

Long-range collectivity in high-energy collisions and implications to quantum entanglement

Wei Li Rice University



Workshop on Quantum Entanglement at Collider Energies CFNS, Stony Brook September 10-12, 2018



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Mystery of quark confinement



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Liberated quarks/gluons at high T (weakly coupled)?

Creating the QGP



 $\gamma \sim 100 - 2000$

Too small, dilute!

Proton-proton

Total colliding energy: ~10⁶ GeV

High-energy heavy ion colliders



x25

Long Island, NY

2000 -

- pp, pAu, dAu, He³Au, CuCu, CuAu, AuAu, UU, ...
- $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \sim 0.007 0.2 \,\text{TeV}$

Geneva, Switzerland

2010 -

- pp, PbPb, pPb, XeXe, ...
- $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \sim 5 8 \text{ TeV}$

Space-time evolution of a heavy ion collision





CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN Data recorded: Mon Nov 8 11:30:53 2010 CEST Run/Event: 150431 / 630470 Lumi section: 173

P

Central PbPb at 2.76 TeV

~ 20,000 particles!



RN

:30:53 2010 CEST

P

High - Energy Collisions at 7 TeV LHC @ CERN 30.03.2010

> Central PbPb at 2.76 TeV

~ 20,000 particles!

RHIC Scientists Serve Up 'Perfect' Liquid instead of a gas!?

New state of matter more remarkable than predicted — raising many new questions

Monday, April 18, 2005

ANTICANCER BLOCKBUSTER? • RISE AND FALL OF THE SLIDE RULE	
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN	Bringing DNA Computers to Life
Quark Sour Physicists re-create the liquid stuff of the earliest universe	
Stopping Alzheimer's	
the Amazon Future	- Josef -
Giant Telescopes	

Reaffirmed later by LHC experiments

Particle correlations and QGP fluidity



Particle correlations and QGP fluidity

 $\eta = -\ln(\tan(\theta/2))$





Azimuthal correlations over wide rapidities (>4-5 units)



Azimuthal correlations over wide rapidities (>4-5 units)



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Azimuthal correlations over wide rapidities (>4-5 units)

At large rapidity gap, particles causally disconnected Ț_{ch} Ț_c Freeze-Out Hadron Gas τ_0 £ 1 fm/c Correlation at very early time $\tau_{o} \leq \tau_{F.O.} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}|y_{a} - y_{b}|\right) \sim 0.1 \text{ fm}$ A. Dumitru et. al., Nucl. Phys. A 810 (2008) 91



Azimuthal correlations over wide rapidities (>4-5 units)



"Elliptic flow" $1 + 2(v_2)^2 \cos 2\Delta \phi$



"Hot" QCD matter

MB pp 7 TeV $(N_{trk} \sim 15)$ CMS $\mathcal{D}_{\mathcal{U}}$ -2

"Cold" QCD matter – no QGP in pp/pA



"Hot" QCD matter

"Cold" QCD matter – no QGP in pp/pA

Particle species dep. of v_2 Thermal-like p_T spectra Pb-Pb $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$ TeV 20-40% PRC 88, 044910 (2013) v₂{SP, I∆ղI>1} 0.25 🔳 π ALICE PO-PONS, +2.76 TeV ■ K STAR AU AUNS # 200 GEV _ 🗖 🗖 0.2 0 [℃] Ο 201001 0.1 VISH2+1 (CGC, n/s=0.2) 10 KHAROW 0.05 0-5% Central cellsions EROS AIP Conf. Proc. 1441, 766 ALICE PRELIMINARY PRC84 044903 3 4 6 1.5 2.5 3 3.5 0.5 2 *p*_ (GeV/c) p_T (GeV/c)

Data well described by nearly ideal hydrodynamics





Correlations mostly seeded by fluctuations of nucleons



Correlations mostly seeded by fluctuations of *nucleons*

 η /s approaches conjected quantum lower limit

 $\eta/s \gtrsim 1/(4\pi) \sim 0.08$

Kovtun, Son, Starinets PRL 94 (2005) 111601

Discovery Phase II: <u>"Ridge" in pp (2010)</u>



High-multiplicity pp $(N_{trk} \ge 110)$



O(10⁻⁶) most violent events

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High-multiplicity pp $(N_{trk} \ge 110)$



O(10⁻⁶) most violent events

QGP droplet at sub-fermi scales? Or <u>NO</u> QGP after all? — Beginning of a new paradigm!

Proton-lead collisions at the LHC



Striking "Ridge" signal in pPb!









"Flow" in small systems

PRL 120 (2018) 092301



Flow-like behavior similar across all systems

"Flow" in small systems



Similar features for pPb and PbPb

(all entities follow a common behavior)



 $c_2\{2\} \sim (v_2\{2\})^2$

(all entities follow a common behavior)

Multiparticle correlations (cumulants)



 $c_2\{2\} \sim (v_2\{2\})^2$ $c_2\{4\} \sim (v_2\{4\})^4$

6

(all entities follow a common behavior)

Multiparticle correlations (cumulants)



 $c_{2}\{2\} \sim (v_{2}\{2\})^{2}$ $c_{2}\{4\} \sim (v_{2}\{4\})^{4}$ $c_{2}\{6\} \sim (v_{2}\{6\})^{6}$

<u>Collective</u> or NOT? (all entities follow a common behavior) Multiparticle correlations (cumulants)

6



 $c_{2}\{2\} \sim (v_{2}\{2\})^{2}$ $c_{2}\{4\} \sim (v_{2}\{4\})^{4}$ $c_{2}\{6\} \sim (v_{2}\{6\})^{6}$ $c_{2}\{8\} \sim (v_{2}\{8\})^{8}$

(all entities follow a common behavior)

Multiparticle correlations (cumulants)



 $c_{2}\{2\} \sim (v_{2}\{2\})^{2}$ $c_{2}\{4\} \sim (v_{2}\{4\})^{4}$ $c_{2}\{6\} \sim (v_{2}\{6\})^{6}$ $c_{2}\{8\} \sim (v_{2}\{8\})^{8}$

Collectivity: $v_2{4} \approx v_2{6} \approx v_2{8} \approx ... \approx v_2{\infty}$

Collectivity

Multiparticle correlations



Direct evidence for

Long-range collective particle correlations



Hydrodynamics in pA and pp!



Opportunity of probing quantum fluctuations at sub-fermi and yoctosec scales!

Small System Scans at RHIC



Consistent with hydrodynamics driven by initial geometry

Maybe an alternative origin of the "Ridge"

Before the collision,

Gluon interference (a.k.a., CGC) "Momentum Domains" Or Color Electric Fields



Lappi, Schenke, Schlichting, Venugopalan JHEP 01 (2016) 061

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> Non-Geometry related

"Born to flow" (at t=0)

> No *final-stage* interactions as for Hydro.

Subdominant in large (than domain size) systems but highly relevant in small systems (pp, pA, etc.)

Saturation, the Color Glass Condensate and Glasma: What Have we Learned from RHIC?

RIKEN BNL Research Center Workshop May 10-12, 2010 at Brookhaven National Laboratory



Ridge pure final-state effect or is it there in pp @ LHC ?

genuine B-JIMWLK terms from THIS diagram:



B-JIMWLK four-point function (in Gaussian approximation), incl. "Nc corrections":

$$\langle \rho^{a} \rho^{b} \rho^{c} \rho^{d} \rangle = \delta^{ab} \delta^{cd} \langle \rho^{2} \rangle^{2} + \frac{1}{N_{c}} f^{abe} f^{cde} \mathcal{F}(k_{i}) \langle \rho^{2} \rangle^{2} + \cdots$$
A.D., J. Jalilian-Marian,
arXiv:1001.4820

★ ridge in pp @ LHC ?!

Adrian Dumitru

Maybe an alternative origin of the "Ridge"



v_2 , v_3 in pAu, dAu, He³Au at RHIC from CGC



Where do we stand?



Where do we stand? Early-time origin(s)



Where do we stand? Early-time origin(s)



Where do we stand? Early-time origin(s)



Where do we stand? Early-time origin(s)



Where do we stand? Early-time origin(s)



Importance to understand the proton

Heavy quarks as massive probes



m_{c,b} >> T_{QGP}: mainly from initial scattering, decoupled from the QGP medium



Do heavy quarks flow? (charm, bottom)

Heavy quarks as massive probes



Heavy quarks as massive probes



(Surprisingly!?) strong collective signal for **charm** Future: detailed studies of **c** and **b** in pp and pPb Theoretical inputs needed! (e.g., $B \rightarrow D$)

An alternative view of the proton

Features of "thermalization" seen in pp, e+e-, etc from quantum entanglement? D. Kharzeev, E. Levin, PRD 95 (2017) 114008

Proton (or any hadron): a color singlet, pure quantum state

$$|\Psi_{AB}\rangle = \sum_{n} \alpha_{n} |\Psi_{n}^{A}\rangle |\Psi_{n}^{B}\rangle - \text{entangled}!$$



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"Thermal" distributions after quench (collision)
"Born to thermalize" (at t~0) – same physics as CGC?

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"Thermal" distributions after quench (collision)
"Born to thermalize" (at t~0) – same physics as CGC?
Azimuthal correlations from n-parton states?

Quantum thermalization through entanglement in an isolated many-body system

A. M. Kaufman et al, Science 353 (2016) 794



Electron-Ion Collider (EIC)

Detailed imaging of p/A (cold QCD matter)

✓ "Hot QCD matter" in e+A?





Typical e+A High-multiplicity e+A = (\overline{qq}) +A? $\downarrow_{e^{-}}^{e^{-}}$

Fluctuations of "photon size" Multiplicity fluctuation Alvioli et. al. Phys. Lett. B767 (2017) 450-457 10 • π⁺(30GeV)+Au (100GeV) ---- $P_{\gamma}^{\text{dipole}}, m_{q} = 0 - 350 \text{ MeV}$ • π⁺(20GeV)+Au (100GeV) 10-• π⁺(10GeV)+Au (100GeV) 10^{-2} $P_{(\rho+\omega+\phi)/\gamma}$ $P_{\gamma}\left(\sigma\right)\left[mb^{^{-1}}\right]$ 10^{-2} P^{hybrid} AMPT $P(N_{trk})$ 10⁻³ 10⁻³ 10^{-4} 10 $W_{vD} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ 10^{-5} 10⁻⁵ 20 30 40 50 60 σ [mb] **Small dipoles Vector mesons** 10^{-6} 140 160 180 200 20 120 N_{trk} (full phase space)



"Ridge" and "thermal" features should be observable at EIC in high-multiplicity e+Au events!

Summary

Remarkable long-range collectivity observed across all hadronic collision systems (pp/pA/AA)

Physics origin in small systems still under intense debate (CGC vs Hydro.) but a lot of progress made

Understanding the proton is the key

• role of quantum interference or entanglement?

e+A has a $(q\bar{q})$ +A component

- A "ridge" should be observable at high multiplicities
- New insights to our understanding of the "ridge"

Acknowledgement



Office of Science



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Backups





N_{trk}(minimum bias)

- pp: ~ 15
- pPb: ~ 40

π⁺(30GeV)+*Au*(100GeV) from AMPT



A long-range ridge can be observed at EIC in high-multiplicity e+Au events!

Comparing v_n in (qqq)+A vs (qq)+A



- Disentangle "hydro" vs CGC?
- Insight on subnucleonic fluctuations?

V.S.

Experimental requirements





