

# Unleashing the Power of Clustering Redshifts

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LSST-DESC Collaboration Meeting  
December 6, 2013

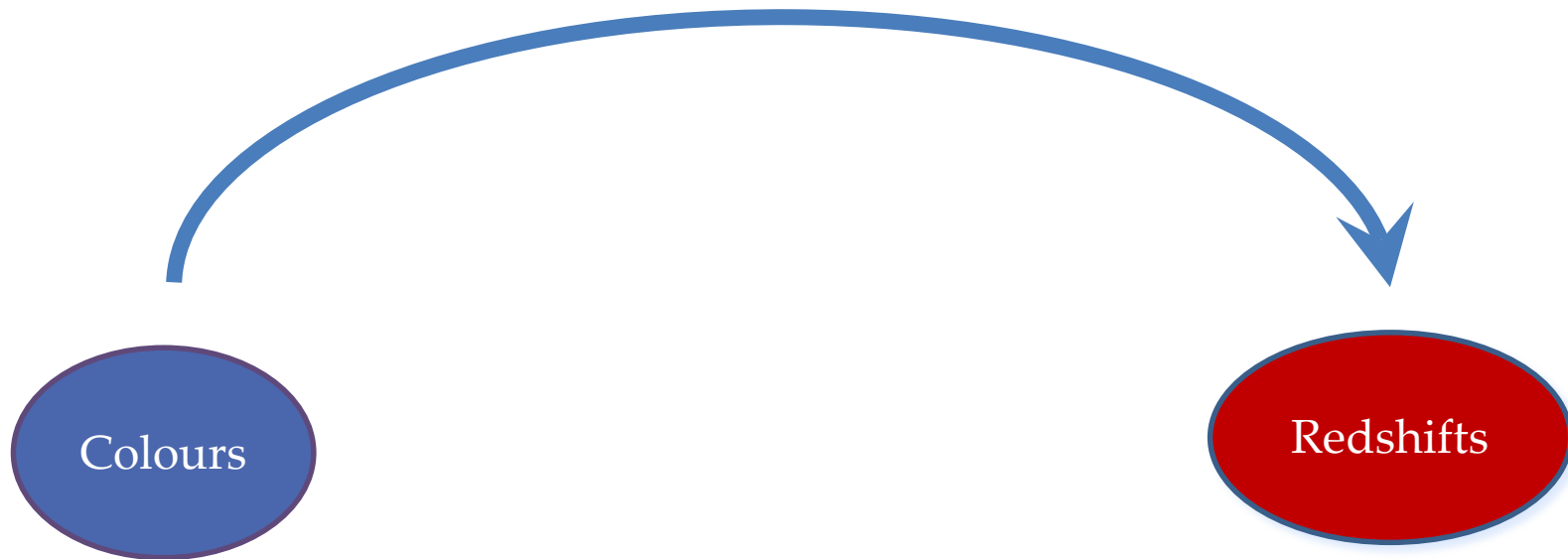
in collaboration with:

Brice Ménard, Tamas Budavari (JHU)  
Ryan Scranton, Sam Schmidt, &  
Christopher Morrison (UC Davis)



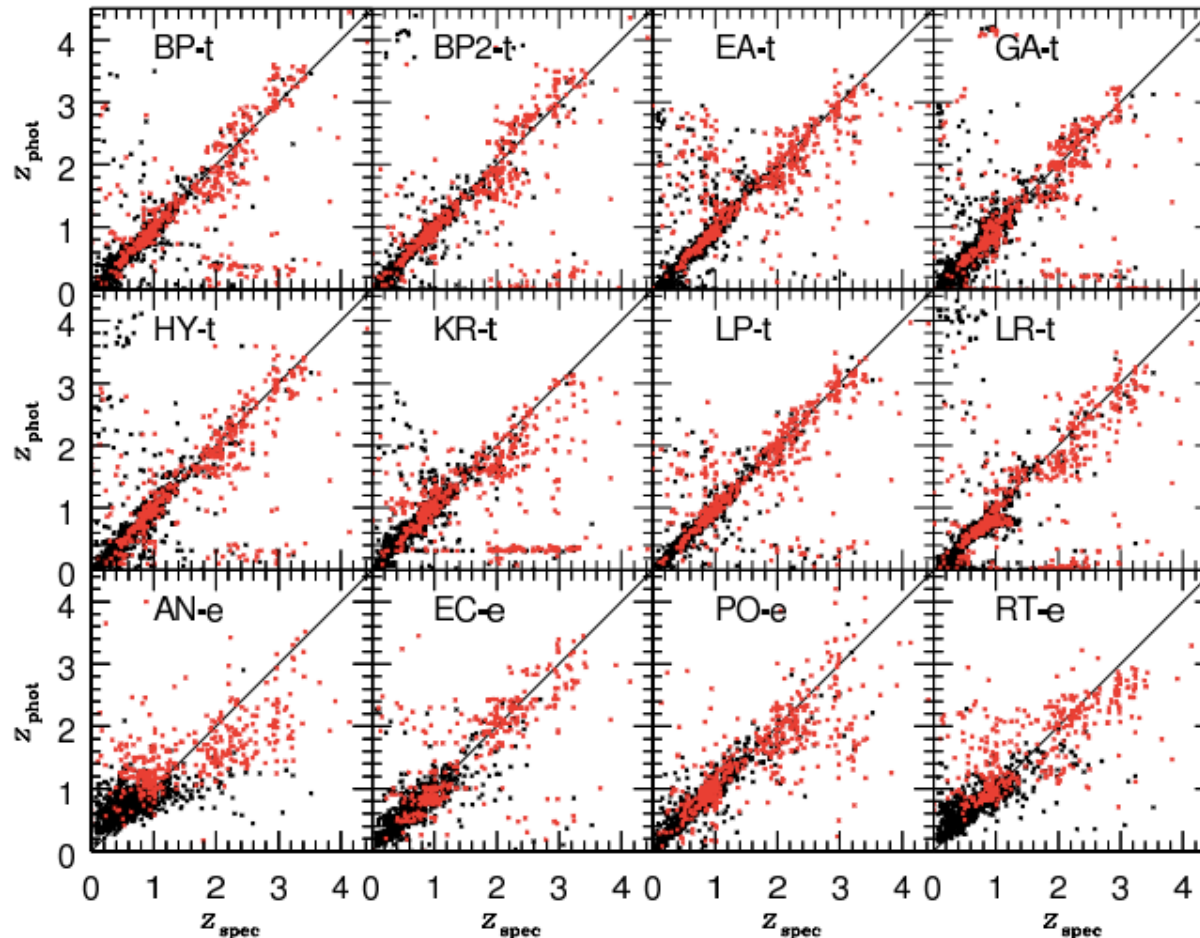
# Photometric Redshifts

SEDs or Training Sets

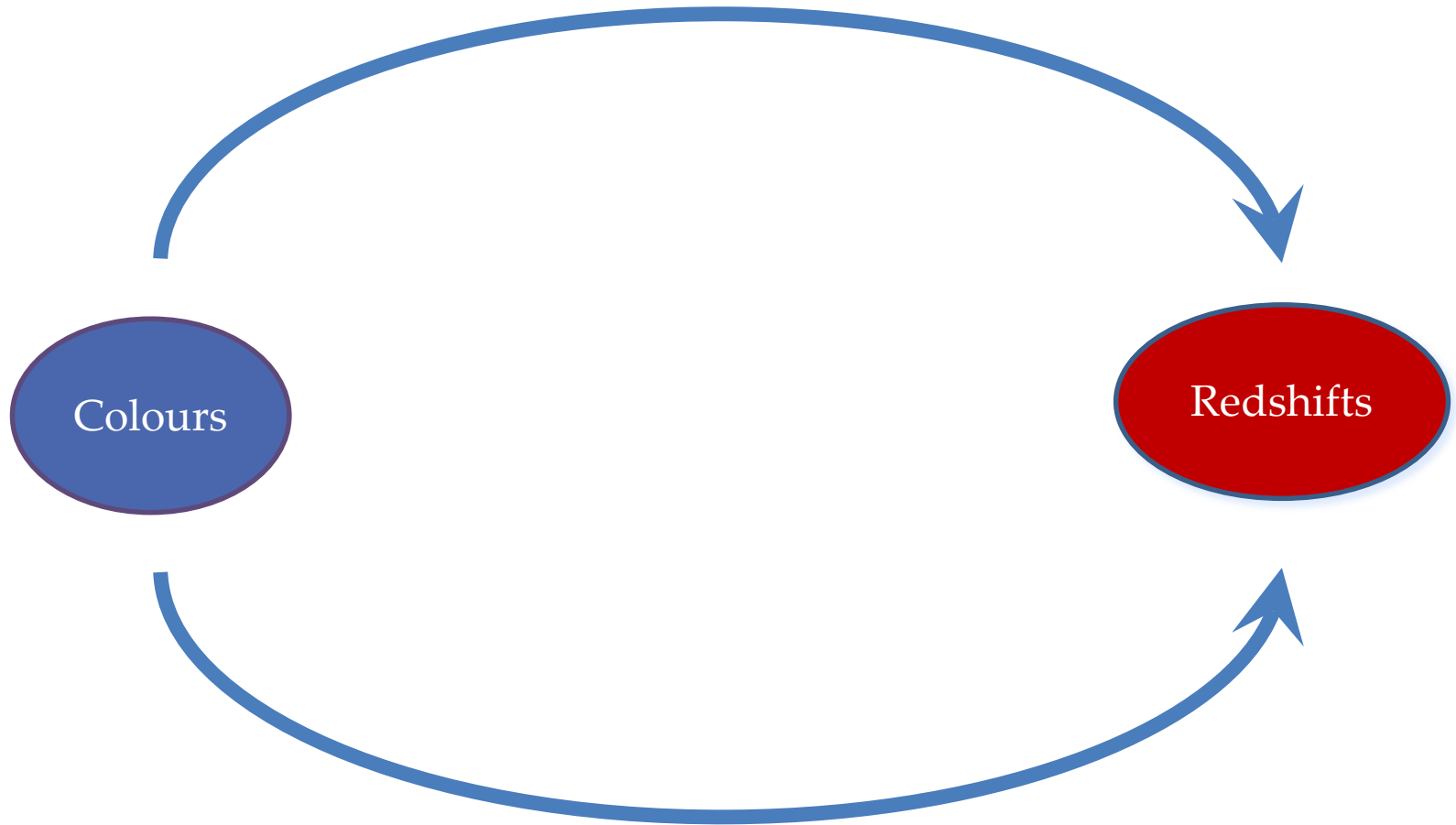


# Photometric redshifts

- They rely on templates (theoretical or observed)
- They require training sets. The answer is not unique.



**Photometric Redshifts**  
SEDs or Training Sets



**Clustering Redshifts**  
Spatial Correlation with Reference Set

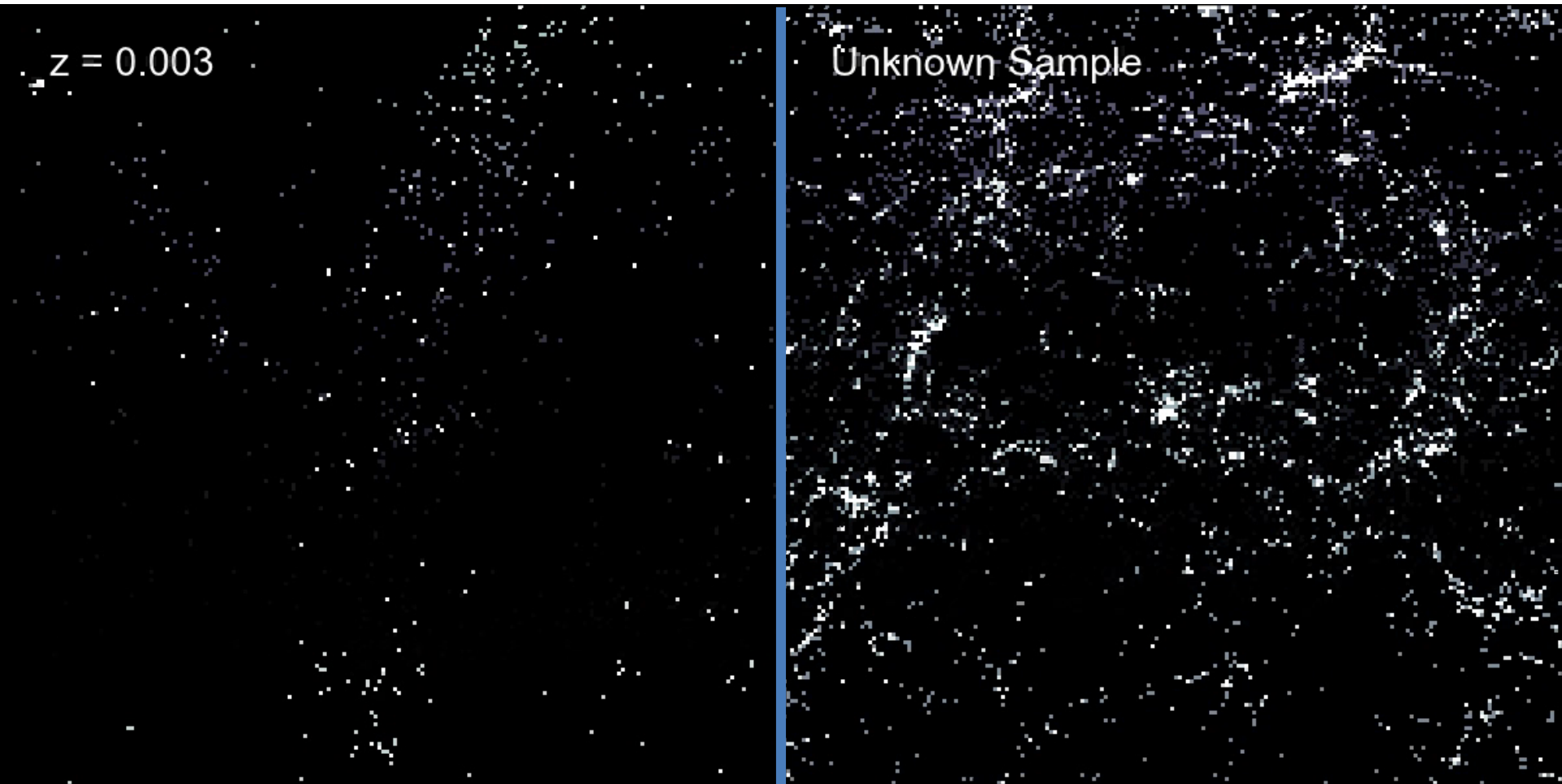
SDSS  
Spectroscopic  
Galaxies

$z = 0.003$



$158.5^\circ < \alpha <$   
 $213.5^\circ$   
 $5^\circ < \delta < 60^\circ$

# Using Spatial Correlations to Measure Redshift

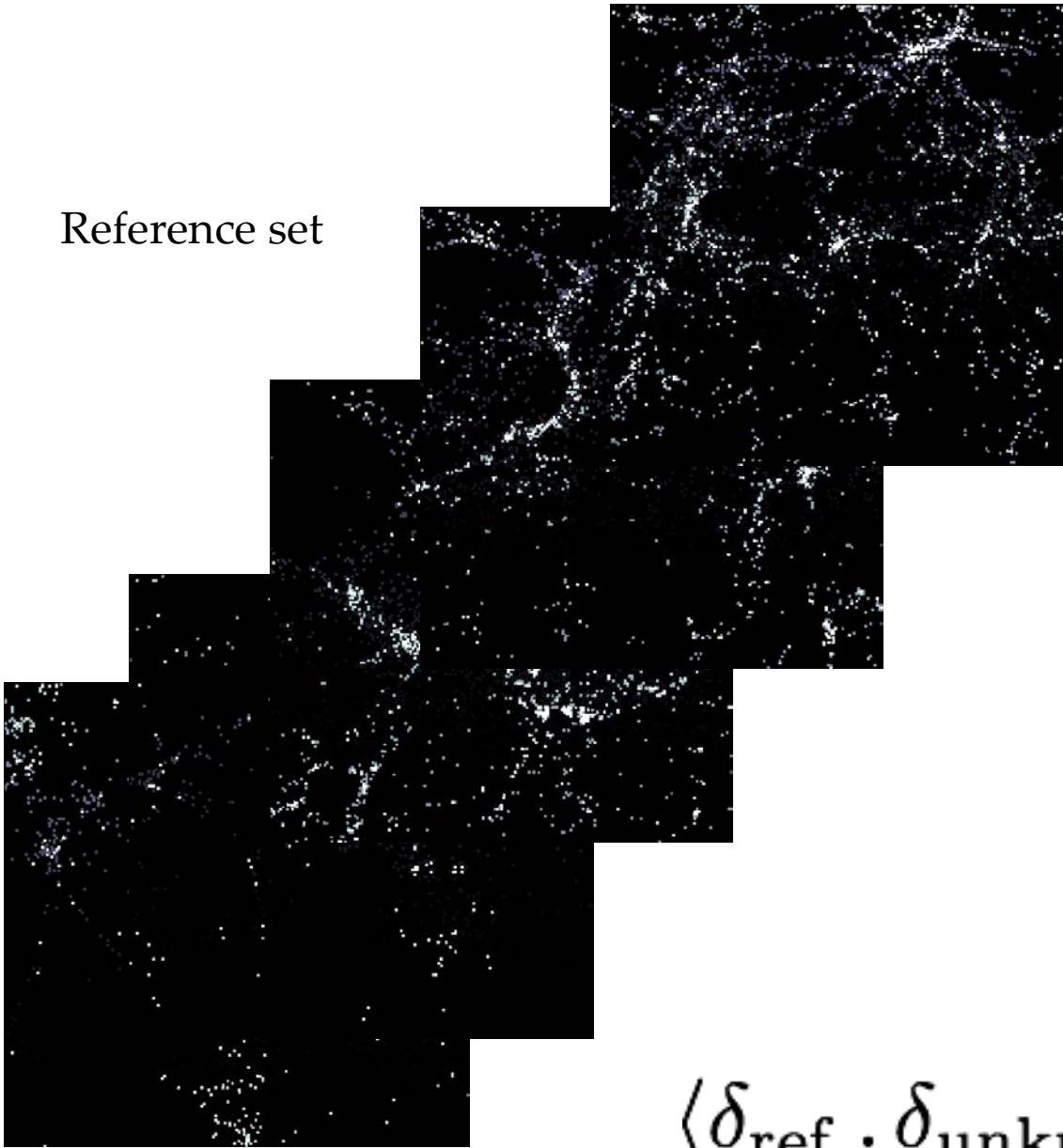


SDSS Spectroscopic Galaxies  
 $158.5^\circ < \alpha < 213.5^\circ$   
 $5^\circ < \delta < 60^\circ$

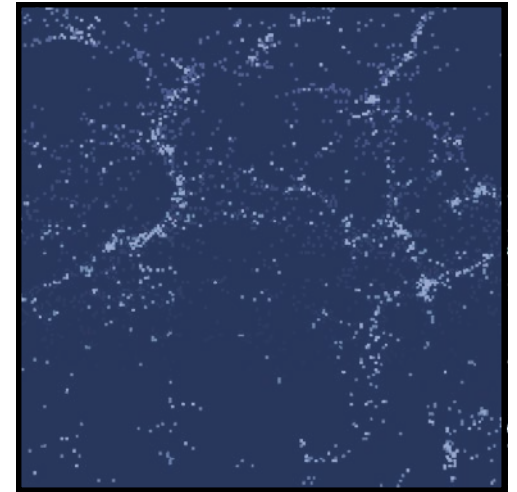
$z = 0.03$

$z = 0.059$

Reference set



Sample at unknown  
redshift



$$\langle \delta_{\text{ref}} \cdot \delta_{\text{unknown}} \rangle$$

Metric: 2-point correlation function

# Long history, now being developed

**Peebles 1969**

First mention of the idea

**Landy, Szalay, & Koo 1996**

First use of clustering in data

**Newman 2008**

**Matthews & Newman 2010**

**Matthews & Newman 2012**

Development of the technique on *large spatial scales*, for *precision measurements*

**de Putter et al. 2013**

**McQuinn & White 2013**

Optimizing the large scale method

**Ménard et al. 2013**

**Schmidt et al. 2013**

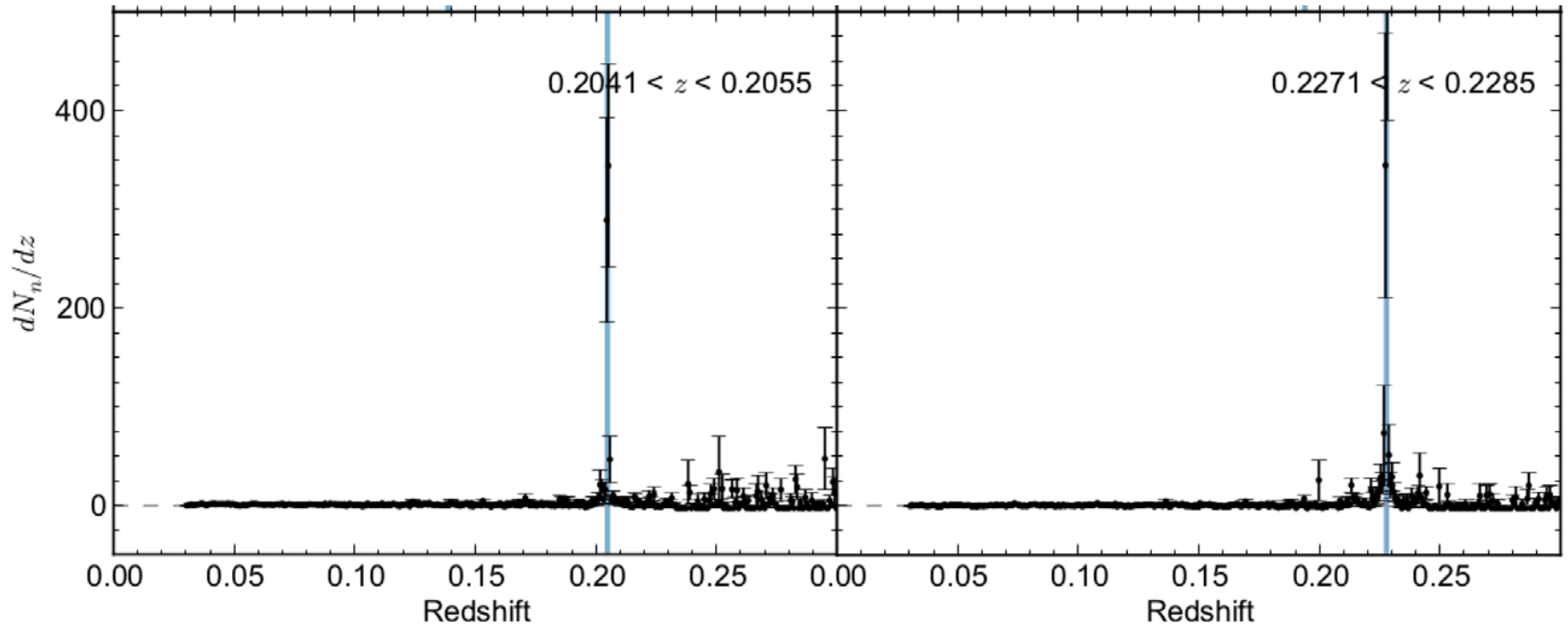
**Rahman et al. 2013a,b  
(forthcoming)**

Developing the technique on *small spatial scales*, development of the tools, and application to data



# How accurate are they?

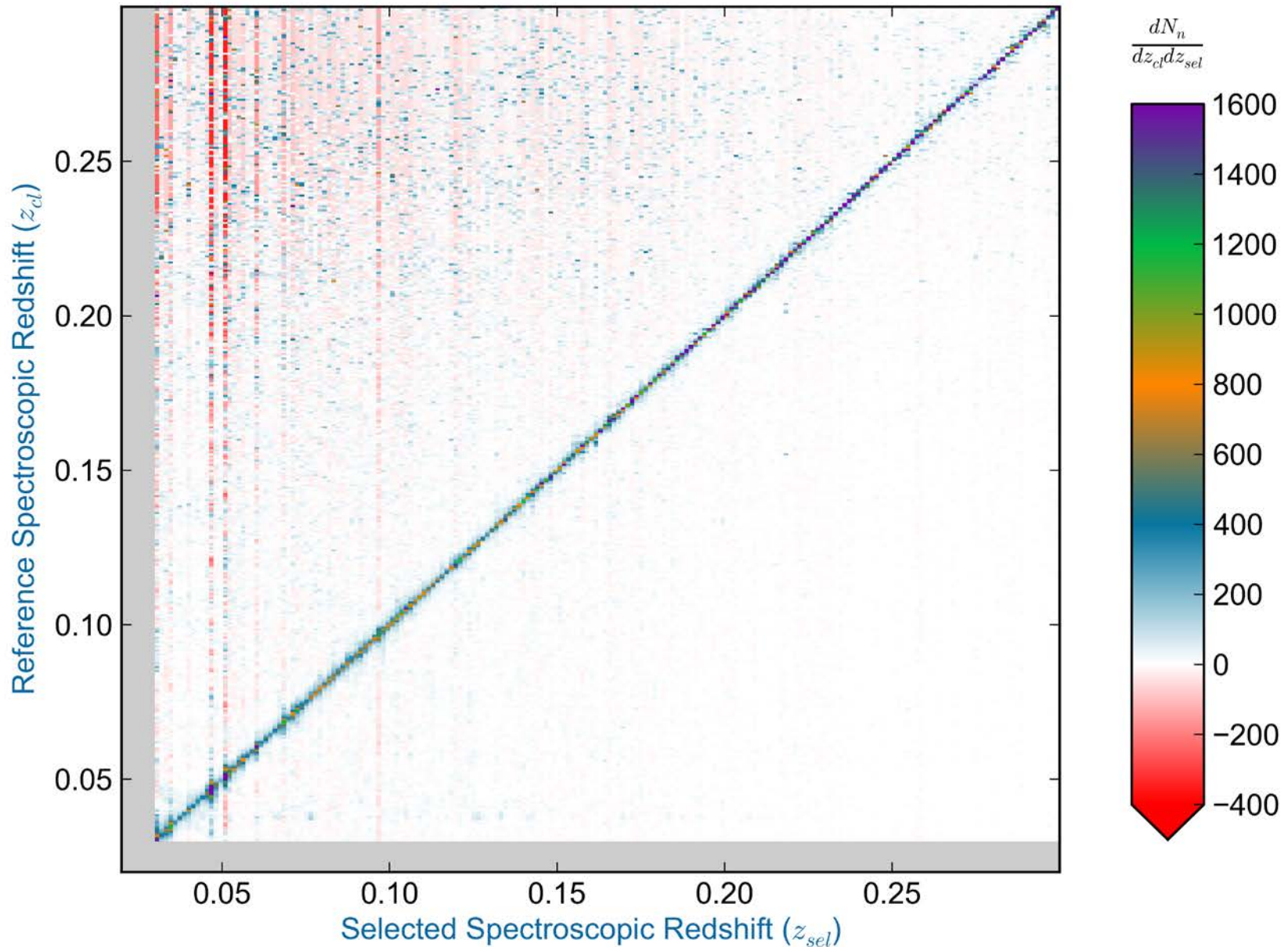
Using the SDSS Spectroscopic Galaxies:



Accuracies:  $\Delta z < 10^{-3}$

# How accurate are they?

Selecting based on spectroscopic redshift



# SDSS Photometric Redshifts

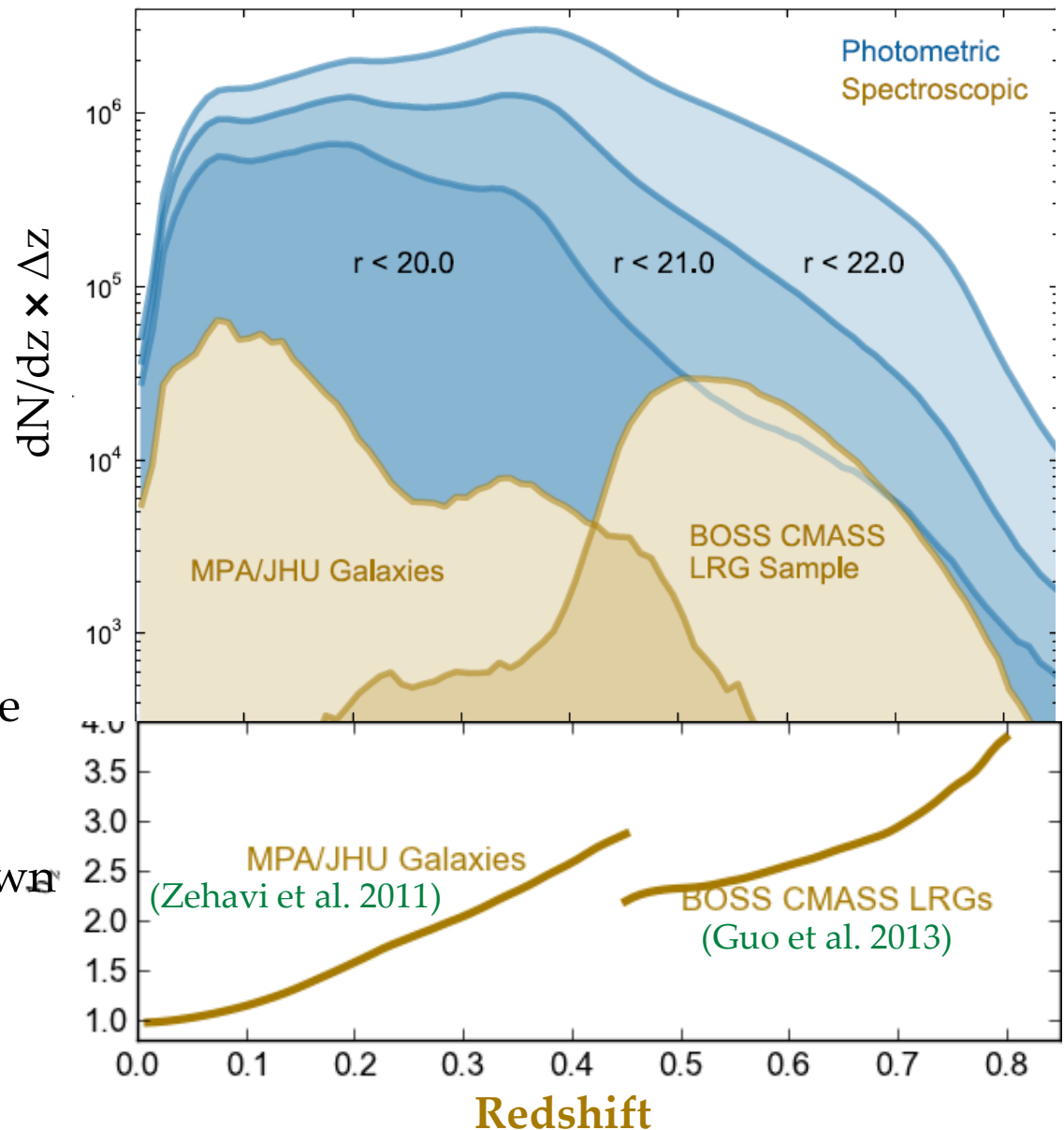
## UNKNOWN SAMPLE

SDSS Photometric  
Galaxies

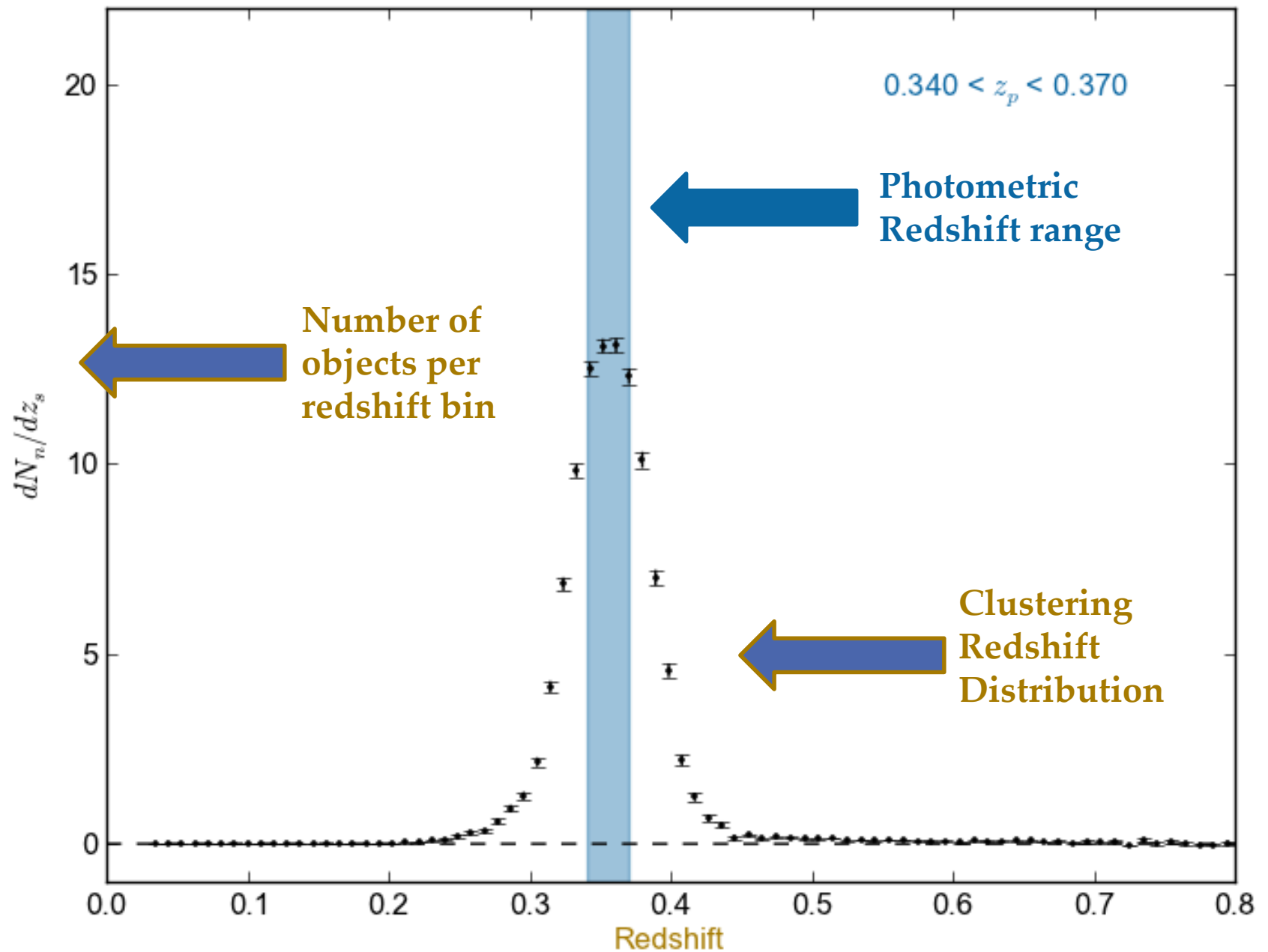
## REFERENCE SAMPLE

SDSS main spec sample  
& BOSS LRGs

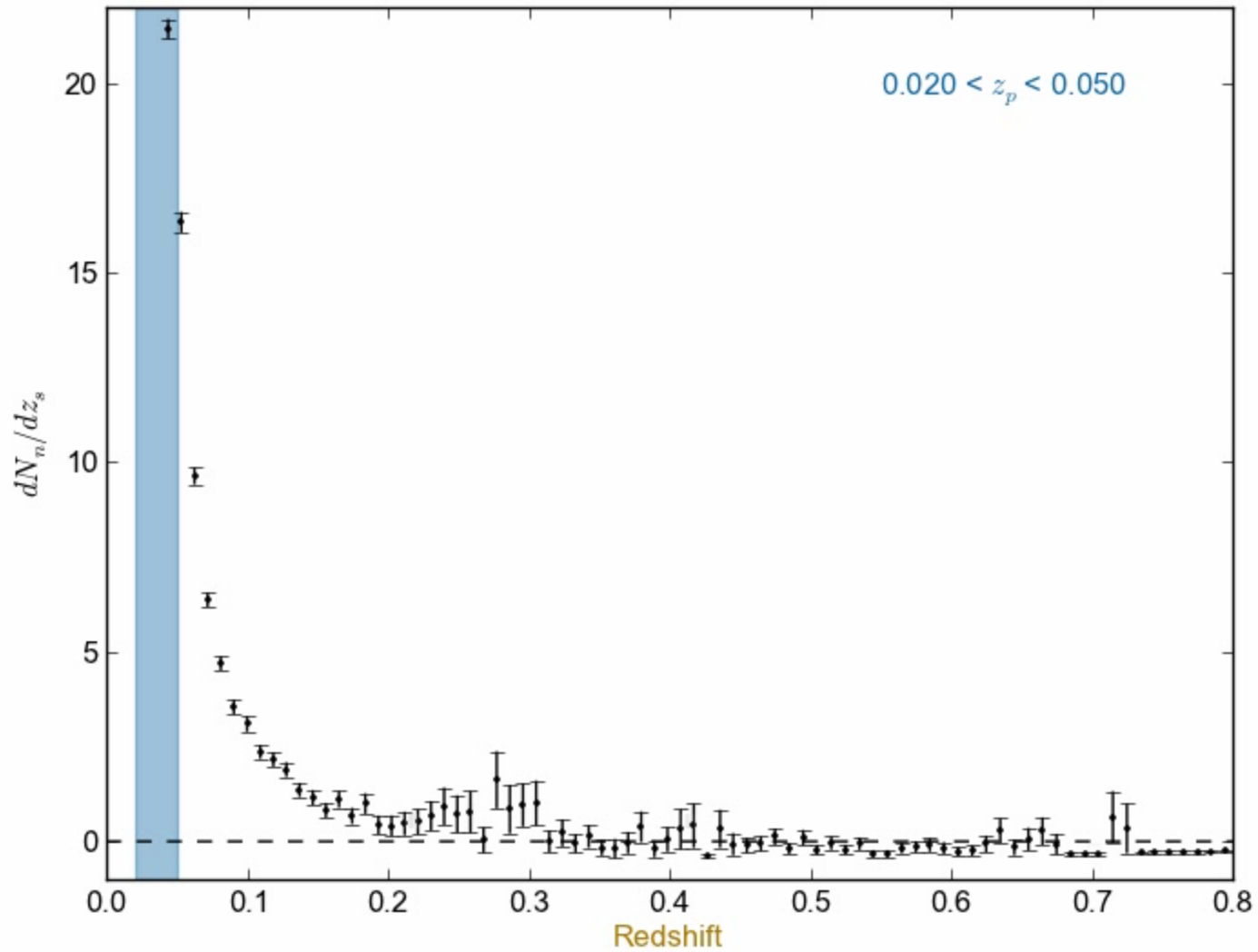
- The (spectroscopic) reference sample is much smaller and does not need to be representative of the unknown galaxies



# Clustering redshift distribution

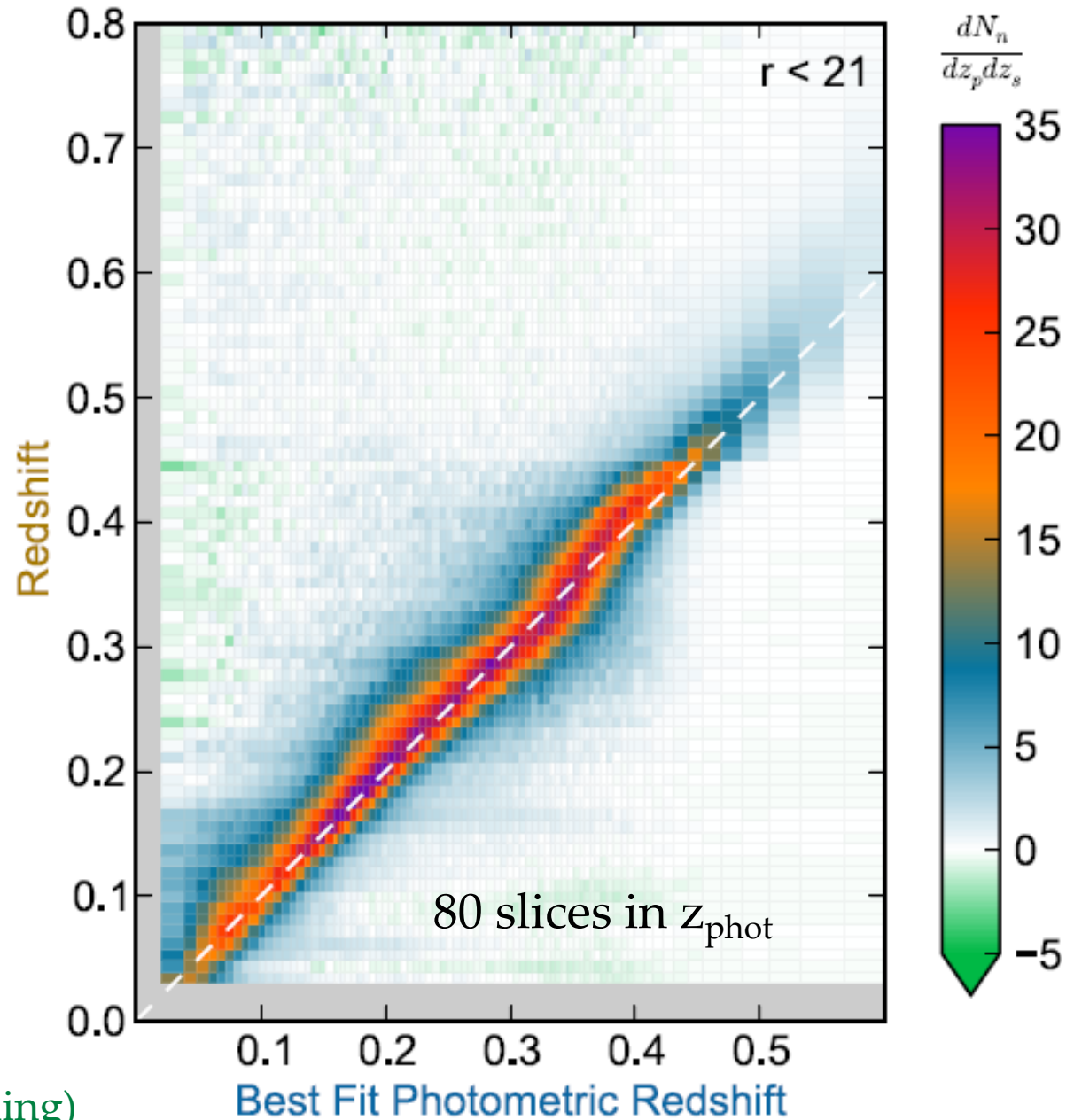


# Clustering redshift distribution

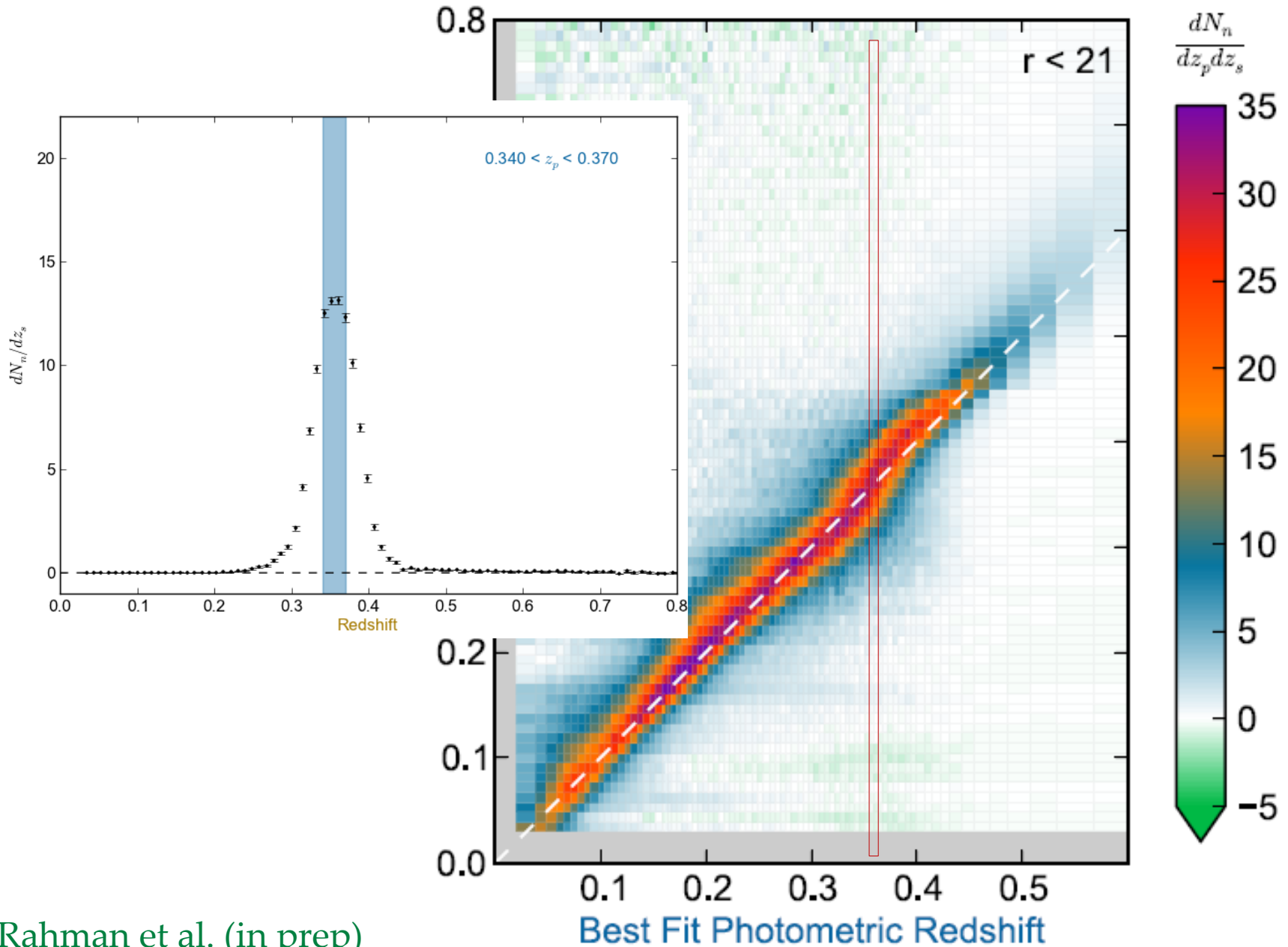


# Density map of clustering-z distribution

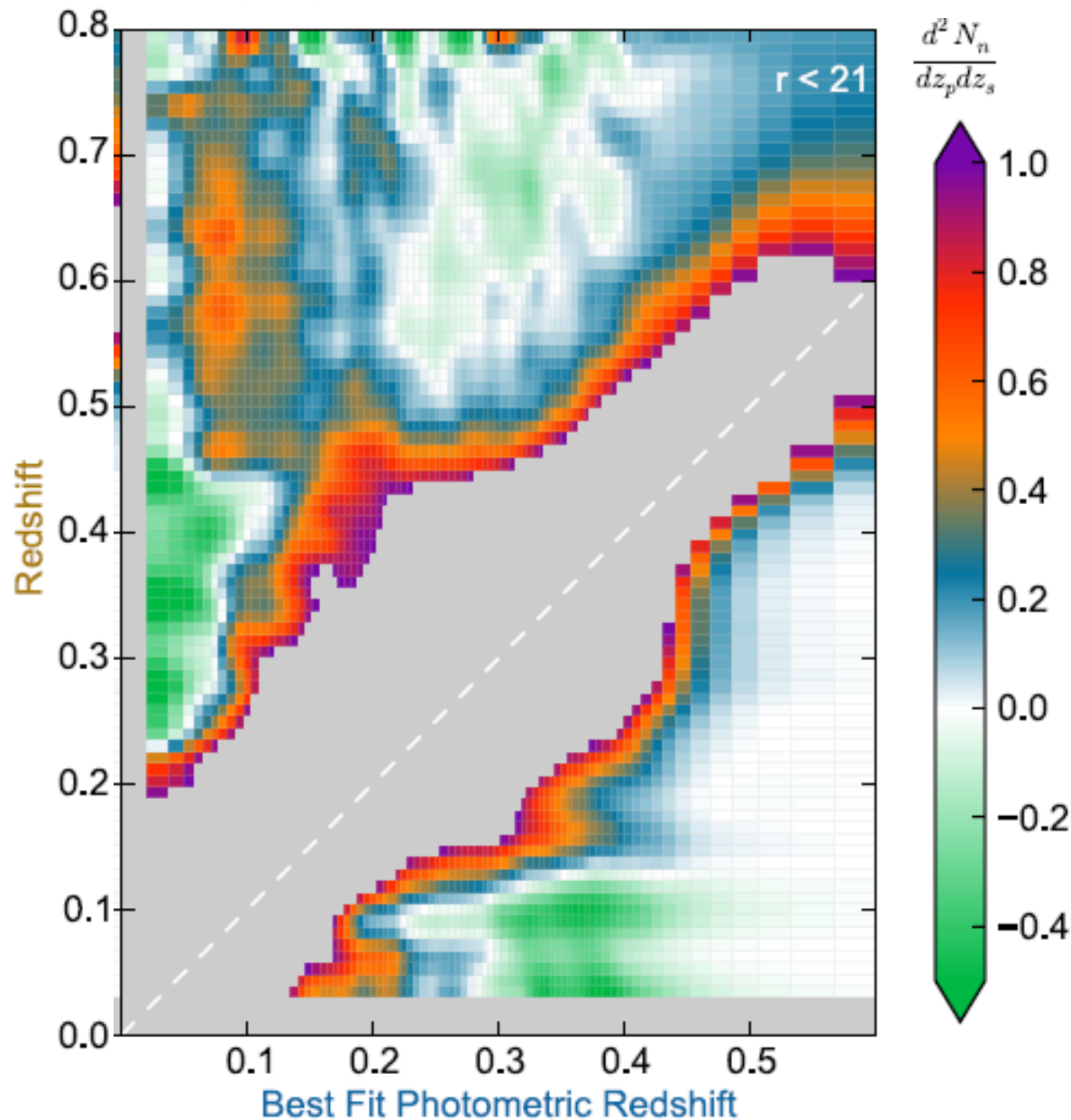
80 slices in  $z$   
( $\Delta z \sim 10^{-2}$ )



# Density map of clustering-z distribution

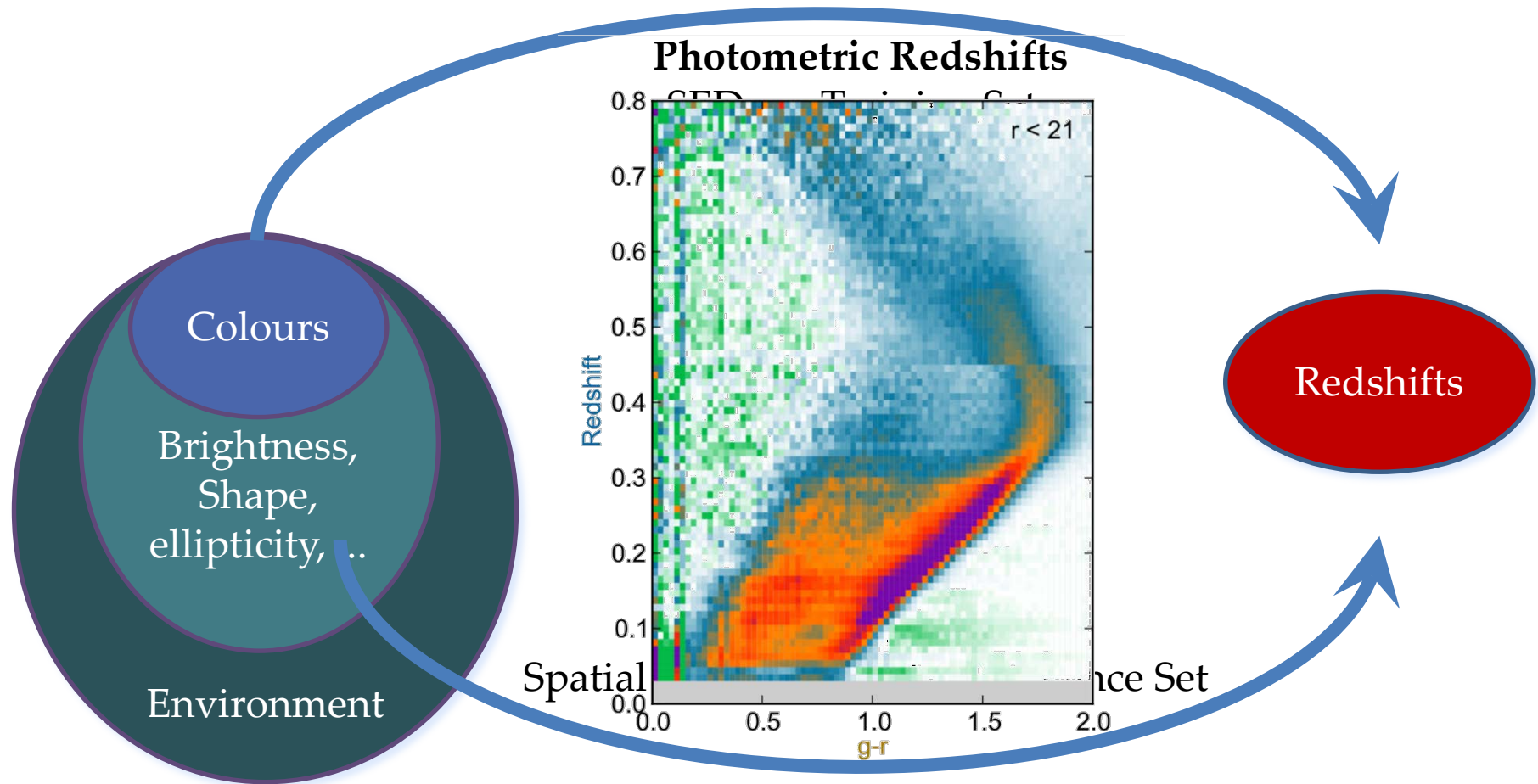


# Density map of clustering-z distribution



Low-level Features  
Features smoothed to  
improve SNR





- multidimensional sampling/selection

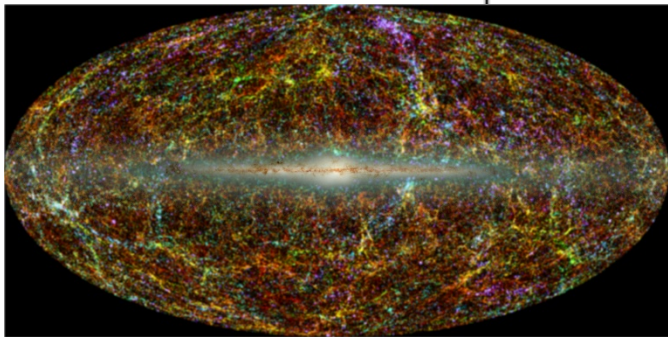
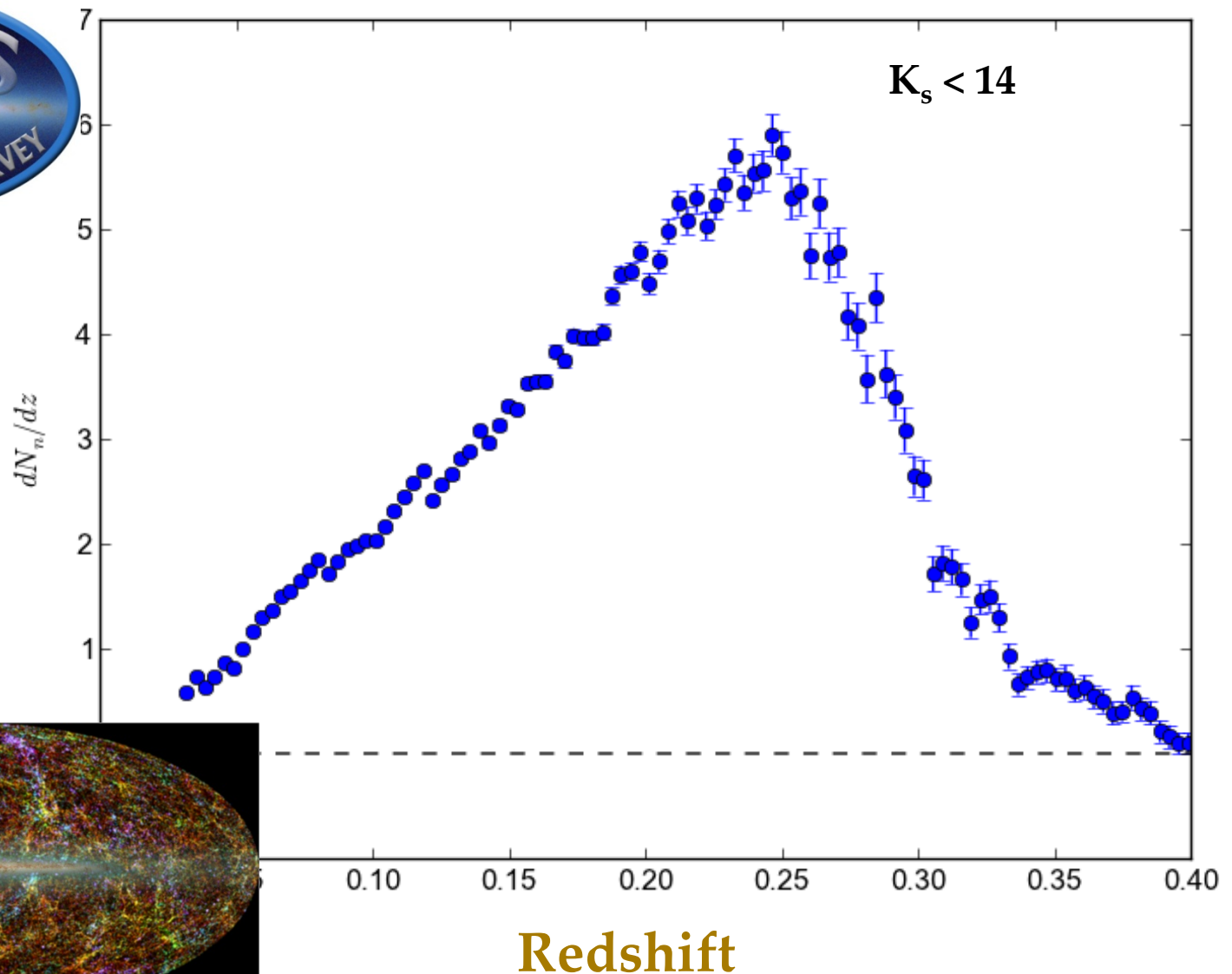
This will be done without any reference to photo-zs

This can be used to infer the redshift pdf of one galaxy

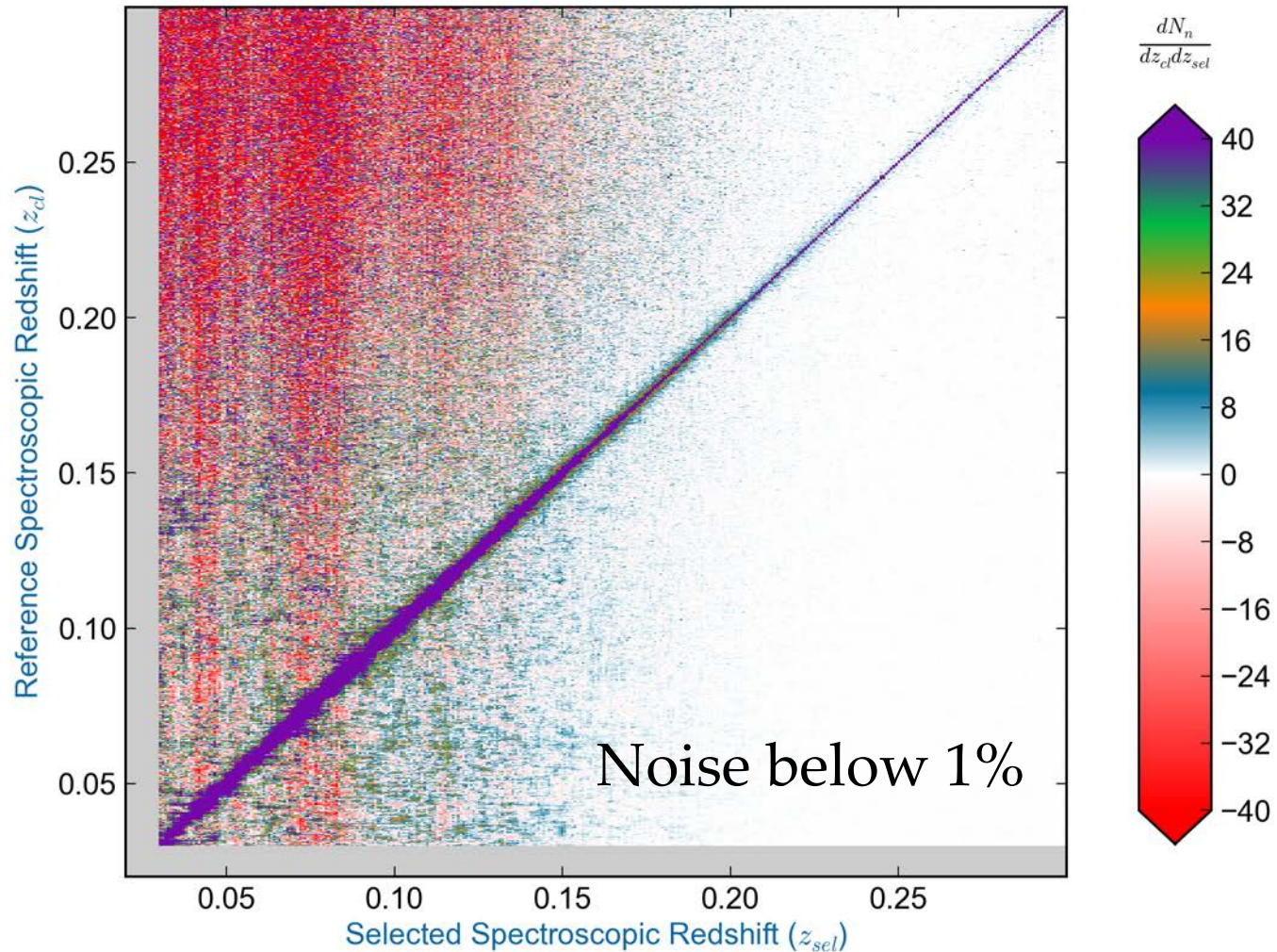
# 2MASS Clustering Redshift Distribution



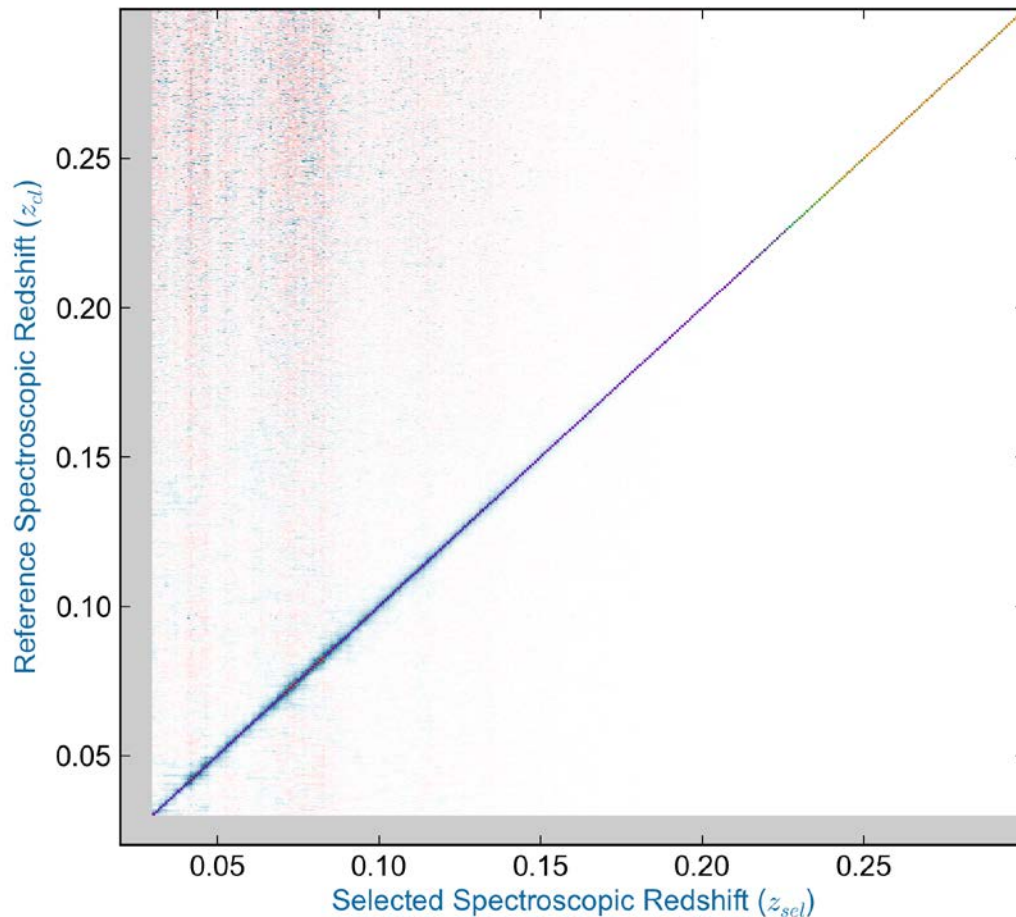
Three NIR  
Filters: 1.2 – 2.4  
microns



# Cleaning Reference Samples



# Summary



- New method to deproject sources onto the third dimension
- Requires no a priori knowledge of the source itself
- Redshift accuracy is  $\Delta z < 10^{-3}$
- Can be applied to various datasets where distances have been unknown (Radio, High energy)

We are developing the tools and techniques to bring this method to precision cosmology accuracies!