## **LEReC Laser Systems – Operations Post Mortem**

## LEReC DC gun tests (May 5 - Aug 11, 2017)

- chiller room overtemp and chiller fuse swaps, sleep-mode of local PC for chiller) *installed new laser diode and chiller (Oct, 2017)*
- loss of oscillator mode-lock de-coupled laser room and anteroom airducts replaced 5T Bard with 3T Bard reduced phase noise on oscillator's external rf input
- motion controller reliability issues *mitigated noise-induced errors in linear and rotary motion controllers (upgraded micro-switches for operation at 25V rather than 5V and added filters)*
- half-wave plate alignment error (mechanical) modified mechanics – removed 'pinch'
- half-wave plate logic changed to have HWP in during cw operation (not out) so that any rotational error will reduce laser power in cw mode and not increase leakage during pulsed mode
- laser turnoff procedures / insufficient manpower for 24/7 coverage provided procedures and training to Collider Accelerator Support staff
- laser-related safety

added physical locks to all laser enclosures in RHIC tunnel (3 for CeC, 2 for LEReC and 1 common to both CeC and LEReC) integrated laser shutters into RHIC Access Controls

→ all above issues resolved without recurrence, laser-related safety upgrades continue

## LEReC full beamline commissioning (Mar 6 - Sep 16, 2018)

- chiller low flow fault cleaned all water lines, added algaecide and corrosion inhibitors, started routine preventative maintenance
- expert-only switch from pulsed to CW mode (necessitated by drifts in EOM extinction ratio), use of new AOM will retire this complication
- high power on cathode *limited by thermal lensing*

- intensity fluctuations shot-to-shot improved local shielding of Calmar oscillator developed laser intensity and beam-current based feedback (>8/30/18)
- intensity fluctuations, 20 minute cycle installed local dehumidifier (7/25/18) developed laser intensity and beam-current based feedback (>8/30/18)
- chiller failure (6/21/18) replaced – 3 hour downtime
- extinction ratio
  - detailed study of system latencies relocated intensity control behind EOM achieved for operations >200:1 (sufficient for KPP requiring 30 mA, insufficient for design 50 mA beam current) use of new AOM will retire this complication
- extra laser pulse (7/23/18) resulted after changing crystal/interferometer configuration, diagnosed and corrected using transverse-mode deflecting cavity
- position stability *slow (to correct temperature-induced position drift between laser trailer and RHIC tunnel) and fast (to mitigate air flow in laser trailer) position feedback planned*
- laser parameter changes with laser power *outcome of thermal lensing*
- laser-related safety

will add laser enclosure interlocks into RHIC Access Controls will add Laser Controlled Access (LCA mode for high-power laser alignment) into RHIC Access Controls

- $\rightarrow$  all above issues to be resolved with three new developments underway:
  - 1) AOM procurement (due mid-November) and installation to enable >30 mA electron beam operation with extinction ratio > 300:1 (design current is 50 mA)
  - 2) Alternative approach to dealing with thermal lensing with constant power through temporal shaping crystals and intensity control moved downstream of temporal shaping, reference talk by P. Inacker
  - 3) Installation of fast and slow laser position feedback