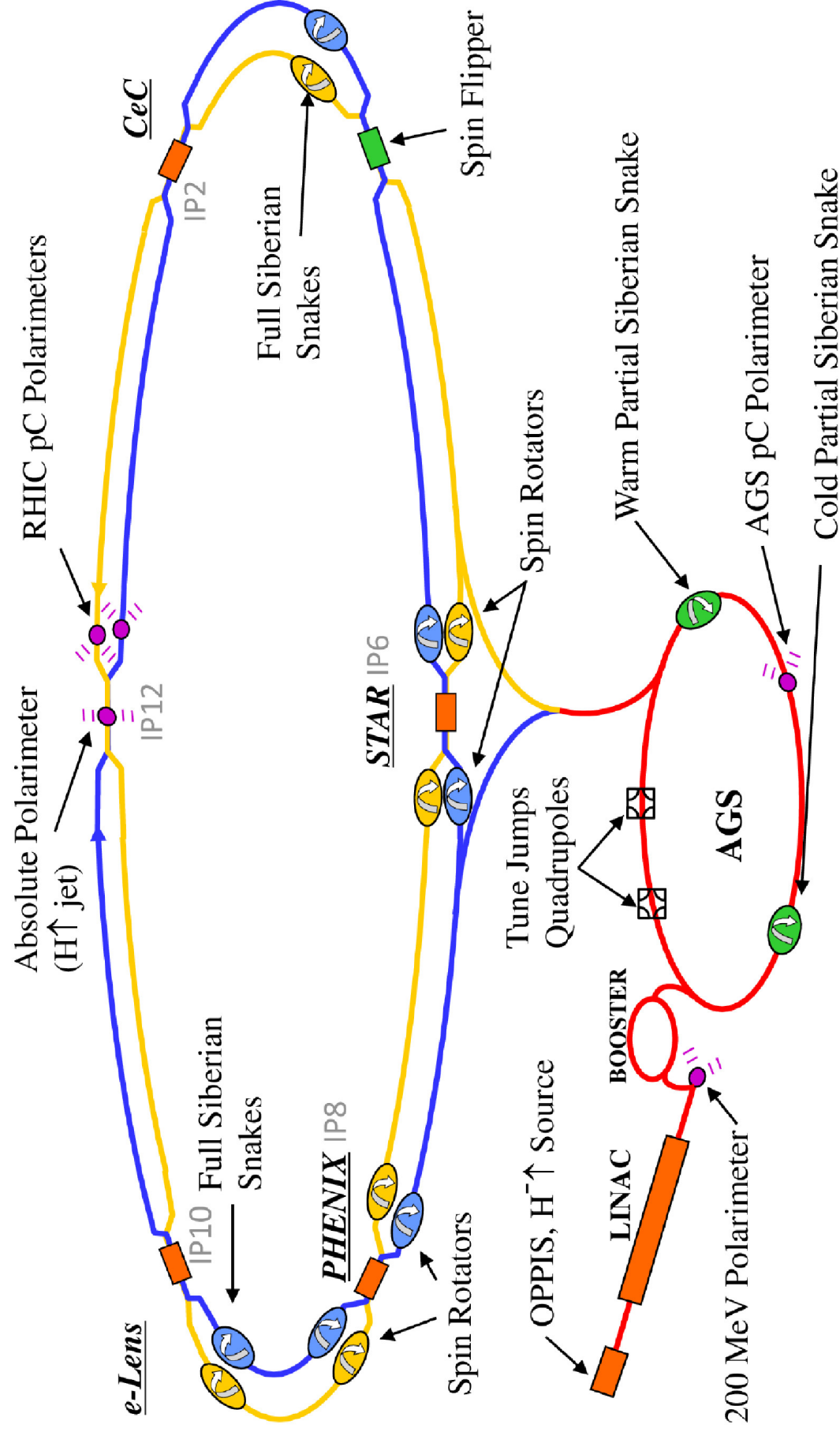


TRANSPORT OF $\vec{^3He}^{2+}$, FROM SOURCE TO COLLISION

François Méot
BNL C-AD

RHIC INSTALLATION LAYOUT



RHIC Run 14: collisions with Helium-3 for the first time, on Gold
<https://www.bnl.gov/rhic/news2/news.asp?a=5026&t=today>

$^3\text{He}^{2+}$ SOURCE TO AGS

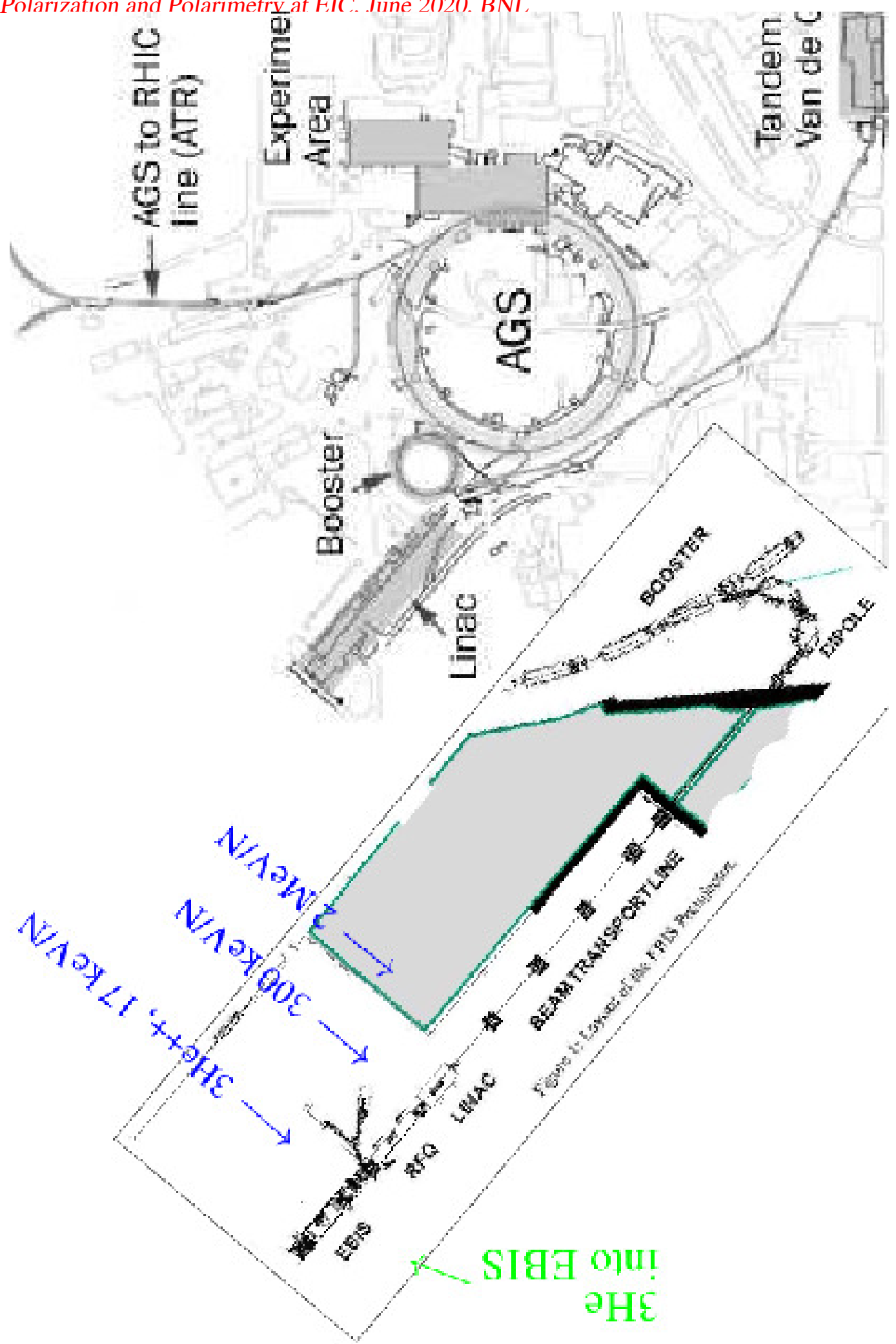


Figure 1: Layout of the EIC Preinjector.

PARTICLE DATA / POLARIZATION

	units	proton (for comparison)	${}^2\text{H}^+$	${}^3\text{He}^{2+}$
mass	MeV/c^2	938.272046	1875.6128	2808.39148
mass/amu	10^{-27}kg	1.672621777	3.34358348	5.00641234
	MeV/c^2	1.00727646	2.013553212	3.0149322
charge Q	$ e $	+1	+1	+2
Q/A		1	1	2/3
number of nucleons, N		1	2	3
number of protons, Z		1	1	2
spin quantum number		1/2	1	1/2
magnetic moment, μ	μ_N	2.7928474	0.85743823	-2.1276253
gyromagnetic ratio $g = \frac{\mu}{\mu_N} \times 2 \frac{m_p \mu_N}{Ze \hbar I}$	μ/μ_N	2	1.99900759	2.99315281
anomalous mag. moment $G = \frac{g-2}{2}$		1.7928474	-0.1429872	-4.18415382
Imp. resonance interval $ mc^2/G $	MeV	523.3	13117	671.2

nuclear magneton unit, $\mu_N = \frac{e \hbar}{2 m_p}$	eV/T	3.1524512×10^{-8}
atomic mass unit, amu	MeV/c^2	931.494061
elementary charge, e	C	$1.602176565 \times 10^{-19}$
speed of light in vac.	m/s	2.99792458×10^8
$\hbar$	J.s	$1.054571726 \times 10^{-34}$
	eV.s	$6.58211928 \times 10^{-16}$

SOME PARAMETERS OF RHIC AND INJECTORS

Proton, for comparison		Comments
BOOSTER INJECTION :		
kin-E (GeV)	0.2	Hyp. : Energy out of linac (Ref. CJG)
$B\rho$ (T.m)	2.1496	
γ	1.2132	
$\beta\gamma$	0.6868	
$G\gamma$	2.175	
BOOSTER EXTRACTION / AGS INJECTION :		
kin-E (GeV)	1.4167	
$B\rho$ (T.m)	7.2051	Max. $B\rho$ in Booster is 17 T.m
γ	2.5100	w/ Qx/y=4.73/4.82 optics
$\beta\gamma$	2.3021	
$G\gamma$	4.5	
AGS EXTRACTION / RHIC INJECTION :		
kin-E (GeV)	22.8738	
$B\rho$ (T.m)	79.3668	
γ	25.3786	
$\beta\gamma$		
$G\gamma$	45.5	Half-int. for AtR match ; not more due to AtR matching limitations.
BOOSTER INJECTION :		
kinetic E (MeV/N)	2.0146	Hyp. : $\beta = 0.0655$ from EBIS IH DTL
$B\rho$ (T.m)	0.3075	Note : $B\rho_{inj,^3\text{He}^{2+}} \ll B\rho_{inj,p}$
γ	1.0022	
$\beta\gamma$	0.0656	
$G\gamma$	-4.1932	
BOOSTER EXTRACTION / AGS INJECTION :		
kinetic E (GeV)	2.2256	0.74186 GeV/N
$B\rho$ (T.m)	6.9678	Consistent w/ p : $B\rho_{inj,^3\text{He}^{2+}} \approx B\rho_{inj,p}$
γ	1.7925	
$\beta\gamma$	1.4876	
$G\gamma$	-7.5	Requires $Q_y < 4.5$ so to escape $12 - Q_y$
Alternate possibility	-10.5	Interest : injection into AGS beyond 0+;
under development		requires $Q_y > 4.5$ so to avoid $6 + Q_y$
AGS EXTRACTION / RHIC INJECTION :		
kinetic E (GeV)	27.7311	9.24369 GeV/N
$B\rho$ (T.m)	50.7185	$B\rho_{extr,^3\text{He}^{2+}} \ll B\rho_{extr,p}$, whereas $B\rho = 79.36 \rightarrow G\gamma = -71$, this leaves room for extraction beyond 60-.
γ	10.8743	
$\beta\gamma$	10.8282	
$G\gamma$	-45.5	
Other possibilities?		
$B\rho$ 55 T.m	-49.5	Better spin match to vertical $\tilde{n}_0$ in RHIC; plateau is further away from 36+, 36+ crossed faster.
$B\rho \rightarrow 79$ T.m		< -51 ? -60+ Q_y is a strong depolarizing resonance

$^3\text{He}^{2+}$ data, best knowledge :

3He SOURCE

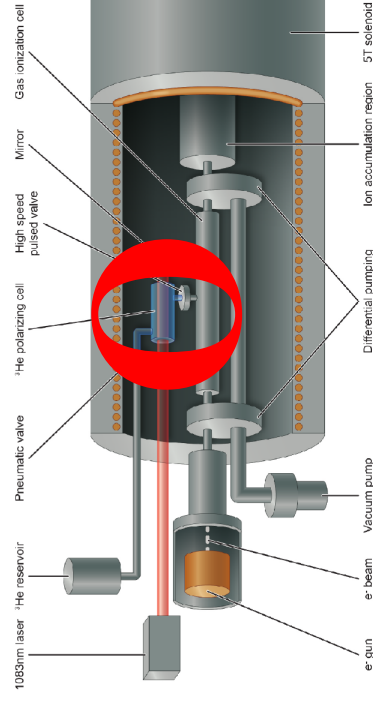
- EBIS has provided He2+, Ne5+, Ar10+, Fe20+, Ti18+, Cu11+, Au32+, U39+ ... for NSRL or RHIC.

Helion adds to the list ... polarization requires dedicated developments.

- High polarization of optically-pumped 3He cell requires the latter to be placed inside the solenoid. The second solenoid, part of EBIS upgrade.

- Requirements:

- ◇ $2 \times 10^{11} \text{ } ^3\text{He}^{2+}$ in a $2\mu\text{s}$ pulse (4 mA)
- ◇ spin-flip every pulse
- ◇ compatibility with regular EBIS operation



Current Setup of Extended EBIS Solenoids

- Plans:
 - ◇ EBIS upgrade, on-going
 - ◇ Installation 2022 - 2023
 - ◇ Expected polarization 80 %



BOOSTER

OPTION 1/2: Extract at $G\gamma = -7.5$ / acceleration to $B\rho \approx 7$ (today's proton)

◇ Imperfection resonances, $G\gamma - n = 0$

- proton range : $G\gamma : 2.175 \rightarrow 4.5$

- $^3\text{He}^{2+}$: $G\gamma : -4.19 \rightarrow -7.5$

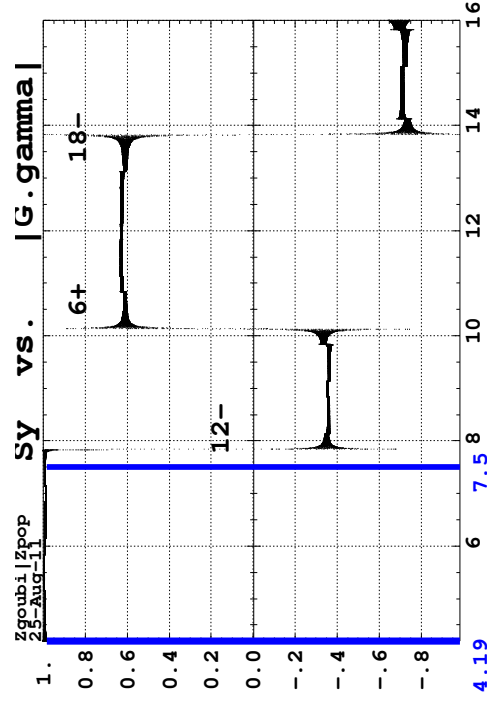
- 2 resonances,

- at $G\gamma = 3, 4$

- 3 resonances, at $G\gamma = 5, 6, 7$

- Correction method: orbit harmonic correction or excitation (spin flip)

◇ Intrinsic resonances, $G\gamma - n = \pm Q_y$

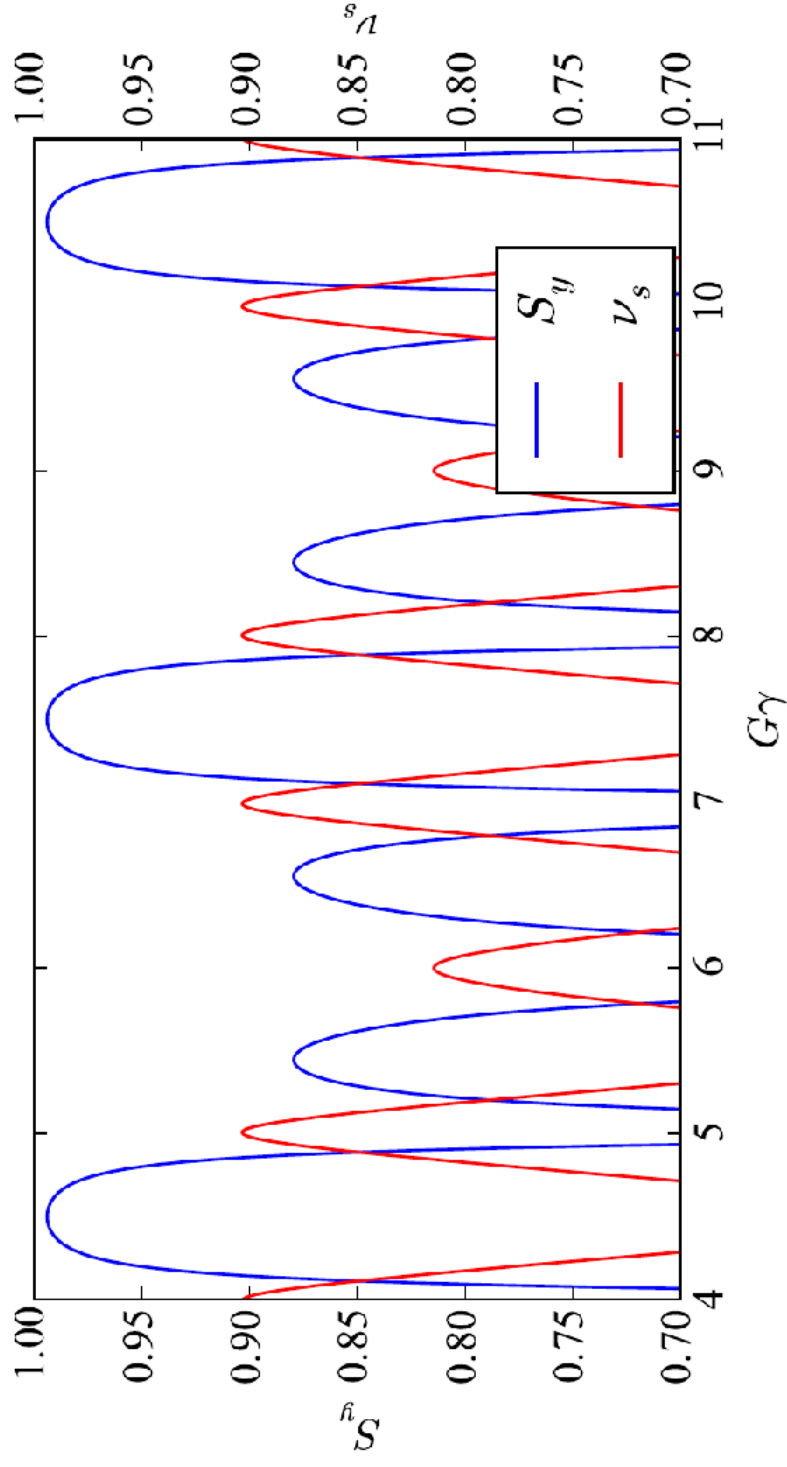


{ set injection $Q_y \approx 4.11$ to avoid $0 + Q_y$ ($< \text{injection } G\gamma = 4.19$)

{ maintain $12 - Q_y$ beyond extraction $G\gamma = -7.5$, using $Q_y < 4.5$

OPTION (2/2)

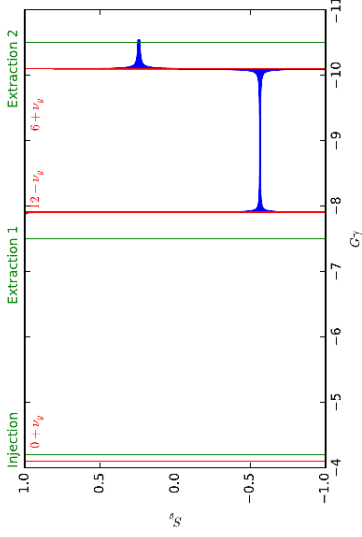
- ◇ Extract at a higher $G\gamma$
- ◇ $G\gamma = -10.5$ is the next best match to AGS $\vec{n}_0$ beyond $G\gamma = -7.5$:



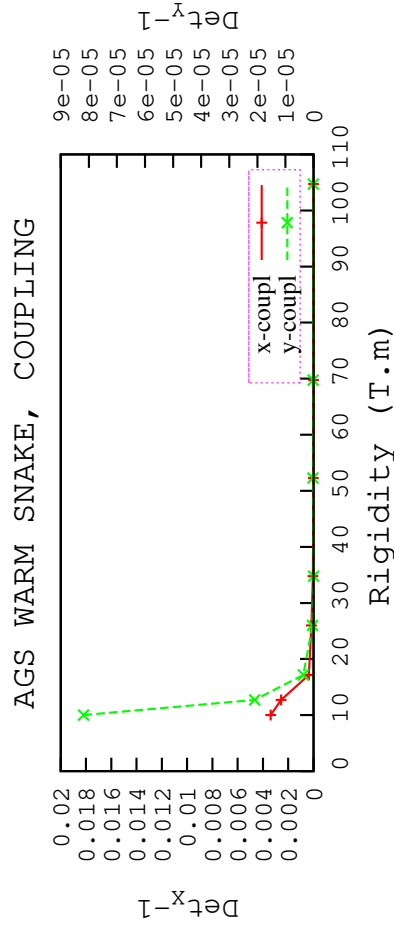
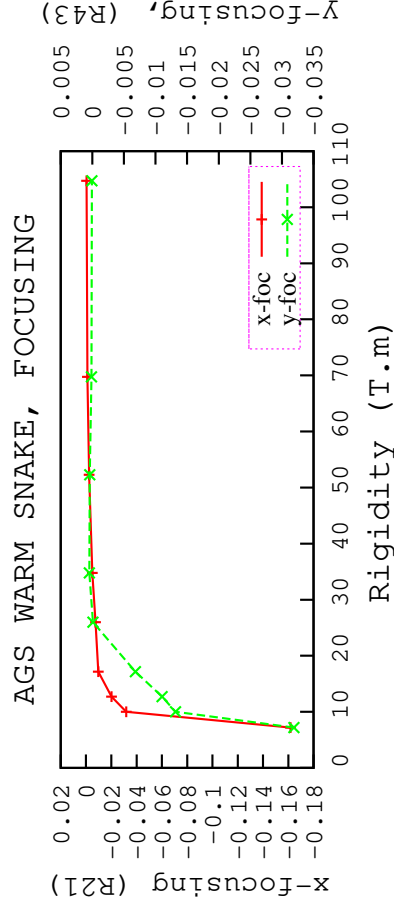
blue: vertical component of the stable spin direction $\vec{n}_0$ in the AGS

red: spin tune

- ◇ Extraction $G_\gamma = -10.5$ imposes crossing $G_\gamma = -12 + Q_y \approx -8^+$
- ◇ That also requires crossing $G_\gamma = -6 - Q_y \approx -10^-$ as extracting before -6- Q_y would require moving $Q_y > 4.5$ and we do not like that!



- Interest of extraction $|G_\gamma| > 7.5$:
 - $G_\gamma = -7.5$ is $B\rho = 6.97$ T.m, even lower than proton's at $B\rho = 7.21$ at $G_\gamma = 4.5$;
 - this low-rigidity region is one of substantial optics perturbations in the AGS : strong betatron distortion, and coupling .



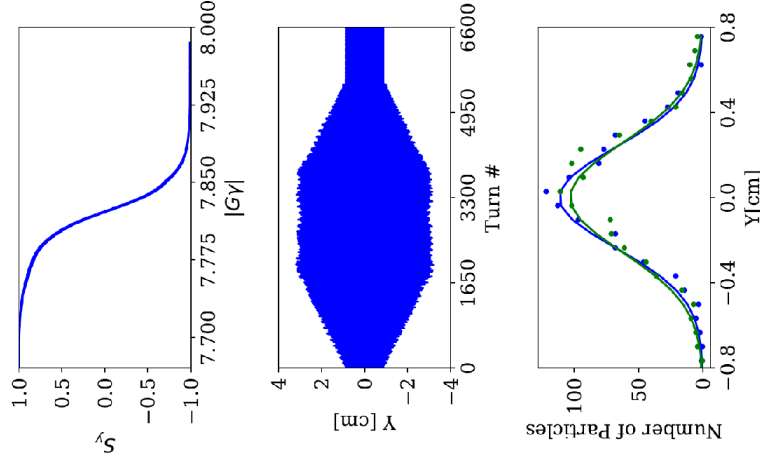
- **Higher extraction rigidity from booster requires visiting capabilities: Booster MM power supplies; booster extraction kicker (9.5 T m); injection system limits in AGS ...**

[C. Gardner, Injector setup for Helions in eRHIC, Spin Meetings, Nov. 18, 2015]

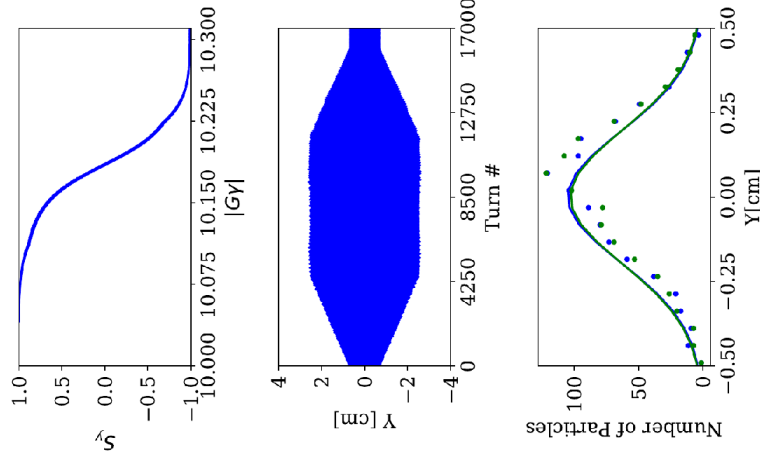
• AN AC DIPOLE

Has been installed in Booster.

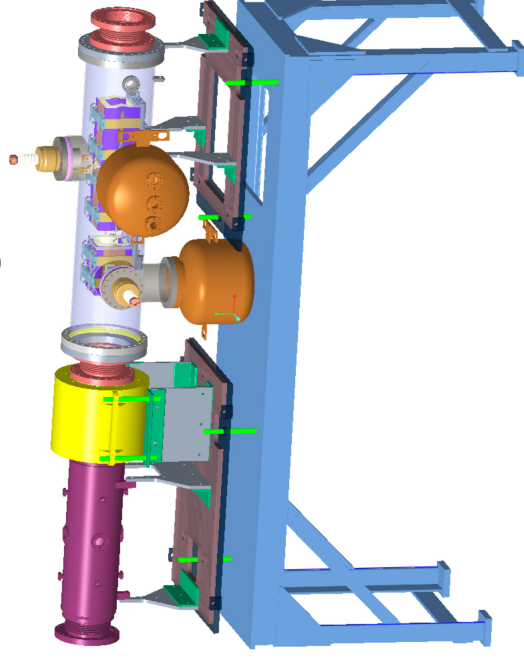
$$G\gamma = -12 + Q_y$$



$$-6 - Q_y$$



- ◇ AC dipole & tune kicker at booster E3 straight:

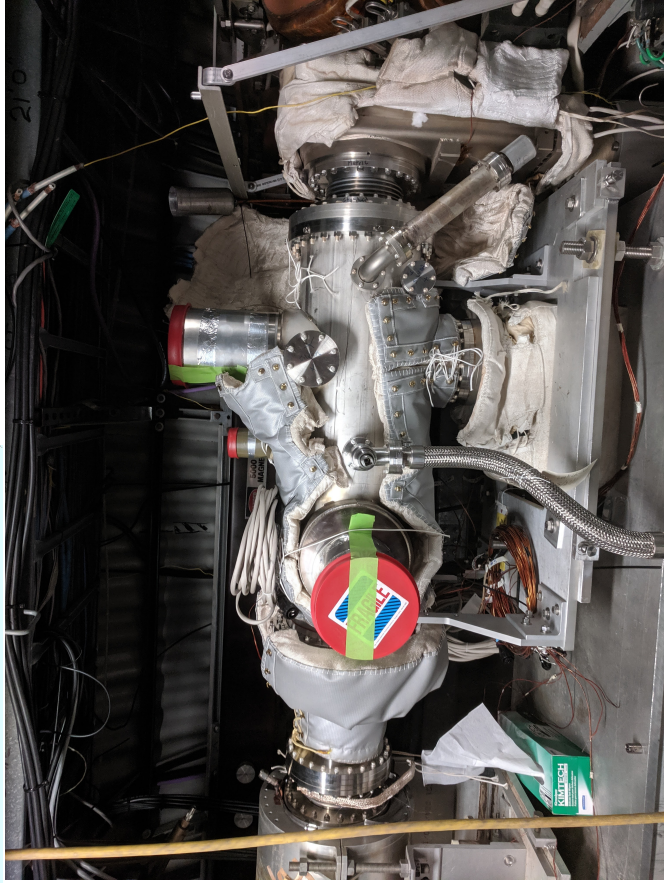
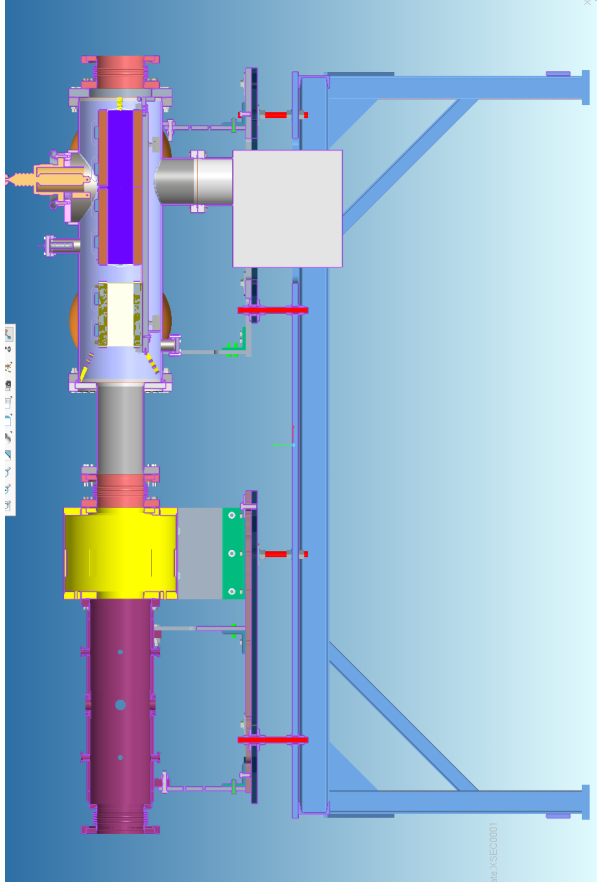


$$\diamond f_{\text{osc}} \approx 250 \text{ kHz}$$

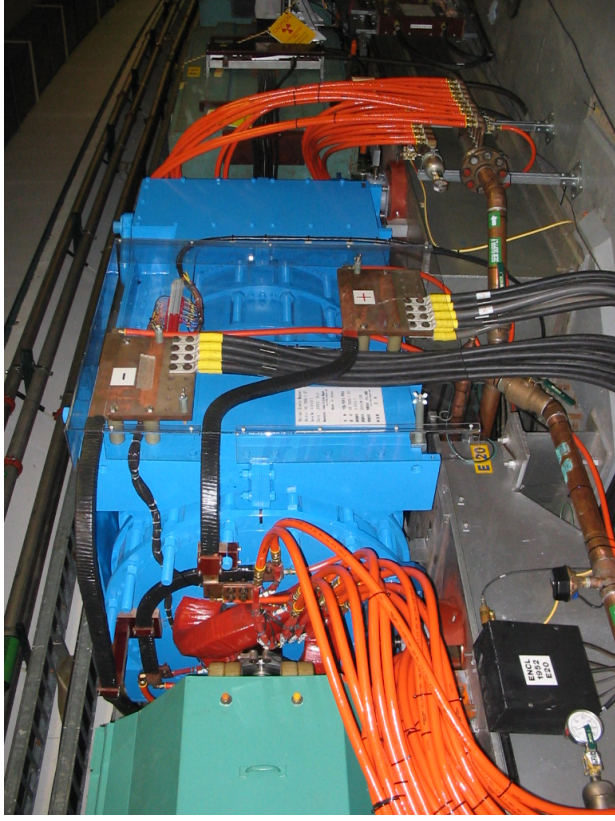
• Plans:

- ◇ Next Fall: Establish beam dynamics and acceptance upon wide vertical beam shaking
- ◇ January 2021: polarized proton beams will allow establishing spin flipping
- Resonance crossed will be $G\gamma = 0 + Q_y$ ($Q_y \approx 4.2$)

AN AC DIPOLE IN BOOSTER (cont'd)



- ^3He in AGS



• ³He in AGS (cont'd)

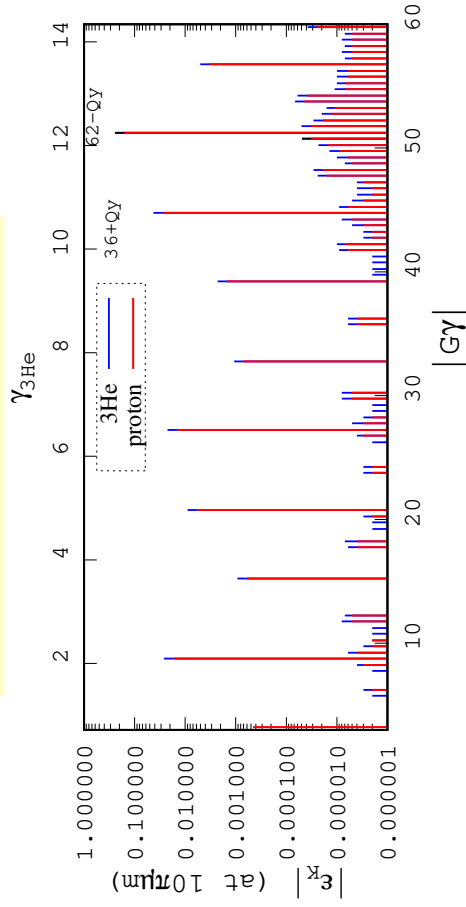
◇ G= -4.18: AGS partial snakes are 2.3 times stronger than for protons

◇ With ³He, snakes are $\frac{|G^{3\text{He}}|}{G_p} = 2.3$ times stronger than for protons :

	Warm snake	Cold snake
B max (T)	1.5	3
B nominal (T)	2.1	2.1
snake angle (deg.)	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{proton : } ^3\text{He}^{2+} : \\ \text{“}\sigma_0 \text{ snake” : } ^3\text{He}^{2+} : \end{array} \right\}$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \approx 11 \\ \approx 21 \end{array} \right\}$
	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 26 \\ 6 \end{array} \right\}$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 44 \\ 12 \end{array} \right\}$
	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 15 \\ 25 \end{array} \right\}$	

◇ At identical normalized emittance, strengths of intrinsic resonances satisfy

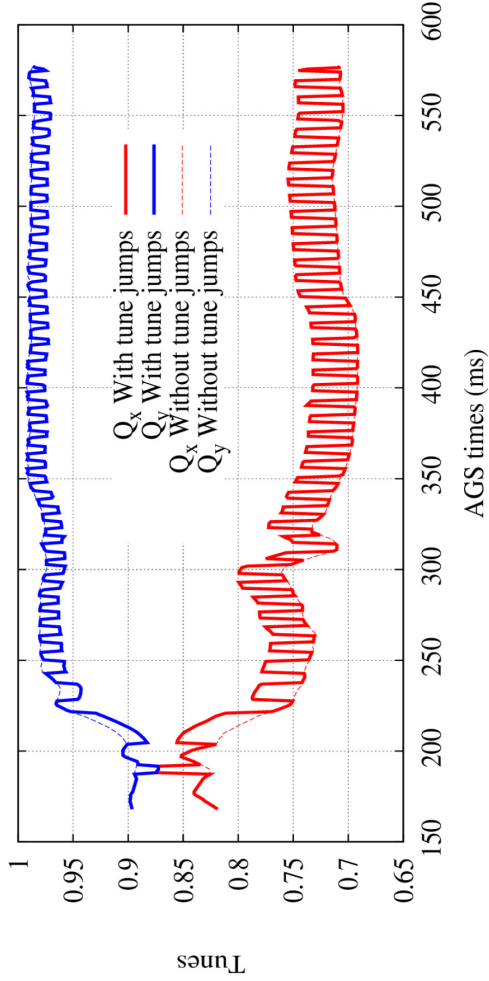
$$\frac{|\epsilon^{3\text{He}}|}{|\epsilon_p|} = \sqrt{\frac{|G^{3\text{He}}|}{G_p}} \approx 1.5$$



◇ This is ok for overcoming 1.5 times stronger resonances.

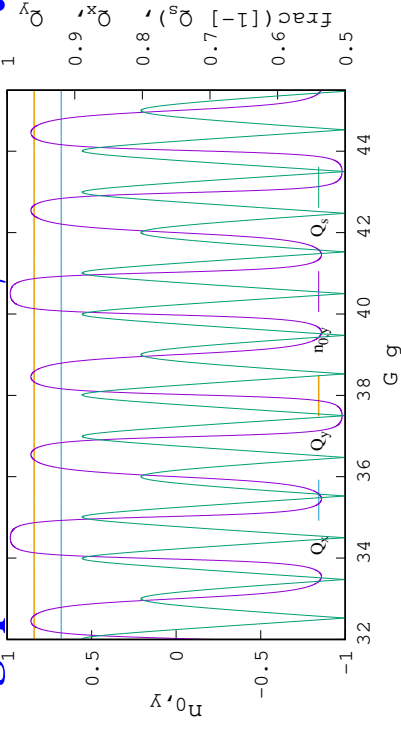
◇ Issue however : snakes induce $\vec{n}_0$ tilt resulting in harmful 81 resonance series

$G\gamma = \text{int.} \pm Q_x$, stronger with ³He.

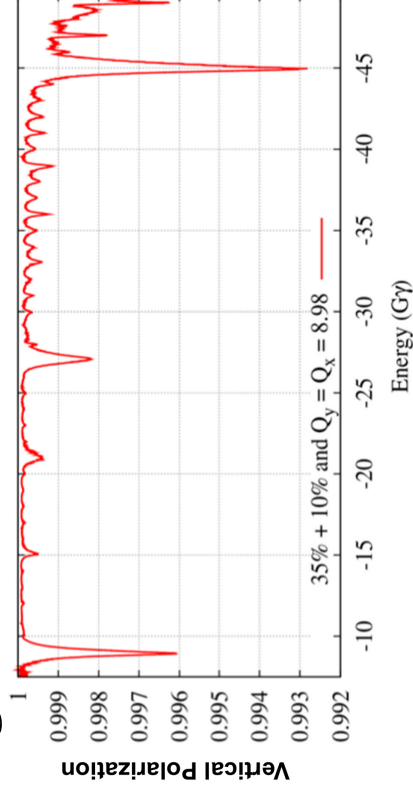


- Foreseen: two 35%+15% partial snakes generate a large spin tune gap.
- Both betatron tunes can be put into gap to avoid all depolarizing resonances.

◇ Q_x and Q_y in spin gap $\Rightarrow G\gamma = \text{int.} \pm Q_{x,y}$ never happens :



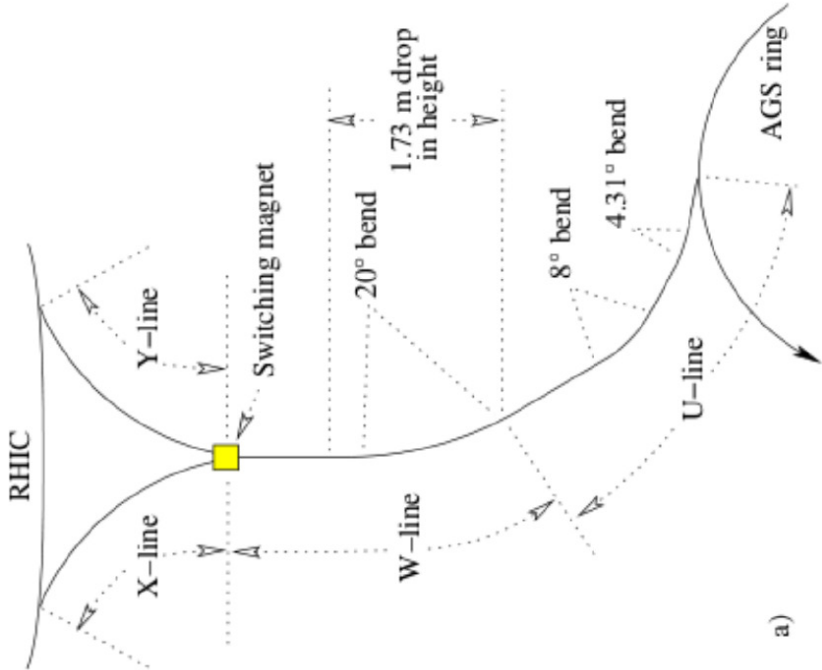
◇ Proof-of-principle tracking simulation : a 2000-³He bunch, $G\gamma = -7.5 \rightarrow -45.5$:



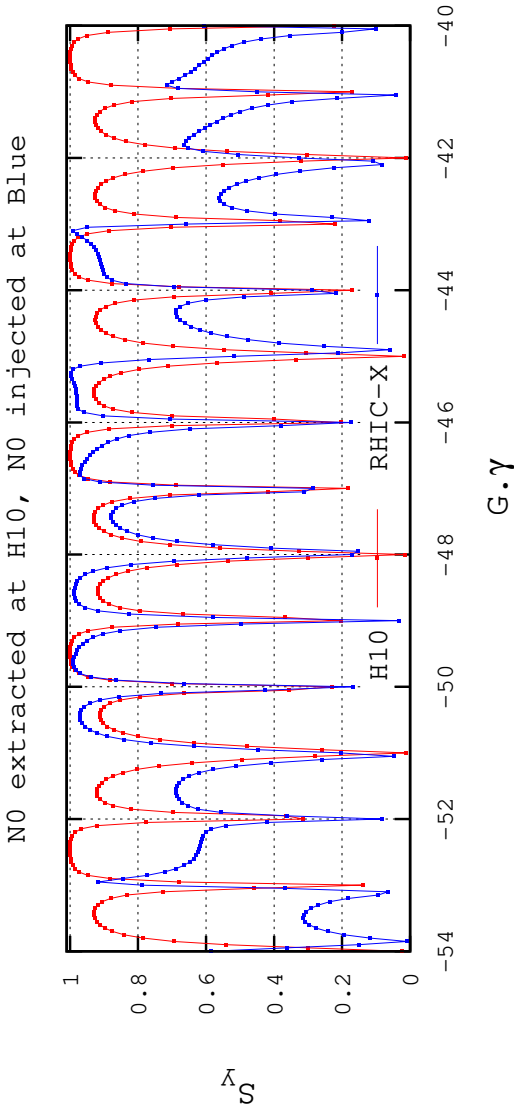
• Higher injection rigidity from booster requires visiting capabilities: injection system limits in AGS; RF systems/frequencies ...

[C. Gardner, Injector setup for Helions in eRHIC, Spin Meetings, Nov. 18, 2015]

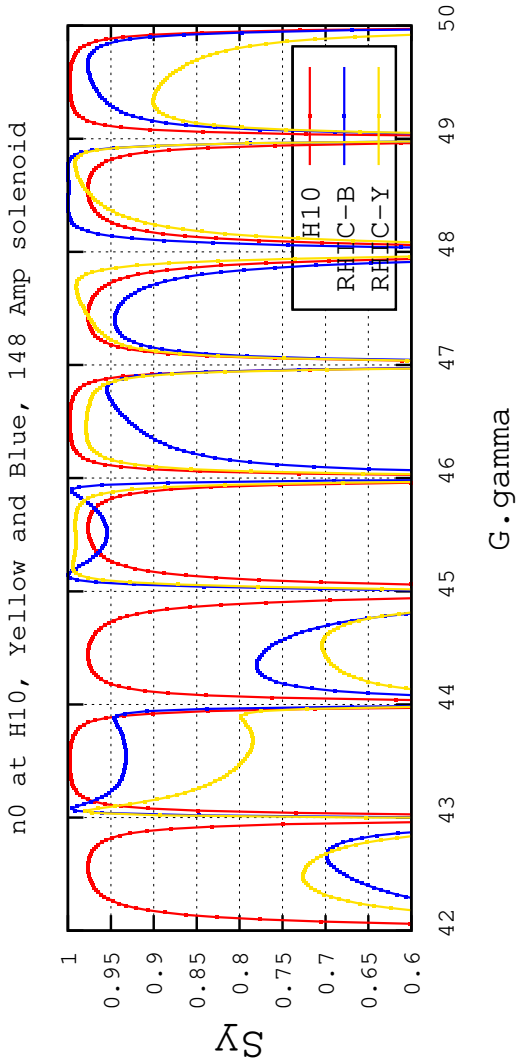
• AtR



The AtR line.



Vertical component of $\vec{n}_0$ at AGS extraction septum (**red**) and at RHIC Blue injection kicker (**blue curve**). Snakes **6% and 15%**



Proton case for comparison

- Today's 100% transmission to 100 eV and 15% loss to 255 GeV indicate a resonance compensation threshold (by the pair of full snakes) in 0.18-0.45.

- Resonances with ${}^3\text{He}^{2+}$ are stronger by

$$\left(\frac{|G^3\text{He}|}{G_p} \right)^{1/2} = 1.53,$$

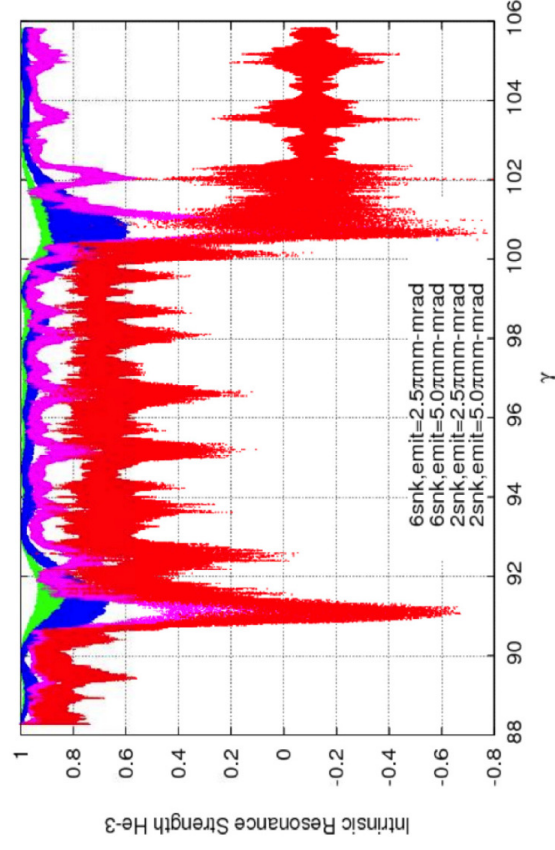
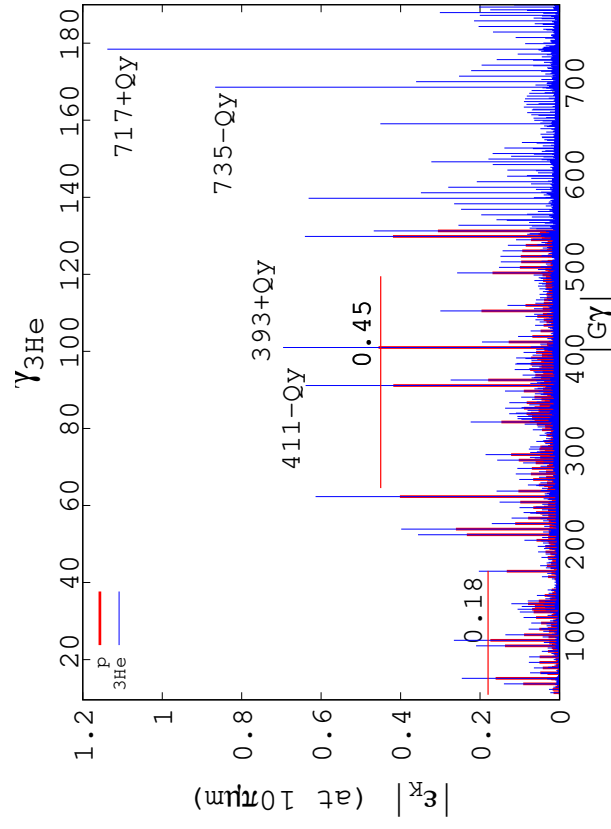
snakes are $\frac{G^3\text{He}}{G_p} = 2.3$ as strong.

- On the other hand:
- resonance spectrum is denser
- imperfection and intrinsic resonances overlap, this affects polarization (excites snake resonances)

- Simulations show that 2 snakes do not maintain polarization upon crossing of

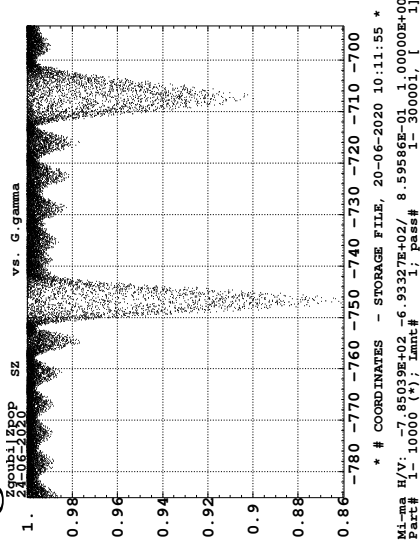
$$G\gamma = -411 + Q_y \quad (\gamma = 91) \quad \text{or}$$

$$G\gamma = -393 - Q_y \quad (\gamma = 101) \quad \dots$$

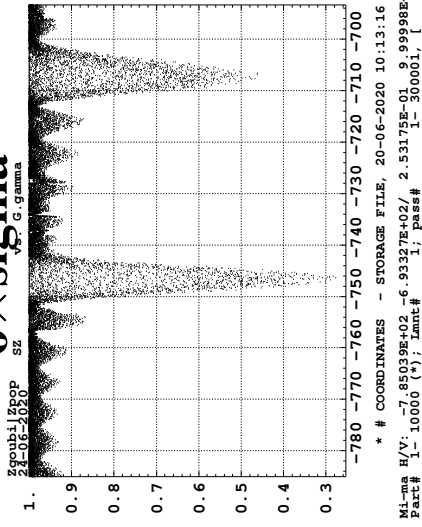


- Whereas 6-snake do ... and beyond $G\gamma = 717 + Q_y$ ($\gamma \approx 170$)

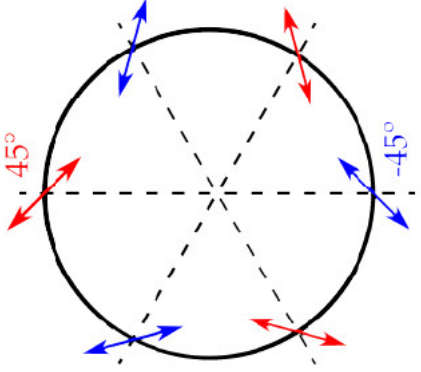
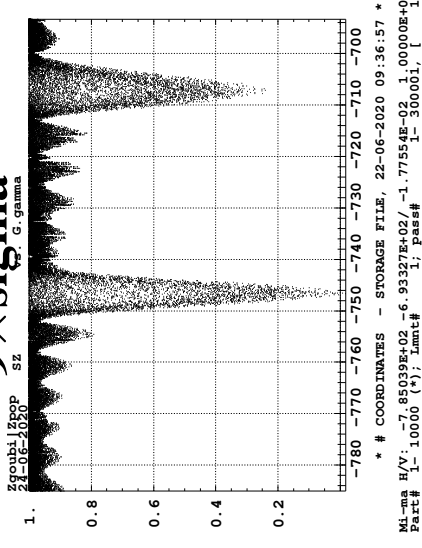
$1 \times \text{sigma invariant} = 0.75 \mu\text{m}$



$6 \times \text{sigma}$



$9 \times \text{sigma}$



- Foreseen scheme :

- 6 snakes ensure $N_{\text{snakes}} > 5 \times \text{Max}[\epsilon_{\text{int}}] \approx 5$,
 - $2\pi/6$ distance ensures energy-independent Q_s ,
 - snake axes at $\phi_k = \pm 45^\circ$ yield
- $$Q_s = \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{k=1}^6 (-)^k \phi_k = 3/2$$
- build 4 additional snakes from existing, like-helicity, rotator modules

In Summary:

- **No showstopper**
- **Substantial amount of work left to converge on design and parameters:**
 - **conclude on possible options**
 - **settle questions related with higher rigidity out of Booster / into AGS**
 - **complete whatever work is needed to assure $> 70\%$ at store ...**
- **... for real soon, 2023+ ?**

Thank you for your attention