

# Nuclear Data Testing for PWR at JSI

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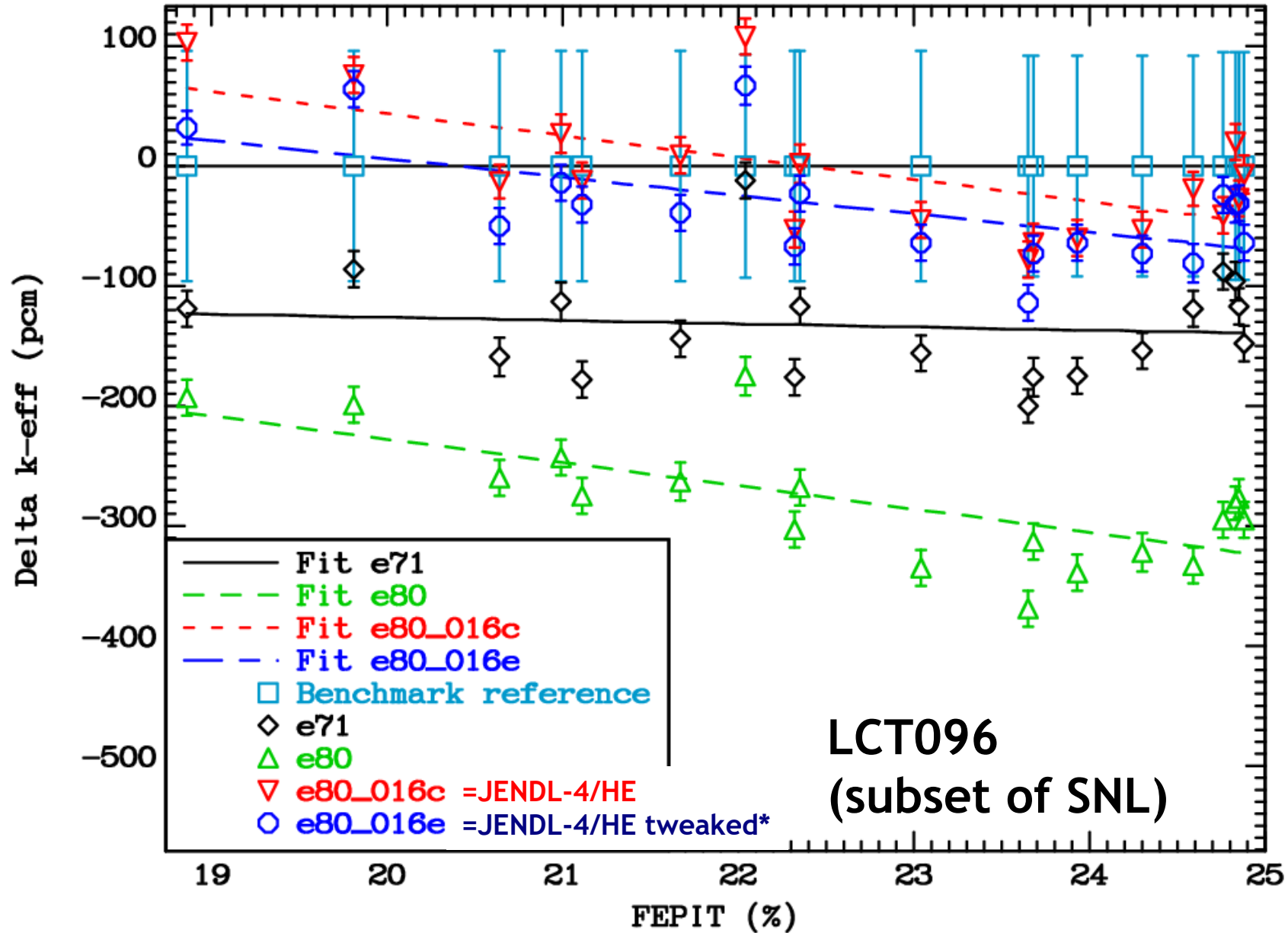
# Scope

- ▶ Sandia National Laboratory series of benchmarks
  - ▶ LCT-078, 079, 080, 096, 097 in ICSBEP
- ▶ Reactivity loss with burnup in a pin-cell calculation
  - ▶ Westinghouse Vantage-5 fuel for a 16x16 fuel assembly of the Krsko NPP
  - ▶ Cross section library intercomparison
- ▶ Comparison with measured boron concentrations at different stages in a fuel cycle of the Krsko NPP for 30 cycles of operation
- ▶ Oktavian-Cr benchmark

# The “SNL” benchmarks series (LCT-078, 079, 080, 096, 097 in ICSBEP)

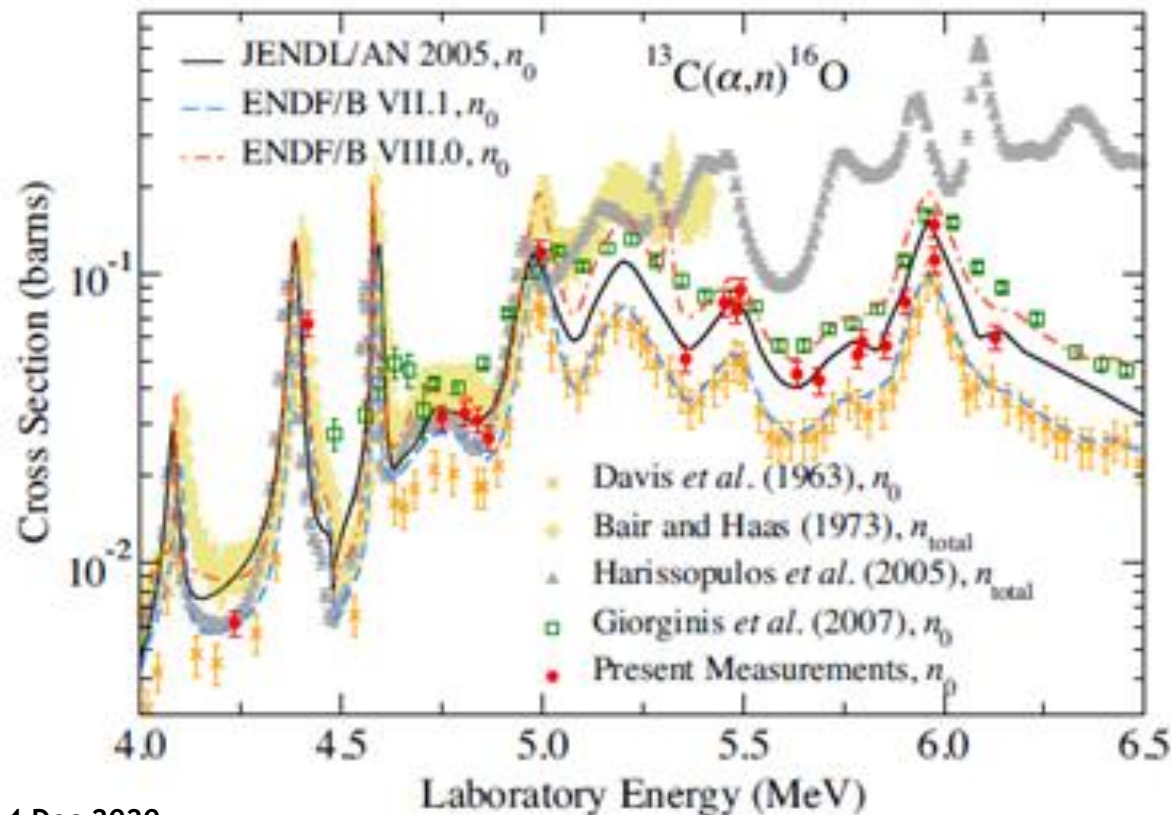
- ▶ In the “SNL” benchmarks series performance with ENDF/B-VIII.0 was degraded by up to 300 pcm compared to ENDF/B-VII.1.
- ▶ Swapping U-235 from **ENDF/B-VII.1** was by far insufficient to explain the difference.
- ▶ Performance was practically restored swapping O-16 from ENDF/B-VII.1.
- ▶ Performance with new O-16 from **JEFF-4T** was similar to ENDF/B-VIII.0.
- ▶ From differential data **JENDL-4/HE** which is consistent with JENDL/AN 2005 seems to be the best choice (for the time being).
- ▶ Minor tweaks to cross sections in the thermal range in JENDL-4/HE to follow ENDF/B-VIII.0 thermal cross section values.

ICSBEP LEU-COMP-THERM-096 7uPCX SNL  
v.s. Epithermal fission fraction



# O-16 Alternative Evaluation (differential)

- ▶ There is still a lot of controversy regarding the O-16 evaluation, particularly the O-16(n, $\alpha$ ) cross section; **new data and corresponding R-matrix analysis are needed**
- ▶ New data by Febbraro et al, Phys. Rev. Lett 125 (2020) 062501



inverse reaction to (n, $\alpha_0$ )

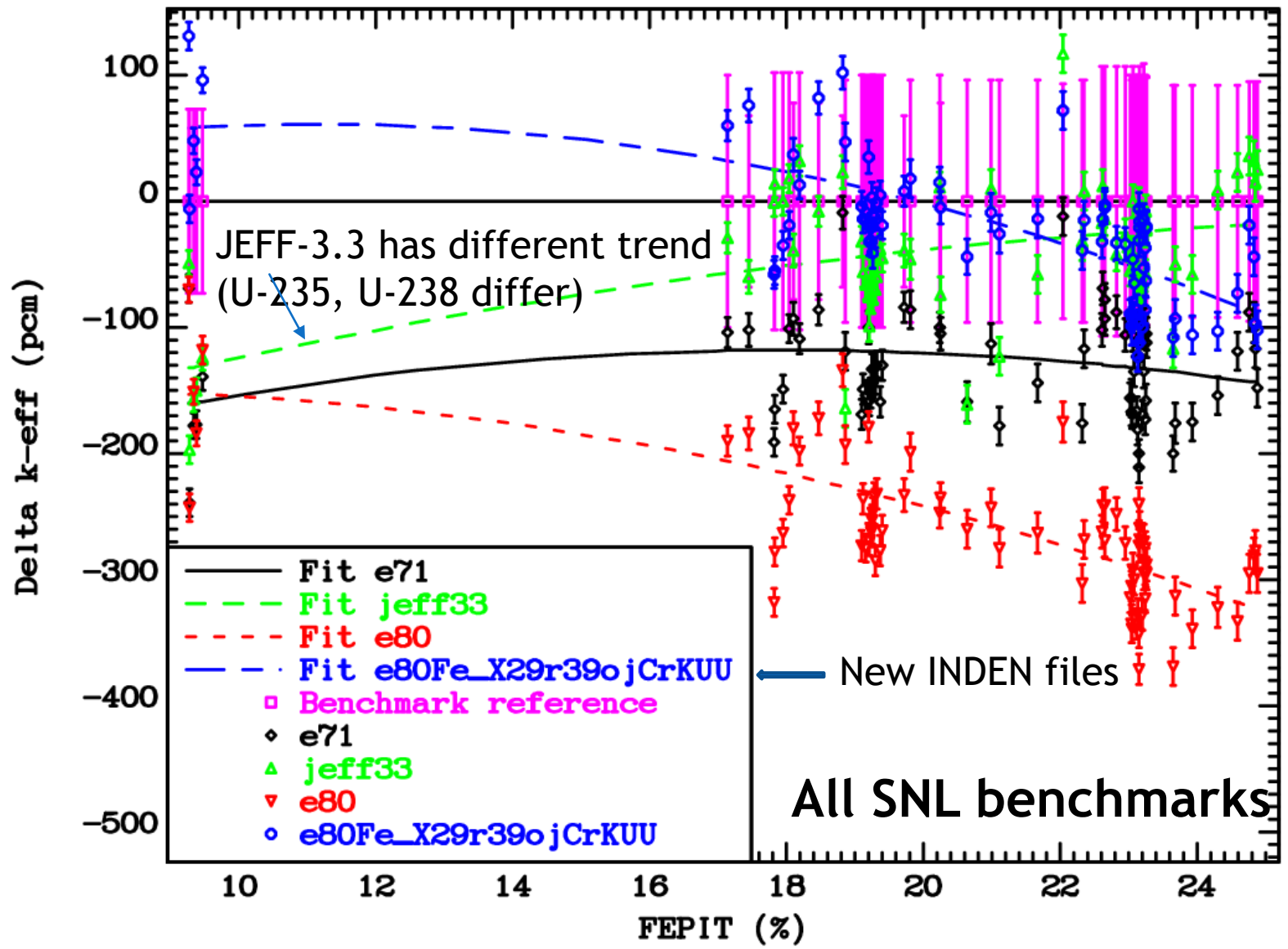
**JENDL/AN 2005 best !**

**ENDF/B-VIII.0 too high**

**ENDF/B-VII.1 low**

**JEFF-33 = ENDF/B-VII.1**

# LEU-COMP-THERM (SNL) Benchmarks v.s. Epithermal fission fraction



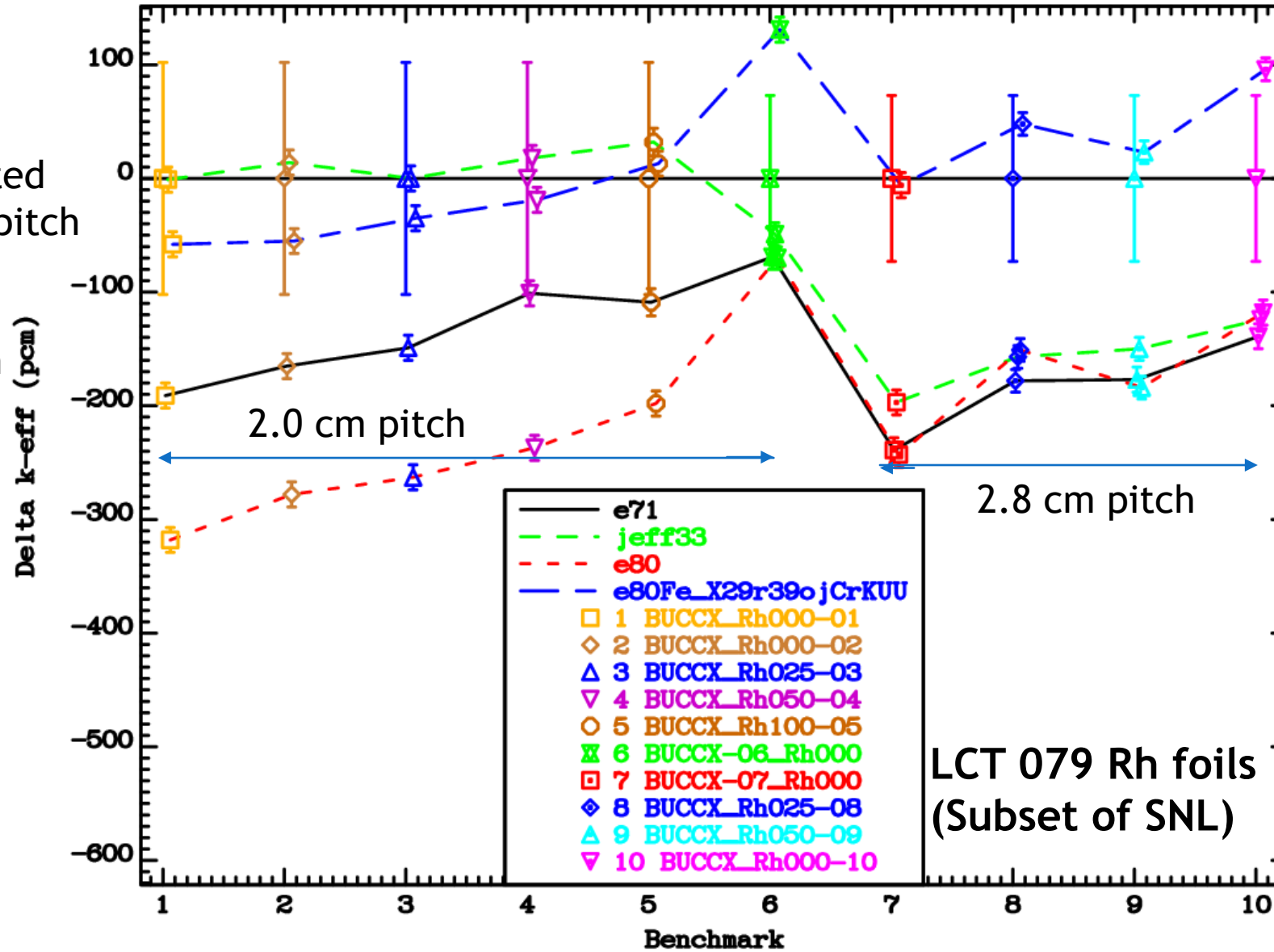
LEU-COMP-THERM-079 (BUCCX)  
Integral Parameter Intercomparison

\*KUU=INDEN:

- Offset eliminated
- No trend with pitch

JEFF-3.3

- Trend with pitch

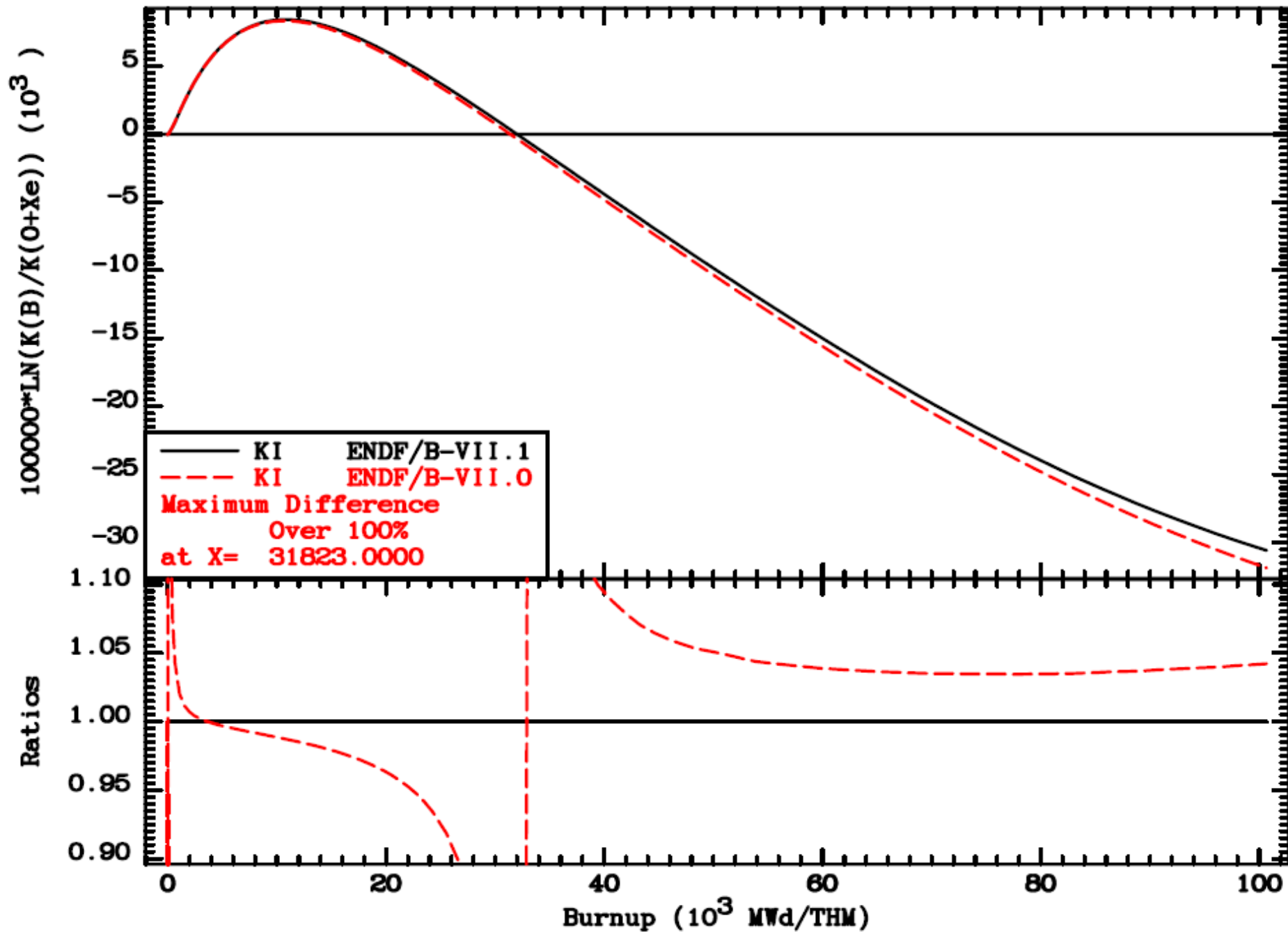


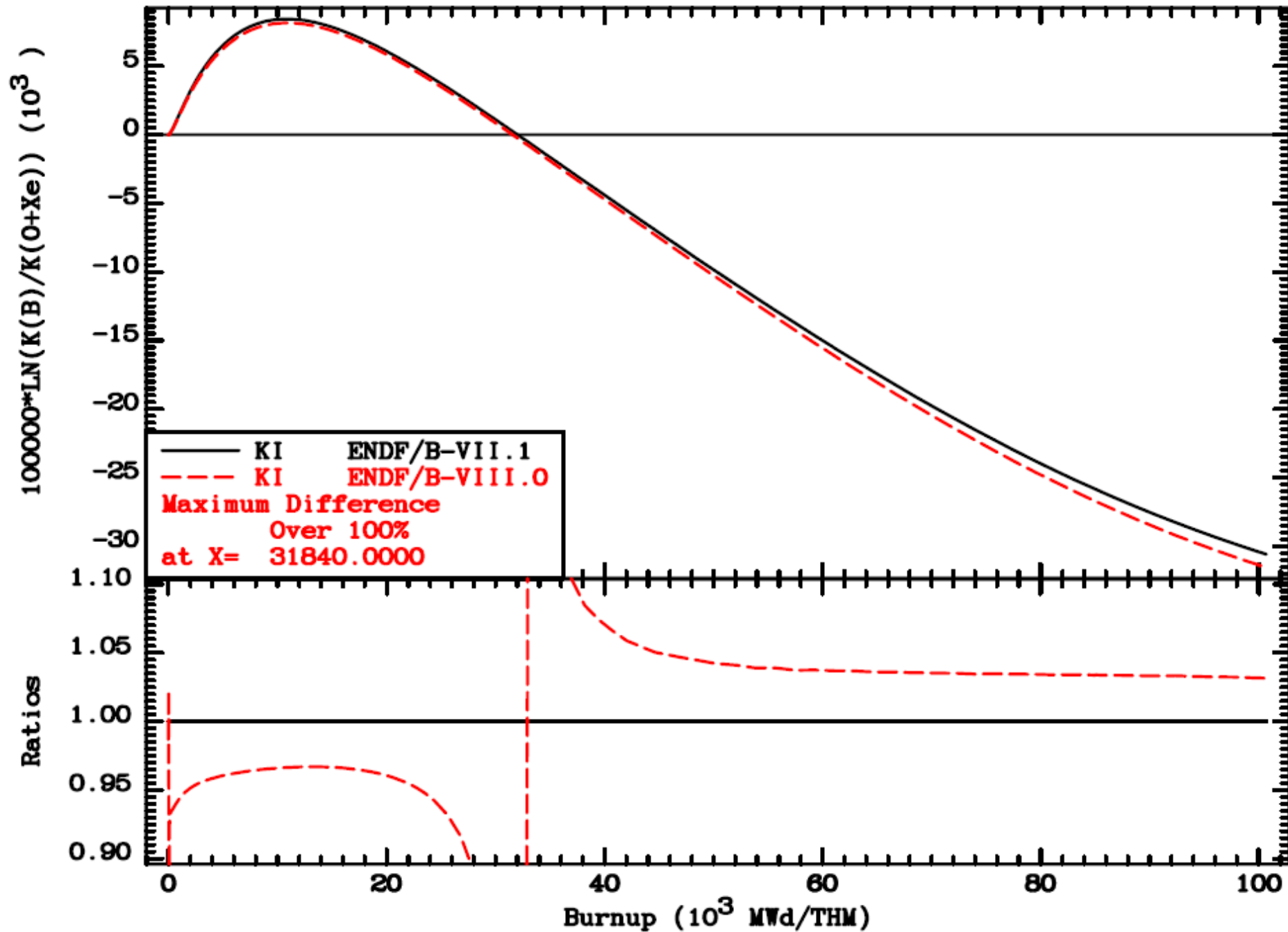
# LWR Pin-Cell Burnup

- ▶ Example: pin-cell of Westinghouse Vantage fuel, 5.2 w/o enrichment, full power.
- ▶ WIMSD-5B calculation in 69 energy groups
  - ▶ 1D transport, but equal for all libraries → valid comparison
- ▶ With ENDF/B-VIII.0 there is some reactivity **loss** at high burnup compared to ENDF/B-VII.1
- ▶ With ENDF/B-VII.1 there was reactivity **gain** compared to ENDF/B-VII.0
- ▶ → ENDF/B-VIII.0 is similar to ENDF/B-VII.0 in terms of reactivity  
(Detailed plots of inventory of all burnable materials available in the Supplementary document: Note: ENDF/B-VIII.0 explicitly includes Eu156,157, which **increases Gd** production but **no dramatic change of reactivity**)



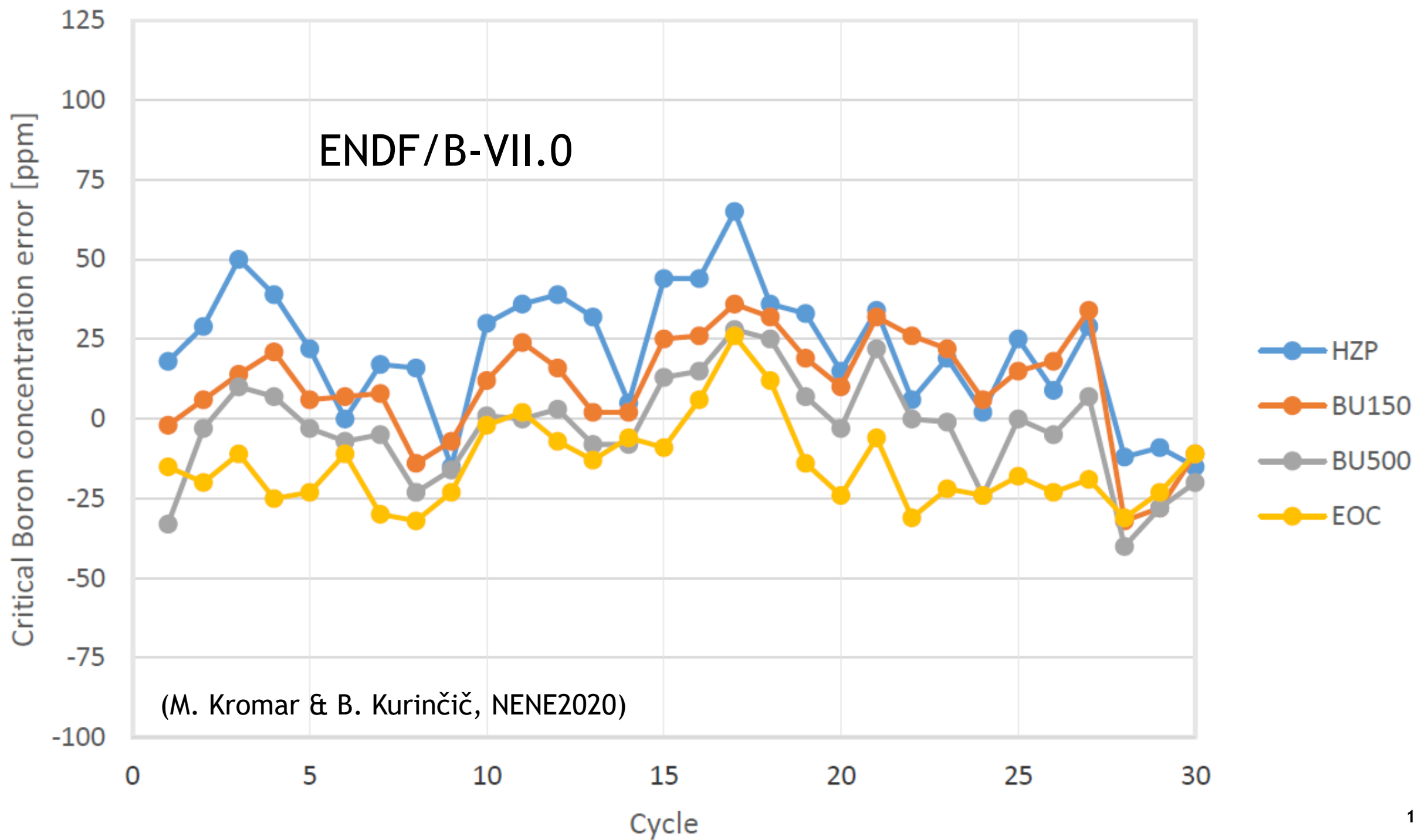
Reactivity KI vs Burnup in the assembly type FB - V5 E= 5.200  
 RO= 0.675 TM= 595 TF= 1000 CB= 300 PR= 0

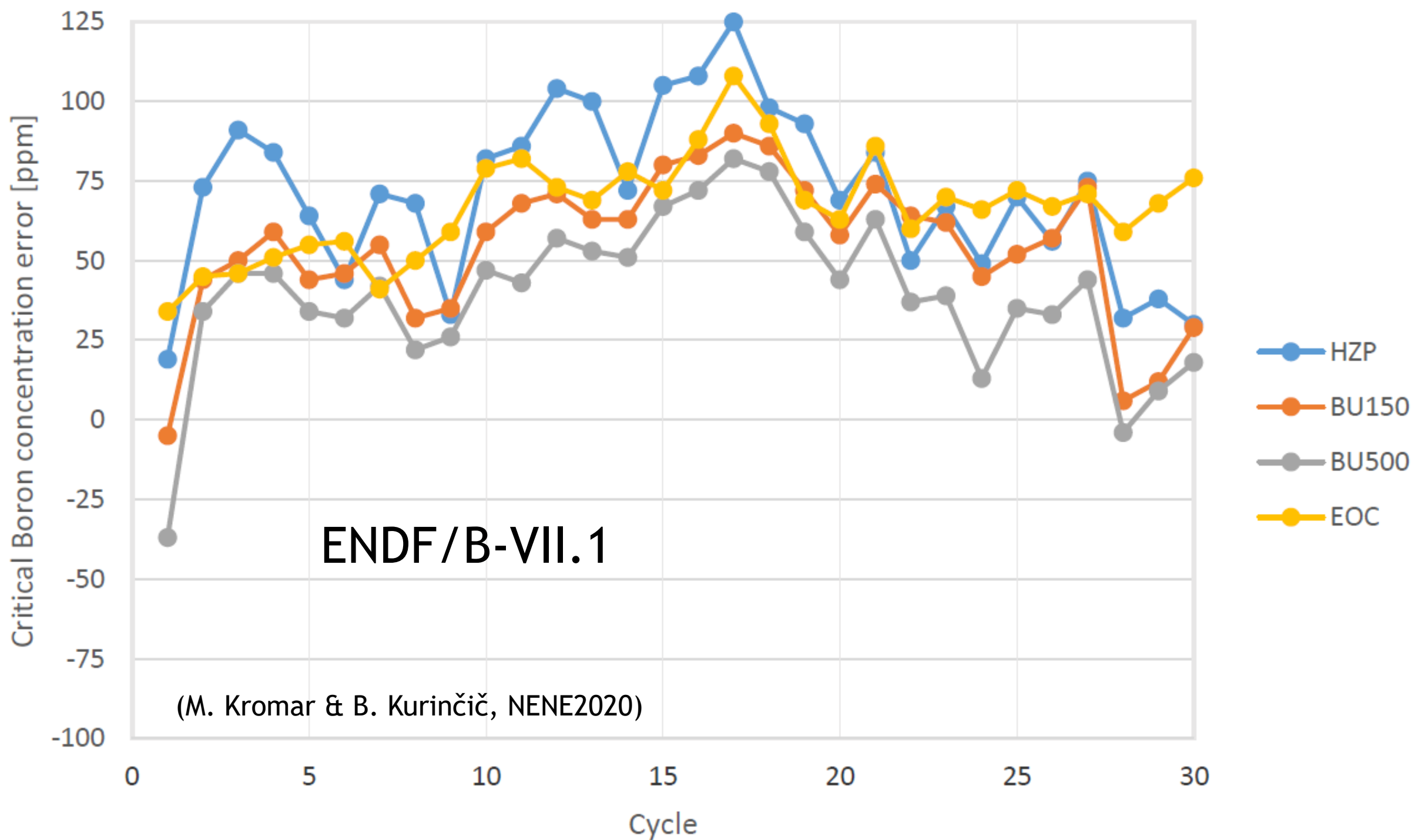




# Krsko NPP (Westinghouse 2-loop PWR)

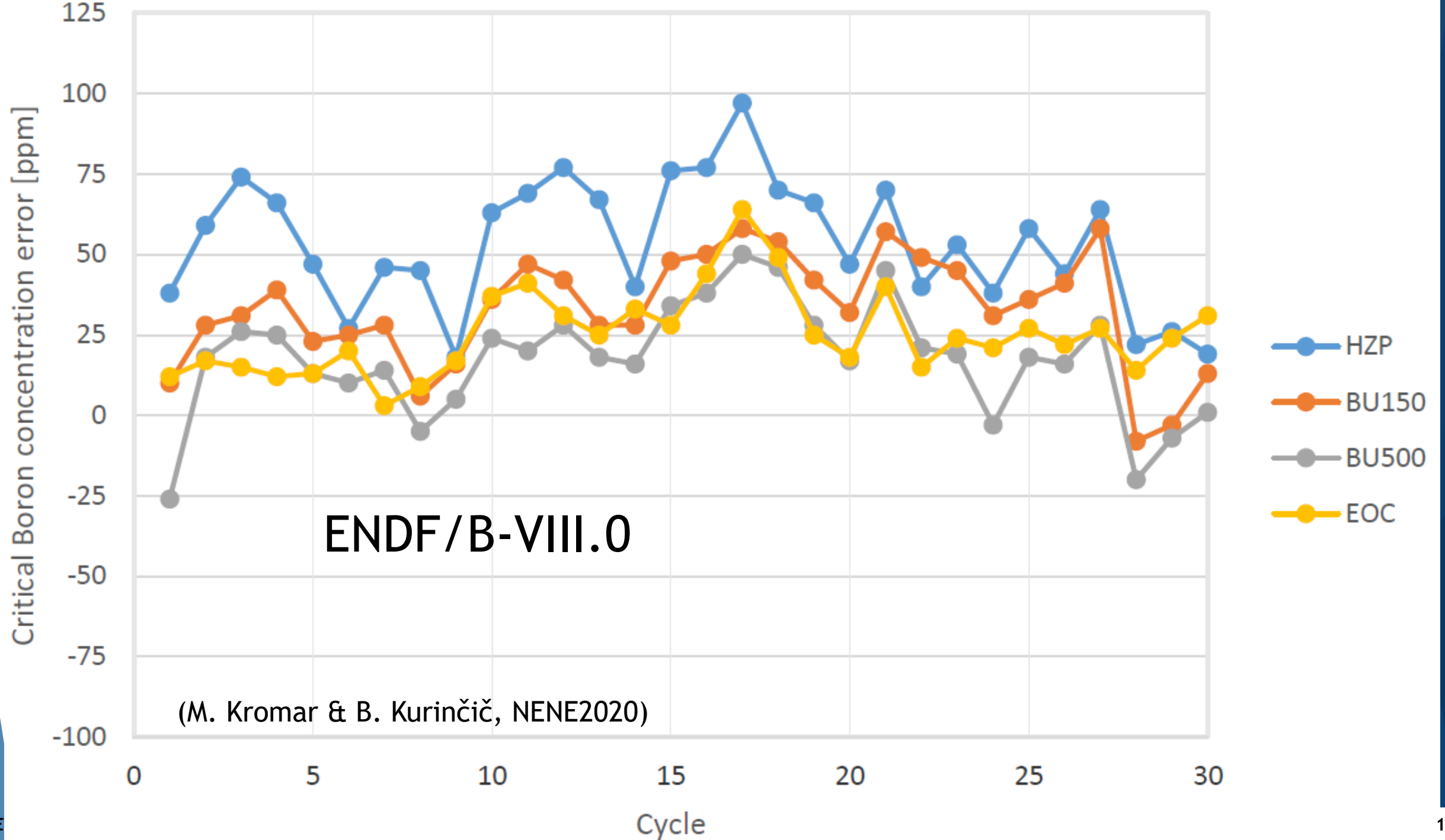
- ▶ CORD-2 design calculations (JSI) with different libraries.
  - ▶ Enrichment 2.1% - 4.9%, burnable pyrex rods, low-leakage loading pattern, integral burnable absorbers, power uprate from 600 MWe to 700 MWe, cycle length from 12 months to 18 months.
- ▶ Differences between measured and calculated boron concentrations at different burnup stages.
- ▶ 30 cycles of operation.
- ▶ Results presented by M. Kromar & B. Kurinčič, NENE2020, Portorož, September 2020.





ENDF/B-VII.1

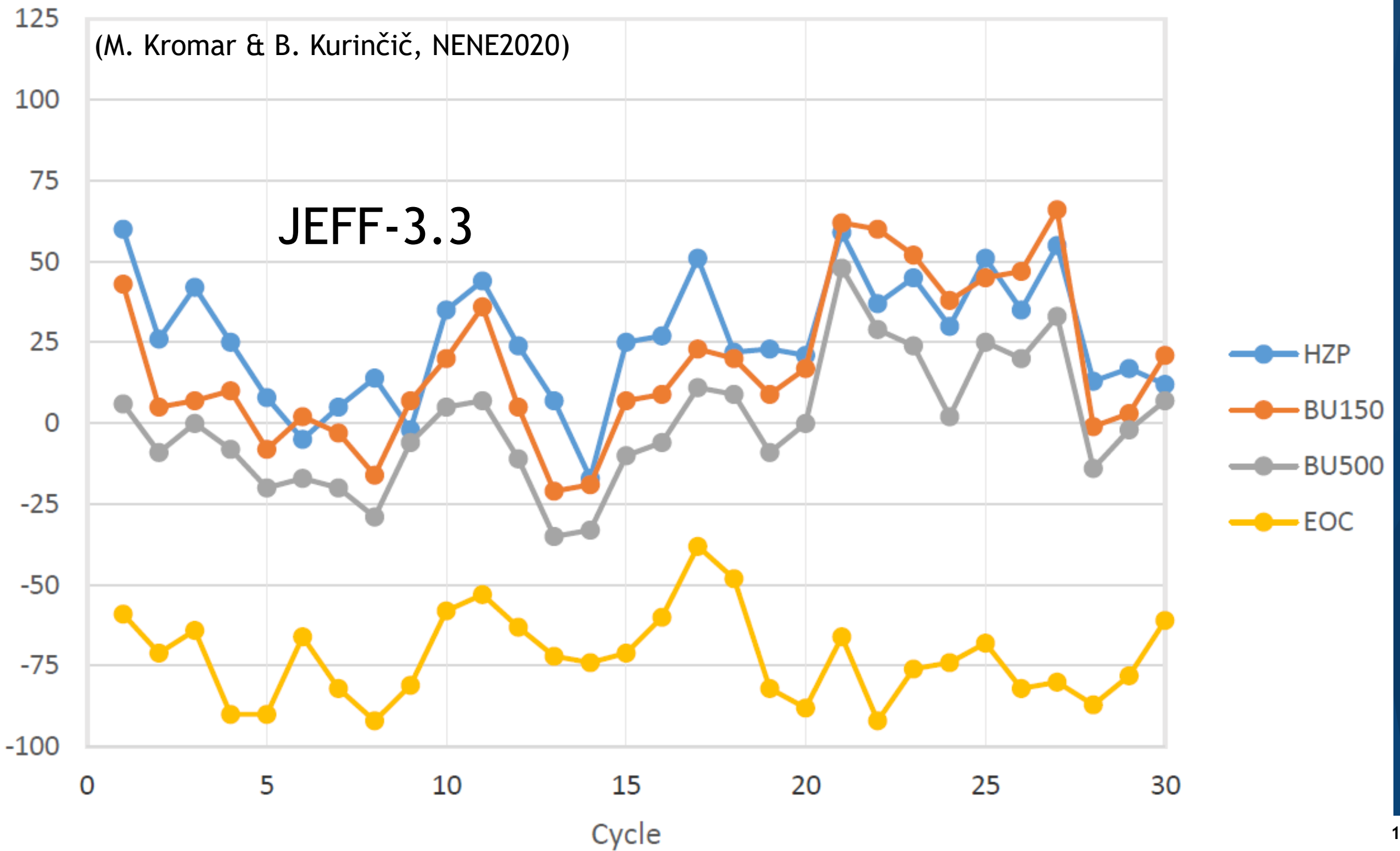
(M. Kromar & B. Kurinčič, NENE2020)



(M. Kromar & B. Kurinčič, NENE2020)

# JEFF-3.3

Critical Boron concentration error [ppm]



# Krsko NPP - summary of results

- ▶ There is some bias in each of the libraries.
- ▶ The difference HZP - BU150, BU500 is the power and xenon defect, which can be model-dependent.
- ▶ The difference BU500 - EOC determines cycle length prediction:
  - ▶ ENDF/B-VII.0 and ENDF/B-VIII.0 look good and flat,
  - ▶ ENDF/B-VII.1 shows some drift in reactivity,
  - ▶ JEFF-3.3 differs strongly (problems with JEFF-3.3 Pu-239 evaluation have been reported in works by other authors).



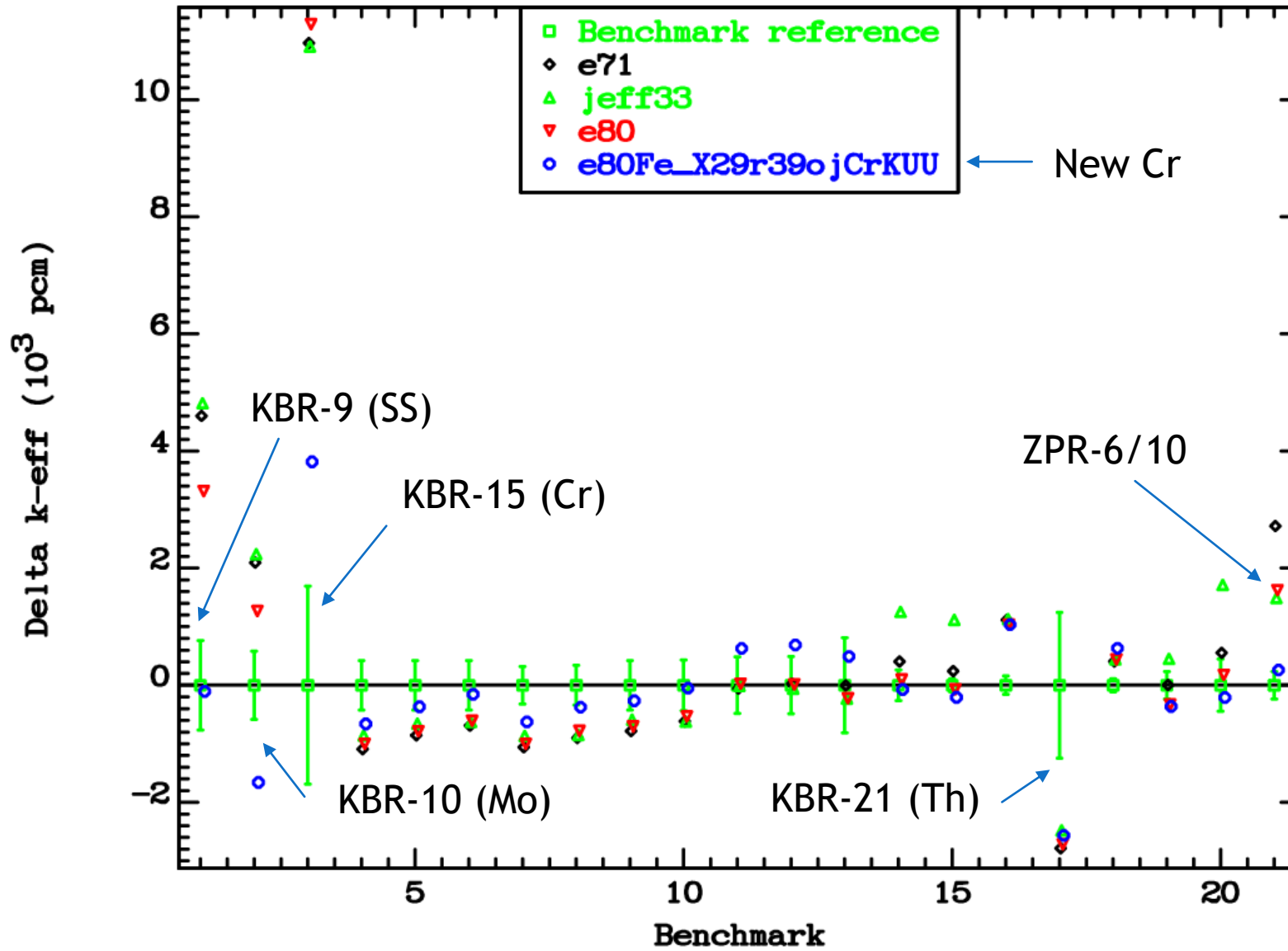
# Conclusions

- ▶ Doubts were raised at the previous CSEWG Meeting about reactivity trends with enrichment and burnup.
- ▶ Reactivity loss with burnup was compared for a pin-cell of a real reactor with different releases of ENDF/B data.
- ▶ Critical boron concentrations at different burnup steps were compared to measured data for 30 cycles of operation.
- ▶ **ENDF/B-VIII.0** behavior is similar to ENDF/B-VII.0, but different from ENDF/B-VII.1 (pin-cell and PWR).

# Chromium isotopes - Criticality

- ▶ Cr-isotope new evaluations were performed (ORNL-BNL-IAEA collaboration).
- ▶ Very few benchmarks are available.
- ▶ In the ICSBEP Handbook there are KBR-15 (HEU-COMP-INTER-005  $k_{\infty}$ ) and ZPR-6/10 (PU-MET-INTER-002) with strong sensitivity to Cr - both are big outliers (**11%** and **2% in  $k$** , respectively)
- ▶ Oktavian-Cr is a 14 MeV experiment measuring leakage from a chromium sphere - not in SINBAD.
  - ▶ A new model was developed by Bor Kos at JSI.

ICSBEP Benchmarks sensitive to Cr  
Integral Parameter Intercomparison

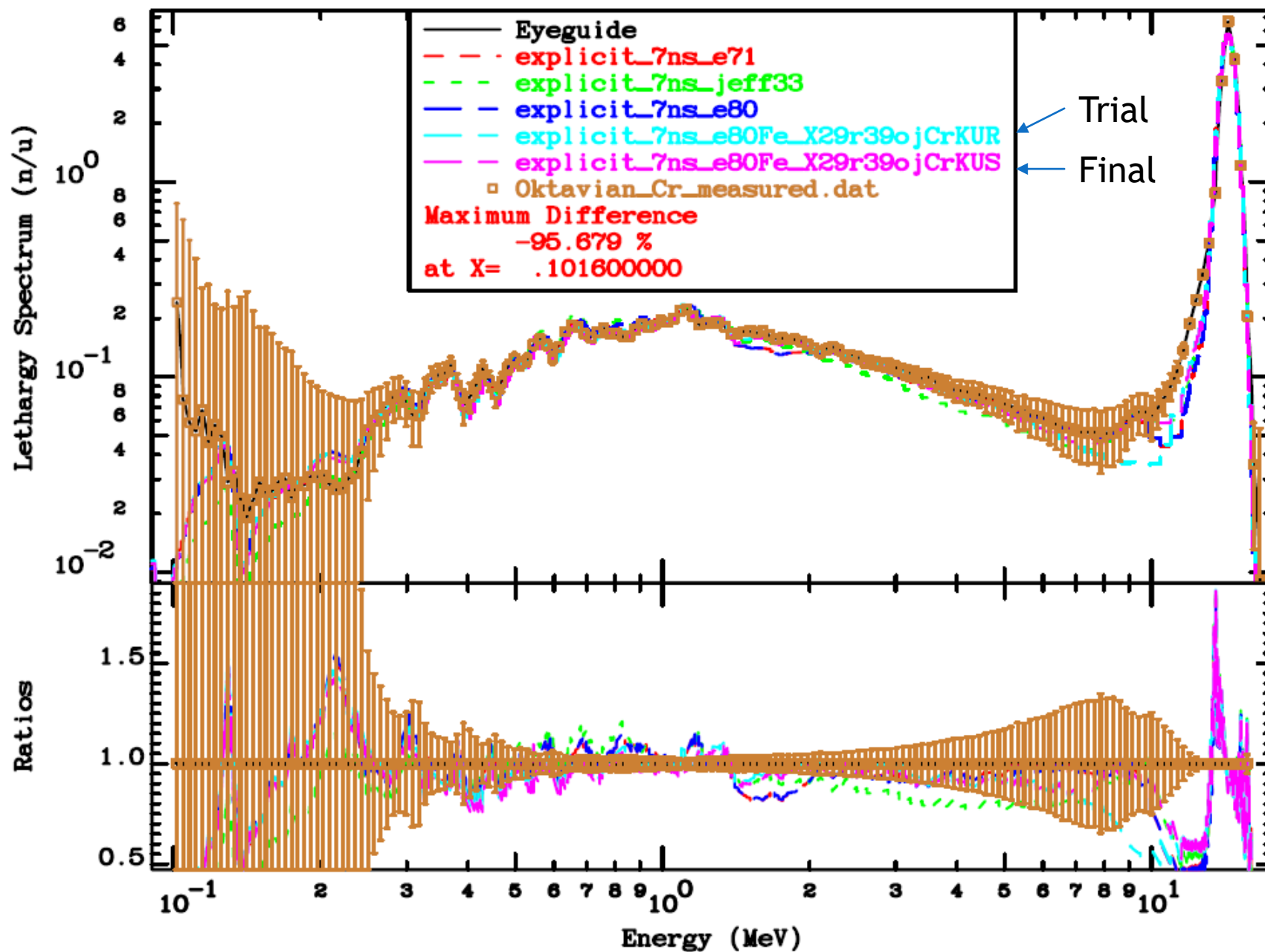


No.	ICSBEP Label	Short name	Common name	Comment
1	HEU-COMP-INTER-005	hci005-009	KBR-09 (SS)	k_inf
2	HEU-COMP-INTER-005	hci005-010	KBR-10 (Mo)	k_inf
3	HEU-COMP-INTER-005	hci005-015	KBR-15 (Cr)	k_inf
4	HEU-COMP-THERM-011	hct011-001	RRC-KI-21x21-001	Cr ; Chromium ; SS_clad
5	HEU-COMP-THERM-011	hct011-002	RRC-KI-21x21-002	Cr ; Chromium ; SS_clad
6	HEU-COMP-THERM-011	hct011-003	RRC-KI-21x21-003	Cr ; Chromium ; SS_clad
7	HEU-COMP-THERM-012	hct012-001	RRC-KI-18x18-001	Cr ; Chromium ; SS_clad
8	HEU-COMP-THERM-012	hct012-002	RRC-KI-18x18-002	Cr ; Chromium ; SS_clad
9	HEU-COMP-THERM-013	hct013-001	RRC-KI-14x14-001	Cr ; Chromium ; SS_clad
10	HEU-COMP-THERM-013	hct013-002	RRC-KI-14x14-002	Cr ; Chromium ; SS_clad
11	HEU-COMP-THERM-014	hct014-001	RRC-KI-10x10-001	Cr ; Chromium ; SS_clad
12	HEU-COMP-THERM-014	hct014-002	RRC-KI-10x10-002	Cr ; Chromium ; SS_clad
13	HEU-COMP-THERM-022	hct022-001	SPERT-III	Cr ; Chromium ; SS_clad
14	HEU-MET-INTER-001	hmi001	ZPR-9/34	SS_refl. Fe Cr
15	HEU-MET-INTER-001	hmi001d	ZPR-9/34	%6 %7 SS_refl. Fe Cr
16	HEU-MET-THERM-016	hmt016	LACEF/Ni-Cr-Mo-Gd	Ni ; Cr ; Mo ; Gd ; Poly
17	IEU-COMP-THERM-005	ict005	KBR-21	
18	LEU-SOL-THERM-012	lst012-001	TRACY-203c	
19	MIX-COMP-FAST-001	mcf001	ZPR-6/7	Cr
20	MIX-MET-FAST-008	mmf008-003	ZEBRA-8C/2	
21	PU-MET-INTER-002	pmi002	ZPR-6/10	Fe, Cr SS_refl. ; Iron

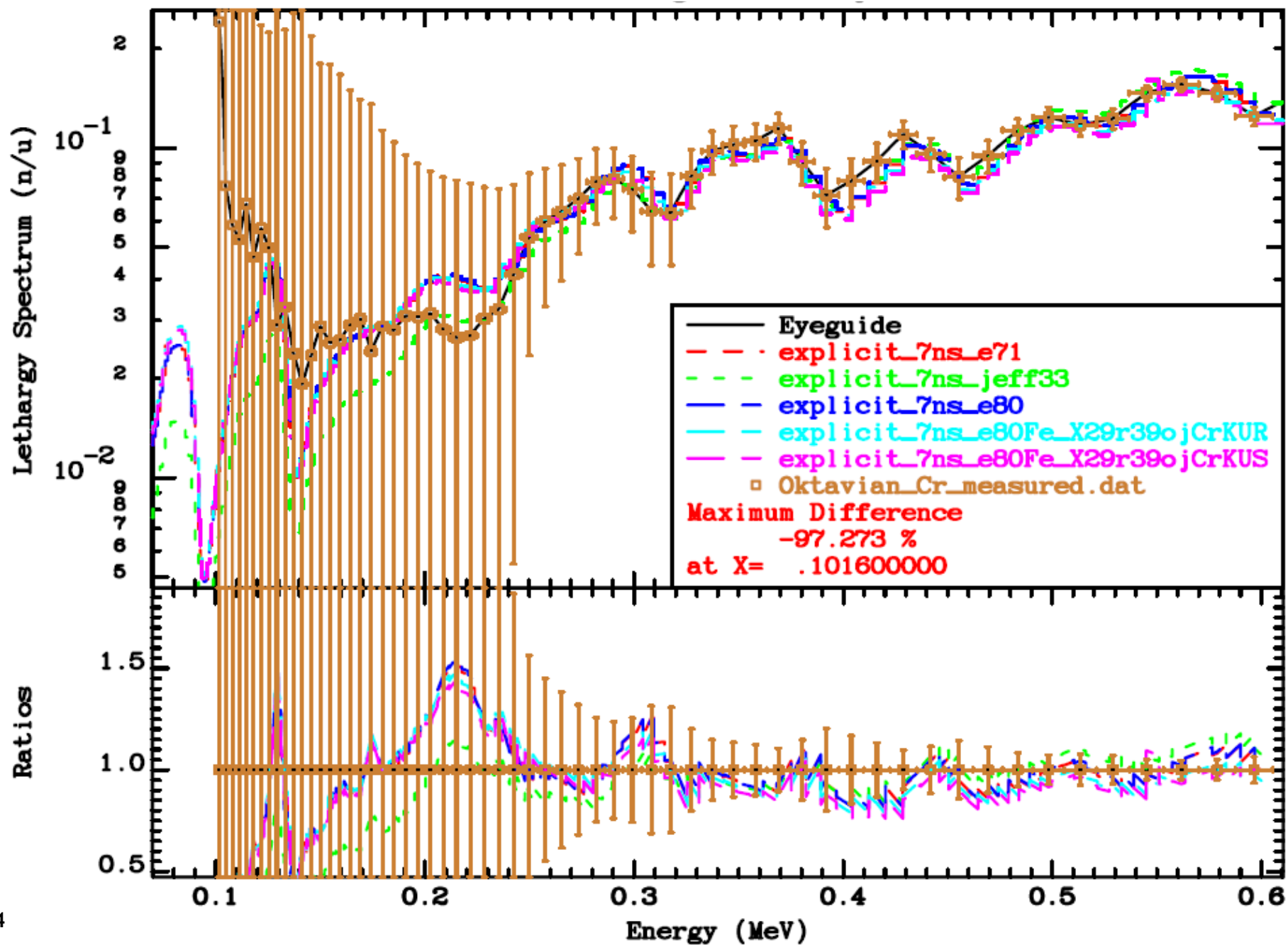
# Chromium isotopes - 14 MeV Leakage

- ▶ Oktavian-Cr is **not** in SINBAD. New model was developed by B.Kos (JSI) based on previous work by A. Milocco with explicitly modelled source:
  - ▶ Analysis in time-domain is crucial - subsequent conversion into the energy domain.
  - ▶ Resolution-broadening is needed to reproduce the elastic peak (asymmetric resolution function?).
  - ▶ New evaluations of Cr isotopes perform well for 14 MeV benchmarks.

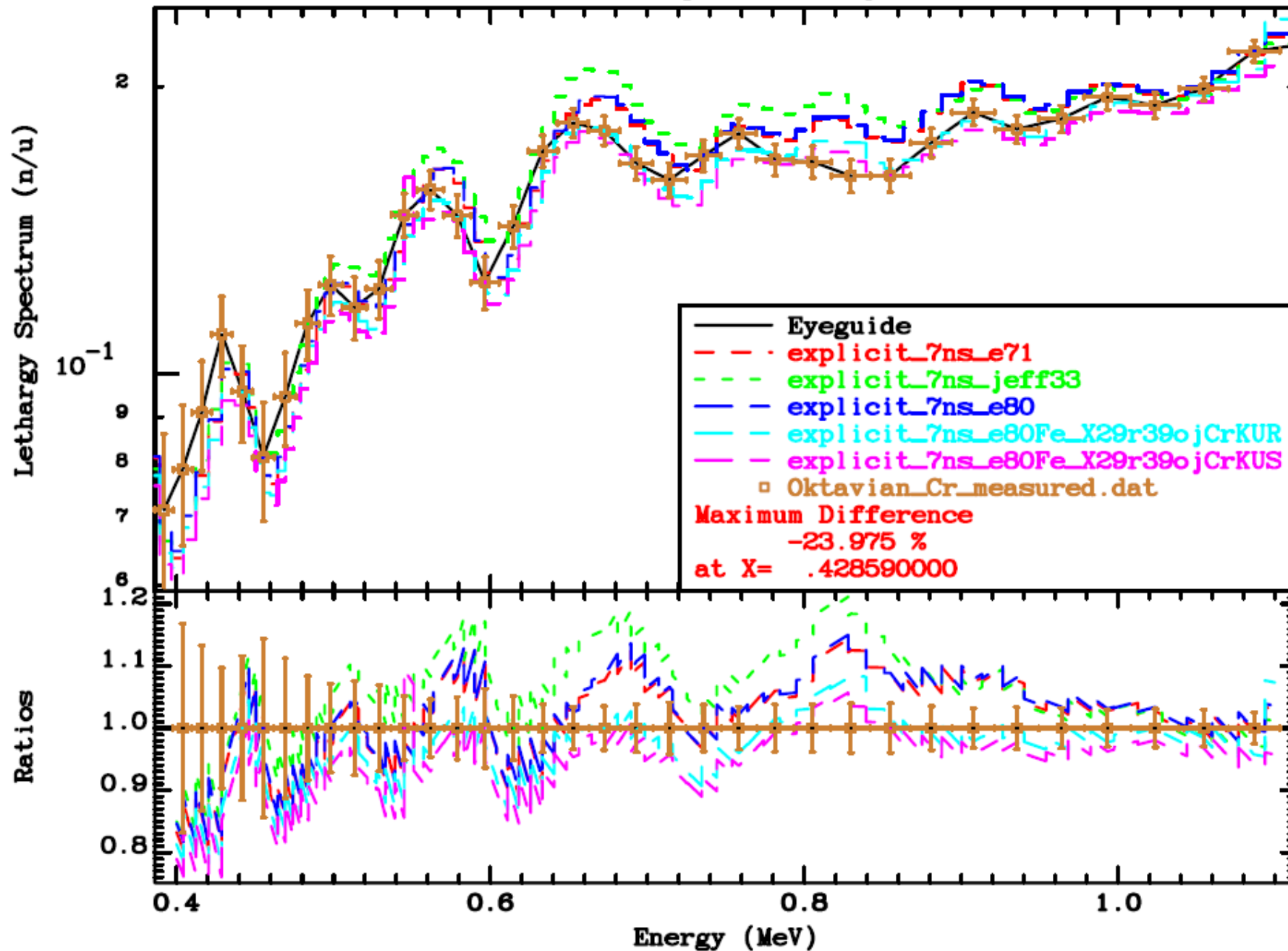
# Oktavian Chromium benchmark, neutron leakage



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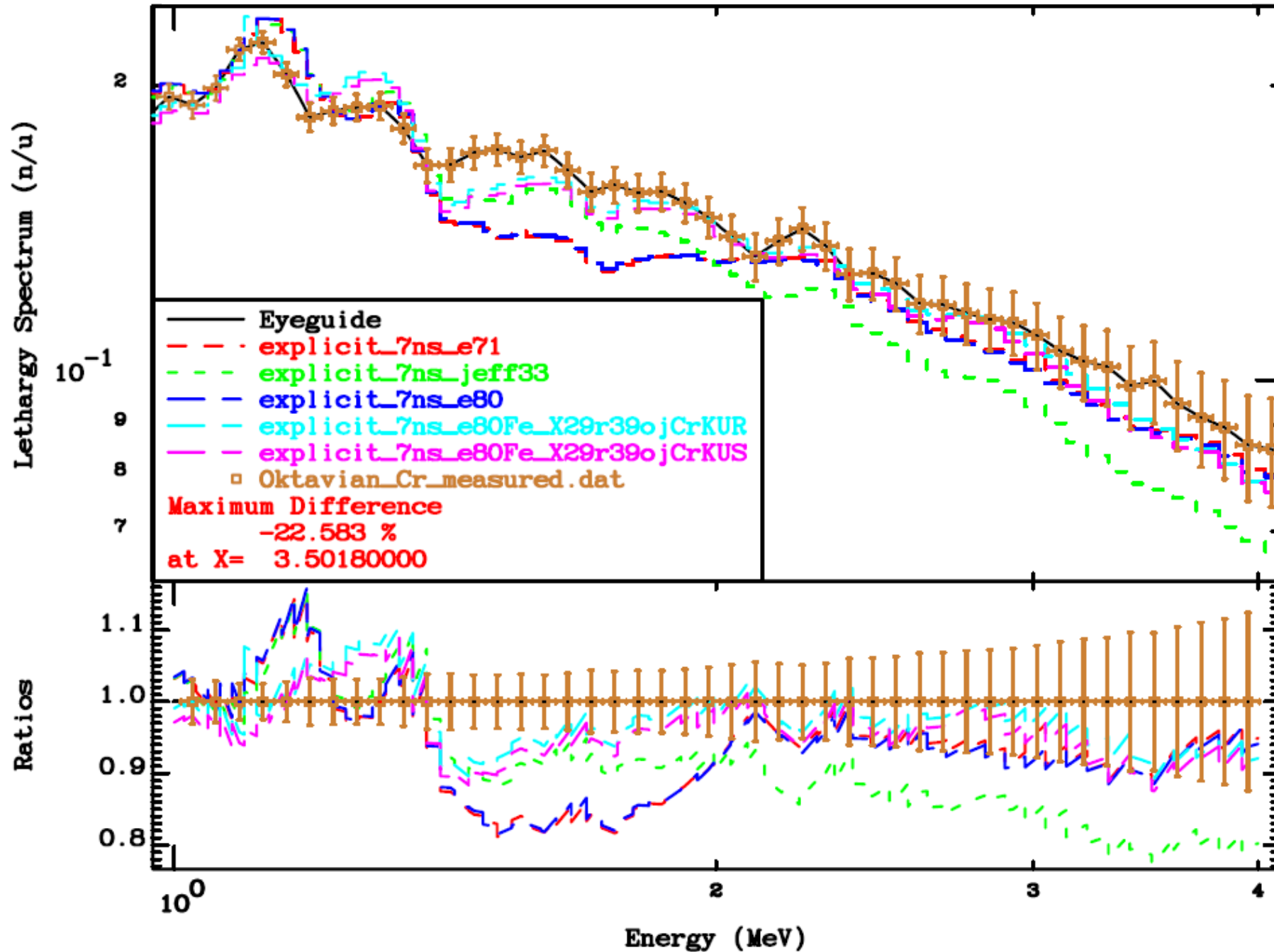


# Oktavian Chromium benchmark, neutron leakage

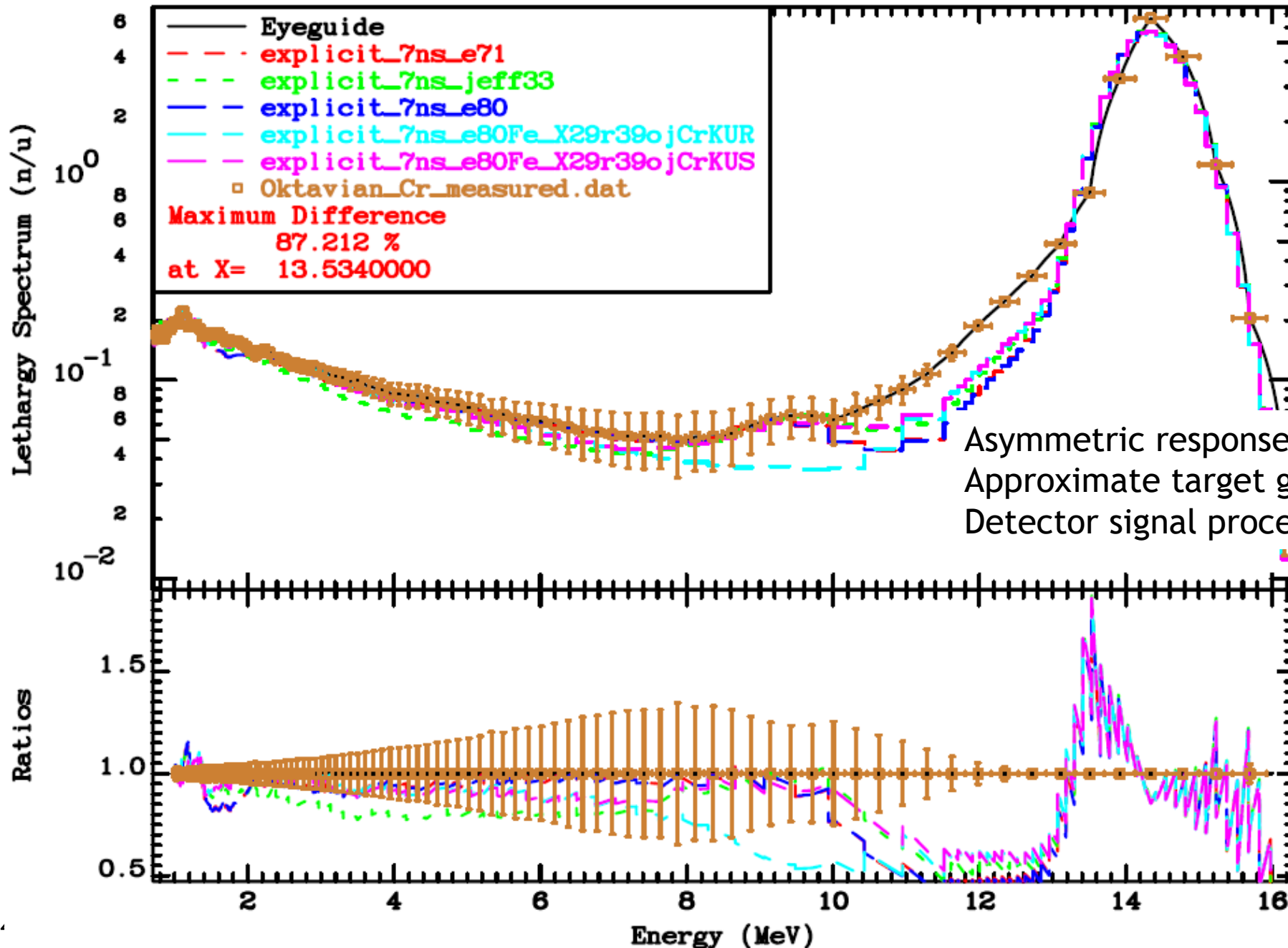




# Oktavian Chromium benchmark, neutron leakage



# Oktavian Chromium benchmark, neutron leakage



# Supplement

Plots of the evolution of burnable nuclide concentrations in a pin-cell defined in Slide 8.

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