UE81 – Phase 1 LDRD for UED

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Outline

- Research Goals
- Design, Manufacture and installation (Mechanical, Electrical, Vacuum, Diagnostics)
- Commissioning and current configuration
- Future work

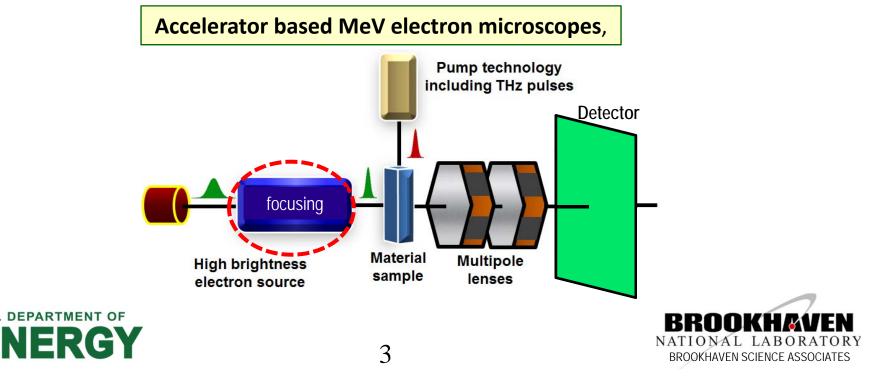


Research Goals

- 1. Gain control over beam size and divergence angle.
- 2. Focus electron bunch to 30 μ m size in user sample chamber
- 3. Define specifications and design of UEM.
- 4. Design compressor for high charge short pulse (not currently funded)

Applications: UED/UEM are active core programs at BNL including a DOE Early Career Award at (CMPMS)

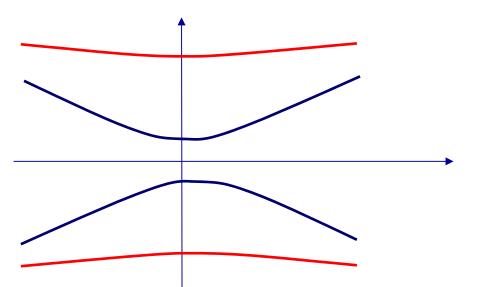
Phase I: focusing. Phase II: imaging. Phase III: compression



Physics design: optimizing Beam size and/or divergence angle at focal point

Phase I: To achieve experimental confirmation of electron bunch focusing to 30 µm in size from low to high charge, with a divergence angle between 0.1 and a few mrad.

- Challenges solved:
 Optimization of lattice to focus to 30 µm size in a compact configuration ✓
 Minimize cost ✓
- Optimized Beam size, or optimized divergence angle at sample may be applied for different type of experiments

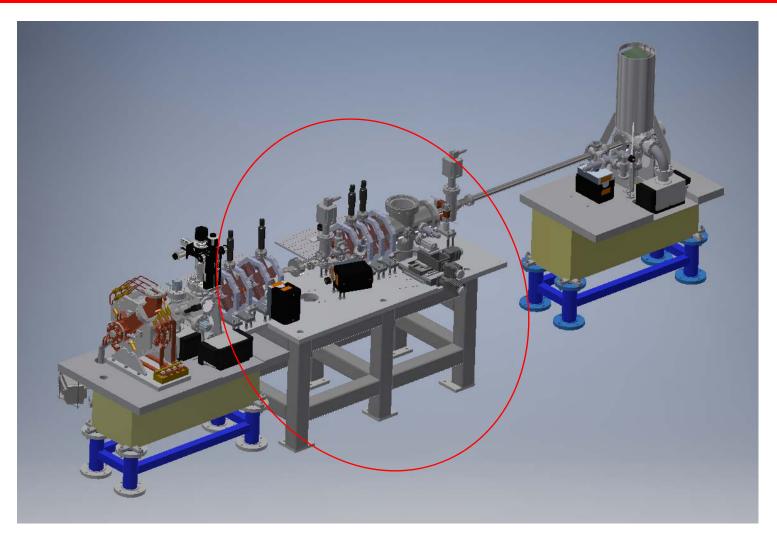


New capabilities of the LDRD phase I include variable beam size and divergence angle





Phase I LDRD for UED







Design/Manufacture, Installation

The Second year primarily involved the completion of mechanical and electrical designs, manufacturing and installation.

Design and manufacture

- –Develop the Lattice.
- -Generate models, manufacturing and assembly drawings
- -New components included:

Vacuum chambers, quadrupole and corrector magnets, flags, diagnostics chamber, corrector power supplies and stand Installation

Installation and testing

-Assembly of all magnets, diagnostics and vacuum components were completed -All components were surveyed and positioned

- -The girder assembly was installed, surveyed and grouted in the UED room of building 912
- -The completed vacuum system was leak checked, pumped down and baked.
- -All systems were wired to the control system and associated power supplies

-All subsystem integration tests were completed





Current configuration

















Commissioning

NSLS-II staff worked closely with ATF staff and UED users to characterize this new mode of operation.

- Initial commissioning identified the system's sensitivity to remnant magnet fields.
- Multiple steps were installed and tested to remove remnant fields.

Estimated Experiments Time Required

step 1.

1 week

- Test control system, flag, power supplies, programs G. Wang,
- Check magnet polarities done, double-check with beam G. Wang, X. Yang, Y. Hidaka,
- Send beam through system, check monitors, check charge, quad centering G. Wang, X. Yang, Y. Hidaka,

Step 2.

- 1-3 weeks
- Calibrate monitor for beam profile measurement, beam size and displacement D. Padrazo, V. Smalyuk
- Compare quads tuning range and beam size variation X. Yang, G. Wang, Y. Hidaka, Study resolution of beam profile measurement – D. Padrazo, V. Smalyuk, X. Yang, G. Wang,

Step 3

4 weeks

• Find the minimum beam size achievable at the sample – L. H. Yu, G. Wang, X. Yang, Y. Hidaka, D. Padrazo, V. Smalyuk, 4 weeks over 6 months

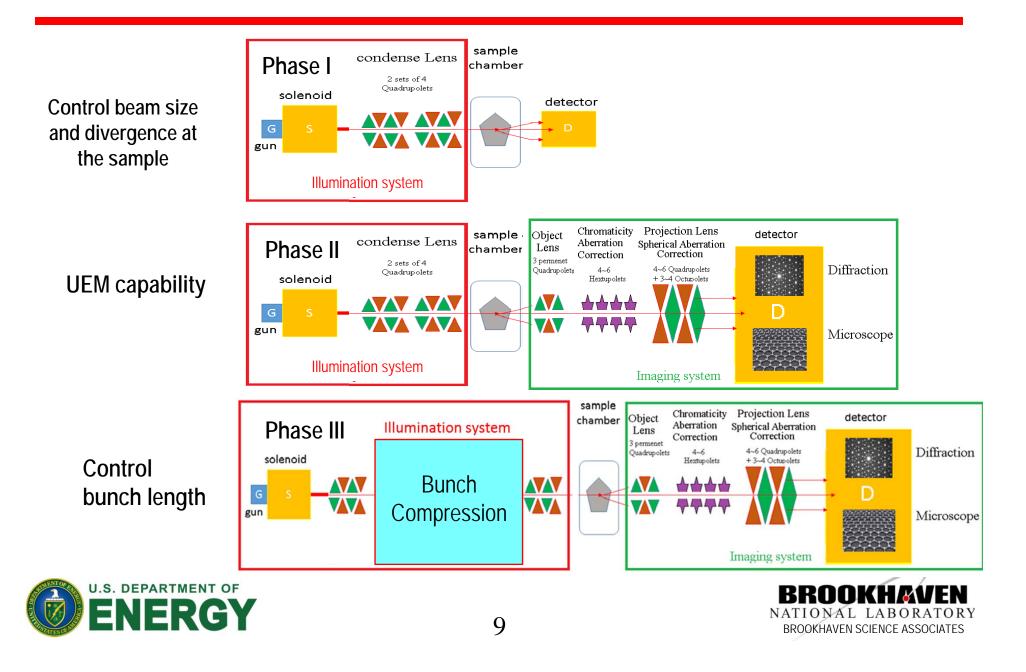
Step 4

4 weeks

Assess bunch length measurement system– L. H. Yu,, 4 weeks over 6 months



Road map from UED to UEM



Future

- Many user applications are driving development
- Teams that have expressed interest in the UED/UEM system are:
 - NSLS-II users
 - Material Sciences
 - Detector development programs
 - Instrumentation and Physics





Thank you

