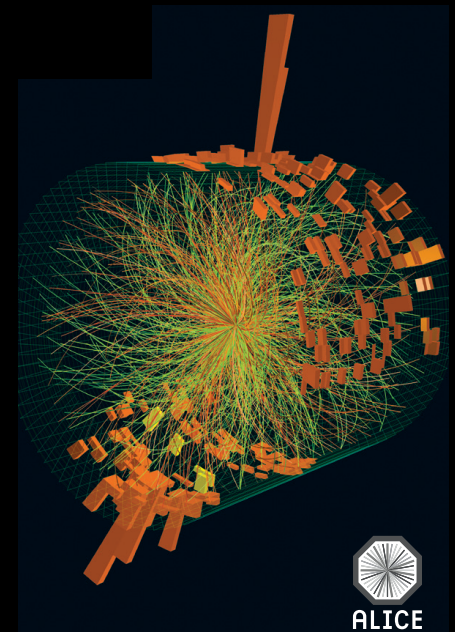


Jet physics in ALICE



Tatsuya Chujo
University of Tsukuba
(for the ALICE collaboration)



<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2155668>

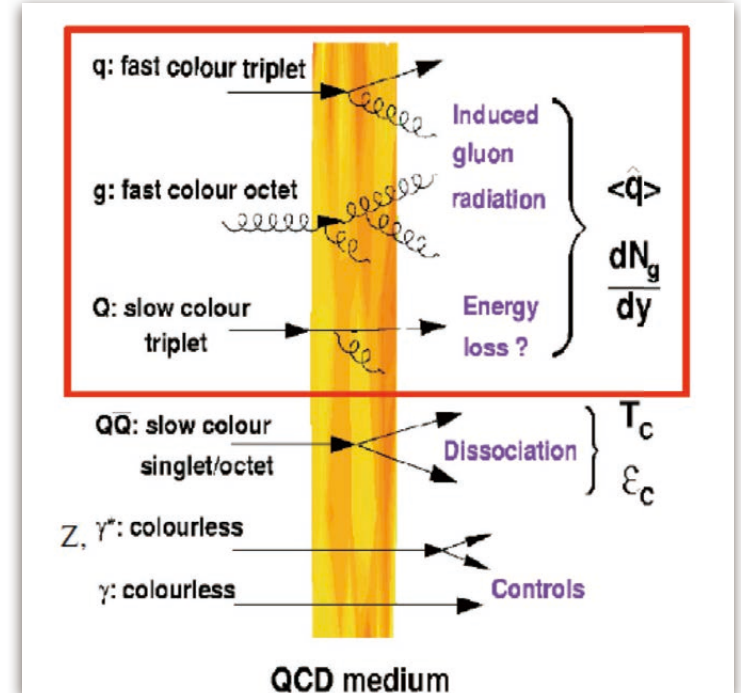
*UCLA 2019 Santa Fe Jets and Heavy Flavor Workshop
Jan. 28-30, 2019, UCLA, Los Angeles, USA*

- **Hard probes:**

- Originated at the parton hard scattering (large Q^2), prior to QGP formation time ($1/Q \ll 1 \text{ fm}/c$)
- Well calibrated (pQCD)
- Jets: reflect a whole evolution of the system

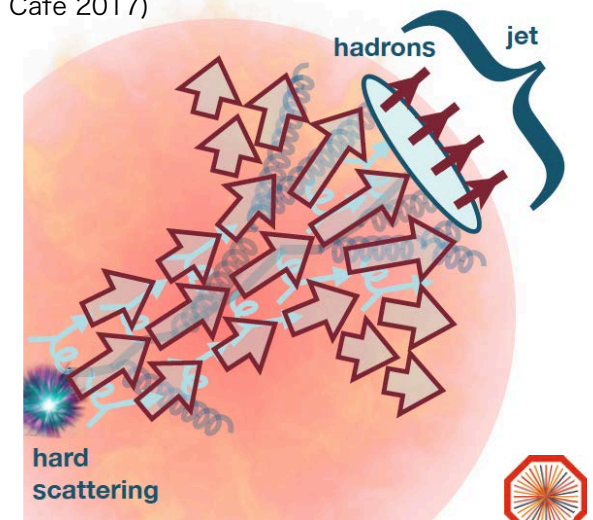
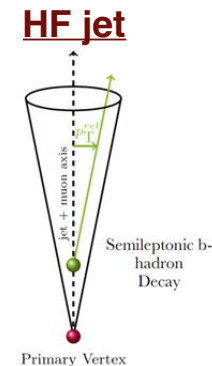
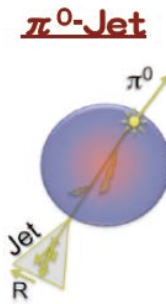
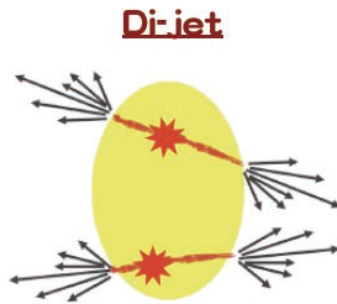
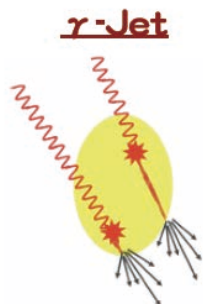
- **Access to the medium properties:**

- dE/dx of partons (g, q (uds, c, b)) & L dep.)
- Large angle emissions
- Jet tomography by different probes & techniques

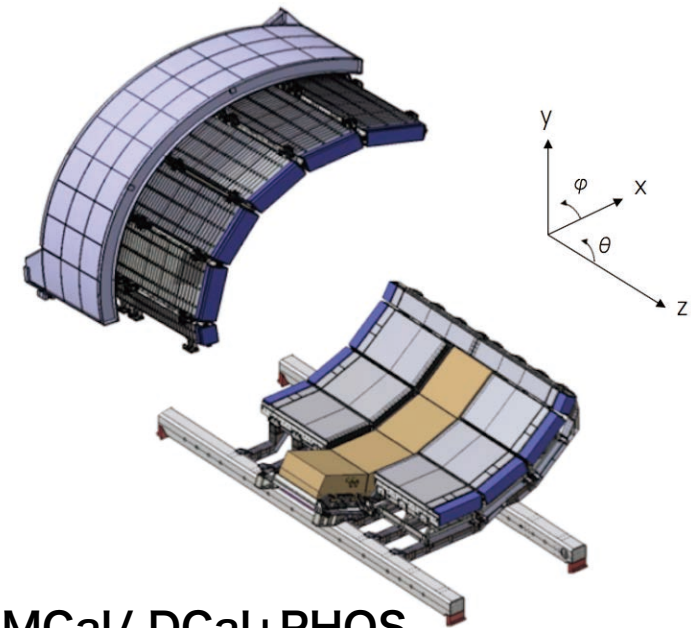
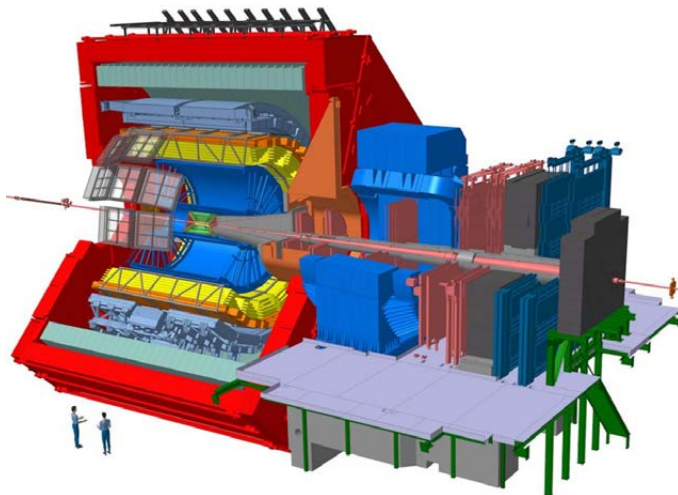


side by D. d'Enterria (slide at QGPWS, 2008)

Picture from Y. Tachibana
(Heavy Ion Cafe 2017)



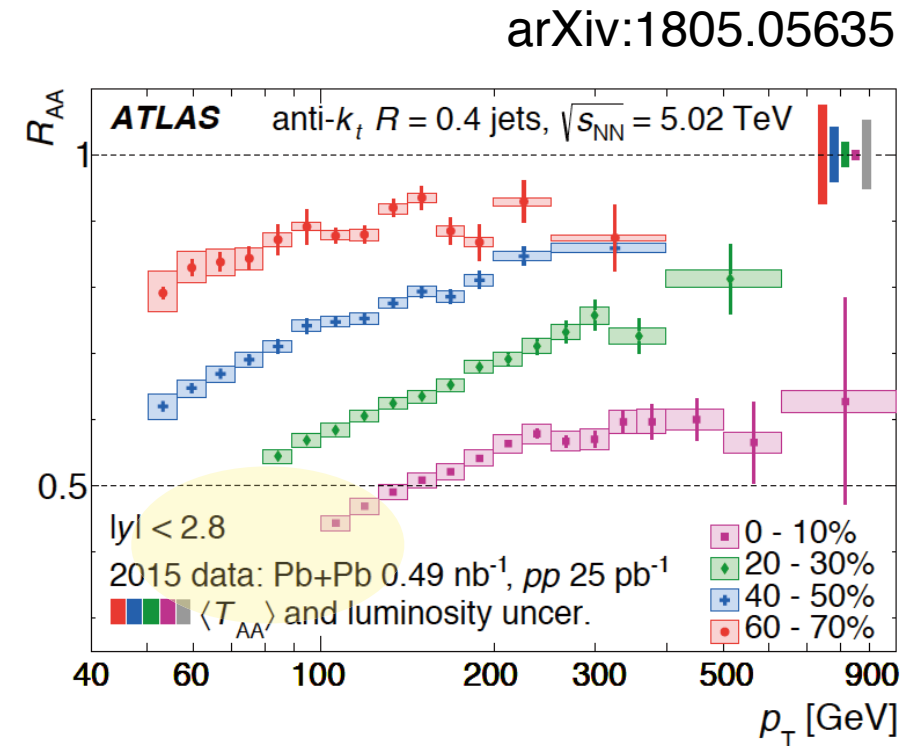
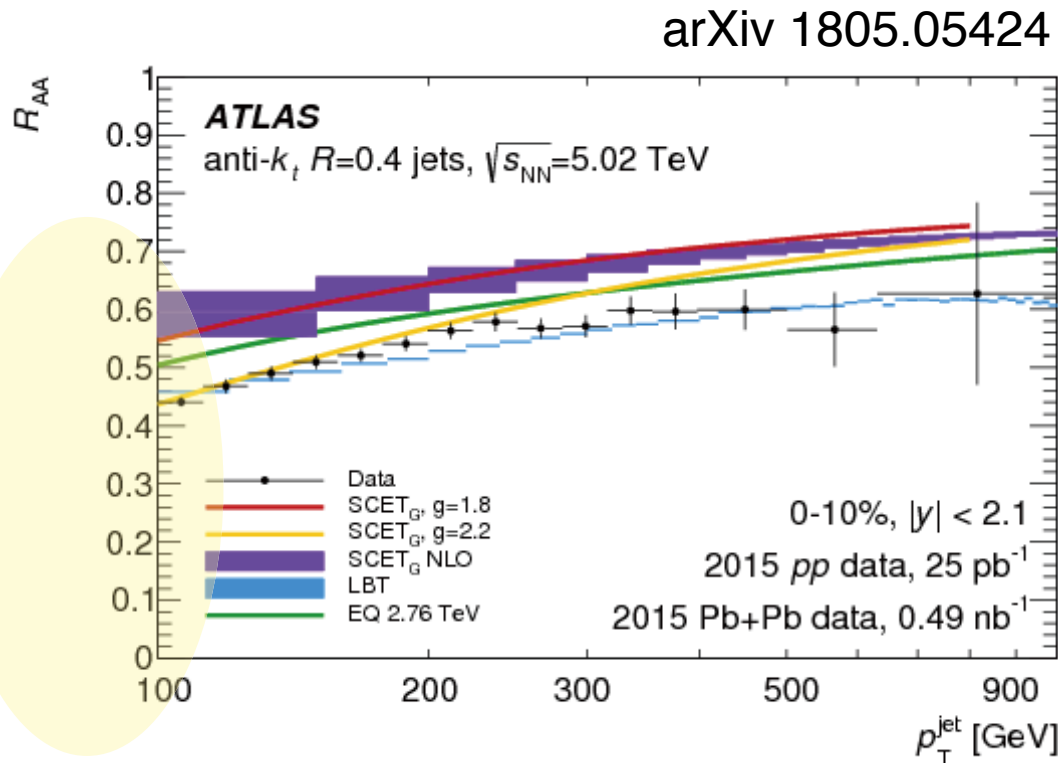
- Jet reconstruction by tracking (TPC+ITS) + calorimetry
- Go to **low jet p_T and low constituent p_T** (> 0.15 GeV/c for charged) in large heavy-ion background
 - ✓ Detailed characterization of background fluctuations (JHEP 1203 (2012), 053)
 - ✓ Gamma and jet triggers by EMCal/DCal, PHOS for high p_T
- **Measurements:**
 - ✓ High p_T hadrons
 - ✓ Inclusive jet
 - ✓ Jet + hadron correlations (soft hadron, w/ PID)
 - ✓ Gamma-jet correlations, c/b tagged jets, jet-jet
 - ✓ Jet substructure



EMCal/ DCal+PHOS

- (1) Jet spectra and R_{AA}
- (2) Jet substructure
- (3) Gamma-jet
- (4) Jet-hadron, hadron-jet
- (5) Jet with PID (strangeness etc.)

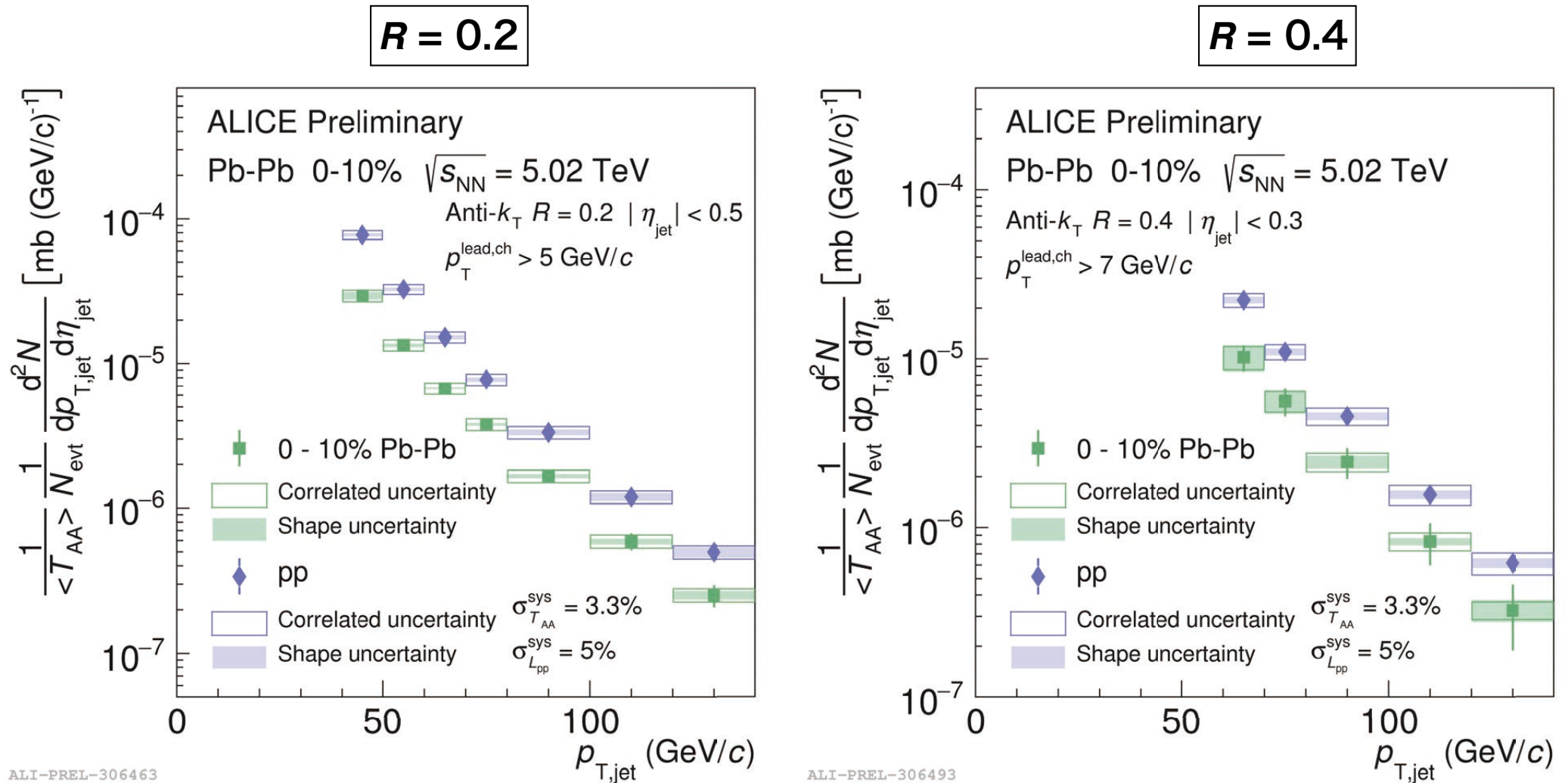
(1) Jet spectra and R_{AA}



What can we learn from R_{AA} measurement of jet, beyond energy loss ?

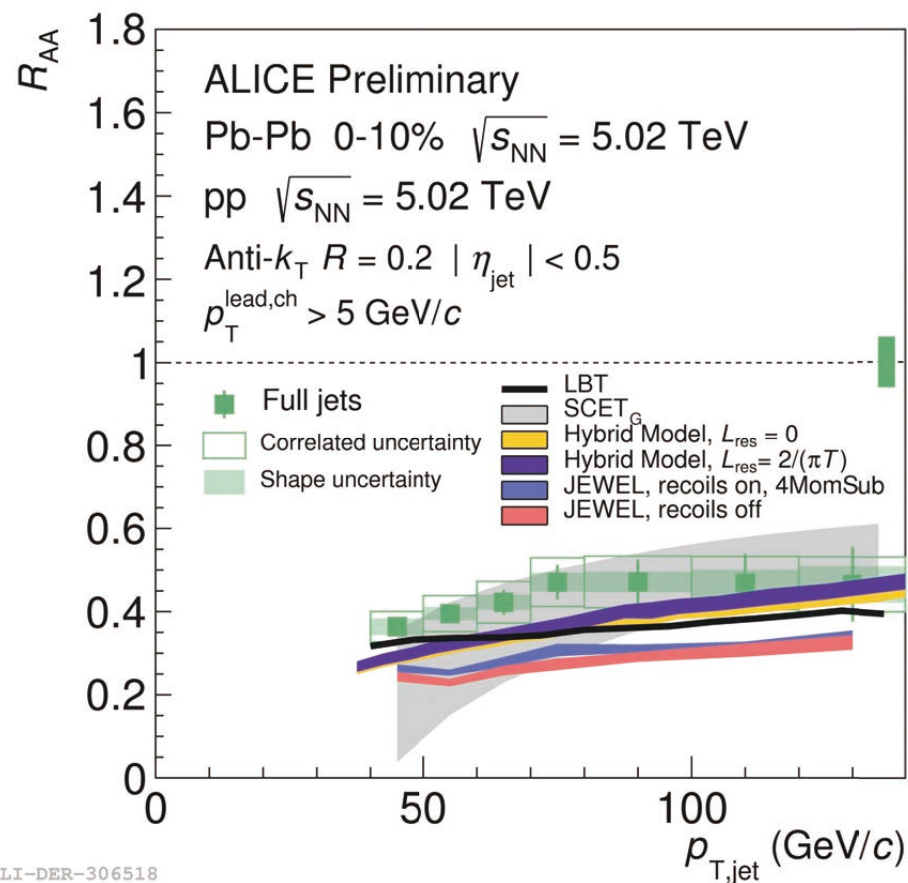
ALICE:

- Low p_T (< 100 GeV/c): p_T dependence of R_{AA}
- High p_T up to 200 GeV/c by using the current statistics
- Complementary to ATLAS/CMS

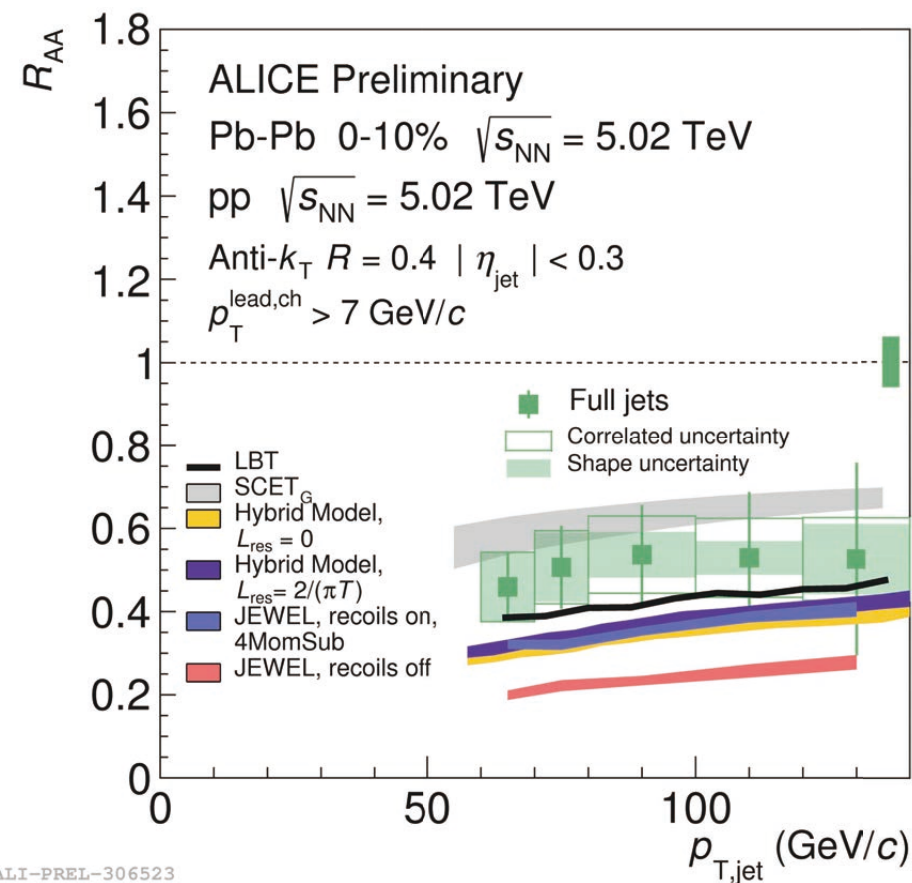


Pb-Pb jet spectrum in 0-10% centrality
for $p_{T,jet} = 40-140$ GeV/c

$R = 0.2$

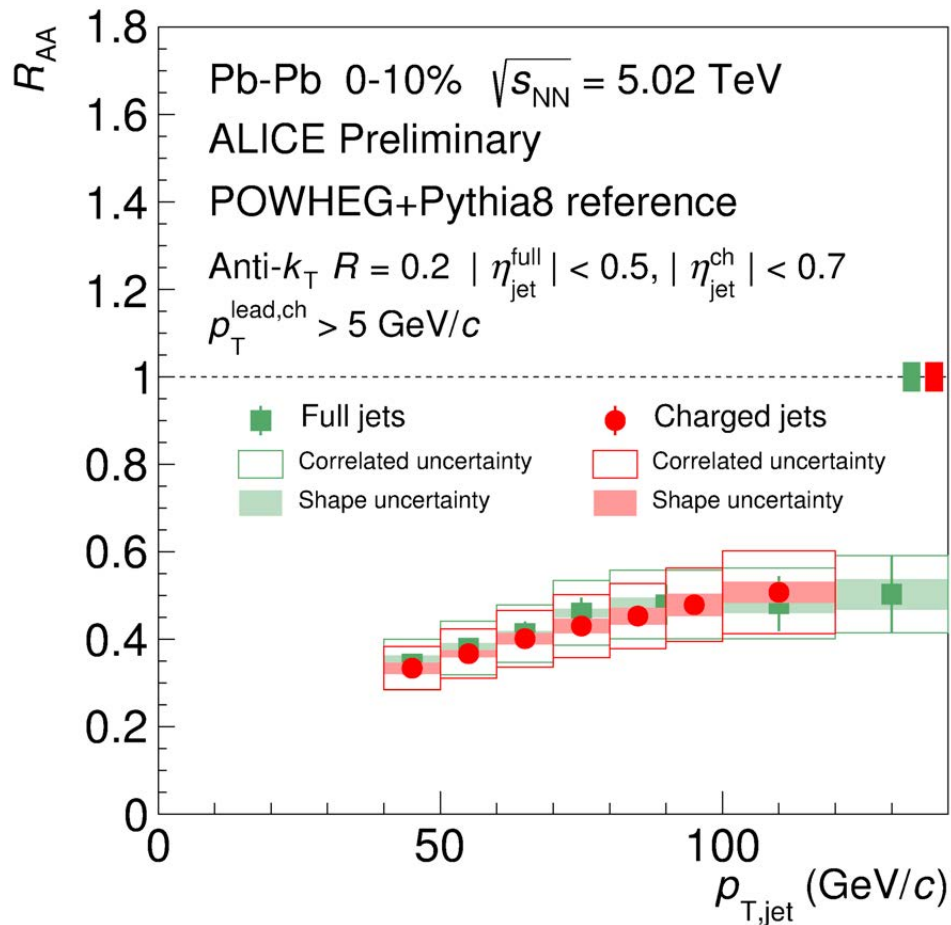


$R = 0.4$



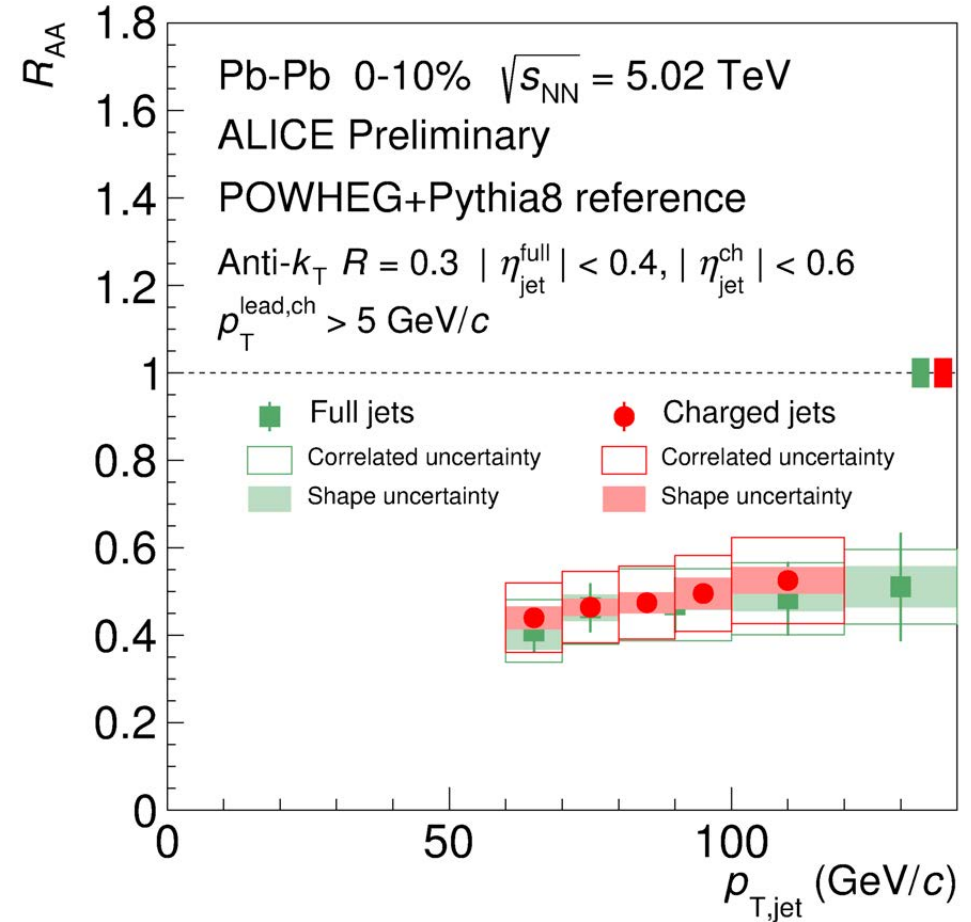
- All models qualitatively describe the R_{AA}
- But quantitatively, it is not perfect
- Interesting to see JEWEL recoil on/off difference is larger for $R=0.4$

$R = 0.2$



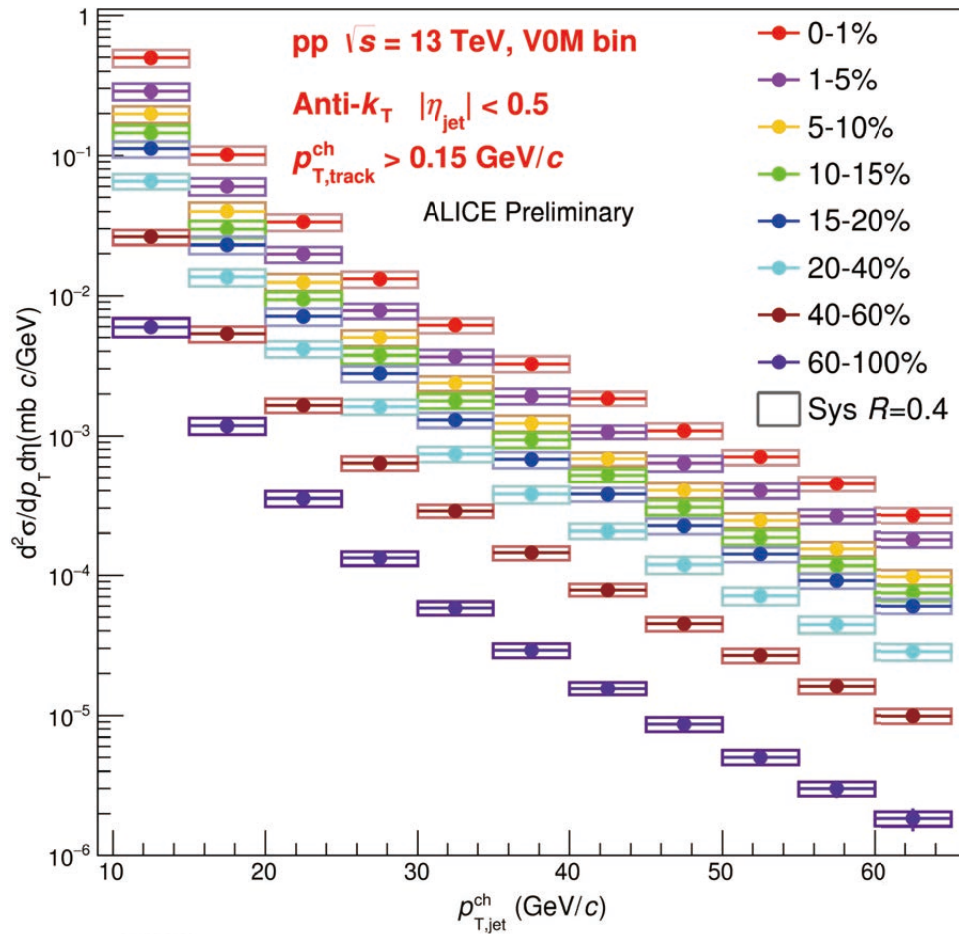
ALI-PREL-159649

$R = 0.3$

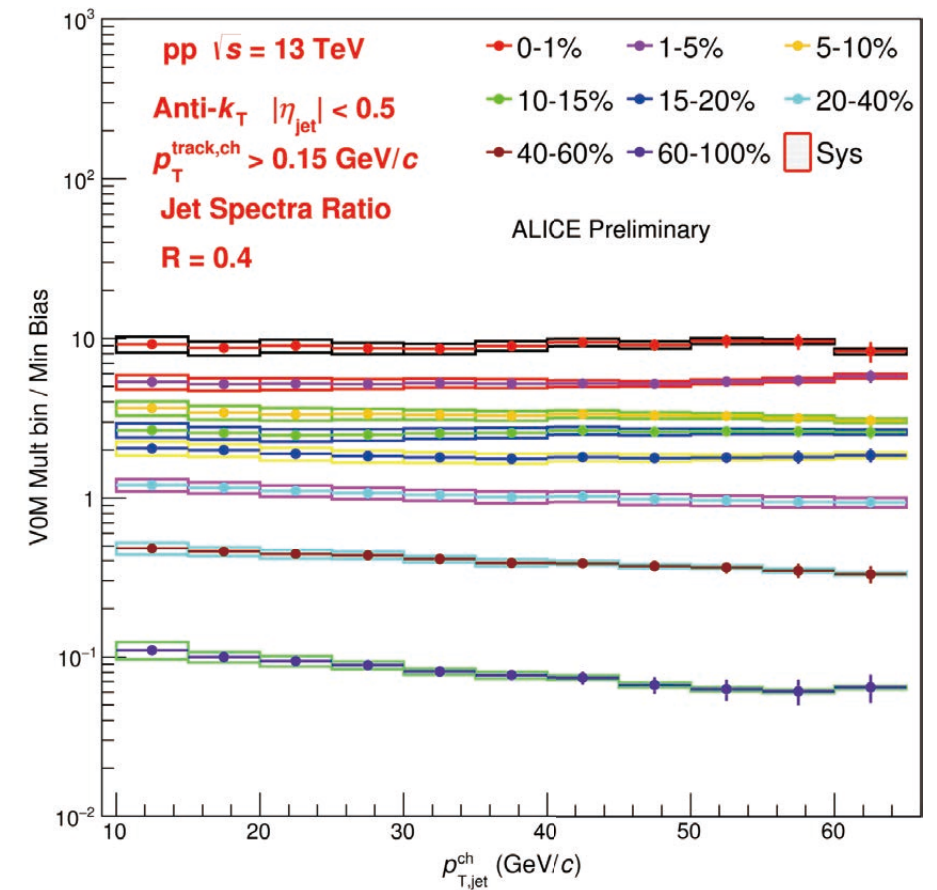


ALI-PREL-159653

Charged particle jets and full jets are consistent



ALI-PREL-306691



ALI-PREL-306699

- For high multiplicity, jet production yield is higher
- Yield ratio with respect to inclusive: no significant jet p_T dependence

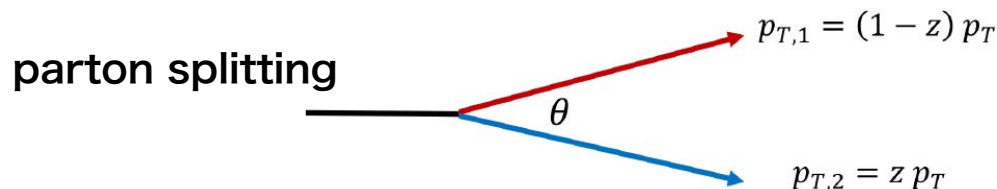
(2) Jet substructure

- **Iterative de-clustering to extract hard component of jet**

- Recursively removing soft large angle radiation
- Re-cluster found jet (e.g. with C/A) and unwind
- Remove softer branch until SD condition fulfill

$$z_g = \frac{\min(p_{T1}, p_{T2})}{p_{T1} + p_{T2}} > z_{cut}$$

- Each (sub)jet consists of 2 sub-jets



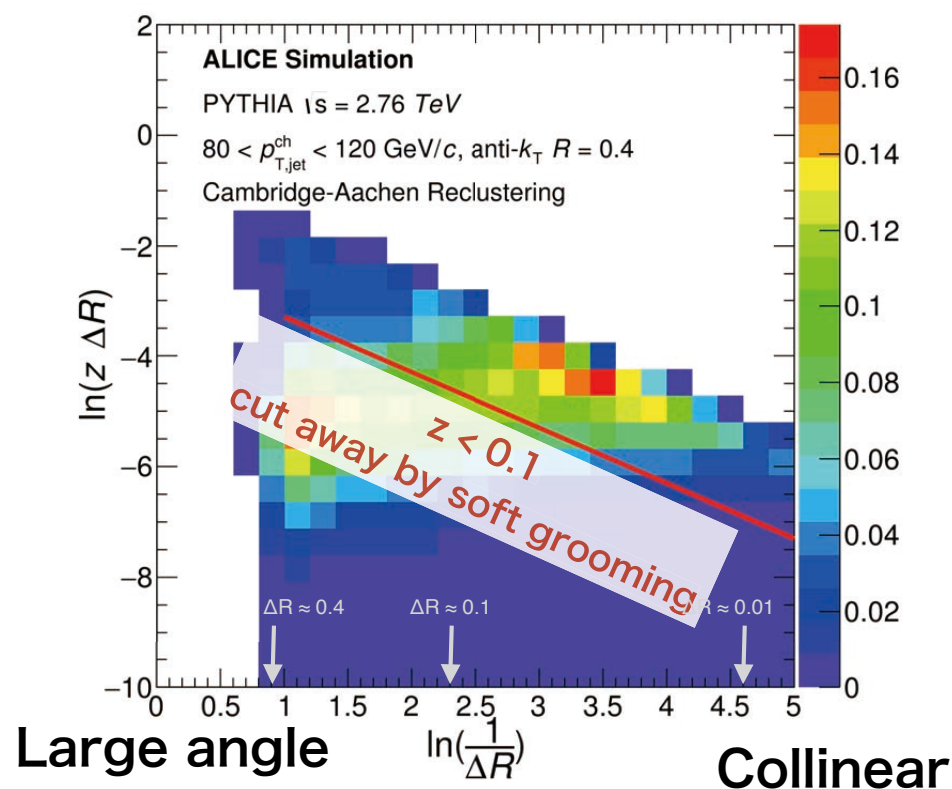
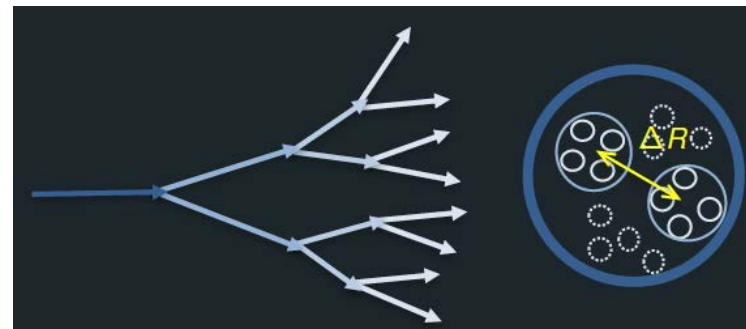
- **Lund diagram**

- Phase space of all splittings
- Momentum fraction vs. opening angle

- **Grooming**

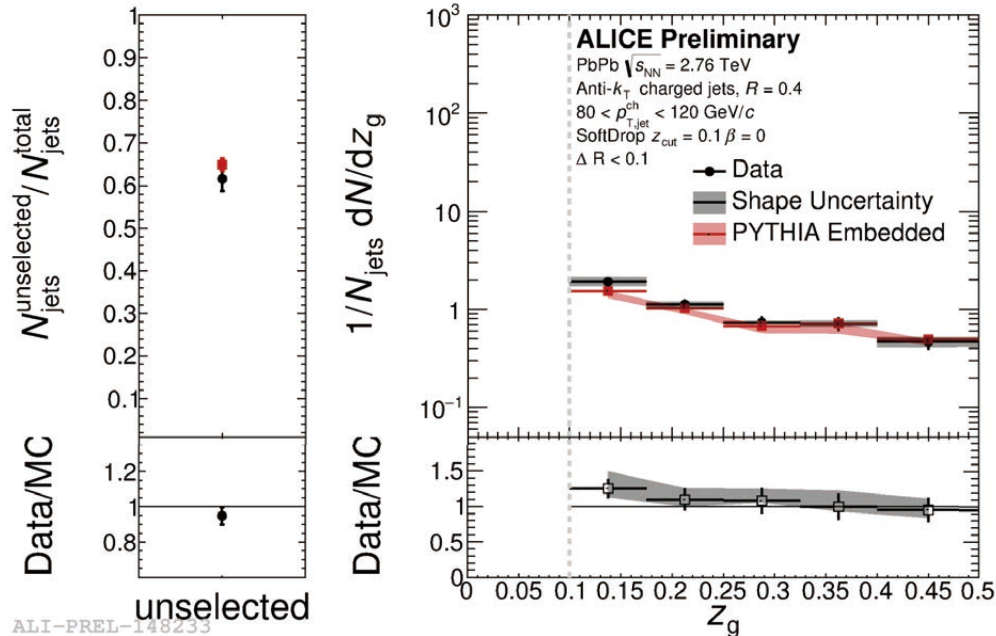
- Impose phase space cuts to enhance regions of interest

- Soft drop: unwind, follow the largest p_T until $z > z_{cut} \cdot (\Delta R)^\beta$



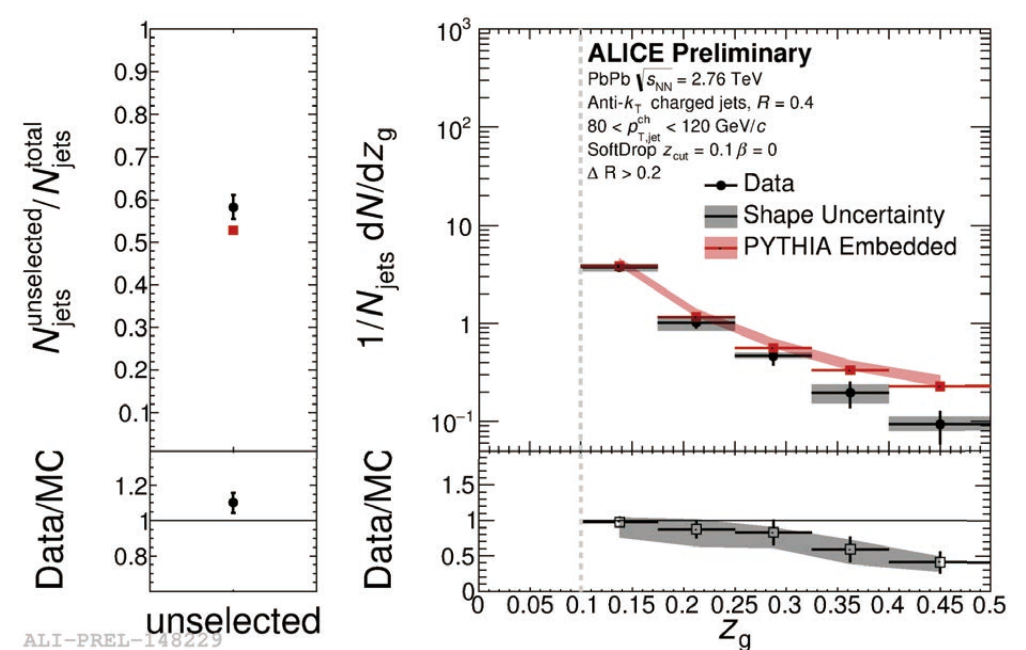
Extreme angular limits of collimated and large angle splittings

$\Delta R < 0.1$ (small, collimated angle)



Slight enhancement of collimated first- splittings.

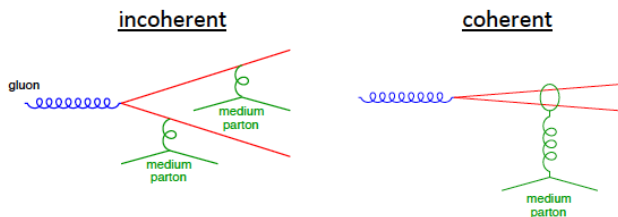
$\Delta R > 0.2$ (large angle)



Suppression of large angle first (symmetric) splittings

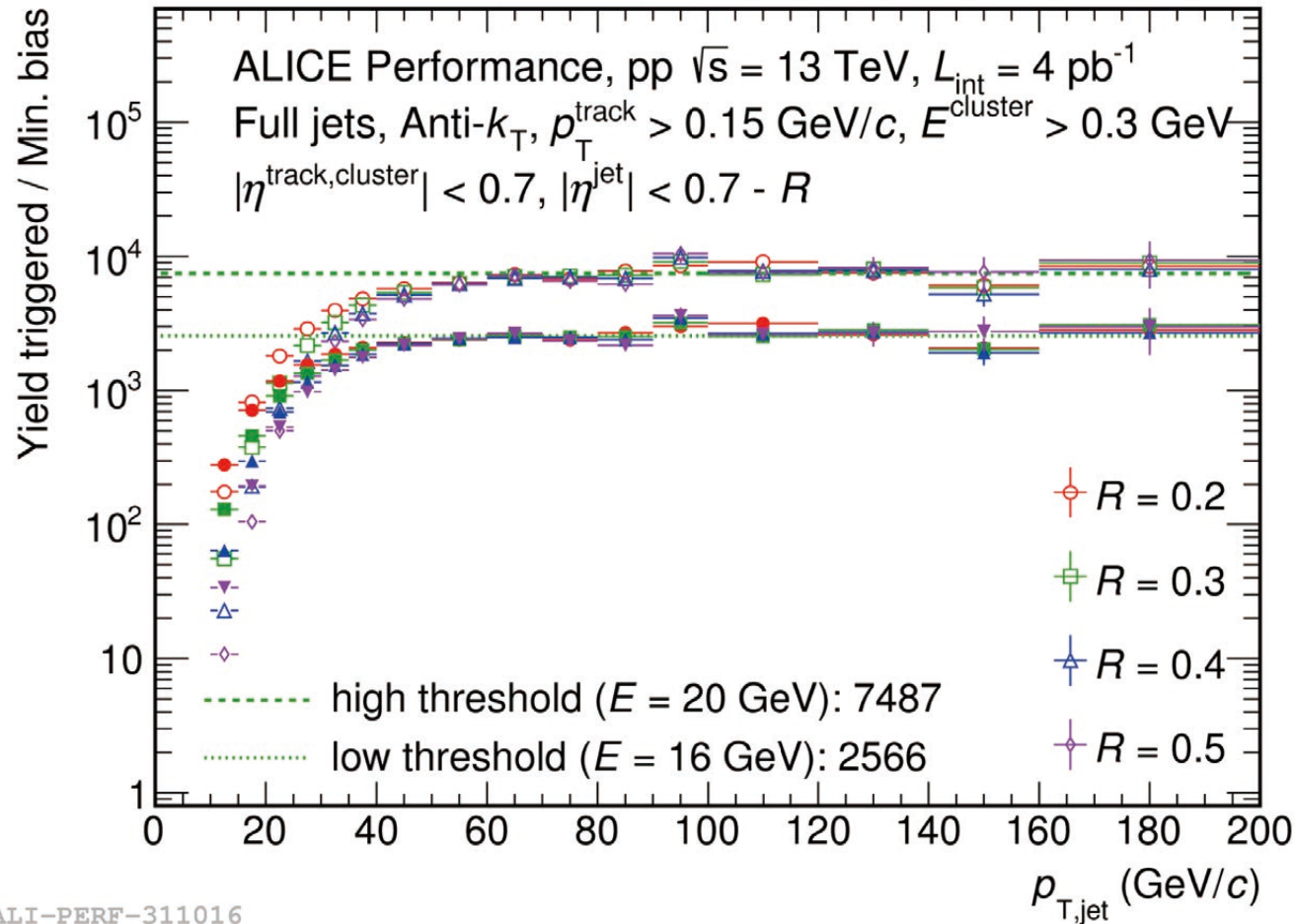
In large angle limit, no evidence for excess of low z splittings

sensitive to coherence of energy loss



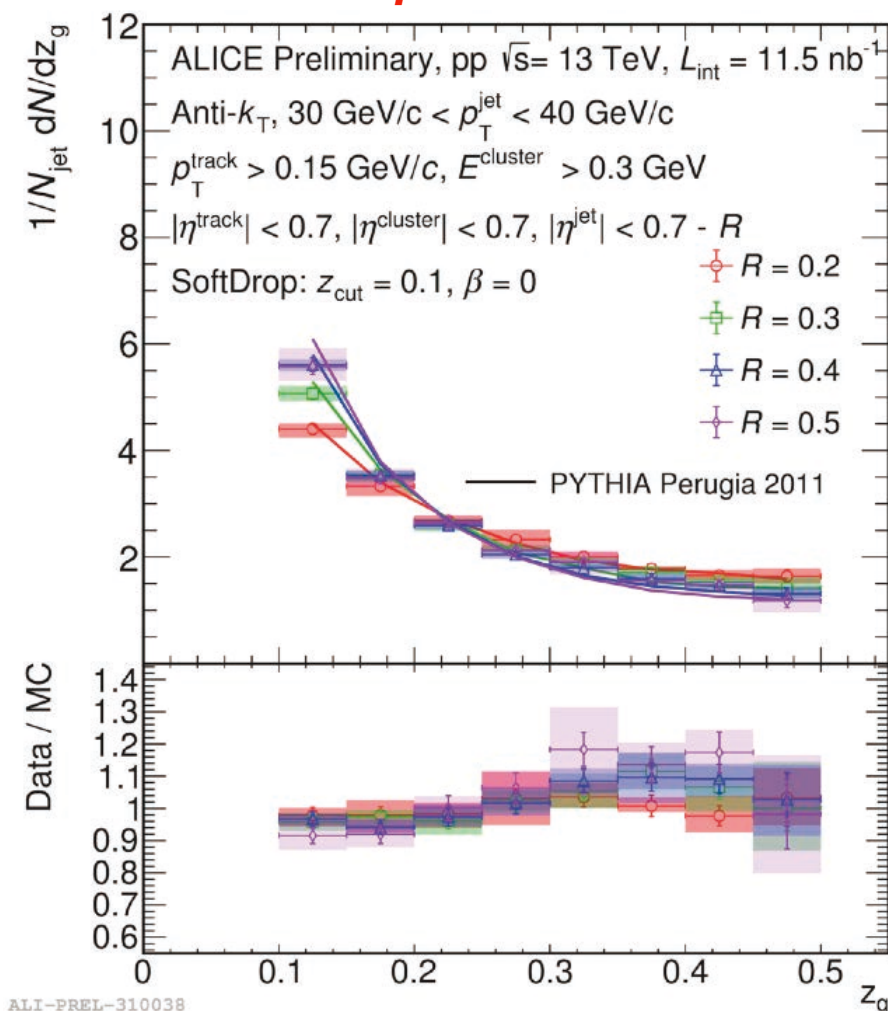
z_g : shared momentum fraction of the first groomed splitting

$$z_g = \frac{\min(p_{T,1}, p_{T,2})}{p_{T,1} + p_{T,2}},$$

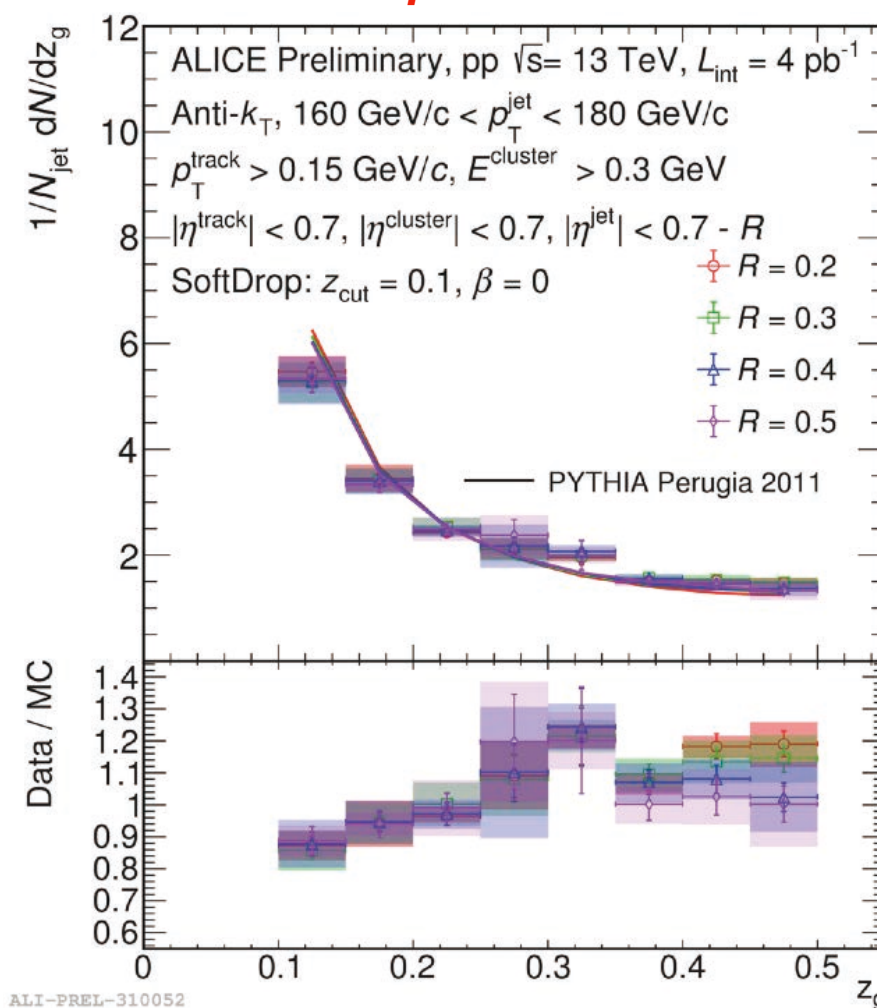


- Utilized EMCal trigger for high- p_{T} jet up to 200 GeV/c for the first time!
- Based on neutral energy in EMCal in a jet patch corresponding to $R \sim 0.3$
- No trigger bias region:
 - Low threshold: $p_{\text{T}} > 60 \text{ GeV}/c$, High threshold: $p_{\text{T}} > 80 \text{ GeV}/c$

$30 < p_T < 40$ GeV/c



$160 < p_T < 180$ GeV/c



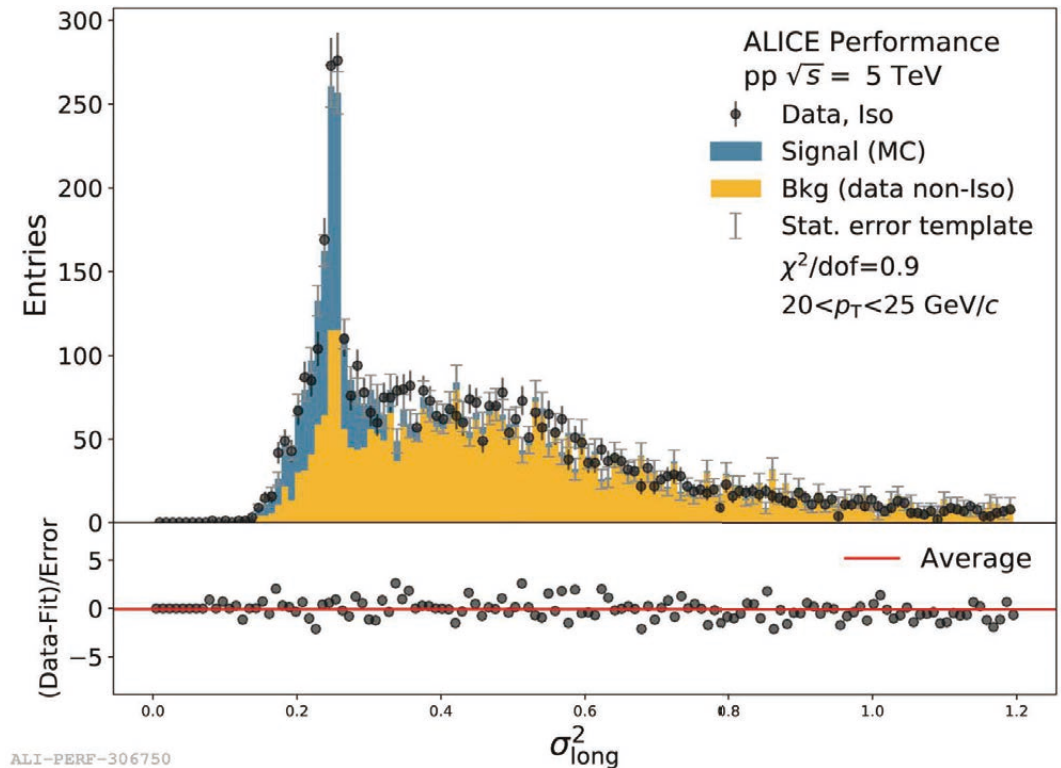
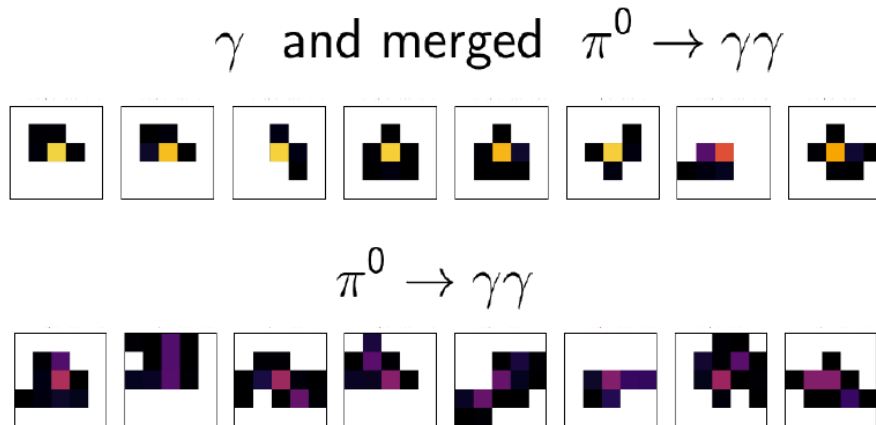
Low p_T (left): Shape different for small and large jet radii

- Trend towards more asymmetric splitting for larger R

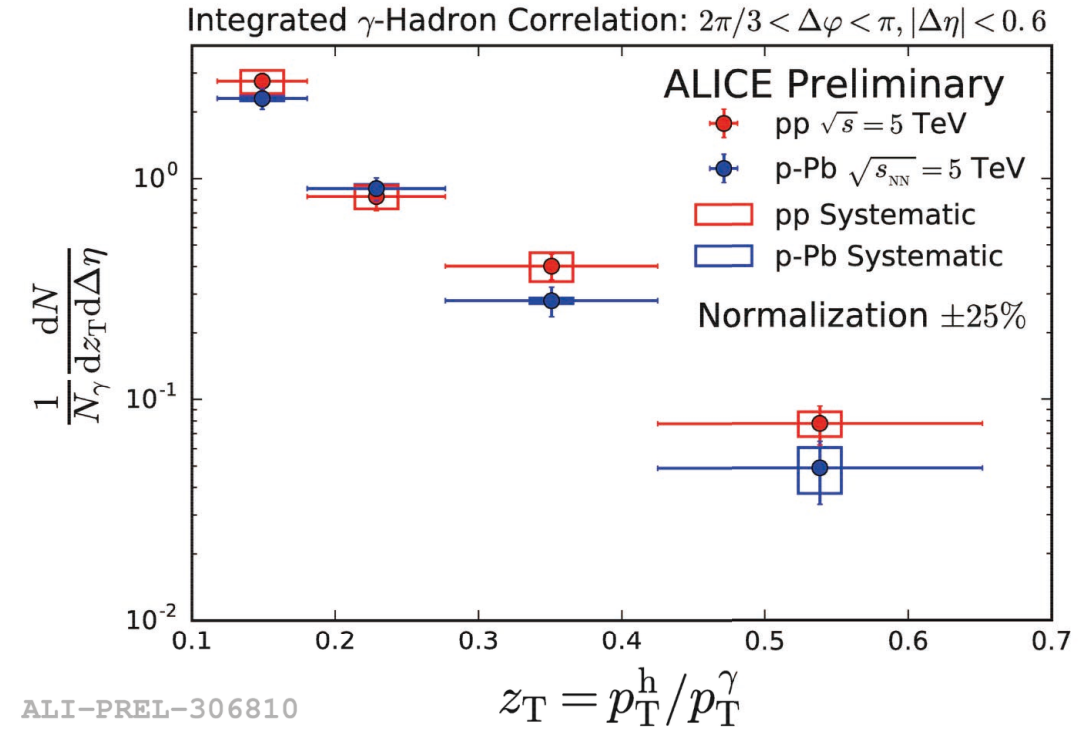
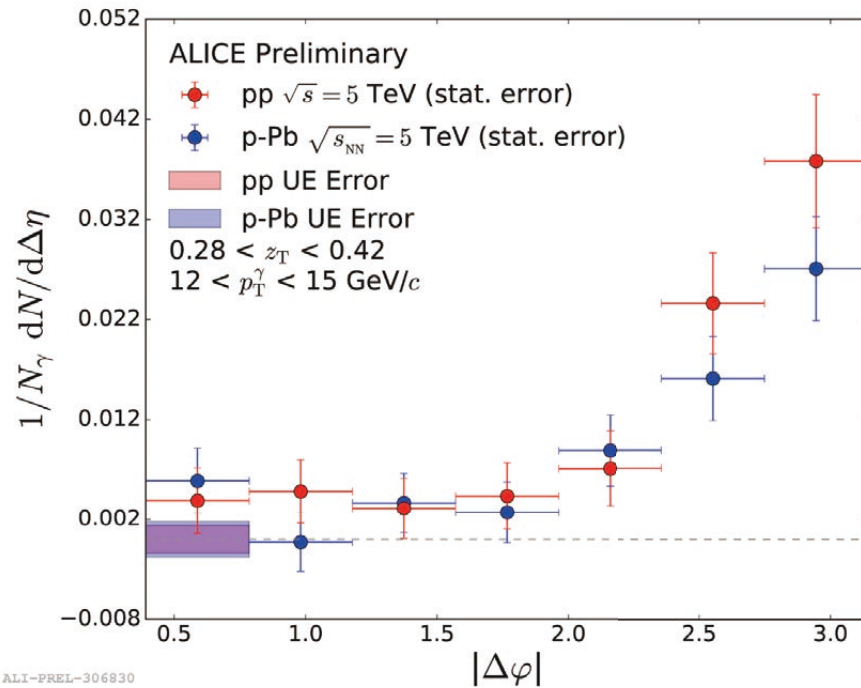
High p_T (right): z_g independent of R

- Dominant part of the jet energy in core, small influence of large angle radiation
- PYTHIA reproduces the trend at low p_T very well

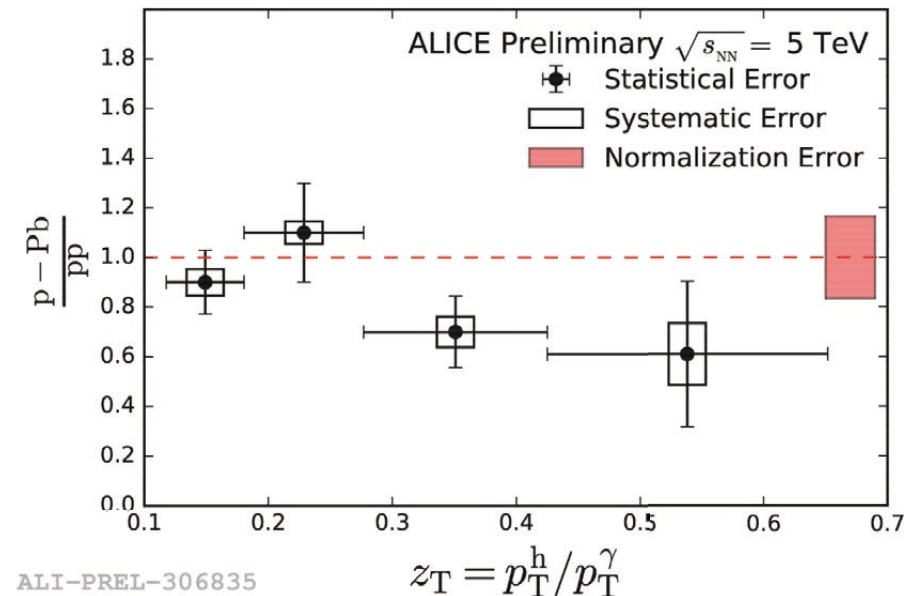
(3) Gamma-jet

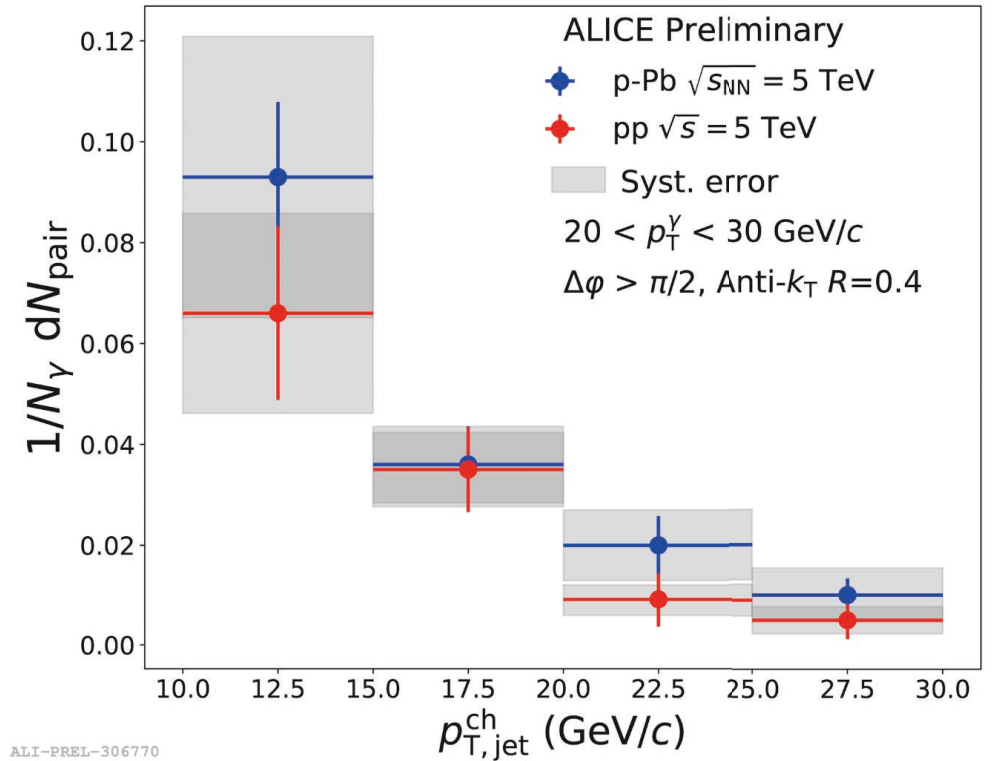
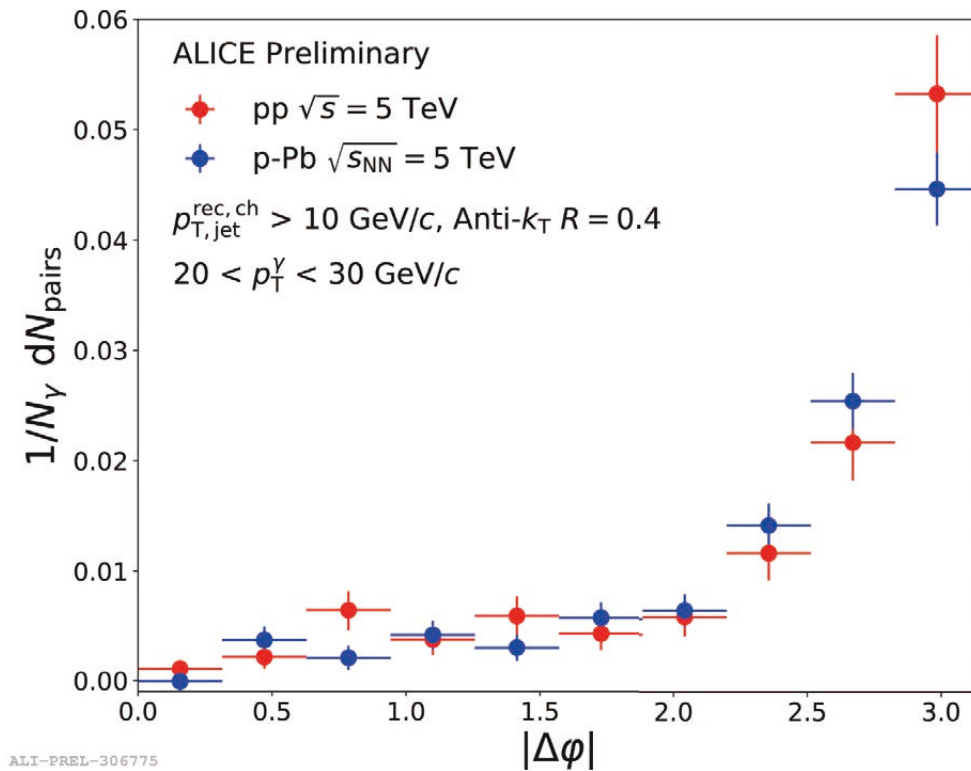


- Golden channel for energy loss, but rare probes
- Use ITS only track, and EMCal trigger in pp and p-Pb
- Photon measured in EMCal trigger, and applied isolation cut based on ITS tracks $R=0.4$ around photon candidates
- Set the benchmark for pp and p-Pb, look also the difference between pp and p-Pb at low Q^2 and low x region



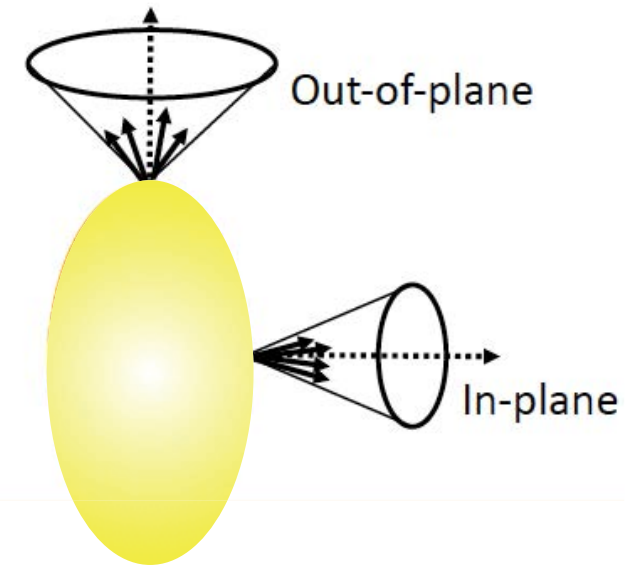
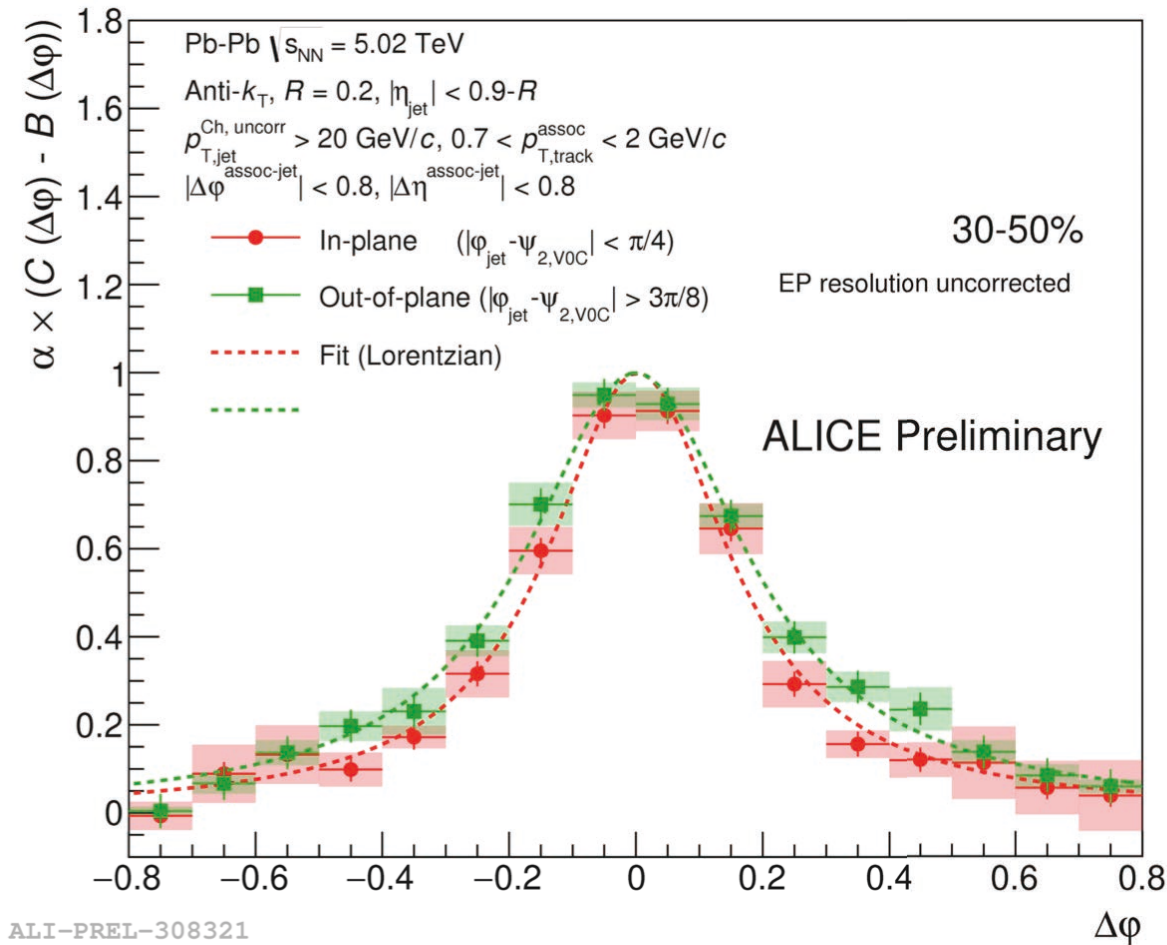
- No significant difference between pp and p-Pb





- No significant difference between pp and p-Pb

(4) Jet-hadron & hadron-jet

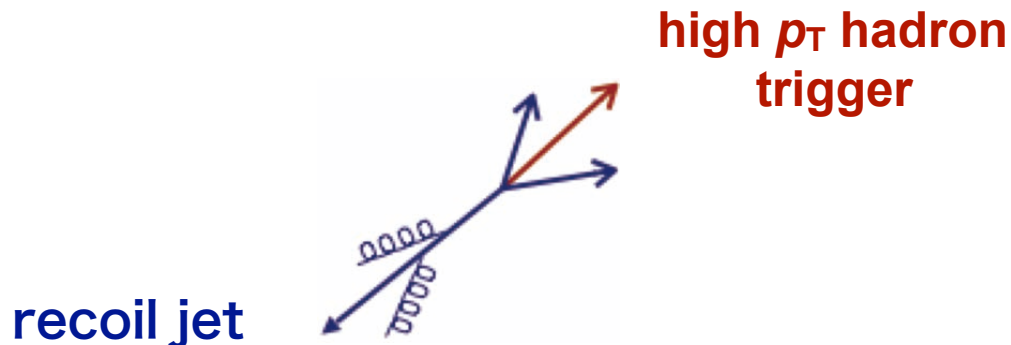


A slightly wider distribution for out-of-plane in lower p_T associated tracks ($0.7 < p_T < 2 \text{ GeV}/c$)

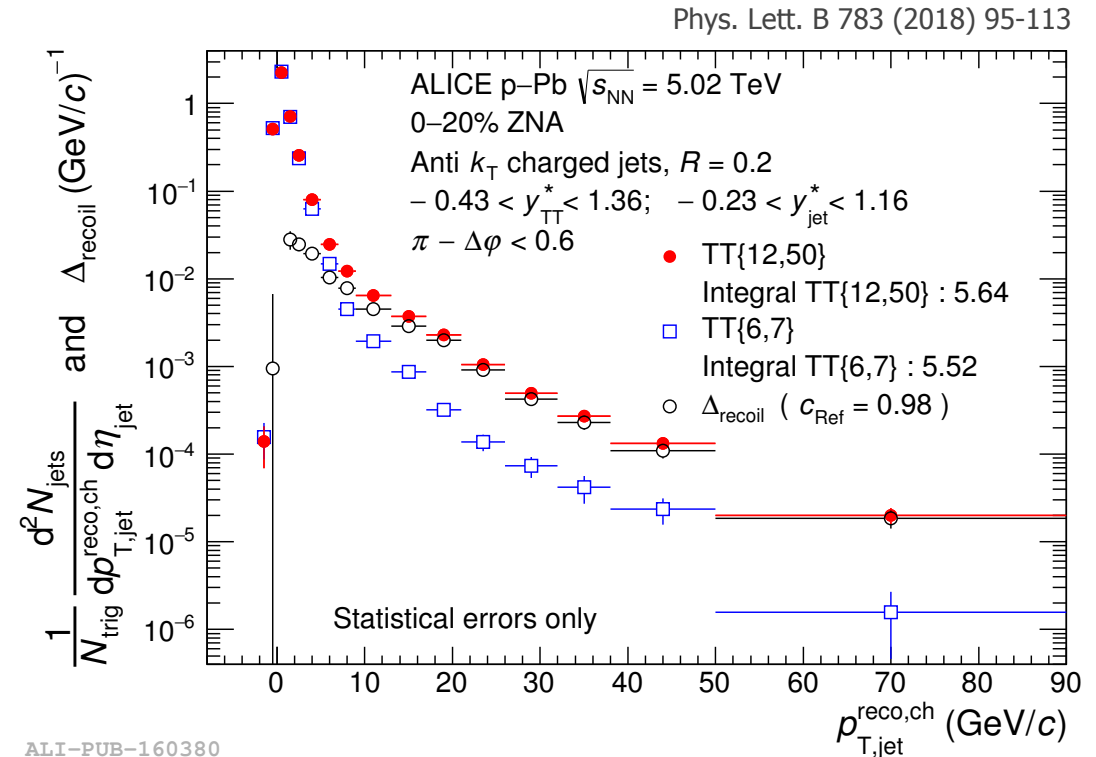
- **Semi-inclusive recoil-jet distribution**
- Jet recoiling against a trigger high p_T hadron
- To subtract uncorrelated combinations:

Δ_{recoil} = high p_T trigger (12-50 GeV/c)
- low p_T trigger (6-7 GeV/c)

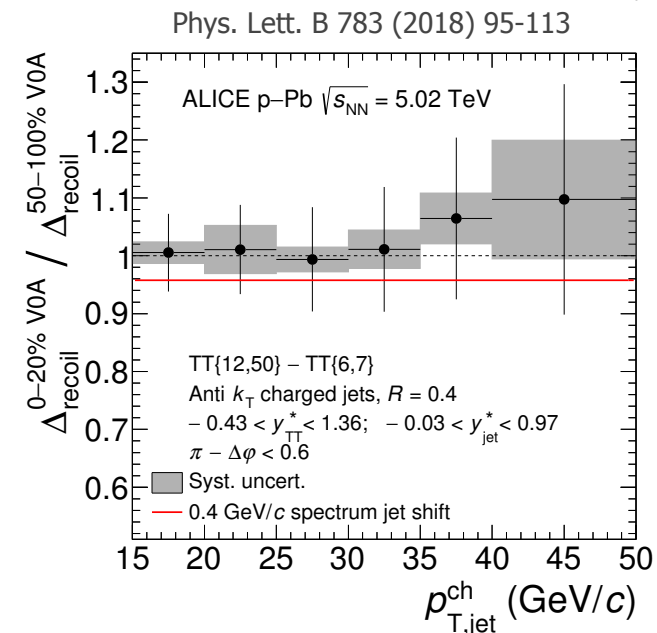
- Self normalized coincidence



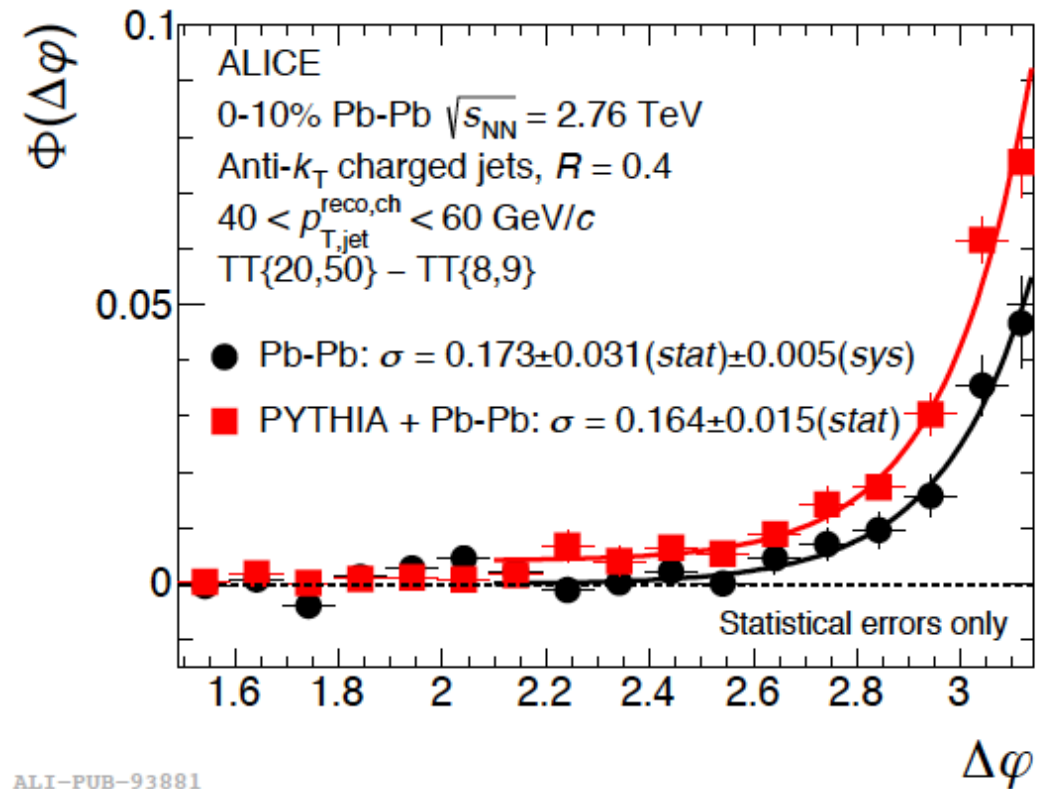
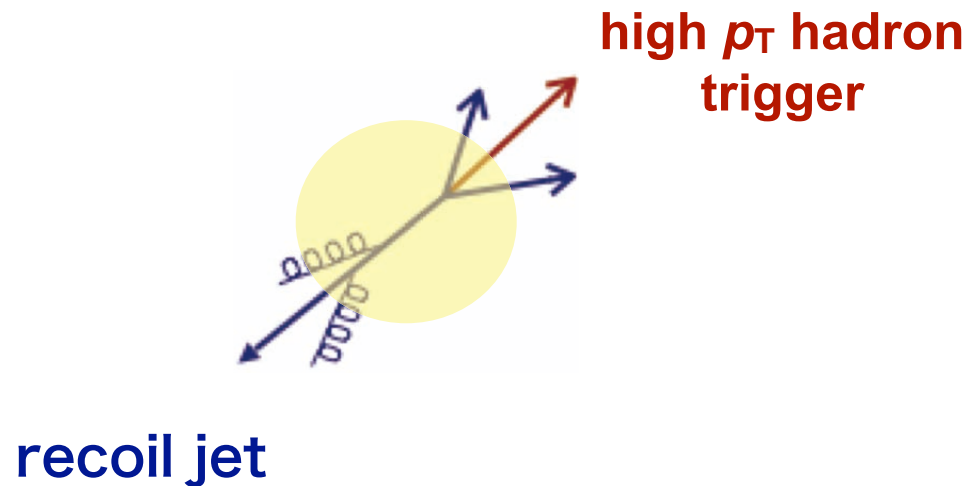
Divided central / peripheral:
no significant modification ($\Delta E < 0.4$ GeV)



ALI-PUB-160380

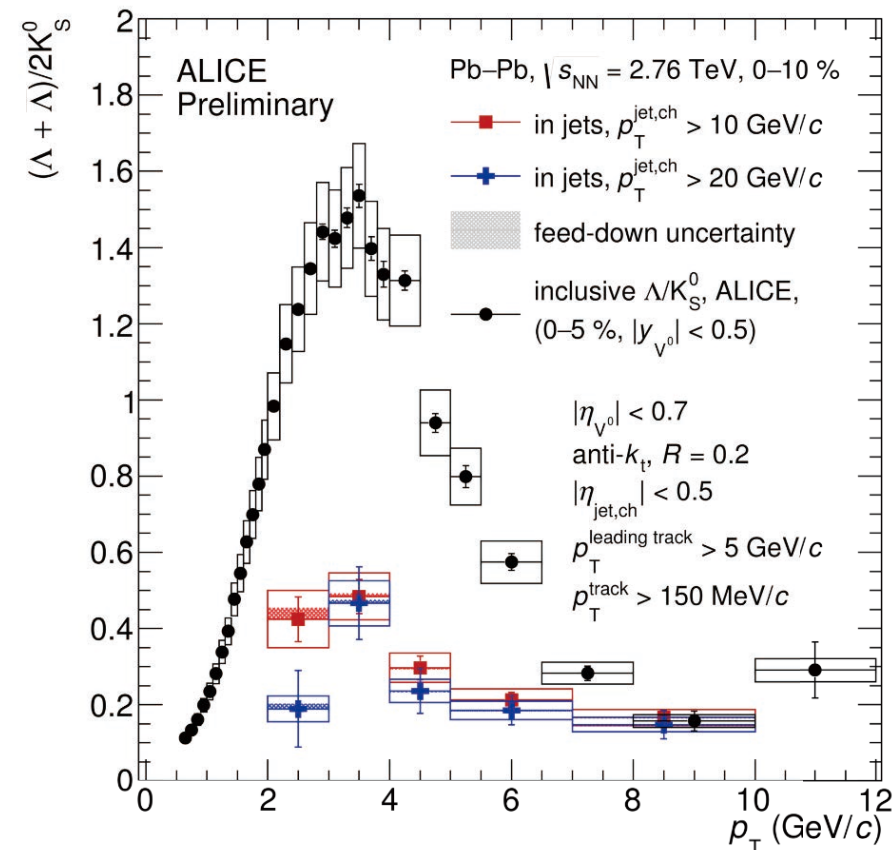
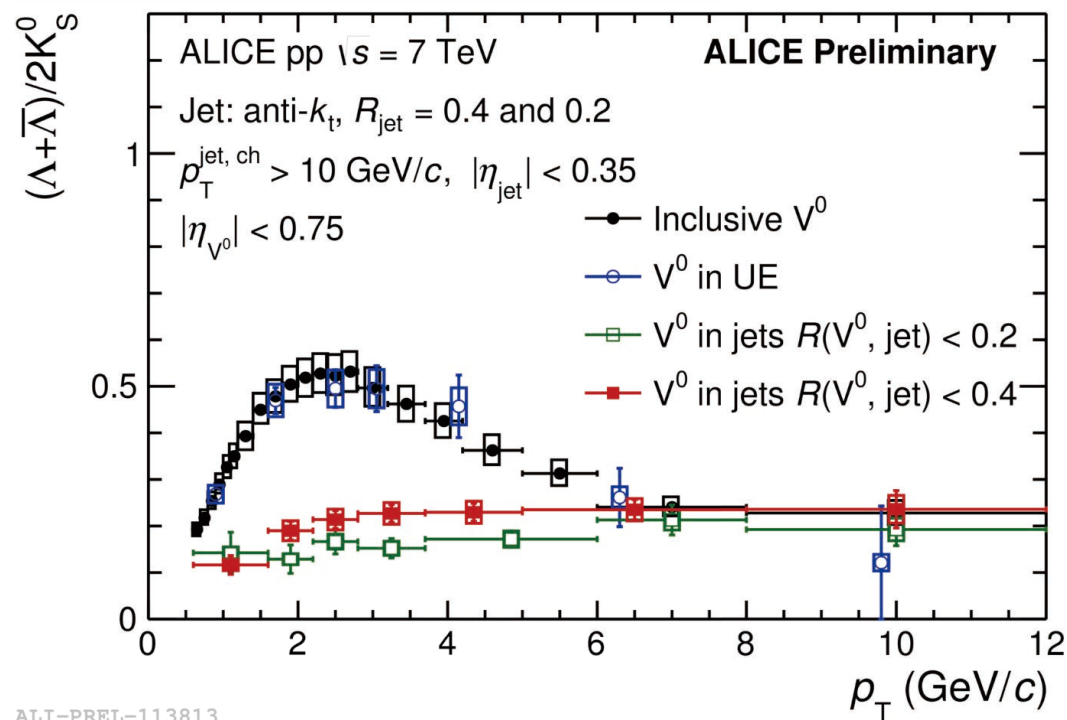


JHEP 09 (2015) 170

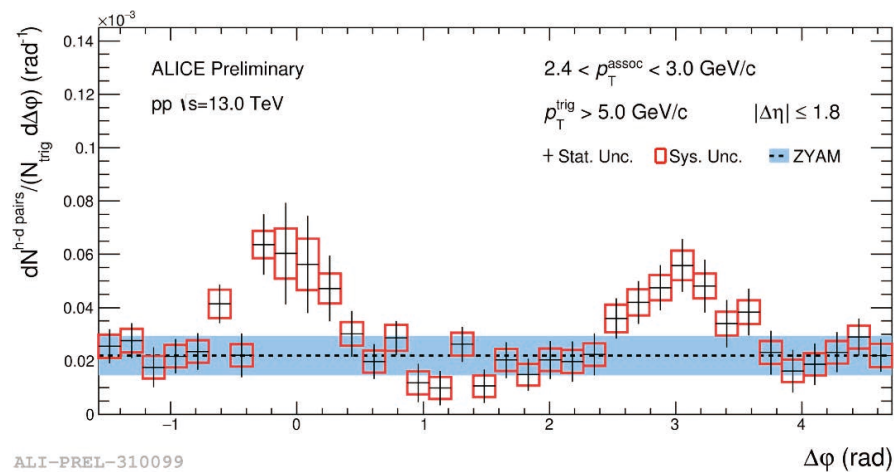
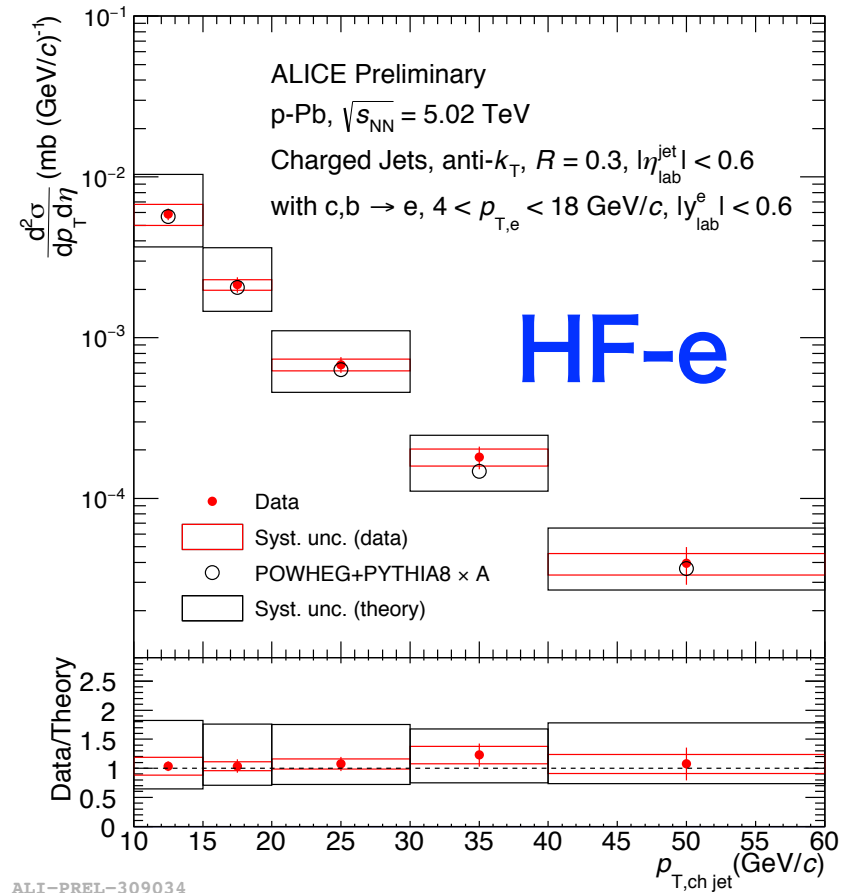
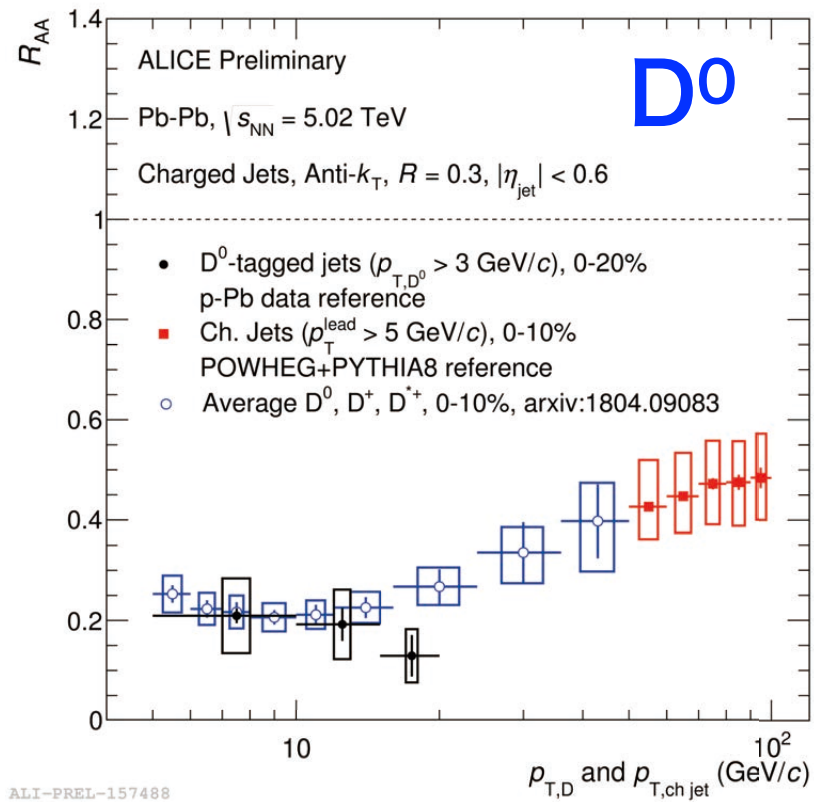


* Future: Also interesting to see the accoplanary for jet broadening, try to see large angle scattering (Molière scattering) with large data sample in Run-2 and Run-3

(5) Jet with PID



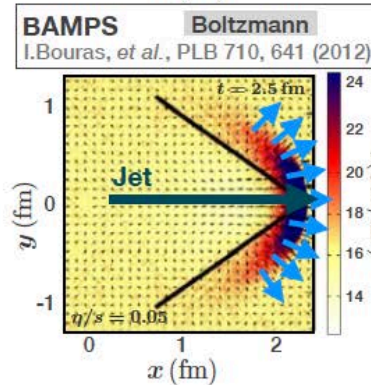
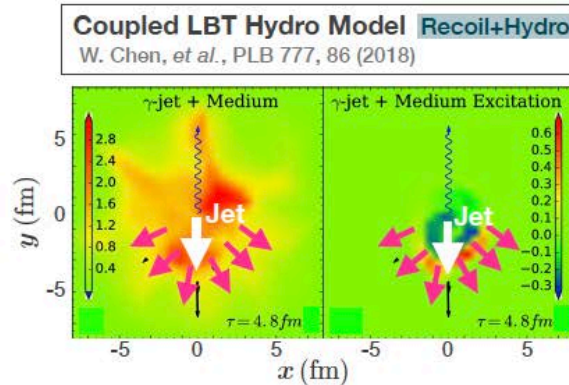
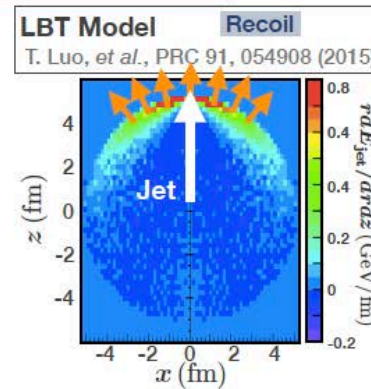
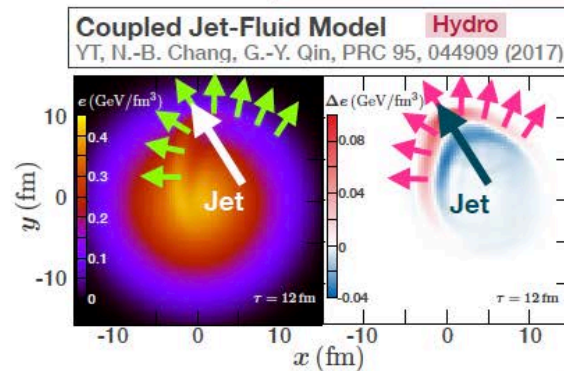
- Strangeness production in jets
- Reproduced inclusive Λ , K^0 , Ξ^\pm
- Measured Λ , K^0 , (Ξ^\pm) within jet (JE) and outside jet (UE)
- Clear difference in ratio for intermediate p_T
- Similar ratio in Pb-Pb, significant difference from inclusive



deuteron

Structures of medium response

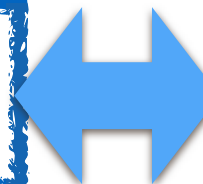
Momentum transport away from jet



18

Y. Tachibana
(QM2018)

- In-medium thermalization (reheating, mach cone) ?
- Enhancement of particle emission around jet (recombination?)



experimental
observables

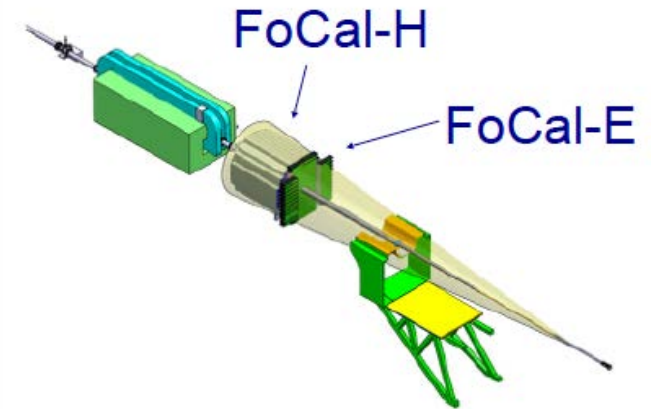
e.g.) ALICE: low p_T , PID, di-jet

Future upgrade proposal for forward γ and jet ²⁸

FoCal = Forward Calorimeter:

FoCal-E: EM Calorimeter

FoCal-H: Hadronic Calorimeter



- 7 m away from the interaction point
- Main challenge: separate γ/π^0 at high energy
- Si-W calorimeter, effective granularity $\approx 1\text{ mm}^2$
- Upgrade proposal under discussion in ALICE for Run-4 $3.2 < \eta < 5.3$

• **p-Pb: investigating high-density initial state**

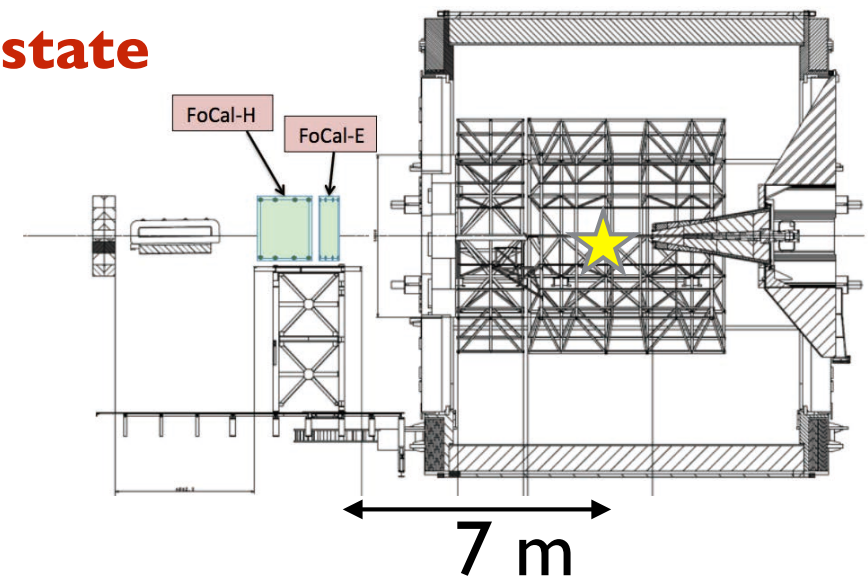
- Direct photons
- π^0
- Di-hadron correlations (π^0 - π^0)
- Jets, quarkonia

• **pp: forward production, baseline**

- (same as p-Pb)

• **Pb-Pb: medium density at forward y**

- π^0 at $3.2 < \eta < 4.5$
- Longitudinal evolution of medium
- Provide jet quenching at forward rap., same region for J/ψ (muon arm)



Exploring parton energy loss with jets at LHC

- **R_{AA} of hadrons**: reaching at precision measurements
- **jet spectra**: new data using the new high interaction rate data in Pb-Pb
 - a hint of stronger broadening at lower p_T , central Pb-Pb
- **Groomed jets**:
 - Detailed picture of parton shower provided by Lund Plane
 - A tool to select substructures
 - Showed suppression of large angle splittings and slight enhancement of collinear splittings compared to embedded PYTHIA
- **Outlook**
 - Jet spectra → towards larger R and low jet p_T
 - Recoil jets, tagged jets (c, b) → jet-hadron, hadron-jet correlations w/ trigger
 - Groomed jets and jet sub-structure
 - Jet mass, Dijet- k_T
 - Di-jet, gamma-jet
 - Di-jet + soft hadron (PID)

Harvest of jet physics in ALICE !



**Thank you for
your attention!**