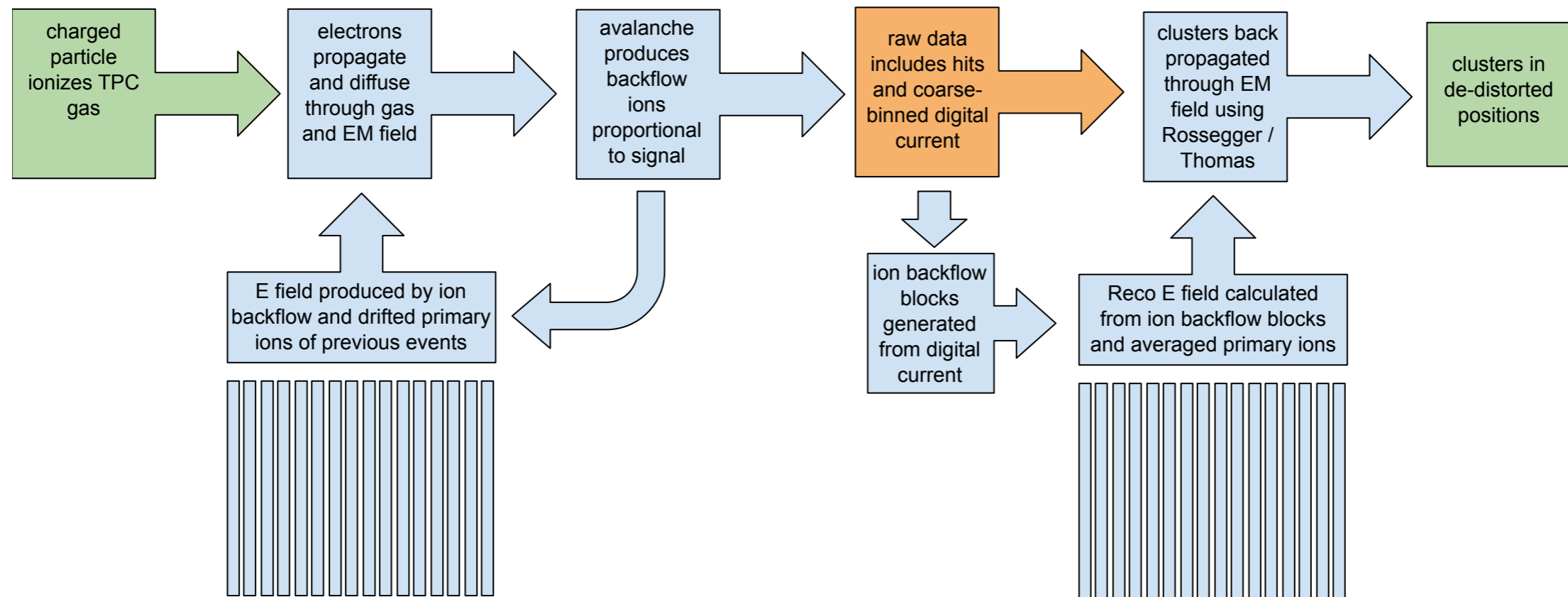


sPHENIX Spacecharge distortions

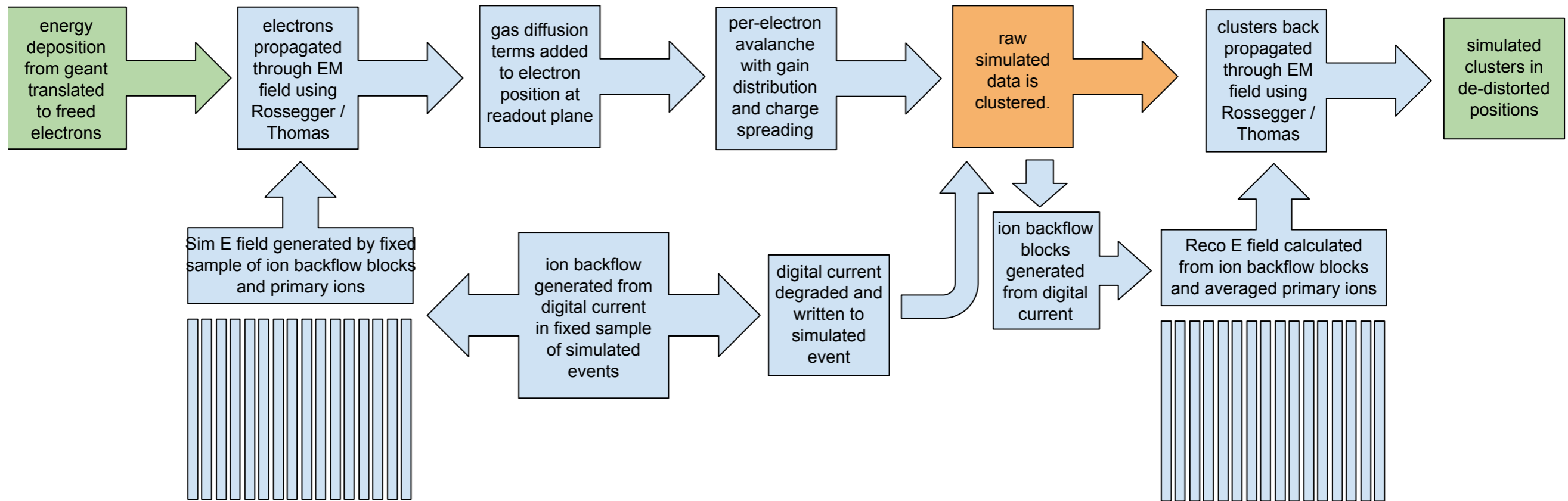
Ross Corliss

Real Space Charge in sPHENIX TPC



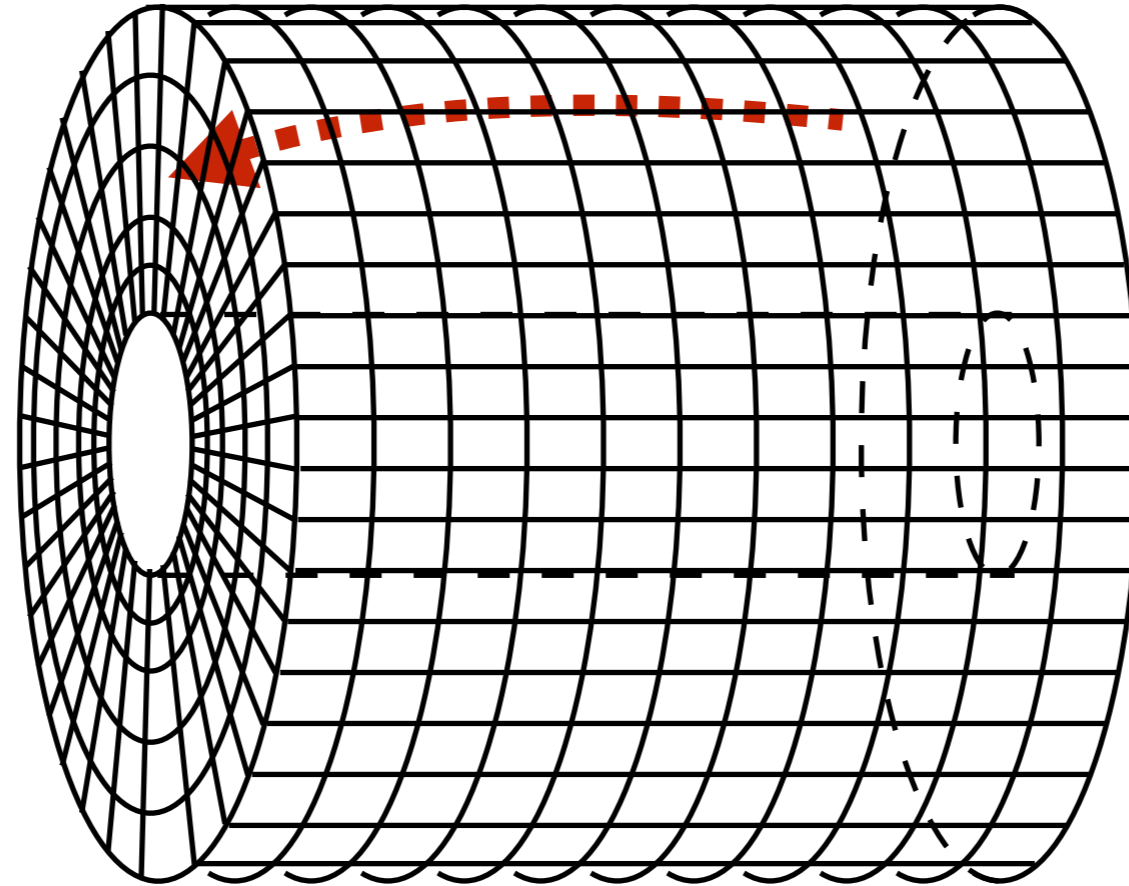
- measure 'digital current' as proxy for ion backflow
- back-propagate electrons through 'same' field
- challenge: Do it quickly enough for timely reconstruction

Simulating Space Charge in sPHENIX TPC



- mock-up same data flow in simulation:
 - fixed sample to generate 'actual' distortions
 - data from fixed sample feed simulated digital current

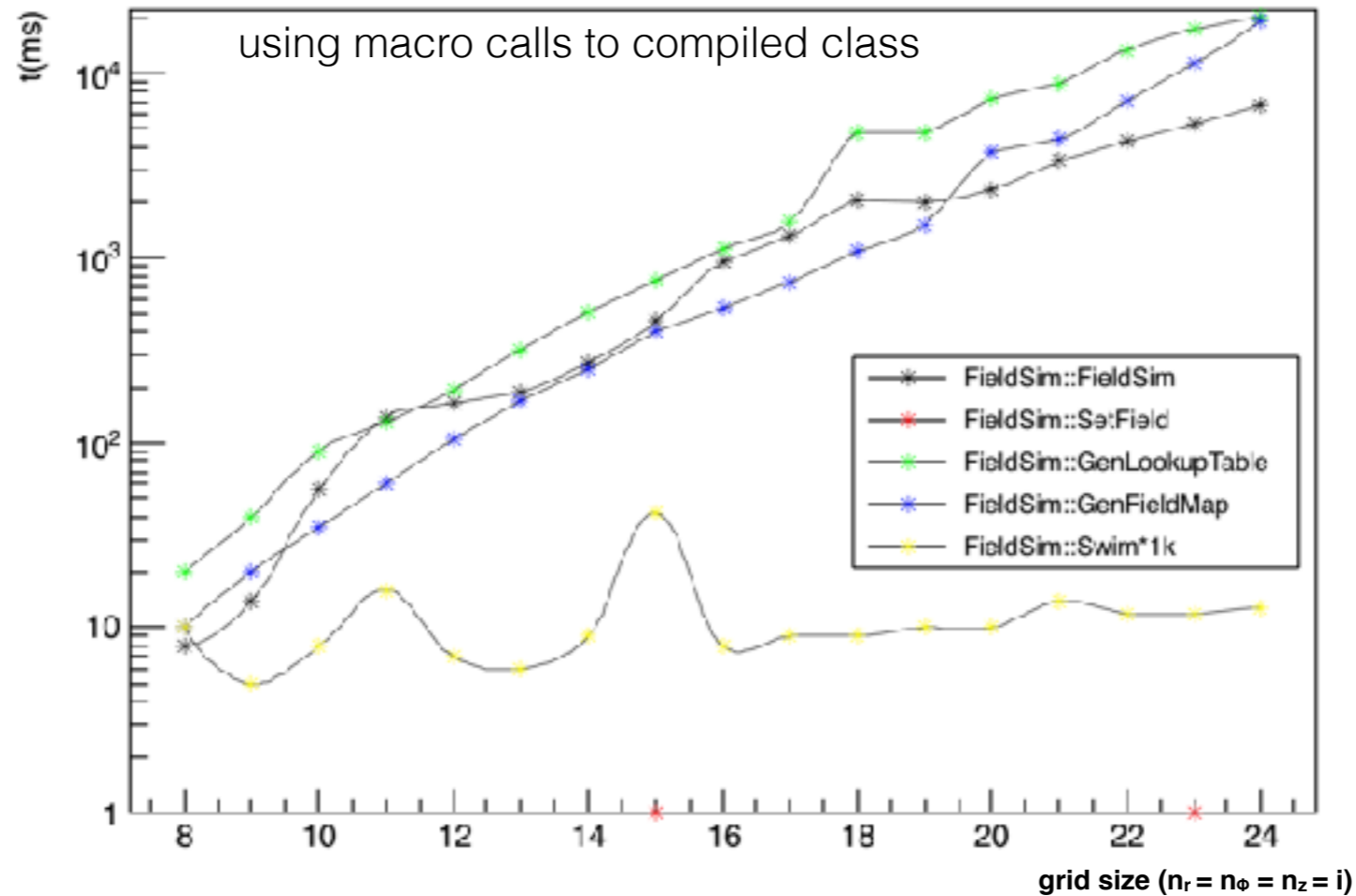
Propagation Model



- Divide TPC into Pieces of Cake (POC) grid
- Compute (free-space) cell-to-cell Green's functions
- Use SC distribution to sum field vector per cell (in various ways)
- Propagate each electron using 2nd order Langevin
 - interpolate between r, ϕ adjacent cells
 - take small steps in z to increase accuracy

Propagation Model

timing for various simulation steps

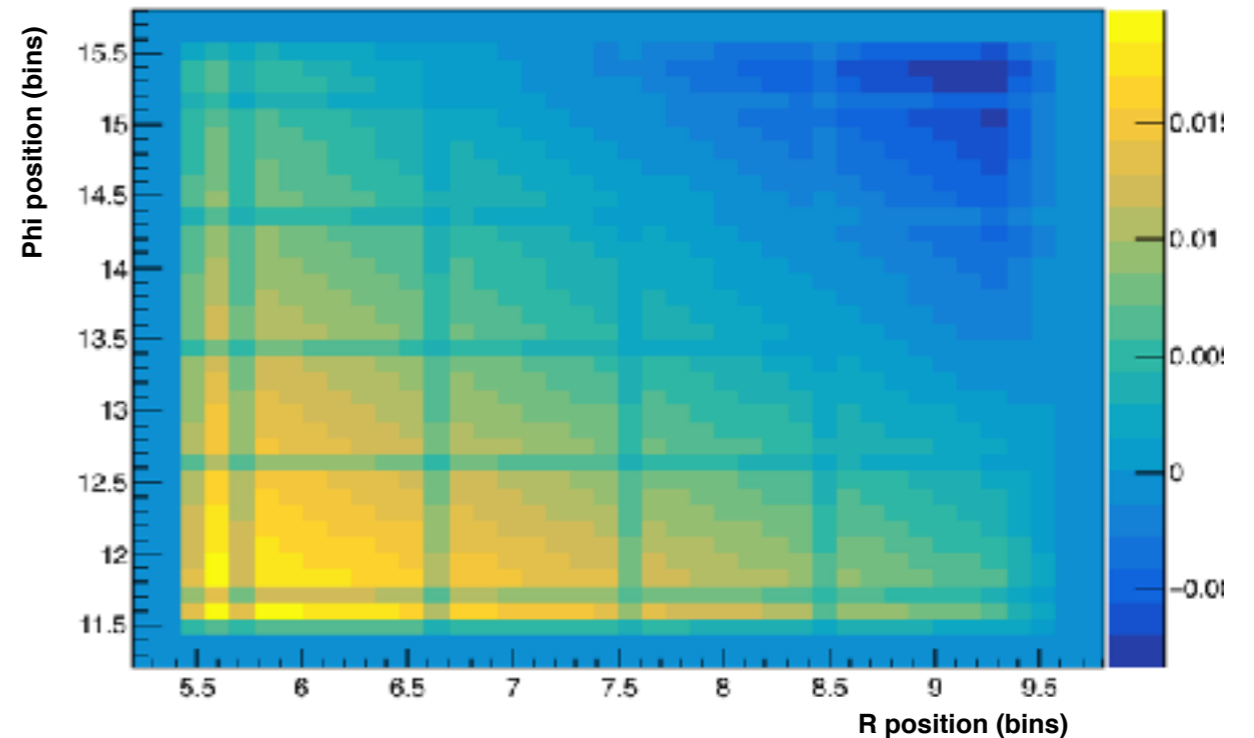


Element	memory scale	compute scale	timing
Lookup Table	$(n_r \times n_\phi \times n_z)^2$	$(n_r \times n_\phi \times n_z)^2$	startup
Field from SC	$(n_r \times n_\phi \times n_z)$	$(n_r \times n_\phi \times n_z)^2$	per event
Swim	1	n_z	per cluster

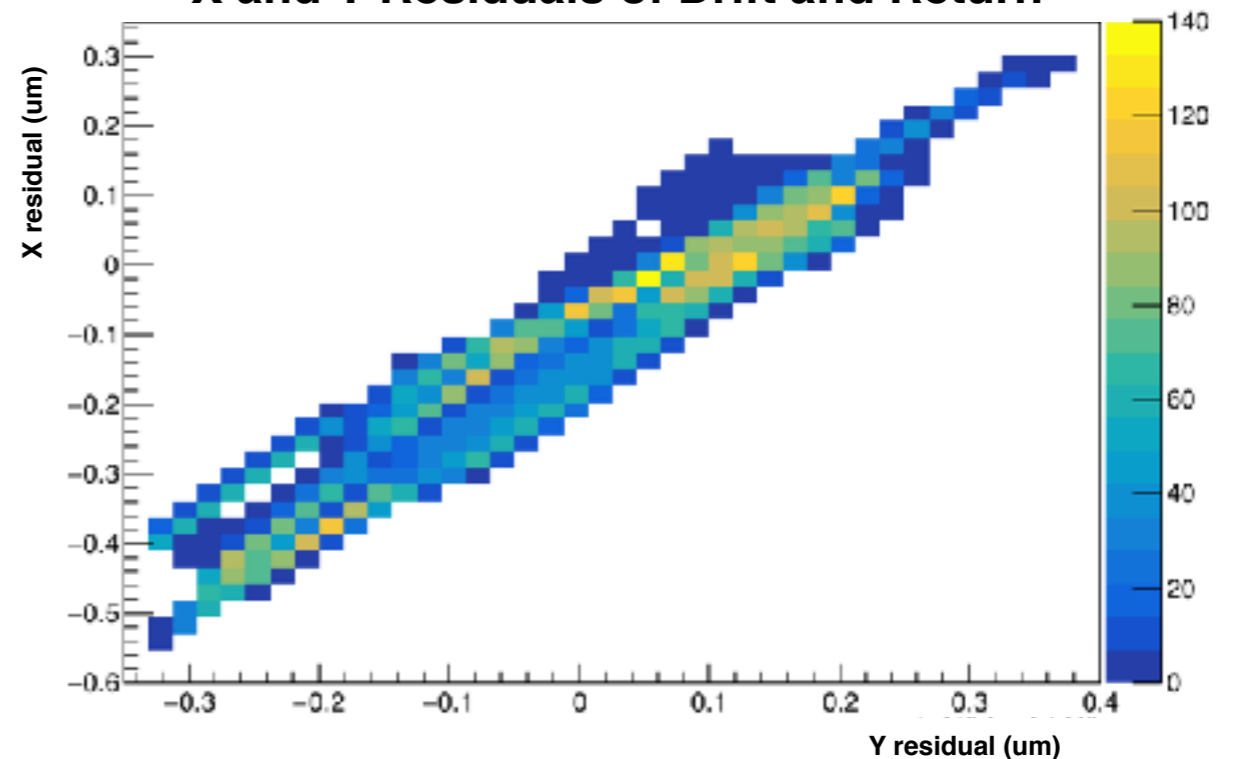
Model Performance

- Back-propagation residual due to field variation at drifted position
- Native resolution can easily reach $< \mu\text{m}$ scale
- But what resolution is needed to match reality?

Magnitude of Phi Drift vs Position (rads)

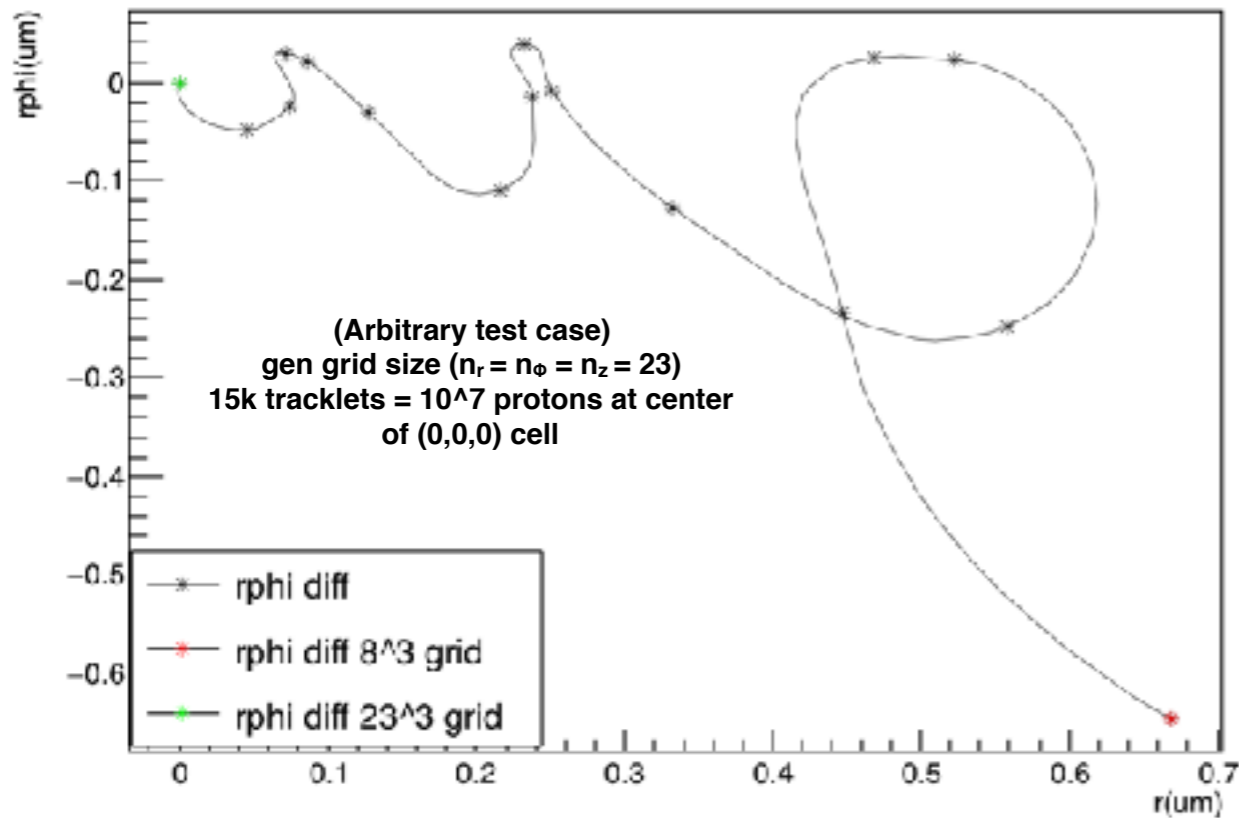


X and Y Residuals of Drift and Return

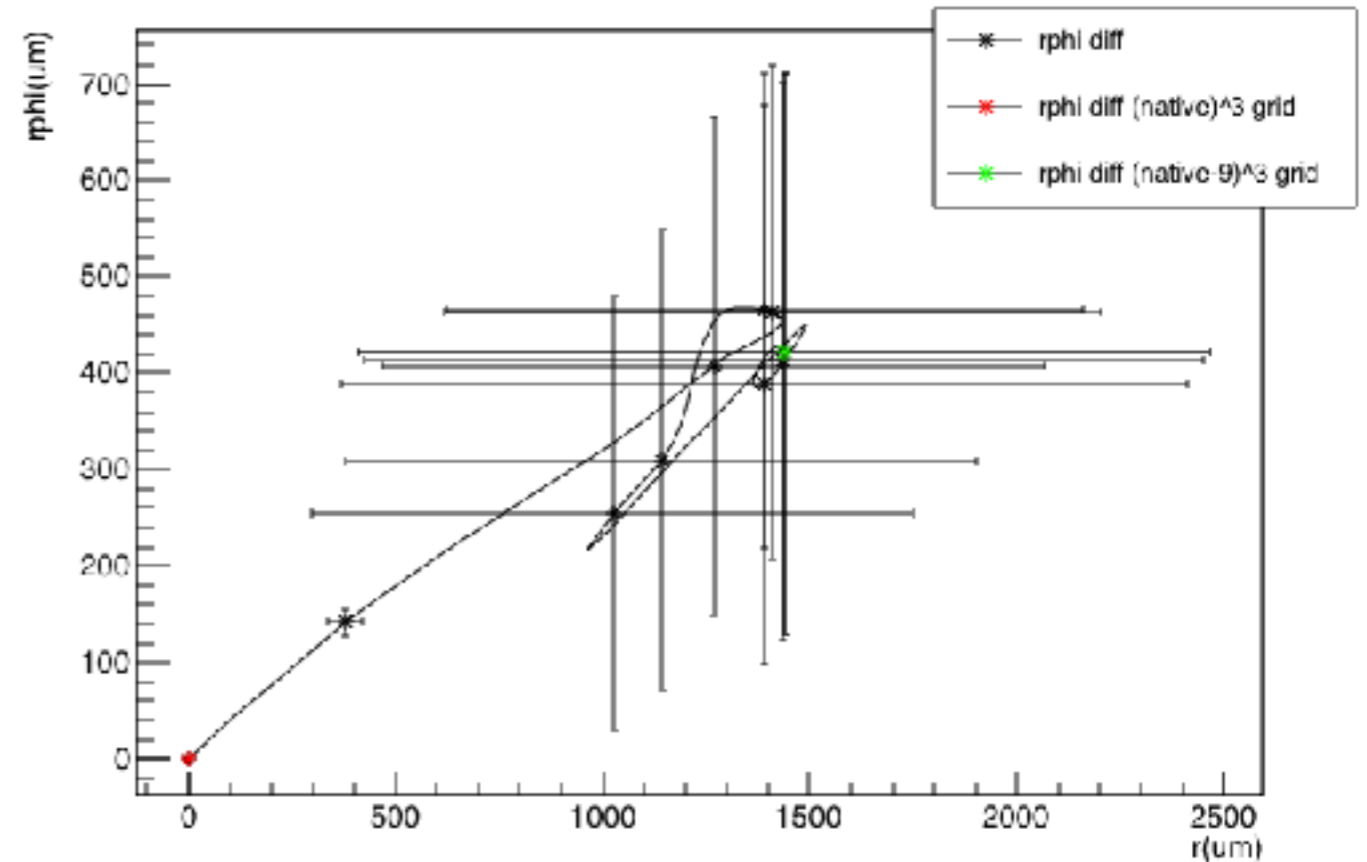


Fidelity vs Scale

r and r*phi offset for varying reco grid sizes



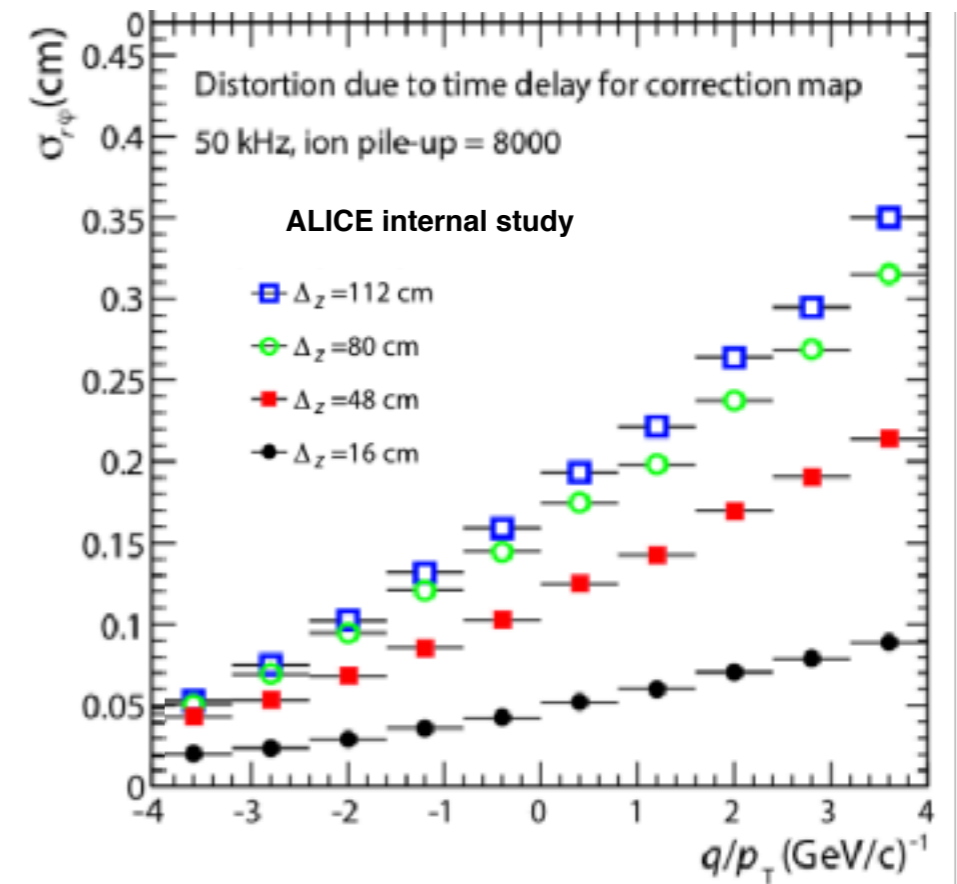
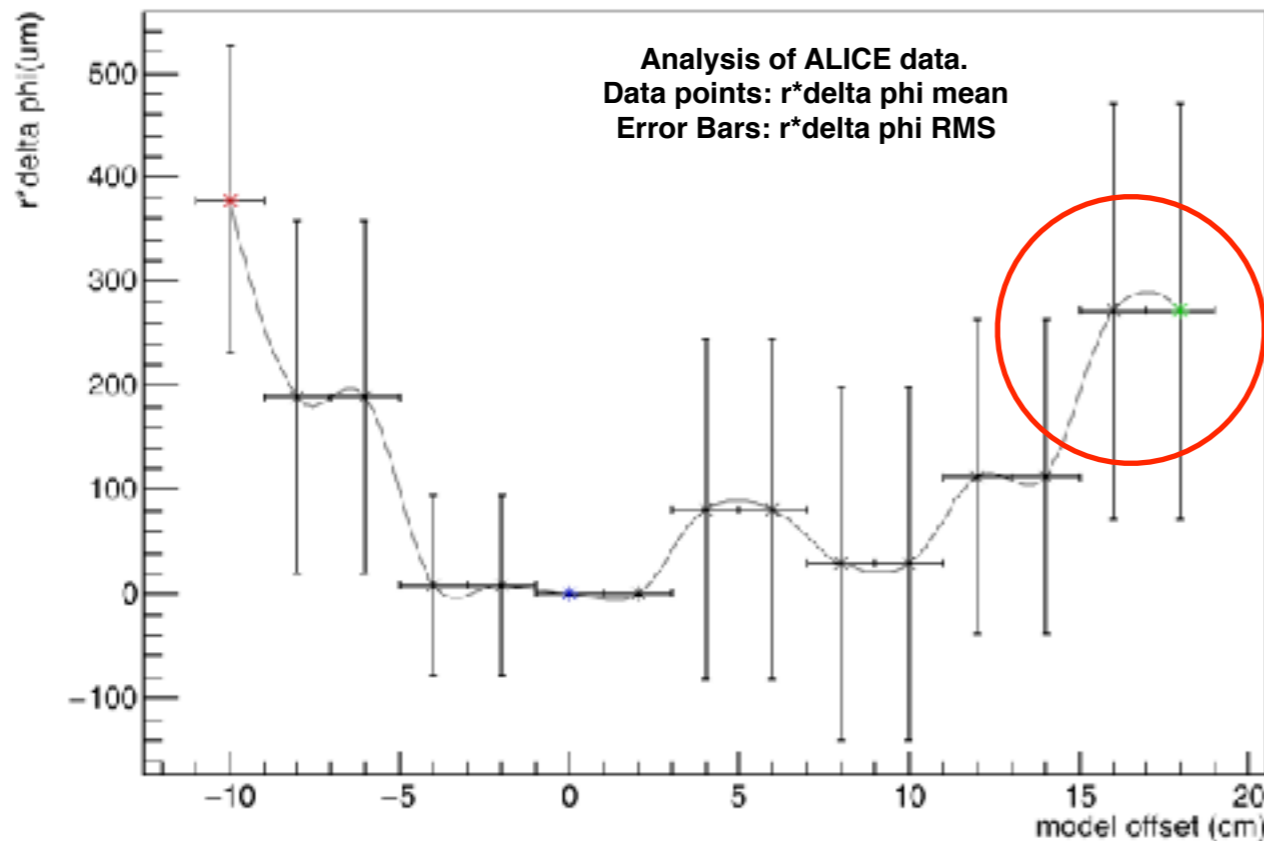
r and r*phi offset for varying reco grid sizes



- Using free-space Greens functions -- assuming these are okay far
- Full all-to-all grids ($23 \times 23 \times 23$) (left), All-to-ROI grids ($159 \times 360 \times 62$) (right)
- Swim forward using fixed 'gen' grid, backward using reco grid of different sizes
- Arbitrary SC distribution (left), ALICE SC (right)
- Single sample particle (left), 50x50 particles at far end of ROI (right)
- Error bars from RMS -- due to aliasing of charge histogram?

Fidelity vs Offset

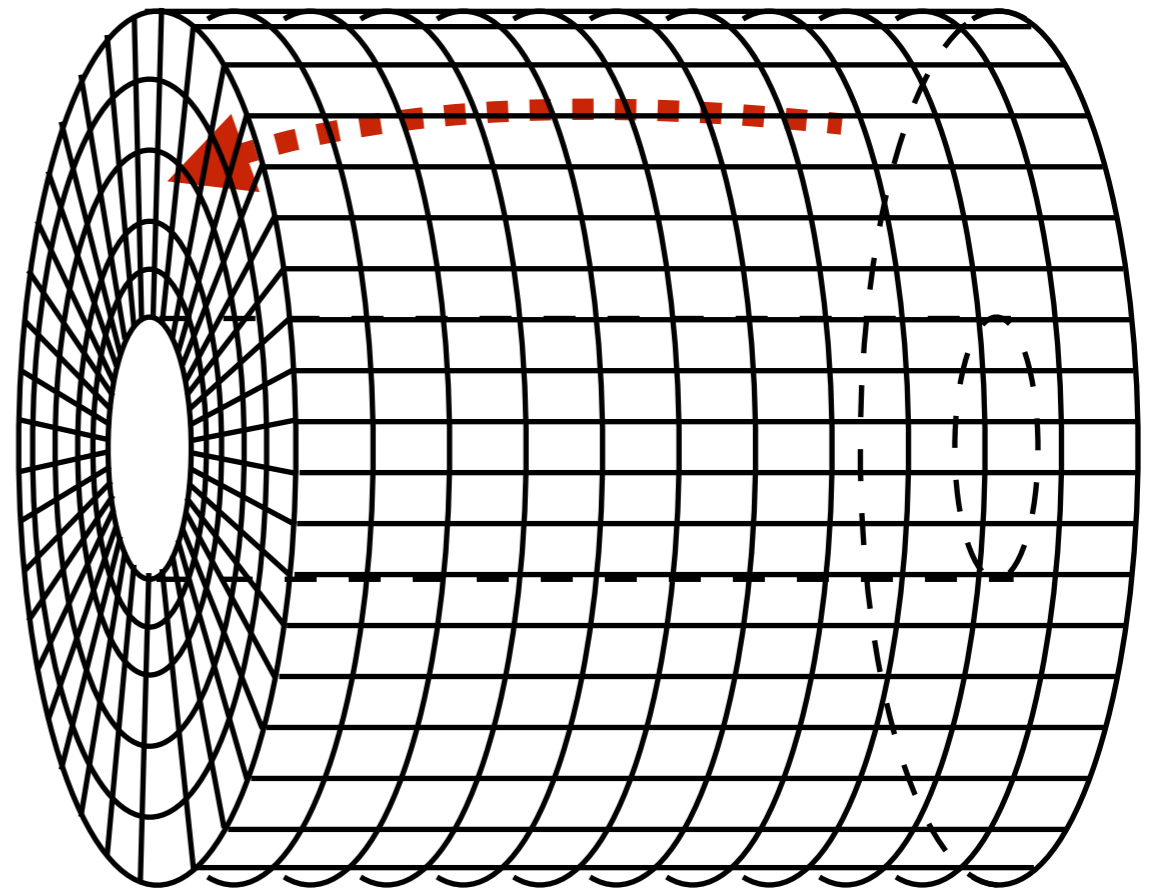
r*phi out-and-back residual for varying charge model offsets



- Using free-space Greens functions
- Swim to readout using 10cm shift of charge histogram
- Cyclicly advance charge histogram*, swim back through shifted field

Other Models

- Full 3D - Every cell from every cell.
 - Very legible. Highest memory footprint
- 2D Phi Slice - Every cell with $\phi=0$ from every cell. Rotates result to match cells in question.
 - Exploits near symmetry in ϕ . Moderate memory footprint.
- Varying Resolution 3D - Every cell from every cell in that neighborhood, then every lower-resolution group of cells from every lower-resolution group.
 - Preserves high-resolution features where that resolution is important. Smallest footprint



Status

- Currently:
 - Injected actual space charge from ALICE study
 - Studied at full-resolution in small region of interest
 - Framework overhauled to handle large number of space points
 - phi-symmetric Green's functions may be possible from FEA (would include field cage details)
 - working on phi components. Rossegger? Free Space?
- Homework for the Mega-Workfest:
 - Finish developing sPHENIX SC first-pass.
 - Swap parameters with Jens and Ernst so they can replicate sPHENIX

