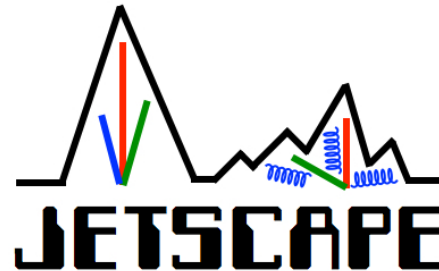
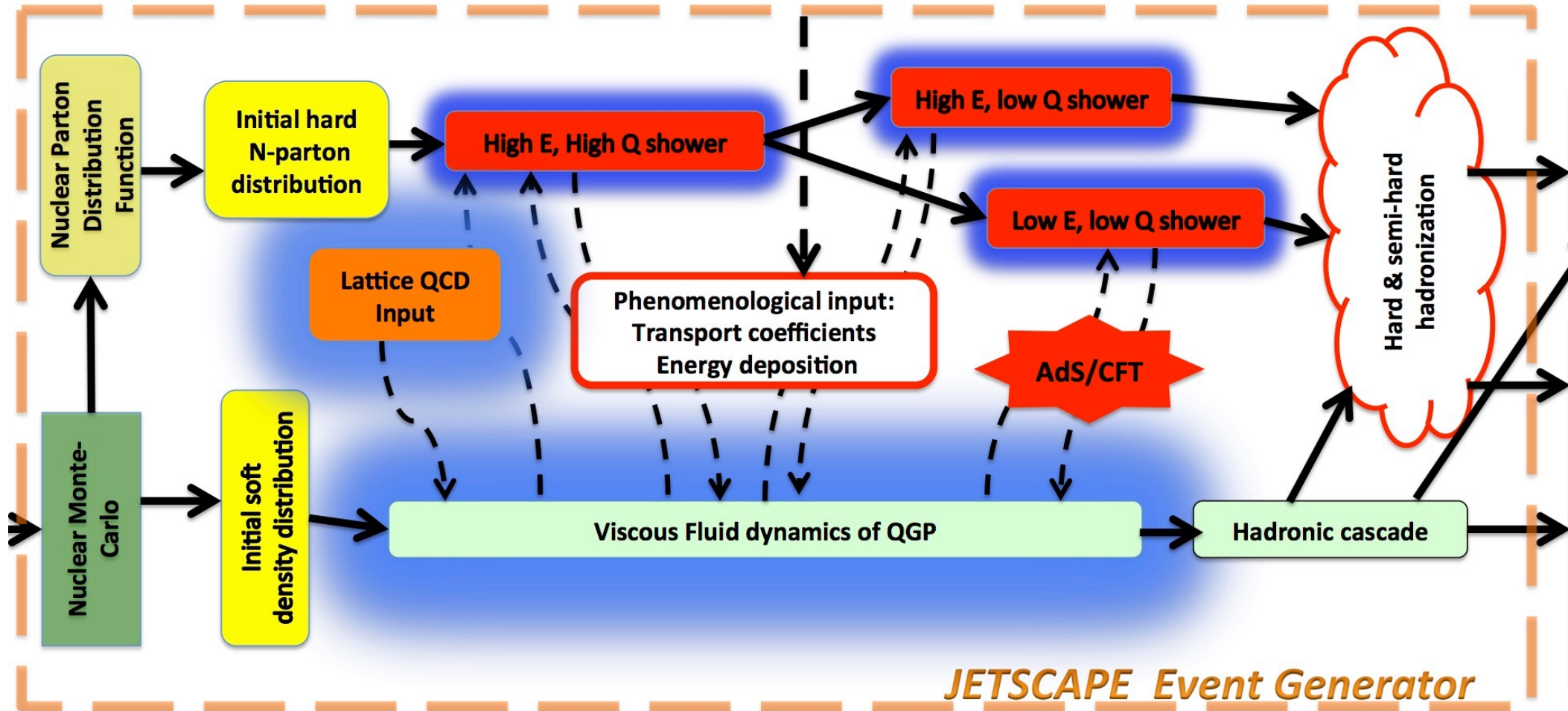


Implementation of the JetScape Framework version 1.0

Joern Putschke (WSU)



Reminder: JetScape Event Generator (Physics View)

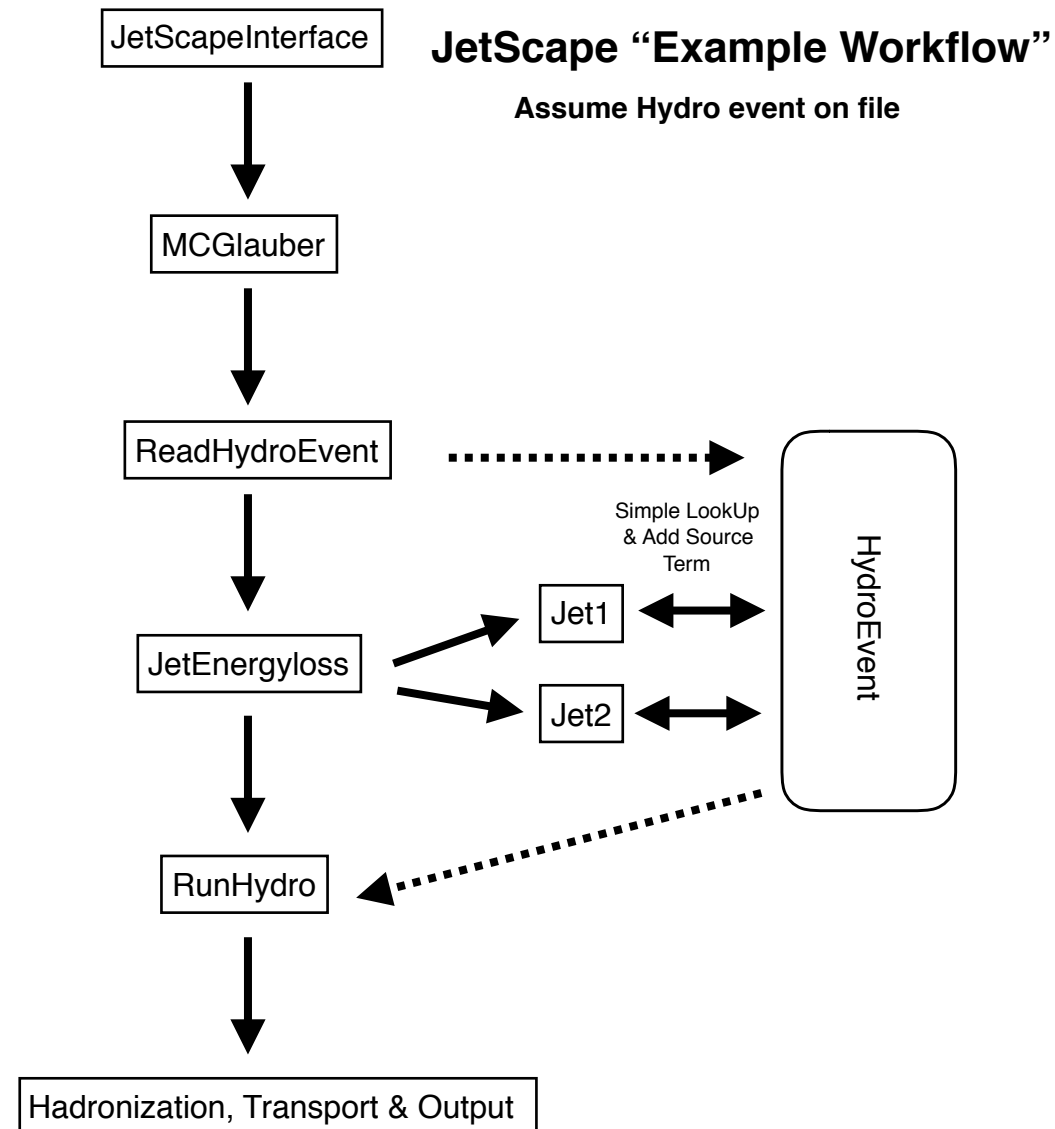


Software Engineering Principles



- Rigor and formality
- Separation of concerns
 - Modularity, decomposition, abstraction
 - Cohesion and coupling
- Anticipation of change
- Generality
- Incrementality
- Scalability
- Heterogeneity

Our approach: JetScape Workflow and Considerations

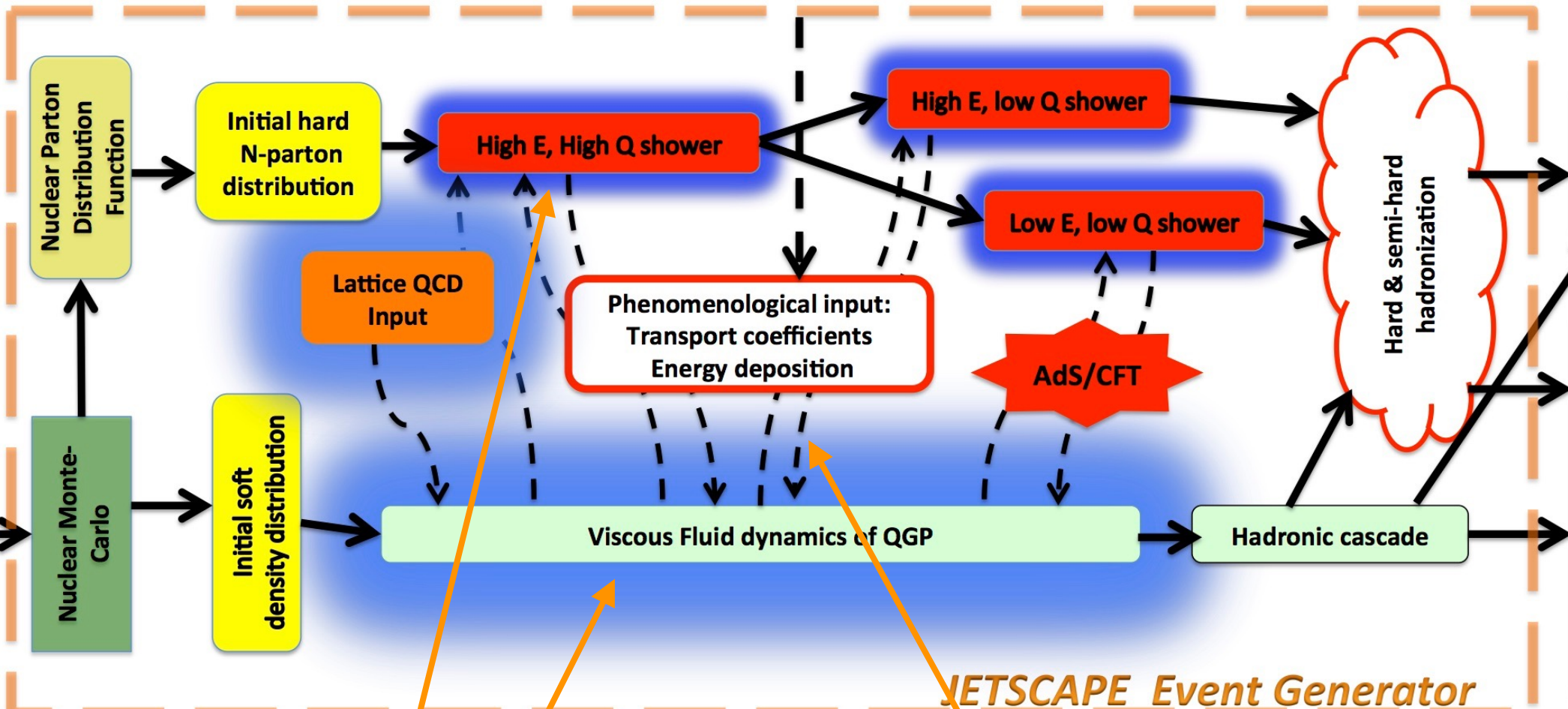


Our approach: JetScape Workflow and Considerations

Considerations and implementation/design philosophy:

- **minimize dependency on external libraries** concerning the core framework code (all used external sources are “small” and are all part of the “core framework”)
- **C++11 style** —> no new/delete **smart pointers** (shared, weak and unique)
—> simplifies memory management (reduces chances of memory leaks)
- **Object Orientated (OO) Framework (C++ class inheritance)**
- **Tasked-based** implementation: *Init()*, *Exec()*, *Clear()* and *Finish()*
Helpful for “further” parallelization (see JetScapeEnergyLossManager as a test case)
- **Strict data encapsulation** between modules (only “share” what is needed!)
- **Signal/Slot** mechanism to *ensure data encapsulation*.
Also elegant solution concerning switching between energy loss modules and “communication” with hydro
- **Clear and easy interface** for further “end-user” developer, inherit from proper base class and overload the “JetScape interface functions” and “data structures”
—> **No real knowledge** of the framework itself is needed and importantly is hidden
—> **Safety!!!**

Reminder: JetScape Event Generator (Code Design)



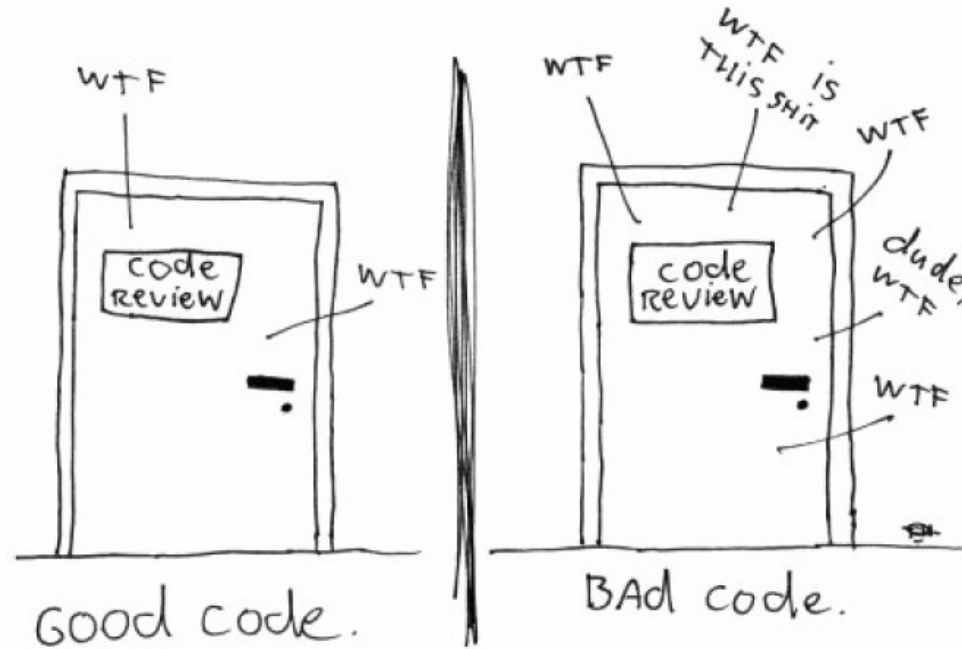
Tasks → User defined *Modules*

Communication: *Signal/Slots*

Future: (Lego) *Blocks* for further modularization (more later)

Code Quality: Lets see how we will stack up ...

The ONLY VALID MEASUREMENT
OF CODE QUALITY: WTFs/MINUTE



(c) 2008 Focus Shift

A quick word about C++11 (more in working session)

Some new useful features:

- Automatic Type Deduction
- Null Pointer
- **Smart Pointers**
- Range-based for Loops
- (many more ...)

A quick word about C++11 (more in working session)

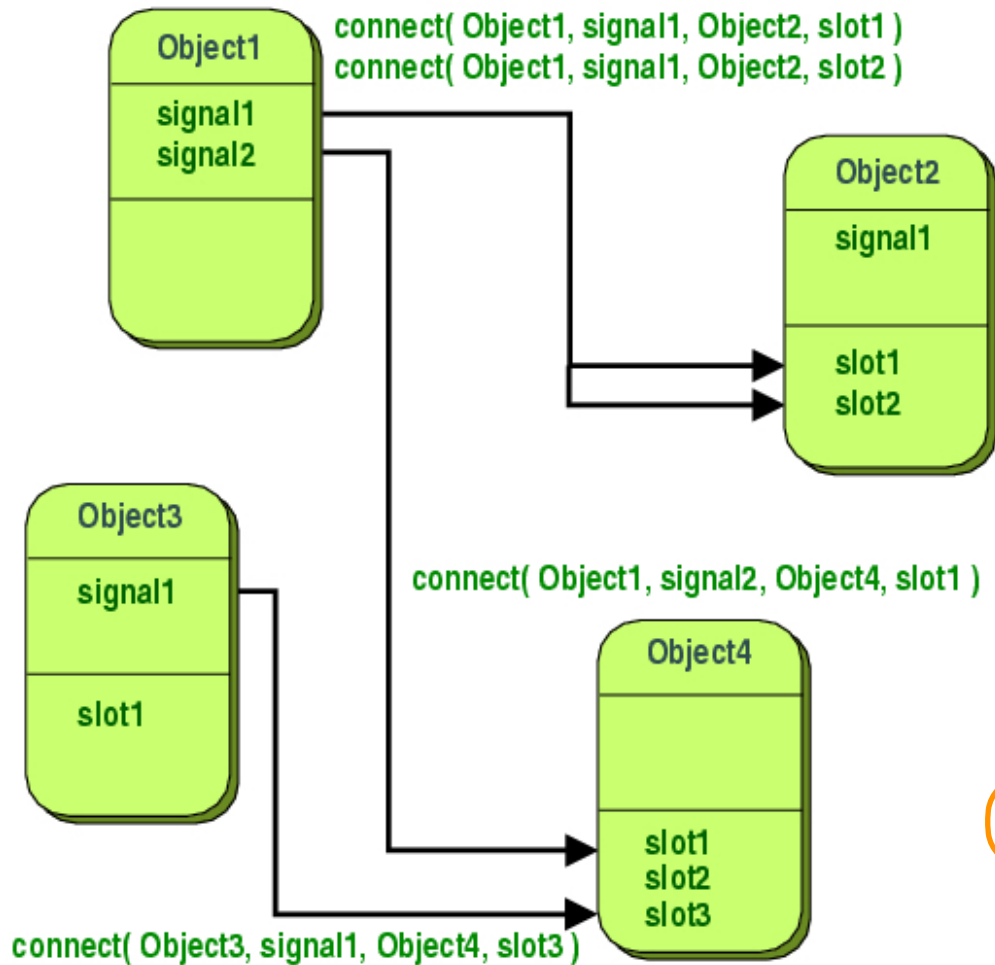
Some new useful features:

- Automatic Type Deduction
- Null Pointer
- **Smart Pointers**
- Range-based for Loops
- (many more ...)

- ***A wrapper class for a pointer with operators like * and -> overloaded***
- ***The objects of smart pointer class look like pointer, but can do more like automatic destruction via reference counting
—> we don't have to explicitly use delete (and new)***
- ***Destructor is automatically called when an object goes out of scope
—> the dynamically allocated memory is automatically deleted***

A quick word about Signal/Slots

<http://doc.qt.io/qt-4.8/signalsandslots.html>



Developed by Qt for GUI.

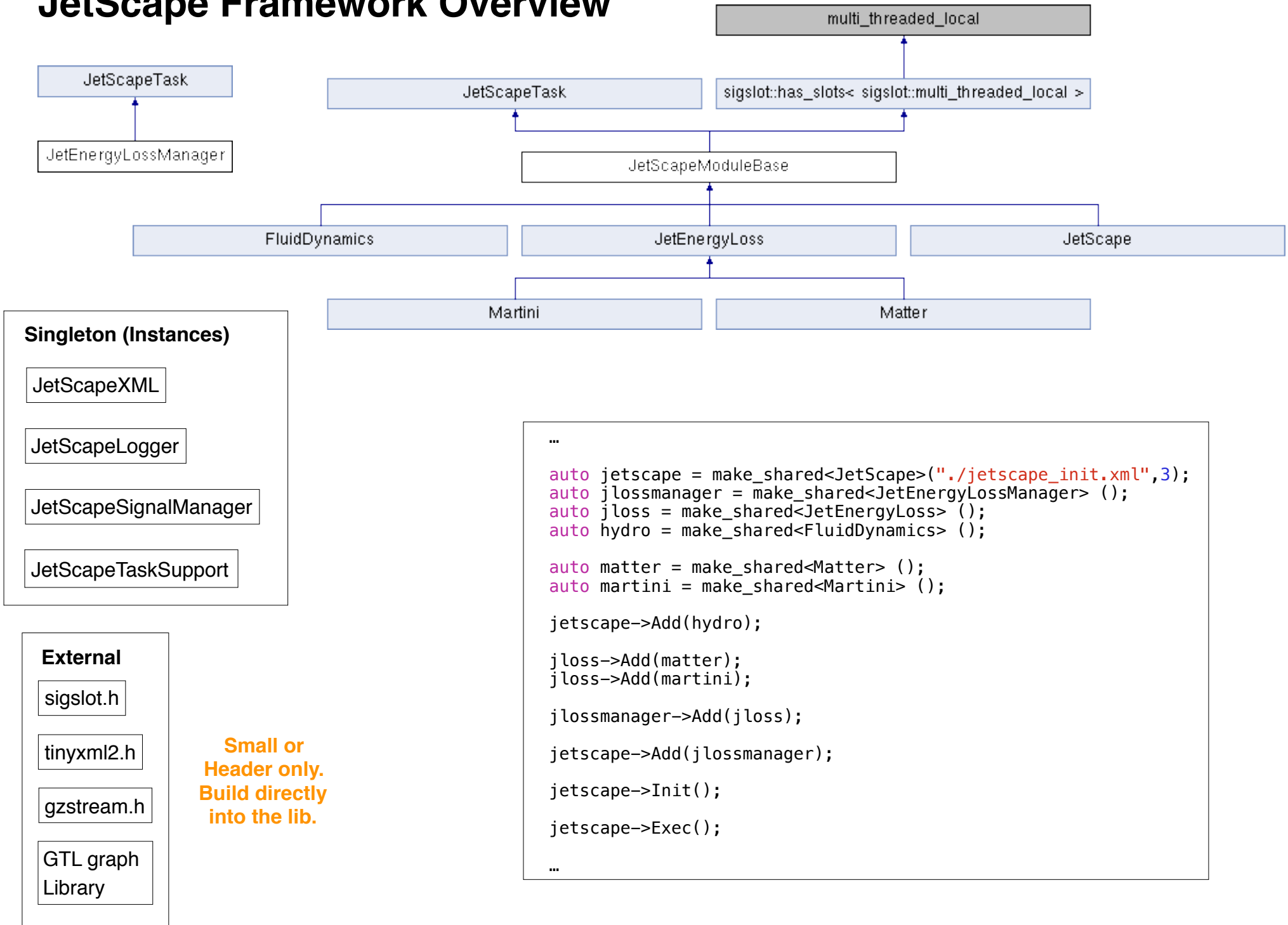
**Qt: Preprocessor needed (Moc)
(dependencies on large external
libraries/license)**

**Alternatives more or less pure
C++ based (and/or Boost):**

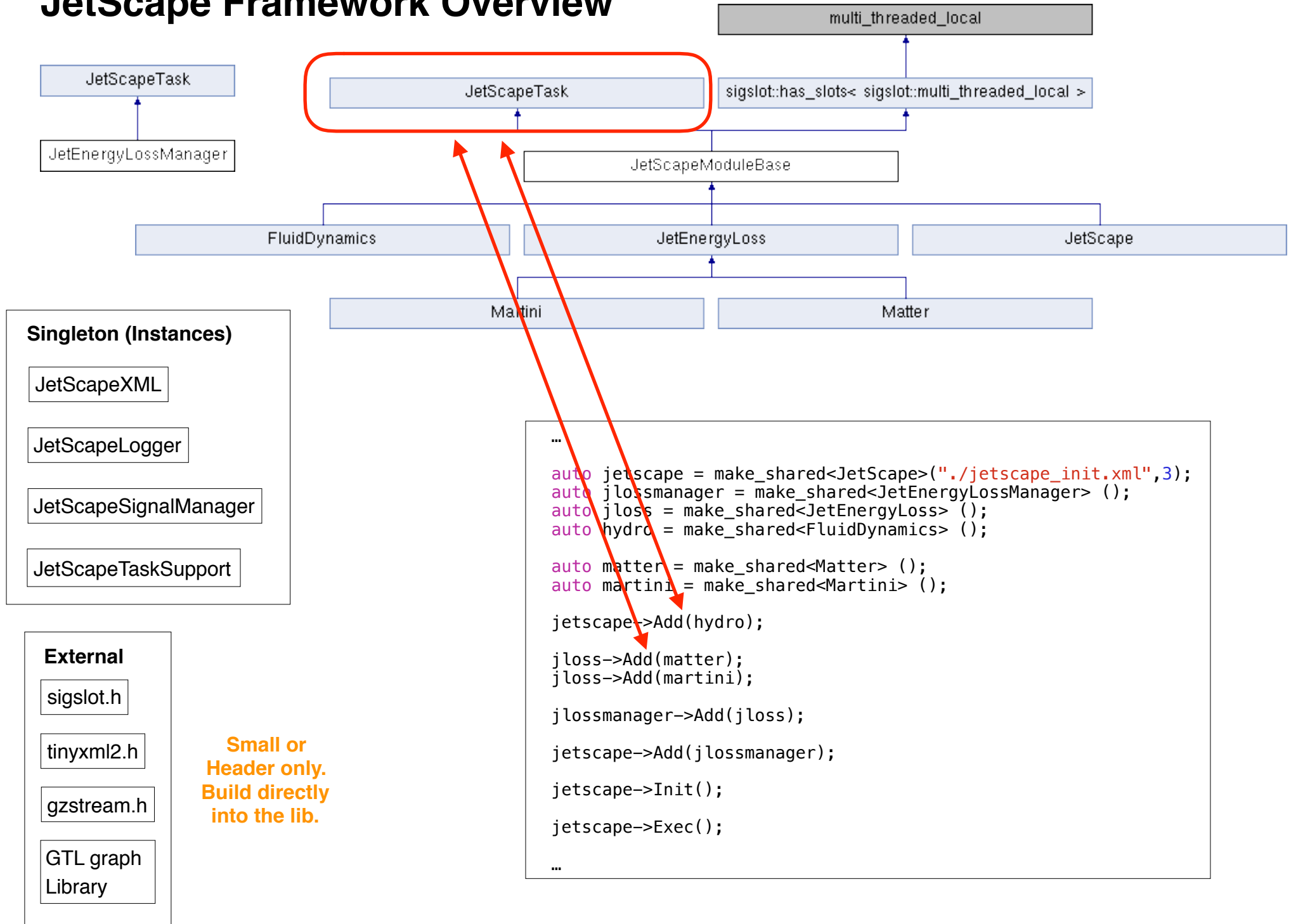
<http://sigslot.sourceforge.net>

<http://www.boost.org/doc/libs/./signals2.html>

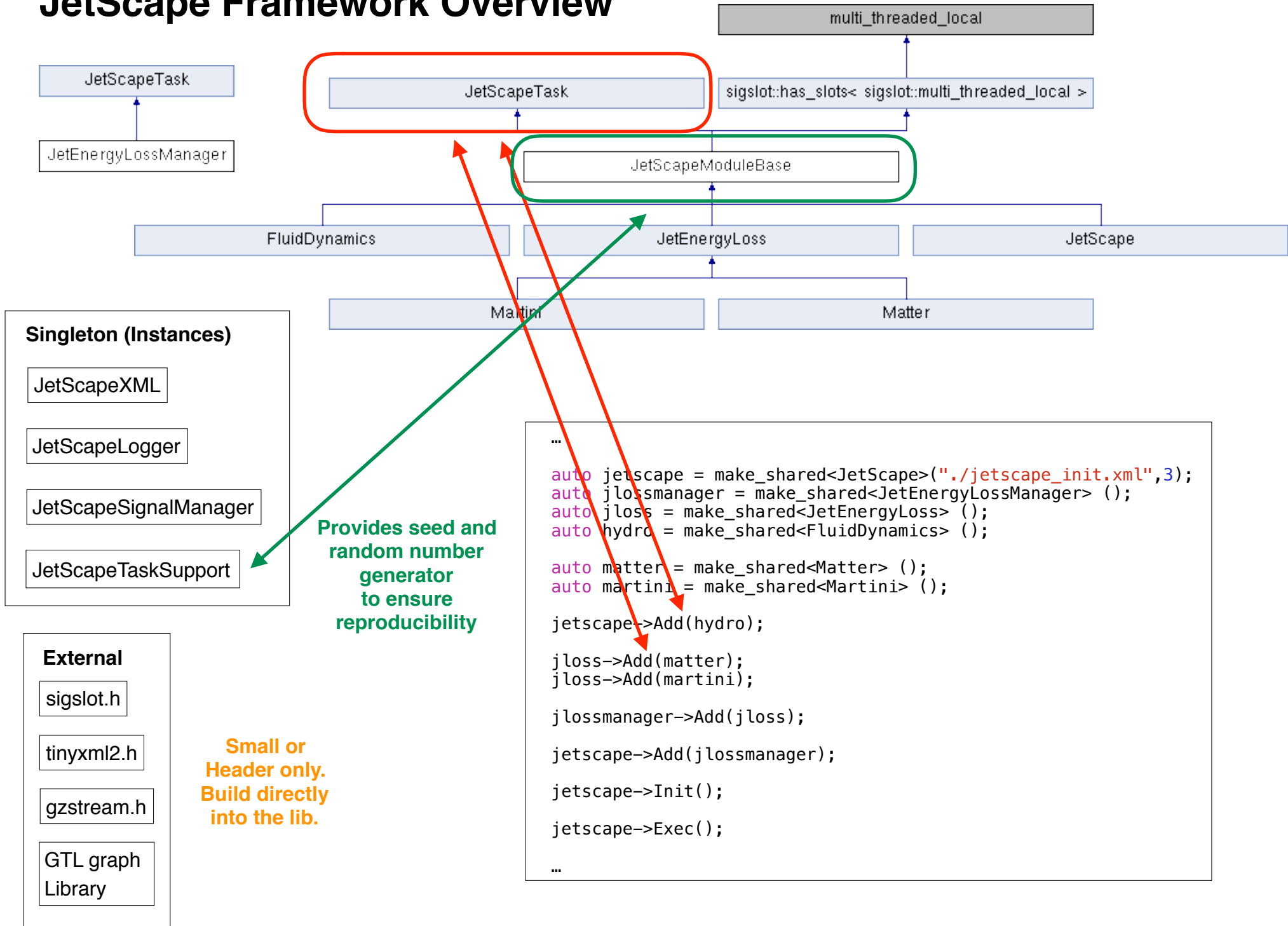
JetScape Framework Overview



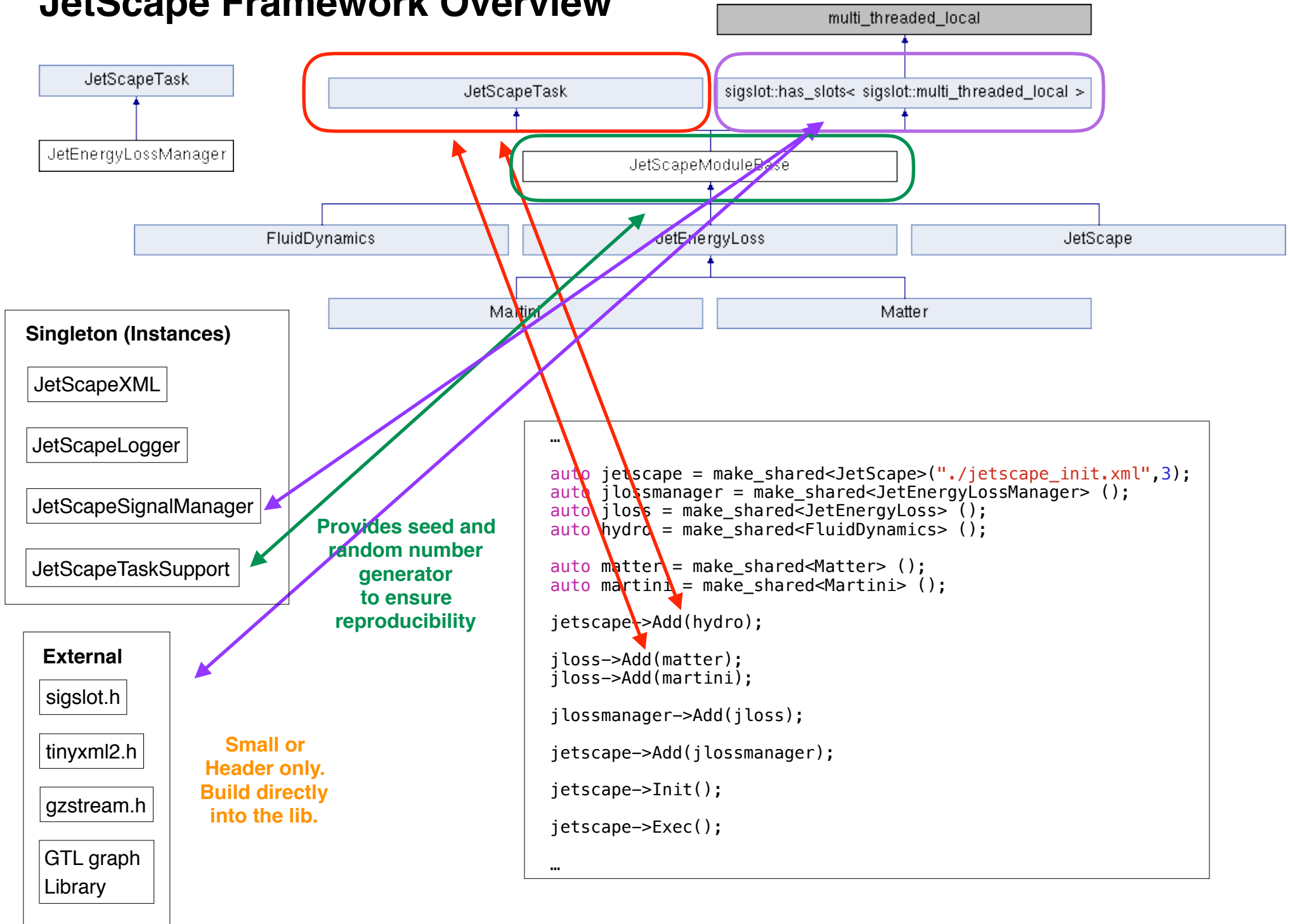
JetScape Framework Overview



JetScape Framework Overview



JetScape Framework Overview



JetScape Instances: Logger, XML Reader, Signal Manager, Task Support

JetScapeXML Class Reference

```
#include <JetScapeXML.h>
```

Easy access to XML file
(read parameters ...)

Public Member Functions

tinyxml2::XMLElement *	GetXMLRoot ()
tinyxml2::XMLDocument &	GetXMLDocument ()
void	SetXMLFileName (string m_name)
string	GetXMLFileName ()
bool	IsOpen ()
void	OpenXMLFile ()
void	OpenXMLFile (string

JetScapeLogger Class Reference

Standardized and
thread safe output

Static Public Member Functions

```
static JetScapeXML * Instance ()
```

Public Member Functions

LogStreamer	Info ()
LogStreamer	InfoNice ()
LogStreamer	Warn ()
LogStreamer	Debug ()
LogStreamerThread	DebugThread ()
LogStreamer	Remark ()
LogStreamer	Verbose (unsigned short m_vlevel)
LogStreamer	VerboseShower (unsigned short m_vlevel)
LogStreamer	VerboseParton (unsigned short m_vlevel, Parton &
LogStreamer	VerboseVertex (unsigned short m_vlevel, Parton &
void	SetDebug (bool m_debug)
void	SetRemark (bool m_remark)
void	SetVerboseLevel (unsigned short m_vlevel)
bool	GetDebug ()
bool	GetRemark ()
unsigned short	GetVerboseLevel ()

Static Public Member Functions

```
static JetScapeLogger * Instance ()
```

JetScapeSignalManager Class Reference

```
#include <JetScapeSignalManager.h>
```

Basically a helper instance
to QA signal/slots.
Provides easy access for
quick developments.

Public Member Functions

void	SetHydroPointer (shared_ptr< FluidDynamics > m_hydro)
weak_ptr< FluidDynamics >	GetHydroPointer ()
void	SetJetEnergyLossManagerPointer (shared_ptr< JetEnergyLossManager > m_jloss)
weak_ptr< JetEnergyLossManager >	GetJetEnergyLossManagerPointer ()
void	SetHardProcessPointer (shared_ptr< HardProcess > m_hardp)
weak_ptr< HardProcess >	GetHardProcessPointer ()
void	SetWriterPointer (shared_ptr< JetScapeWriter > m_writer)
weak_ptr< JetScapeWriter >	GetWriterPointer ()
void	ConnectJetSignal (shared_ptr< JetEnergyLoss > j)
void	ConnectEdensitySignal (shared_ptr< JetEnergyLoss > j)
void	ConnectAddJetSourceSignal (shared_ptr< JetEnergyLoss > j)
void	ConnectGetTemperatureSignal (shared_ptr< JetEnergyLoss > j)
void	ConnectGetHydroCellSignal (shared_ptr< JetEnergyLoss > j)
void	ConnectGetHardPartonListSignal (shared_ptr< JetEnergyLossManager > jm)
void	ConnectSentInPartonsSignal (shared_ptr< JetEnergyLoss > j, shared_ptr< JetEnergyLoss > j2)
void	ConnectGetOutPartons (shared_ptr< JetEnergyLoss > j, shared_ptr< JetEnergyLoss > j2)
void	DisconnectSignal ()
void	CleanUp ()

Jetscape::JetScapeTaskSupport Class Reference

Provides random number
generator (reproducibility)

```
#include <JetScapeTaskSupport.h>
```

Public Member Functions

```
int RegisterTask ()
shared_ptr< std::mt19937 > get_mt19937_generator (int TaskId)
```

Static Public Member Functions

```
static Jetscape::JetScapeTaskSupport * Instance ()
static void ReadSeedFromXML ()
Initialize random engine functionality from the XML file. More...
```

Static Protected Attributes

```
static bool one_generator_per_task_ =false
```

Singleton (Instances)

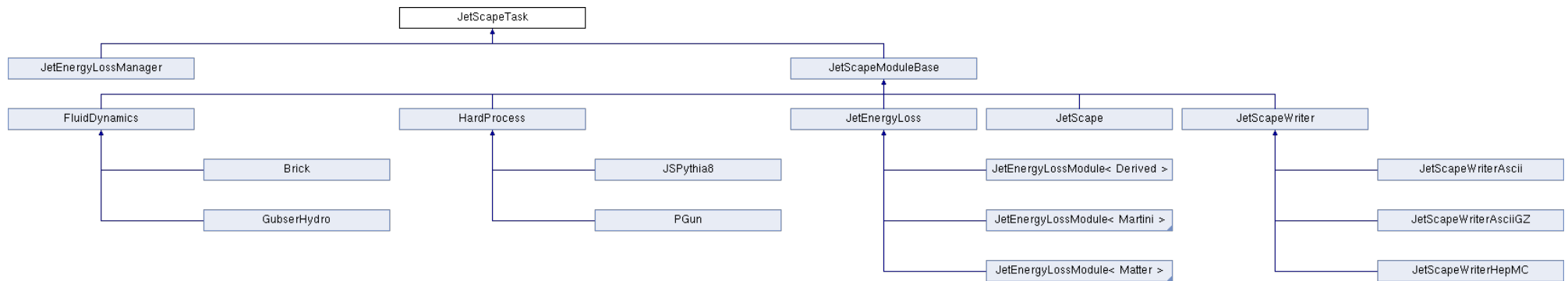
JetScapeXML

JetScapeLogger

JetScapeSignalManager

JetScapeTaskSupport

The JetScape Task and the derived Module Base Classes



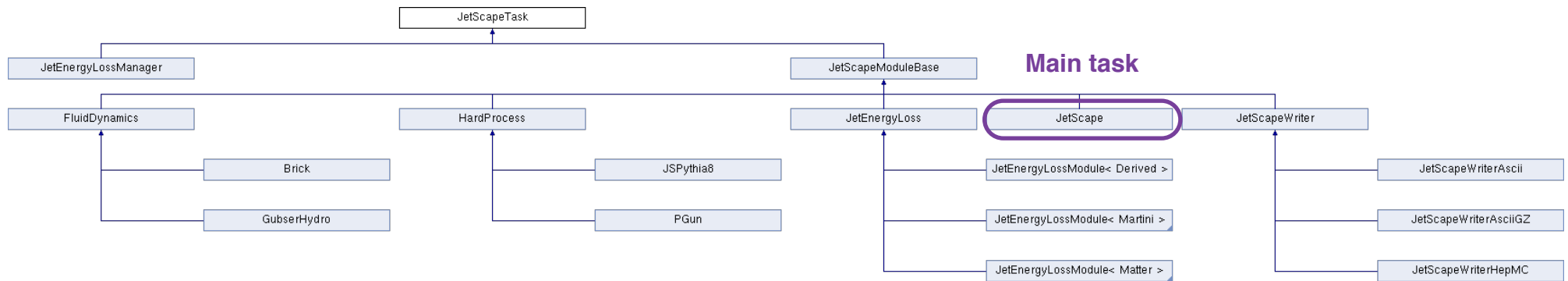
Public Member Functions

	JetScapeTask ()
virtual	~JetScapeTask ()
virtual void	Init ()
virtual void	Exec ()
virtual void	Finish ()
virtual void	Clear ()
virtual void	ExecuteTasks ()
virtual void	ExecuteTask ()
virtual void	InitTask ()
virtual void	InitTasks ()
virtual void	ClearTasks ()
virtual void	ClearTask ()
virtual void	FinishTask ()
virtual void	FinishTasks ()
virtual void	WriteTasks (weak_ptr< JetScapeWriter > w)
virtual void	WriteTask (weak_ptr< JetScapeWriter > w)
virtual void	Add (shared_ptr< JetScapeTask > m_tasks)
const vector< shared_ptr< JetScapeTask > >	GetTaskList () const
shared_ptr< JetScapeTask >	GetTaskAt (int i)
void	EraseTaskLast ()
void	EraseTaskAt (int i)
void	ResizeTaskList (int i)
void	ClearTaskList ()
int	GetNumberOfTasks ()
const bool	GetActive () const
void	SetActive (bool m_active_exec)
void	SetId (string m_id)
const string	GetId () const

All of these functions will be called recursively in a task based framework, so once added there is no problem that it will get initialized, executed (if specified) ... Of course a task in itself is a natural unit which can be easily parallelized if necessary (see JetEnergyLoss later)

Remark: I will not go through every (technical) detail, and all (external) dependencies at this point (pro/cons). Optimizations and changes might be necessary in the future if more “physics” will be included ...

The JetScape Task and the derived Module Base Classes



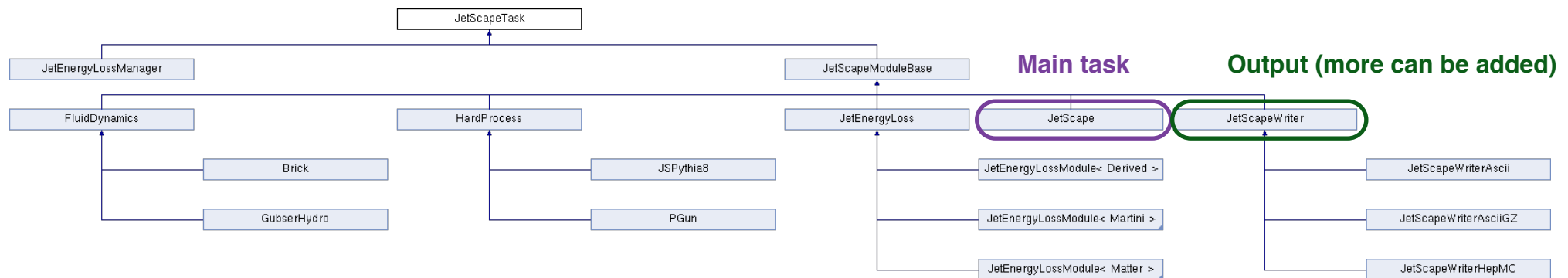
Public Member Functions

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virtual	~JetScapeTask ()
virtual void	Init ()
virtual void	Exec ()
virtual void	Finish ()
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virtual void	ClearTask ()
virtual void	FinishTask ()
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virtual void	Add (shared_ptr< JetScapeTask > m_tasks)
const vector< shared_ptr< JetScapeTask > >	GetTaskList () const
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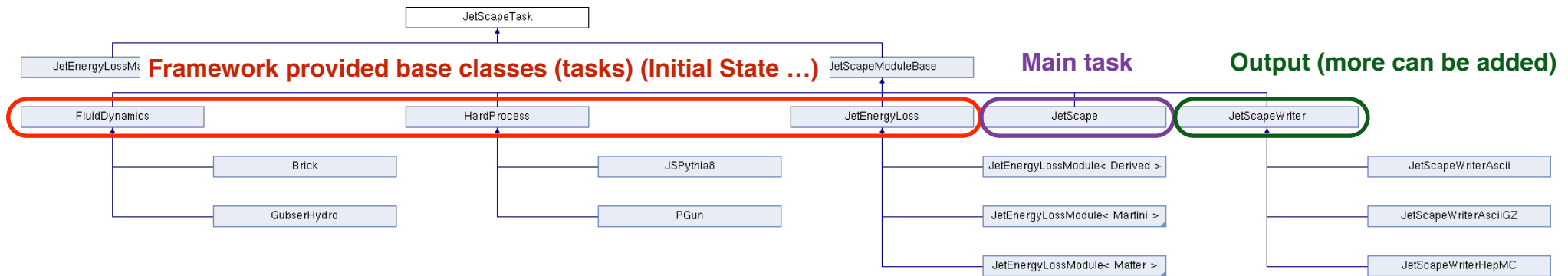
Public Member Functions

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virtual void	Finish ()
virtual void	Clear ()
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The JetScape Task and the derived Module Base Classes



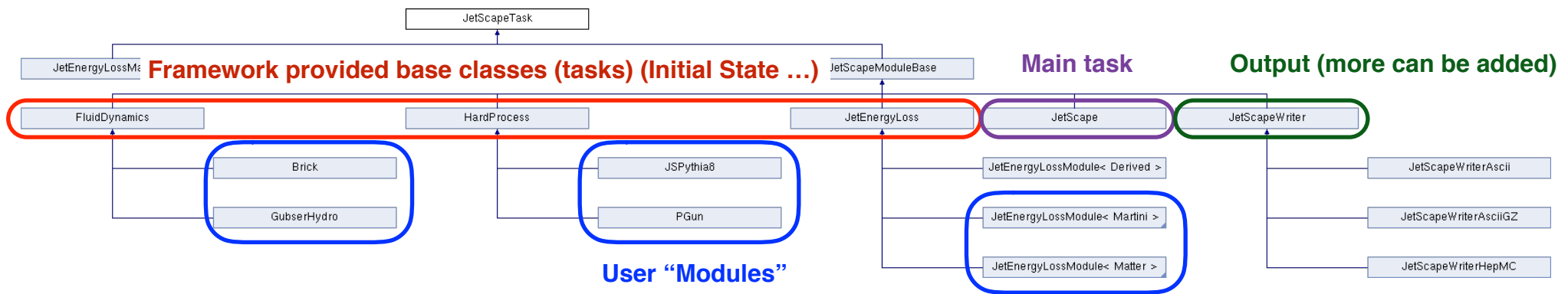
Public Member Functions

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virtual	~JetScapeTask ()
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virtual void	Exec ()
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virtual void	Clear ()
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The JetScape Task and the derived Module Base Classes



Public Member Functions

	JetScapeTask ()
virtual	~JetScapeTask ()
virtual void	Init ()
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virtual void	Finish ()
virtual void	Clear ()
virtual void	ExecuteTasks ()
virtual void	ExecuteTask ()
virtual void	InitTask ()
virtual void	InitTasks ()
virtual void	ClearTasks ()
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shared_ptr< JetScapeTask >	GetTaskAt (int i)
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void	ResizeTaskList (int i)
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Remark: I will not go through every (technical) detail, and all (external) dependencies at this point (pro/cons). Optimizations and changes might be necessary in the future if more "physics" will be included ...

Init and XML ... (JetScapeXML instance)

```
class Matter : public JetEnergyLossModule<Matter>
{
public:

Matter();
virtual ~Matter();
void Init();

...
};
```

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!-- Just for test purposes! -->
<!-- More details and final format to be determined ... -->
<jetscape>

<debug> on </debug>
<remark> off </remark>
<vlevel> 0 </vlevel>

<!-- If for example one wants to run JetScape purely via xml ... -->
<Tasks>
  <task>Matter</task>
  <task>Hydro1</task>
</Tasks>

<!-- Inital State Module ... -->
<IS>

  <Trento>
  </Trento>

</IS>

<!-- Hard Process/Pythia to be included -->

<Hard>

  <!-- Parton Gun test with fixed pT and fixed IS pos = 0 ... -->
  <PGun>
    <name>PGun</name>
    <pT>100</pT>
  </PGun>

</Hard>

<!--Eloss Module ... -->
<Eloss>

  <deltaT>1</deltaT>
  <maxT>10</maxT>

  <!-- Individual Eloss Modules run Eloss and Eloss Manager ... -->
  <!-- Just a test here (no physics implemented in Matter and Martini ... -->
  <Matter>
    <name>Matter</name>
    <param1> 2 </param1>
    <qhat> 1.1 </qhat>
  </Matter>

  <Martini>
    <name > Martini </name>
    <param1> 3 </param1>
  </Martini>

</Eloss>

...
```

Init and XML ... (JetScapeXML instance)

```
class Matter : public JetEnergyLossModule<Matter>
{
public:

Matter();
virtual ~Matter();
void Init();

...
};
```

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!-- Just for test purposes! -->
<!-- More details and final format to be determined ... -->
<jetscape>

<debug> on </debug>
<remark> off </remark>
<vlevel> 0 </vlevel>

<!-- If for example one wants to run JetScape purely via xml ... -->
<Tasks>
  <task>Matter</task>
  <task>Hydro1</task>
</Tasks>

<!-- Inital State Module ... -->
<IS>
```

```
// As example: Toy Matter Eloss
void Matter::Init()
{
INFO<<"Intialize Matter ...";

tinyxml2::XMLElement *eloss= JetScapeXML::Instance()->GetXMLRoot()->FirstChildElement("Eloss" );
tinyxml2::XMLElement *matter=eloss->FirstChildElement("Matter");

if (matter)
{
string s = matter->FirstChildElement( "name" )->GetText();

DEBUG << s << " to be initilized ...";

double m_qhat=-99.99;
matter->FirstChildElement("qhat")->QueryDoubleText(&m_qhat);
SetQhat(m_qhat);

DEBUG << s << " with qhat = "<<GetQhat();
}
else
{
WARN << " : Matter not properly initialized in XML file ...";
exit(-1);
}
}
```

Init and XML ... (JetScapeXML instance)

```
class Matter : public JetEnergyLossModule<Matter>
{
public:

Matter();
virtual ~Matter();
void Init();

...
};
```

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!-- Just for test purposes! -->
<!-- More details and final format to be determined ... -->
<jetscape>

<debug> on </debug>
<remark> off </remark>
<vlevel> 0 </vlevel>

<!-- If for example one wants to run JetScape purely via xml ... -->
<Tasks>
<task>Matter</task>
<task>Hydro1</task>
</Tasks>

<!-- Initial State Module ... -->
<IS>
```

```
// As example: Toy Matter Eloss
void Matter::Init()
{
INFO<<"Intialize Matter ...";

tinyxml2::XMLElement *eloss= JetScapeXML::Instance()->GetXMLRoot()->FirstChildElement("Eloss" );
tinyxml2::XMLElement *matter=eloss->FirstChildElement("Matter");

if (matter)
{
string s = matter->FirstChildElement( "name" )->GetText();

DEBUG << s << " to be initilized ...";

double m_qhat=-99.99;
matter->FirstChildElement("qhat")->QueryDoubleText(&m_qhat);
SetQhat(m_qhat);

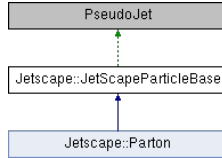
DEBUG << s << " with qhat = "<<GetQhat();
}
else
{
WARN << " : Matter not properly initialized in XML file ...";
exit(-1);
}
}
```


JetScape Framework Data Types

JetScape::JetScapeParticleBase Class Reference

```
#include <JetScapeParticles.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for JetScape::JetScapeParticleBase:



**FastJet (core)
protected
inheritance
Why? Next slide ...**

Public Member Functions

void	reset_momentum (const double px, const double py, const double pz, const double e)
void	reset_momentum (const FourVector &p)
fcore::PseudoJet	GetPseudoJet () const No implicit cast to PseudoJet is allowed, provide a conversion. More...
	JetScapeParticleBase ()
	JetScapeParticleBase (int label, int id, int stat, const FourVector &p, const FourVector &x)
	JetScapeParticleBase (int label, int id, int stat, double pt, double eta, double phi, double e, double ~x=0)
	JetScapeParticleBase (const JetScapeParticleBase &srp)
virtual	~JetScapeParticleBase ()
void	clear ()
void	set_label (int label)
void	set_id (int id)
void	set_stat (int stat)
void	set_x (double x[4])
void	init_jet_v ()
void	set_jet_v (double v[4])
const int	pid ()
const int	pstat ()
const int	plabel ()
const double	time ()
	FourVector & x_in ()
	FourVector & jet_v ()
const double	restmass ()
const double	p (int i)
double	pl ()
const double	nu ()
const double	t_max ()
virtual JetScapeParticleBase &	operator= (JetScapeParticleBase &c)
virtual JetScapeParticleBase &	operator= (const JetScapeParticleBase &c)

Protected Member Functions

void **set_restmass** (double mass_input)
shouldn't be called from the outside, needs to be consistent with PID More...

JetScape::Vertex Class Reference

```
#include <JetClass.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

	Vertex ()
	Vertex (double x, double y, double z, double t)
	Vertex (FourVector &x)
virtual	~Vertex ()
void	set_location (FourVector &x)
FourVector &	x_in ()

Protected Attributes

FourVector **x_in_**

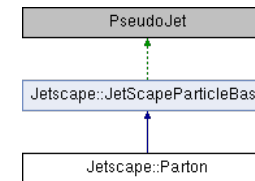
Friends

ostream & **operator<<** (ostream &output, **Vertex** &vertex)

JetScape::Parton Class Reference

```
#include <JetScapeParticles.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for JetScape::Parton:



**Parton Showers as Graph
(container) more later ...**

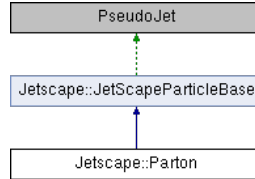
**More data types, like Hadrons ...
as more modules/physics get added**

The Parton Class in more detail ...

Jetscape::Parton Class Reference

```
#include <JetScapeParticles.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Jetscape::Parton:



FastJet
(core)
protected
inheritance

Public Member Functions

virtual void	<code>set_mean_form_time ()</code>
virtual void	<code>set_form_time (double form_time)</code>
virtual double	<code>form_time ()</code>
virtual const double	<code>mean_form_time ()</code>
	<code>Parton (int label, int id, int stat, const FourVector &p, const FourVector &x)</code>
	<code>Parton (int label, int id, int stat, double pt, double eta, double phi, double e, double *x=0)</code>
	<code>Parton (const Parton &srp)</code>
<code>Parton &</code>	<code>operator= (Parton &c)</code>
<code>Parton &</code>	<code>operator= (const Parton &c)</code>
const double	<code>t ()</code>
void	<code>set_t (double t)</code>
	virtuality of particle, : rescales the spatial component More...

► Public Member Functions inherited from `Jetscape::JetScapeParticleBase`

Protected Member Functions

void	<code>initialize_form_time ()</code>
------	--------------------------------------

► Protected Member Functions inherited from `Jetscape::JetScapeParticleBase`

Protected Attributes

double	<code>mean_form_time_</code>	Mean formation time. More...
double	<code>form_time_</code>	event by event formation time More...

► Protected Attributes inherited from `Jetscape::JetScapeParticleBase`

A `JetScapeParticleBase` derives PRIVATELY from FastJet PseudoJet and has additional information:

- PID (from PDG) and rest mass (these should eventually be coupled and only PID kept track of internally)
- A location (creation point) 4-vector
- a label and a status
- currently additional information that should be moved to derived classes or only used as UserInfo

The design choice of protected inheritance is due to a disconnect between available packages. The overwhelming majority of the theory community expects the 0 component to be time/energy, whereas FastJet (and others, like ROOT) prefer t,e to be the fourth component. Private inheritance means we can inherit and make accessible safe methods (with C++11 using), while protecting users from unsafe (explicit component access) ones. Note that this is only necessary because otherwise it's impossible to disallow constructors and getters that explicitly assume indices! IF we could get rid of those or change to the fastjet convention, we could derive publicly and get a true Is_A relationship. Alas.

You can in principle use the base class directly, but it's recommended to use the derived classes `Parton` and/or (todo) `Hadron`, `Lepton`, ...

Warning

PseudoJet doesn't have a concept of rest mass, any mass related functions literally assume $M^2 = E^2 - p * p$. Especially in the case of off-shell partons, the correct interpretation is " $M^2 = E^2 - p^2 == M_0^2 + Q^2 == M_0^2 + t$ ". Therefore, there is the dangerous possibility that functions like `mass()`, `reset_PtYPhiM(...)` can be used by unwitting users and display unexpected behavior. For protection against this possibility, "mass"-related functions in PseudoJet are not made available

Future considerations:

- We should consider making a Pythia8 installation mandatory; with pythia guaranteed to be present, the rest mass lookup could be automatically done using PDG data.
- If ROOT were a mandatory part, `T LorentzVector` would be a good replacement for the homebrewed `FourVector`
- If HepMc were a mandatory part, `HepMc::FourVector` would be a good replacement for the homebrewed `FourVector`

Protected Member Functions

void	<code>set_restmass (double mass_input)</code>	shouldn't be called from the outside, needs to be consistent with PID More...
------	---	---

Protected Attributes

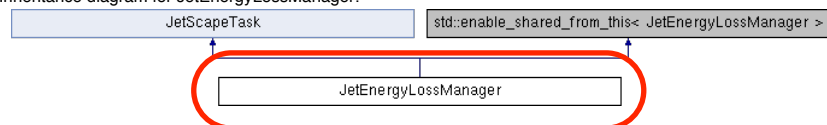
int	<code>pid_</code>	particle id More...
int	<code>pstat_</code>	status of particle More...
int	<code>label_</code>	the line number in the event record More...
double	<code>mass_</code>	rest mass of the particle More...
<code>FourVector</code>	<code>x_in_</code>	position of particle More...
<code>FourVector</code>	<code>jet_v_</code>	jet four vector, without gamma factor (so not really a four vector) More...

Focus on: JetEnergyLoss and JetEnergyLossManager

JetEnergyLossManager Class Reference

```
#include <JetEnergyLossManager.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for JetEnergyLossManager:



Public Member Functions

JetEnergyLossManager ()
virtual ~JetEnergyLossManager ()
virtual void Init ()
virtual void Exec ()
virtual void Clear ()
virtual void WriteTask (weak_ptr< JetScapeWriter > w)
int GetNumSignals ()
void CreateSignalSlots ()
void SetGetHardPartonListConnected (bool m_GetHardPartonListConnected)
const bool GetGetHardPartonListConnected ()

► Public Member Functions inherited from JetScapeTask

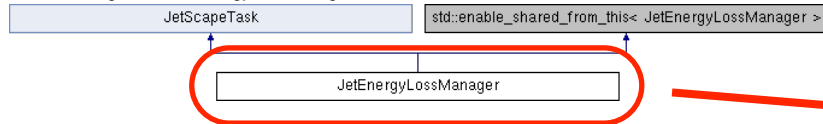
jlossmanager

Focus on: JetEnergyLoss and JetEnergyLossManager

JetEnergyLossManager Class Reference

```
#include <JetEnergyLossManager.h>
```

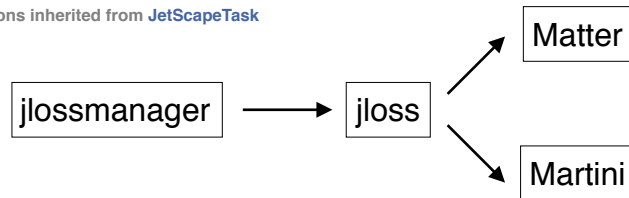
Inheritance diagram for JetEnergyLossManager:



Public Member Functions

JetEnergyLossManager ()
virtual ~JetEnergyLossManager ()
virtual void Init ()
virtual void Exec ()
virtual void Clear ()
virtual void WriteTask (weak_ptr< JetScapeWriter > w)
int GetNumSignals ()
void CreateSignalSlots ()
void SetGetHardPartonListConnected (bool m_GetHardP
const bool GetGetHardPartonListConnected ()

Public Member Functions inherited from JetScapeTask



shared_ptr< Parton > GetShowerInitiatingParton ()
void PrintShowerInitiatingParton ()
double GetDeltaT ()
double GetMaxT ()
shared_ptr< PartonShower > GetShower ()

Public Member Functions inherited from JetScapeModuleBase

Public Member Functions inherited from JetScapeTask

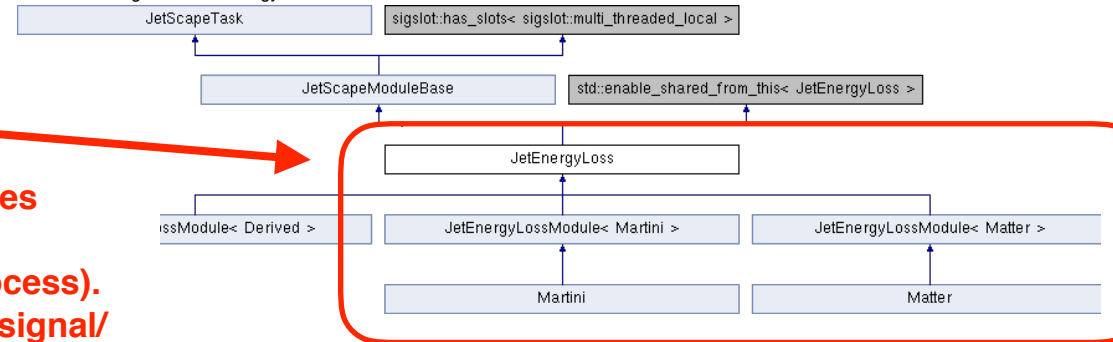
Public Attributes

sigslot::signal2< int, double, multi_threaded_local > jetSignal
sigslot::signal2< int, double &, multi_threaded_local > edensitySignal
sigslot::signal5< double, double, double, double, JetSource, multi_threaded_local > AddJetSourceSignal
sigslot::signal5< double, double, double, double, double &, multi_threaded_local > GetTemperatureSignal
sigslot::signal5< double, double, double, double, FluidCellInfo *, multi_threaded_local > GetHydroCellSignal
sigslot::signal4< double, double, vector< Parton > &, vector< Parton > &, multi_threaded_local > SentInPartons
sigslot::signal1< vector< Parton > &, multi_threaded_local > GetOutPartons

JetEnergyLoss Class Reference

```
#include <JetEnergyLoss.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for JetEnergyLoss:



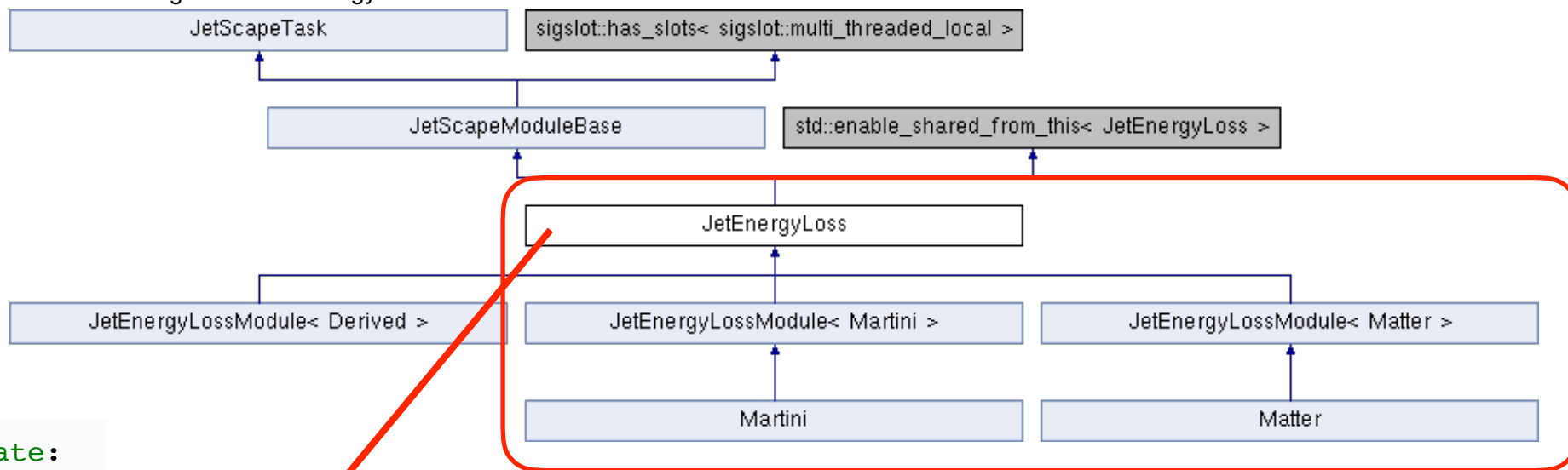
Public Member Functions

JetEnergyLoss ()
JetEnergyLoss (string m_name)
JetEnergyLoss (const JetEnergyLoss &j)
virtual ~JetEnergyLoss ()
virtual shared_ptr< JetEnergyLoss > Clone () const
virtual void Init ()
virtual void Exec () final
virtual void WriteTask (weak_ptr< JetScapeWriter > w)
virtual void Clear ()
virtual void DoEnergyLoss (double deltaT, double Q2, vector< Parton > &pIn, vector< Parton > &pOut)
void SetQhat (double m_qhat)
const double GetQhat () const
void SetJetSignalConnected (bool m_jetSignalConnected)
const bool GetJetSignalConnected () const
void SetEdensitySignalConnected (bool m_edensitySignalConnected)
const bool GetEdensitySignalConnected () const
void SetAddJetSourceSignalConnected (bool m_AddJetSourceSignalConnected)
const bool GetAddJetSourceSignalConnected ()
void SetGetTemperatureSignalConnected (bool m_GetTemperatureSignalConnected)
const bool GetGetTemperatureSignalConnected ()
void SetGetHydroCellSignalConnected (bool m_GetHydroCellSignalConnected)
const bool GetGetHydroCellSignalConnected ()
void SetSentInPartonsConnected (bool m_SentInPartonsConnected)
const bool GetSentInPartonsConnected ()
void SetGetOutPartonsConnected (bool m_GetOutPartonsConnected)
const bool GetGetOutPartonsConnected ()
void AddShowerInitiatingParton (shared_ptr< Parton > p)

Creates as many copies as needed (based on input from IS/HardProcess). Including all relevant signal/slots. Simple to parallelize, checked with C++11 <thread>. Works fine!

Focus on: “Do” Parton Shower in JetScapeEnergyLoss

Inheritance diagram for JetEnergyLoss:



```
private:
```

```
...
```

```
shared_ptr<PartonShower> pShower;
```

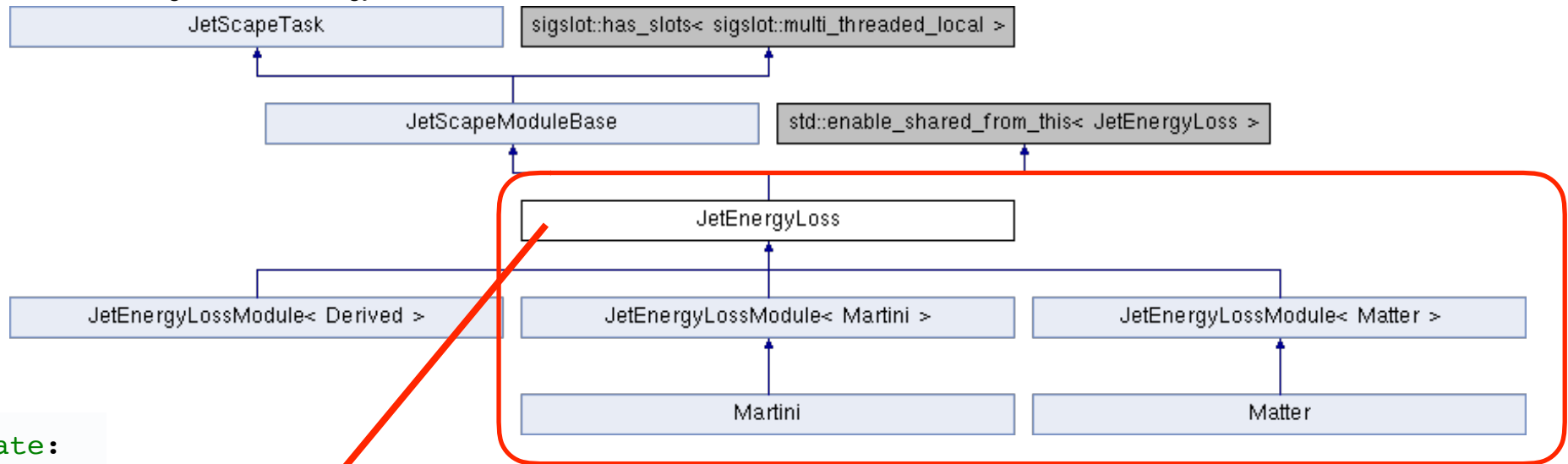
```
node vStart;  
node vEnd;
```

```
void DoShower();
```

**(n) → (m) parton splitting
in time steps deltaT**

Focus on: “Do” Parton Shower in JetScapeEnergyLoss

Inheritance diagram for JetEnergyLoss:



```
private:
```

```
...
```

```
shared_ptr<PartonShower> pShower;
```

```
node vStart;  
node vEnd;
```

```
void DoShower();
```

(n) → (m) parton splitting
in time steps ΔT

DoShower() sends a Signal

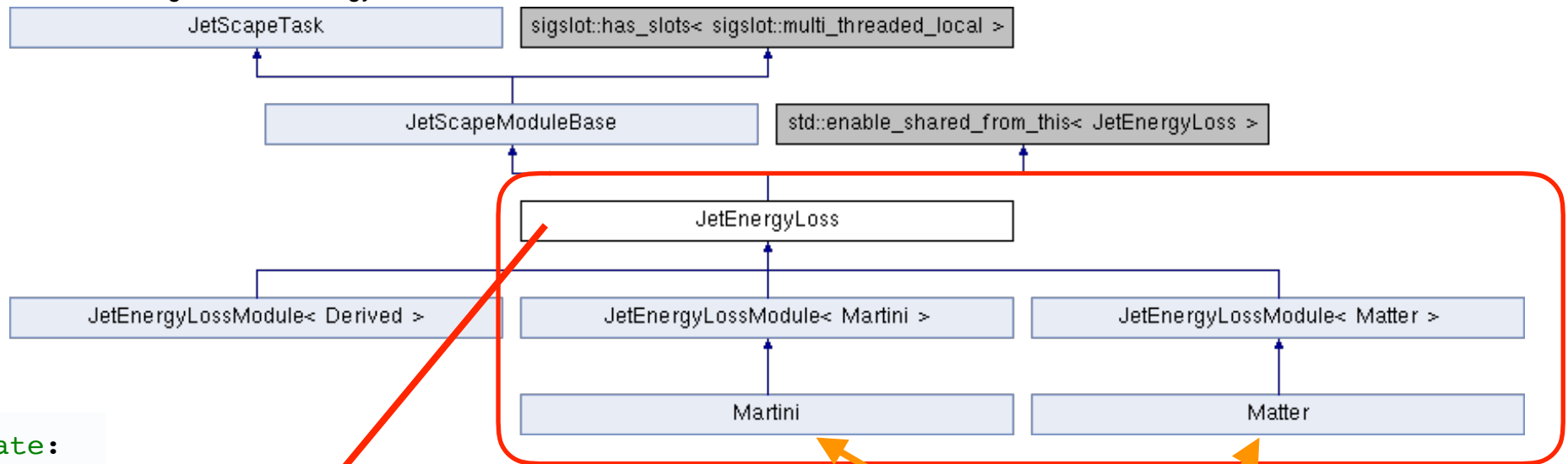
◆ SentInPartons

```
sigslot::signal4<double, double, vector<Parton>&, vector<Parton>&, multi_threaded_local> JetEnergyLoss::SentInPartons
```

Definition at line 56 of file JetEnergyLoss.h.

Focus on: “Do” Parton Shower in JetScapeEnergyLoss

Inheritance diagram for JetEnergyLoss:



private:

...

`shared_ptr<PartonShower> pShower;`

`node vStart;`
`node vEnd;`

`void DoShower();`

(n) → (m) parton splitting
in time steps deltaT

DoShower() sends a Signal

◆ SentInPartons

`sigslot::signal4<double, double, vector<Parton>&, vector<Parton>&, multi_threaded_local> JetEnergyLoss::SentInPartons`

Definition at line 56 of file `JetEnergyLoss.h`.

```
virtual void JetEnergyLoss::DoEnergyLoss ( double          deltaT,
                                           double          Q2,
                                           vector< Parton > & pln,
                                           vector< Parton > & pOut
                                           )
```

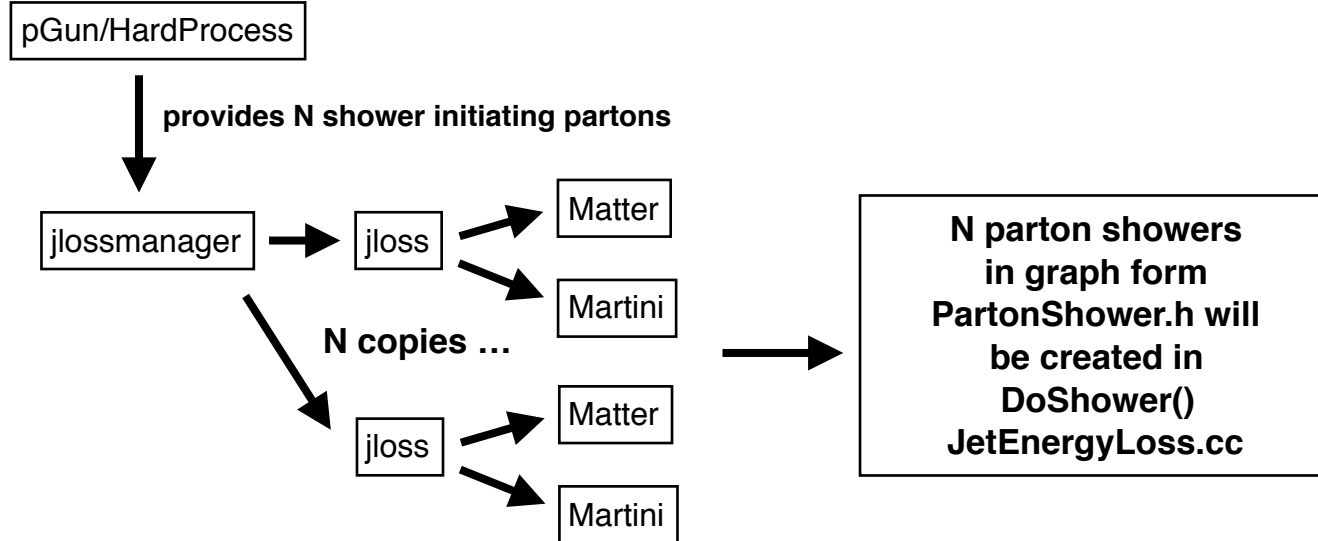
Slot(s)

Reimplemented in `Martini`, and `Matter`.

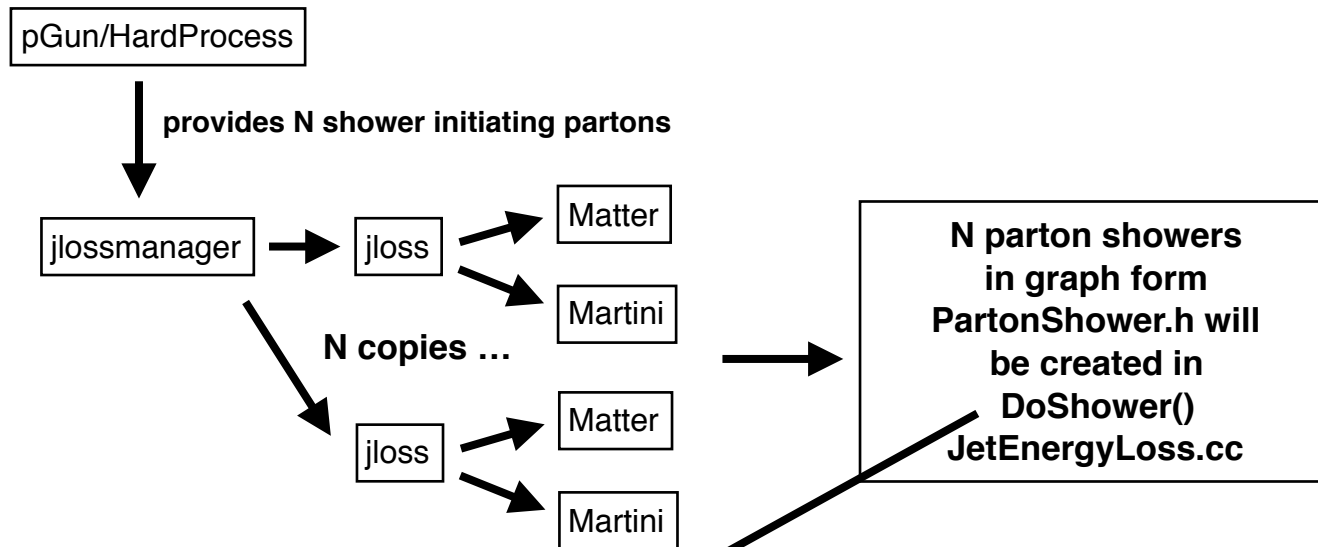
Definition at line 41 of file `JetEnergyLoss.h`.

JetEnergyLoss has signal/slots with Hydro: get energy density and sent energy deposition

In more detail: DoShower() and Graph Generation ...



In more detail: DoShower() and Graph Generation ...



```
void::JetEnergyLoss::DoShower()
{
    vector<Parton> pIn; vector<Parton> pOut;
    ...
    do
    {
        for (int i=0;i<pIn.size();i++)
        {
            ...
            SentInPartons(currentTime,pIn[i].pt() pInTempModule,pOutTemp); //Signal
            ...
            for (int k=0;k<pOutTemp.size();k++)
            {
                vEnd=pShower->new_vertex(make_shared<VertexBase>(0,0,0,currentTime));
                pShower->new_parton(vStart,vEnd,make_shared<Parton>(pOutTemp[k]));
            }
            ...
        }
    }
    while (currentTime<maxT);
}
```

vector of partons used in DoShower() to recursively create the shower (Graph structure not directly used, "just" for storage)

Only vector of partons as input/output for loss modules

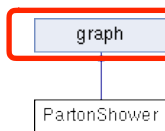
Dynamic generation of graph structure (Parton Shower.h) if something "happened" in an energy loss module ...

JetScape Parton Showers as Graph “Containers” (more later)

PartonShower Class Reference

```
#include <PartonShower.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for PartonShower:



**GTL: Graph
Template
Library**

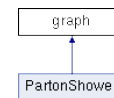
<https://github.com/rdmpage/graph-template-library>

graph Class Reference

A directed or undirected graph. [More...](#)

```
#include <graph.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for graph:



Public Member Functions

	PartonShower ()
virtual	~PartonShower ()
	node new_vertex (shared_ptr< VertexBase > v)
	void new_parton (node s, node t, shared_ptr< Parton > p)
shared_ptr< VertexBase >	GetVertex (node n)
shared_ptr< Parton >	GetParton (edge e)
shared_ptr< Parton >	GetPartonAt (int n)
shared_ptr< VertexBase >	GetVertexAt (int n)
node	GetNodeAt (int n)
edge	GetEdgeAt (int n)
int	GetNumberOfParents (int n)
int	GetNumberOfChilds (int n)
vector< shared_ptr< Parton >>	GetFinalPartons ()
vector< Parton >	GetFinalPartonsForFastJet ()
int	GetNumberOfPartons () const
int	GetNumberOfVertices () const
void	save_node_info_handler (ostream *o, node n) const
void	save_edge_info_handler (ostream *o, edge n) const
void	load_edge_info_handler (edge e, GML_pair *read)
void	load_node_info_handler (node n, GML_pair *read)
void	pre_clear_handler ()
void	PrintVertices ()
void	PrintPartons ()
void	PrintNodes (bool verbose=true)
void	PrintEdges (bool verbose=true)
void	SaveAsGML (string fName)
void	SaveAsGV (string fName)
void	SaveAsGraphML (string fName)

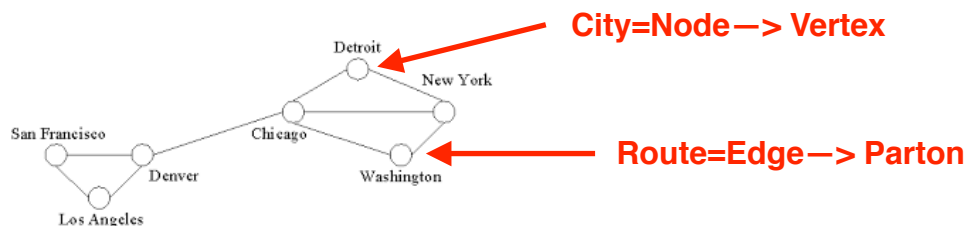
Public Types

```
typedef list< node >::const_iterator node_iterator
typedef list< edge >::const_iterator edge_iterator
```

Public Member Functions

	graph ()
	graph (const graph &G)
	graph (const graph &G, const list< node > &nodes)
	graph (const graph &G, list< node >::const_iterator it, list< node >::const_iterator end)
virtual	~graph ()
void	make_directed ()
void	make_undirected ()
bool	is_directed () const
bool	is_undirected () const
bool	is_bidirected (edge_map< edge > &rev) const
bool	is_connected () const
bool	is_acyclic () const
int	number_of_nodes () const
int	number_of_edges () const
node	center () const
virtual node	new_node ()
virtual edge	new_edge (node s, node t)
virtual edge	new_edge (const list< node > &sources, const list< node > &targets)
void	del_node (node n)
void	del_all_nodes ()

...



Looks complicated, but “User” does not need to know and care ...

A specific (only relevant functionalities for your module), clean and clear (developer) “end-user” interface, take “Matter” for example:

```
class Matter : public JetEnergyLossModule<Matter>
{
public:
    Matter();
    virtual ~Matter();

    void Init();

    void DoEnergyLoss(double deltaT, double Q2,
        vector<Parton>& pIn, vector<Parton>& pOut);

    void WriteTask(weak_ptr<JetScapeWriter> w);

private:
};
```

Optional, only if you want to write out additional informations. The graph/partons will be written by the base class.

Everything else is handled and hidden from the user. You only have to know and care/understand your module: “Partons” and a way to get and sent information to hydro, these interfaces are defined by us.

No additional confusion and exposure to data/implementation of the framework

—> **Safety!** The user can not (by accident) override/change anything in other modules (event class ...), only access via our interfaces!

Looks complicated, but “User” does not need to know and care ...

A specific (or
(developer) “

```
class Matter :  
{  
public:  
    Matter();  
    virtual ~Matter();  
    void Init();  
    void DoEnergyLoss(  
        vector<Parton>& pIn,  
        vector<Parton>& pOut);  
    void WriteTask();  
private:  
};
```

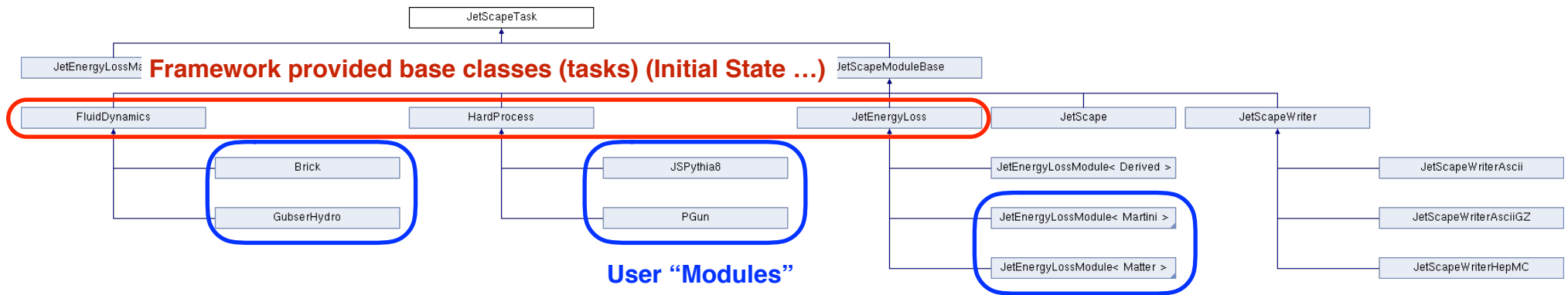
Everything else
and care/unclear
information to
No additional
—> **Safety!**
other methods

```
void Matter::Init()  
{  
    INFO<<"Intialize Matter ...";  
  
    tinyxml2::XMLElement *eloss= JetScapeXML::Instance()->GetXMLRoot()->FirstChildElement("Eloss" );  
    tinyxml2::XMLElement *matter=eloss->FirstChildElement("Matter");  
    ...  
}  
...  
void Matter::DoEnergyLoss(double deltaT, double Q2, vector<Parton>& pIn, vector<Parton>& pOut)  
{  
    double z=0.5;  
  
    if (Q2>5)  
    {  
        VERBOSESHOWER(8)<< MAGENTA << "SentInPartons Signal received : "<<deltaT<<" "<<Q2<<" "<<&pIn;  
  
        FluidCellInfo* check_fluid_info_ptr = new FluidCellInfo;  
        GetHydroCellSignal(1, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0, check_fluid_info_ptr);  
  
        VERBOSE(8)<< MAGENTA<<"Temperature from Brick (Signal) = "<<check_fluid_info_ptr->temperature;  
  
        delete check_fluid_info_ptr;  
  
        double rNum;  
  
        for (int i=0;i<pIn.size();i++)  
        {  
            rNum=distribution(generator);  
  
            // simulate a "random" split 50/50 in pT  
            if (rNum>0.7)  
            {  
                double newPt=pIn[i].pt()*z;  
                double newPt2=pIn[i].pt()*(1-z);  
  
                pOut.push_back(Parton(0,21,0,newPt,pIn[i].eta(),pIn[i].phi(),newPt));  
                pOut.push_back(Parton(0,21,0,newPt2,pIn[i].eta(),pIn[i].phi(),newPt));  
            }  
        }  
  
        if (rNum>0.9)  
        {  
            pIn.push_back(Parton(0,21,0,1.5,0,pIn[0].phi(),1.5);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**Toy splitting, no physics
for testing/demo.**

**From a Users perspective:
YOUR PHYSICS GOES HERE!**

Generically: How to create your own physics module?



Derive your physics module from the JetScape framework provided bases classes: *FluidDynamics*, *HardProcess*, *JetEnergyLoss*, *InitialState* ...

These base classes provide the **interface and data types** (defined by the JetScape framework) —> **Override** these interface functions following the task based approach:
Init(), *Exec()*, *Finish()* ... (some modules require to override different functions according to their physics needs. A comprehensive manual will be provided at release time ...)

Two different approaches concerning your physics code:

- Implement your **code directly** in your derived JetScape class
- Use the derived JetScape class as a **wrapper** to your code (either source or library)

More details in the working sessions ...

Our “Toy Brick” Test

```
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
  ...
  JetScapeLogger::Instance()->SetDebug(false);
  JetScapeLogger::Instance()->SetVerboseLevel(0);

  auto jetscape = make_shared<JetScape>("./jetscape_init.xml",3);
  auto jlossmanager = make_shared<JetEnergyLossManager> ();
  auto jloss = make_shared<JetEnergyLoss> ();
  auto matter = make_shared<Matter> ();
  auto martini = make_shared<Martini> ();

  auto pGun= make_shared<PGun> ();
  auto hydro = make_shared<Brick> ();
  auto writer= make_shared<JetScapeWriterAscii> ("test_out.dat");

  jetscape->Add(pGun);
  jetscape->Add(hydro);
  jloss->Add(matter);
  jloss->Add(martini);
  jlossmanager->Add(jloss);

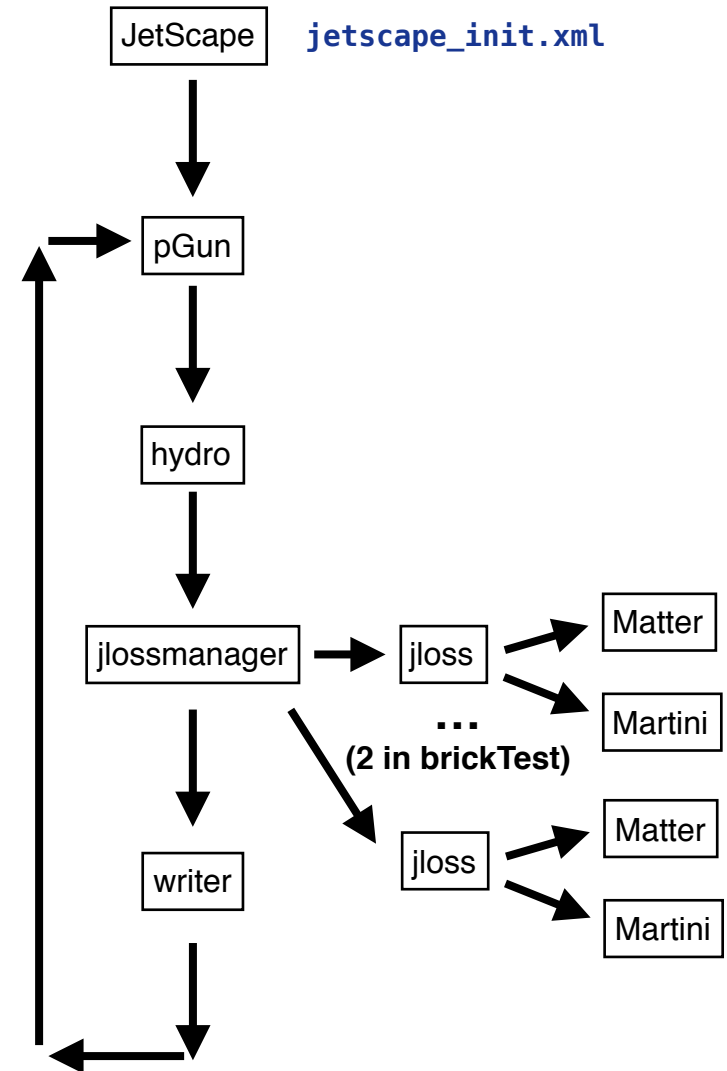
  jetscape->Add(jlossmanager);
  jetscape->Add(writer);

  // Intialize all modules tasks
  jetscape->Init();

  // Run JetScape with all task/modules as specified ...
  jetscape->Exec();

  jetscape->Finish();

  ...
  return 0;
}
```



Our “Toy Brick” Test

```
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
    ...
    JetScapeLogger::Instance()->SetDebug(false);
    JetScapeLogger::Instance()->SetVerboseLevel(0);

    auto jetscape = make_shared<JetScape>("./jetscape_init.xml",3);
    auto jlossmanager = make_shared<JetEnergyLossManager> ();
    auto jloss = make_shared<JetEnergyLoss> ();
    auto matter = make_shared<Matter> ();
    auto martini = make_shared<Martini> ();

    auto pGun= make_shared<PGun> ();
    auto hydro = make_shared<Brick> ();
    auto writer= make_shared<JetScapeWriterAscii> ("test_out.dat");

    jetscape->Add(pGun);
    jetscape->Add(hydro);
    jloss->Add(matter);
    jloss->Add(martini);
    jlossmanager->Add(jloss);

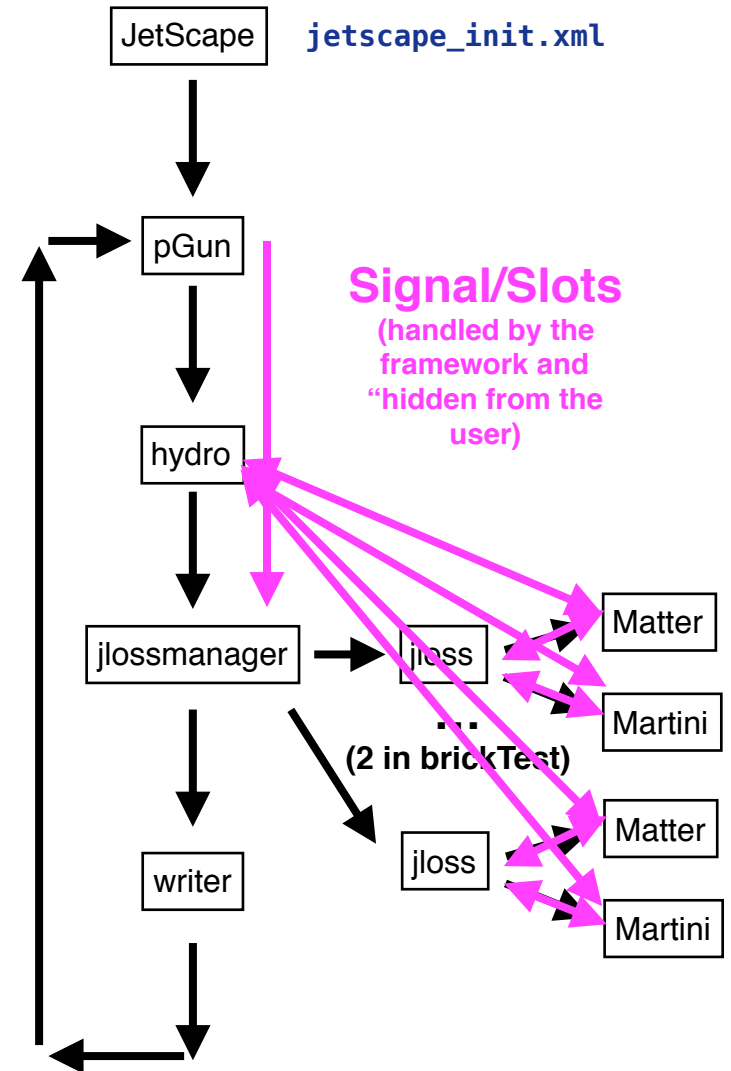
    jetscape->Add(jlossmanager);
    jetscape->Add(writer);

    // Intialize all modules tasks
    jetscape->Init();

    // Run JetScape with all task/modules as specified ...
    jetscape->Exec();

    jetscape->Finish();

    ...
    return 0;
}
```



“Stress” Test ...

```
...
[Info] 1MB Run JetScape ...
[Info] 1MB Number of Events = 1000
[Info] 1MB Run Event # = 0
[Info] 1MB Run Hard Process : PGun ...
[Info] 3MB Run Hydro : Brick ...
[Info] 3MB Run JetEnergyLoss Manager ...
[Info] 3MB Number of Hard Partons = 10000
[Info] 32MB Found 10000 Eloss Manager Tasks/Modules Execute them ...
[Info] 263MB 10000 Eloss Manager Tasks/Modules finished.
[Info] 263MB Run JetScapeWriterAscii: Write event # 0 ...
[Info] 14MB Run Event # = 1
[Info] 14MB Run Hard Process : PGun ...
[Info] 14MB Run Hydro : Brick ...
[Info] 14MB Run JetEnergyLoss Manager ...
[Info] 14MB Number of Hard Partons = 10000
[Info] 34MB Found 10000 Eloss Manager Tasks/Modules Execute them ...
[Info] 263MB 10000 Eloss Manager Tasks/Modules finished.
[Info] 263MB Run JetScapeWriterAscii: Write event # 1 ...
[Info] 17MB Run Event # = 2
[Info] 17MB Run Hard Process : PGun ...
[Info] 16MB Run Hydro : Brick ...
[Info] 16MB Run JetEnergyLoss Manager ...
[Info] 16MB Number of Hard Partons = 10000
[Info] 34MB Found 10000 Eloss Manager Tasks/Modules Execute them ...
[Info] 263MB 10000 Eloss Manager Tasks/Modules finished.
[Info] 263MB Run JetScapeWriterAscii: Write event # 2 ...
[Info] 16MB Run Event # = 3
[Info] 16MB Run Hard Process : PGun ...
[Info] 16MB Run Hydro : Brick ...
[Info] 16MB Run JetEnergyLoss Manager ...
[Info] 16MB Number of Hard Partons = 10000
[Info] 34MB Found 10000 Eloss Manager Tasks/Modules Execute them ...
[Info] 260MB 10000 Eloss Manager Tasks/Modules finished.
[Info] 260MB Run JetScapeWriterAscii: Write event # 3 ...
[Info] 14MB Run Event # = 4
[Info] 14MB Run Hard Process : PGun ...
[Info] 15MB Run Hydro : Brick ...
[Info] 15MB Run JetEnergyLoss Manager ...
[Info] 15MB Number of Hard Partons = 10000
[Info] 34MB Found 10000 Eloss Manager Tasks/Modules Execute them ...
...
```

In short:

No memory leaks!
All signal/slots working!

Also parallelization of
Eloss tasks via C++11
<task> (not shown)

...

(more differential via
further debug outputs
or Xcode ...)

“Output format” (Ascii, gzipped Ascii or HepMC)

```
0 Event
# HardProcess Parton List: PGun
0 21 0 100 0 0.826476 100 0 0 0 0
0 -3 0 100 0 3.34748 100 0 0 0 0
# Energy loss Shower Initiating Parton: Jet
0 21 0 100 0 0.826476 100 0 0 0 0
# Parton Shower in JetScape format to be
[0] 0 0 0 0
[1] 0 0 0 0
[2] 0 0 0 2
[3] 0 0 0 2
[4] 0 0 0 4
[5] 0 0 0 4
[6] 0 0 0 5
[7] 0 0 0 5
[8] 0 0 0 5
[9] 0 0 0 4
[10] 0 0 0 5
[11] 0 0 0 4
[12] 0 0 0 6
[13] 0 0 0 5
[14] 0 0 0 6
[15] 0 0 0 5
[16] 0 0 0 6
[17] 0 0 0 5
[18] 0 0 0 6
[19] 0 0 0 5
[20] 0 0 0 6
[21] 0 0 0 6
[22] 0 0 0 7
[23] 0 0 0 7
[24] 0 0 0 7
[25] 0 0 0 7
[26] 0 0 0 8
[27] 0 0 0 8
[28] 0 0 0 8
[29] 0 0 0 8
[30] 0 0 0 8
[31] 0 0 0 7
[32] 0 0 0 8
[33] 0 0 0 7
[34] 0 0 0 10
[35] 0 0 0 9
[36] 0 0 0 10
[37] 0 0 0 9
[38] 0 0 0 10
[39] 0 0 0 10
```

Node→Vertex

```
[0]→[1] 0 21 0 100 0 0.826476 100 0 0 0 0
[1]→[2] 0 21 0 50 0 0.826476 50 0 0 0 0
[1]→[3] 0 21 0 50 0 0.826476 50 0 0 0 0
[2]→[4] 0 21 0 25 0 0.826476 25 0 0 0 0
[2]→[5] 0 21 0 25 0 0.826476 25 0 0 0 0
[3]→[6] 0 21 0 25 0 0.826476 25 0 0 0 0
[3]→[7] 0 21 0 25 0 0.826476 25 0 0 0 0
[5]→[8] 0 21 0 12.5 0 0.826476 12.5 0 0 0 0
[9]→[8] 0 21 0 1.5 0 0.826476 1.5 0 0 0 0
[5]→[10] 0 21 0 12.5 0 0.826476 12.5 0 0 0 0
[11]→[10] 0 21 0 1.5 0 0.826476 1.5 0 0 0 0
[4]→[12] 0 21 0 12.5 0 0.826476 12.5 0 0 0 0
[13]→[12] 0 21 0 1.5 0 0.826476 1.5 0 0 0 0
[4]→[14] 0 21 0 12.5 0 0.826476 12.5 0 0 0 0
[15]→[14] 0 21 0 1.5 0 0.826476 1.5 0 0 0 0
[8]→[16] 0 21 0 6.25 0 0.826476 6.25 0 0 0 0
[17]→[16] 0 21 0 1.5 0 0.826476 1.5 0 0 0 0
[8]→[18] 0 21 0 6.25 0 0.826476 6.25 0 0 0 0
[19]→[18] 0 21 0 1.5 0 0.826476 1.5 0 0 0 0
[10]→[20] 0 21 0 6.25 0 0.826476 6.25 0 0 0 0
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[14]→[23] 0 21 0 6.25 0 0.826476 6.25 0 0 0 0
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[6]→[27] 0 21 0 12.5 0 0.826476 12.5 0 0 0 0
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[18]→[38] 0 21 0 3.125 0 0.826476 3.125 0 0 0 0
[18]→[39] 0 21 0 3.125 0 0.826476 3.125 0 0 0 0
# ElossModule Parton List:Matter
# Energy loss to be implemented accordingly ...
1 Event
...
```

Conceptually similar to HepMC (also available as output)

Edge→Parton

Reading in, “Closure Test” and some “Analysis”: FastJet and Graph traversing

```
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
    ...
    cout<<endl;
    Show();

    //Do some dummy jetfinding ...
    fjcore::JetDefinition jet_def(fjcore::antikt_algorithm, 0.7);

    vector<shared_ptr<PartonShower>> mShowers;

    auto reader=make_shared<JetScapeReaderAscii>("test_out.dat");

    while (!reader->Finished())
    {
        reader->Next();

        cout<<"Analyze current event = "<<reader->GetCurrentEvent()<<endl;
        mShowers=reader->GetPartonShowers();

        for (int i=0;i<mShowers.size();i++)
        {
            cout<<" Analyze parton shower = "<<i<<endl;

            mShowers[i]->PrintVertices();
            mShowers[i]->PrintPartons();

            //Anti-kT jet finding ... (see: JetDefinition jet_def(antikt_algorithm, 0.7);)
            //Already easily available via inclusion of fjcore ...
            fjcore::ClusterSequence cs(mShowers[i]->GetFinalPartonsForFastJet(), jet_def);
            vector<fjcore::PseudoJet> jets = fjcore::sorted_by_pt(cs.inclusive_jets(2));
            cout<<endl;
            cout<<jet_def.description()<<endl;
            // Output of found jets ...
            //cout<<endl;
            for (int k=0;k<jets.size();k++)
                cout<<"Anti-kT jet " <<k<<" : " <<jets[k]<<endl;
            cout<<endl;
            cout<<"Shower initiating parton : " <<*(mShowers[i]->GetPartonAt(0))<<endl;
            cout<<endl;

            AnalyzeGraph(mShowers[i]);

            if (i==0)
            {
                mShowers[i]->SaveAsGV("my_test.gv");
                ...
            }
        }
    }
    ...
}
```

Reading in, "Closure Test" and some "Analysis": FastJet and Graph traversing

```
...
int main() {
  [Info] 17MB  Open Input File = test_out.dat
  [Info] 17MB  File opened
  ...
  [Info] 17MB  Current Event = 0
  cout << "Analyze current event = 0\n";
  Show << "Analyze parton shower = 0\n";
  //Dc
  fjcore
  vertex
  auto
  while
  {
    Vertex list : [0]=0 [1]=0 [2]=2 [3]=2 [4]=4 [5]=4 [6]=5 [7]=5 [8]=5 [9]=4 [10]=5 [11]=4 [12]=6 [13]=5 [14]=6
    [15]=5 [16]=6 [17]=5 [18]=6 [19]=5 [20]=6 [21]=6 [22]=7 [23]=7 [24]=7 [25]=7 [26]=8 [27]=8 [28]=8 [29]=8 [30]=8
    [31]=7 [32]=8 [33]=7 [34]=10 [35]=9 [36]=10 [37]=9 [38]=10 [39]=10
    Parton list : [0]-->[1]=100 [1]-->[2]=50 [1]-->[3]=50 [2]-->[4]=25 [2]-->[5]=25 [3]-->[6]=25 [3]-->[7]=25 [5]--
    >[8]=12.5 [9]-->[8]=1.5 [5]-->[10]=12.5 [11]-->[10]=1.5 [4]-->[12]=12.5 [13]-->[12]=1.5 [4]-->[14]=12.5 [15]--
    >[14]=1.5 [8]-->[16]=6.25 [17]-->[16]=1.5 [8]-->[18]=6.25 [19]-->[18]=1.5 [10]-->[20]=6.25 [10]-->[21]=6.25
    [14]-->[22]=6.25 [14]-->[23]=6.25 [21]-->[24]=3.125 [21]-->[25]=3.125 [6]-->[26]=12.5 [6]-->[27]=12.5 [12]--
    >[28]=6.25 [12]-->[29]=6.25 [23]-->[30]=3.125 [31]-->[30]=1.5 [23]-->[32]=3.125 [33]-->[32]=1.5 [16]-->[34]=3.125
    [35]-->[34]=1.5 [16]-->[36]=3.125 [37]-->[36]=1.5 [18]-->[38]=3.125 [18]-->[39]=3.125
    #-----
    #           FastJet release 3.2.1 [fjcore]
    #           M. Cacciari, G.P. Salam and G. Soyez
    #           A software package for jet finding and analysis at colliders
    #           http://fastjet.fr
    #
    # Please cite EPJC72(2012)1896 [arXiv:1111.6097] if you use this package
    # for scientific work and optionally PLB641(2006)57 [hep-ph/0512210].
    #
    # FastJet is provided without warranty under the terms of the GNU GPLv2.
    # It uses T. Chan's closest pair algorithm, S. Fortune's Voronoi code
    # and 3rd party plugin jet algorithms. See COPYING file for details.
    #-----

    Longitudinally invariant anti-kt algorithm with R = 0.7 and E scheme recombination
    Anti-kt jet 0 :  pt = 106 m = -1.90735e-06 y = 1.11022e-16 phi = 0.826476

    Shower initiating parton : 0 21 0 100 0 0.826476 100 0 0 0 0

    [Info] 17MB  Some GTL graph/shower analysis/dfs search output:

    DFS graph search feature from GTL:
    Number of Nodes reached from node 0 = 40
    Node/Vertex ordering result from DFS:
    [0] [1] [3] [7] [6] [27] [26] [2] [5] [10] [21] [25] [24] [20] [8] [18] [39] [38] [16] [36] [34] [4] [14] [23]
    [32] [30] [22] [12] [29] [28] [9] [11] [13] [15] [17] [19] [31] [33] [35] [37]
    Edge/Parton ordering result from DFS:
    [0]-->[1] [1]-->[3] [3]-->[7] [3]-->[6] [6]-->[27] [6]-->[26] [1]-->[2] [2]-->[5] [5]-->[10] [10]-->[21] [21]-->[25] [21]--
    >[24] [10]-->[20] [5]-->[8] [8]-->[18] [18]-->[39] [18]-->[38] [8]-->[16] [16]-->[36] [16]-->[34] [2]-->[4] [4]-->[14]
    [14]-->[23] [23]-->[32] [23]-->[30] [14]-->[22] [4]-->[12] [12]-->[29] [12]-->[28]
    List of root nodes found in graph/shower : [0] [9] [11] [13] [15] [17] [19] [31] [33] [35] [37]
  }
}

```

Reading in, "Closure Test" and some "Analysis": FastJet and Graph traversing

```
...
int ma [Info] 17MB  Open Input File = test_out.dat
{ [Info] 17MB  File opened
  ... [Info] 17MB  Current Event = 0
  cout Analyze current event = 0
  Show Analyze parton shower = 0
  //Do Vertex list : [0]=0 [1]=0 [2]=2 [3]=2 [4]=4 [5]=4 [6]=5 [7]=5 [8]=5 [9]=4 [10]=5 [11]=4 [12]=6 [13]=5 [14]=6
  fjco [15]=5 [16]=6 [17]=5 [18]=6 [19]=5 [20]=6 [21]=6 [22]=7 [23]=7 [24]=7 [25]=7 [26]=8 [27]=8 [28]=8 [29]=8 [30]=8
  vect [31]=7 [32]=8 [33]=7 [34]=10 [35]=9 [36]=10 [37]=9 [38]=10 [39]=10
  auto Parton list : [0]-->[1]=100 [1]-->[2]=50 [1]-->[3]=50 [2]-->[4]=25 [2]-->[5]=25 [3]-->[6]=25 [3]-->[7]=25 [5]--
  whil >[8]=12.5 [9]-->[8]=1.5 [5]-->[10]=12.5 [11]-->[10]=1.5 [4]-->[12]=12.5 [13]-->[12]=1.5 [4]-->[14]=12.5 [15]--
  { >[14]=1.5 [8]-->[16]=6.25 [17]-->[16]=1.5 [8]-->[18]=6.25 [19]-->[18]=1.5 [10]-->[20]=6.25 [10]-->[21]=6.25
  [14]-->[22]=6.25 [14]-->[23]=6.25 [21]-->[24]=3.125 [21]-->[25]=3.125 [6]-->[26]=12.5 [6]-->[27]=12.5 [12]--
  [28]=6.25 [12]-->[29]=6.25 [23]-->[30]=3.125 [31]-->[30]=1.5 [23]-->[32]=3.125 [33]-->[32]=1.5 [16]-->[34]=3.125
  [35]-->[34]=1.5 [16]-->[36]=3.125 [37]-->[36]=1.5 [18]-->[38]=3.125 [18]-->[39]=3.125
  #-----
  #           FastJet release 3.2.1 [fjcore]
  #           M. Cacciari, G.P. Salam and G. Soyez
  #           A software package for jet finding and analysis at colliders
  #           http://fastjet.fr
  #
  # Please cite EPJC72(2012)1896 [arXiv:1111.6097] if you use this package
  # for scientific work and optionally PLB641(2006)57 [hep-ph/0512210].
  #
  # FastJet is provided without warranty under the terms of the GNU GPLv2.
  # It uses T. Chan's closest pair algorithm, S. Fortune's Voronoi code
  # and 3rd party plugin jet algorithms. See COPYING file for details.
  #-----
  Longitudinally invariant anti-kt algorithm with R = 0.7 and E scheme recombination
  Anti-kt jet 0 :   pt = 106 m = -1.90735e-06 y = 1.11022e-16 phi = 0.826476
  Shower initiating parton : 0 21 0 100 0 0.826476 100 0 0 0 0
  [Info] 17MB  Some GTL graph/shower analysis/dfs search output:
  DFS graph search feature from GTL:
  Number of Nodes reached from node 0 = 40
  Node/Vertex ordering result from DFS:
  [0] [1] [3] [7] [6] [27] [26] [2] [5] [10] [21] [25] [24] [20] [8] [18] [39] [38] [16] [36] [34] [4] [14] [23]
  [32] [30] [22] [12] [29] [28] [9] [11] [13] [15] [17] [19] [31] [33] [35] [37]
  Edge/Parton ordering result from DFS:
  [0]-->[1] [1]-->[3] [3]-->[7] [3]-->[6] [6]-->[27] [6]-->[26] [1]-->[2] [2]-->[5] [5]-->[10] [10]-->[21] [21]-->[25] [21]--
  >[24] [10]-->[20] [5]-->[8] [8]-->[18] [18]-->[39] [18]-->[38] [8]-->[16] [16]-->[36] [16]-->[34] [2]-->[4] [4]-->[14]
  [14]-->[23] [23]-->[32] [23]-->[30] [14]-->[22] [4]-->[12] [12]-->[29] [12]-->[28]
  List of root nodes found in graph/shower : [0] [9] [11] [13] [15] [17] [19] [31] [33] [35] [37]
```

A non-physical JetScape Parton Shower as a Graph ...

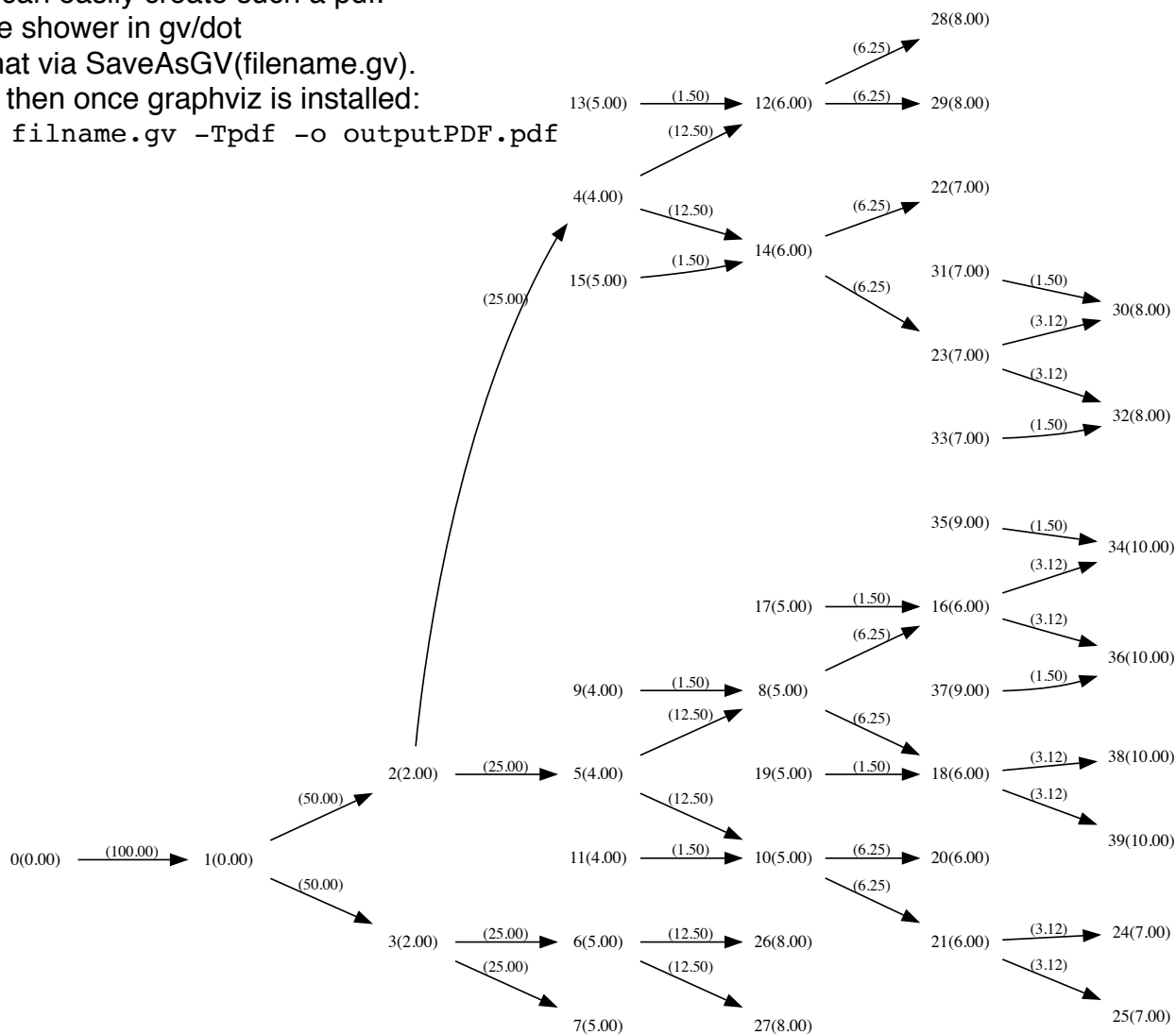
With graphViz installed on your computer,
you can easily create such a pdf.

Save shower in gv/dot

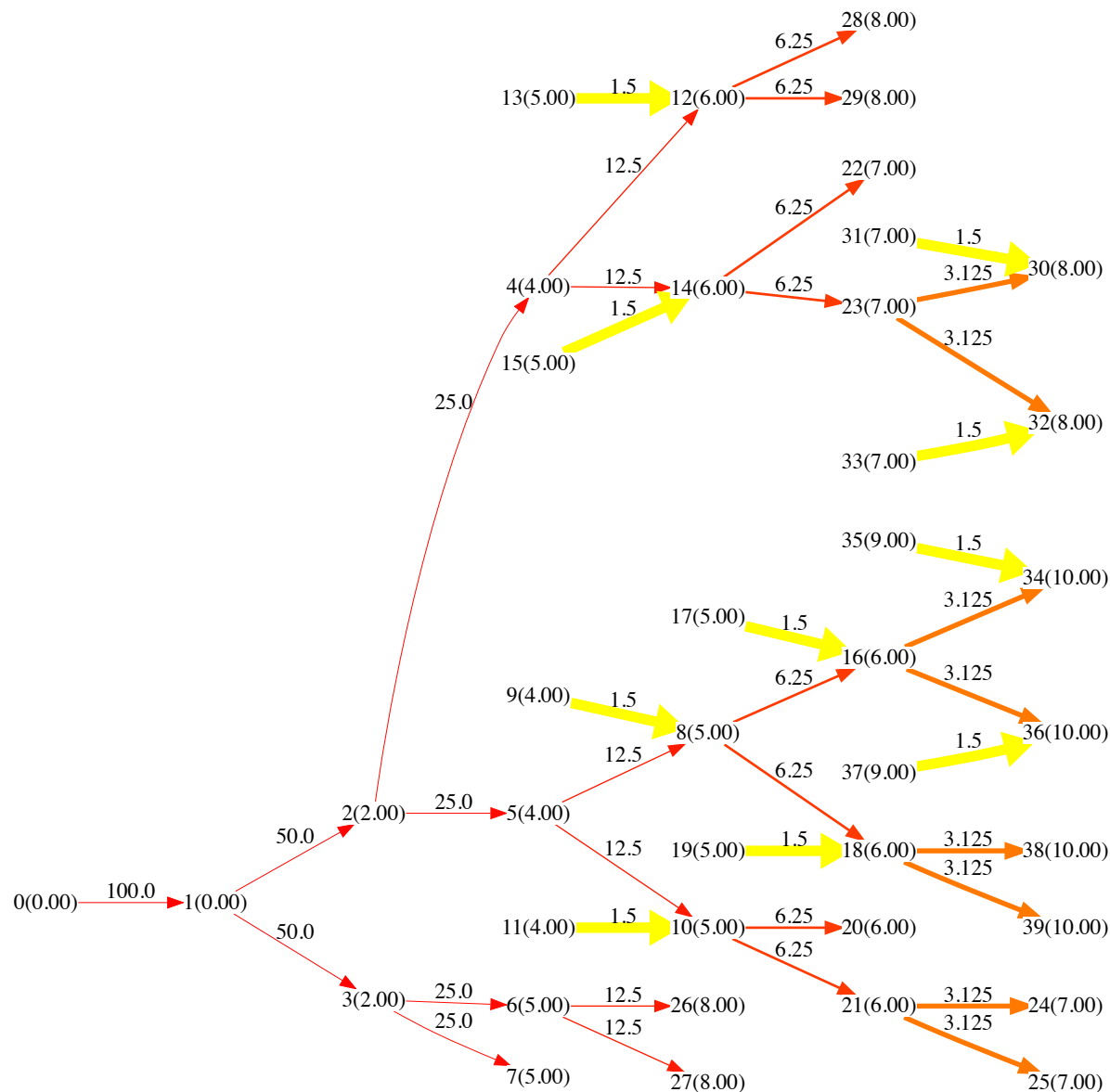
format via SaveAsGV(filename.gv).

And then once graphviz is installed:

```
dot filename.gv -Tpdf -o outputPDF.pdf
```



A non-physical JetScape Parton Shower as a Graph ...

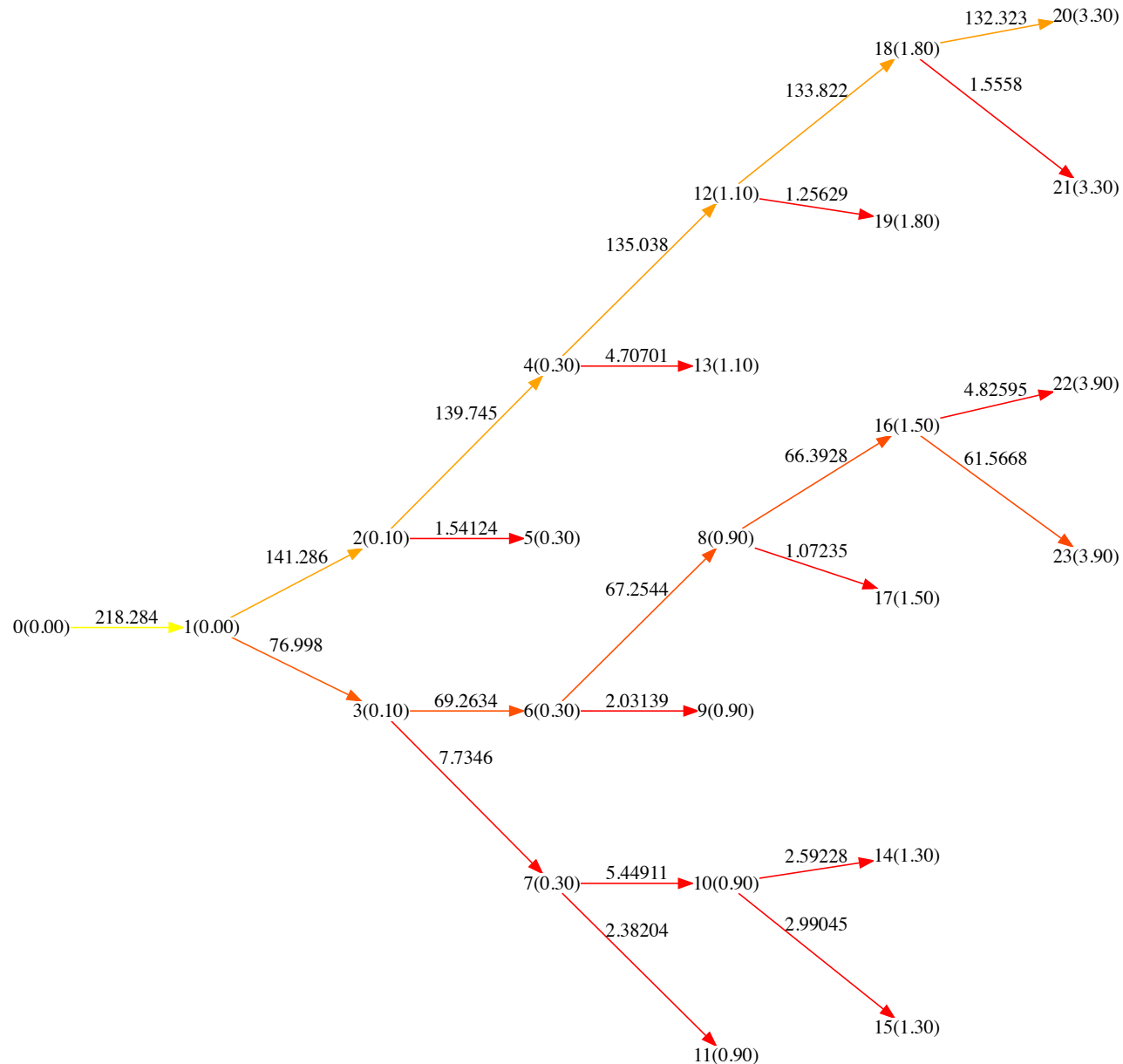


Why graphs?

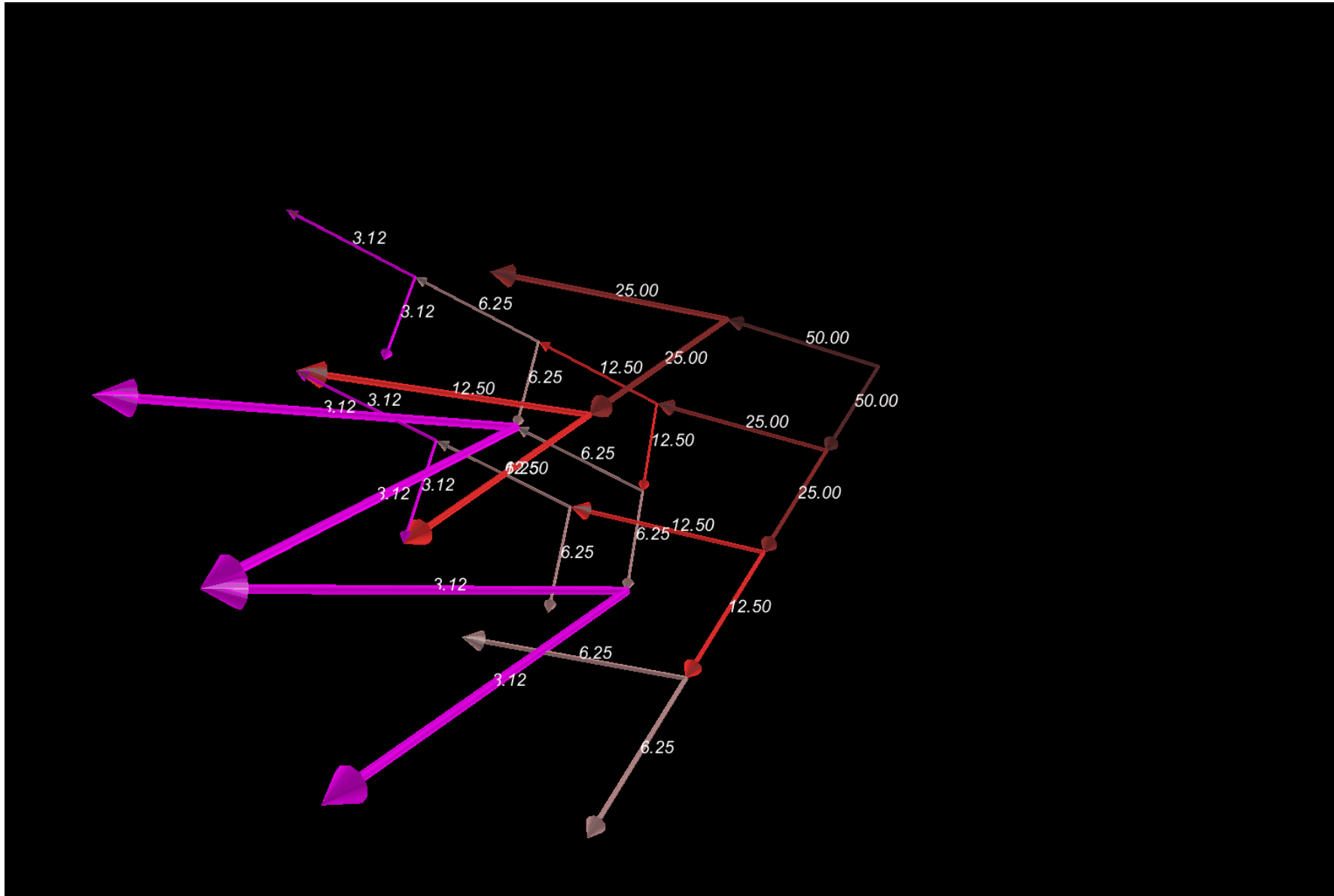
- Graphs are the most generic way of storing “tree”-like informations. A tree = directed acyclic graph. (Used in HepMc but w/o access to “direct graph” features like DFS,BFS ... search)
- Graphs are ideal to “search” for connectivity. What hadron belongs to what parton(s). What part of the shower is affected by “medium” partons/initial state ...
- A lot of very well established mathematical/computer science algorithms to search/analyze graphs. No need for us to reinvent the wheel!
- Easier interface/usability than having to go through the event record hierarchy on you own.
- Good for visualization (again a lot of tools available) → Movies!
- Allows us to ask different/extend physics questions?
- Nice connection to computer science → develop/extend graphs for physics; multi-layer graphs ...

And if we do need any other aspects we can always reduce the graph to vectors of partons ... at a later stage in our interface. So nothing lost, only potential gains!

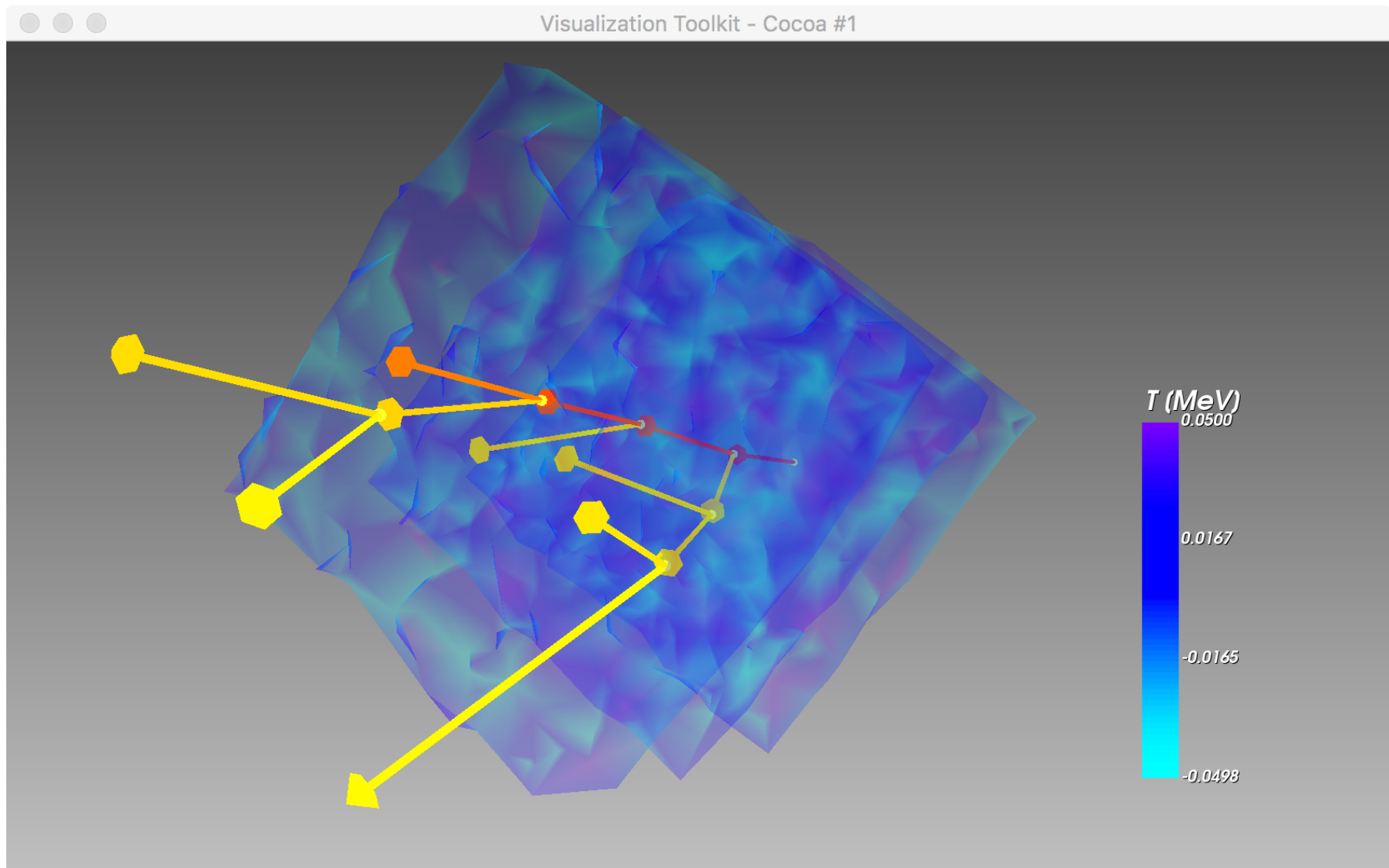
(Hot of the press) A physical Matter Shower as a Graph



Visualization: Toy shower in ROOT

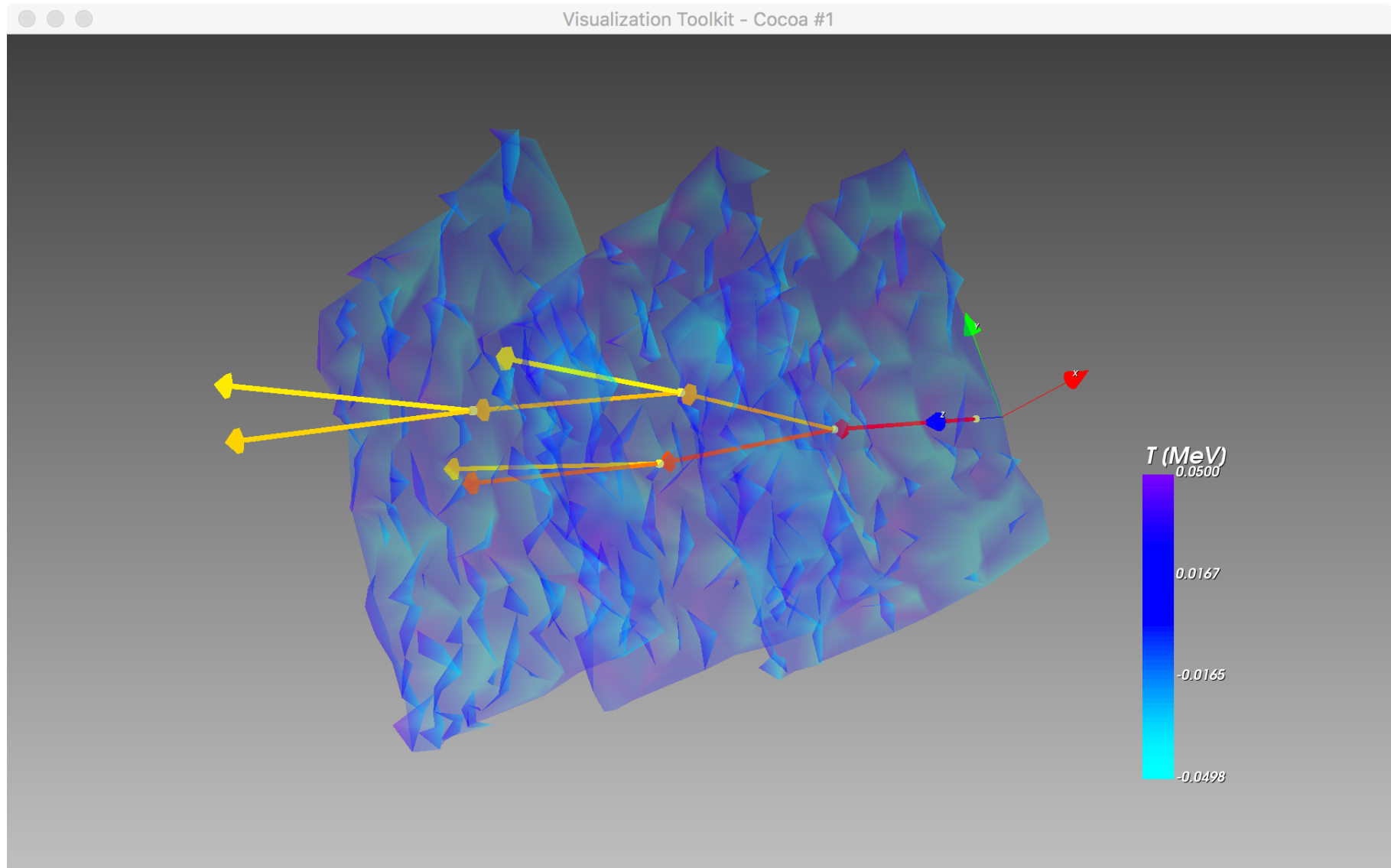


Visualization: A Pythia8 Shower (with fake Medium) ...



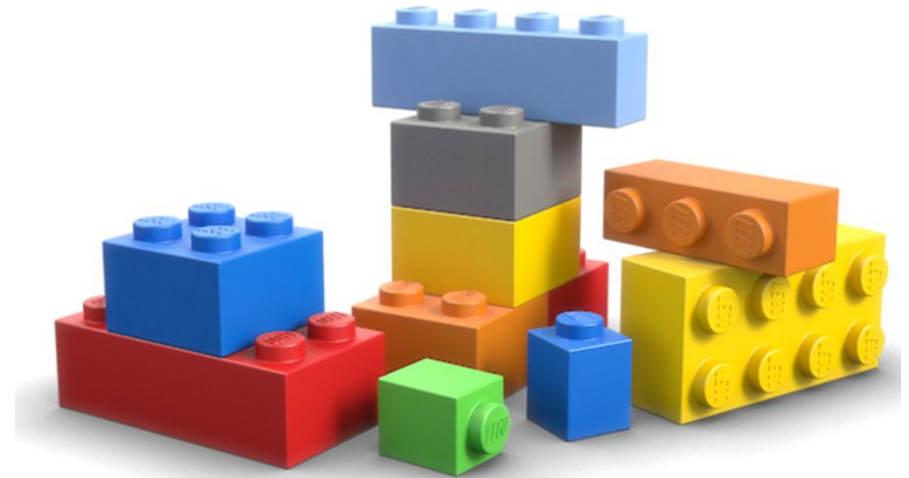
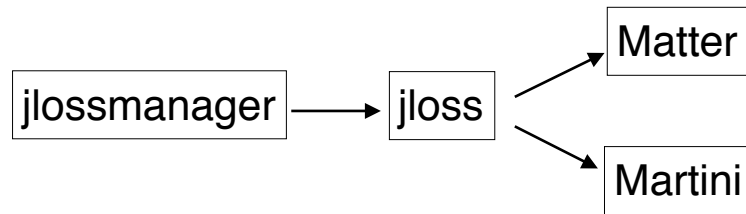
**For 3d visualization and movies (besides ROOT) we can use VTK!
(Used by hydro and SMASH, so consistent integration)**

Visualization: A Pythia8 Shower (with fake Medium) ...

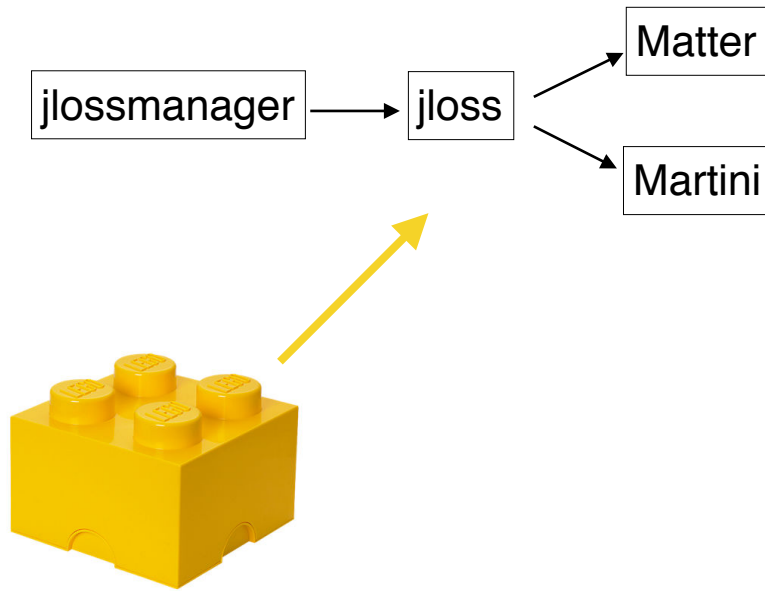


**For 3d visualization and movies (besides ROOT) we can use VTK!
(Used by hydro and SMASH, so consistent integration)**

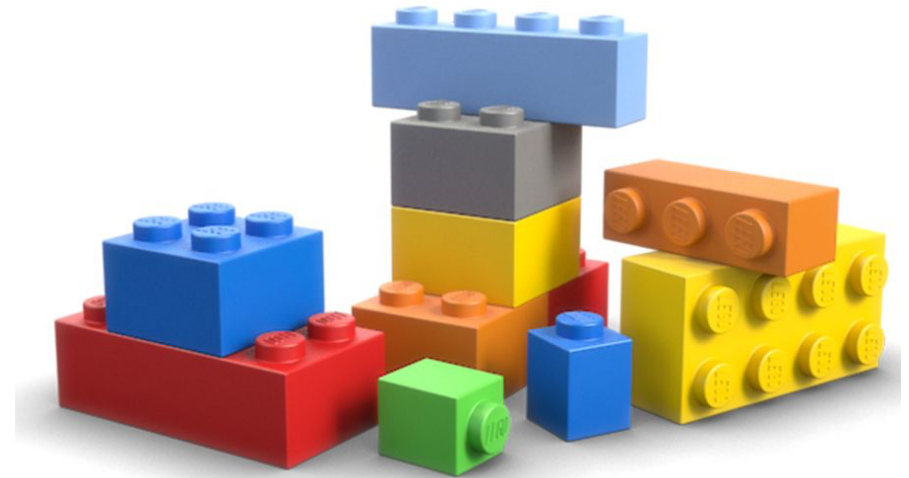
Extension/more modular/including more physics via “JetScape Blocks”



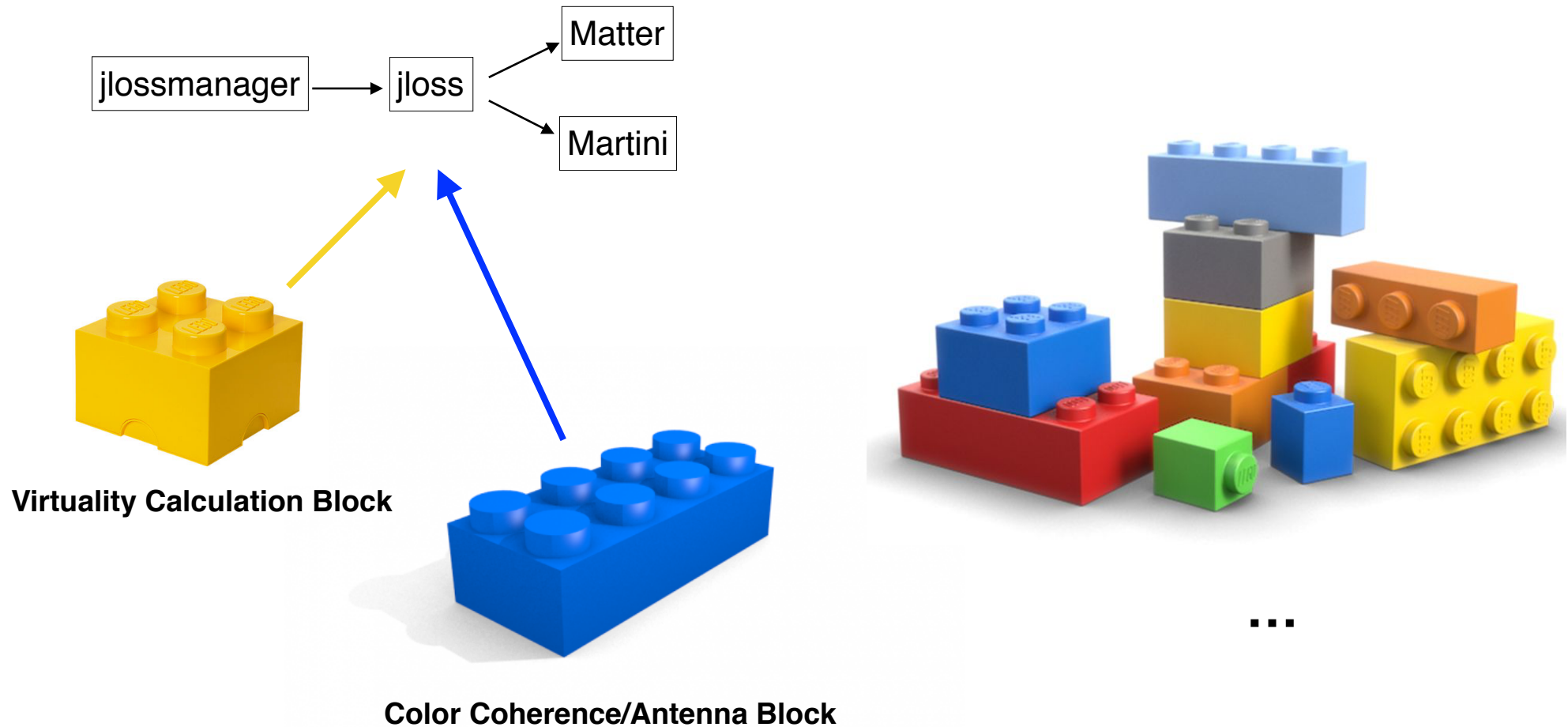
Extension/more modular/including more physics via “JetScape Blocks”



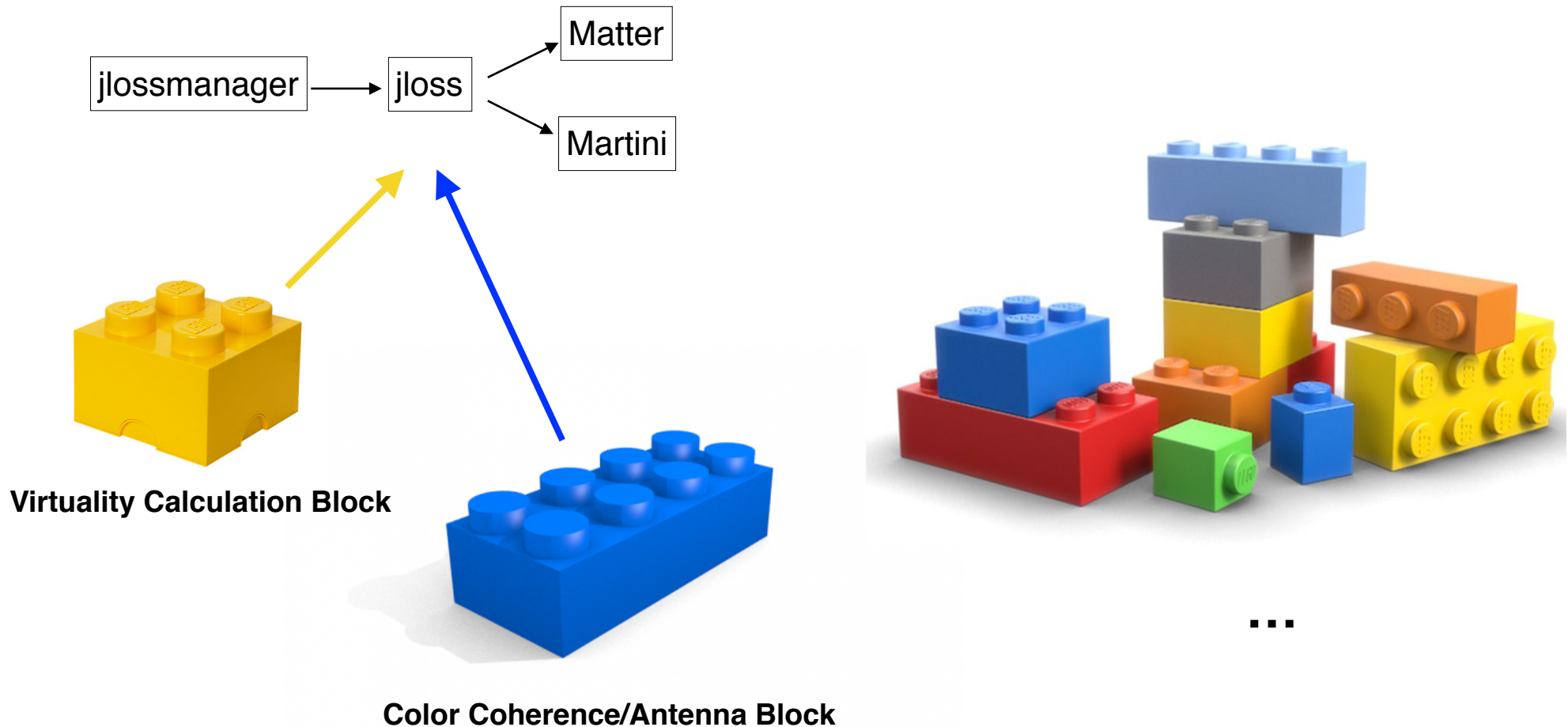
Virtuality Calculation Block



Extension/more modular/including more physics via “JetScape Blocks”



Extension/more modular/including more physics via “JetScape Blocks”



A potential additional feature wrt to the current framework:

Instead of providing “individual” partons to the jet-energy loss modules provide full shower/history. To be discussed and iterated/your input is needed!

Future: Can we get even more modular (more blocky)?

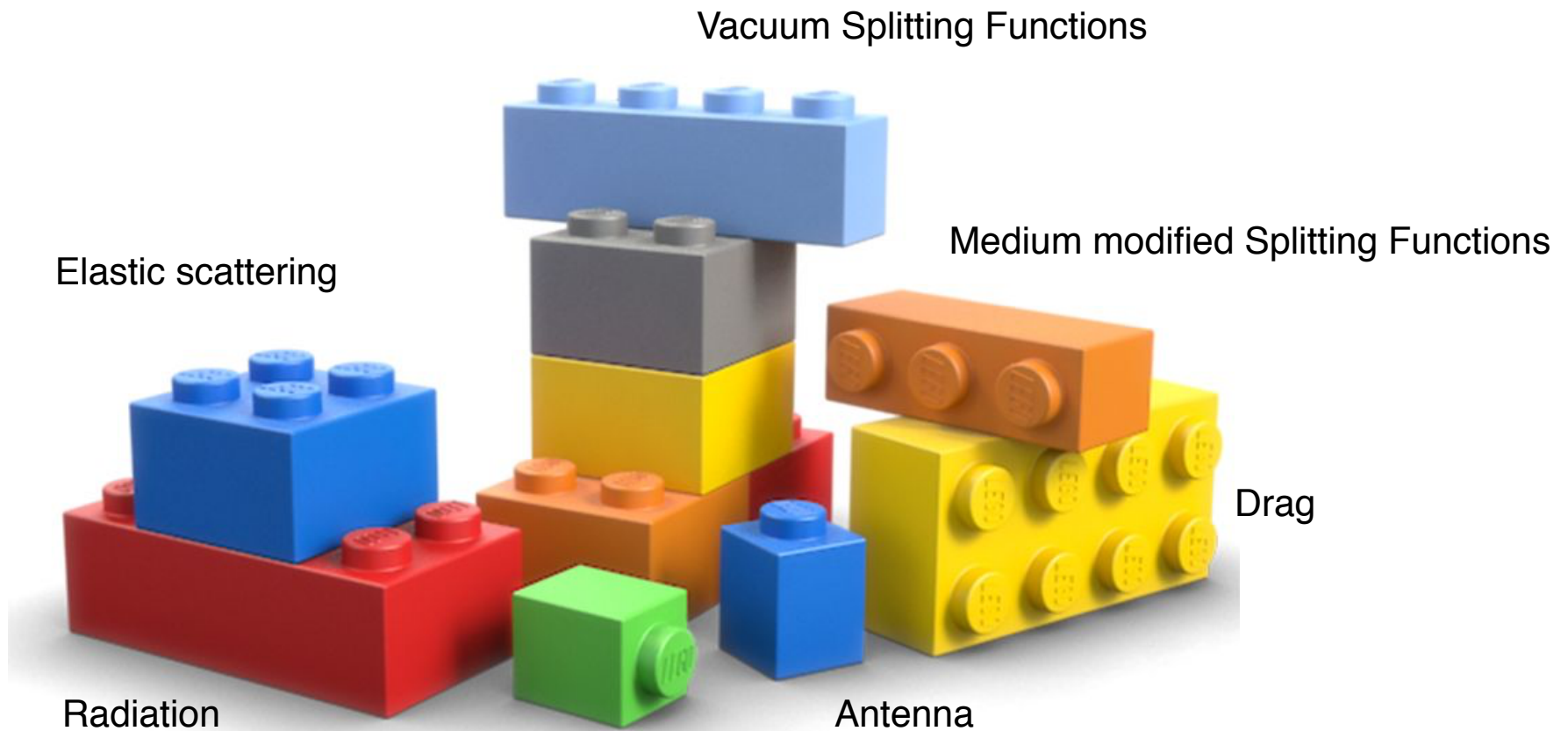
Why would this be desirable?

Minimizes even further “non-physics” related code development!

Even easier to combine different physics mechanisms (simultaneously if needed)!

Easier to develop and test new mechanisms/ideas!

Ensures modern/flexible and safe code!



and more ...

***Concurrent Hydro/Jet-Energy loss running.
Synchronization problem to be solved.
—> first tests look promising***

Hadronization (Recombination) and Cascade after-burner

Inclusion of more physics via *JetScape Blocks* (color coherence ...)

Extension of hydro to more generic *medium* to allow different medium evolutions, like PHSD ...

***Concurrent Hydro/Jet-Energy loss running.
Synchronization problem to be solved.
—> first tests look promising***

Hadronization (Recombination) and Cascade after-burner

Inclusion of more physics via *JetScape Blocks* (color coherence ...)

Extension of hydro to more generic *medium* to allow different medium evolutions, like PHSD ...

For more: Your input and feedback is needed!

DEMO(s)...

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```

Play around and do it yourself:

If you are a Mac OS X user, you can download from the indico page: Demo (OSX) ...
(or: https://www.dropbox.com/s/hy1dfna2ah3nx7z/JSdemo_v0.2.zip?dl=0)

Unzip and you should see Application icon with the JetScape Logo.
Open for the first with control+right click and accept (we are not authorized Apple developers ;-)). Then you should see a normal GUI. Lets have a look ...