# Searching for neutral Higgs bosons in non-standard channels

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# Motivation

- A SM-Higgs like resonance has been observed at the LHC
- The Higgs sector may also have extra scalars and pseudo-scalars.
- The *ττ*-channel is the standard mode of searching for such particles.
- Examples of models with suppressed  $A/H \rightarrow \tau \tau$  rates:
  - Enhanced bb couplings in 2HDM and MSSM.
     JHEP 1207 (2012) 091 w/ M. Carena, S. Gori, A. Juste, C.
     Wagner & L-T. Wang
  - Enhance ZA couplings in NMSSM like models.

JHEP 1302 (2013) 152 w/ S. Chang

#### Searching Non-Standard Higgses with enhanced $b\bar{b}$ rates

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# Higgs Sector in 2HDMs

- The Neutral components acquire vevs and their ratio is  $\tan \beta = v_u / v_d$ .
- Neglecting CP violation in the Higgs sector, electroweak breaking leaves:

1 CP odd Higgs A 1 charged Higgs  $H^{\pm}$ , and 2 CP even Higgs bosons h, H

- One CP-even (SM-like) Higgs has SM strength couplings to gauge bosons.
- The other CP-even (Non-Standard) Higgs has suppressed couplings to gauge bosons.

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Couplings to b-quarks and  $\tau$ -leptons in 2HDMs

General 2HDM Higgs fermions couplings are

$$\mathcal{L}_{Yuk} = y_u H_u \bar{Q} U + y_d H_d \bar{Q} D + \tilde{y}_u H_d^{\dagger} \bar{Q} U + \tilde{y}_d H_u^{\dagger} \bar{Q} D + y_\ell H_d \bar{L} E + \tilde{y}_\ell H_u^{\dagger} \bar{L} E + h.c.$$

• d-type fermion couplings to Non-standard Higgses are:

$$g_{H/Afar{f}} \simeq rac{ar{m}_f}{m{v}} ext{tan} \, eta_{ ext{eff}}^f$$

where for  $f = b, \tau$ 

$$\tan \beta_{\text{eff}}^{f} = \frac{\tan \beta}{1 + \epsilon_{f} \tan \beta} \left( 1 - \frac{\epsilon_{f}}{\tan \beta} \right)$$
$$\epsilon_{f} = \frac{\tilde{y}_{f}}{y_{f}}$$

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#### Fermion couplings in the MSSM

 Including 1-loop effects, both quarks couple to both the Higgs bosons so that:



and have the structure:

$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon_{0}^{l} &\approx \frac{2\alpha_{s}}{3\pi} M_{3} \mu C_{0}(m_{\tilde{d}_{1}^{l}}^{2}, m_{\tilde{d}_{2}^{l}}^{2}, M_{3}^{2}) \\ \epsilon_{Y} &\approx \frac{1}{16\pi^{2}} A_{t} \mu C_{0}(m_{\tilde{t}_{1}}^{2}, m_{\tilde{t}_{2}}^{2}, \mu^{2}) \\ \epsilon_{\tau} &\approx \frac{3\alpha_{2}}{8\pi} \mu M_{2} C_{0}(M_{\tilde{\tau}_{1}}^{2}, M_{\tilde{\tau}_{2}}^{2}, M_{1}^{2}) \end{aligned}$$

Kolda, Babu, Buras, Roszkowski...

# Non-standard Higgs boson production and decay



Gunion et.al. '94, Balazs et.al, Diaz-Cruz et.al., & Huang et.al. '98, Campbell et.al. '03, Dawson et.al. '03

General b and τ couplings are

$$g_{Abb} \simeq rac{m_b an eta {
m eff}}{v}; g_{A au au} \simeq rac{m_ au an eta_{
m eff}^ au}{v}$$

contd...

Enhanced production and decay modes:



• In the MSSM the  $b\bar{b}$  channel has greater model dependence than  $\tau\tau$ . Carena et.al. '05



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# Non-Standard Higgs into 3b: Production and Decay

- $\tan \beta_{\text{eff}}^{\tau}$  can be small compared to  $\tan \beta_{\text{eff}}^{b} \Rightarrow$  weaker reach in the  $\tau \tau$  channel.
- The  $H/A \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  can be enhanced enough to make it competitive with the clean  $\tau\tau$  channel.
- In addition to the 4b-final state we also have:



#### Signal and Background Distributions for tan $\beta = 30$



#### Reach in the general 2HDM Model



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#### The 3b vs $\tau\tau$ in the MSSM



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#### **CMS** Analysis



arXiv: 1302.2892

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# Conclusions

- The A → ττ LHC search puts weak limits on regions of large tan β<sup>b</sup><sub>eff</sub> and small tan β<sup>τ</sup><sub>eff</sub> in 2HDMs.
- The  $A/H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  is a complementary channel that probes parametric scenarios of large tan  $\beta_{\text{eff}}^{b}$ .
- The reach of the  $A/H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  channel is limited by low S/B for low to moderate  $\tan \beta_{\text{eff}}^{b}$ , but can be powerful at large  $\tan \beta_{\text{eff}}^{b}$ .

#### Search for Non-Standard Higgs in the $H \rightarrow ZA$ channel

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Image: A matrix

#### Motivation: excess in the $2\ell$ + 0 ,1 and 2 $\tau_h$ 's

CMS 2011: 2.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 7 TeV CMS-PAS-SUS-11-013

| Selection                      | N(τ)=0 |                     |     | $N(\tau)=1$     | $N(\tau)=2$ |                 |  |
|--------------------------------|--------|---------------------|-----|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|--|
|                                | obs    | expected SM         | obs | expected SM     | obs         | expected SM     |  |
| ≥FOUR Lepton Results           |        |                     |     |                 |             |                 |  |
| MET>50, $H_T$ >200,noZ         | 0      | $0.003 \pm 0.002$   | 0   | $0.01 \pm 0.05$ | 0           | $0.30 \pm 0.22$ |  |
| MET>50, $H_T$ >200, Z          | 0      | $0.06 \pm 0.04$     | 0   | $0.13 \pm 0.10$ | 0           | $0.15 \pm 0.23$ |  |
| MET>50,H <sub>T</sub> <200,noZ | 1      | $0.014 \pm 0.005$   | 0   | $0.22 \pm 0.10$ | 0           | $0.59 \pm 0.25$ |  |
| MET>50, $H_T$ <200, Z          | 0      | $0.43 \pm 0.15$     | 2   | $0.91 \pm 0.28$ | 0           | $0.34 \pm 0.15$ |  |
| $MET < 50, H_T > 200, noZ$     | 0      | $0.0013 \pm 0.0008$ | 0   | $0.01 \pm 0.05$ | 0           | $0.18 \pm 0.07$ |  |
| $MET < 50, H_T > 200, Z$       | 1      | $0.28 \pm 0.11$     | 0   | $0.13 \pm 0.10$ | 0           | $0.52 \pm 0.19$ |  |
| MET<50,H <sub>T</sub> <200,noZ | 0      | $0.08 \pm 0.03$     | 4   | $0.73 \pm 0.20$ | 6           | $6.9 \pm 3.8$   |  |
| MET<50, $H_T$ <200, Z          | 11     | $9.5 \pm 3.8$       | 14  | $5.7 \pm 1.4$   | 39          | $21 \pm 11$     |  |

CMS 2012: 4.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 7 TeV arXiv:1204.5341

| Selection  | $N(\tau_h)=0$ |                   |     | $N(\tau_h)=1$   | $N(\tau_h)=2$ |                |  |
|--|---------------|-------------------|-----|-----------------|---------------|----------------|--|
|  | obs           | expected          | obs | expected        | obs           | expected       |  |
| 4 Lepton results   |               |                   |     |                 |               |                |  |
| $4\ell E_T^{miss} > 50, H_T > 200, no Z$                         | 0             | $0.018\pm0.005$   | 0   | $0.09 \pm 0.06$ | 0             | $0.7 \pm 0.7$  |  |
| $4\ell E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} > 50, H_{\rm T} > 200, Z$            | 0             | $0.22\pm0.05$     | 0   | $0.27\pm0.11$   | 0             | $0.8 \pm 1.2$  |  |
| $4\ell E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} > 50, H_{\rm T} < 200, \text{ no Z}$ | 1             | $0.20\pm0.07$     | 3   | $0.59 \pm 0.17$ | 1             | $1.5\pm0.6$    |  |
| $4\ell E_T^{miss} > 50, H_T < 200, Z$                            | 1             | $0.79\pm0.21$     | 4   | $2.3 \pm 0.7$   | 0             | $1.1\pm0.7$    |  |
| $4\ell E_{T}^{miss} < 50, H_{T} > 200, no Z$                     | 0             | $0.006 \pm 0.001$ | 0   | $0.14\pm0.08$   | 0             | $0.25\pm0.07$  |  |
| $4\ell E_T^{miss} < 50, H_T > 200, Z$                            | 1             | $0.83 \pm 0.33$   | 0   | $0.55 \pm 0.21$ | 0             | $1.14\pm0.42$  |  |
| $4\ell E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ <50, $H_{\rm T}$ <200, no Z         | 1             | $2.6 \pm 1.1$     | 5   | $3.9 \pm 1.2$   | 17            | $10.6 \pm 3.2$ |  |
| $4\ell \ \hat{E}_{T}^{miss} < 50, H_{T} < 200, Z$                | 33            | $37\pm15$         | 20  | $17.0\pm5.2$    | 62            | $43\pm16$      |  |

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## Theoretical Implications of Signal

The multi-lepton channel is sensitive to SM Higgs decay modes and with 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data, the region
 120 ≤ m<sub>h</sub> ≤ 150 GeV can be probed at 95% C.L.

#### E. Contreras-Compana, et.al. '12

• The CMS 2012 multi-lepton data puts limits on  $\mathcal{BR}(t \rightarrow ch) < 2.7\%$ 

#### N. Craig et.al. '12

 It also leads to constraints on 2HDM's when multiple-channels from *h*, *H*, *A* and *H*<sup>±</sup> decay modes.

N. Craig et.al. '13

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#### Example: The NMSSM

• The superpotential has the form

$$W = W_{\text{Yuk}} + \lambda \hat{H}_u \hat{H}_d \hat{S} + \frac{\kappa}{3} \hat{S}^3$$

with soft terms

 $V_{
m soft} = m_{H_u}^2 |H_u|^2 + m_{H_d}^2 |H_d|^2 + m_S^2 |S|^2 + \sqrt{2} \left( m_\lambda S H_u H_d - rac{m_\kappa}{3} S^3 
ight)$ 

with  $m_{\kappa} \equiv -\kappa A_{\kappa}/\sqrt{2}$  and  $m_{\lambda} \equiv \lambda A_{\lambda}/\sqrt{2}$ 

In the basis where scalar basis (h<sup>0</sup><sub>v</sub>, H<sup>0</sup><sub>v</sub>, h<sup>0</sup><sub>s</sub>) and the pseudo-scalar basis (A<sup>0</sup><sub>v</sub>, A<sup>0</sup><sub>s</sub>)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{Higgs}}^{\mathrm{Kin}} \subset -\frac{g_2}{2c_{\theta_W}} Z^{\mu} (c_{\theta_A} A_1^0 - s_{\theta_A} A_2^0) \overleftrightarrow{\partial_{\mu}} \left( s_{2\beta} h_v^0 + c_{2\beta} H_v^0 \right)$$

where the  $h_v$  is direction that acquires a VEV.

•  $H \rightarrow Z\tau^+\tau^-$  Has been studied in context of explaining LEP anomalies.

#### Dermisek '08, Dermisek and Gunion '09

# Higgs mass of Benchmark points

| Model | $\lambda$ | $\kappa$ | $t_{\beta}$ | $A_{\lambda}$ | $A_{\kappa}$ | $A_t$ | $\mu_{\mathrm{eff}}$ | М <sub>ã</sub> |
|-------|-----------|----------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------|----------------------|----------------|
|       |           |          |             | (GeV)         | (GeV)        | (TeV) | (GeV)                | (TeV)          |
| BM1   | 0.71      | 1.10     | 1.5         | -11.0         | -8.0         | 0.0   | 160                  | 0.5            |
| BM2   | 0.71      | 1.10     | 1.5         | -9.1          | -7.0         | 0.0   | 166                  | 0.5            |
| BM3   | 0.67      | 0.78     | 1.5         | -4.2          | -40.6        | 0.0   | 170                  | 0.5            |

| Model | $m_{H_{1}^{0}}$ | $m_{H_2^0}$ | $m_{A_1^0}$ | $m_{H^{\pm}}$ | $g_{t\bar{t}H_1^0}^{\text{red.}}$ | $g_{t\bar{t}H_0^0}^{\text{red.}}$ |
|-------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|       | (GeV)           | (GeV)       | (GeV)       | (GeV)         | 1                                 | 2                                 |
| BM1   | 125.2           | 270         | 8.9         | 266           | 0.982                             | -0.691                            |
| BM2   | 125.1           | 283         | 19.7        | 278           | 0.984                             | -0.690                            |
| BM3   | 124.5           | 252         | 117         | 248           | 0.992                             | -0.668                            |

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#### Higgs couplings of Benchmark points

| $\mathcal{BR}$ of $H^0_1$ | bĐ   | $\gamma\gamma$      | WW*  | ZZ*                 | $A_1^0 A_1^0$     |
|---------------------------|------|---------------------|------|---------------------|-------------------|
| BM1                       | 0.63 | $2.6 	imes 10^{-3}$ | 0.19 | $2.1 	imes 10^{-2}$ | $2.9	imes10^{-3}$ |
| BM2                       | 0.61 | $2.5	imes10^{-3}$   | 0.18 | $2.0	imes10^{-2}$   | $4.3	imes10^{-2}$ |
| BM3                       | 0.64 | $2.7	imes10^{-3}$   | 0.18 | $2.0	imes10^{-2}$   | 0.0               |

 $\mathcal{BR}: \gamma \gamma_{SM} = 2.28 \times 10^{-3}; \ \mathcal{WW}_{SM}^* = 2.15 \times 10^{-1}; \ ZZ_{SM}^* = 2.64 \times 10^{-2}$ 

| $\mathcal{BR}$ of $H_2^0$ | bb                  | $H_1^0 H_1^0$       | $ZA_1^0$ | $A_1^0 A_1^0$ |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|---------------|
| BM1                       | $4.5 	imes 10^{-3}$ | $5.6 	imes 10^{-4}$ | 0.78     | 0.17          |
| BM2                       | $4.3 	imes 10^{-3}$ | $4.9 	imes 10^{-4}$ | 0.70     | 0.16          |
| BM3                       | $1.9 	imes 10^{-2}$ | $1.7	imes10^{-6}$   | 0.78     | 0.19          |

| $\mathcal{BR}$ of $A_1^0$ | au	au               | bĐ   | gg                  | Signal Rate ( $\mu$ ) |  |  |
|---------------------------|---------------------|------|---------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| BM1                       | 0.74                | 0.0  | 0.12                | 0.28                  |  |  |
| BM2                       | $5.9 	imes 10^{-2}$ | 0.92 | $1.1 	imes 10^{-2}$ | $5.7	imes10^{-3}$     |  |  |
| BM3                       | $9.1 	imes 10^{-2}$ | 0.87 | $2.9	imes10^{-2}$   | 0.01                  |  |  |

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#### $\tau_h$ reconstruction

- $\tau_h$  reconstruction: 1-pronged track with  $p_T \ge 8.0$  GeV.
- $\tau_h$  isolation:  $E_{ann}/E_{cone} \leq 0.15$  where,

 $E_{\rm ann} = {\rm energy} \ {\rm in} \ 0.1 < \Delta R \le 0.3$ 

 $E_{\rm cone} = {\rm energy} \ {\rm in} \ \Delta R \le 0.1.$ 



# $Z\tau\tau$ efficiency in



 $\epsilon = \frac{\text{Number of events to pass cuts}}{\text{Number of events generated}}$ 

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#### Toy-Model for $\tau_h$ reconstruction

#### $m_H = 200 \text{ GeV}$ and $m_A = 10 \text{ GeV}$



 $\theta_{CM} =$  Angle of  $\pi^+$  in rest frame of A when  $\tau^+ \to \pi^+ \bar{\nu}_{\tau}$  $p_T$  is measured in the H rest frame  $\Delta R =$  the angle between the two charged tracks.

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# Limits of signal due to CMS data

- Assuming a Poisson distribution for the number of events.
- Assuming the background errors are gaussian



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# H and A Mass reconstruction in the $2\tau_h$ channel

• Transverse Mass:

$$\begin{split} m_{A}^{T} &= \sqrt{p_{V}^{2} + 2(E_{V}E_{+}^{T} - p_{V}^{T} \cdot p_{+}^{T})} \\ m_{H}^{T} &= \sqrt{(p_{V} + p_{Z})^{2} + 2((E_{V} + E_{Z})E_{+}^{T} - (p_{V}^{T} + p_{Z}^{T}) \cdot p_{+}^{T})} \\ \text{where } m_{i}^{T} \leq m_{i} \end{split}$$

#### Barr et. al., 2009

Collinear Mass: Solve kinematics under assumption that neutrinos are collinear with the visible momenta

$$\lambda_1 \boldsymbol{p}_{V_1}^T + \lambda_2 \boldsymbol{p}_{V_2}^T = \boldsymbol{p}_+^T.$$

where by assumption  $\lambda_i$ 's are positive.

Ellis et. al., 1987

#### H and A Trial Mass Reconstruction in the $2\tau_h$ channel

• The 8 kinematic constraint equations are:

$$\begin{aligned} p_{\nu_1}^2 &= 0 = p_{\nu_2}^2 \\ \left( p_{\nu_1} + p_{V_1} \right)^2 &= m_{\tau}^2 = \left( p_{\nu_2} + p_{V_2} \right)^2 \\ m_A^2 &= \left( p_{\nu_1} + p_{V_1} + p_{\nu_2} + p_{V_2} \right)^2 \\ m_H^2 &= \left( p_Z + p_{\nu_1} + p_{V_1} + p_{\nu_2} + p_{V_2} \right)^2 \\ p_{\nu_1}^X + p_{\nu_2}^X &= p_+^X \\ p_{\nu_1}^Y + p_{\nu_2}^Y &= p_+^Y \end{aligned}$$

- However 10 unknowns  $p_{\nu_i}$ ,  $m_H$  and  $m_A$ .
- Solve for the mean values of m<sub>H</sub> and m<sub>A</sub> where solutions exist.

#### Comparison of Mass reconstructions



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#### Latest CMS analysis

| Selection                    |       | MET       | N(  | τ)=0, NbJet=0      | Ν(τ | )=1, NbJet=0     | N(τ | )=0, NbJet≥1     | $N(\tau)=1$ , NbJet $\geq 1$ |                  |
|------------------------------|-------|-----------|-----|--------------------|-----|------------------|-----|------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
|                              |       |           | obs | expect             | obs | expect           | obs | expect           | obs                          | expect           |
| 4 Lepton Results $H_T > 200$ |       |           |     |                    |     |                  |     |                  |                              |                  |
| OSSF0                        | NA    | (100,∞)   | 0   | $0.007 \pm 0.01$   | 0   | $0.001 \pm 0.01$ | 0   | $0 \pm 0.01$     | 0                            | $0 \pm 0.009$    |
| OSSF0                        | NA    | (50,100)  | 0   | $0 \pm 0.01$       | 0   | $0.007 \pm 0.01$ | 0   | $0.01 \pm 0.02$  | 0                            | $0.008 \pm 0.01$ |
| OSSF0                        | NA    | (0,50)    | 0   | $1e-05 \pm 0.009$  | 0   | $0.01 \pm 0.01$  | 0   | $0 \pm 0.009$    | 0                            | $0 \pm 0.009$    |
| OSSF1                        | off-Z | (100,∞)   | 0   | $0.0005 \pm 0.009$ | 1   | $0.09 \pm 0.03$  | 0   | $0.06 \pm 0.04$  | 0                            | $0.05 \pm 0.03$  |
| OSSF1                        | on-Z  | (100,∞)   | 0   | $0.03 \pm 0.02$    | 0   | $0.27 \pm 0.07$  | 0   | $0.19 \pm 0.11$  | 0                            | $0.17 \pm 0.09$  |
| OSSF1                        | off-Z | (50,100)  | 0   | $0.03 \pm 0.03$    | 1   | $0.13 \pm 0.07$  | 0   | $0.02 \pm 0.02$  | 0                            | $0.07 \pm 0.04$  |
| OSSF1                        | on-Z  | (50, 100) | 0   | $0.08 \pm 0.04$    | 1   | $0.29 \pm 0.08$  | 0   | $0.1 \pm 0.06$   | 1                            | $0.12 \pm 0.08$  |
| OSSF1                        | off-Z | (0,50)    | 0   | $0.007 \pm 0.01$   | 0   | $0.12 \pm 0.06$  | 0   | $0.001 \pm 0.01$ | 0                            | $0.04 \pm 0.03$  |
| OSSF1                        | on-Z  | (0,50)    | 0   | $0.1 \pm 0.04$     | 0   | $0.5 \pm 0.12$   | 0   | $0.02 \pm 0.02$  | 0                            | $0.23 \pm 0.11$  |
| OSSF2                        | off-Z | (100,∞)   | 0   | $0.004 \pm 0.01$   | 0   | $0 \pm 0$        | 0   | $0.008 \pm 0.01$ | 0                            | $0 \pm 0$        |
| OSSF2                        | on-Z  | (100,∞)   | 0   | $0.05 \pm 0.05$    | 0   | $0 \pm 0$        | 0   | $0.13 \pm 0.08$  | 0                            | $0 \pm 0$        |
| OSSF2                        | off-Z | (50,100)  | 0   | $0.01 \pm 0.01$    | 0   | $0 \pm 0$        | 0   | $0.01 \pm 0.02$  | 0                            | $0 \pm 0$        |
| OSSF2                        | on-Z  | (50, 100) | 0   | $0.39 \pm 0.1$     | 0   | $0 \pm 0$        | 0   | $0.16 \pm 0.07$  | 0                            | $0 \pm 0$        |
| OSSF2                        | off-Z | (0,50)    | 0   | $0.11 \pm 0.03$    | 0   | $0 \pm 0$        | 0   | $0.05 \pm 0.03$  | 0                            | $0 \pm 0$        |
| OSSF2                        | on-Z  | (0,50)    | 2   | $3.3 \pm 0.7$      | 0   | $0 \pm 0$        | 1   | $0.37\pm0.09$    | 0                            | $0\pm 0$         |

#### CMS-PAS-SUS-12-026

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But visible  $p_T^{\tau} \ge 20 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow \text{reduced efficiencies}$ .

Searching for neutral Higgs bosons in non-standard channels

Arjun Menon University of Oregon

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# Conclusion

- The possibility of enhanced  $H \rightarrow ZA \rightarrow Z\tau^+\tau^-$  decay exists.
- The NMSSM example scenario needs low  $\tan \beta$  and large pseudo-scalar mixing.
- The efficiencies for detecting such a scenario are the largest in the  $1\tau_h$  and  $2\tau_h$  channel.
- The shape of the efficiency curves is due to an interplay between the isolation and min(p<sub>T</sub>) cuts.
- For low *m<sub>A</sub>* a boosted *τ* strategy similar to Englert et. al.,
   '11 may be needed.

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#### contd...

- $1-\tau_h$  is the most constraining of the channels.
- The projected reach with 30 fb<sup>-1</sup> CMS data could probe a large region interesting parameter space.
- For such decays the trial mass reconstruction method is more efficent than the transverse and collinear approaches.
- The phenomenology of non-Standard Higgs bosons can be quite rich and appear in many channels other than ττ.