

Prospects for Fundamental Physics and Cosmology with the Cherenkov Telescope Array

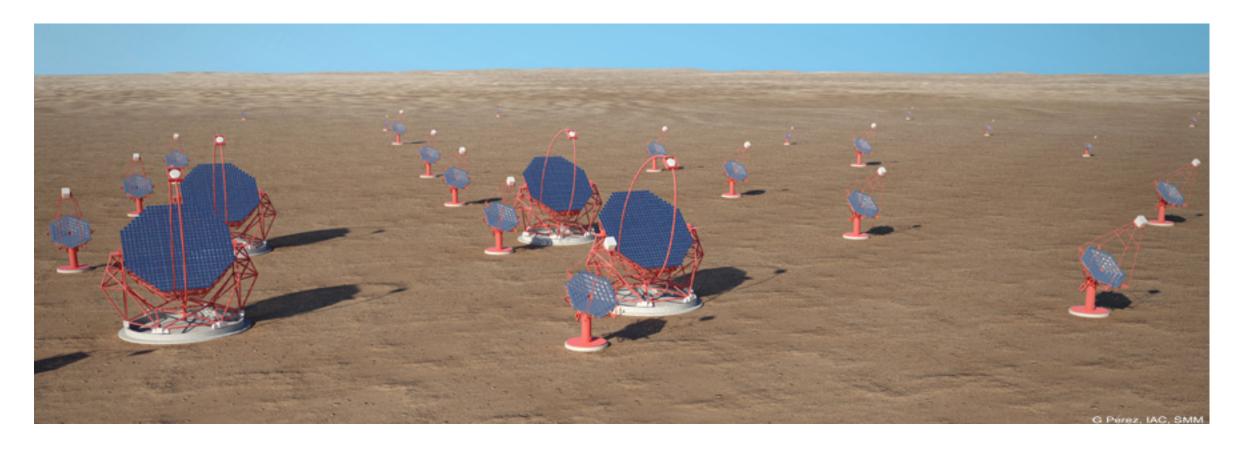
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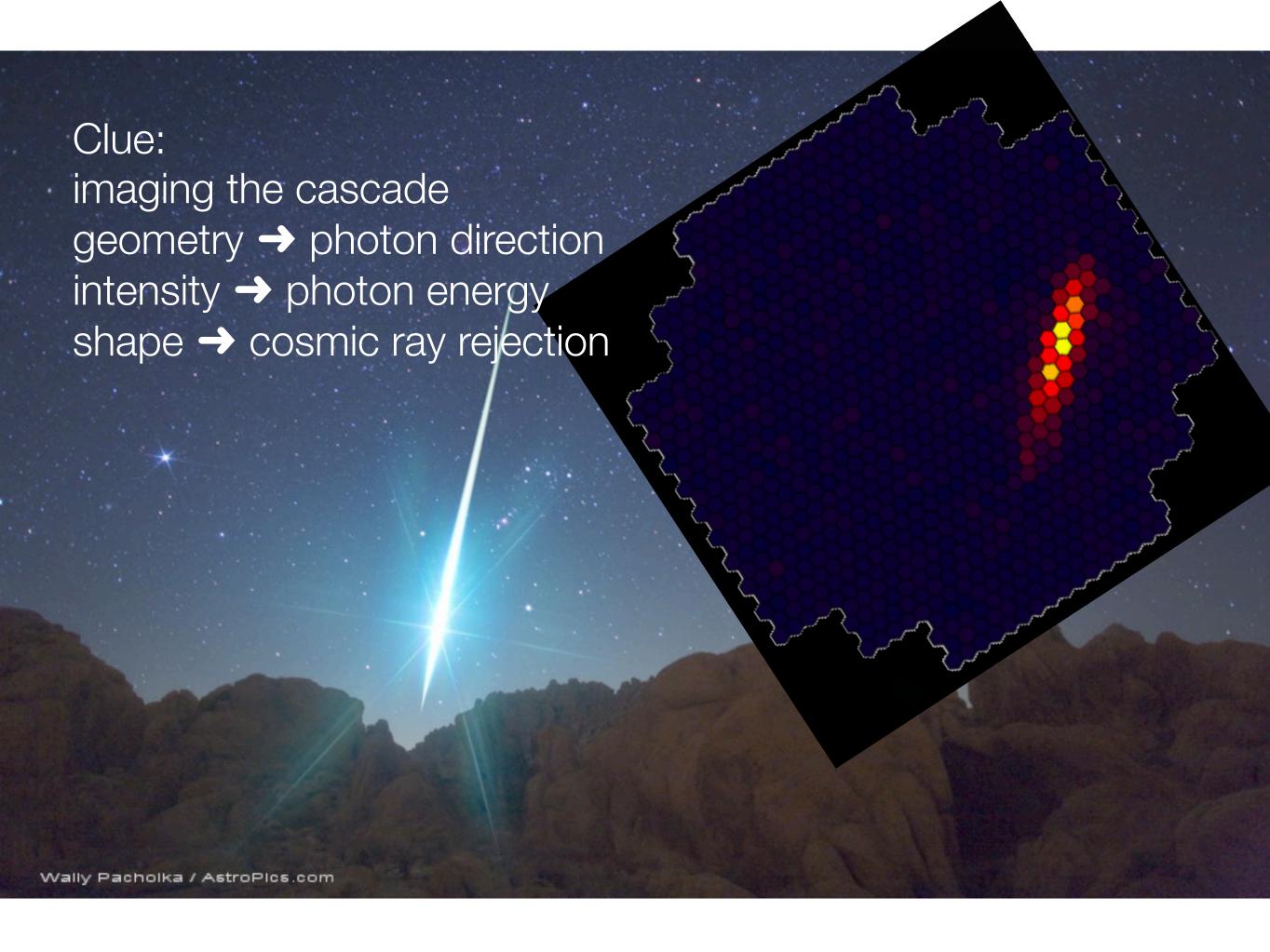
The CTA Concept

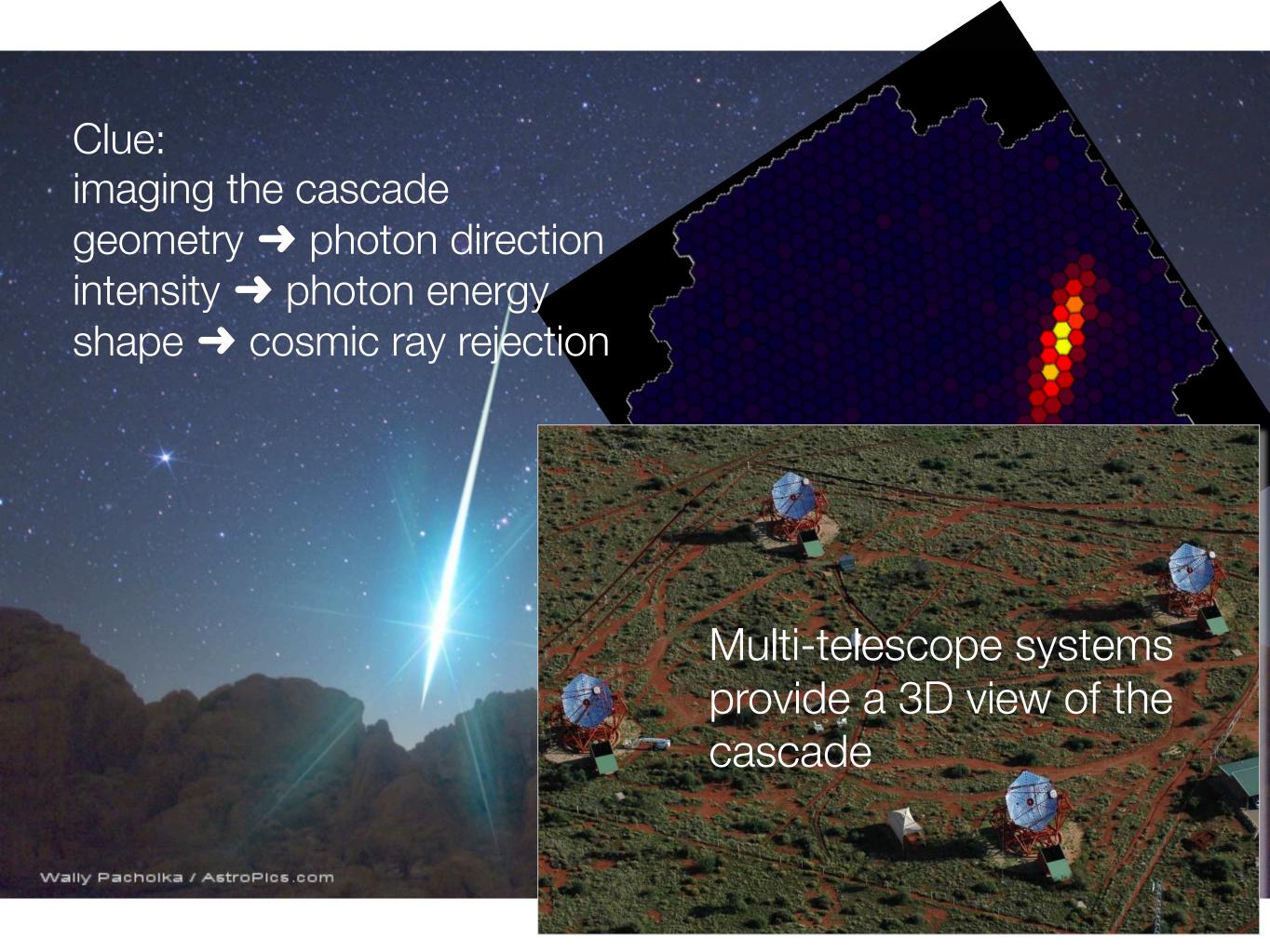




- Arrays in northern and southern hemispheres for full sky coverage
- 4 large (~23 m) telescopes in the center (LSTs)
 Threshold of ~30 GeV
- ≥25 medium (9-12 m) telescopes (MSTs) covering ~1 km² Order of magnitude sensitivity improvement in 100 GeV-10 TeV range
- Small (~4 m) telescopes (SSTs) covering >3 km² in south
 >10 TeV observations of Galactic sources
- Construction begins in ~2015

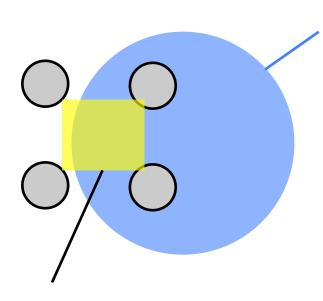






From current arrays to CTA





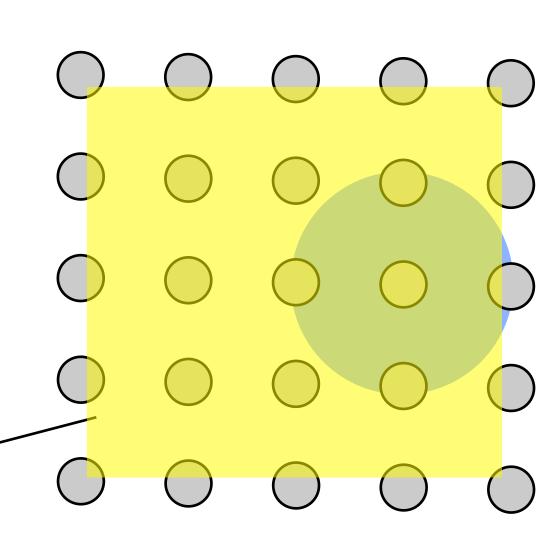
Light pool radius R ≈100-150 m

≈ typical telescope spacing

Sweet spot for best triggering and reconstruction:

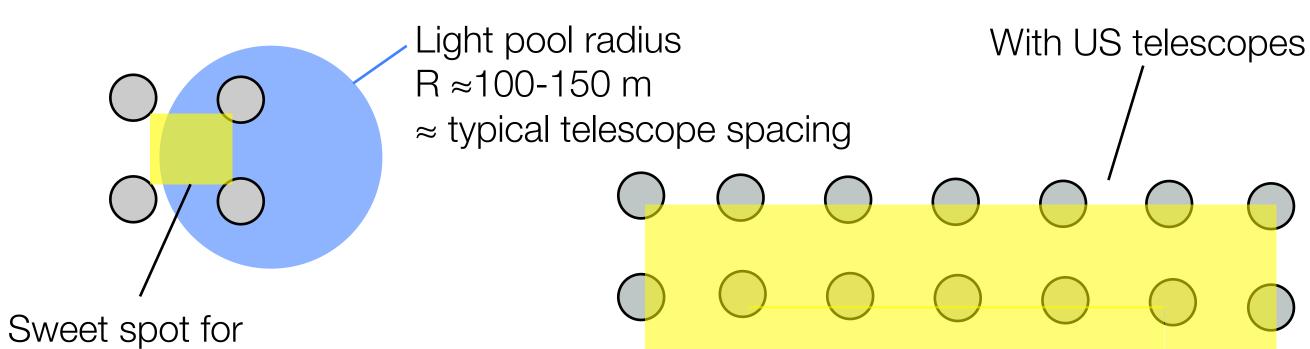
Most shower cores miss it!

Large detection area — More images per shower Lower trigger threshold



From current arrays to CTA

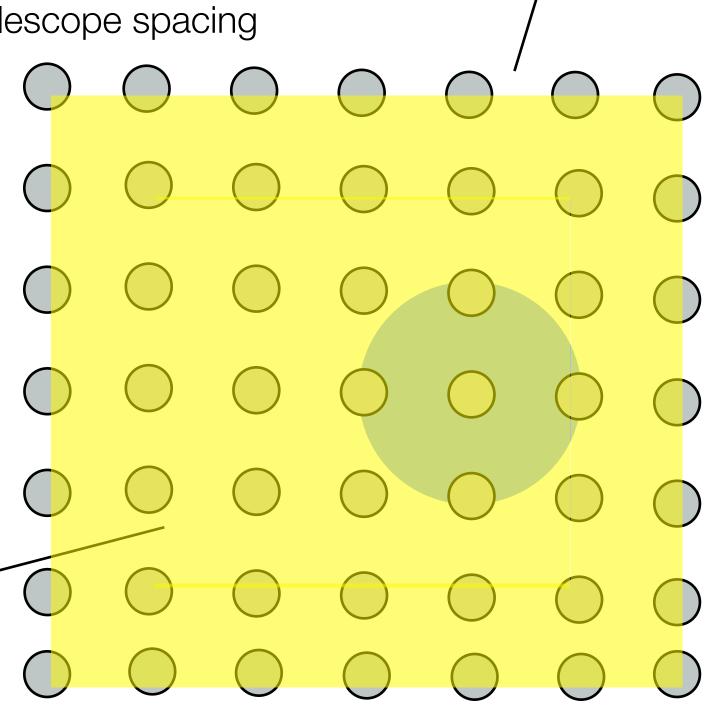




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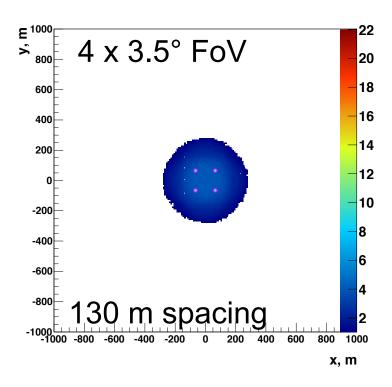
Most shower cores miss it!

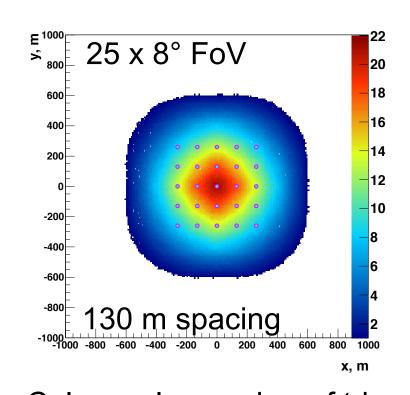
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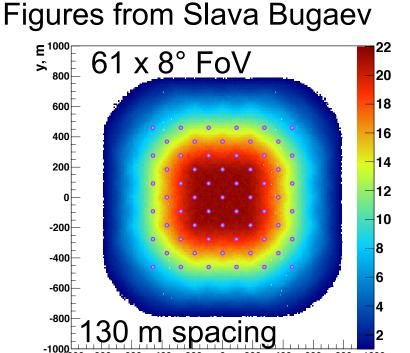


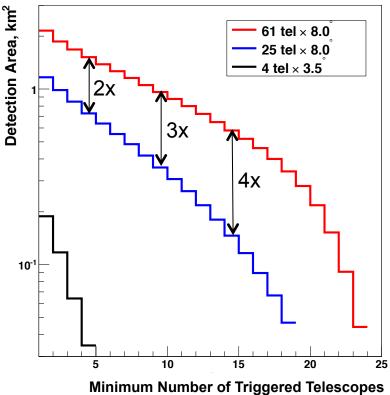


Why a large array?







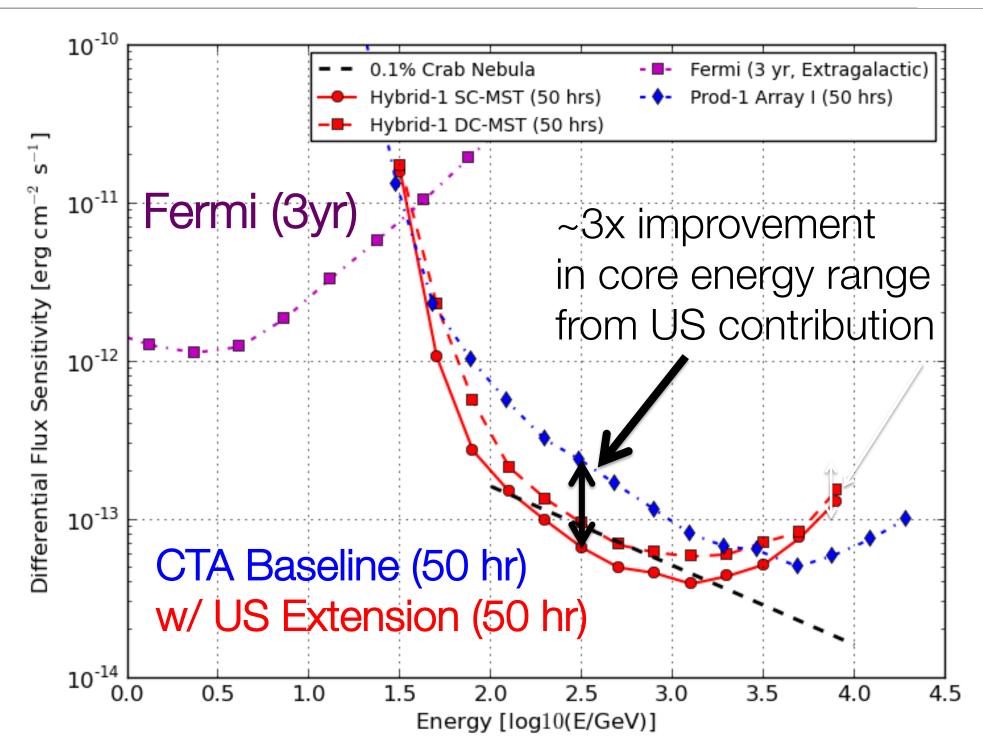


Color scale: number of triggered telescopes for 500 GeV showers Sufficiently large and capable MST array is the primary goal of the US groups

- Double the size of the southern array
- Developing novel design w/ secondary mirror & <0.07° optical psf

Differential Sensitivity





CTA Baseline (Prod-1): See K. Bernlohr et al. 2012, arXiv:1210.3503 w/ US Extension (Hybrid-1): See T. Jogler et al. 2012, arXiv: 1211.3181

Recommended by several relevant roadmaps ...



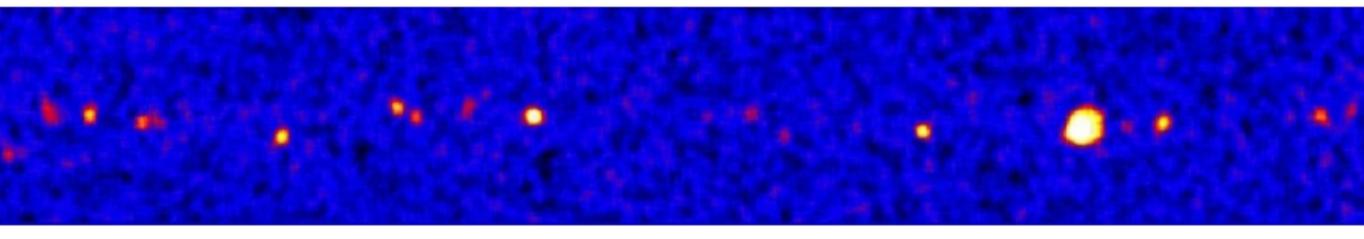




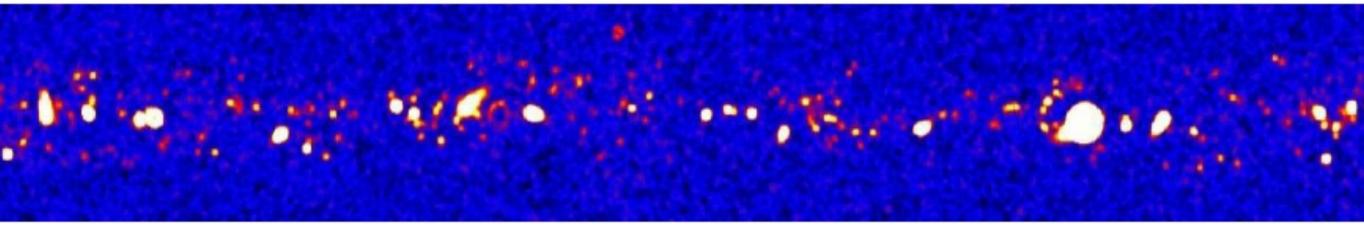
Simulated Galactic Plane surveys



H.E.S.S.



CTA, for same exposure



Expect ~1000 detected sources over the whole sky

Funk et al., Amer. Inst. Phys. Conf. Proc. 1085, 886 (2008)



Resolving complex sources



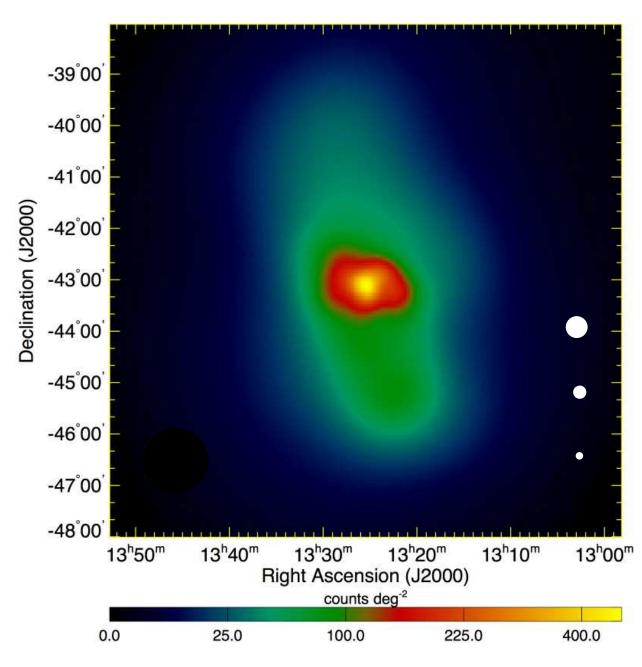
SN 1006 — a detected VHE gamma-ray source

SN 1006 CTA resolution

SN 1006 H.E.S.S. resolution

Resolving extragalactic sources: Cen A





Fermi LAT >200 MeV background-subtracted counts map of Cen A Abdo et al. 2010, *Science* **328**, 725

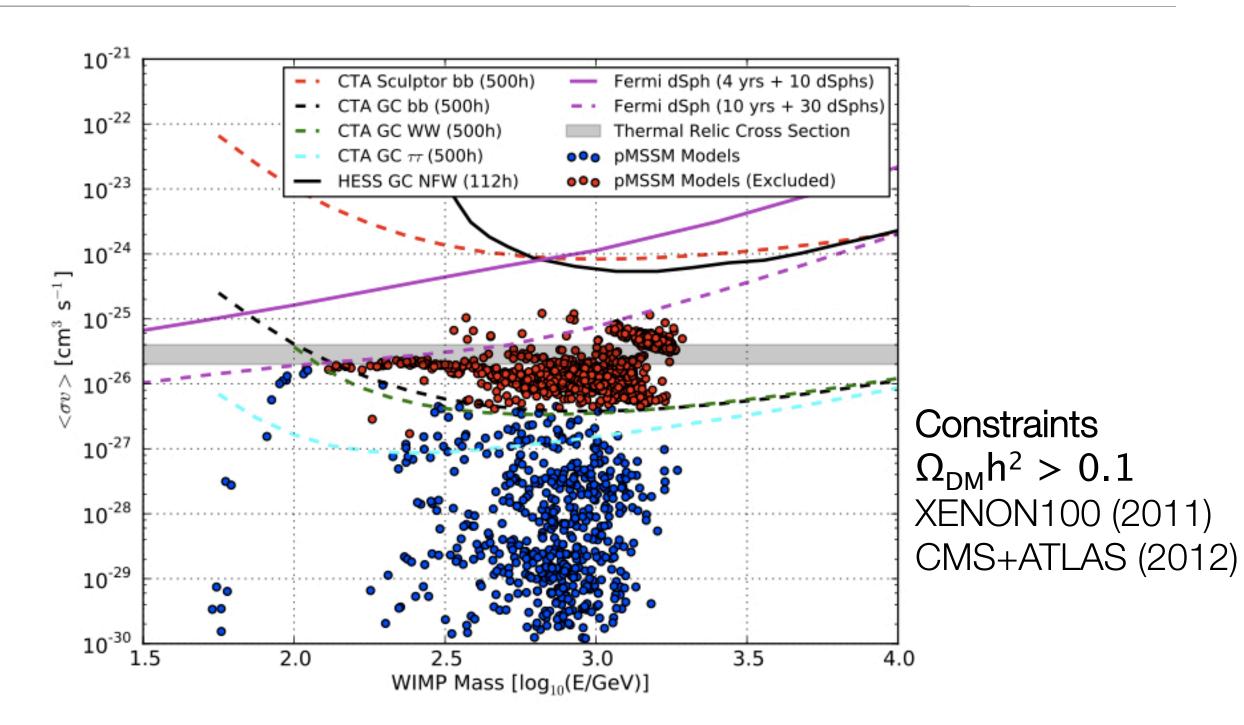
Fermi LAT PSF at 10 GeV CTA PSF at 100 GeV (≥2 images) CTA PSF at 300 GeV (≥10 images)

(68% containment)

Expect to detect hundreds of AGN

Dark matter searches with CTA

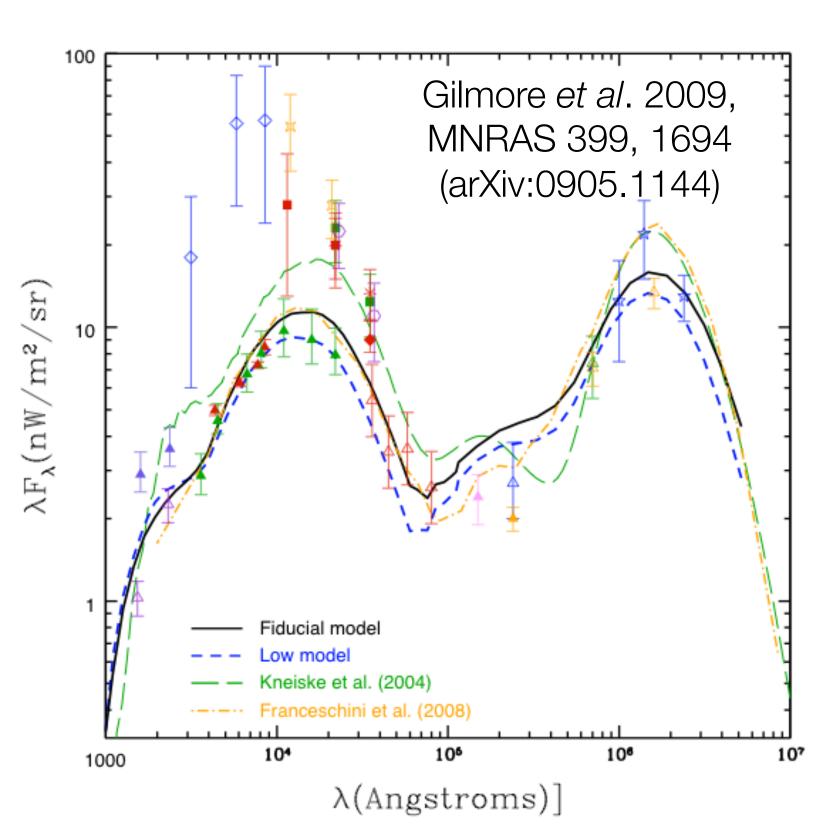




More details in following talk by Matthew Wood



Extragalactic Background Light



$$\gamma_{High Energy} + \gamma_{EBL} -> e^+ e^-$$

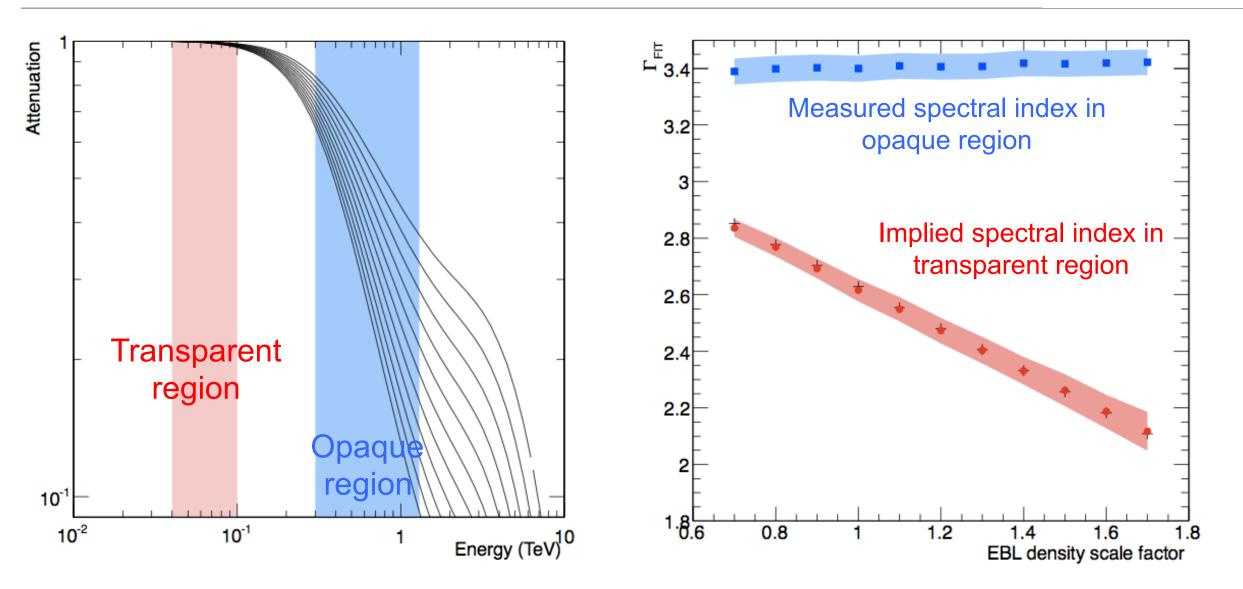
Difficult to measure EBL because of foreground sources

Test of cosmology

Attenuation by 1/e (i.e. $e^{-\tau}$ with $\tau = 1$) for $z \sim 1.2$ at 100 GeV $z \sim 0.1$ at 1 TeV

Photon Propagation through the Cosmos

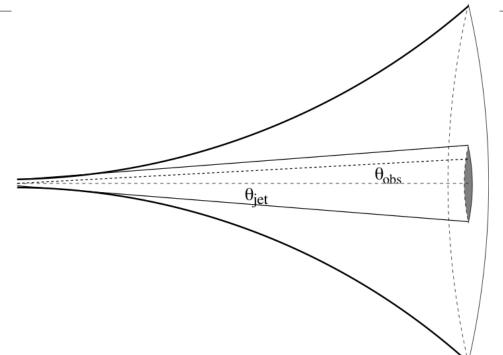


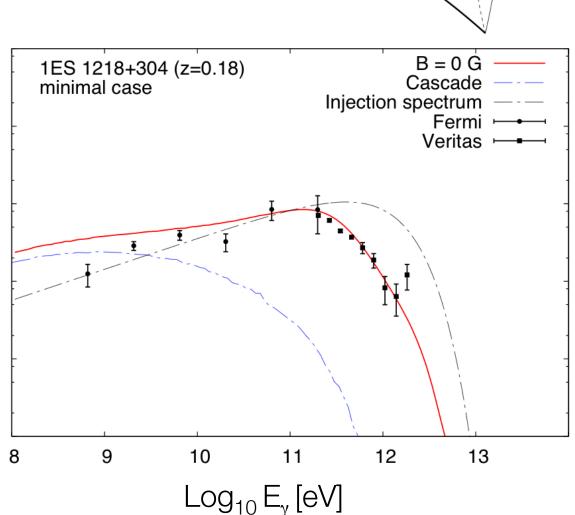


Spectral index Γ from fit to dN/dE ~ E^{- Γ} EBL model of Franceschini et al. 2008

D. Mazin et al. (2013), Astropart. Phys. 43, 241

The EBL and Intergalactic B Fields





Electrons produced by

γ_{High Energy}+γ_{EBL} -> e⁺ e⁻ Compton scatter off EBL to produce more photons

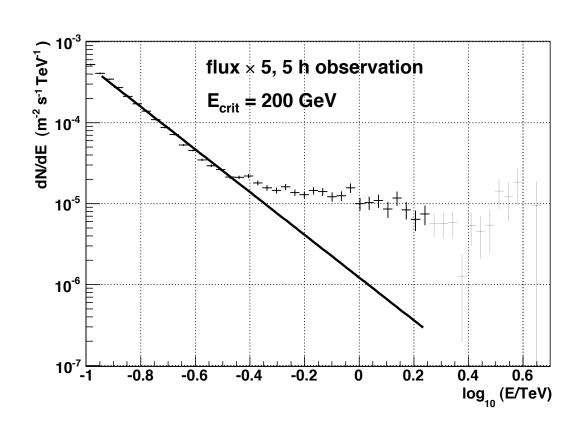
- Amount that the cascade fans out depends on intergalactic magnetic field (IGMF) strength
- Observable effects:
 - Pair halo
 - Spectral distortion
 - Large time delays between prompt and reprocessed photons

Figures from Taylor *et al*. 2011, arXiv: 1101.0932

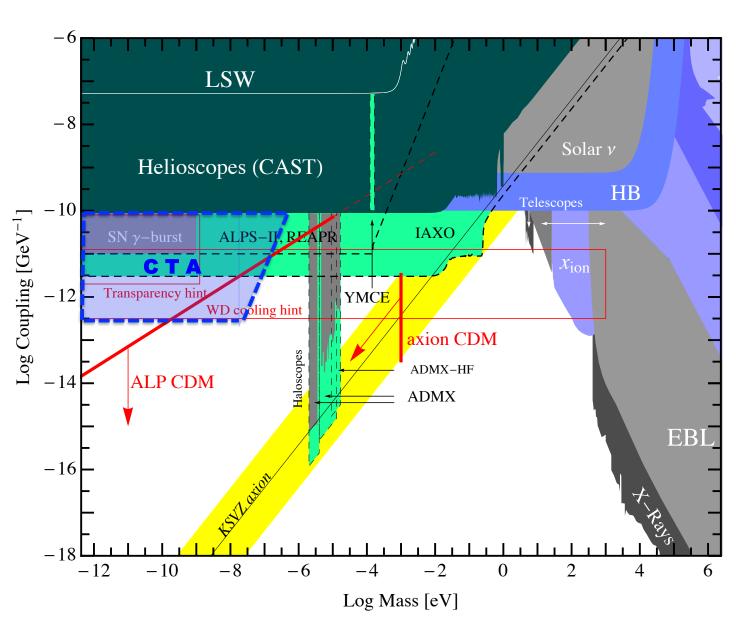
 $\Xi_{\gamma}^2 dN_{\gamma}/dE_{\gamma} Log_{10} [eV cm^{-2} s^{-1}]$







Simulated CTA observation
Bright flare from 4C 21.35
0.1 nG IGMF
EBL of Dominguez et al. 2011



Caveat: Other astrophysical processes, e.g. UHECR cascades, can also lead to spectral hardening

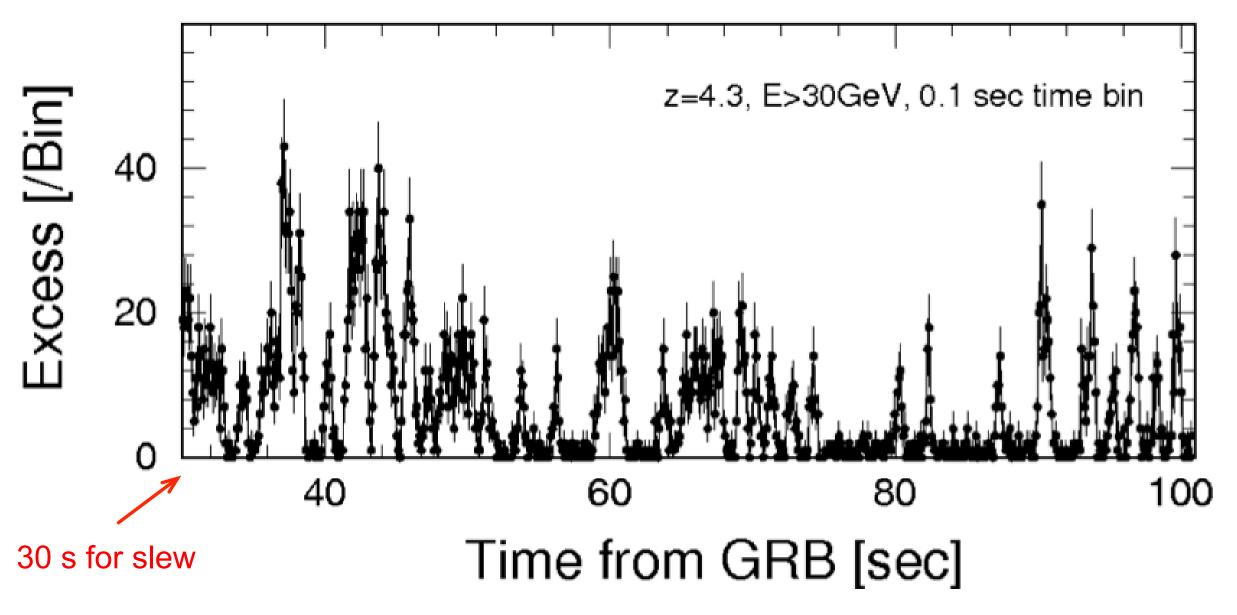
Left figure: Doro et al., Astropart. Phys. 43, 189; arXiv:1208.5356

Right figure: Sanchez-Conde et al., in prep., adapted from Ringwald, 2012, arXiv:1209.2299





CTA Simulation of GRB 080916C seen by GBM + LAT



from
Gamma-Ray Burst Science in the Era of Cherenkov Telescope Array
(Astroparticle Physics special issue article)
Susumu Inoue et al.

More details on LIV in talk tomorrow by Nepomuk Otte

White Papers Contributed to Snowmass Study



Tests of Lorentz Invariance Violation to Probe Quantum Gravity
Prospects for Indirect Detection of Dark Matter with CTA
Fundamental Physics from Charged Particle Measurements with
the Cherenkov Telescope Array

The Hunt of Axionlike Particles with the Cherenkov Telescope Array
The Extragalactic Background Light (EBL): A Probe of Fundamental
Physics and a Record of Structure Formation in the Universe
Particle Acceleration in Relativistic Jets

Search for Dark Matter Sub-Halos in the Gamma-ray Band The Impact of Astrophysical Particle Acceleration on Searches for Beyond-the-Standard-Model Physics

Gamma Ray Signatures of Ultra High Energy Cosmic Ray Line-ofsight Interactions

Key CTA Contributions to the Cosmic Frontier



- 10-fold improved sensitivity for VHE studies of the cosmos
 - ✓ "Routine" astrophysics is the foundation for recognizing new fundamental physics
- Sensitive searches for dark matter in its cosmic home
- Tests of cosmology
 - ✓ Extragalactic background light (EBL)
 - ✓ Intergalactic magnetic fields (IGMF)
- γ-ray propagation over cosmic distances
 - ✓ Tests of Lorentz invariance (LIV)
 - ✓ Search for signatures of axion-like particles (ALP)