

Dark Matter Searches at CMS

June 11-13, 2014

Brookhaven National Laboratory

<http://bnl.gov/di2014/>

Jordan Damgov

Texas Tech University

On behalf of the CMS Collaboration

Dark Matter

❖ There is strong astrophysical evidence for the existence of dark matter

➤ Evidence from bullet cluster, gravitational lensing, rotation curves

❖ Direct detection experiments

➤ Aim to observe recoil of dark matter off nucleus

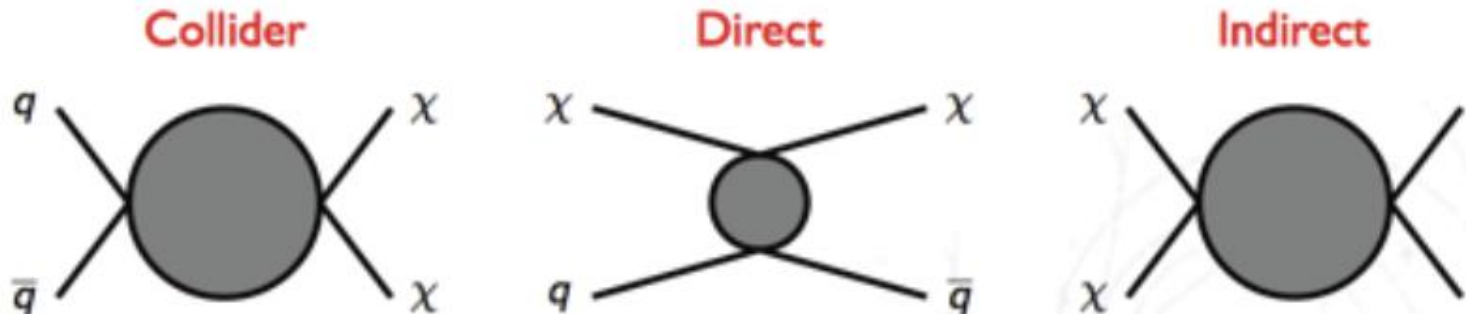
➤ Excesses observed by several experiments

➤ Need for independent verification from non-astrophysical experiments

✓ Low mass region not accessible to direct detection experiments

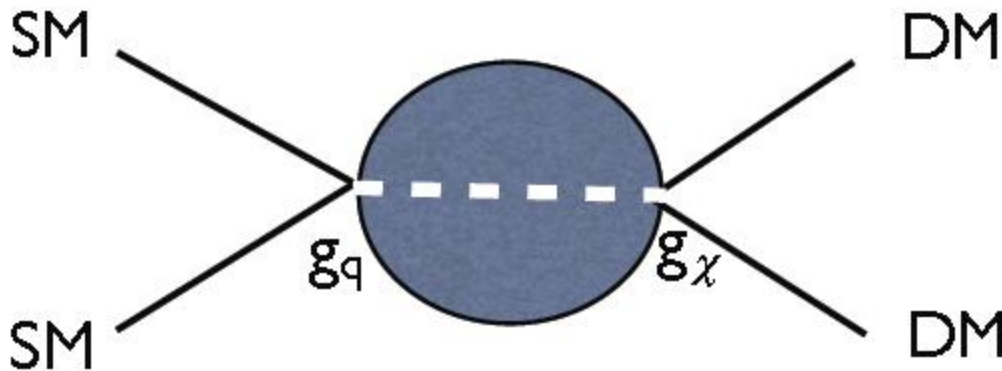
✓ Limited by threshold effects, energy scale, backgrounds; less sensitive to spin-dependent couplings

Colliders provide alternative, complementary way to search for dark matter



Production of Dark Matter at colliders

- In framework of effective theory, assume DM(χ) is a Dirac fermion and interaction is characterized by *contact interaction*
 - Set mass of mediator (M) to very high value



✓ heavy mediator can be integrated out

$$\Lambda = M / \sqrt{g_\chi g_q}$$

❖ Consider two possibilities:

- Vector mediator:
 - Spin dependent
- Axial-Vector mediator:
 - Spin independent

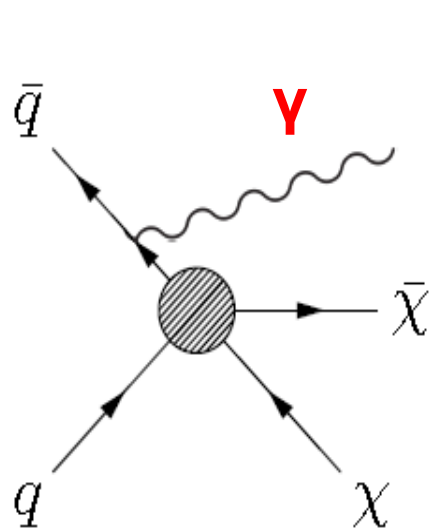
Effective operators

$$\mathcal{O}_V = \frac{(\bar{\chi}\gamma_\mu\chi)(\bar{q}\gamma^\mu q)}{\Lambda^2}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{AV} = \frac{(\bar{\chi}\gamma_\mu\gamma_5\chi)(\bar{q}\gamma^\mu\gamma_5q)}{\Lambda^2}$$

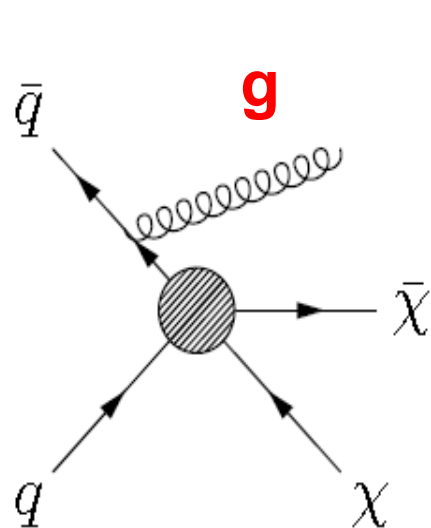
Production of Dark Matter at colliders

- Dark Matter production results in missing transverse energy (MET)
- DM is made experimentally visible through radiation of jet/photon/W/Z/etc.
 - *Signature mono-X + MET*



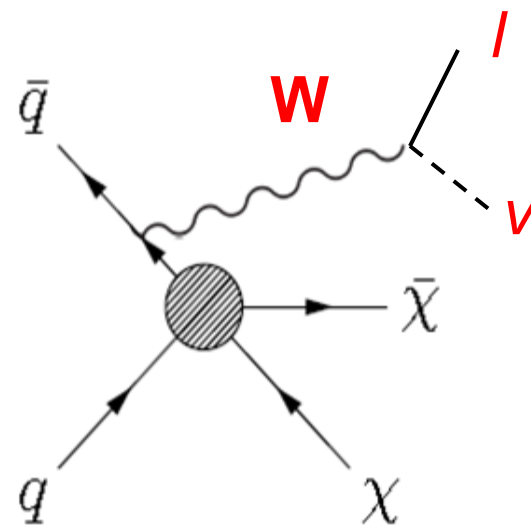
Monophoton + MET

[CMS-PAS-EXO-12-047](#)



Monojet + MET

[CMS-PAS-EXO-12-048](#)



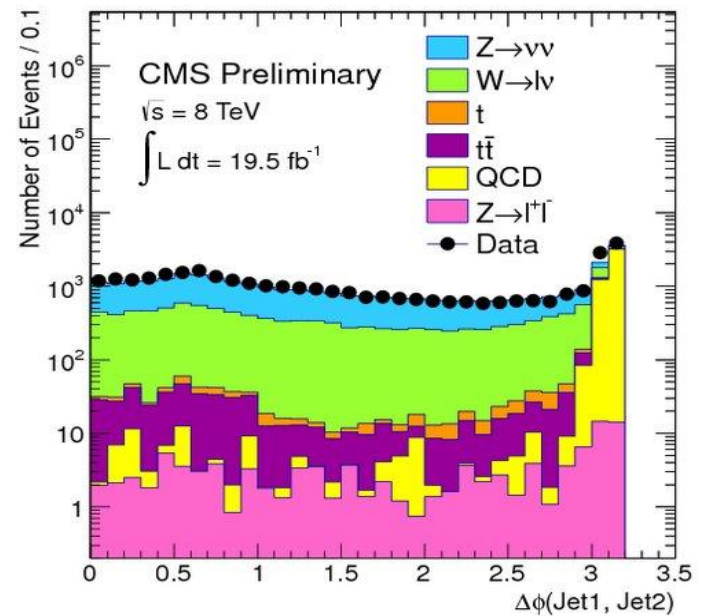
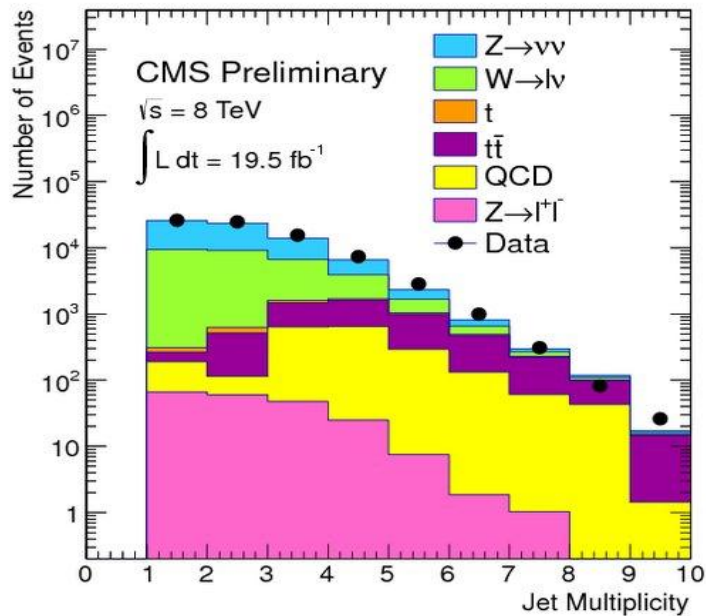
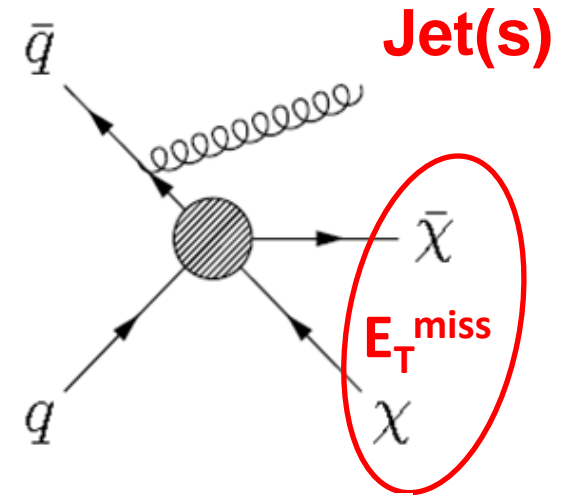
Monolepton + MET

[CMS-PAS-EXO-13-004](#)

Monojet- Search Details

Event selection

- ✓ Selection based on the jets constituent – removes instrumental background
- ✓ Large missing transverse energy: $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 250 \text{ GeV}/c$
- ✓ Energetic jet: $p_T > 110 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 2.4$
- ✓ Allow one additional jet, $p_T > 30$
- ✓ $\Delta\phi(j1, j2) < 2.5$ – suppresses QCD background
- ✓ lepton veto(e, μ , τ) – suppresses EWK background



Monojet- Background estimate

- ❖ Dominant backgrounds are **Z(vv)+jets** (~70%) and the **W(lv)+jets**(~30%)
 - ✓ Z(vv)+jets is irreducible background
- ❖ Data-driven estimates with Z(μμ)+jets and W(μν)+jets
 - ✓ Other backgrounds have negligible contribution(1%) and are taken from MC

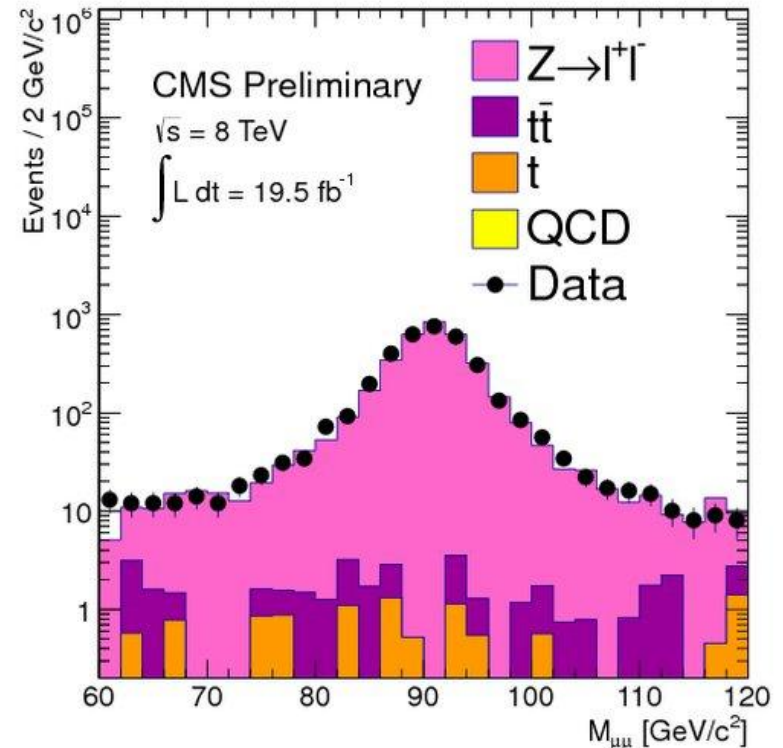
➤ Z(vv)+jets estimates with Z(μμ)+jets

$$N(Z(v\nu)) = \frac{N^{\text{obs}} - N^{\text{bgd}}}{A \times \epsilon} \cdot R \left(\frac{Z(v\nu)}{Z(\mu\mu)} \right)$$

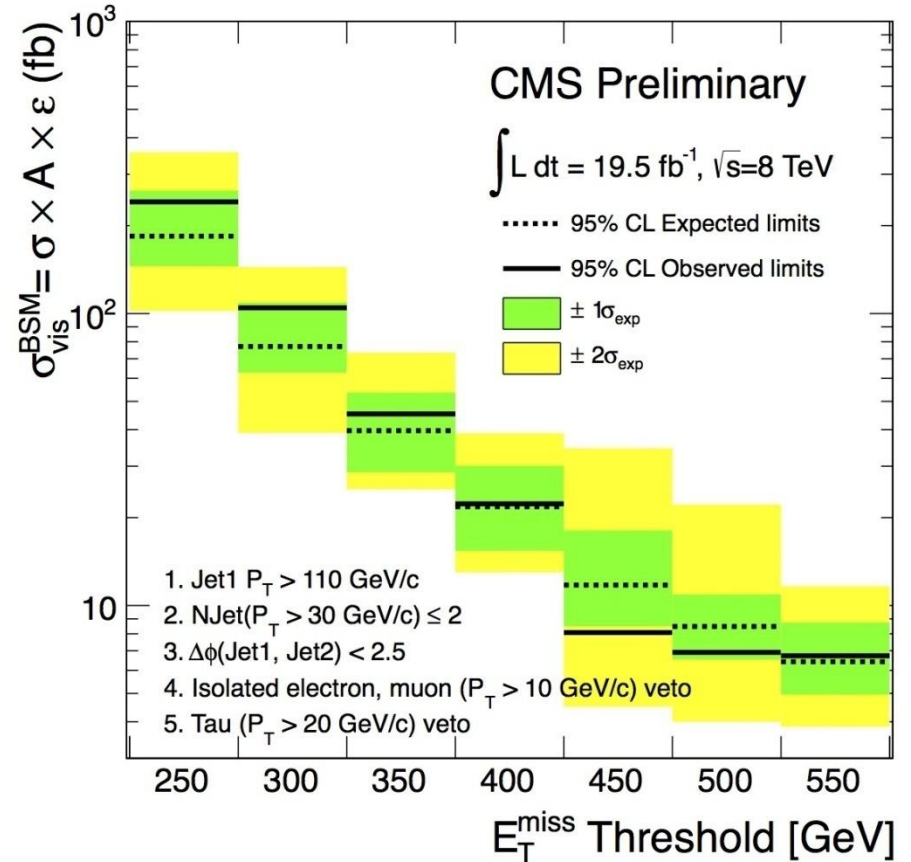
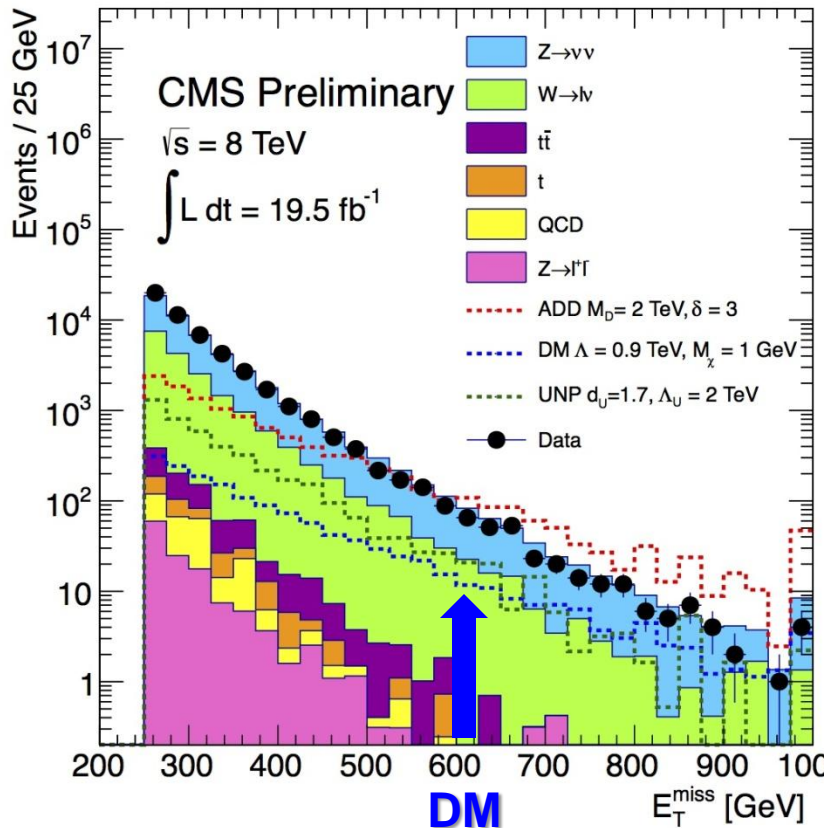
$R \left(\frac{Z(v\nu)}{Z(\mu\mu)} \right)$ -Ratio of branching fractions

Systematic uncertainty on the Z(vv)+jets normalization is 5%(15%) for $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} > 250\text{GeV}/c$ (550 GeV/c)

➤ W(lv)+jets estimates with W(μν)+jets



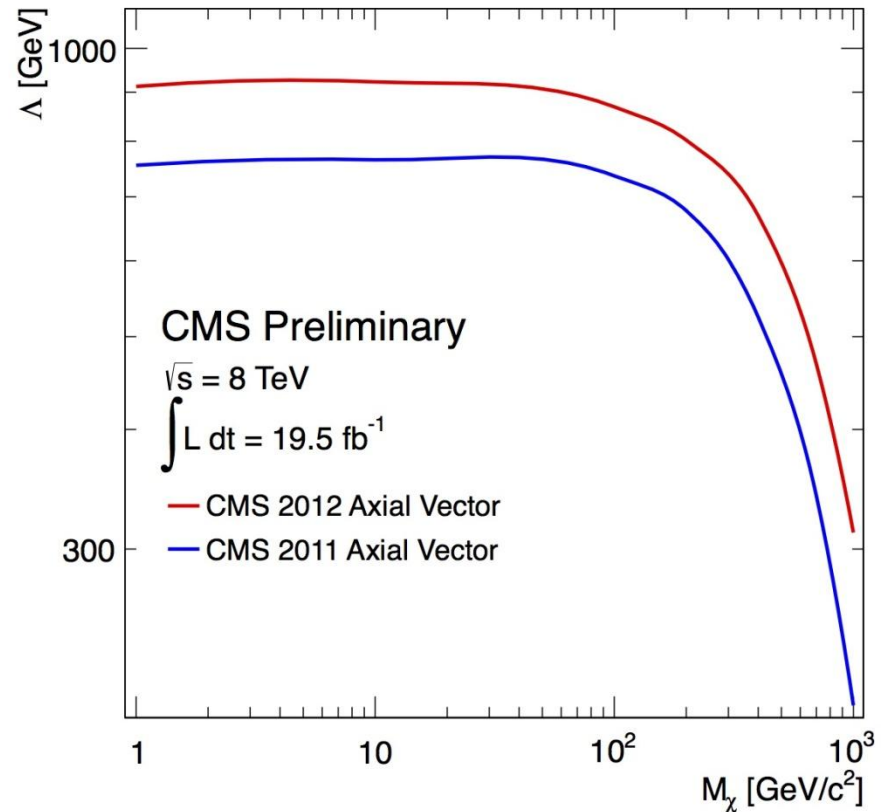
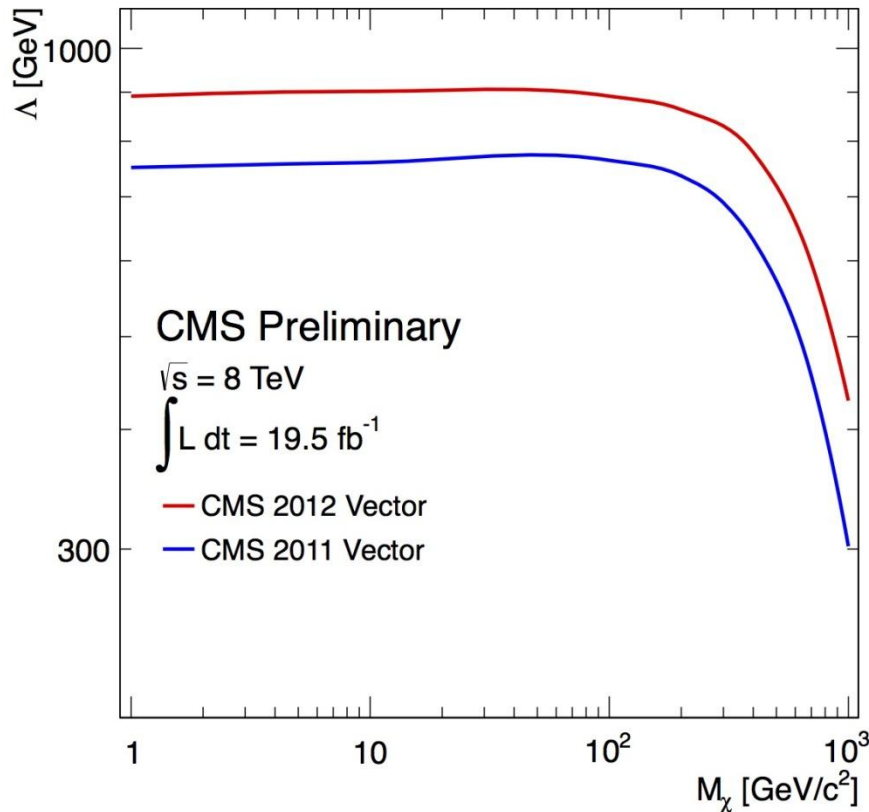
Monojet- Results and interpretation



➤ SM rate in the monojet channel
 – E_t^{miss}

➤ Model independent upper cross section limit for BSM. Optimal threshold for DM search is $E_t^{\text{miss}} > 400 \text{ GeV}$

Monojet- Results and interpretation (cont.)



Limits (90% CL) on effective contact interaction scale Λ as a function of DM mass M_χ can be translated into **DM – nucleon** cross section limits

$$\sigma_{SI} = 9 \frac{\mu^2}{\pi \Lambda^4}$$

Vector

$$\sigma_{SD} = 0.33 \frac{\mu^2}{\pi \Lambda^4}$$

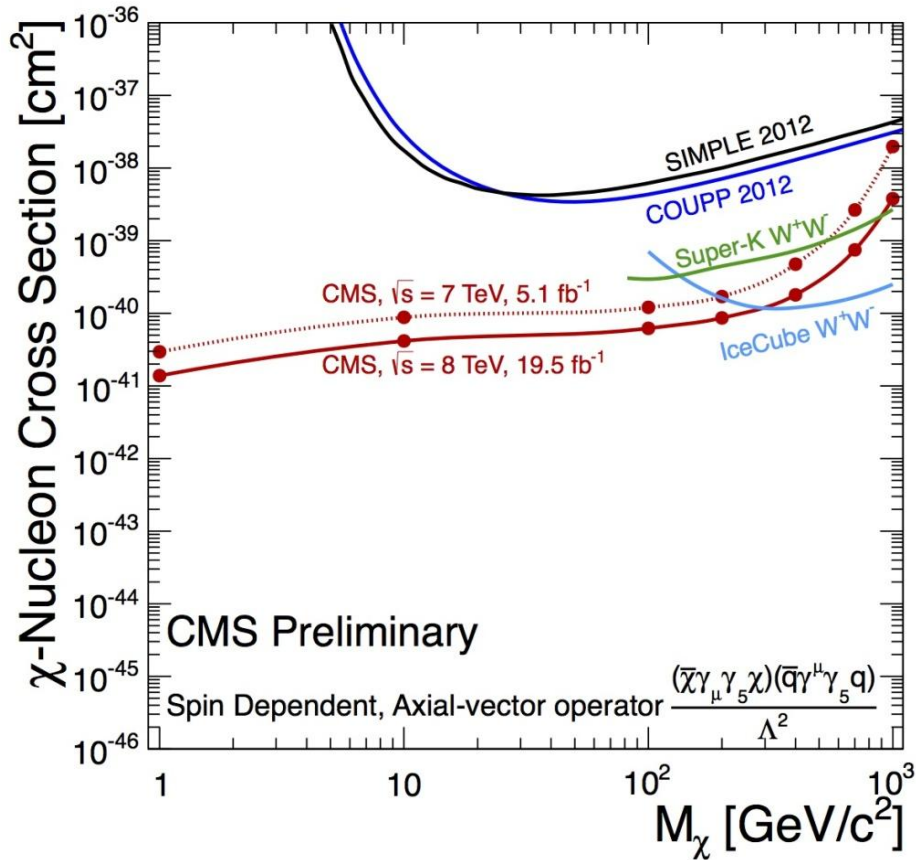
Axial-Vector

$$\text{where } \mu = \frac{m_\chi m_p}{m_\chi + m_p}$$

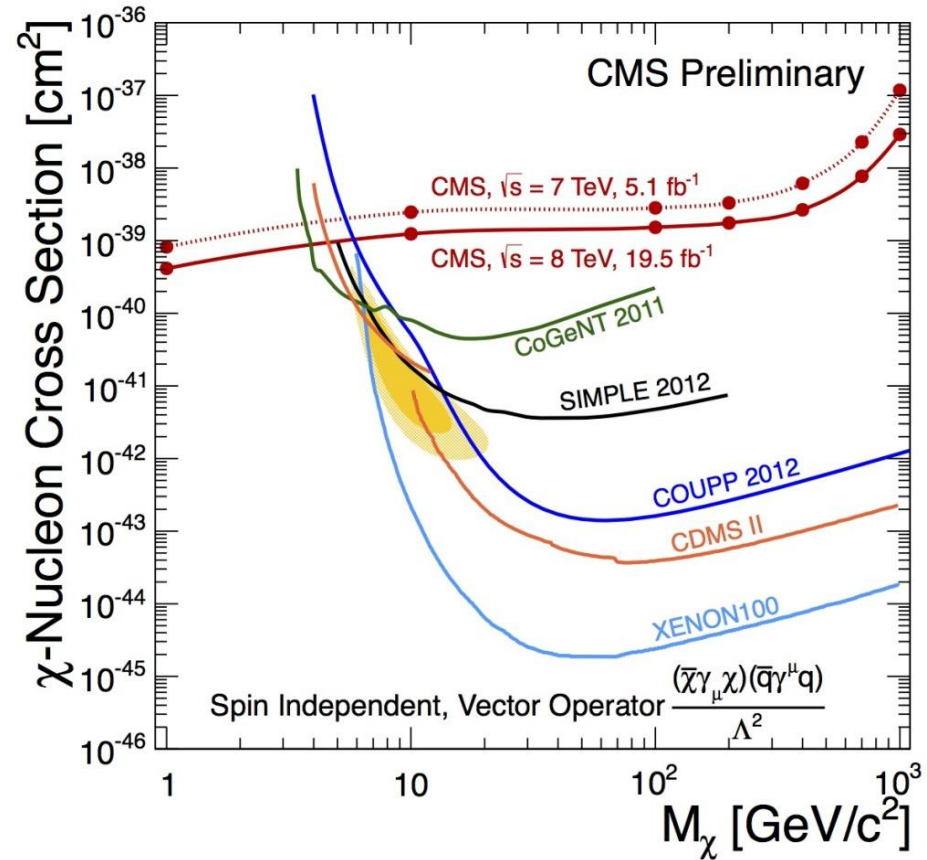
Bai, Fox and Harnik,
 JHEP 1012:048 (2010)

μ = reduced mass of
 the nucleon (p or n)
 system

Monojet- DM-Nucleon Limits

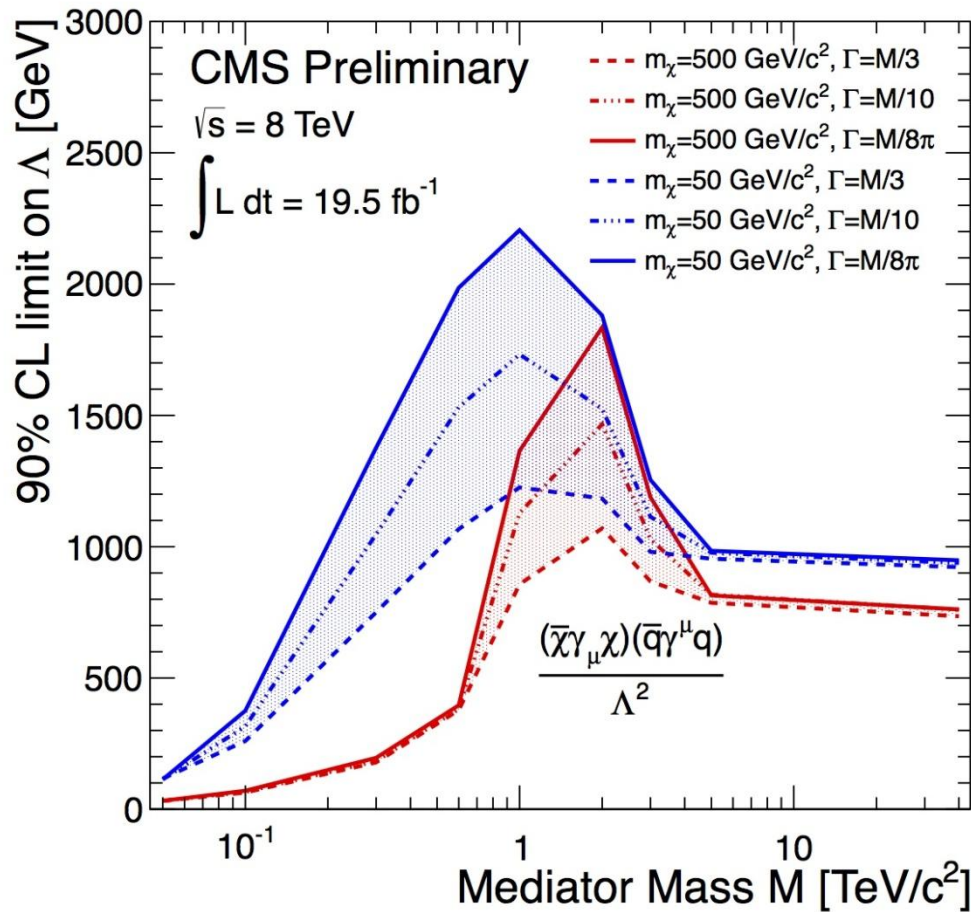


Exclude large cross sections for spin-dependent case



LHC can access very low DM masses

Monojet- Light mediator limits



Considered the case in which the mediator is light enough to be accessible at LHC.

DM mass 50 and 500 GeV/c^2 .

The width(Γ) of mediator is also varied between $M/3$ and $M/8\pi$.

Resonant enhancement in the production cross section is observed once the mass of the mediator is within the kinematic range and can be produced on-shell.

At large mediator mass, the limits on Λ approximate to those obtained in the effective theory framework

Monophoton- Search Details

☐ Require a **photon** in the event :

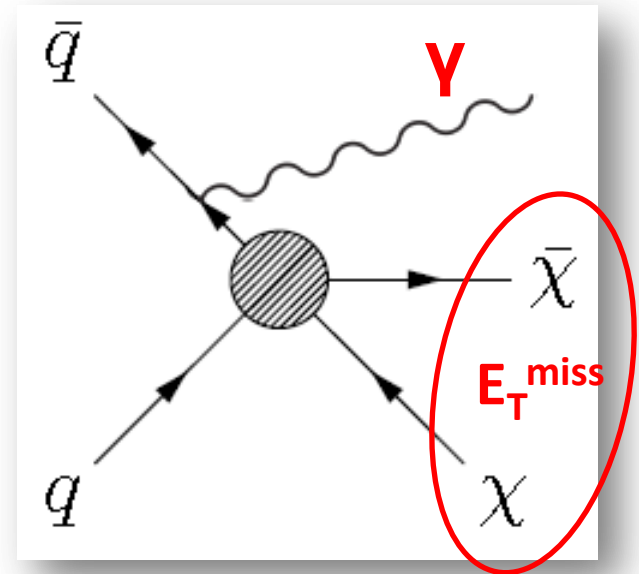
- ✓ High energy isolated photon: $E_T(\gamma) > 145 \text{ GeV}/c$
- ✓ In the central part of the detector: $|\eta| < 1.442$

☐ Large missing transverse energy

- ✓ $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 140 \text{ GeV}$
- ✓ $\Delta\phi(E_t^{\text{miss}}, \gamma) > 2.0$
- ✓ Additional requirements on E_T^{miss} significance reduces the contribution from events with fake E_T^{miss}

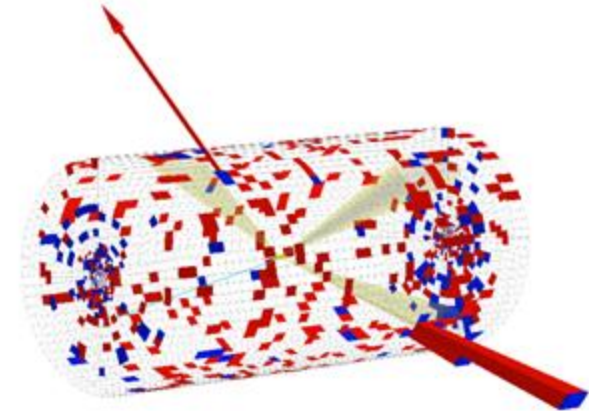
☐ Remove events with excessive additional activity

- ✓ No more than one jet with $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}/c$
- ✓ No leptons with $p_T > 10 \text{ GeV}/c$



Monophoton - Backgrounds

❖ *Backgrounds estimated from data-driven(DD) techniques and MC*



❑ Non-collision backgrounds

1. *Beam Halo Muon Induced Showers - Mostly removed. Residual estimated.*
2. *Cosmic Muon Induced Showers - Identified and removed*
3. *Neutron Induced Spurious Signals ("Spikes") - Identified and removed*

CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN
Data recorded: Sat Nov 17 17:23:56 2012 IST
Run/Event: 207454 / 1095163126
Lumi section: 771

❑ Backgrounds from *pp collisions*

55% $Z \gamma \rightarrow \nu \nu \gamma$

irreducible background (MC, NLO)

10% $W \rightarrow e \nu$

electron mis-identified as photon (*DD*)

7% jets \rightarrow " γ " + MET

one jet mimics photon, E_T^{miss} from jet mis-measurement (*DD*)

γ + **jet**

E_T^{miss} from jet mis-measurement (*MC*)

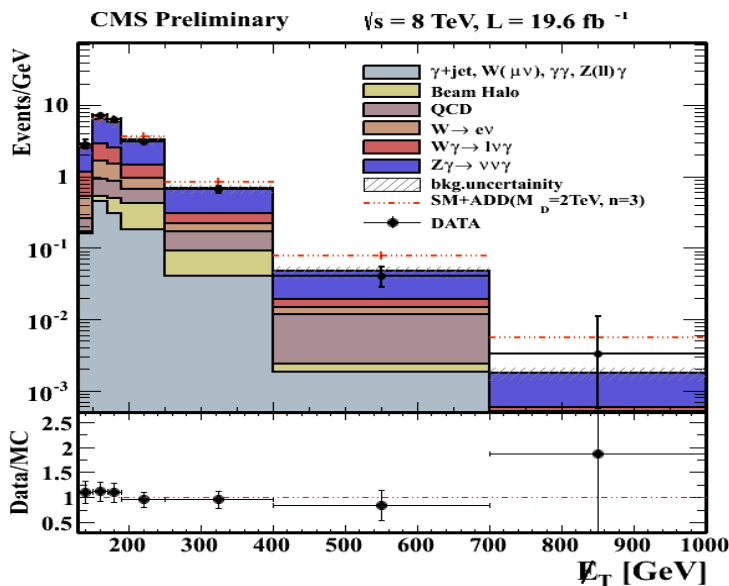
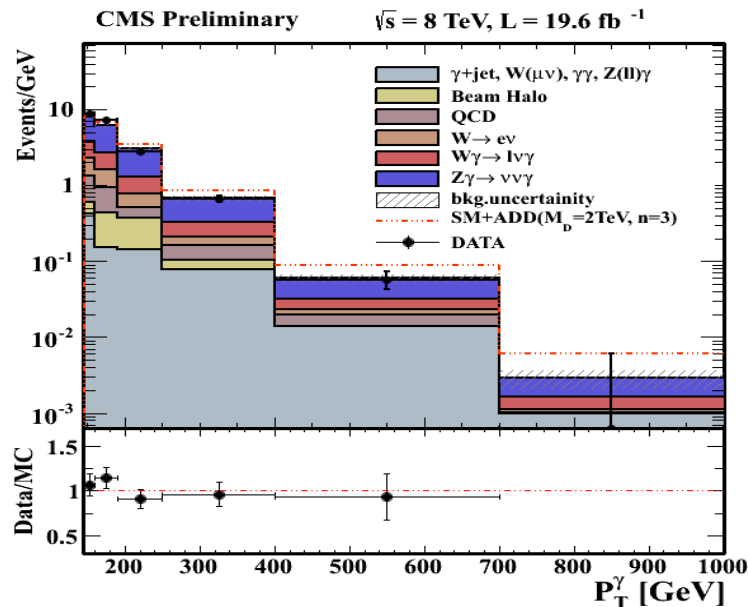
17% $W \gamma \rightarrow l \nu \gamma$

charged lepton escapes detection(*MC*)

$\gamma \gamma$

one photon is mis-measured - gives MET(*MC*)

Monophoton – Search Results

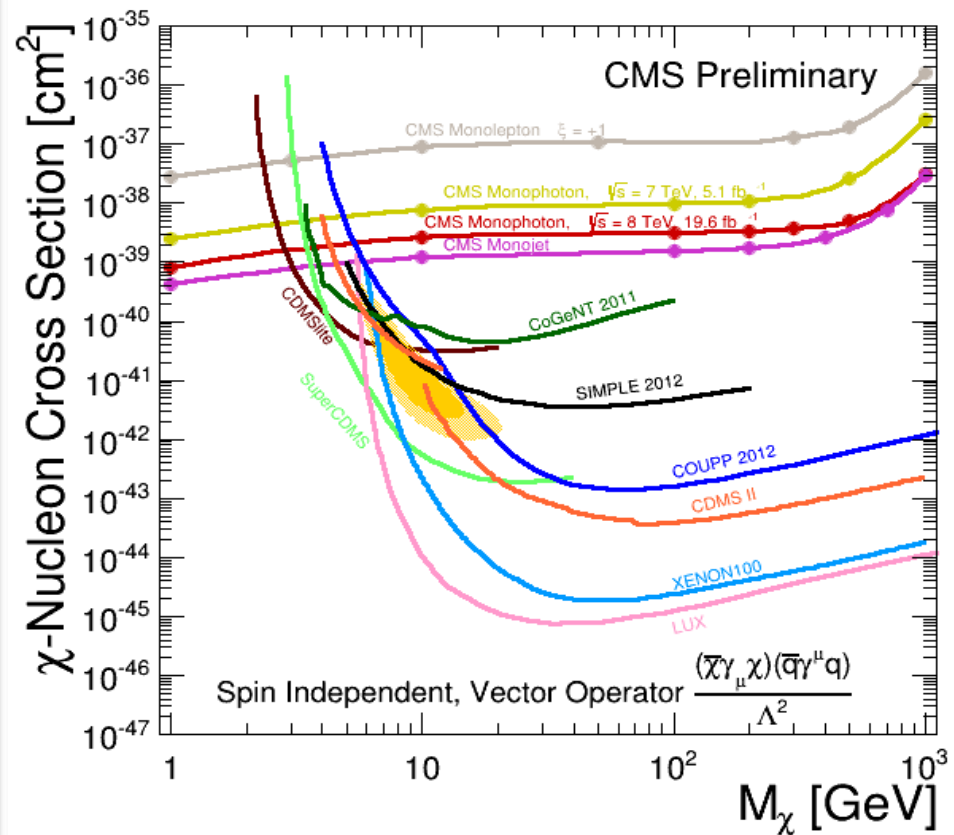
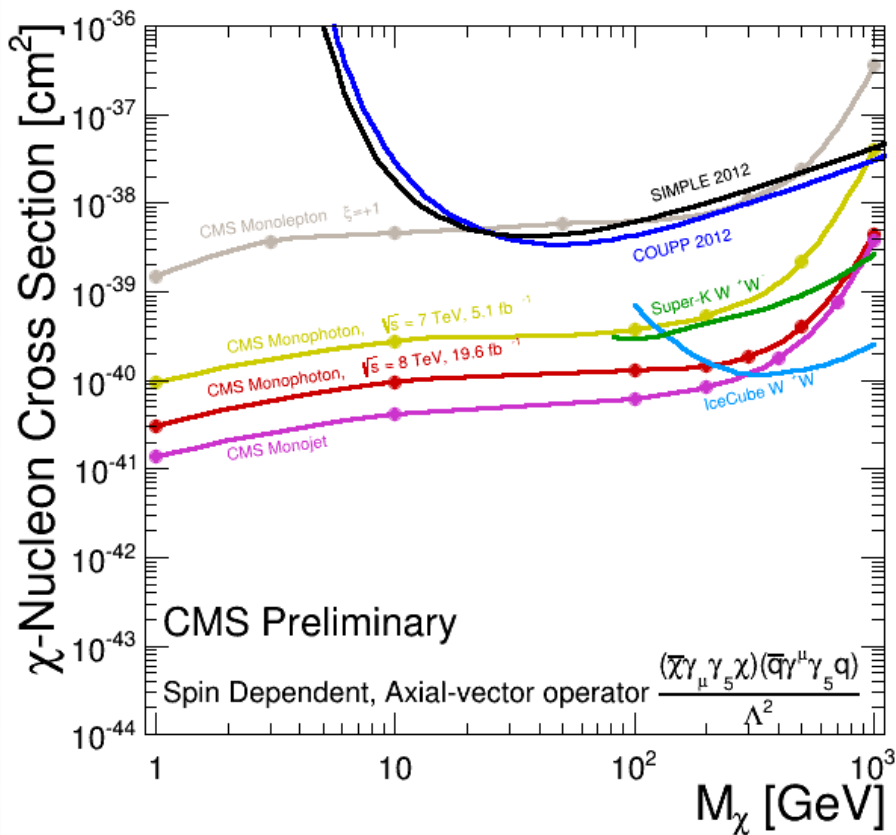


Process	Estimate
$Z(\rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}) + \gamma$	344.8 ± 42.5
$W(\rightarrow l\nu) + \gamma$	102.5 ± 20.6
$W \rightarrow e\nu$	59.5 ± 5.5
jet $\rightarrow \gamma$ fakes	45.4 ± 13.9
Beam halo	24.7 ± 6.2
Others	35.7 ± 3.1
Total background	612.6 ± 63.0
Data	630.0

Background processes describe the data well and no excess is observed.

Interpreted as a limit on DM production cross section

Monophoton- DM-Nucleon Limits



The sensitivity with 8 TeV data is significantly higher than the 7 TeV.

Monolepton- Search Details

Signature $W + E_t^{\text{miss}}$

high p_T electron + E_t^{miss}

high p_T muon + E_t^{miss}

Selection:

Energetic electron(muon) with $p_T > 100(45)$ GeV

Lepton ID optimized for high p_T leptons

Kinematic selection:

$$0.4 < p_T / E_t^{\text{miss}} < 1.5$$

$$\Delta\phi(l, E_t^{\text{miss}}) > 0.8\pi$$

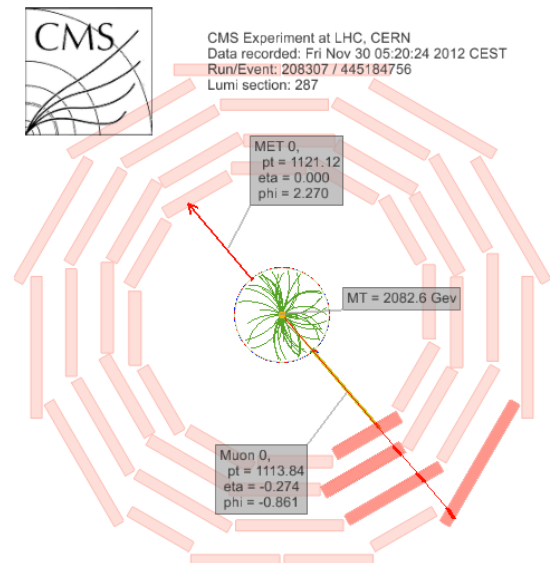
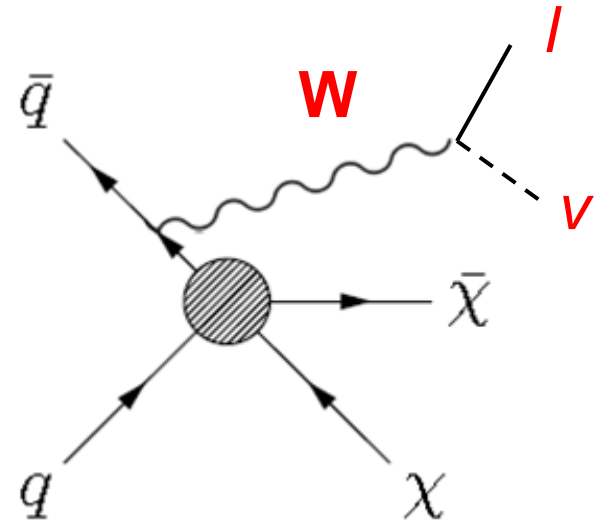
Background:

Derived from simulation

Challenge high M_T tail

Main background: $W \rightarrow l\nu$ with M_T binned k-factor

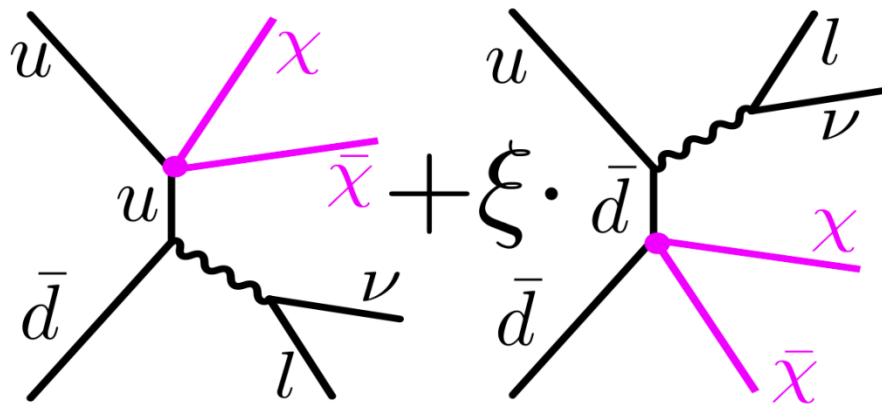
NLO cross sections



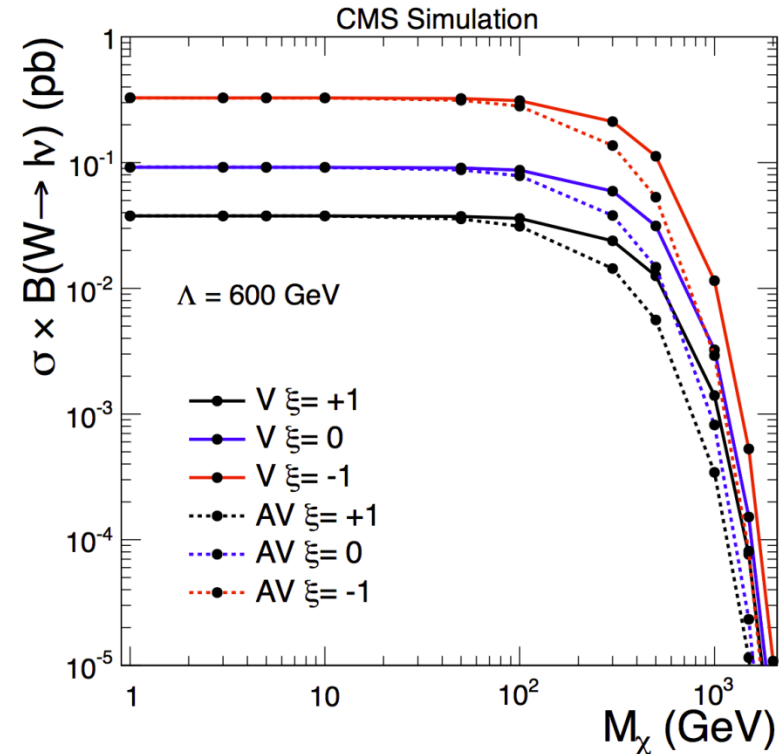
Monolepton- Interference

Relative coupling of DM to different quark flavors i is parameterized by ζ_i

if [$C(u) = C(d)$] : destructive interference
 if [$C(u) = -C(d)$] : constructive interference

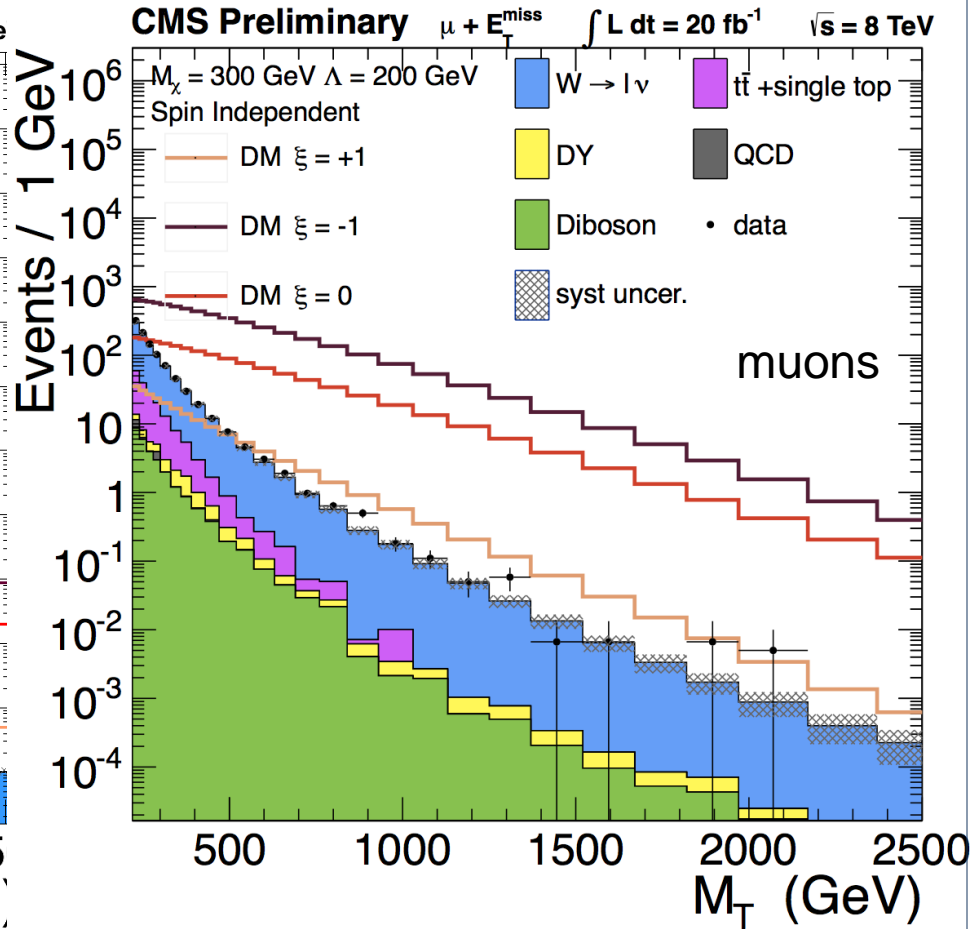
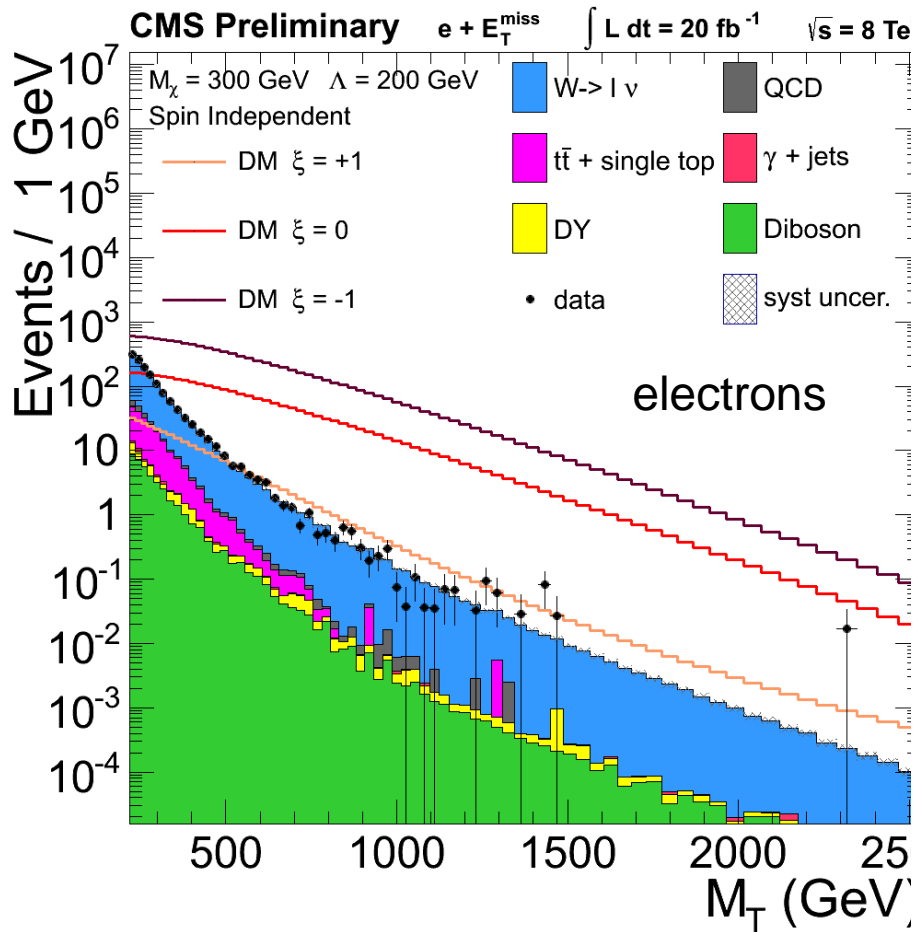


Considered cases: $\zeta = -1, 0, +1$



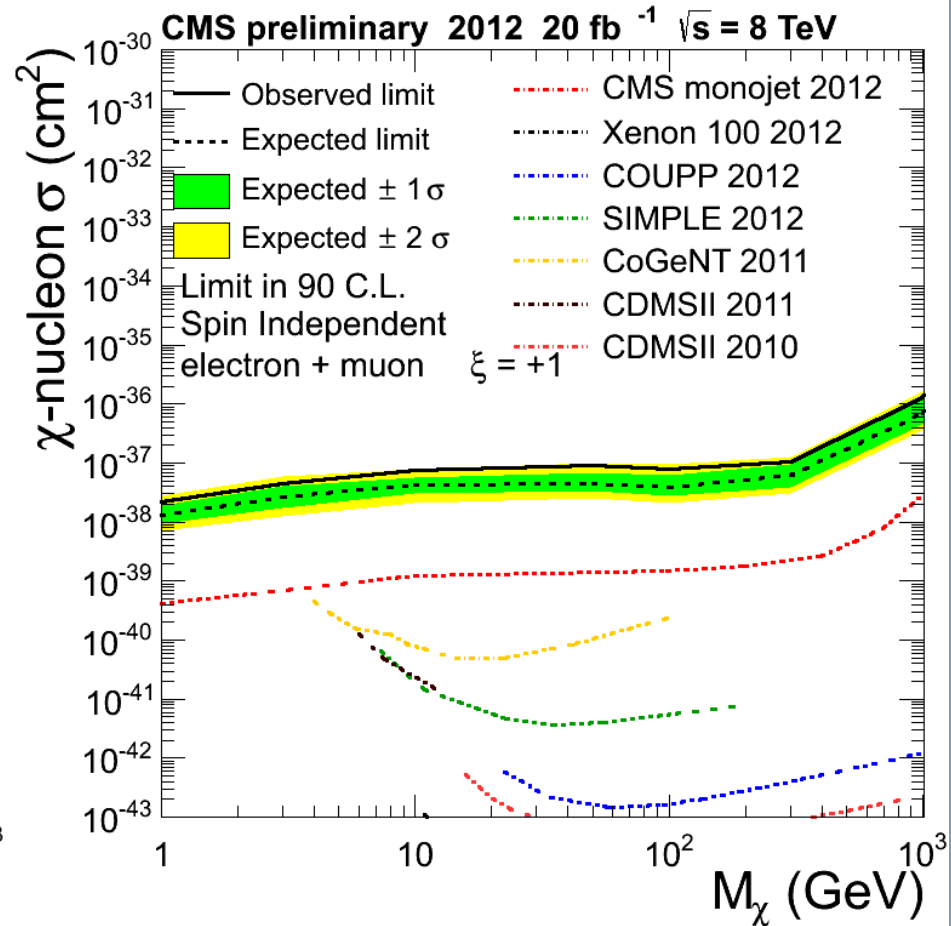
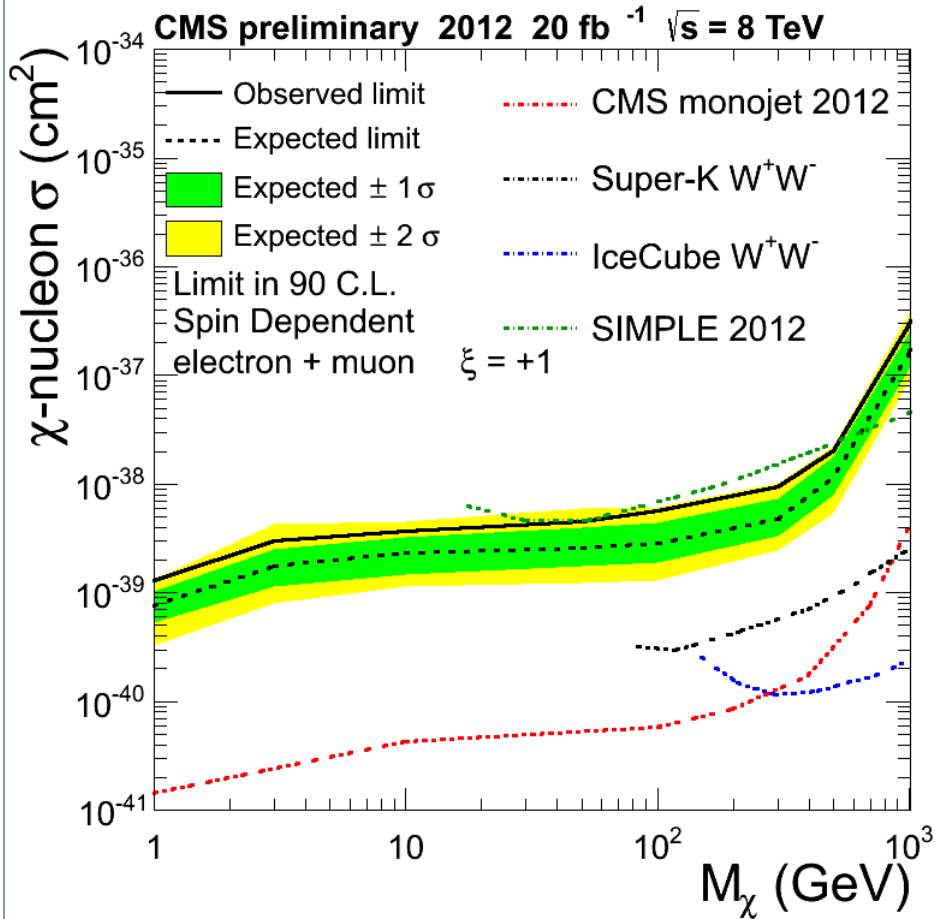
Largest cross section for $\zeta = -1$
 For $M_\chi \leq 70$ GeV same cross section for V and AV coupling of fixed ζ

Monolepton- SM and DM signal



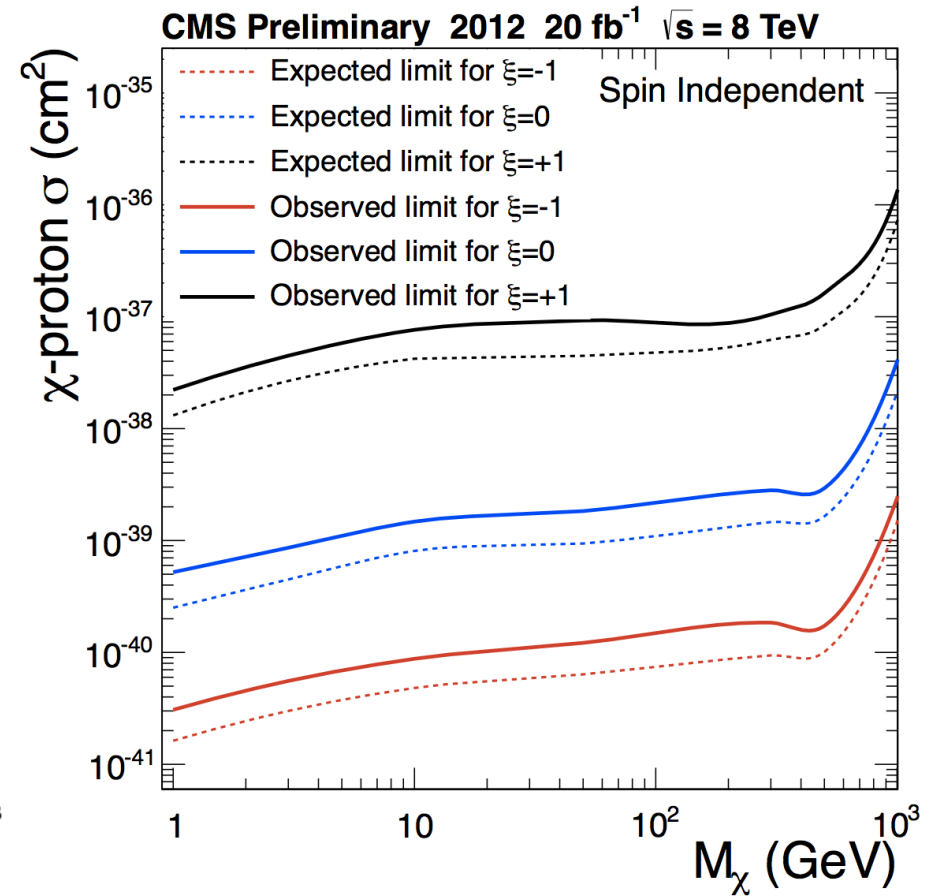
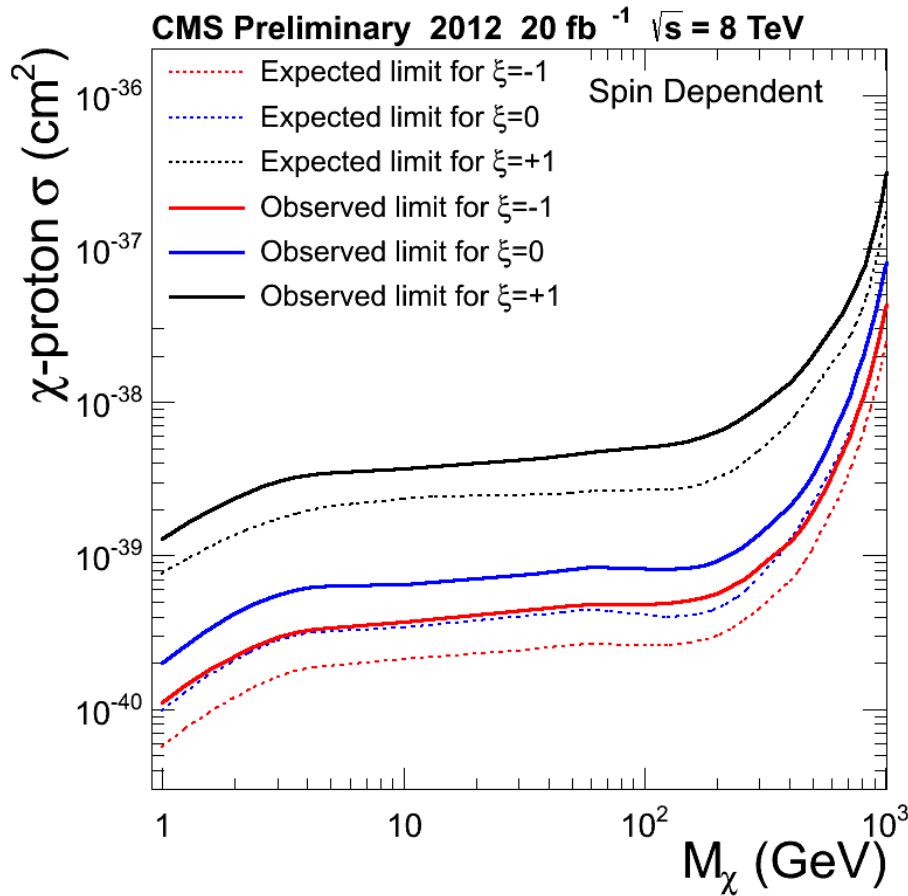
Observed event rate in the data agree with the predication by the SM.
Limits on DM production cross section are derived.

Monolepton- DM-Nucleon Limits



2012 result for $\xi = +1$ in comparison with monojet and few direct detection, 90% CL

Monolepton- DM-Nucleon Limits (cont)



Excluded nucleon-dark matter cross section for $\xi = +1, 0, -1$

Summary

- ❖ Presented searches for Dark Matter in monojet, monophoton and monolepton channels using 20 fb^{-1} of data at 8 TeV.
- ❖ Predictions for SM background consistent with observed data, *no excess is* found. Limits are set on Dark Matter production, resulting in a significant extension of previously excluded parameter space:
 - *For spin-independent models, are obtained limits for low mass DM, below 3 GeV, a region as yet unexplored by the direct-detection experiments.*
 - *For spin-dependent models, limits represent more stringent over entire 1-250 GeV mass, w.r.t. the direct-detection experiments.*

References:

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsEXO>

Thank you !

BACKUP

CMS detector

CMS Detector

Pixels
Tracker
ECAL
HCAL
Solenoid
Steel Yoke
Muons

SILICON TRACKER

Pixels ($100 \times 150 \mu\text{m}^2$)
~1m² ~66M channels

Microstrips ($80\text{-}180 \mu\text{m}$)
~200m² ~9.6M channels

CRYSTAL ELECTROMAGNETIC CALORIMETER (ECAL)

~78k scintillating PbWO₄ crystals

PRESHOWER

Silicon strips
~16m² ~137k channels

FORWARD CALORIMETER

Steel + quartz fibres
~2k channels

MUON CHAMBERS

Barrel: 250 Drift Tube & 480 Resistive Plate Chambers
Endcaps: 473 Cathode Strip & 432 Resistive Plate Chambers

HADRON CALORIMETER (HCAL)

Brass + plastic scintillator
~7k channels

SUPERCONDUCTING SOLENOID

Niobium-titanium coil
carrying ~18000 A

STEEL RETURN YOKE

~13000 tonnes

Total weight : 14000 tonnes
Overall diameter : 15.0 m
Overall length : 28.7 m
Magnetic field : 3.8 T

Monojet- DM-Nucleon Limits-Scalar operator

