

Clusters in Science Verification

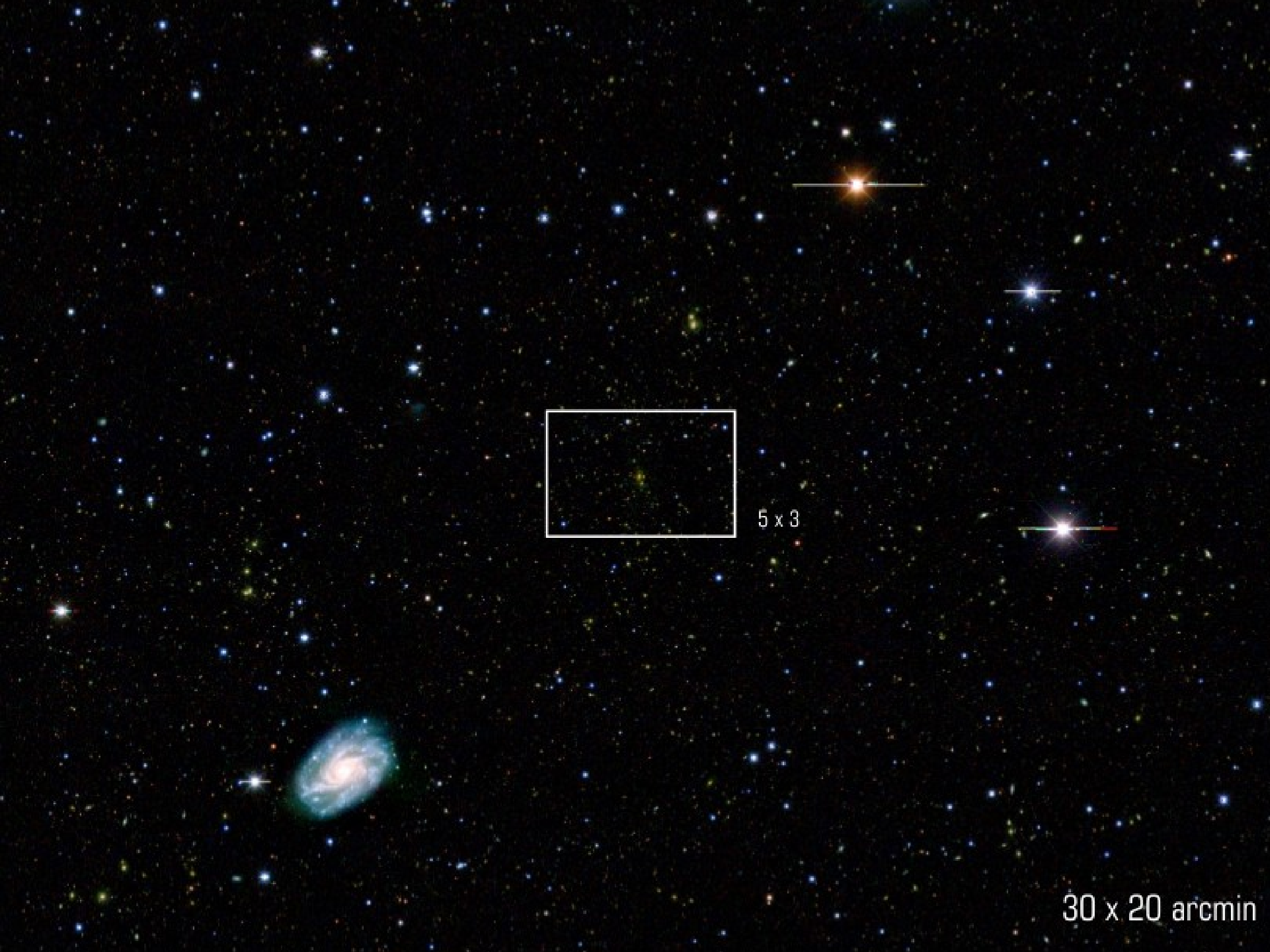


1. validate the data quality delivered by DECam for the purpose of galaxy cluster and lensing studies

2. utilize the large FoV of DECam to create **light and mass maps** over more than 2 square degrees around massive clusters

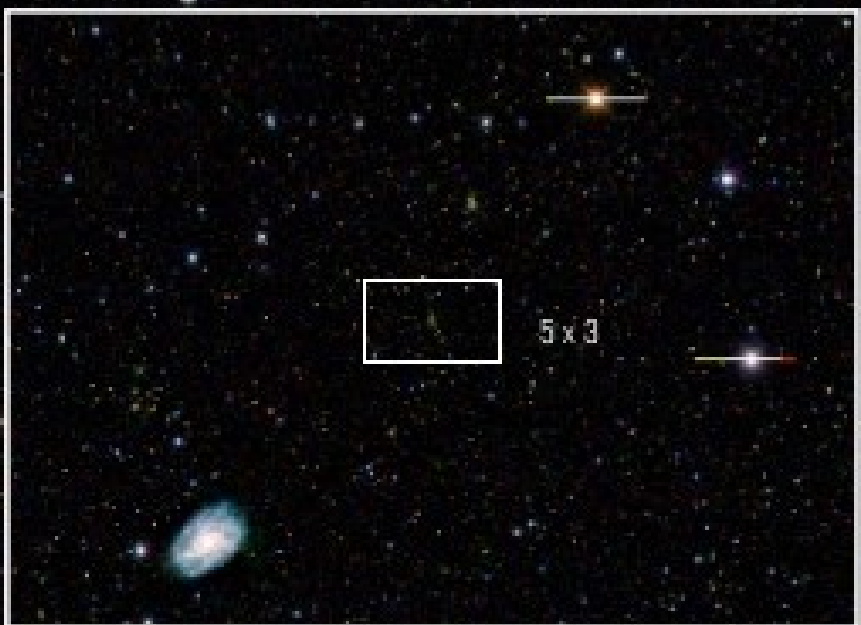
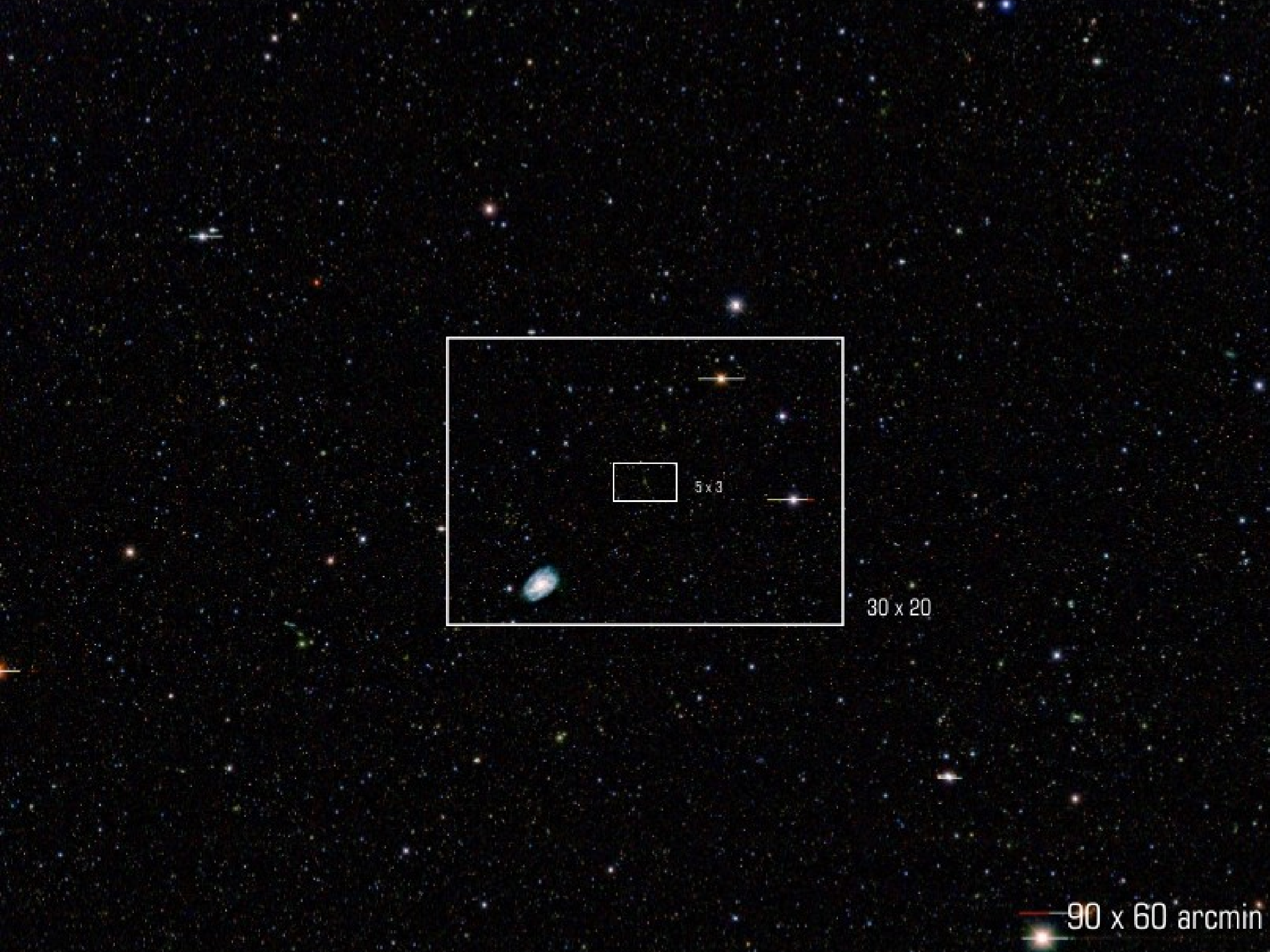


5 x 3 arcmin



5 x 3

30 x 20 arcmin



30 x 20

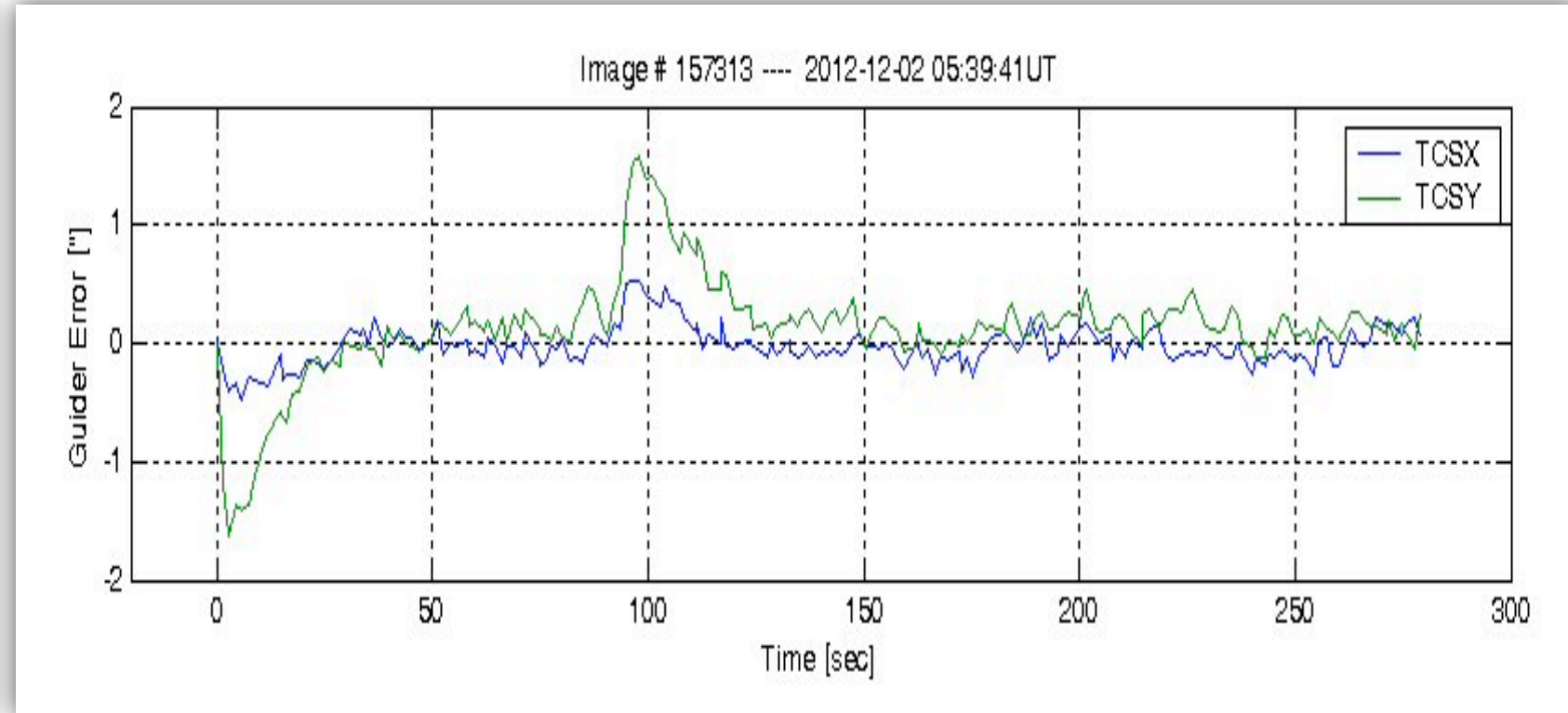
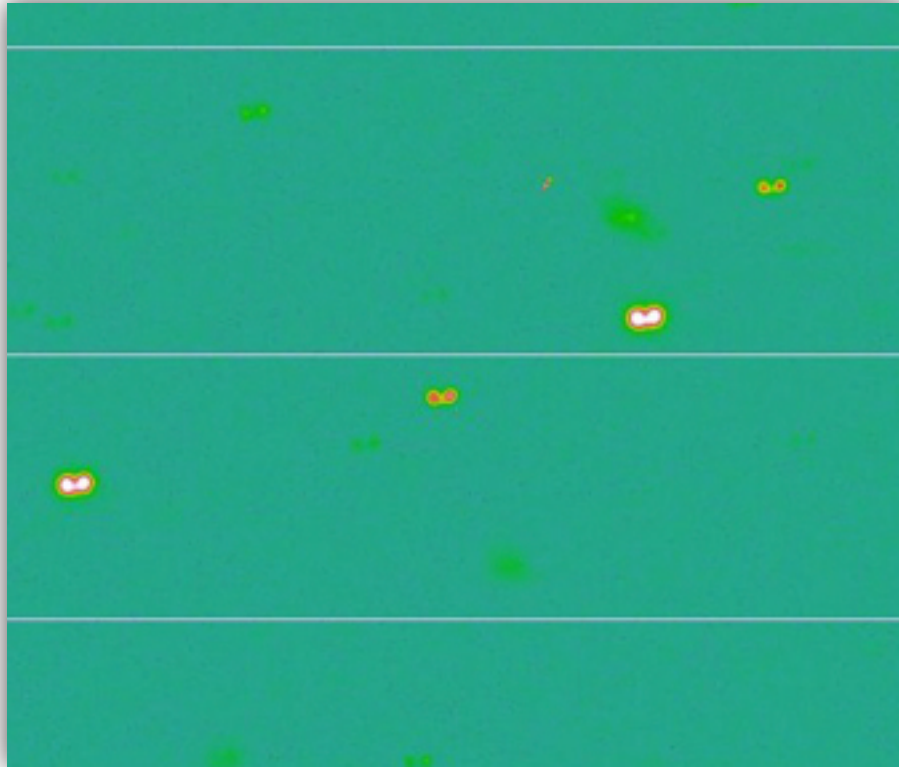
90 x 60 arcmin



30 x 20

90 x 60 arcmin

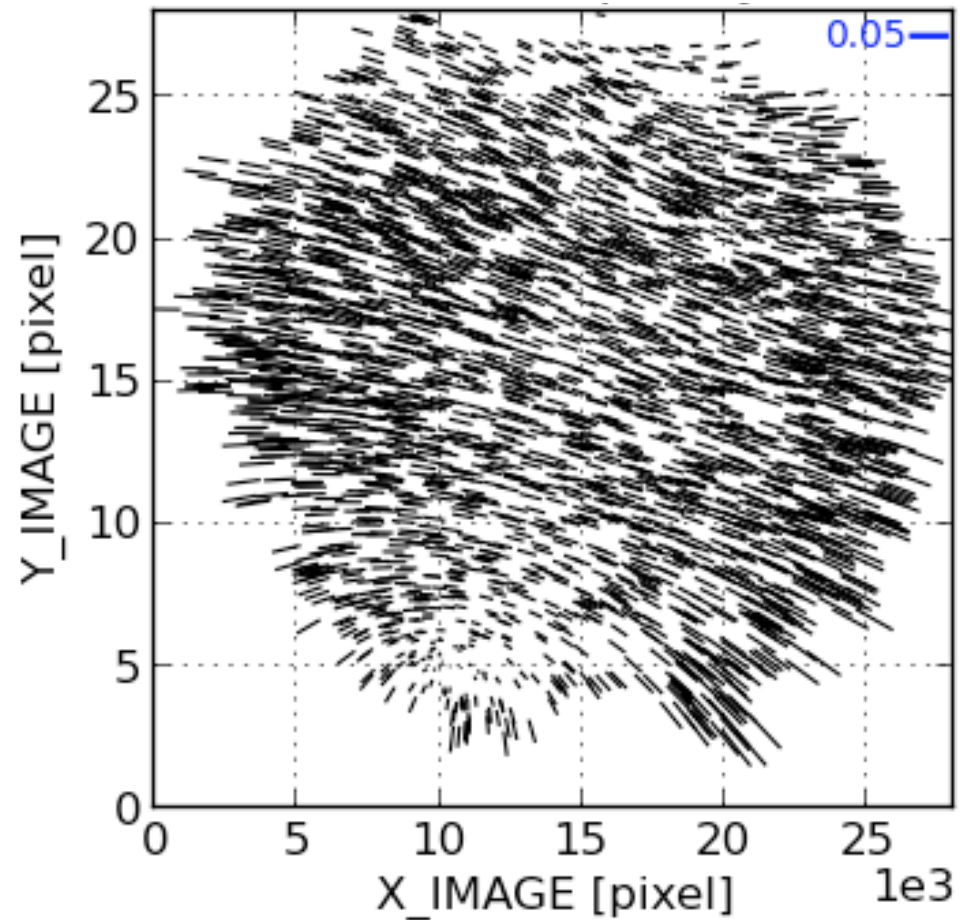
Early data issues



November 2012:

- ▶ early data affected by “guider jumps”
- ▶ tracking performance not as desired

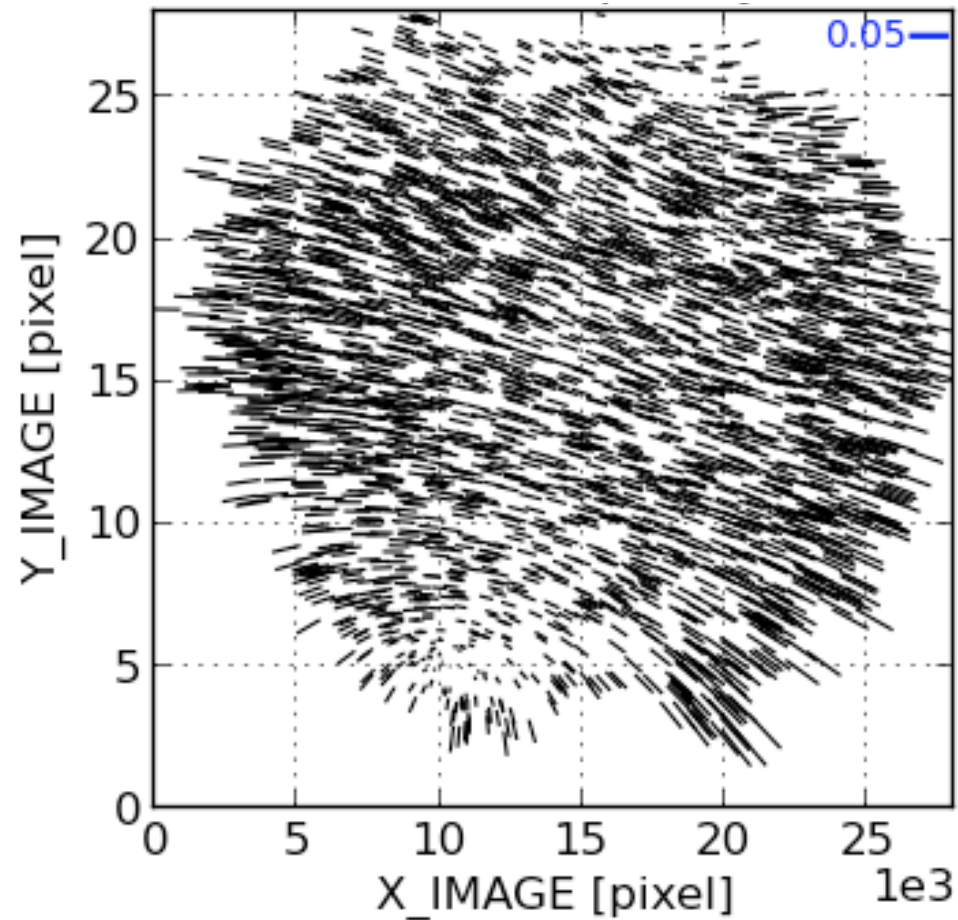
Early data issues



November 2012:

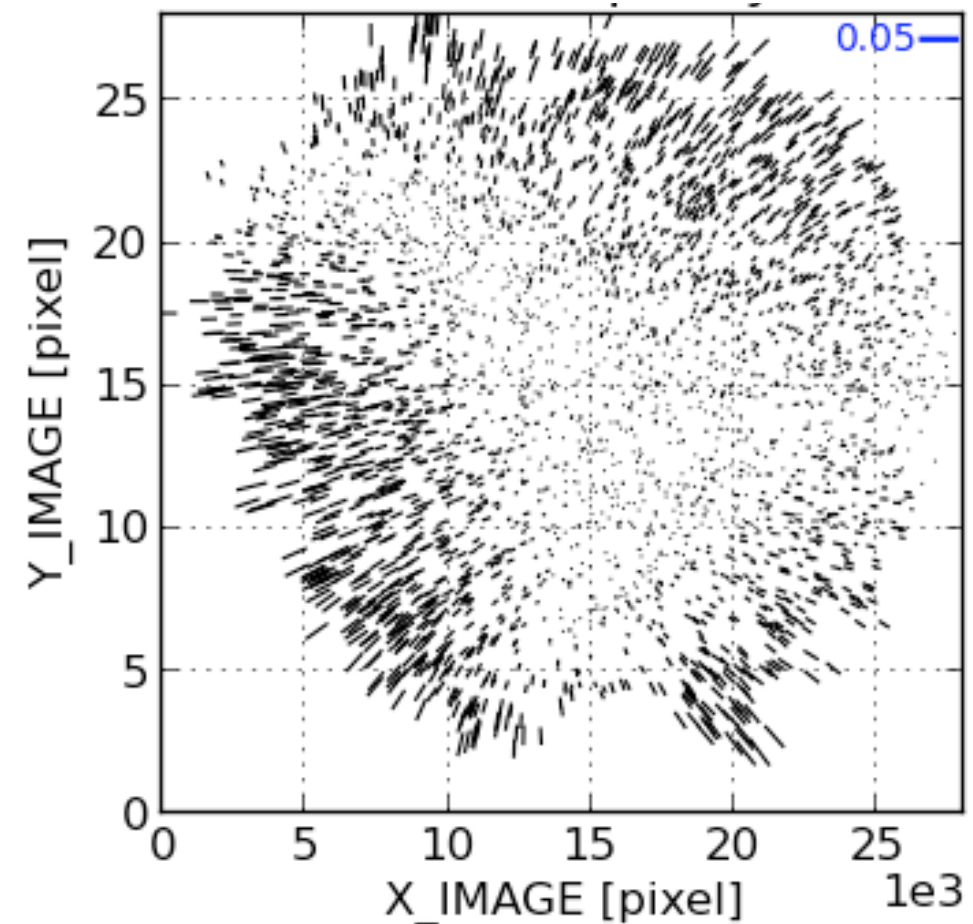
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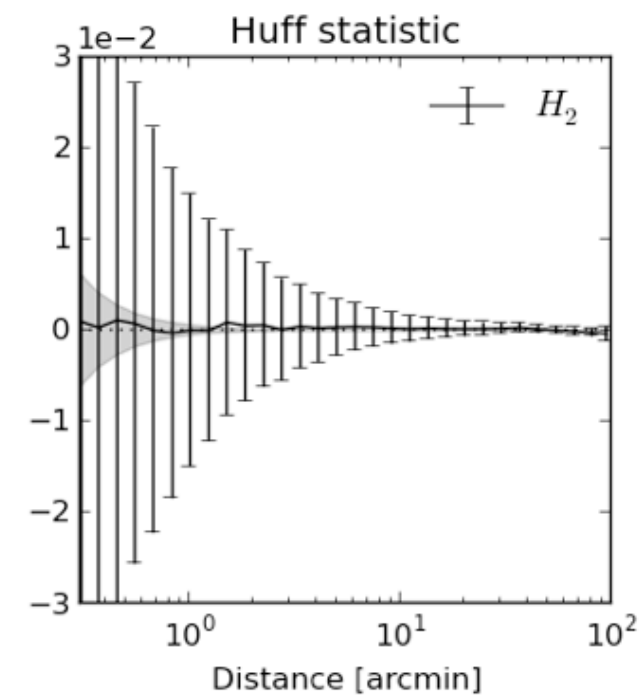
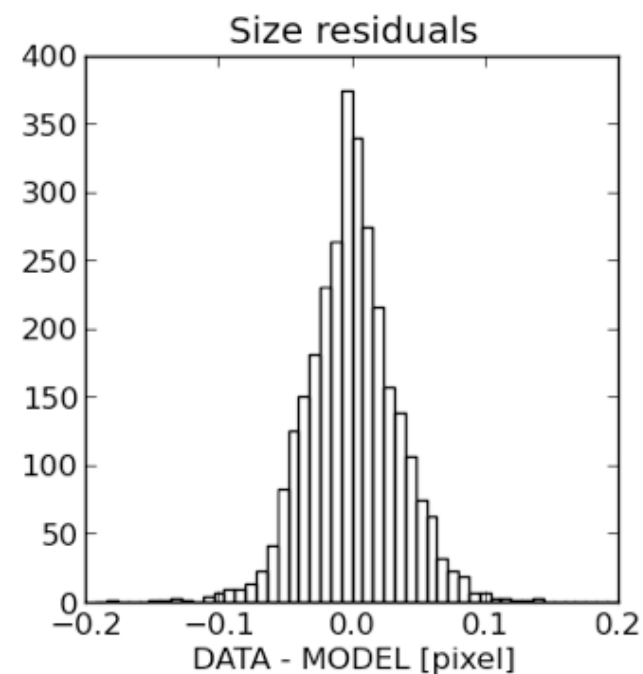
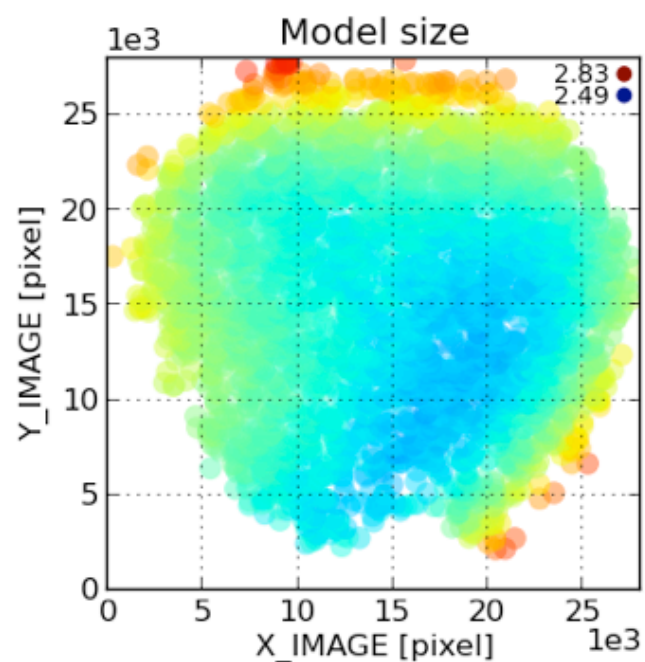
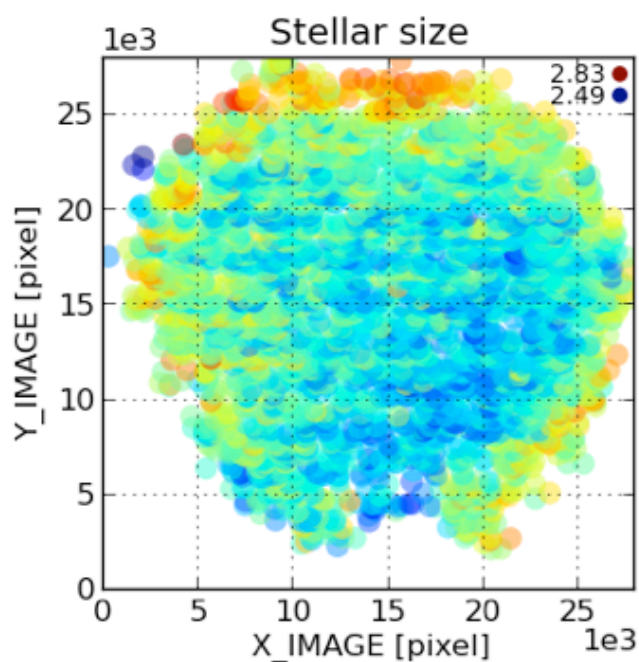
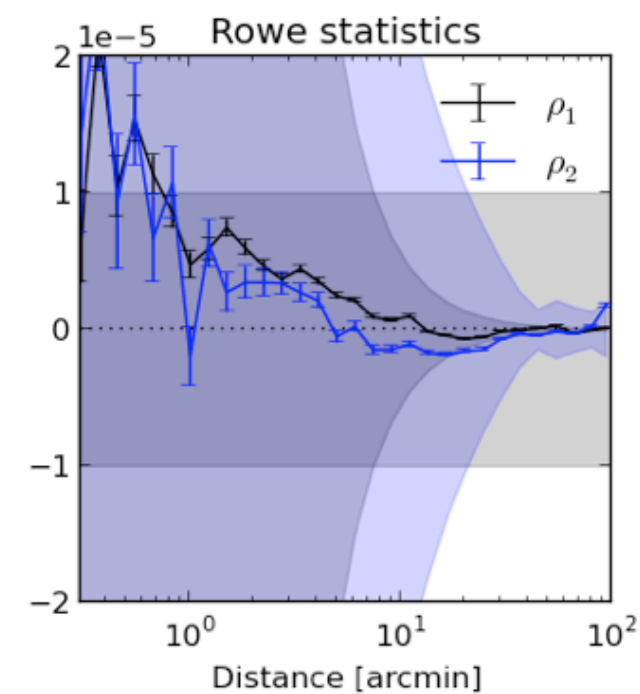
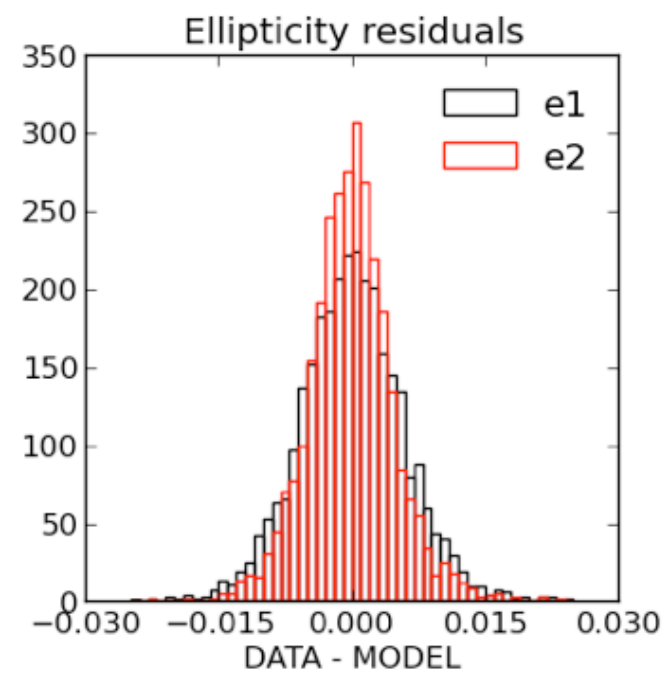
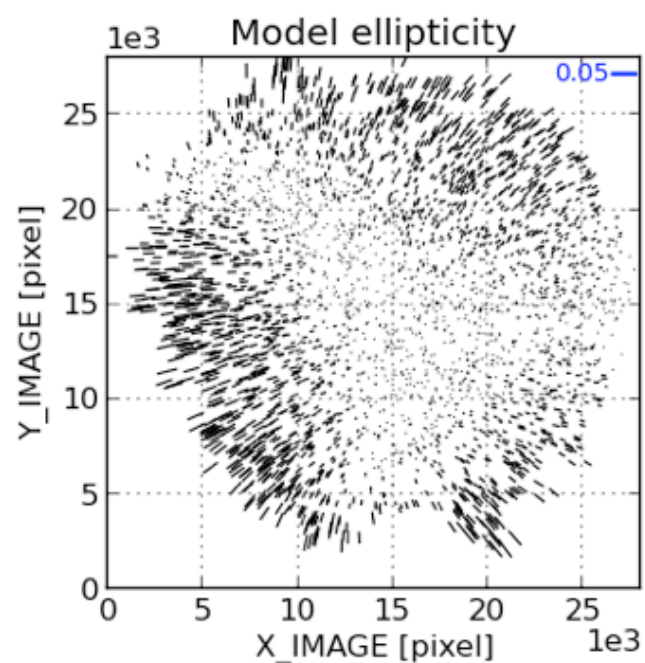
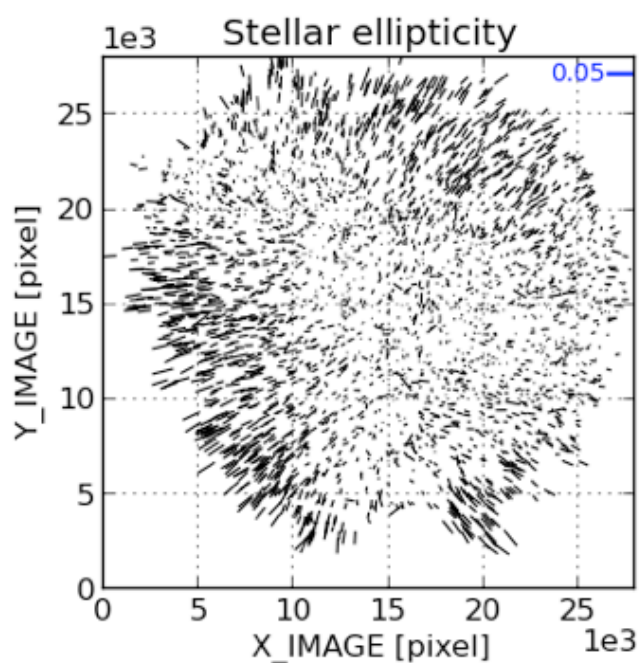
December 2012:

clearly improved image quality

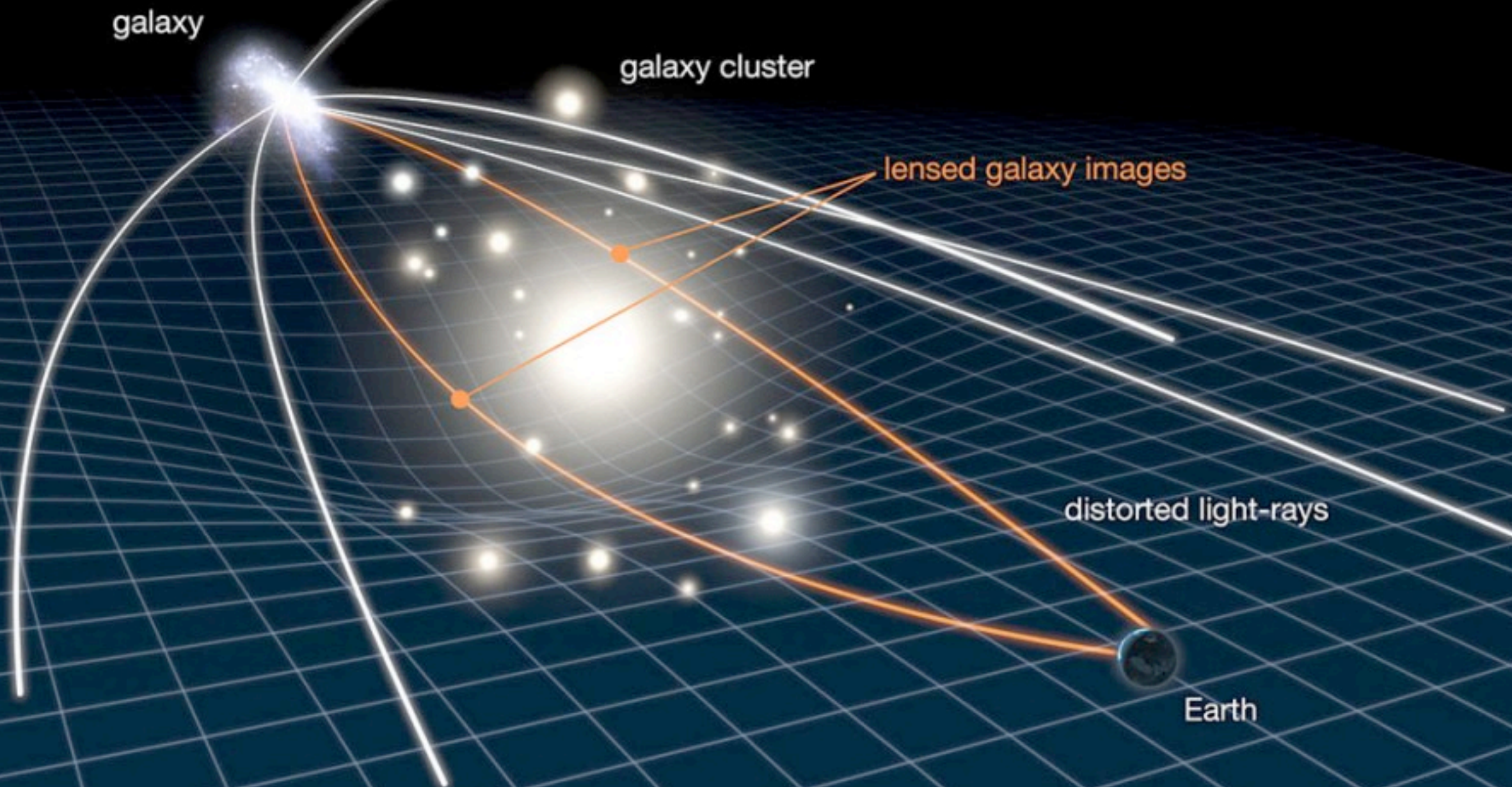
PSF modeling



DARK ENERGY SURVEY



Cluster lensing sketch



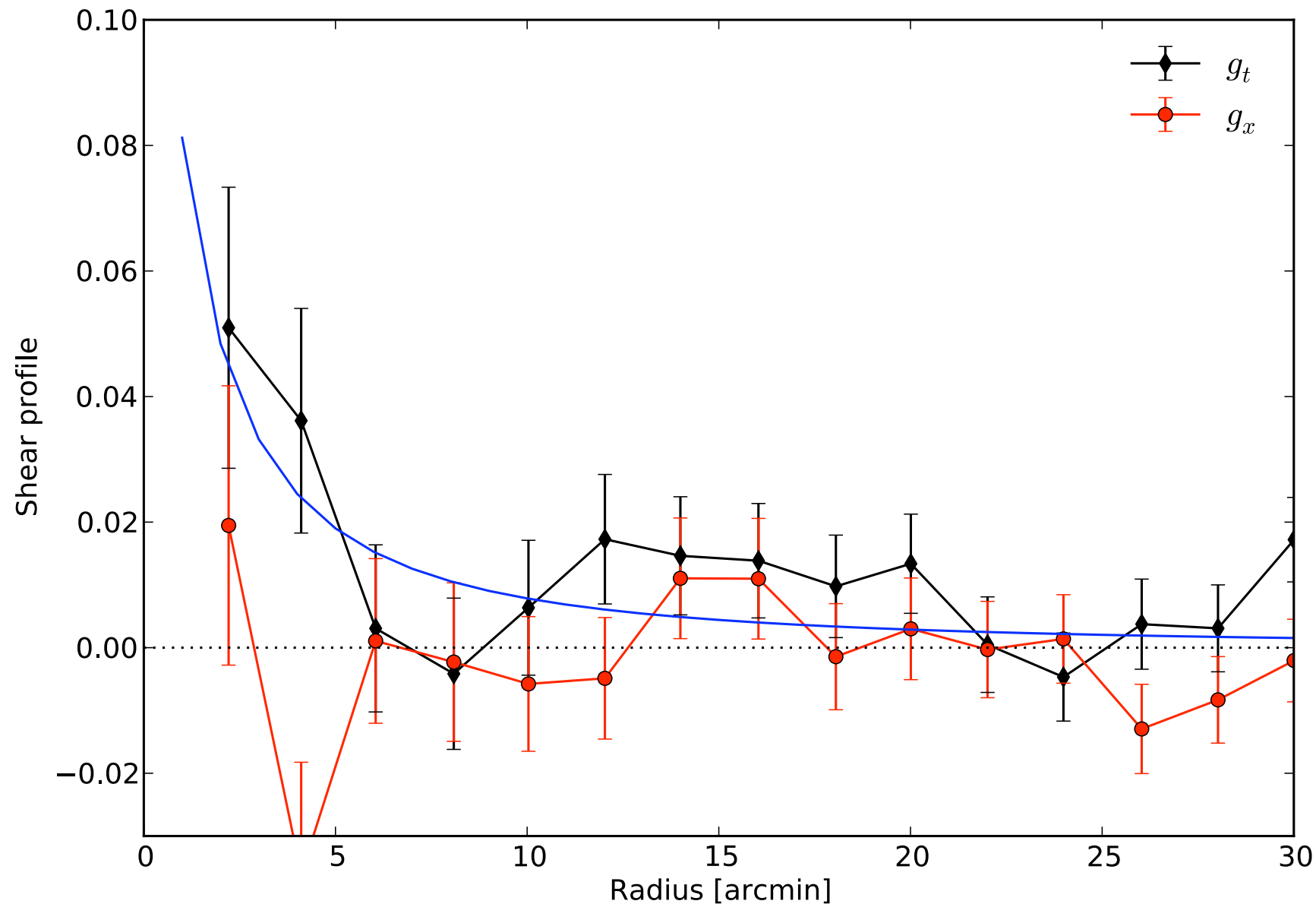
Cluster lensing in (HST) reality



From strong to weak lensing



Shear = tangential orientation

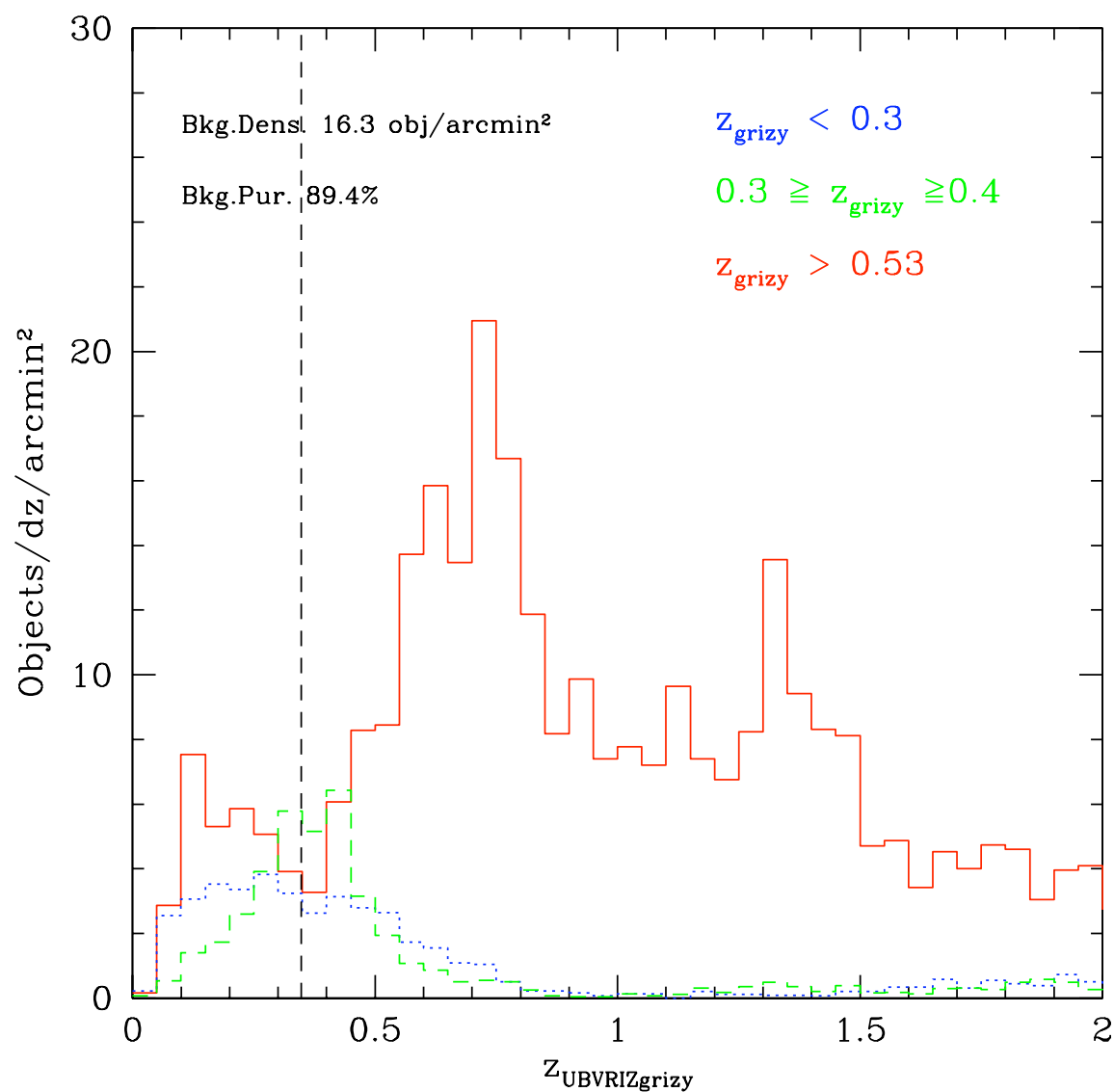


- Several methods:
- ▶ KSB
 - ▶ shapelet
 - ▶ DEIMOS
 - ▶ im3shape
- $n_{\text{gal}} \sim 15 / \text{sq. arcmin}$

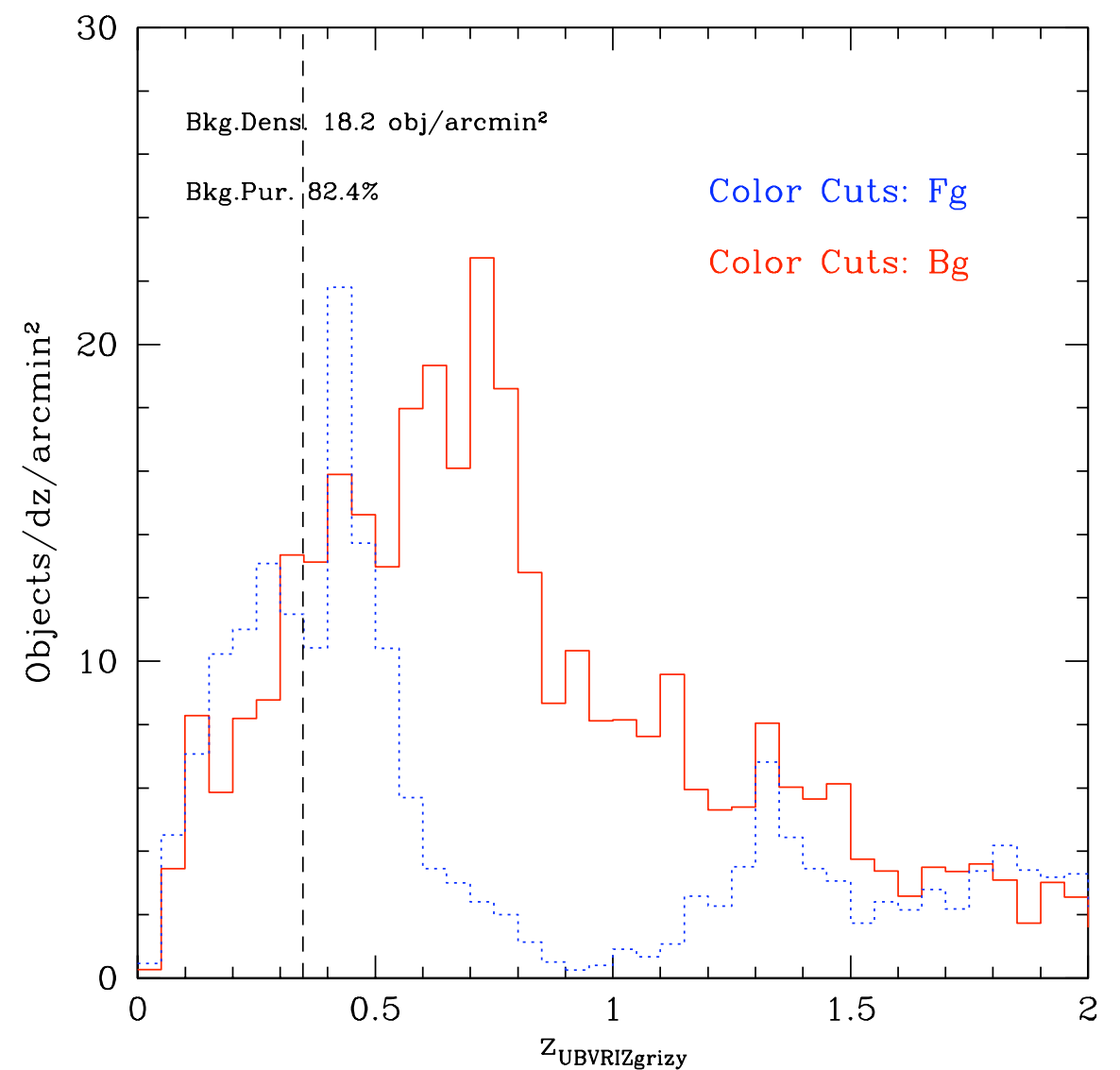
Photometric catalogs



Foreground / Background selection based on color cuts and photo-zs

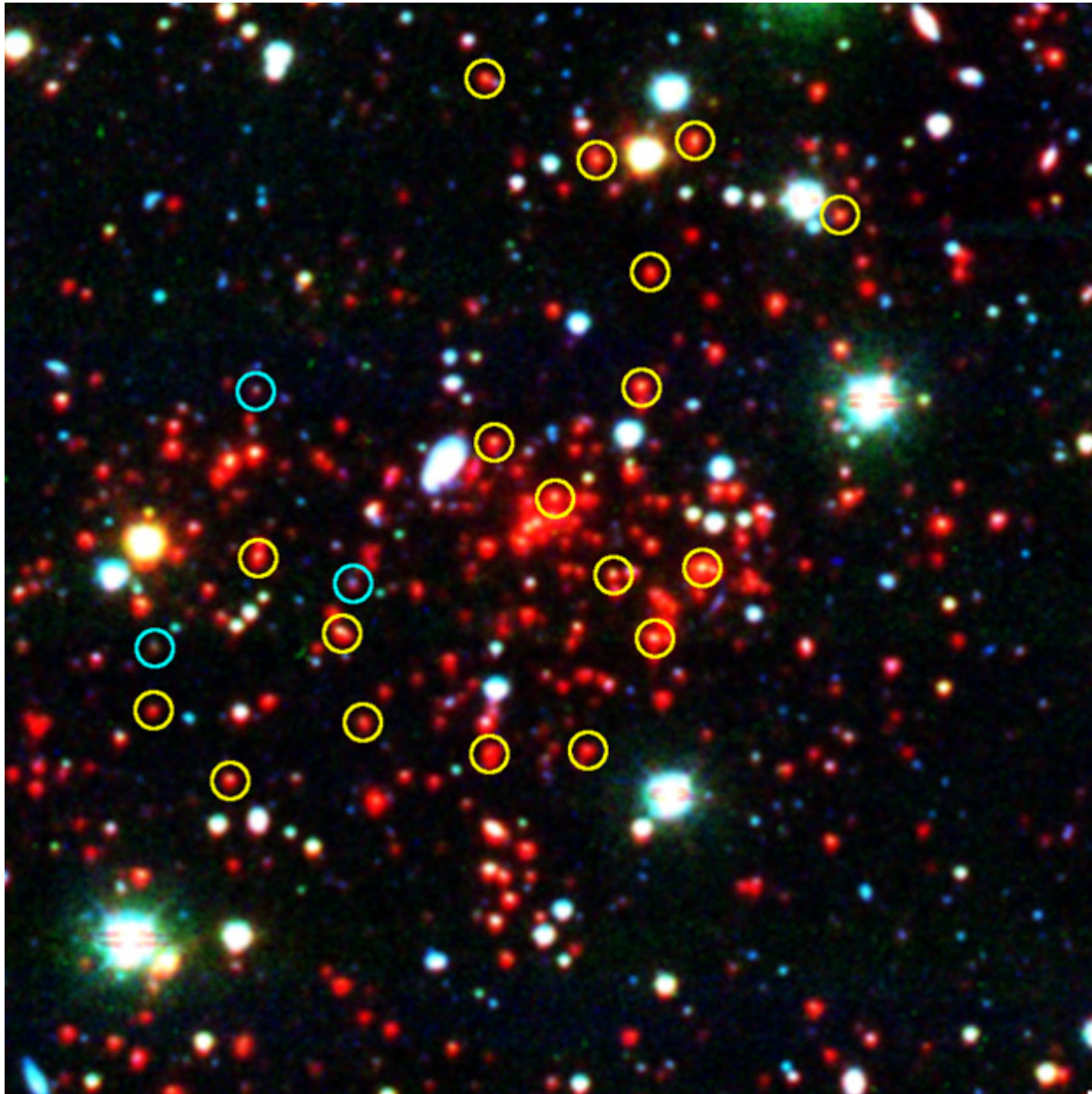


DES photo-z selection



color-cut selection

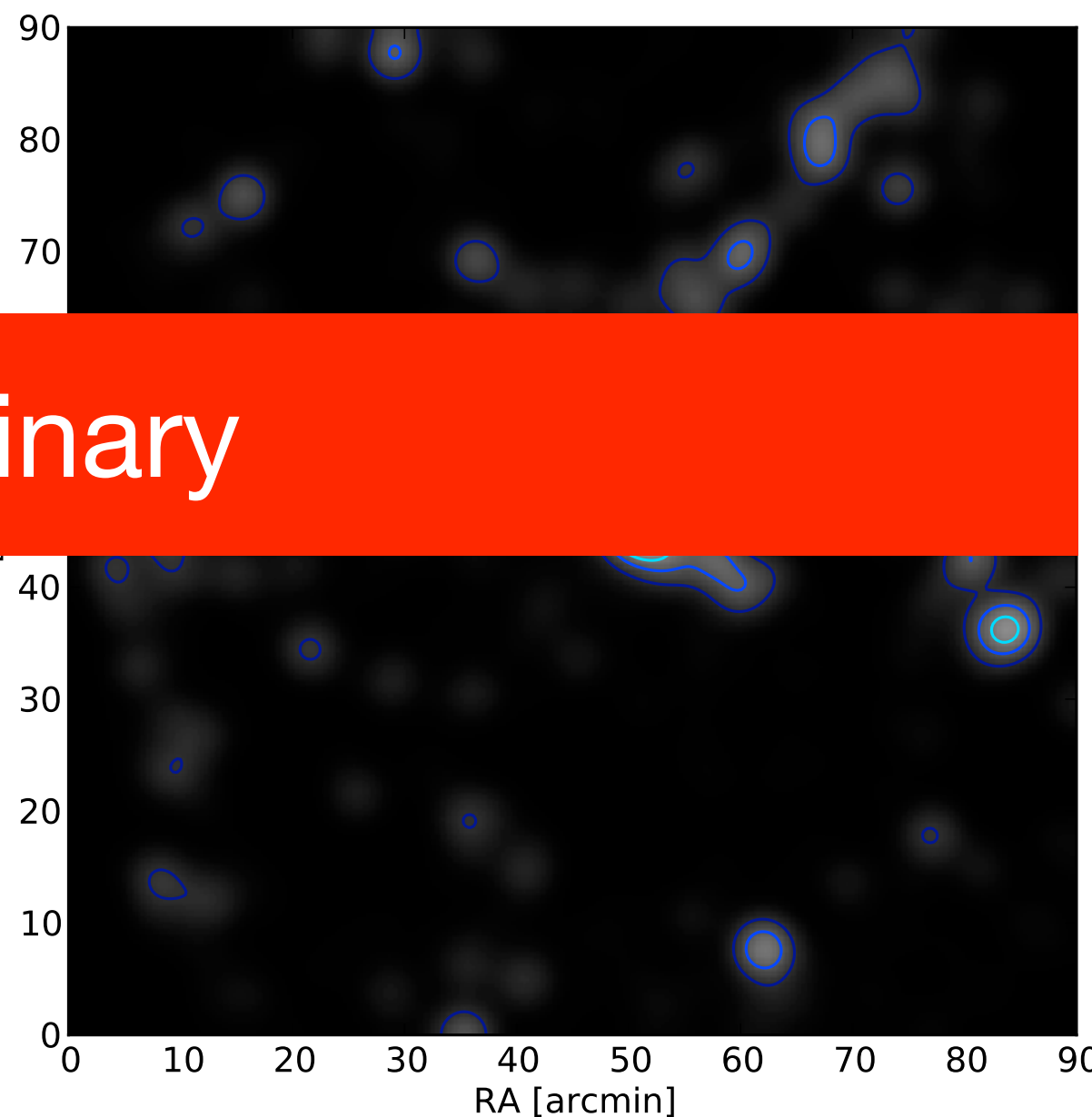
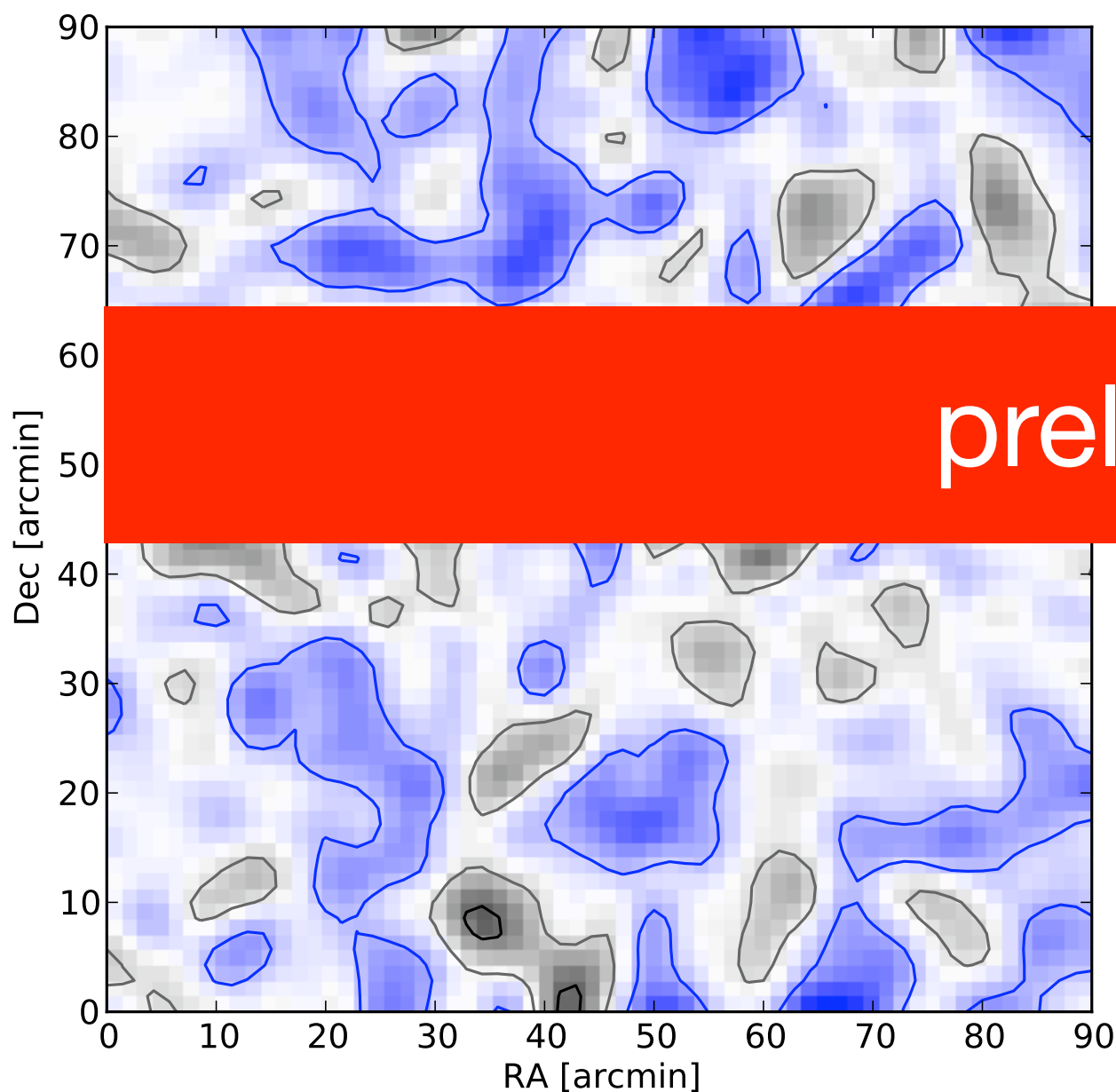
Cluster member selection



RedMaPPer:
red-sequence cluster finder

knowing the redshift, it can
map galaxies that look like
cluster members

Mass & light maps

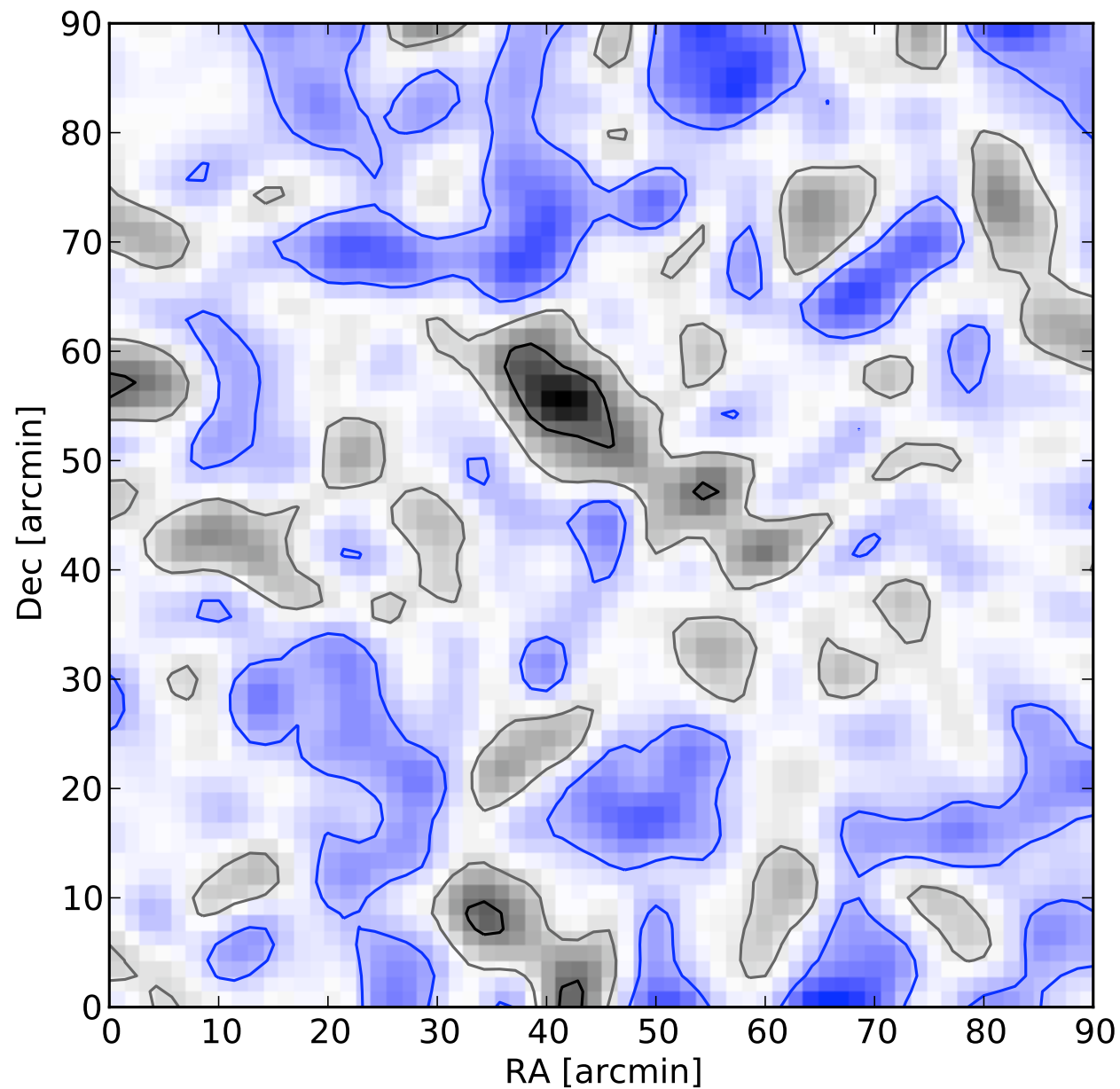


preliminary

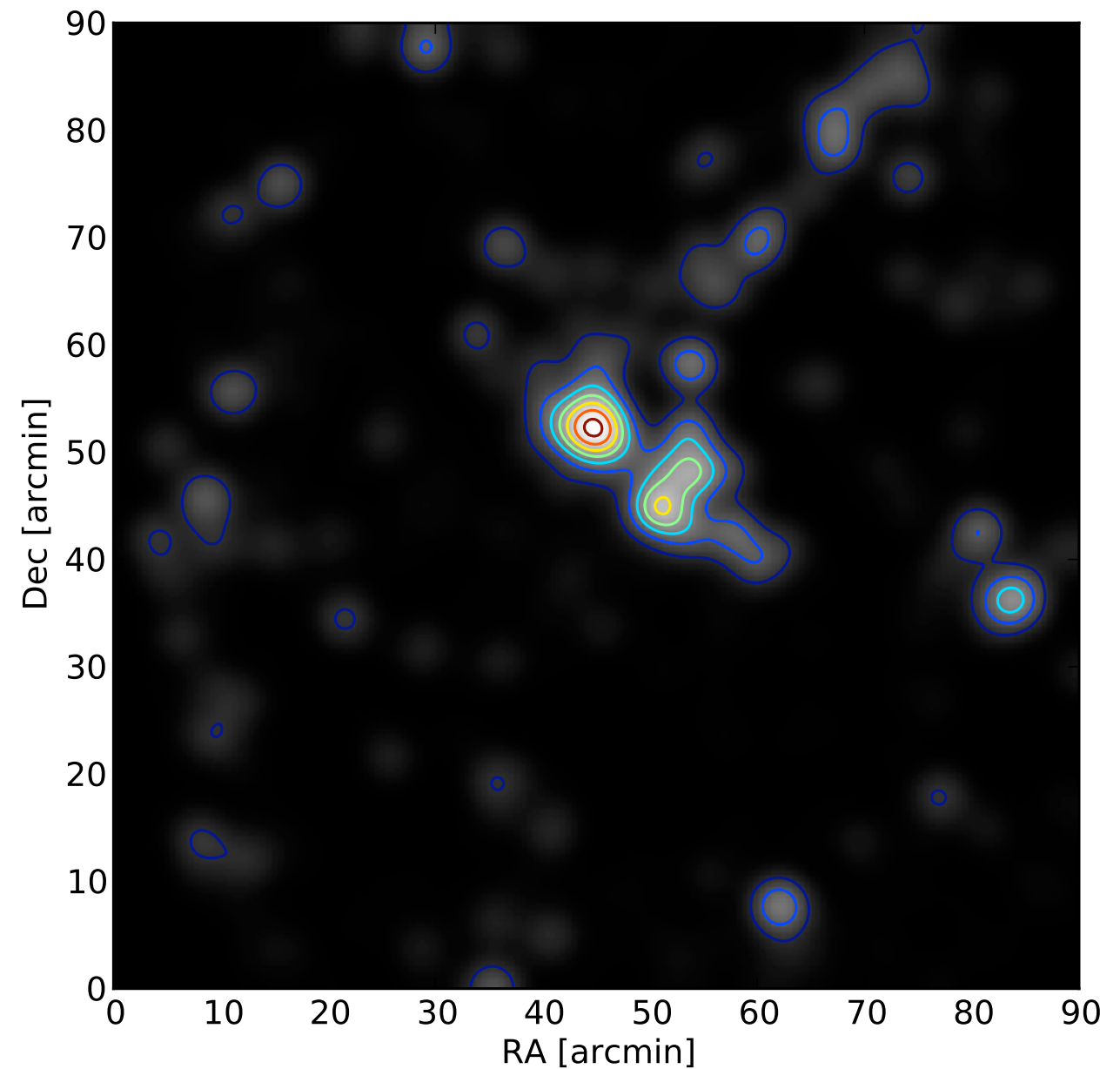
SaWLens WL mass reconstruction

redMaPPer galaxy distribution at $z=0.35$

Mass & light maps

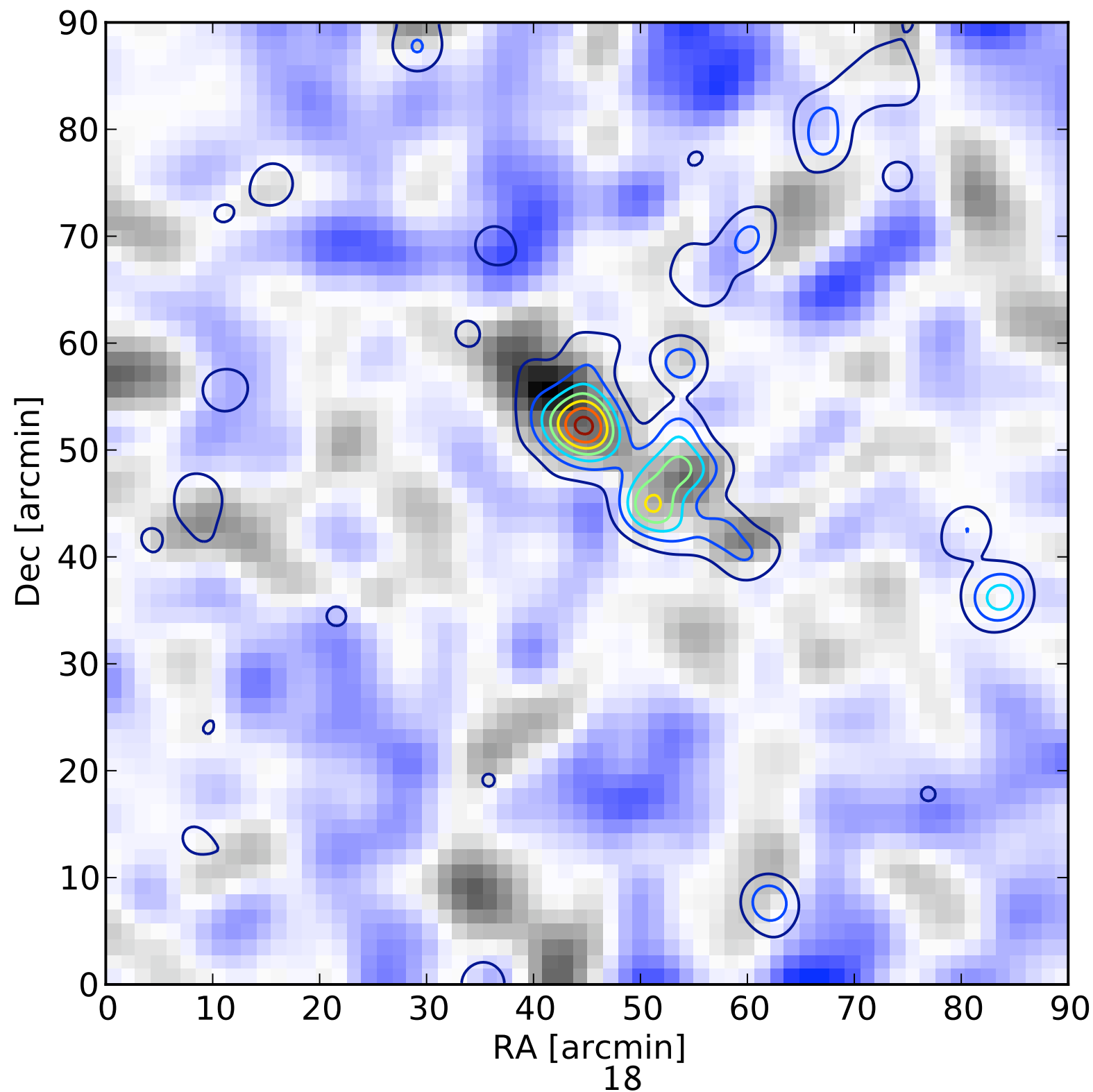


SaWLens WL mass reconstruction



redMaPPer galaxy distribution at $z=0.35$

Mass & light maps



Summary/Outlook



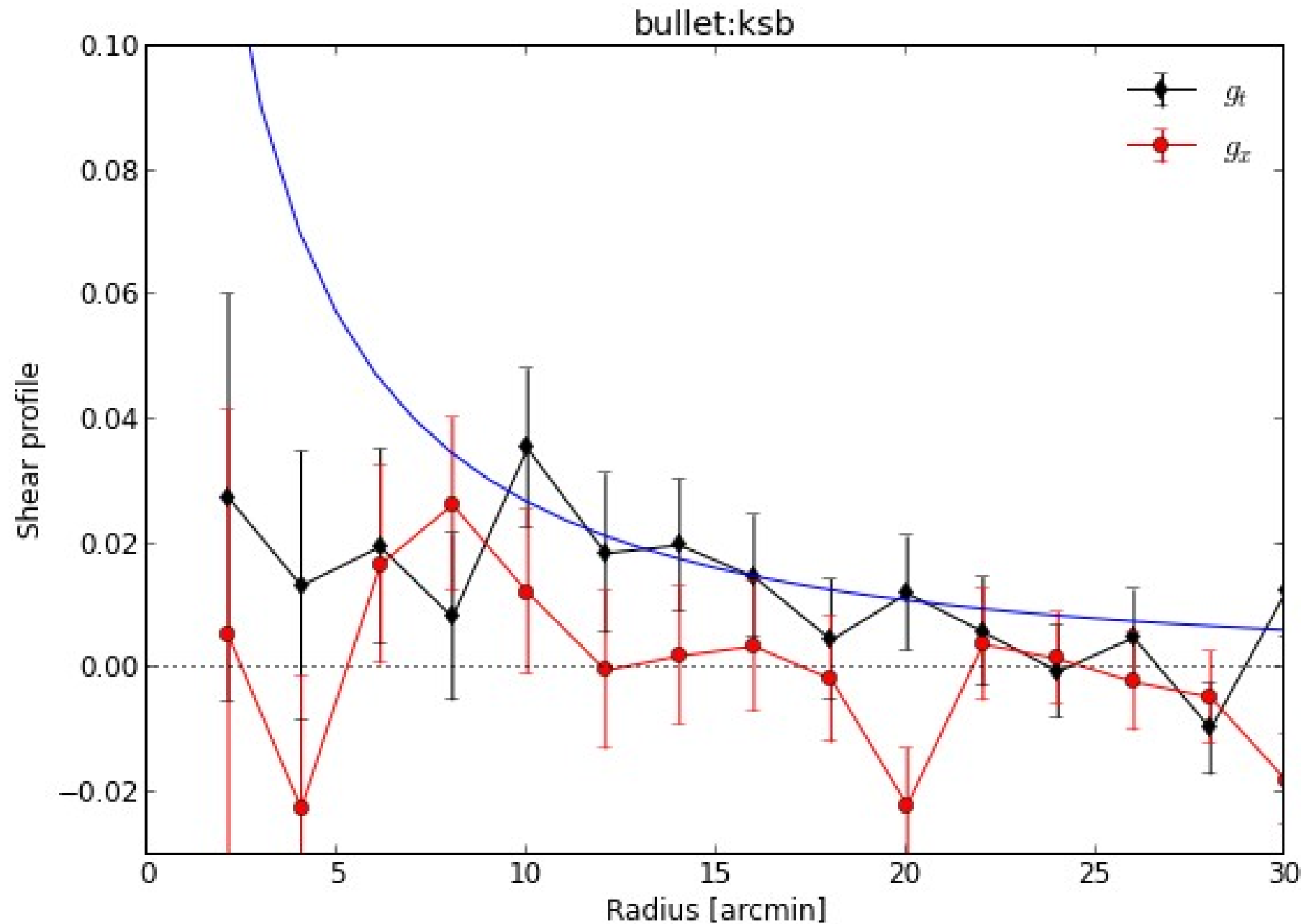
- ❖ DECam data has improved considerably
- ❖ Testing many, many systematic we have learned valuable lessons to improve our lensing measurements

Remaining Work

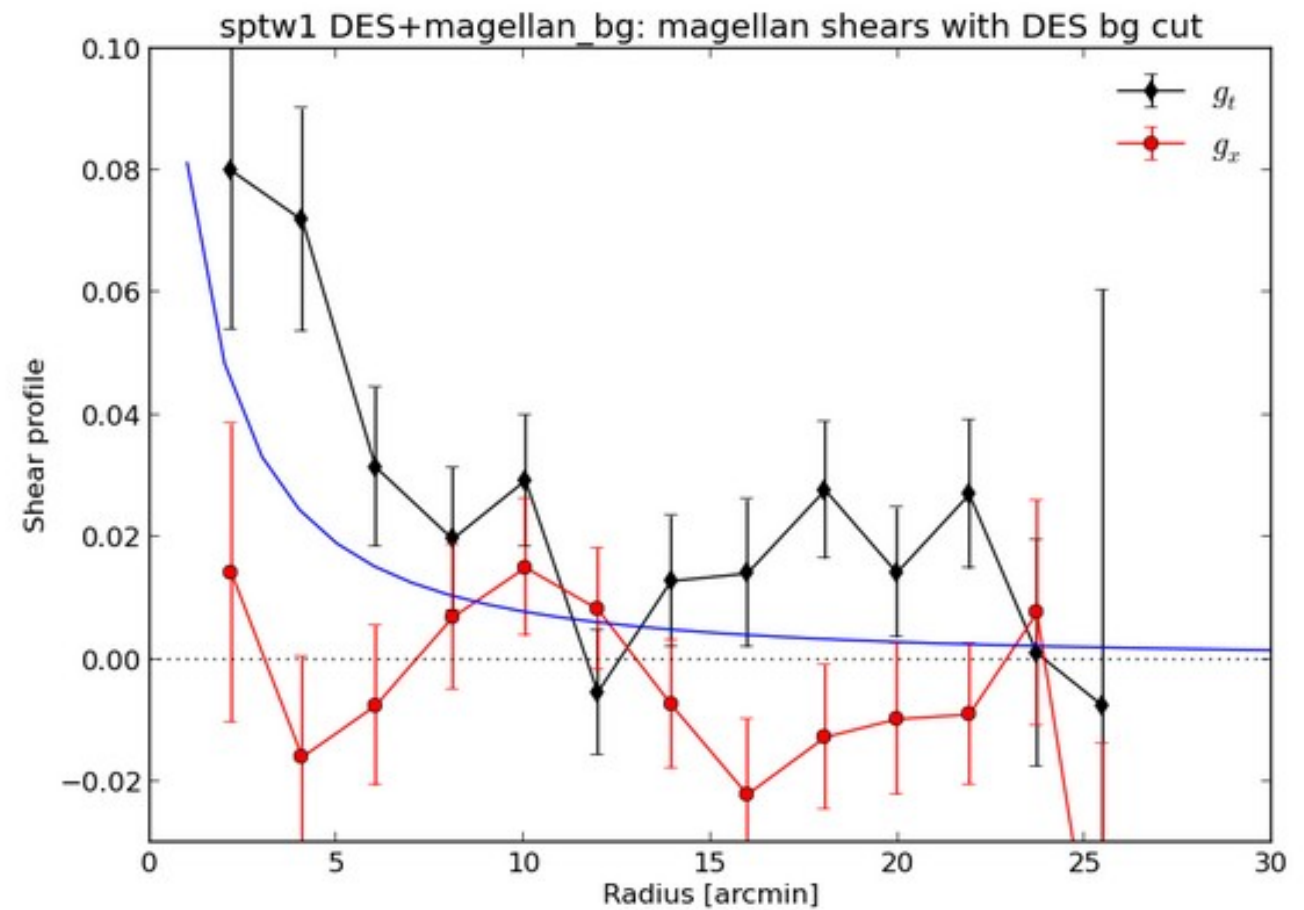
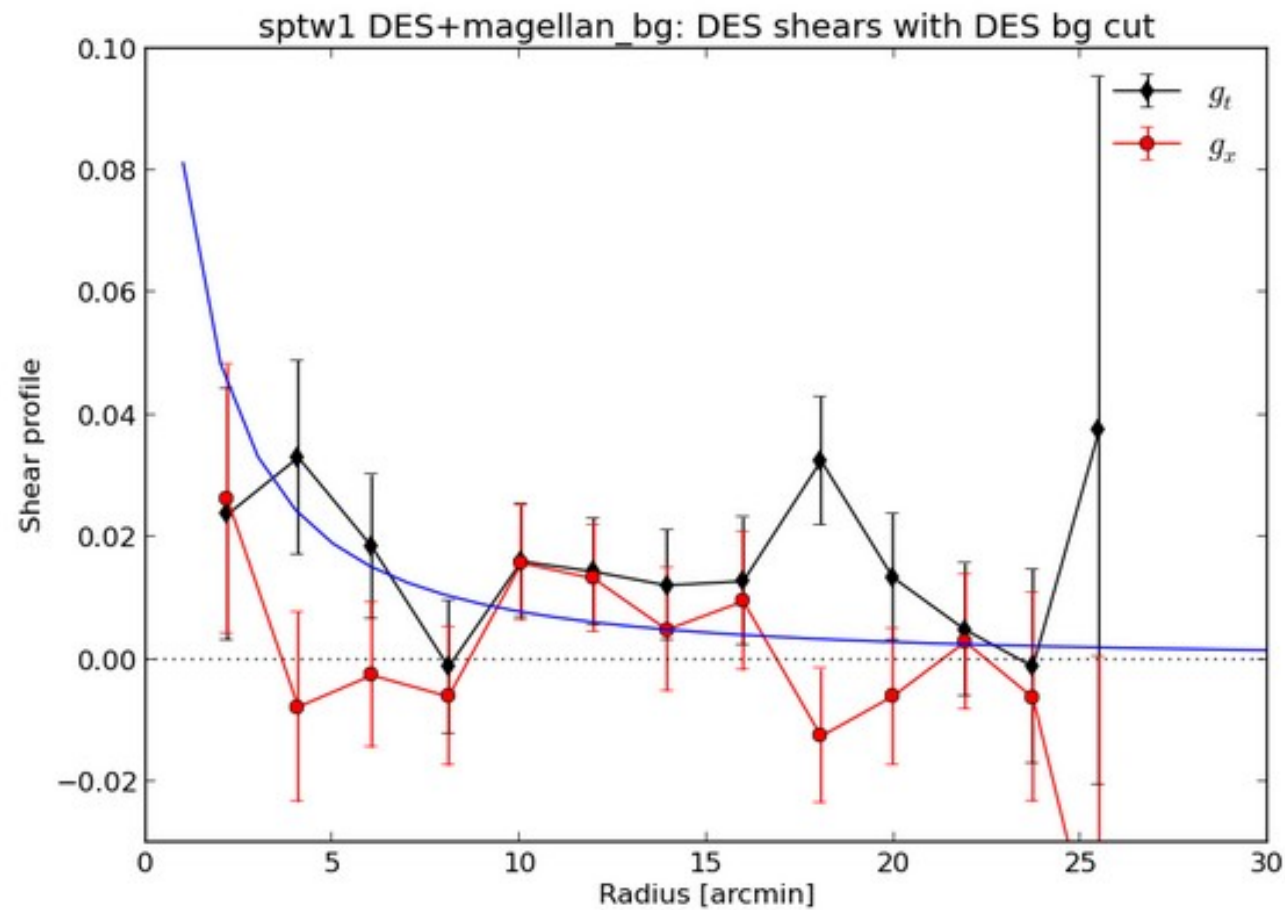
- ❖ Analyze more clusters to improve our limited statistics (5 done so far)
- ❖ Some difficulties of shear under-measurement in the most massive clusters $\sim 10^{15} M_{\text{solar}}$
- ❖ Indications of flux-dependent PSF, understand this
- ❖ Paper in prep

Extra Slides

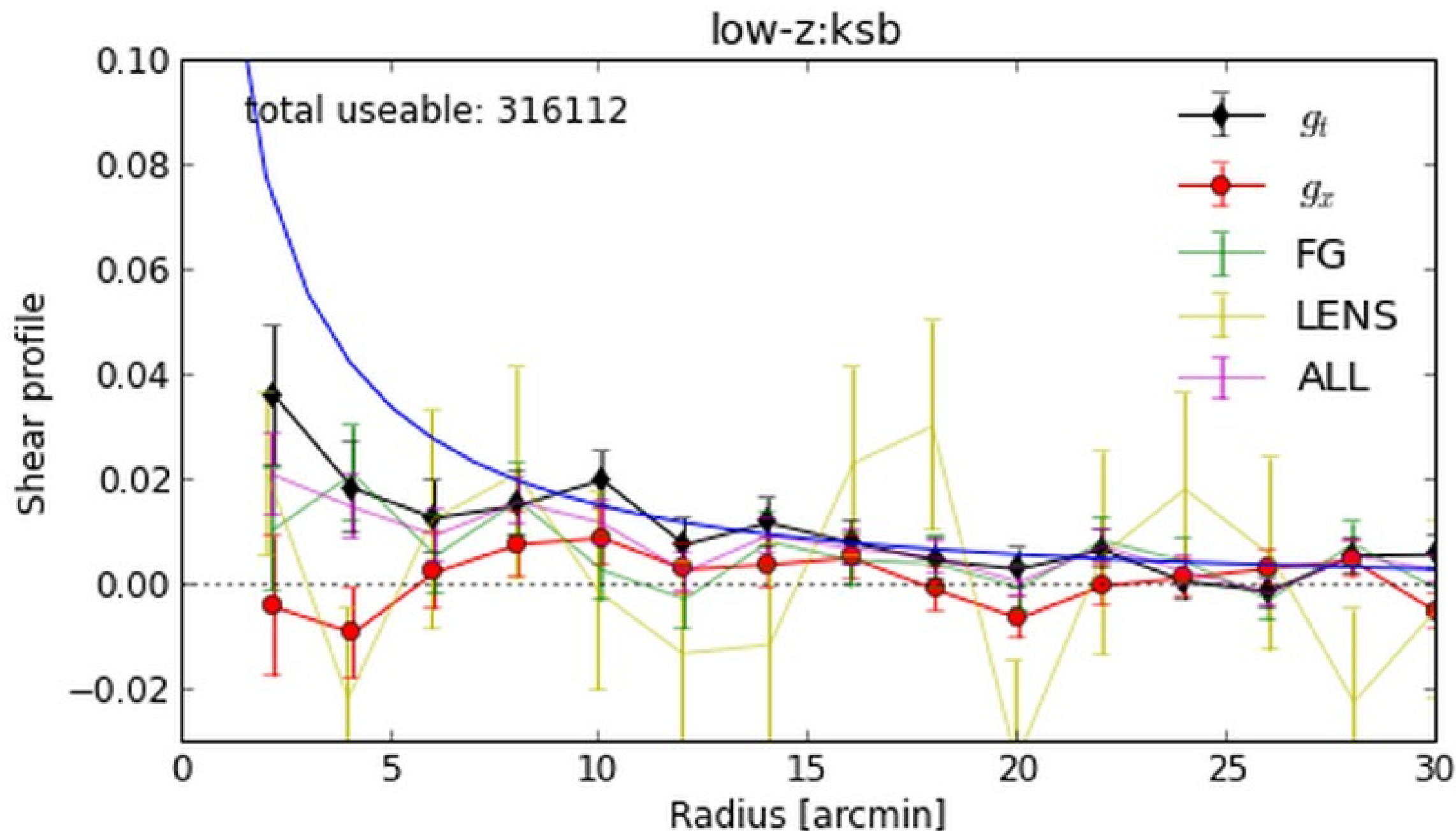
Shear deficit near center for $\sim 10^{15} M_{\text{solar}}$ clusters



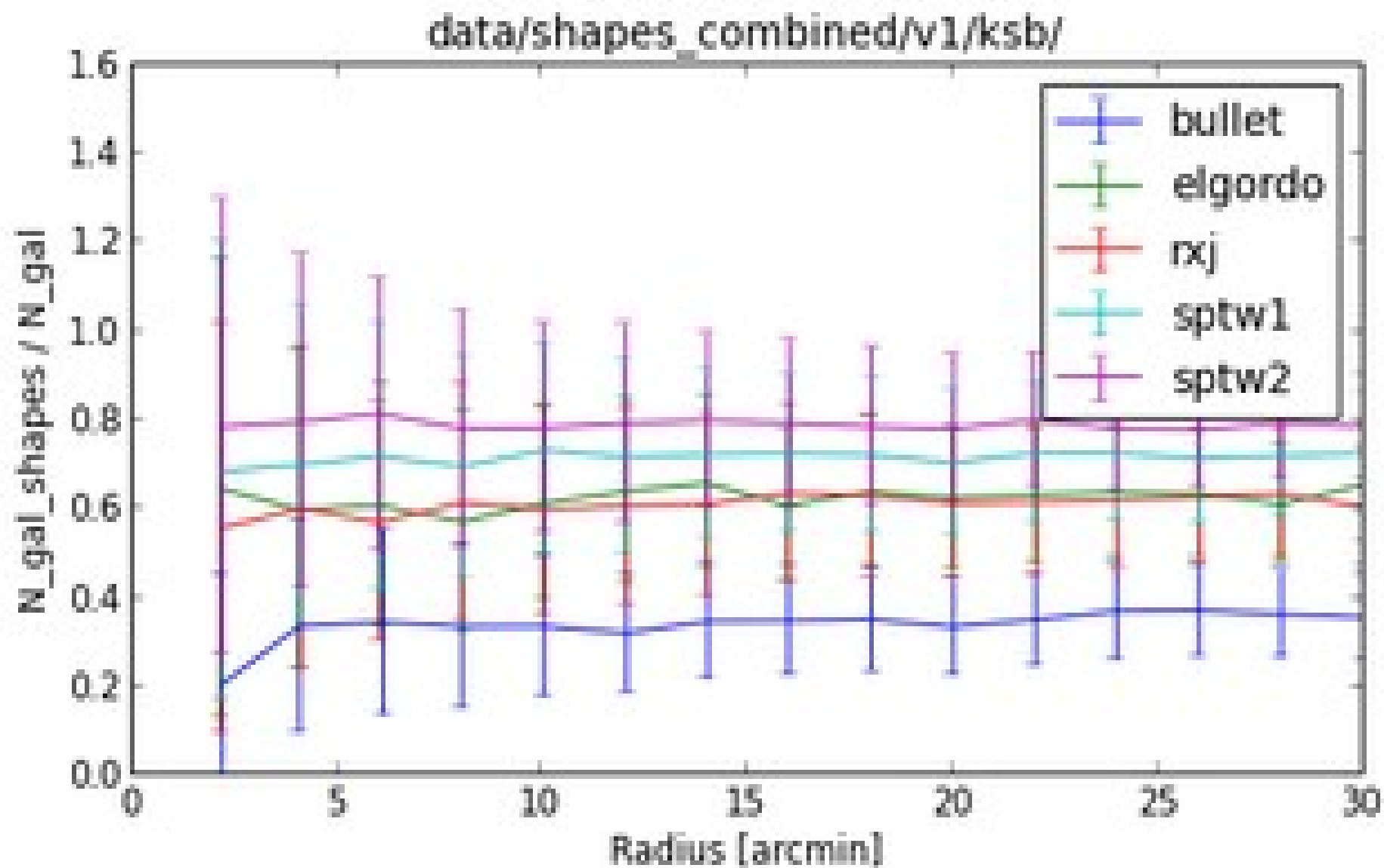
Shear profile comparison to external data



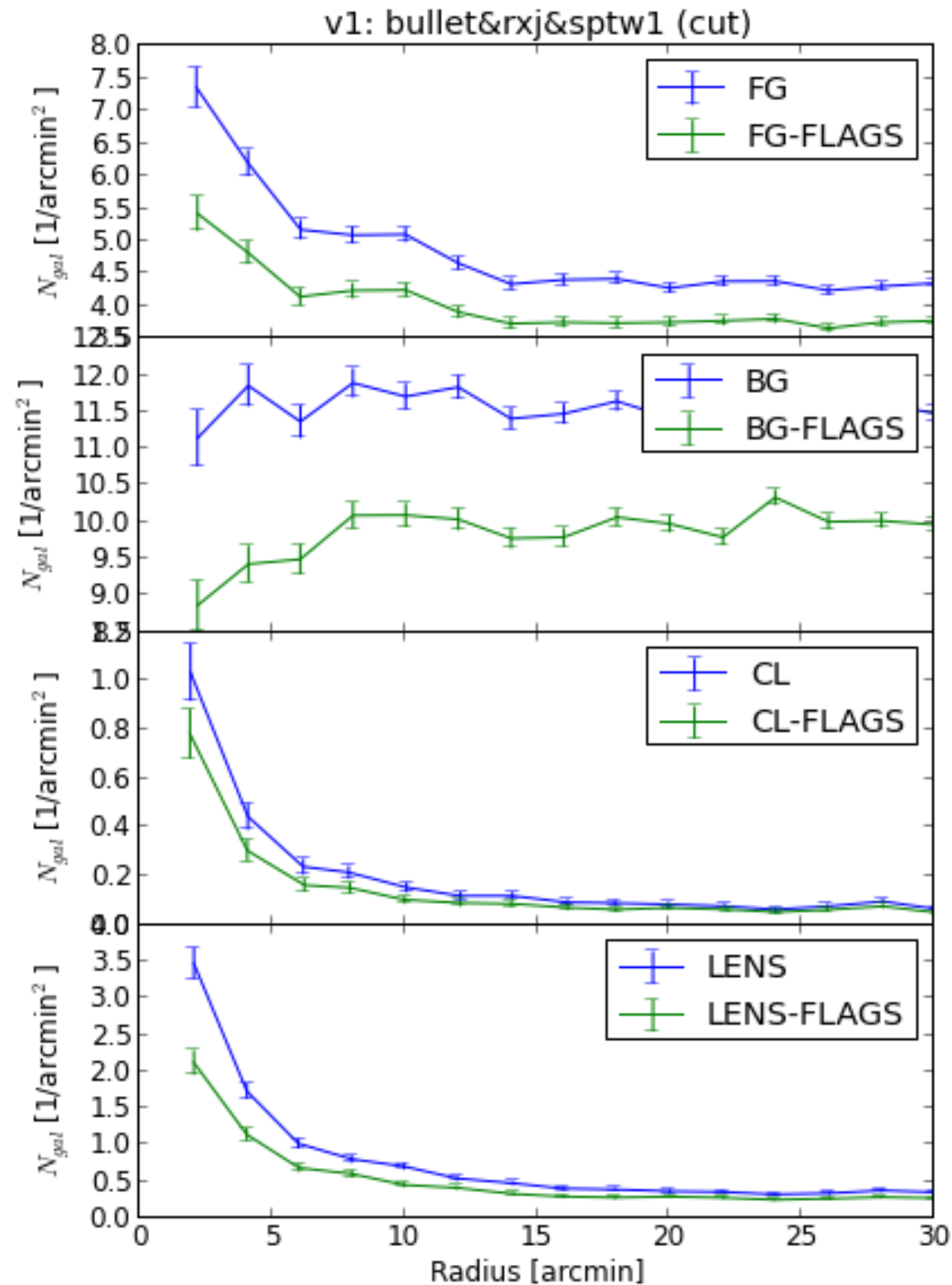
Shear profile under different selections



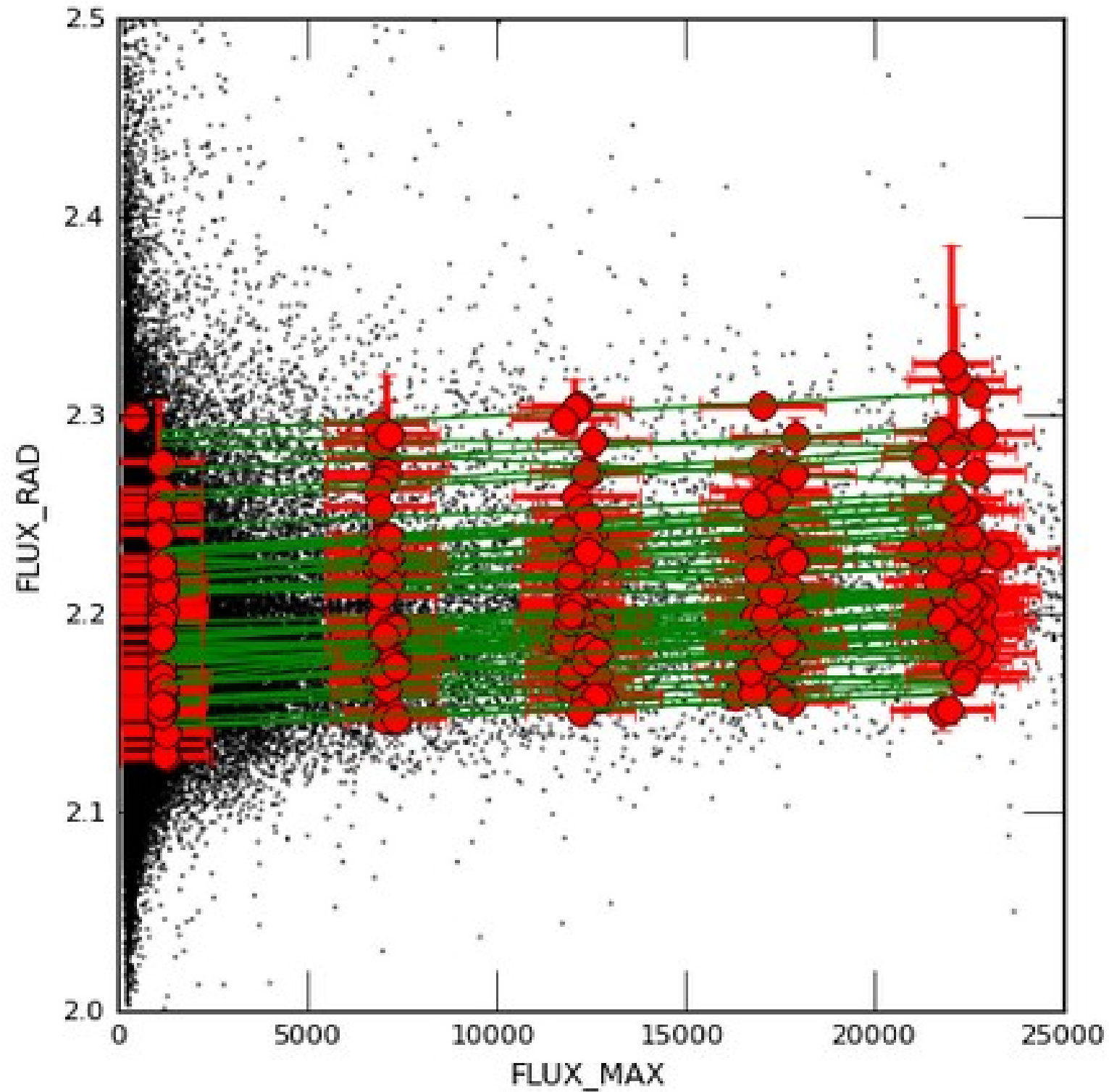
Profile of galaxies with shape measurements



Stacked number density profiles



Flux dependent PSF

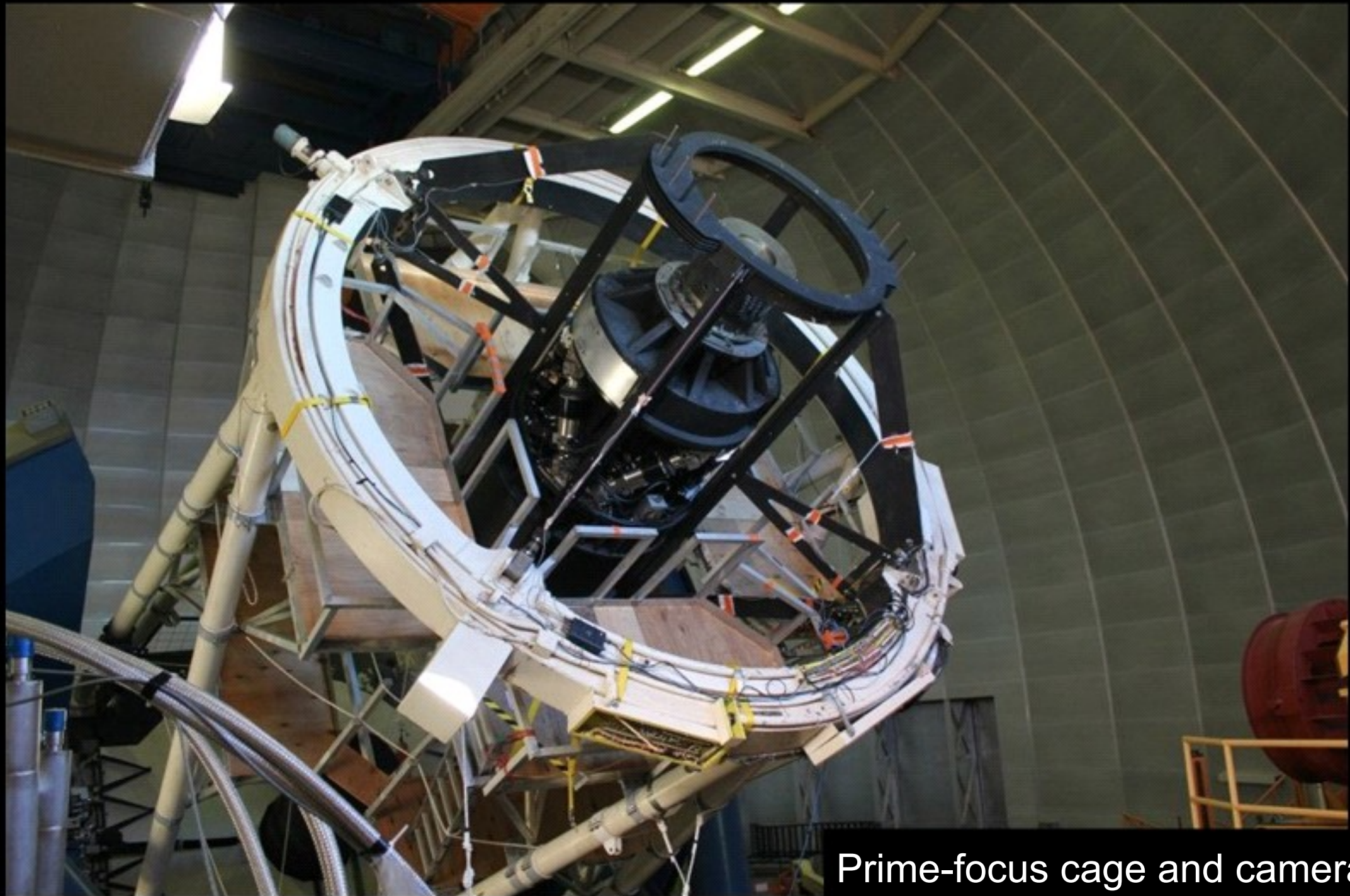


Dark Energy Survey



Cerro Tololo Inter-American Observatory

Dark Energy Survey

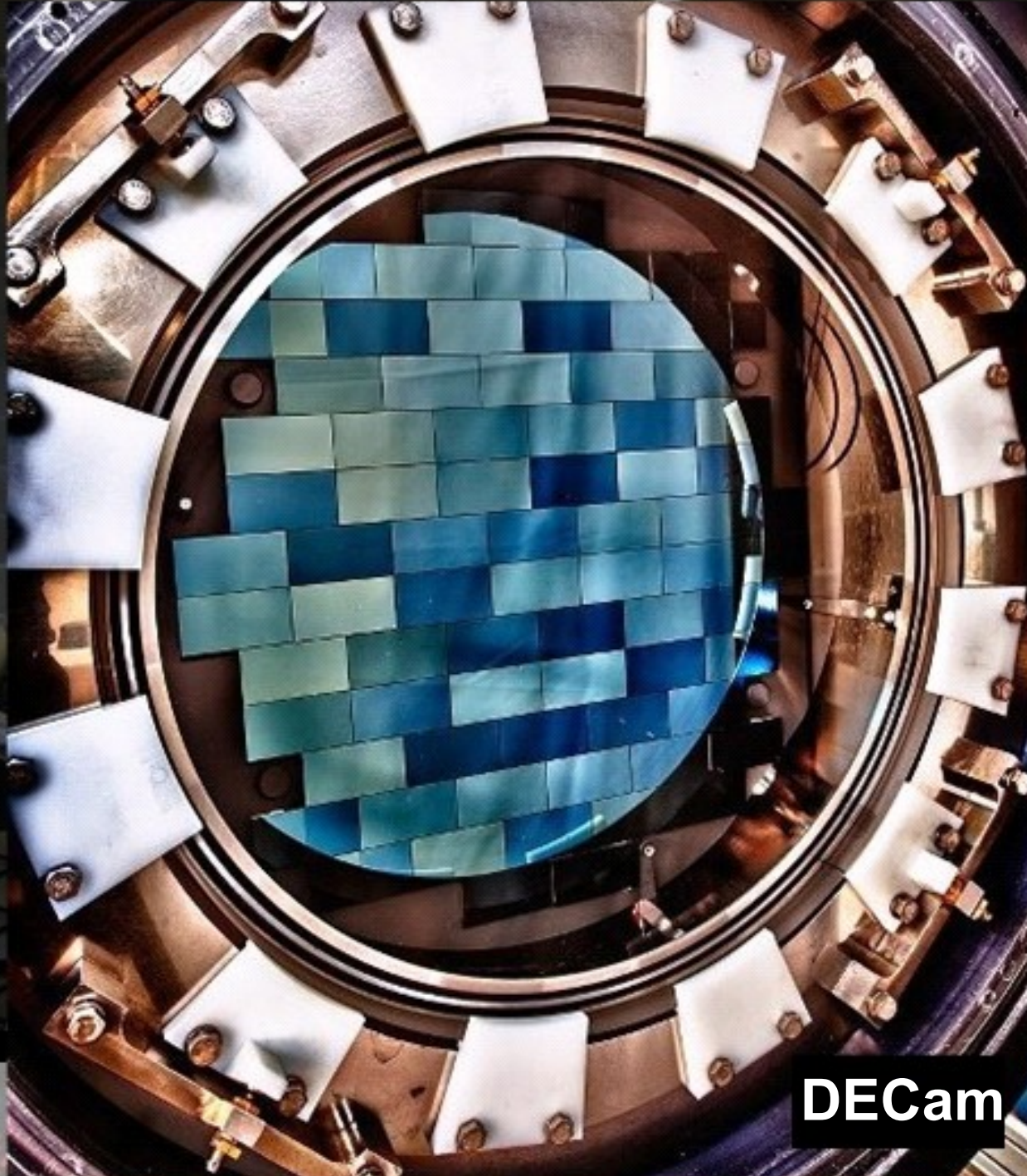


Prime-focus cage and camera

Dark Energy Survey



DARK ENERGY
SURVEY



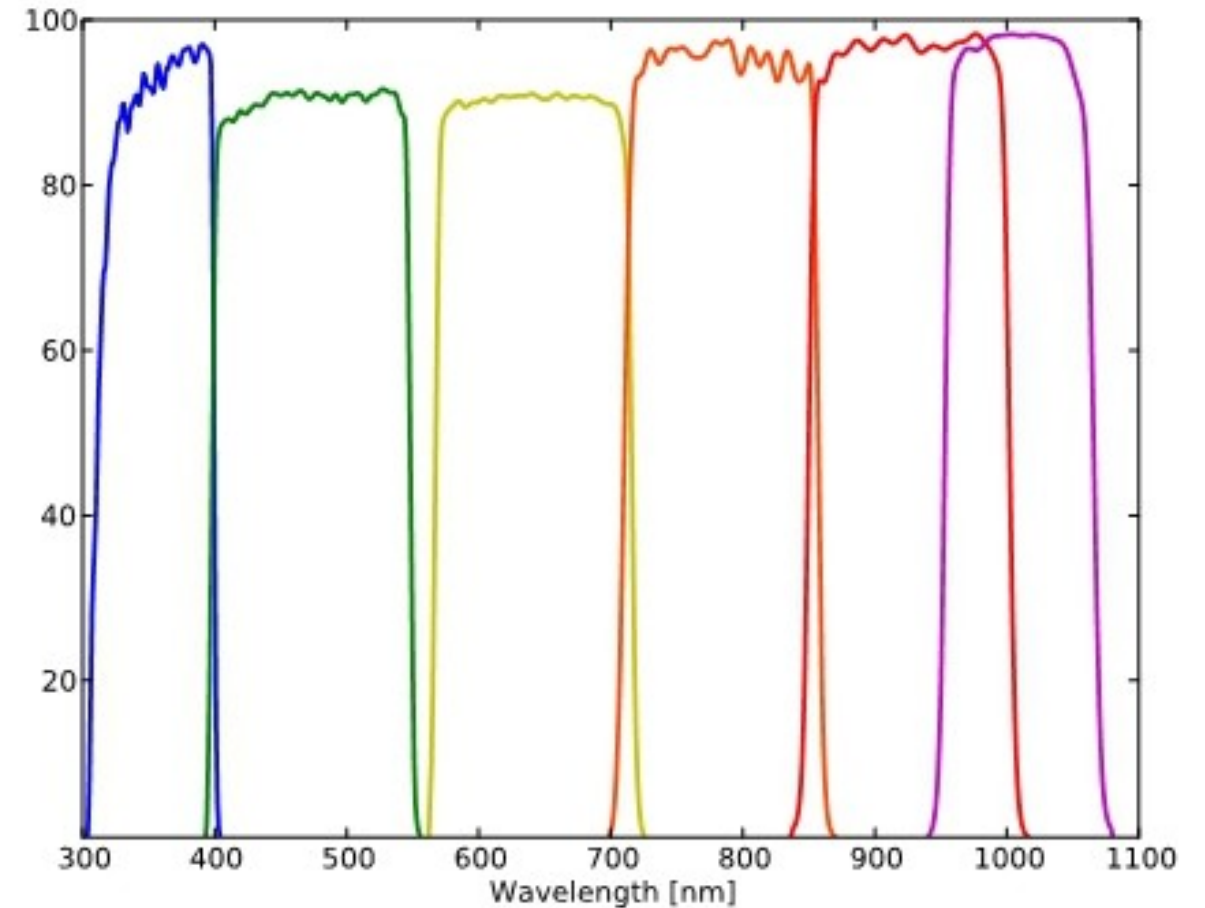
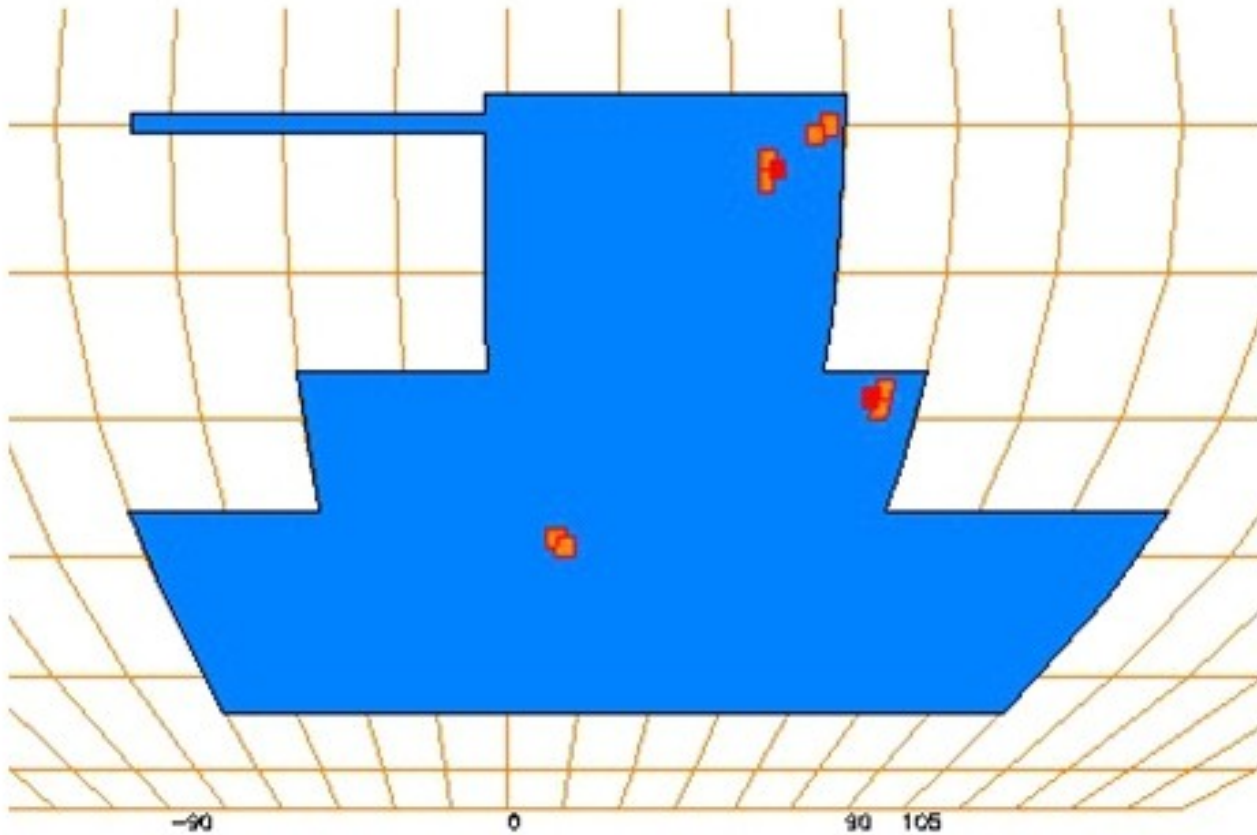
DECam

Dark Energy Survey



g-filter installation

Survey characteristics



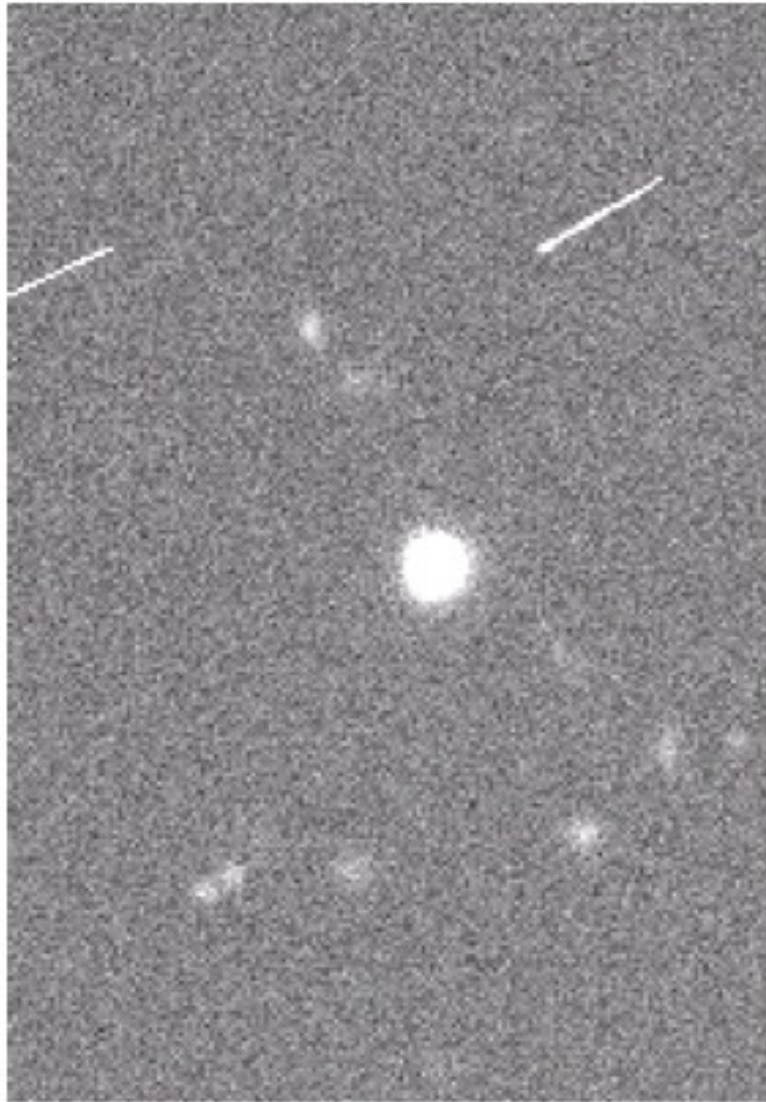
5000 sq. degrees

filters: grizY + U

10 x 90 seconds

limiting magnitudes: 25.2 (g) .. 23.4 (z)

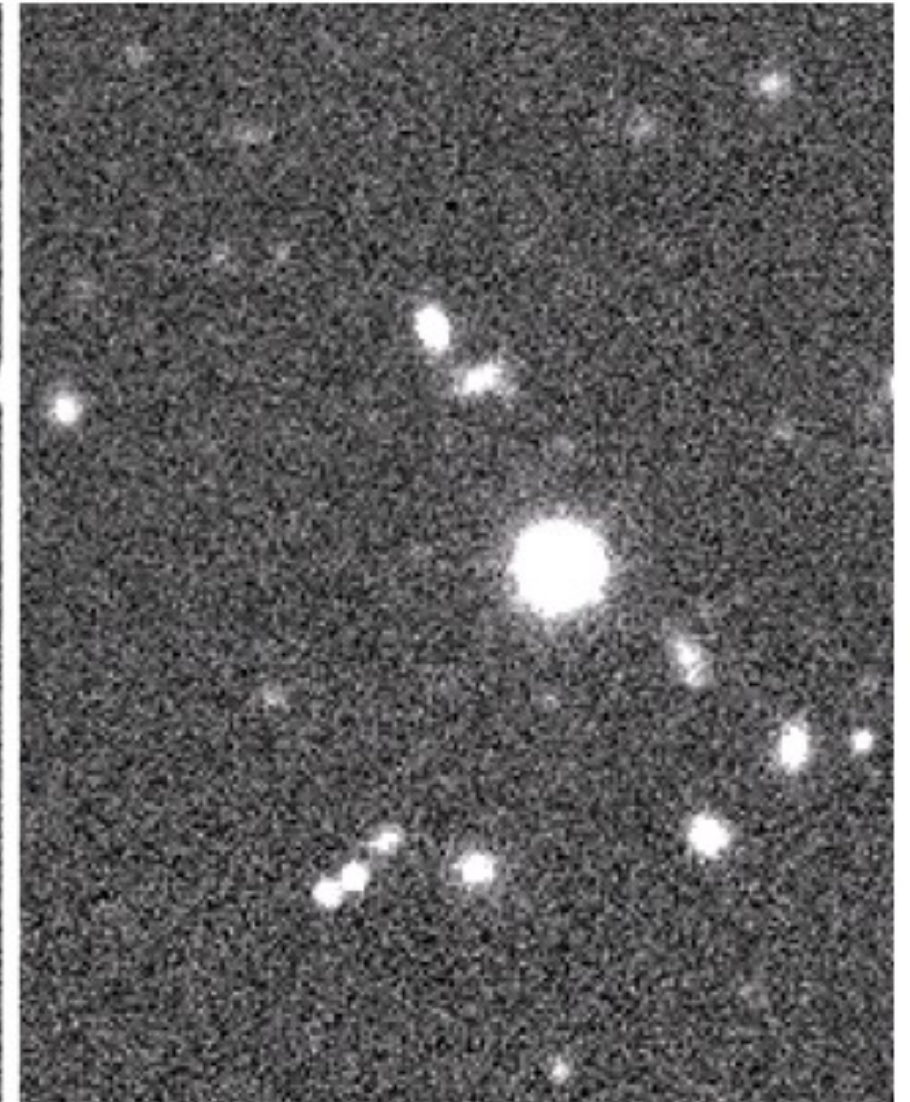
Coadds



single i-band exposure

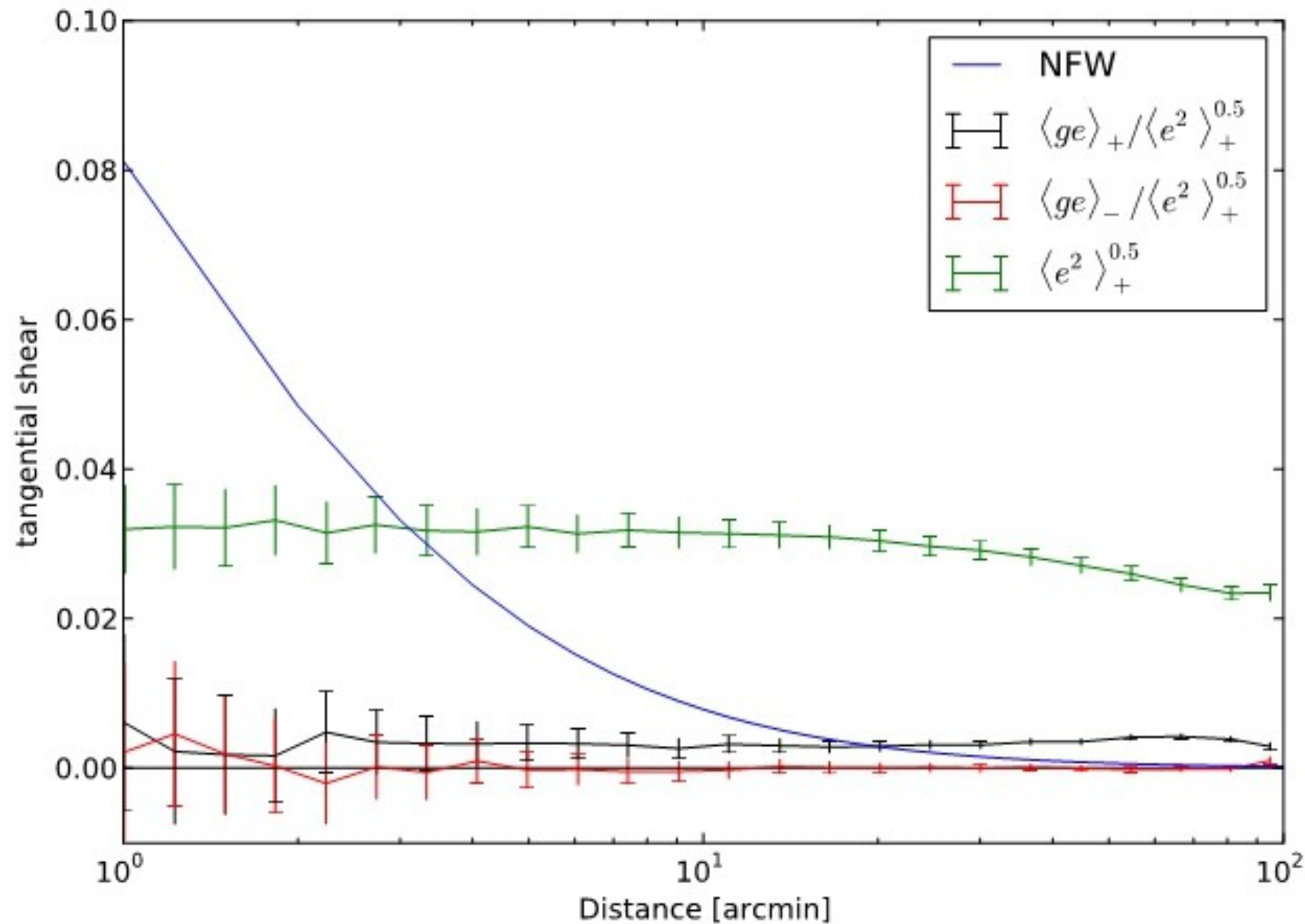


Swarp: median coadd of 10 exp.
 $n_{\text{gal}} = 21 / \text{sq. arcmin}$



mean coadd+outlier rejection
 $n_{\text{gal}} = 25 / \text{sq. arcmin}$

Star-galaxy correlation function



- KSB
- shapelet
- DEIMOS
- im3shape

Cluster member selection



based on color cuts and redMaPPer

