pm 0.9(\text{sys})$ | 10.5 [CRPA] (Kolbe <i>et al.</i> , 1999b) |

Deuterium breakup

$d(\bar{\nu}_e, \bar{\nu}_e)pn$

neutron counting

| Experiment | Measurement | $\sigma_{\text{fission}} (10^{-44} \text{ cm}^2/\text{fission})$ | $\sigma_{\text{exp}}/\sigma_{\text{theory}}$ |
|---|------------------------|--|--|
| Savannah River (Pasierb <i>et al.</i> , 1979) | $\bar{\nu}_e\text{NC}$ | 3.8 ± 0.9 | 0.8 ± 0.2 |
| ROVNO (Vershinsky <i>et al.</i> , 1991) | $\bar{\nu}_e\text{NC}$ | 2.71 ± 0.47 | 0.92 ± 0.18 |
| Krasnoyarsk (Kozlov <i>et al.</i> , 2000) | $\bar{\nu}_e\text{NC}$ | 3.09 ± 0.30 | 0.95 ± 0.33 |
| Bugey (Riley <i>et al.</i> , 1999) | $\bar{\nu}_e\text{NC}$ | 3.15 ± 0.40 | 1.01 ± 0.13 |

That's it... (not many CC measurements in this range either)

Another phenomenological analysis, making use of spectral fit:

COHERENT constraints on
nonstandard neutrino interactions

Jiajun Liao and Danny Marfatia

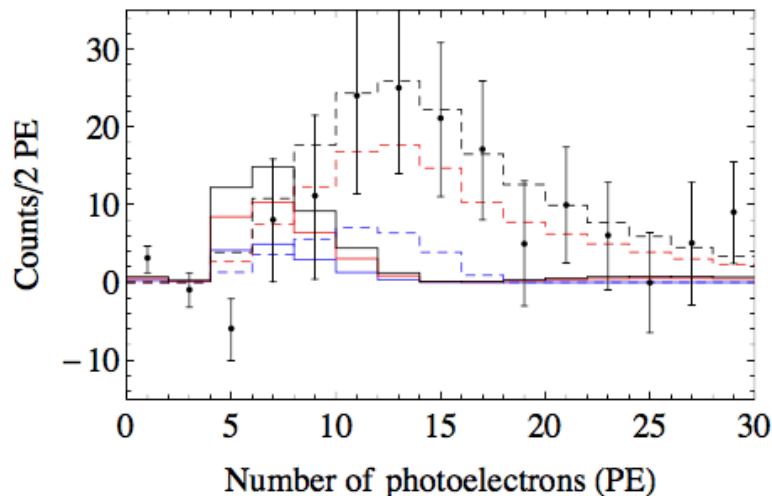
arXiv:1708.04255

SM weak charge

Effective weak charge in presence
of light vector mediator Z'

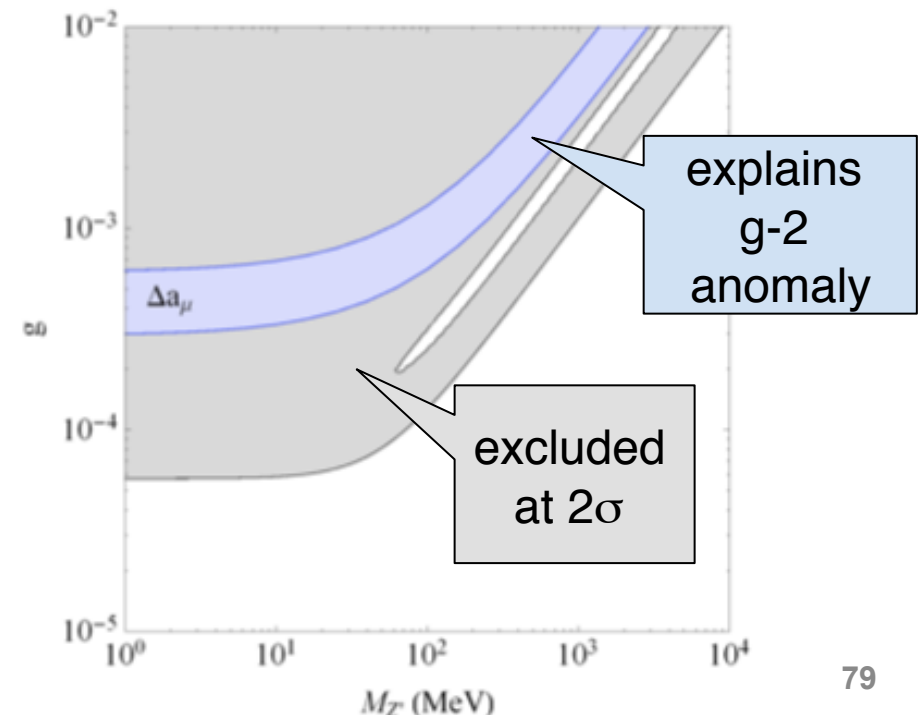
$$Q_{\alpha, \text{SM}}^2 = (Zg_p^V + Ng_n^V)^2 \quad \longrightarrow \quad Q_{\alpha, \text{NSI}}^2 = \left[Z \left(g_p^V + \frac{3g^2}{2\sqrt{2}G_F(Q^2 + M_{Z'}^2)} \right) + N \left(g_n^V + \frac{3g^2}{2\sqrt{2}G_F(Q^2 + M_{Z'}^2)} \right) \right]^2$$

- Q^2 -dependence \rightarrow affects recoil spectrum
- 2 parameters: g , $M_{Z'}$



Dashed: SM
Solid: NSI w/ $M_{Z'} = 10 \text{ MeV}$, $g = 10^{-4}$

Blue: ν_μ
Red: $\nu_\mu + \bar{\nu}_\mu$
Black: $\nu_\mu + \bar{\nu}_\mu + \nu_e$



explains
g-2
anomaly

excluded
at 2σ

Light DM direct detection possibilities

Light new physics in coherent neutrino-nucleus scattering experiments

Patrick deNiverville,¹ Maxim Pospelov,^{1,2} and Adam Ritz¹

¹Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria, BC V8P 5C2, Canada

²Perimeter Institute for Theoretical Physics, Waterloo, ON N2J 2W9, Canada

(Dated: May 2015)

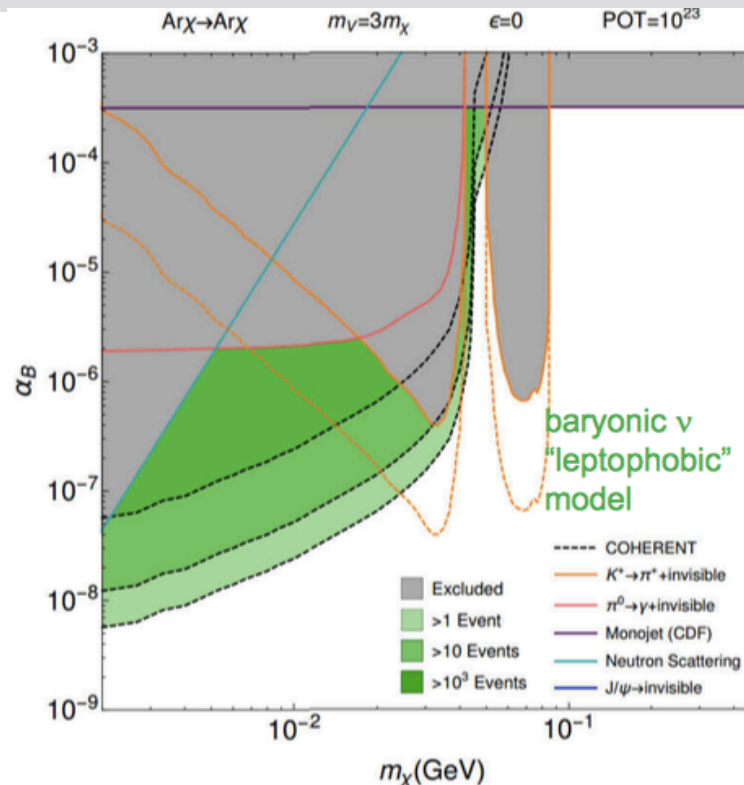
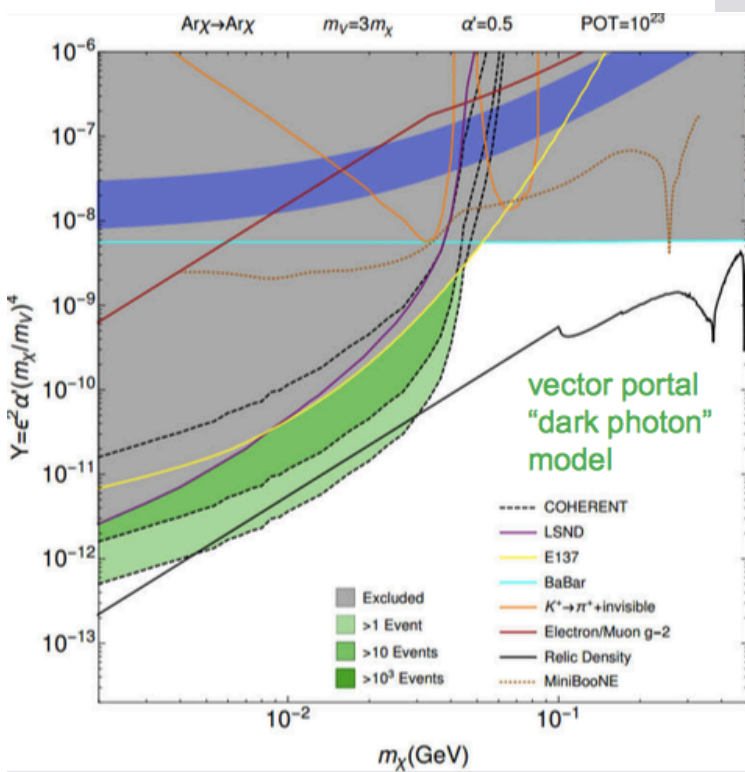
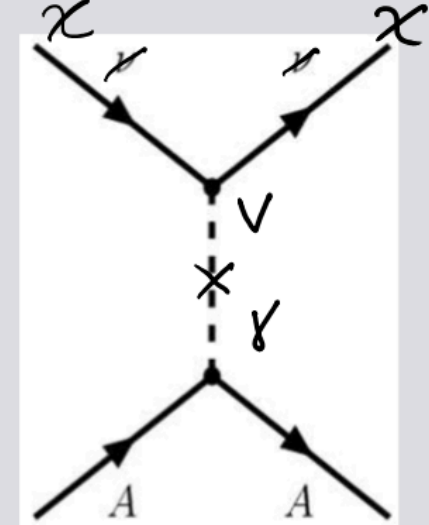
production:

$$\text{proton} \rightarrow \text{target} \rightarrow \pi^{0,\pm} \rightarrow$$

$$\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma + V^{(*)} \rightarrow \gamma + \chi^\dagger + \chi$$

$$\pi^- + p \rightarrow n + V^{(*)} \rightarrow n + \chi^\dagger + \chi$$

detection:

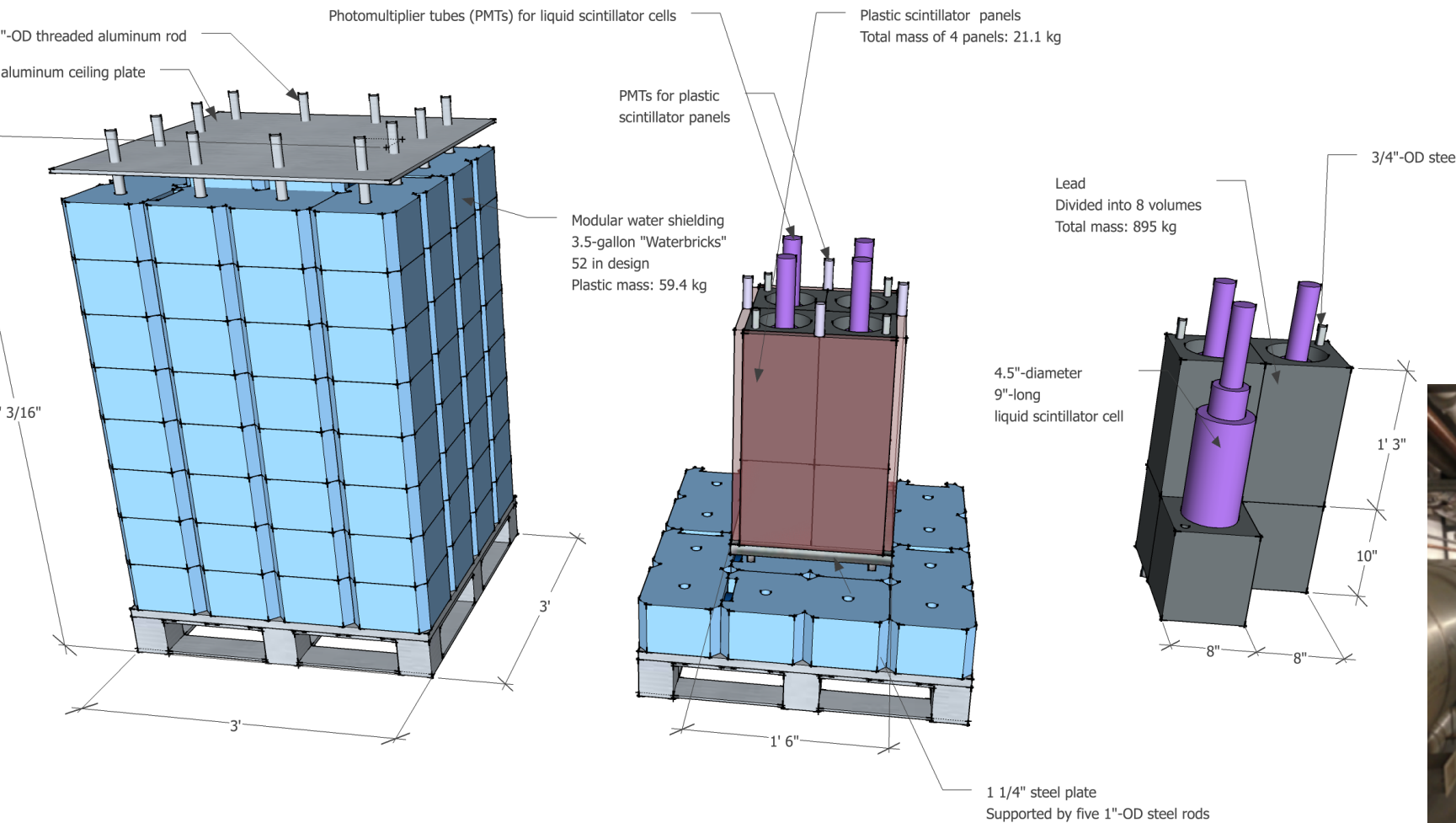


1 ton LAr
E_{rec} > 20 keV nr
10²³ POT

R. Tayloe
Cosmic Visions 2017

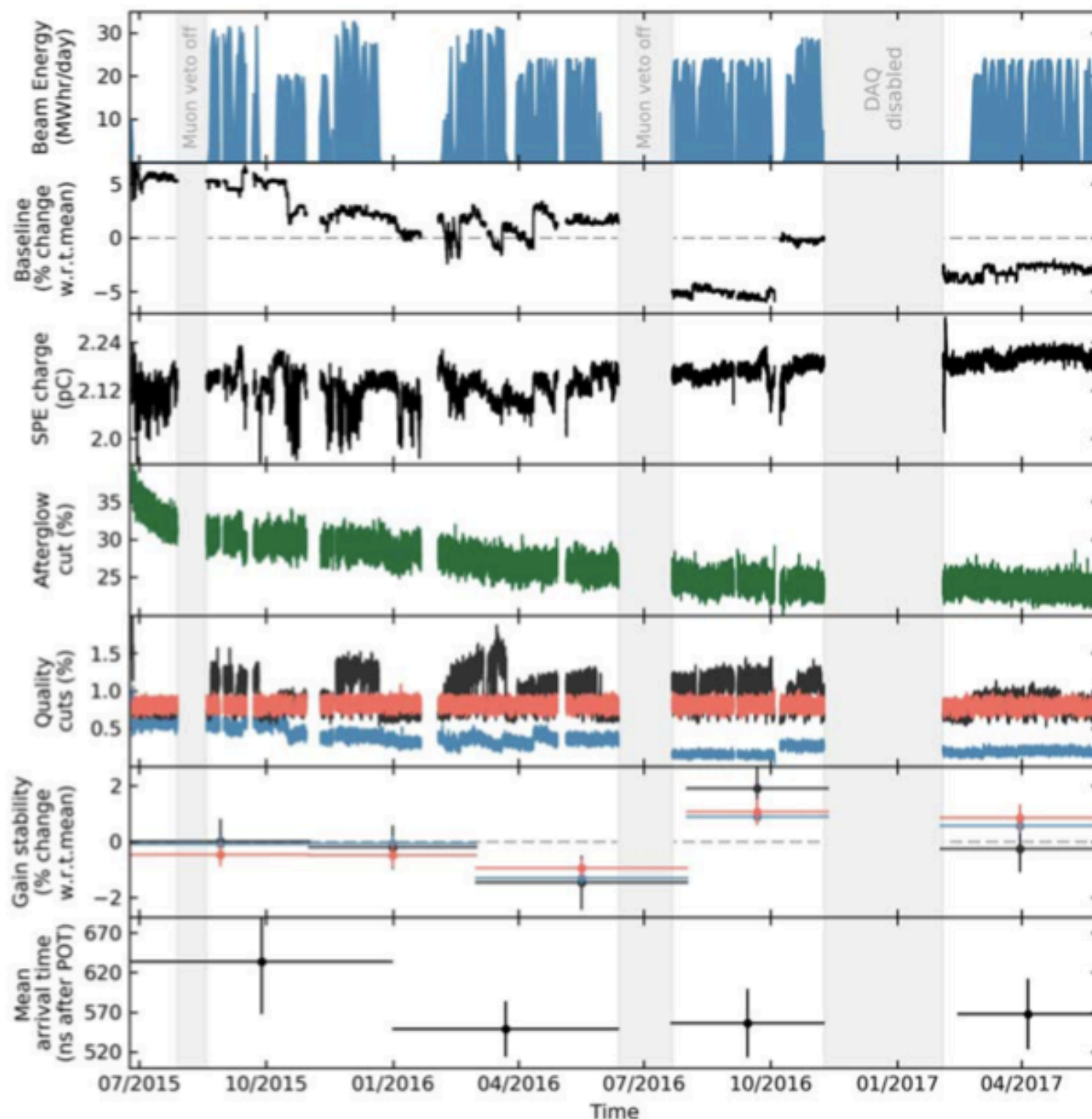
NIN measurement in SNS basement with Nubes

Liquid scintillator surrounded by Pb, Fe (swappable for other NIN targets)
inside water shield



P. Barbeau

Data quality and stability: **fluctuations small and understood**



Energy to SNS target

CsI channel baseline

PMT SPE mean charge,
used for gain fluctuation
correction

Afterglow event
removal fraction

Muon veto cut
Linear gate cut
DAQ overflow cut

Gain from internal
crystal backgrounds

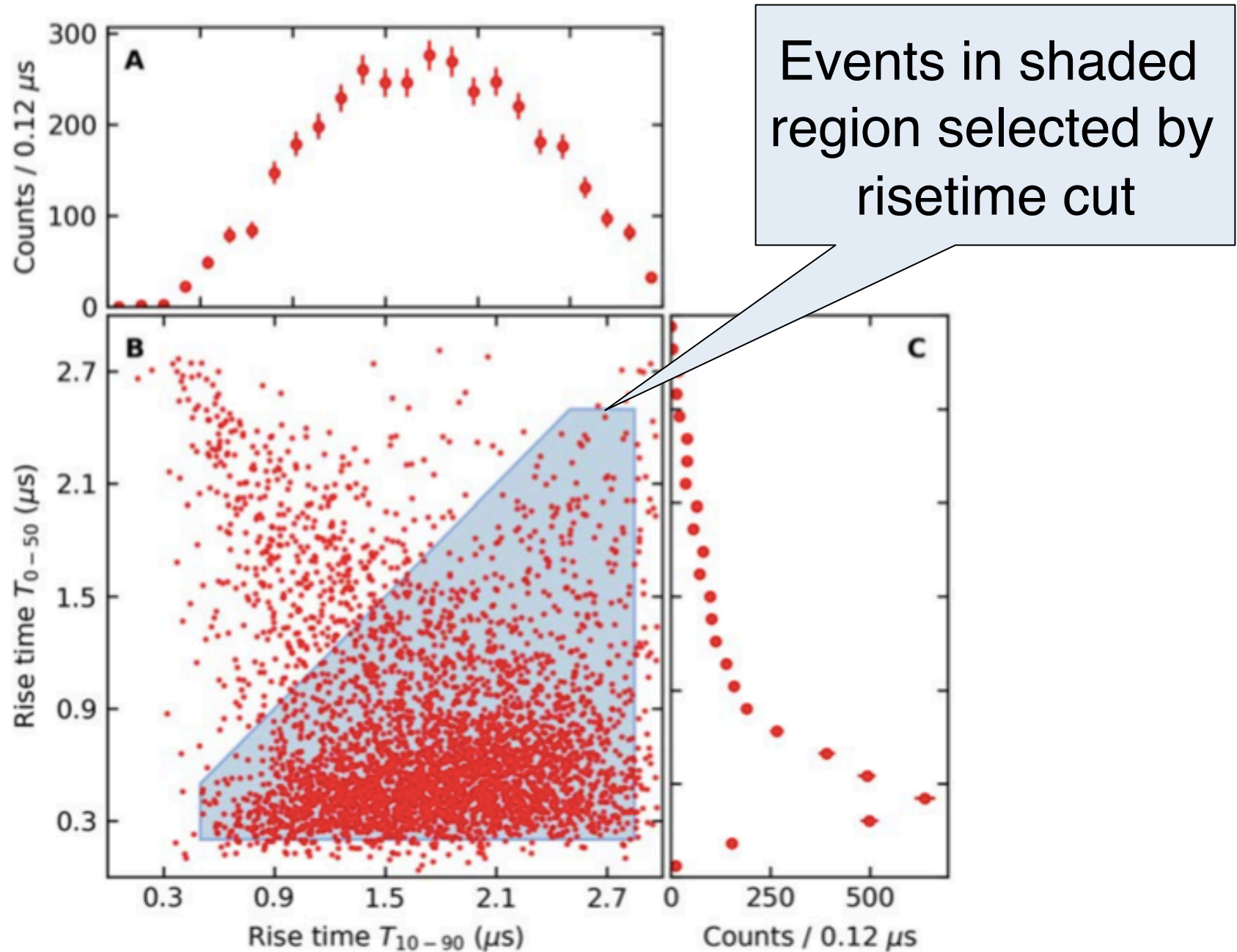
POT signal delay
from muon panel
neutron coincidences

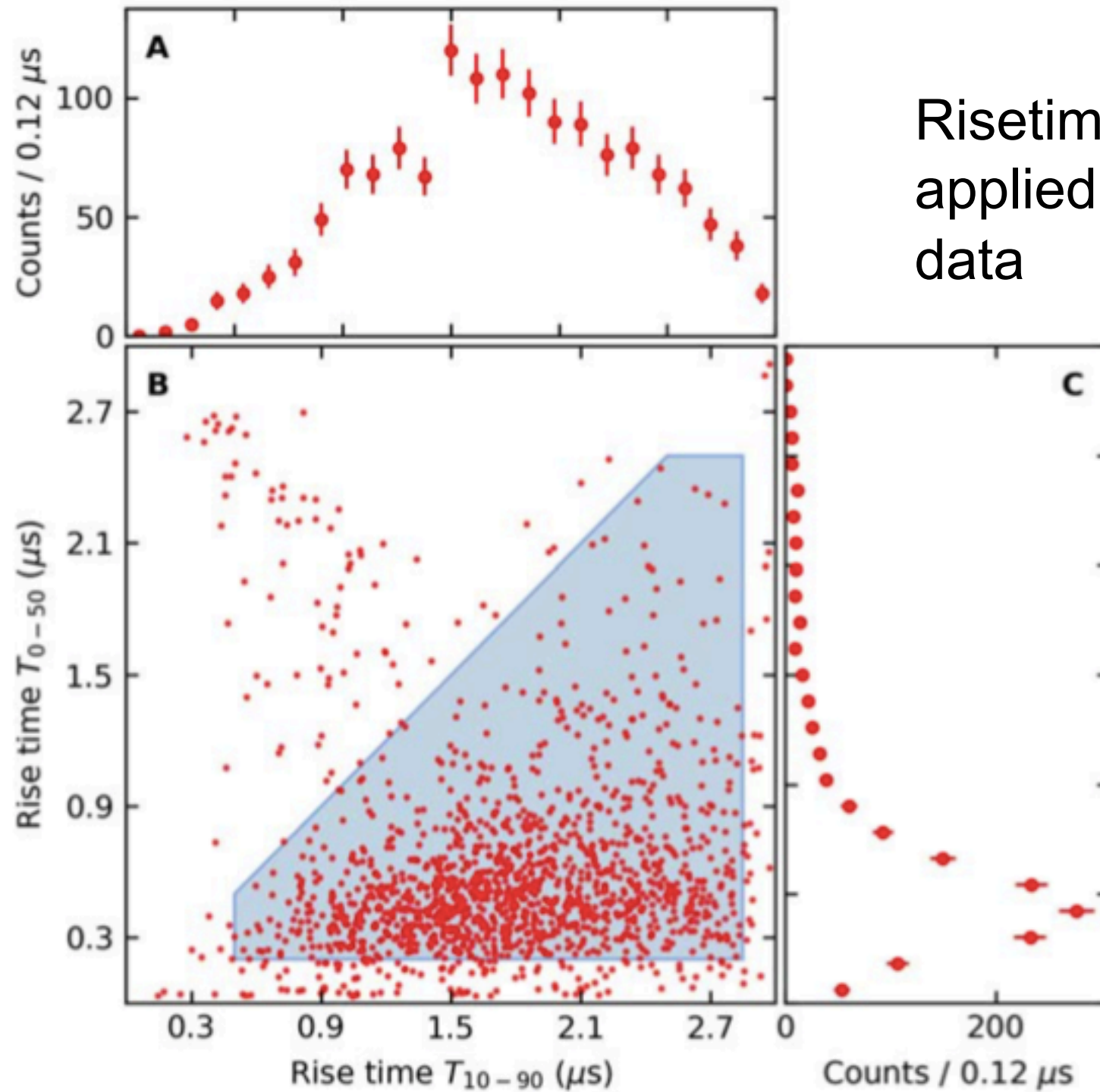
Event Selection Cuts

| | | |
|-------------|---|---|
| Quality | Remove coincidences in muon veto, deadtime from PMT saturation blocking, digitizer range overflow | Select recoil-like low-energy pulses, reject muons |
| Afterglow | Reject signals with ≥ 4 peaks (\sim spe) in pretrace | Remove afterglow (phosphorescence) contamination |
| “Cherenkov” | Require minimum number of peaks in the scintillation signal | Remove accidental coincidences between Cherenkov emission in PMT window and dark counts/afterglow |
| Risetime | Pulse-shape based | Remove misidentified scintillator onset, accidental groupings of dark counts, etc. |

- **2 independent analyses** with slightly different cut optimization yield consistent results
- “Analysis I” presented here

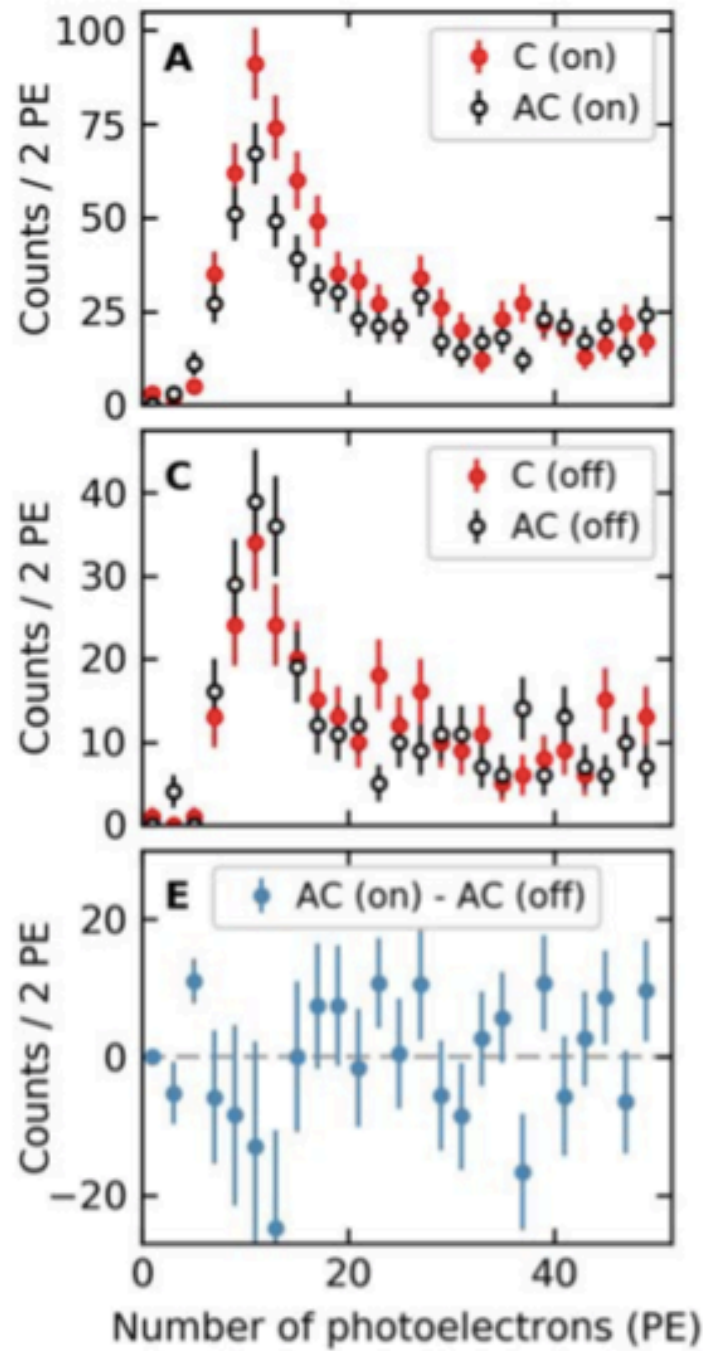
Evaluation of 14.6-kg detector risetime-cut efficiency w/ ^{133}Ba data



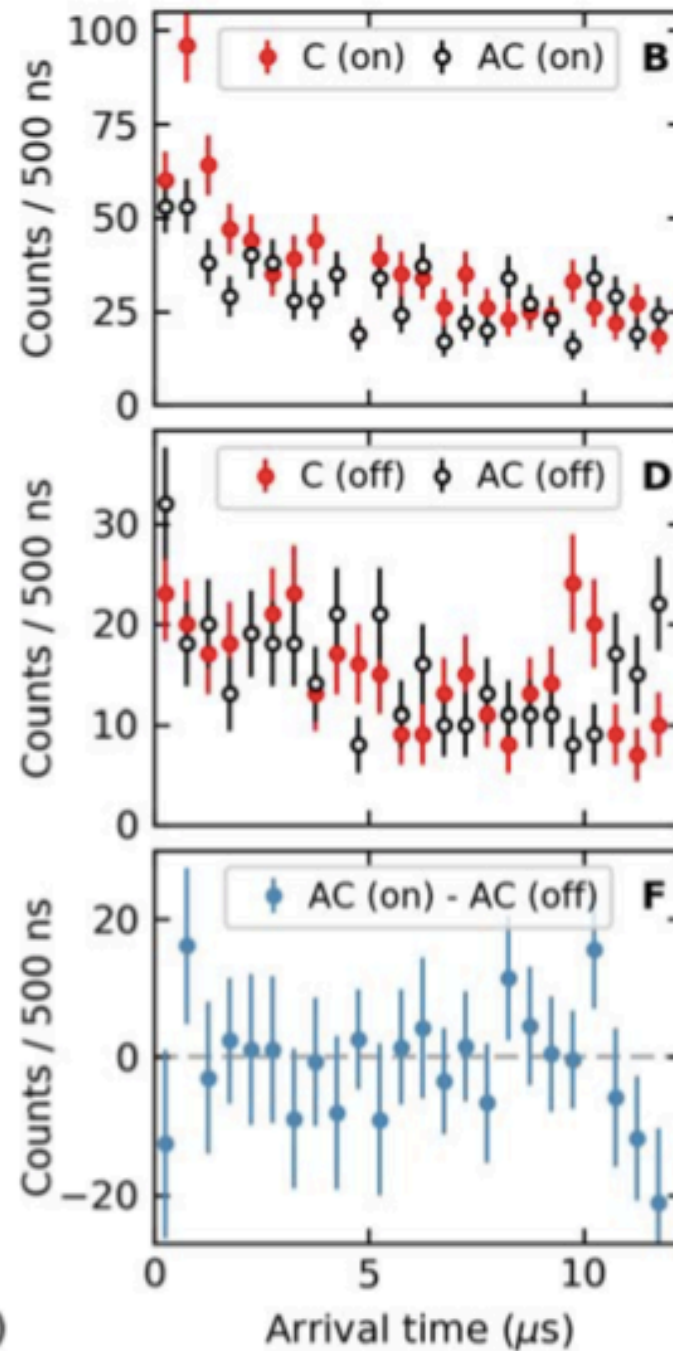


Risetime cut
applied to SNS
data

Charge



Time



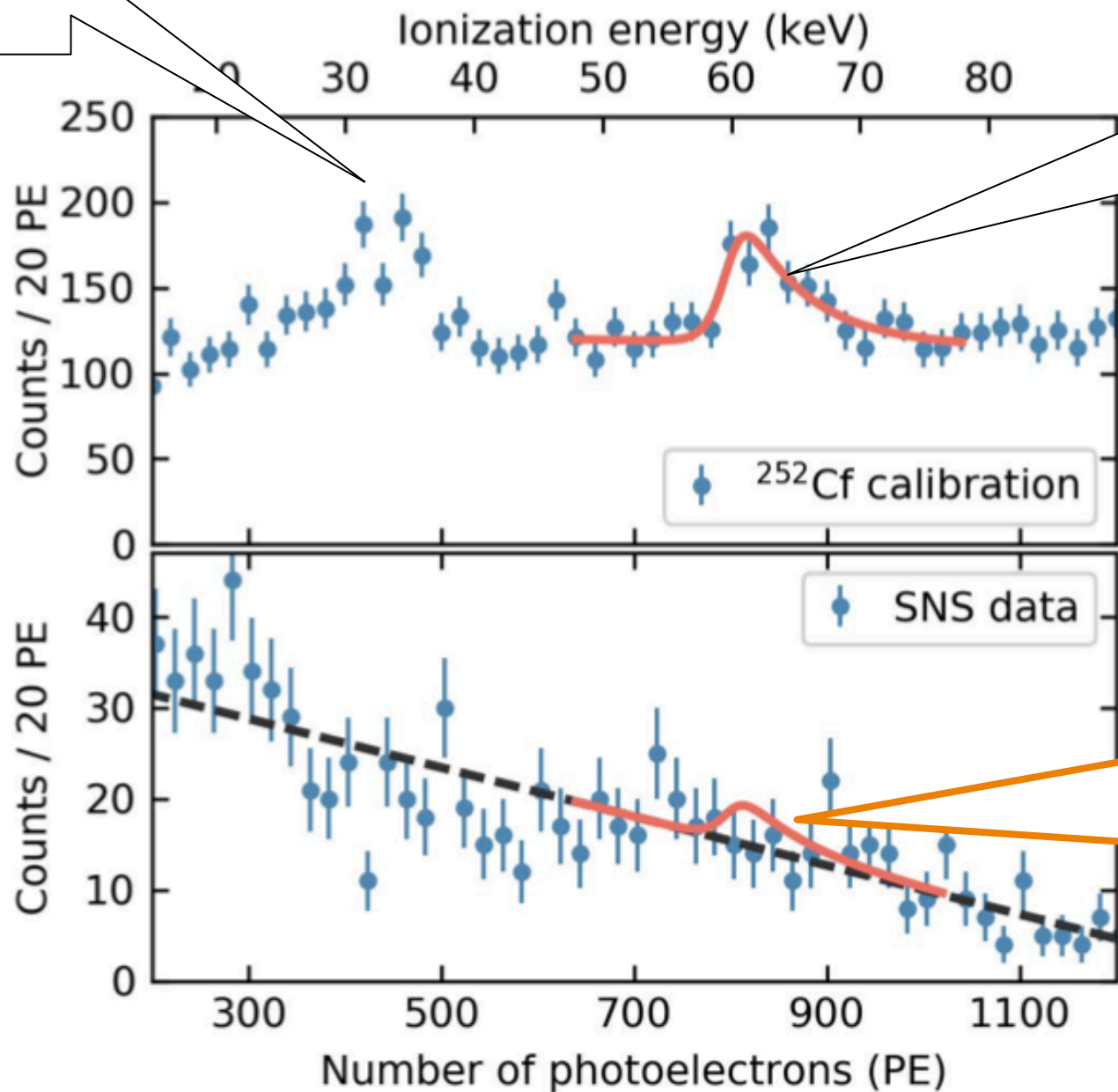
Electron capture decay of ^{128}I at 31.8 keV

In-Situ bg limit on in-beam neutrons

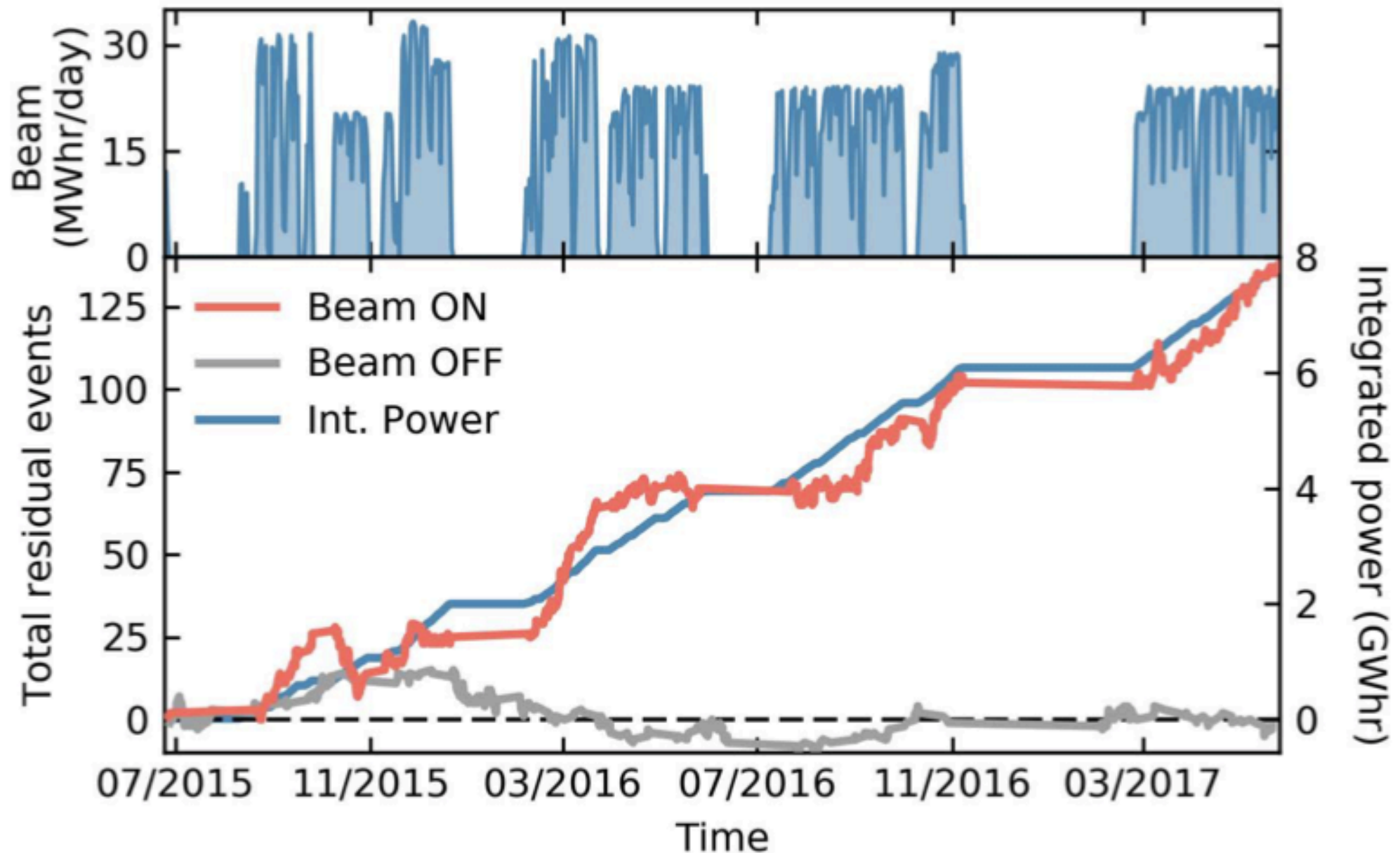
Inelastic scattering peak (57.6 keV) recoil + γ 's

Neutron source outside shielding

90% CL maximum allowed neutron counts for Beam-ON data

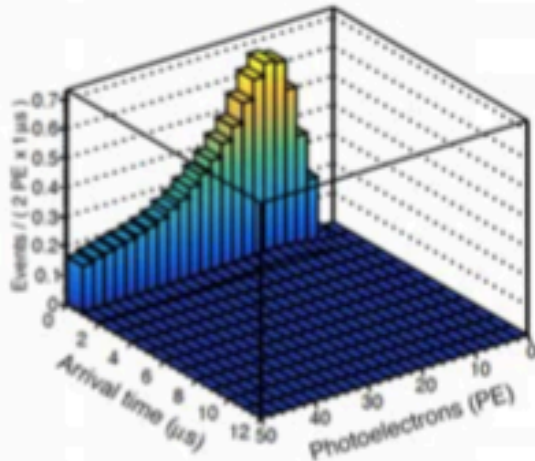


Total residual counts vs time
consistent w/ entirely beam-induced events

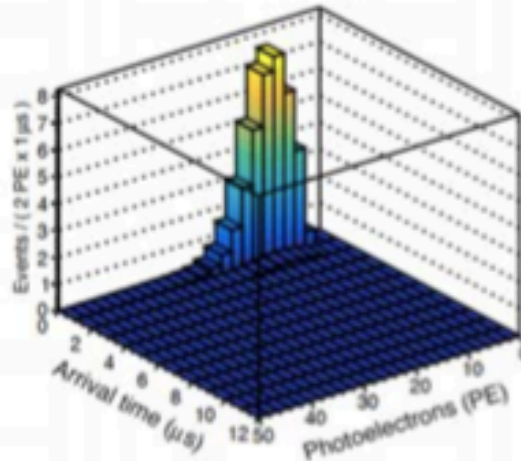


Likelihood analysis: 2D in energy (PE) and time

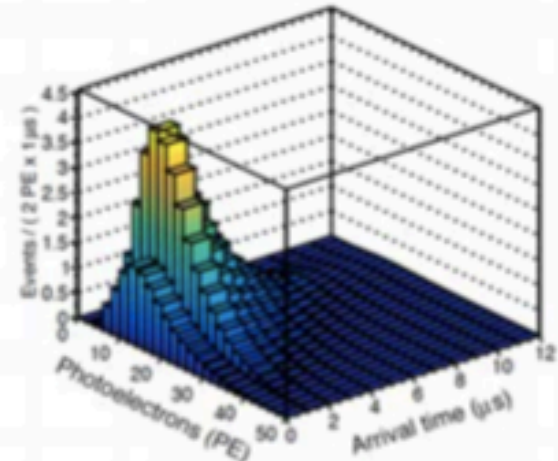
Prompt neutrons



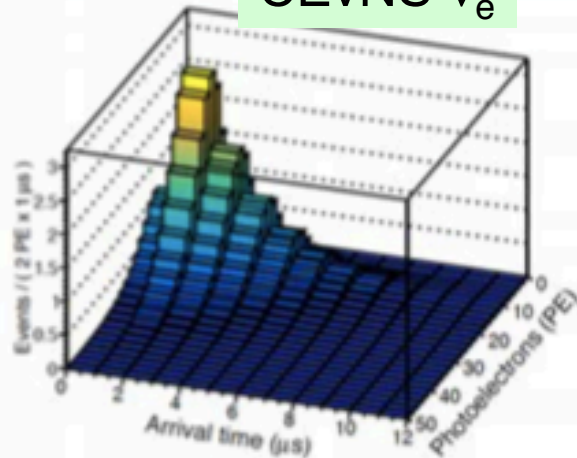
CEvNS ν_μ



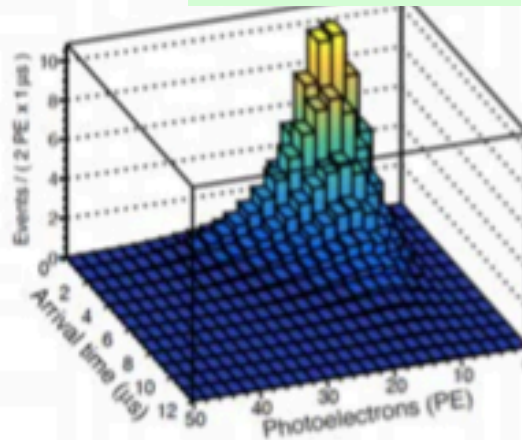
CEvNS ν_μ -bar



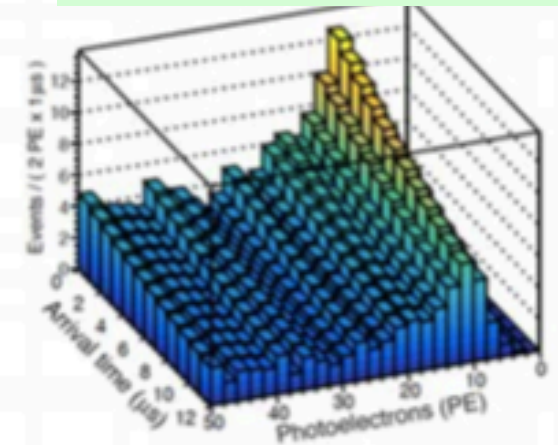
CEvNS ν_e



CEvNS total



Steady-state background



$$6 \leq \text{PE} \leq 30, 0 \leq t \leq 6000 \text{ ns}$$

χ^2 with pull for our situation, including background (simple one-bin analysis)

$$\chi^2 = \frac{(N_{\text{meas}} - N_{\text{NSI}}(\varepsilon_{ee}^{uV}, \varepsilon_{ee}^{dV})[1 + \alpha] - B_{\text{on}}[1 + \beta])^2}{\sigma_{\text{stat}}^2} + \left(\frac{\alpha}{\sigma_{\alpha}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\beta}{\sigma_{\beta}}\right)^2.$$

N_{meas} steady-state background-subtracted counts

$N_{\text{NSI}}(\varepsilon_{ee}^{uV}, \varepsilon_{ee}^{dV})$ expected signal with NSI

B_{SS} expected steady-state background

B_{on} expected beam-on background

$$\sigma_{\text{stat}} = \sqrt{N_{\text{meas}} + 2B_{\text{SS}} + B_{\text{on}}}$$

$\sigma_{\text{sys,SS}} = 0$ expected systematic on steady-state bg
(assume zero because well measured)

α : for signal normalization systematic uncertainty

β : for beam-on background normalization uncertainty

SNS Beam Schedule

- 2100 hours @ 1 MW
- 1600 hours @ 1.2 MW

| | Jan-2017 | Feb-2017 | Mar-2017 | Apr-2017 | May-2017 | Jun-2017 | Jul-2017 | Aug-2017 | Sep-2017 |
|----|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 2 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 3 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 4 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 5 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 6 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 7 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 8 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 9 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 10 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 11 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 12 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 13 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 14 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 15 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 16 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 17 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 18 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 19 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 20 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 21 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 22 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 23 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 24 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 25 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 26 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 27 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 28 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 29 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 30 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| 31 | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P |

| | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---|---|
| P | Neutron Production | P | Planned Machine Downtime (Maintenance/Upgrades) |
| I | Transition to Neutron Production | U | Major Unplanned Outages (background color is original plan) |
| | | T | Planned Machine Downtime (Tunnels Closed for Equipment Tests) |

Periods (3:30)

Production beam through September 30, 2017

SNS Beam Schedule

- 1100 hours @ 1.4 MW
- 5 month outage

| SNS FY 2018 Q1-2 Unofficial (07-27-17) | | | | | | | | | | | | SNS FY 2018 Q3-4 Planning (07-27-17) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|----------|----|---|----------|---|----|----------|---|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|----------|----|---|----------|---|----|----------|---|---|----------|---|---|----------|----|---|----------|---|----|----------|---|---|
| Oct-2017 | | | Nov-2017 | | | Dec-2017 | | | Jan-2018 | | | Feb-2018 | | | Mar-2018 | | | Apr-2018 | | | May-2018 | | | Jun-2018 | | | Jul-2018 | | | Aug-2018 | | | Sep-2018 | | |
| 1 | O | O | O | 1 | I | P | P | 1 | P | P | P | 1 | O | O | O | 1 | O | O | O | 1 | O | O | O | 1 | P | P | P | 1 | P | A | A | 1 | P | P | P |
| 2 | O | O | O | 2 | P | P | P | 2 | P | P | P | 2 | O | O | O | 2 | O | O | O | 2 | O | O | O | 2 | P | P | P | 2 | A | A | A | 2 | P | P | P |
| 3 | O | O | O | 3 | P | P | P | 3 | P | P | P | 3 | O | O | O | 3 | O | O | O | 3 | O | O | O | 3 | P | A | A | 3 | A | M | S | 3 | P | P | P |
| 4 | O | O | O | 4 | P | P | P | 4 | P | P | P | 4 | O | O | O | 4 | O | O | O | 4 | O | O | O | 4 | A | A | A | 4 | I | P | P | 4 | P | A | A |
| 5 | O | O | O | 5 | P | P | P | 5 | P | m | S | 5 | O | O | O | 5 | O | O | O | 5 | O | O | O | 5 | A | M | S | 5 | P | P | P | 5 | A | A | A |
| 6 | O | O | O | 6 | P | P | P | 6 | P | P | P | 6 | O | O | O | 6 | O | O | O | 6 | O | O | O | 6 | I | P | P | 6 | P | P | P | 6 | A | O | O |
| 7 | O | O | O | 7 | P | m | S | 7 | P | P | P | 7 | O | O | O | 7 | O | O | O | 7 | O | O | O | 7 | P | P | P | 7 | P | P | P | 7 | O | O | O |
| 8 | O | O | O | 8 | P | P | P | 8 | P | P | P | 8 | O | O | O | 8 | O | O | O | 8 | O | O | O | 8 | P | P | P | 8 | P | P | P | 8 | O | O | O |
| 9 | O | O | O | 9 | P | P | P | 9 | P | P | P | 9 | O | O | O | 9 | O | O | O | 9 | O | O | S | 9 | P | P | P | 9 | P | P | P | 9 | O | O | O |
| 10 | O | O | O | 10 | P | P | P | 10 | P | P | P | 10 | O | O | O | 10 | O | O | O | 10 | S | S | S | 10 | P | P | P | 10 | P | m | S | 10 | O | O | O |
| 11 | O | O | O | 11 | P | P | P | 11 | P | P | P | 11 | O | O | O | 11 | O | O | O | 11 | S | S | S | 11 | P | P | P | 11 | P | P | P | 11 | O | O | O |
| 12 | O | O | O | 12 | P | P | P | 12 | P | m | S | 12 | O | O | O | 12 | O | O | O | 12 | S | A | A | 12 | P | m | S | 12 | P | P | P | 12 | O | O | O |
| 13 | O | O | O | 13 | P | P | P | 13 | P | P | P | 13 | O | O | O | 13 | O | O | O | 13 | O | O | O | 13 | A | I | I | 13 | P | P | P | 13 | P | P | P |
| 14 | O | O | O | 14 | P | M | S | 14 | P | P | P | 14 | O | O | O | 14 | O | O | O | 14 | O | O | O | 14 | I | A | A | 14 | P | P | P | 14 | P | P | P |
| 15 | O | O | O | 15 | I | P | P | 15 | P | P | P | 15 | O | O | O | 15 | O | O | O | 15 | O | O | O | 15 | A | I | I | 15 | P | P | P | 15 | P | P | P |
| 16 | O | O | O | 16 | P | P | P | 16 | P | P | P | 16 | O | O | O | 16 | O | O | O | 16 | O | O | O | 16 | I | I | I | 16 | P | P | P | 16 | P | P | P |
| 17 | O | O | O | 17 | P | P | P | 17 | P | P | P | 17 | O | O | O | 17 | O | O | O | 17 | O | O | O | 17 | I | I | I | 17 | P | P | P | 17 | P | M | S |
| 18 | O | O | O | 18 | P | P | P | 18 | P | P | P | 18 | O | O | O | 18 | O | O | O | 18 | O | O | O | 18 | I | I | I | 18 | P | P | P | 18 | I | P | P |
| 19 | O | S | S | 19 | P | P | P | 19 | P | P | P | 19 | O | O | O | 19 | O | O | O | 19 | O | O | O | 19 | I | I | I | 19 | P | M | S | 19 | P | P | P |
| 20 | S | S | S | 20 | P | P | P | 20 | P | A | A | 20 | O | O | O | 20 | O | O | O | 20 | O | O | O | 20 | I | I | I | 20 | I | P | P | 20 | P | P | P |
| 21 | S | S | S | 21 | P | m | S | 21 | A | A | A | 21 | O | O | O | 21 | O | O | O | 21 | O | O | O | 21 | I | I | I | 21 | P | P | P | 21 | P | P | P |
| 22 | S | S | S | 22 | P | P | P | 22 | A | O | O | 22 | O | O | O | 22 | O | O | O | 22 | O | O | O | 22 | I | m | S | 22 | P | P | P | 22 | P | P | P |
| 23 | S | S | S | 23 | P | P | P | 23 | O | O | O | 23 | O | O | O | 23 | O | O | O | 23 | O | O | O | 23 | I | I | I | 23 | P | P | P | 23 | O | O | S |
| 24 | S | S | S | 24 | P | P | P | 24 | O | O | O | 24 | O | O | O | 24 | O | O | O | 24 | O | O | O | 24 | I | I | I | 24 | P | P | P | 24 | P | m | S |
| 25 | S | S | S | 25 | P | P | P | 25 | O | O | O | 25 | O | O | O | 25 | O | O | O | 25 | O | O | O | 25 | I | I | I | 25 | P | P | P | 25 | P | P | P |
| 26 | S | S | S | 26 | P | P | P | 26 | O | O | O | 26 | O | O | O | 26 | O | O | O | 26 | O | O | O | 26 | I | I | I | 26 | P | m | S | 26 | P | P | P |
| 27 | S | S | S | 27 | P | P | P | 27 | O | O | O | 27 | O | O | O | 27 | O | O | O | 27 | O | O | O | 27 | I | I | I | 27 | P | P | P | 27 | P | P | P |
| 28 | S | A | A | 28 | P | M | S | 28 | O | O | O | 28 | O | O | O | 28 | O | O | O | 28 | O | O | O | 28 | I | I | I | 28 | P | P | P | 28 | P | P | P |
| 29 | A | I | I | 29 | I | P | P | 29 | O | O | O | 29 | O | O | O | 29 | O | O | O | 29 | O | O | O | 29 | I | M | S | 29 | P | P | P | 29 | P | P | P |
| 30 | I | A | A | 30 | P | P | P | 30 | O | O | O | 30 | O | O | O | 30 | O | O | O | 30 | O | O | O | 30 | I | P | P | 30 | P | P | P | 30 | P | P | P |
| 31 | A | I | I | | | | | 31 | O | O | O | 31 | O | O | O | | | | | 31 | P | P | P | | | | | 31 | P | m | S | 31 | P | P | P |
| Oct-2017 | | | Nov-2017 | | | Dec-2017 | | | Jan-2018 | | | Feb-2018 | | | Mar-2018 | | | Apr-2018 | | | May-2018 | | | Jun-2018 | | | Jul-2018 | | | Aug-2018 | | | Sep-2018 | | |
| A Accelerator Physics | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| S Accelerator Startup/Restore | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| m Accelerator Physics/Maintenance Periods | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M Scheduled Maintenance (starts at 06:30) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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