# **EPICS Collaboration Meeting** in October 2019

## **Report of Contributions**

Contribution ID: 2 Type: Plenary talk

### **Display Builder Web Runtime**

Saturday, 5 October 2019 12:15 (20 minutes)

The CS-Studio display builder is available in both the older Eclipse-based CS-Studio and the latest "Phoebus" version of CS-Studio that no longer relies on Eclipse.

Recent additions include an MEDM converter that directly translates MEDM .adl files into the.bob file format.

The biggest recent addition is a Display Builder Web Runtime which allows viewing most of the display builder screens, including plots and images, on the web.

#### **Track**

User Interface tools and techniques

Primary author: KASEMIR, Kay (ORNL/SNS)

Presenter: KASEMIR, Kay (ORNL/SNS)

Session Classification: User Interface tools and techniques

Contribution ID: 3 Type: Lightning Talk

## retools: create PV aliases and info tags based on regular expressions

Saturday, 5 October 2019 15:35 (5 minutes)

retools is an EPICS module that allows PV aliases and info tags to be created based on specified regular expressions. This talk will briefly go over the use cases that motivated the development of retools.

#### **Track**

Other

Primary author: MARTINS, Bruno (Facility for Rare Isotope Beams)

Presenter: MARTINS, Bruno (Facility for Rare Isotope Beams)

Session Classification: Lightning Session

Contribution ID: 4 Type: Plenary talk

### Summary of the first EPICS Documentathon

Saturday, 5 October 2019 09:30 (20 minutes)

The first ever EPICS Documentathon was held at ESS in September of this year. A group of 12 people worked on a number of topics to develop, update and improve the EPICS documentation. A new infrastructure for writing and publishing EPICS documentation was put in place. Also the epics-controls website navigation was restructured, to make it easier to use and to integrate with other documentation.

The talk will introduce the documentation toolkit and the workflow, and also summarize the results of the Documentation.

#### **Track**

EPICS development

**Primary author:** KORHONEN, Timo (European Spallation Source ERIC)

Presenter: KORHONEN, Timo (European Spallation Source ERIC)

Session Classification: EPICS Developements

Contribution ID: 5 Type: **Lightning Talk** 

### RTEMS with EPICS on VME2500 (QorlQ P2020)

Saturday, 5 October 2019 15:40 (5 minutes)

There are new CPU cards for the VMEbus available with modern processors. These can replace the proven CPU cards like MVME6100/5500/3100/2100.

I will present the latest developments of EPICS 7 on QorIQ CPU's with SMP capabilities under RTEMS5.

#### **Track**

Status reports

**Primary author:** JUNKES, Heinz (Fritz-Haber-Institut)

Presenter: JUNKES, Heinz (Fritz-Haber-Institut)

Session Classification: Lightning Session

ADGenICam: areaDetector driver...

Type: Plenary talk

Contribution ID: 6

## ADGenlCam: areaDetector driver for GenlCam cameras

*Saturday*, 5 October 2019 15:10 (20 minutes)

GenICam is a standard from the European Machine Vision Association that is widely adopted for cameras and other detectors. GenICam cameras contain an XML file that can be downloaded, and which contains a complete description of all of the features that the camera supports and how to access them. GenICam also defines the transport layer API, and supports the GigE Vision, USB3 Vision, CameraLink, and CameraLinkHS standards.

ADGenICam is a new areaDetector base class for GenICam cameras. It provides the following features:

- A Python tool to read the XML file from the camera and create an EPICS database file. It creates records for each of the features that the camera supports.
- A Python tool to read the XML file from the camera and create multiple medm adl files
  containing controls and readbacks for the records controlling the camera features. These
  adl files can be automatically converted to files for edm, CSS, and caQtDM. The ADGenICam
  creates the areaDetector parameter library dynamically at iocInit from the drvUser fields
  passed by each record. It also handles most of the work in reading and writing feature
  values to the camera.
- New ADAravis driver. This driver uses the aravis library. It works with any GigE, 10 GigE, or USB3 GenICam camera. It runs on most versions of Linux. This driver is designed to replace the aravisGigE driver. It is significantly smaller because much of the code is in ADGenICam.
- New ADSpinnaker driver. This driveruses the FLIR/Point Grey Spinnaker SDK. It works with their GigE, 10 GigE, or USB3 GenICam cameras. It runs on Windows and new versions of Linux, e.g. Ubuntu 18.
- New ADVimba driver. This driver uses the AVT/Prosilica Vimba SDK. It works with their GigE or USB3 GenICam cameras. It runs on Windows, and most versions of Linux, e.g. RHEL7.

#### Track

EPICS for data acquisition

Primary author: RIVERS, Mark (University of Chicago)

**Presenter:** RIVERS, Mark (University of Chicago)

Session Classification: AreaDetector

Contribution ID: 7 Type: Plenary talk

### areaDetector Data Compression II: HDF5

Saturday, 5 October 2019 14:50 (20 minutes)

This talk will describe new support for data compression in the areaDetector NDPluginHDF5 plugin that writes HDF5 files. These include:

- Support for the JPEG, Blosc, LZ4, and Bitshuffle/LZ4 plugins within NDPluginHDF5. This support receives uncompressed NDArrays and writes them using compression within the HDF5 data pipeline. This has limited performance because it is not multi-threaded, and incurs significant overhead from the pipeline.
- Support for HDF5 Direct Chunk Write. This support receives NDArrays and writes them
  directly, bypassing much of the HDF5 data pipeline. This works both for writing uncompressed NDArrays, and for writing pre-compressed NDArrays, The latter can come from
  NDPluginCodec, where they can be compressed in multiple threads, or from the ADEiger
  driver, which directly receives compressed data from the Eiger detector.
- ADSupport now builds JPEG, Blosc, LZ4, and Bitshuffle/LZ4 codecs as shareable libraries
  that can be dynamically loaded by the HDF5 library on Linux, Windows, and Mac. This
  allows existing HDF5 applications (Matlab, IDL, Python, etc.) that are built without support for these codecs to read compressed HDF5 files written by areaDetector. The only
  requirement is that the application be built with HDF5 1.8.11 or later.
- Performance measurements will be presented. For example, simDetector generating 1350 frames/s of 1024x1024 32-bit images (5.4 GBytes/s) can be compressed by NDPluginCodec using Blosc LZ4+Byteshuffle and streamed to HDF5 files using the direct chunk write with no dropped frames. This is more than 3.5 times the throughput that can be obtained doing the Blosc compression in the HDF5 plugin itself.

#### **Track**

EPICS for data acquisition

**Primary authors:** RIVERS, Mark (University of Chicago); YENDELL, Gary (Diamond Light Source); GREER,

Alan (Observatory Sciences); WANG, Xiaoqiang (Paul Scherrer Institut)

Presenter: RIVERS, Mark (University of Chicago)

Session Classification: AreaDetector

Contribution ID: 8 Type: Plenary talk

## areaDetector Data Compression I: NDPluginCodec, NDPluginPva, ImageJ

Saturday, 5 October 2019 14:30 (20 minutes)

Data compression is highly desirable to increase the speed and decrease the network bandwidth and disk storage required for modern high-performance detectors.

This talk will describe new support for data compression in areaDetector. These include:

- New NDPluginCodec plugin. This plugin can compress and decompress NDArrays using
  any of 4 codecs: JPEG, Blosc, LZ4, and Bitshuffle/LZ4. JPEG is lossy while the other codecs
  are all lossless. Blosc itself supports 6 different codecs, plus bit shuffle and byte shuffle. NDPluginCodec can pass compressed NDArrays to downstream plugins, and can decompress
  NDArrays from upstream drivers and plugins. NDPluginCodec can run multiple threads to
  process multiple NDArrays in parallel. The Blosc codec can run multiple internal threads
  to process a single NDArray faster.
- NDPluginPva can now convert compressed NDArrays to compressed NTNDArrays that are served with pvAccess.
- The ImageJ pvAccess viewer (NTNDArrayViewer) can now receive compressed NTNDArrays, decompress them, and display them. This allows greatly reducing network traffic between the areaDetector IOC and the machine running ImageJ. The decompression in ImageJ is done using the same C/C++ libraries that are used by NDPluginCodec with a thin Java Native Access (JNA) wrapper.
- ADSupport now builds all of the codecs (JPEG, Blosc, LZ4, Bitshuffle/LZ4) on most EPICS
  architectures. It also builds shareable libraries that can be called dynamically from Java and
  HDF5.
- ADEiger, the areaDetector driver for the Eiger, can now receive both LZ4 and Bitshuffle/LZ4
  compressed data over the ZeroMQ socket. This compressed data can now be sent directly
  to the HDF5 plugin and to ImageJ without ever decompressing it. It can also be sent to
  NDPluginCodec to decompress it for other plugins.

#### Track

EPICS for data acquisition

**Primary authors:** RIVERS, Mark (University of Chicago); MARTINS, Bruno (Facility for Rare Isotope Beams); KRAIMER, Marty (Advanced Photon Source)

Presenter: RIVERS, Mark (University of Chicago)

**Session Classification:** AreaDetector

Contribution ID: 9 Type: Plenary talk

### Just-in-Time EDM converter for Phoebus

Saturday, 5 October 2019 11:55 (20 minutes)

CS-Studio includes an EDM-to-BOY converter. It's being ported to the latest version of CS-Studio, Phoebus, where it turns into an EDM-to-DisplayBuilder converter. It can be used from the UI or in batch mode to convert a bunch of displays. In addition, it offers a new just-in-time mode where it can download EDM displays and convert them when the user first tries to access them.

#### **Track**

User Interface tools and techniques

Primary author: KASEMIR, Kay (ORNL/SNS)

Presenter: KASEMIR, Kay (ORNL/SNS)

Session Classification: User Interface tools and techniques

Contribution ID: 10 Type: Plenary talk

## A User's Guide for EPICS Lua-Based Data Processing Subscription Update Filters

Saturday, 5 October 2019 10:05 (20 minutes)

Multiple previous talks described our embedding of the Lua interpreter in EPICS base for a replacement shell, for a Lua scripting record, and for dynamically filtering and re-configuring subscription update payloads within the Channel Access protocol.

This update talk will provide a end user's tutorial for these production system ready enhancements.

#### **Track**

**EPICS** development

**Primary author:** HILL, Jeffrey (LANL)

**Presenter:** HILL, Jeffrey (LANL)

**Session Classification:** EPICS Developements

Contribution ID: 11 Type: Lightning Talk

### **CI for Code and Documentation**

Saturday, 5 October 2019 09:50 (5 minutes)

At the recent Documentation, a system to create and host EPICS documentation has been added to the services that EPICS uses for Continuous Integration (CI).

The talk presents the status of the EPICS CI systems for code and documentation, and how these systems can be used for other EPICS modules, e.g. Record, Device and Driver Support modules.

#### Track

**EPICS** services

Primary author: LANGE, Ralph (ITER Organization)

Presenter: LANGE, Ralph (ITER Organization)

**Session Classification:** EPICS Developements

Contribution ID: 13 Type: Plenary talk

## Transitioning from CS Studio/Eclipse to CS Studio/Phoebus

Saturday, 5 October 2019 12:35 (20 minutes)

The European Spallation Source (ESS) is under construction and commissioning. OPIs created this far are mainly created in Display Builder in CS Studio/Eclipse, and users have become familiar with CS Studio and the tools provided. We intend to deploy CS Studio/Phoebus to the control room during Q4 2019, where it will replace CS Studio/Eclipse. The transition is prepared by investigating how existing OPIs work and how they currently fail in CS Studio/Phoebus. We also try to identify more general features of CS Studio/Eclipse that will not be available in CS Studio/Phoebus, or that require a different work flow. This talk summarizes rationale for the transition, and findings and conclusions that may be of interest for facilities considering CS Studio/Phoebus.

#### Track

User Interface tools and techniques

**Primary authors:** Mr SÖDERBERG, Fredrik (European Spallation Source, ERIC); Mr WEISS, Georg (European Spallation Source, ERIC)

**Presenters:** Mr SÖDERBERG, Fredrik (European Spallation Source, ERIC); Mr WEISS, Georg (European Spallation Source, ERIC)

Session Classification: User Interface tools and techniques

Contribution ID: 14 Type: Lightning Talk

### Save-and-restore port to CS Studio/Phoebus

Saturday, 5 October 2019 12:55 (5 minutes)

The European Spallation Source (ESS) has contributed to CS Studio/Phoebus with a adaptation of the save-and-restore tool in CS Studio/Eclipse. This adaptation includes both a new service for persistence of save-and-restore data, as well as a UI facelift. This talk briefly summarizes the save-and-restore tool in CS Studio/Phoebus, and discusses limitations and future enhancements.

#### **Track**

User Interface tools and techniques

Primary author: WEISS, Georg (European Spallation Source)

Presenter: WEISS, Georg (European Spallation Source)

Session Classification: User Interface tools and techniques

Contribution ID: 15 Type: Plenary talk

## High Level Application Architecture Design for APS Upgrade

Saturday, 5 October 2019 11:25 (20 minutes)

A modular software platform is under active design and development for high-level applications to meet the requirements of the Advanced Photon Source Upgrade (APS-U) project. The design is based on modern software architecture, which has been used in many other accelerator facilities and has been demonstrated to be effective and stable. At APS-U, we are extending the architecture in order to efficiently commission, operate, and maintain the APS-U. Its open architecture provides good flexibility and scalability. This paper presents the current status of high-level application architecture design, implementation, and progress at APS-U.

#### **Track**

**EPICS** services

Primary author: Dr SHEN, Guobao (APS)

**Presenter:** Dr SHEN, Guobao (APS)

Contribution ID: 16 Type: Lightning Talk

## FRIBs diagnostics software development workflow and tools

Saturday, 5 October 2019 15:30 (5 minutes)

This presentation will give an overview of the FRIBs diagnostics devices including the software development workflow along with some of the tools created to help the support and maintenance activities.

#### **Track**

EPICS for data acquisition

Primary author: OMITTO, Diego (Michigan State University)

**Presenter:** OMITTO, Diego (Michigan State University)

Session Classification: Lightning Session

Contribution ID: 17 Type: Plenary talk

### Distributed I/O for Dynamic Equipment

Saturday, 5 October 2019 11:05 (20 minutes)

There are currently two major controller-based systems in use at each beamline at NSLS-II. These are the Equipment Protection System and the Personnel Protection System. As the names imply, these systems work to protect equipment and personnel from hazards which could impact the safety, efficiency, usability, and integrity of the facility.

A third controller-based solution (DIODE) was proposed to further enhance the reliability and maintainability of the beamline subsystems. This additional approach will better decouple the class of equipment which does not serve an equipment or personnel protection purpose, but which nonetheless requires full integration into the beamline control system. We can call this class of devices *Dynamic Equipment*.

Historically, when Dynamic Equipment was integrated into a beamline, it would be lumped onto the EPS. There are two main reasons why the EPS was burdened this way: the EPS is much more mutable than the PPS, which is subject to stricter oversight and regulation, and because the EPS is typically more physically-distributed throughout the beamline.

While using the EPS has been a simple solution to the growing need for control and automation of Dynamic Equipment, it is not without consequences. The inclusion of non-protective and non-protected equipment has added unnecessary complexity within the EPS. This has introduced an undesirable volatility which makes it difficult to keep the EPS fully characterized and documented. Such consequences come with real costs and impact, including an increased difficulty when troubleshooting, extra time or resources needed when integrating new equipment, and the overloading of I/O boxes in terms of amperage and heat dissipation.

With DIODE, these problems can be subverted and even corrected. DIODE reduces the risk that comes from integrating Dynamic Equipment without introducing changes to the EPS. As a result, new devices can be added or modified at the beamline more quickly with less engineering and development overhead.

#### **Track**

Other

**Primary author:** MAYTAN, Nathanael (Brookhaven National Laboratory)

Co-author: DERBENEV, Anton (Brookhaven National Laboratory)

Presenter: MAYTAN, Nathanael (Brookhaven National Laboratory)

Contribution ID: 18 Type: Lightning Talk

### **Building and Packaging EPICS modules with Conda**

Saturday, 5 October 2019 15:55 (5 minutes)

Conda is an open source package, dependency and environment management system. It runs on Windows, macOS and Linux and can package and distribute software for any language (Python, R, Ruby, C/C++...). It's already used in the EPICS community for pvaPy for example. At ESS, we are investigating using Conda to build and package EPICS modules. The modules built are based on PSI concept of dynamically loading EPICS module resources using require. Conda makes is easy to manage dependencies and build different variants of a package. Using anaconda's new compilers, it is possible to build portable (cross-distribution) Linux binaries. This allows developers to easily install the EPICS modules they want.

#### **Track**

EPICS Building, packaging and distributing

Primary authors: BERTRAND, Benjamin (ESS); Mr MARTINS, Joao Paulo (ESS)

**Presenter:** Mr MARTINS, Joao Paulo (ESS)

Session Classification: Lightning Session

Contribution ID: 19 Type: Lightning Talk

## EPICS driver for health and status monitoring on MTCA.4 Crates

*Saturday, 5 October 2019 15:50 (5 minutes)* 

The driver will use Linux i2c driver to communicate with NAT MCH and provide status readings for a MTCA.4 system. These will allow the user to monitor general health of the MTCA.4 chassis such as AMC temperatures, fan speed, etc. Statuses will be exposed as PVs which will allow the user to monitor trends and use them for predictive maintenance (e.g. system temperature is slowly rising) or set alarms that will notify on critical events (e.g. fan speed increase).

Alarms and values can be connected to standard EPICS alarm and archiving tools. They can be displayed on the main operating screens to alert operators, without the need to use the terminal or web-based interfaces that need to be opened in separate widows.

The driver will for now only aim to report status and will not provide configuration options and will be developed and tested with NAT MCH, which is currently the more common used MCH in Scientific installations.

#### **Track**

EPICS for data acquisition

**Primary authors:** Mrs ROJEC, Ursa (Cosylab); Mr PAVLESKI, Miroslav (Cosylab)

**Presenter:** Mr PAVLESKI, Miroslav (Cosylab)

Session Classification: Lightning Session

Contribution ID: 21 Type: Plenary talk

## **Epics 7**

Saturday, 5 October 2019 09:10 (20 minutes)

An introduction to EPICS 7 and a report on the latest developments in the EPICS 7 core packages.

#### **Track**

EPICS development

**Primary author:** JOHNSON , Andrew (Argonne National Laboratory)

Presenter: JOHNSON, Andrew (Argonne National Laboratory)

Session Classification: EPICS Developements

Contribution ID: 22 Type: Lightning Talk

## **CS-Studio developers meeting report**

Saturday, 5 October 2019 11:45 (10 minutes)

A report of the discussions and developments from the CS-Studio core developers meeting.

#### **Track**

**Primary author:** SHROFF, Kunal (Brookhaven National Lab)

Presenter: SHROFF, Kunal (Brookhaven National Lab)

Session Classification: User Interface tools and techniques

Contribution ID: 24 Type: Lightning Talk

## **EPICS Support Module for Efficient UDP Communication With FPGAs**

Saturday, 5 October 2019 15:45 (5 minutes)

The driver linac of the Facility of Rare Isotope Beams (FRIB) contains 332 cavities which are controlled by individual FPGA-based low-level RF controllers. Due to limited hardware resources the EPICS IOCs cannot be embedded in the low-level RF controllers but are running on virtual machines communicating with the devices over Ethernet. An EPICS support module communicating with the devices over UDP has been developed based on the Asyn library. It supports efficient read and write access for both scalar and array data as well as support for triggering actions on the device. Device-related parameters like register addresses and data types are configurable in the EPICS record database making the support module independent of the hardware and the application. This also allows engineers to keep up with evolving firmware without recompiling the support library. The implementation of the support module leverages modern C++ features and relies on timers for periodic communication, timeouts, and detection of communication problems. The latter allows the communication code to be tested separately from the timers keeping the run time of the unit tests short.

#### **Track**

Primary authors: KONRAD, Martin (Facility for Rare Isotope Beams); Mr BERNAL, Enrique; DAVIS,

Mark

**Presenter:** KONRAD, Martin (Facility for Rare Isotope Beams)

**Session Classification:** Lightning Session

Contribution ID: 25 Type: Plenary talk

### Moving EPICS Base to Modern C++

Saturday, 5 October 2019 10:25 (10 minutes)

During the last decade C++ has evolved rapidly providing new language features, better standard-library facilities and more sophisticated compilers. This presentation provides an overview of these new features and motivates why we might want to leverage them for EPICS.

#### **Track**

**Primary author:** KONRAD, Martin (Facility for Rare Isotope Beams)

**Presenter:** KONRAD, Martin (Facility for Rare Isotope Beams)

Session Classification: EPICS Developements

Contribution ID: 26 Type: Plenary talk

## **EPICS Council Report**

Saturday, 5 October 2019 16:50 (20 minutes)

A report from the epics council

**Track** 

Primary author: Dr CARLING, Henrik (ESS)

Co-author: Dr WHITE, Karen (ORNL)

Presenter: Dr CARLING, Henrik (ESS)

Contribution ID: 27 Type: not specified

## The Next EPICS Meeting

Saturday, 5 October 2019 17:10 (10 minutes)

Details on the next EPICS collaboration meeting

**Presenter:** FARNSWORTH, Richard (NSLS-II)

Contribution ID: 28 Type: not specified

## **Epics Developers meeting Report**

Saturday, 5 October 2019 09:55 (10 minutes)

A report on the discussions and developments from the EPICS core developers meeting.

Primary author: LANGE, Ralph (ITER Organization)

Presenter: LANGE, Ralph (ITER Organization)

Session Classification: EPICS Developements

Contribution ID: 29 Type: Lightning Talk

## Systems Delivery And What Lurks Below: Legacy, Support, Users

Saturday, 5 October 2019 16:00 (5 minutes)

The NSLS-II Control System has workstations and servers standardized to the usage of Debian OS. With exceptions like RTEMS and Windows systems where software is built and delivered by hand, all hosts have EPICS development software installed from an internally-hosted and externally-mirrored Debian package repository. The sysv-rc-softioc toolkit is used to manage deployments locally. Configured by Puppet, machines have a similar environment with EPICS base, modules, libraries, and binaries. The repository is populated from epicsdeb, a collaboration-maintained project collection on GitHub.

Currently, packages are available for Debian 8 and 9 with legacy support being provided for Debian 6 and 7. Since packaging creates overhead on how quickly software updates can be available, keeping production systems on track with development is a challenging task. Software is often customized and built manually to get recent features, e.g. for AreaDetector. Another challenge is services like GPFS which underperform or do not work on Debian, or older hardware, or both.

Different facilities utilize different approaches to enable longer-term system flexibility and accommodation of continuous update needs. When considering larger time frames, it becomes very important that standards, practices, and approaches remain consistent with existing system solutions, and vice versa. As the system grows and ages, tending to new requirements and introducing new solutions, e.g. for deployment, is even more challenging, especially when it involves bringing new technologies and tools. The talk is dedicated to major challenges identified in that process: Legacy, for ensuring consistency of approaches for existing and new cases; Support, for tools and infrastructure which enable the new solution; and Users, for developers' knowledge and compliance.

#### **Track**

EPICS Building, packaging and distributing

**Primary author:** DERBENEV, Anton (Brookhaven National Laboratory)

Presenter: DERBENEV, Anton (Brookhaven National Laboratory)

**Session Classification:** Lightning Session

Contribution ID: 30 Type: not specified

## **Celebrating 30 Years of EPICS**

Saturday, 5 October 2019 16:10 (10 minutes)

Keeping things in control for 30 years.

Primary authors: Dr CARLING, Henrik (ESS); FARNSWORTH, Richard (NSLS-II)

Presenters: Dr CARLING, Henrik (ESS); FARNSWORTH, Richard (NSLS-II)