

# Photosensors and Electronics

## Goals:

- To evaluate commercial photosensors for EIC PID detectors and to develop alternative, cost-effective photosensors (LAPPDs).
- To develop readout electronics for PID detector prototypes.

## Activities:

- Evaluation of photosensors in high-B fields at JLab.
- Adaptation of LAPPDs to EIC requirements at ANL.
- Adaptation of readout electronics (U. Hawaii and INFN-Ferrara) to detector PID prototypes.

# Sensors in High-B Fields

## Goals

- Identify the limitations of current MCP-PMTs and provide guidance for development of new photosensors
- Find the optimal location and orientation of sensors in the EIC detector
  - Example: tilt angle with respect to the local B-field different sensor options
- Investigate suitable parameters for operations in high magnetic fields

## FY18 progress

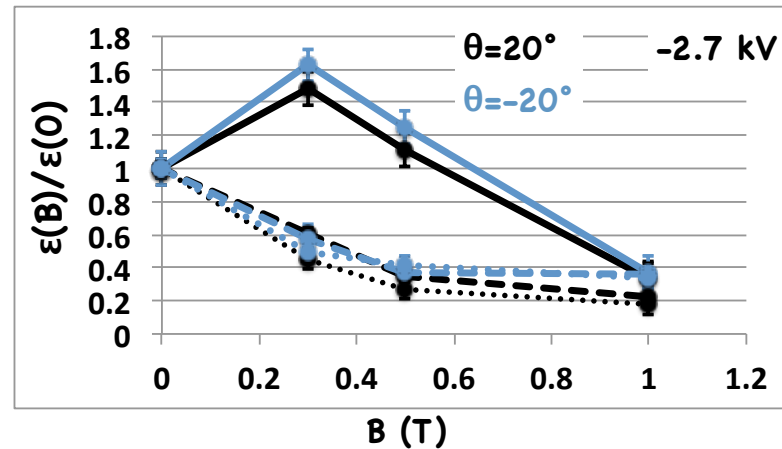
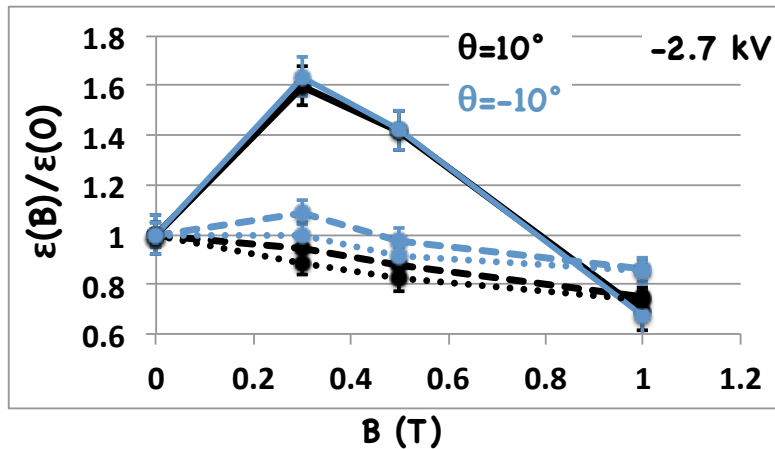
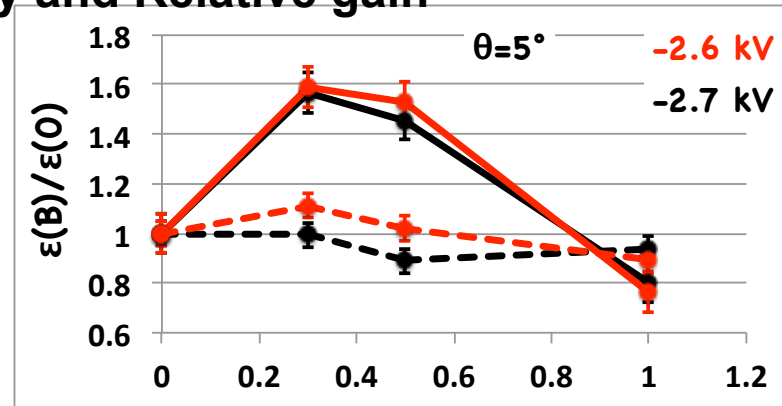
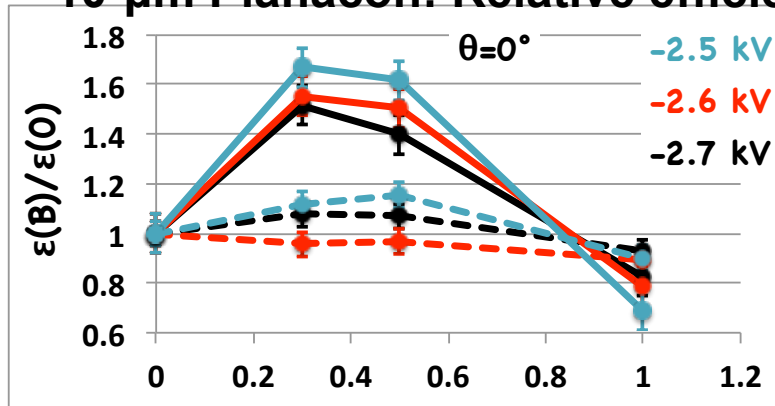
- Construction, installation, and commissioning of a timing upgrade for timing measurements (fast laser system, electronics).
- Efficiency evaluation of a 10- $\mu\text{m}$  Planacon MCP-PMTs as a function of field, orientation, and  $HV_{\text{photocathode-MCP1}}$ .
- Ion feedback measurement as a function of HV and B-field magnitude.

## Planned FY19 activities

- Timing measurements of a 10- $\mu\text{m}$  Planacon.
- Some gain and efficiency measurements to understand trends observed in 2017-2018.
- Work on a simulation for optimization of MCP-PMT design parameters as time permits.

# Results from Summer 2018 Efficiency Studies

## 10- $\mu\text{m}$ Planacon: Relative efficiency and Relative gain



$$\text{---} \frac{G(B)}{G(0)}$$

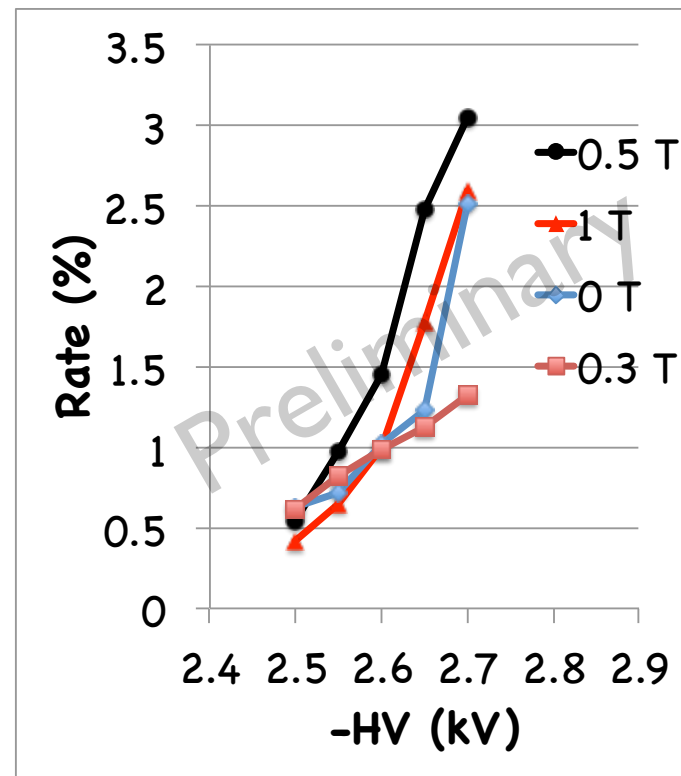
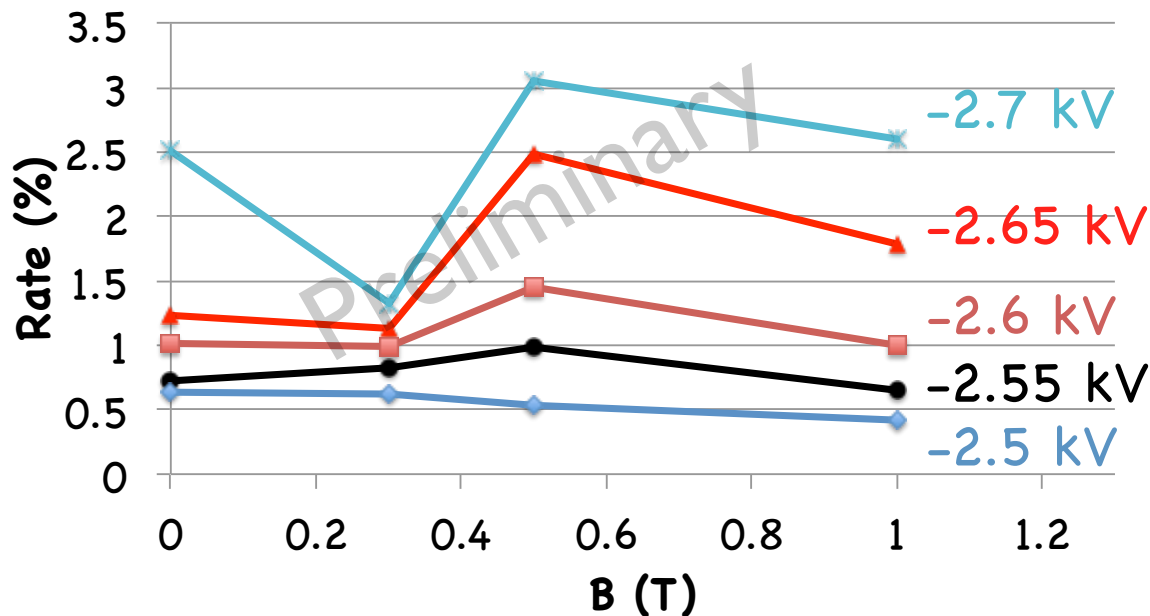
$$\text{---} \frac{\varepsilon(B)}{\varepsilon(0)}$$

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- Efficiency:  $\varepsilon = N_{\text{phe}}/N_{\text{ped}}$ .
- At  $\theta=20^\circ$  between the sensor and the B-field axes, the efficiency drops continuously as  $B$  increases even though the gain shows a maximum at 0.3 T.
- An increase of  $\text{HV}_{\text{photocathode-MCP1}}$  by 200 V (close to maximum allowed) recovers only about 13% of the efficiency ( $\theta=20^\circ$ ).

# Results from Summer 2018 Ion-Feedback Studies

## 10- $\mu\text{m}$ Planacon: Ion Feedback



- The accuracy of the extracted ion-feedback rate strongly depends on the noise of the signal line (pick-up noise and ringing need to be properly accounted for, waveform-by-waveform analysis is critical for accurate estimates).
- Ion-feedback seems to be driven by HV rather than B-field magnitude.