

# EMCal for eID

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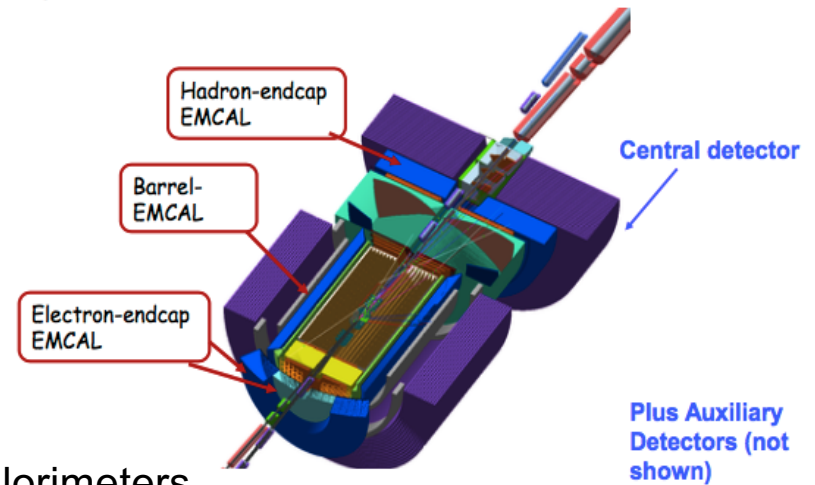
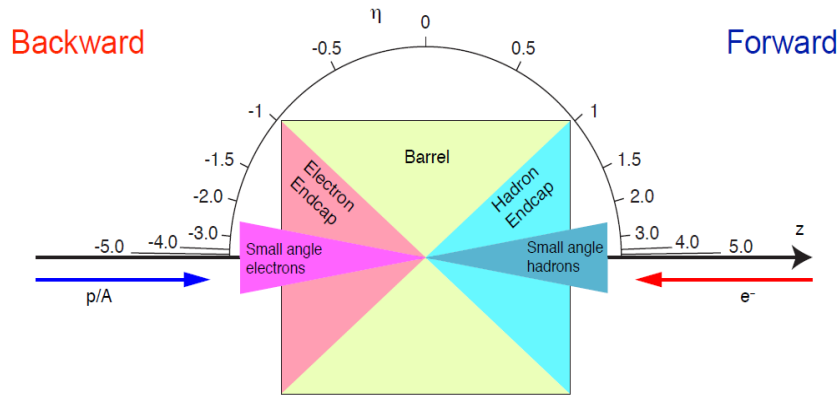
For the EIC-YR-Detector-Calorimetry Group

Pavia Meeting

May 20-22, 2020

# EIC Calorimetry overview

- Several options including crystals, glass, W/ScFi, Shashlyk, Pb/Sc, PbGI, etc.



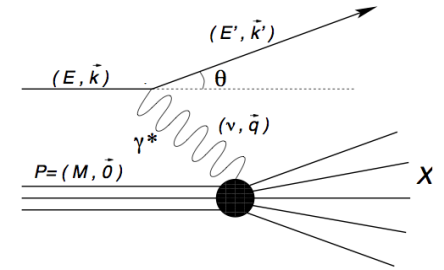
Detector Matrix for the calorimeters

$\eta$	Nomenclature	EmCal						HCal			
		Energy resolution %	Spatial resolution mm	Granularity $\text{cm}^2$	Min photon energy MeV	PID $e/\pi$ $\pi$ suppression	Technology solution	Energy resolution %	Spatial resolution mm	Granularity $\text{cm}^2$	Technology solution
-3.5 : -2	backward	$2/\sqrt{E} \oplus 1$	$3/\sqrt{E} \oplus 1$	2x2	50	100	PbWO <sub>4</sub>	$50/\sqrt{E} \oplus 10$	$50/\sqrt{E} \oplus 30$	10x10	Fe/Sc
-2 : -1	backward	$7/\sqrt{E} \oplus 1.5$	$3(6)/\sqrt{E} \oplus 1$	2.5x2.5 (4x4)	100	100	DSB:Ce glass; Shashlik; Lead glass	$50/\sqrt{E} \oplus 10$	$50/\sqrt{E} \oplus 30$	10x10	Fe/Sc
-1 : 1	barrel	$(10-12)/\sqrt{E} \oplus 2$	$3/\sqrt{E} \oplus 1$	2.5x2.5	100	100	W/ScFi	$100/\sqrt{E} \oplus 10$	$50/\sqrt{E} \oplus 30$	10x10	Fe/Sc
1 : 3.5	forward	$(10-12)/\sqrt{E} \oplus 2$	$3/\sqrt{E} \oplus 1$	2.5x2.5 (4x4)	100	100	W/ScFi Shashlyk, glass	$50/\sqrt{E} \oplus 10$	$50/\sqrt{E} \oplus 30$	10x10	Fe/Sc

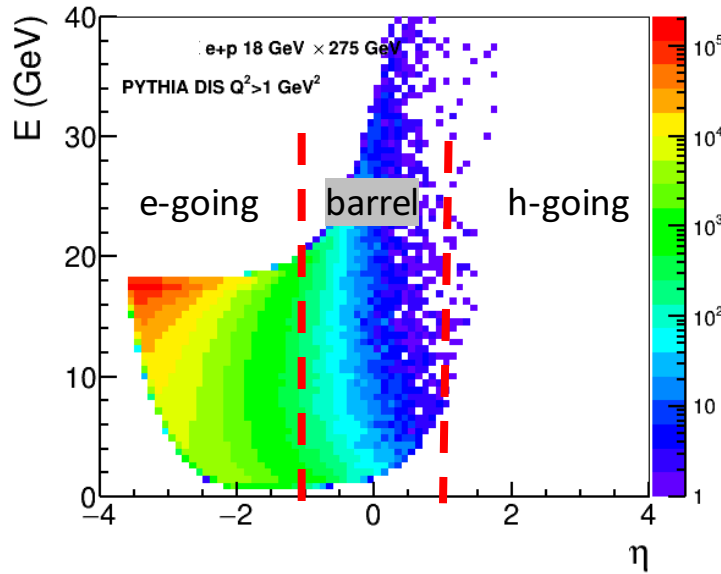
Technology selection depends on the space available  
 Several other technologies are under consideration  
 Material in front will affect the resolution

$e/\pi$ : pion suppression depends on the energy, and the energy and momentum resolutions

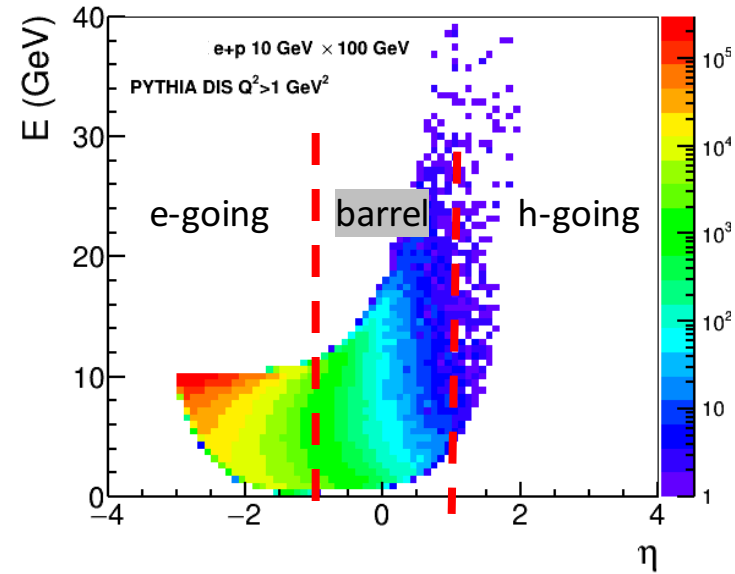
# Inclusive DIS: scattered electron



e+p 18x275 GeV

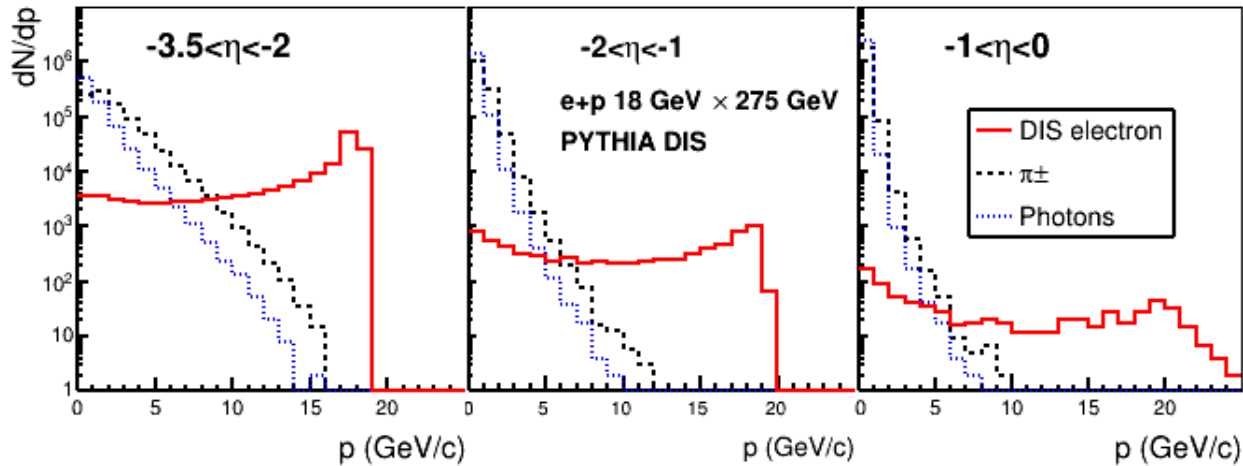
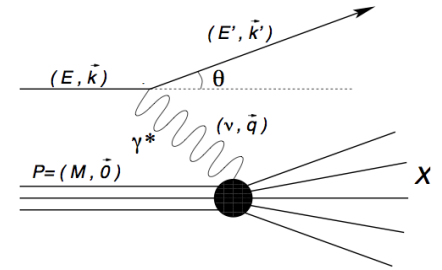


e+p 10x100 GeV

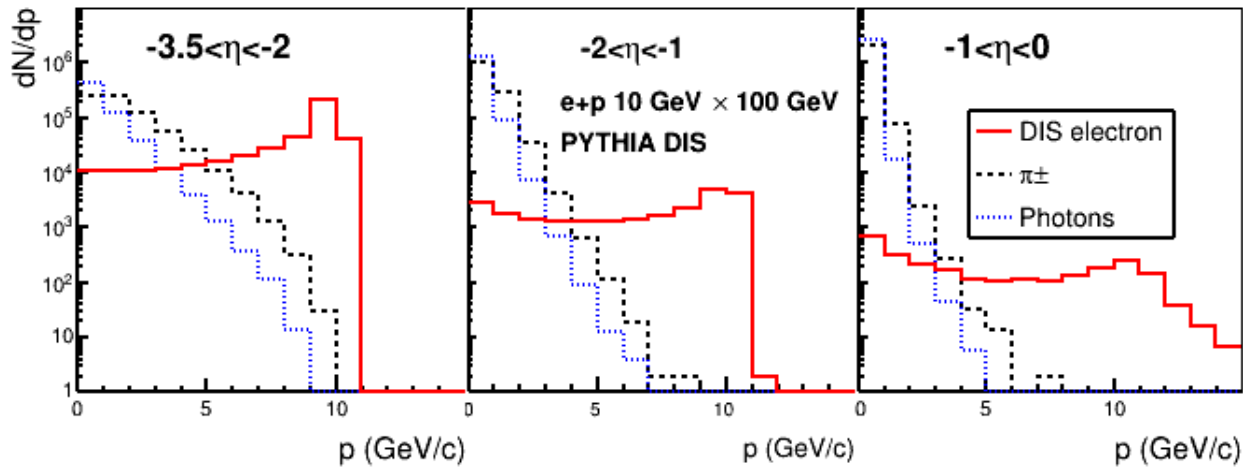


Mostly scattered in backward (e-going) and barrel  
 Electron energy varies from 0 to e-beam energy in backward (e-going)  
 And to higher energy in barrel and h-going region

# Inclusive DIS: background



18x275 GeV



10x100 GeV

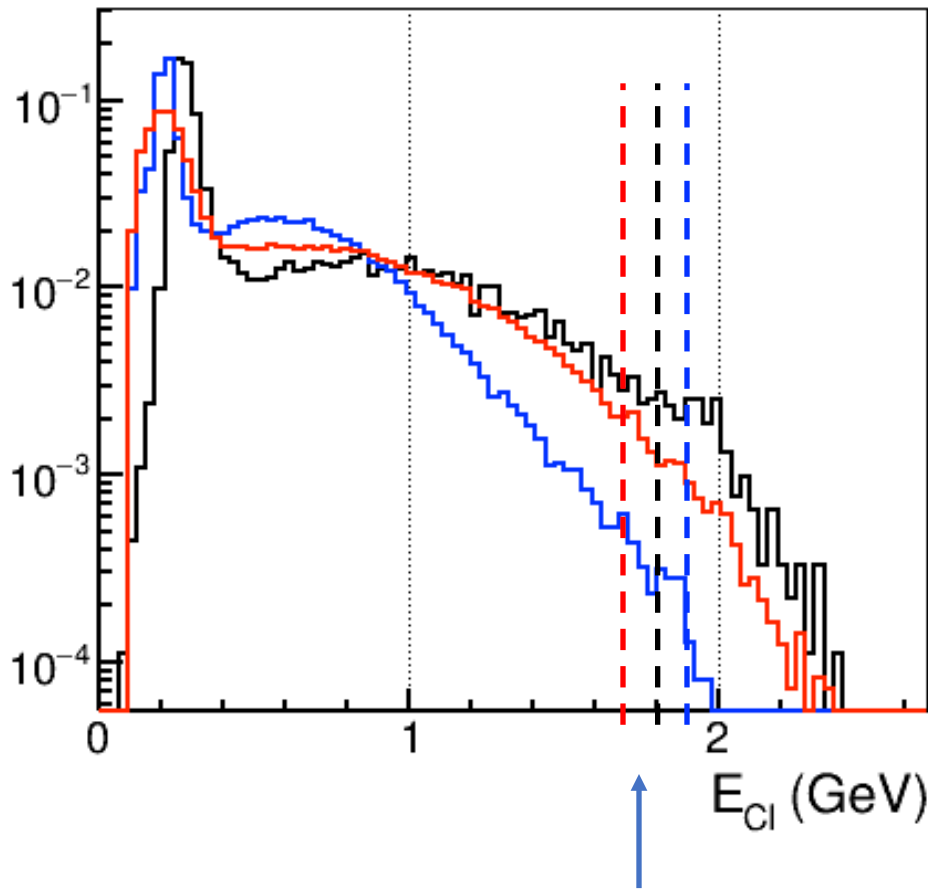
Clean measurements at higher momenta  
Huge background at lower momenta

# $h_{\pm}$ response in EMCal

## Ideal case:

- No material on the way to EMCal
- Perfect EMCal (no gaps/cracks)
- Gaussian response to electron

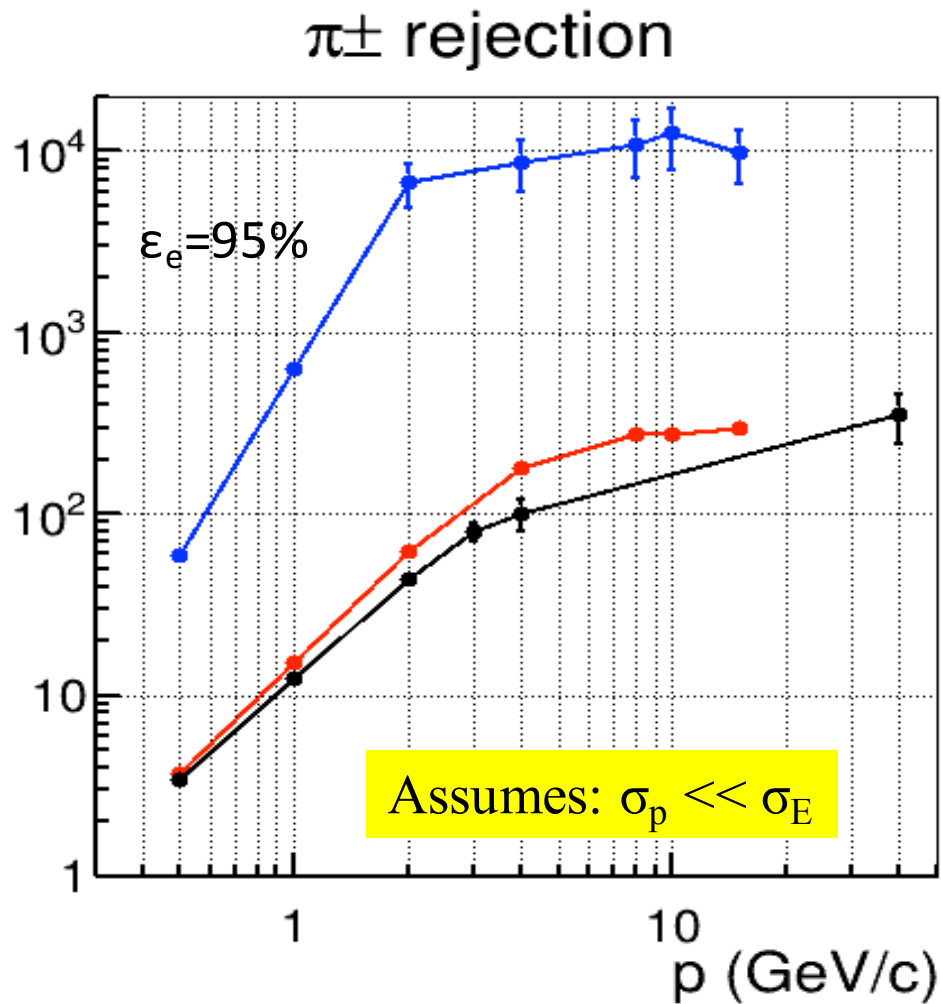
EMCal response to 2 GeV/c  $\pi^{-}$



$E/p > 1 - 1.6 \cdot \sigma_{EMC}$  to keep  $\epsilon_e = 95\%$

	<b>PbWO<sub>4</sub> Crystal (GEANT)</b>	<b>W/SciFi (sPHENIX, GEANT)</b>	<b>PbSc (PHENIX, data)</b>
Depth, $X_0$	20	$\sim 20$	18
$\frac{\sigma_E}{E}$	$\frac{2.5\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 1\%$	$\frac{13\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 3\%$	$\frac{8\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 2\%$
Depth, $\lambda_1$	0.87	$\sim 0.83$	0.85
e/h	$> 2$		$< 1.3$

# $\pi^\pm$ rejection with $E/p$ cut



## Ideal case:

- No material on the way to EMCal
- Perfect EMCal (no gaps/cracks)
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	<b>PbWO<sub>4</sub></b> <b>Crystal</b> (GEANT)	<b>W/SciFi</b> (sPHENIX, GEANT)	<b>PbSc</b> (PHENIX, data)
Depth, $X_0$	20	~20	18
$\frac{\sigma_E}{E}$	$\frac{2.5\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 1\%$	$\frac{13\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 3\%$	$\frac{8\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 2\%$
Depth, $\lambda_1$	0.87	~0.83	0.85
e/h	>2		<1.3

$E/p > 1 - 1.6 \cdot \sigma_{EMC}$  to keep  $\epsilon_e = 95\%$

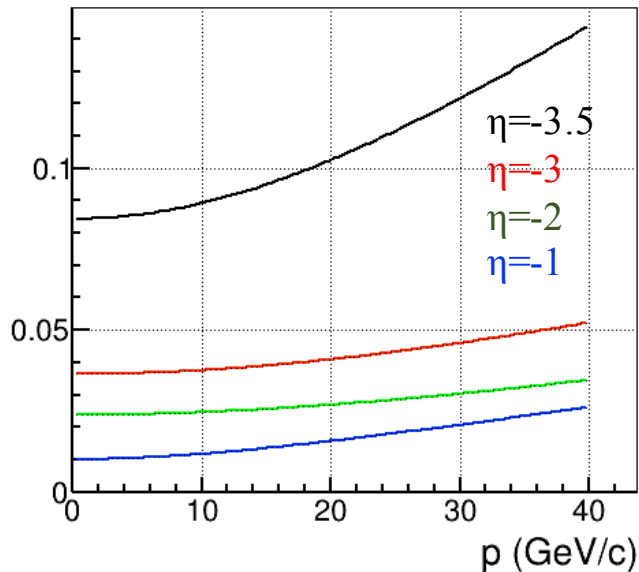
# Including momentum resolution

PbWO<sub>4</sub> Crystal (GEANT)

$$\frac{\sigma_E}{E} = \frac{2.5\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 1\%$$

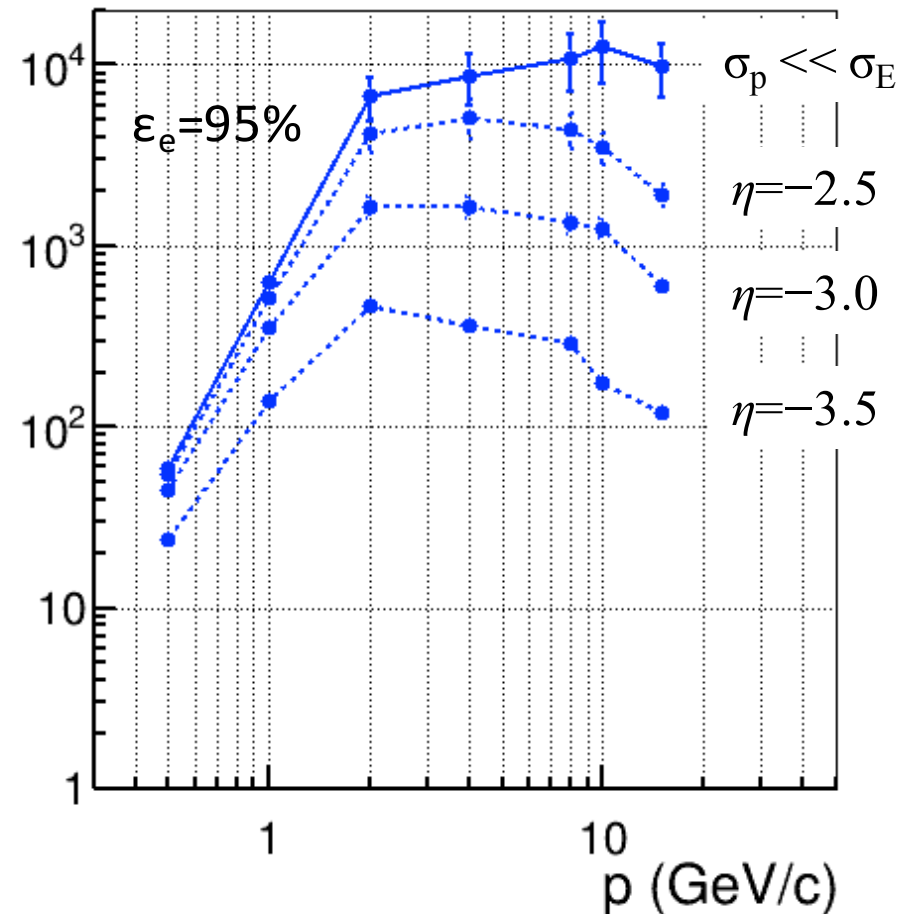
BaBar-based Tracking model:  
 TPC (barrel), Si +GEM (forw)  
 (Fun4All-GEANT4 simulation)

$\Delta p/p$  vs  $p$  (GeV/c)



$$E/p > 1 - 1.6 \cdot \sqrt{\sigma_{EMC}^2 + \sigma_p^2} \text{ to keep } \varepsilon_e = 95\%$$

$\pi^\pm$  rejection



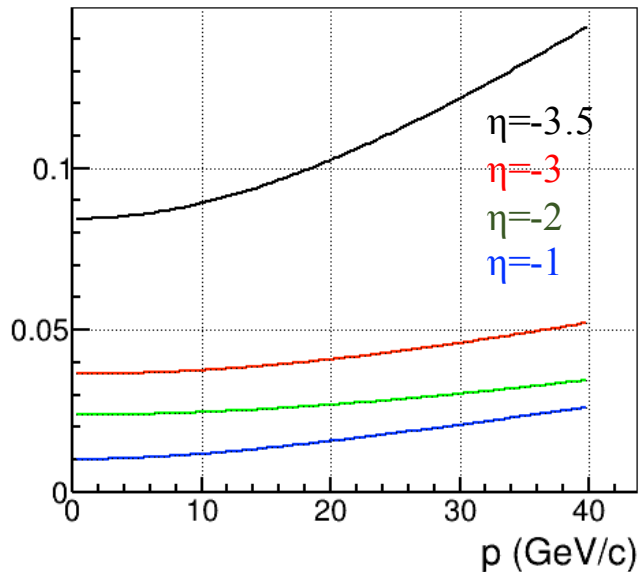
# DIS: Hadronic Background Suppression

PbWO<sub>4</sub> Crystal (GEANT)

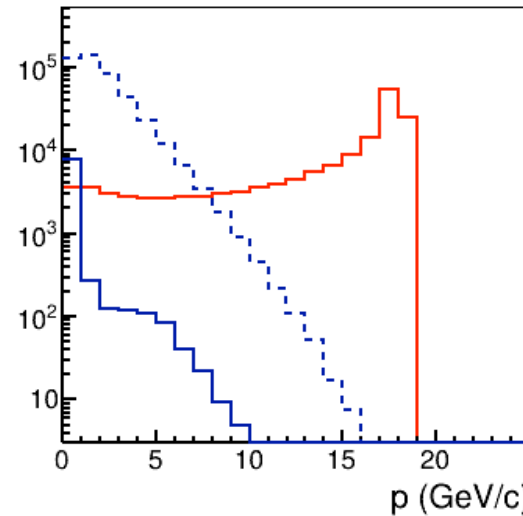
$$\frac{\sigma_E}{E} = \frac{2.5\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 1\%$$

BaBar-based Tracking model:  
 TPC (barrel), Si +GEM (forw)  
 (Fun4All-GEANT4 simulation)

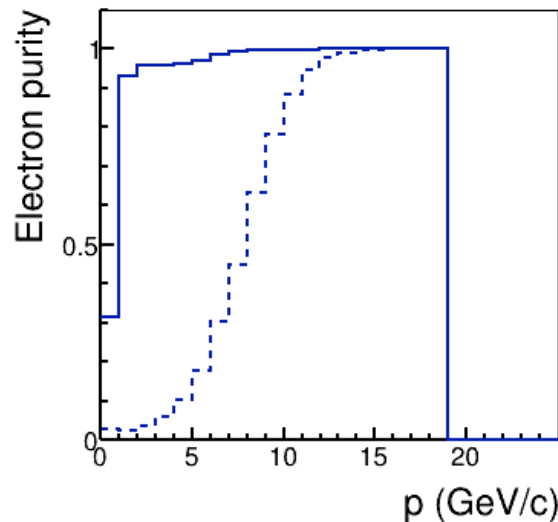
$\Delta p/p$  vs  $p$  (GeV/c)



e+p 18x275  
 $-3.5 < \eta < -2$



$e$   
 Dashed:  $\pi^-$   
 solid:  $\pi^-$ , after E/p



Purity =  $e / (e + \pi)$

Dashed: Before E/p  
 Solid: After E/p



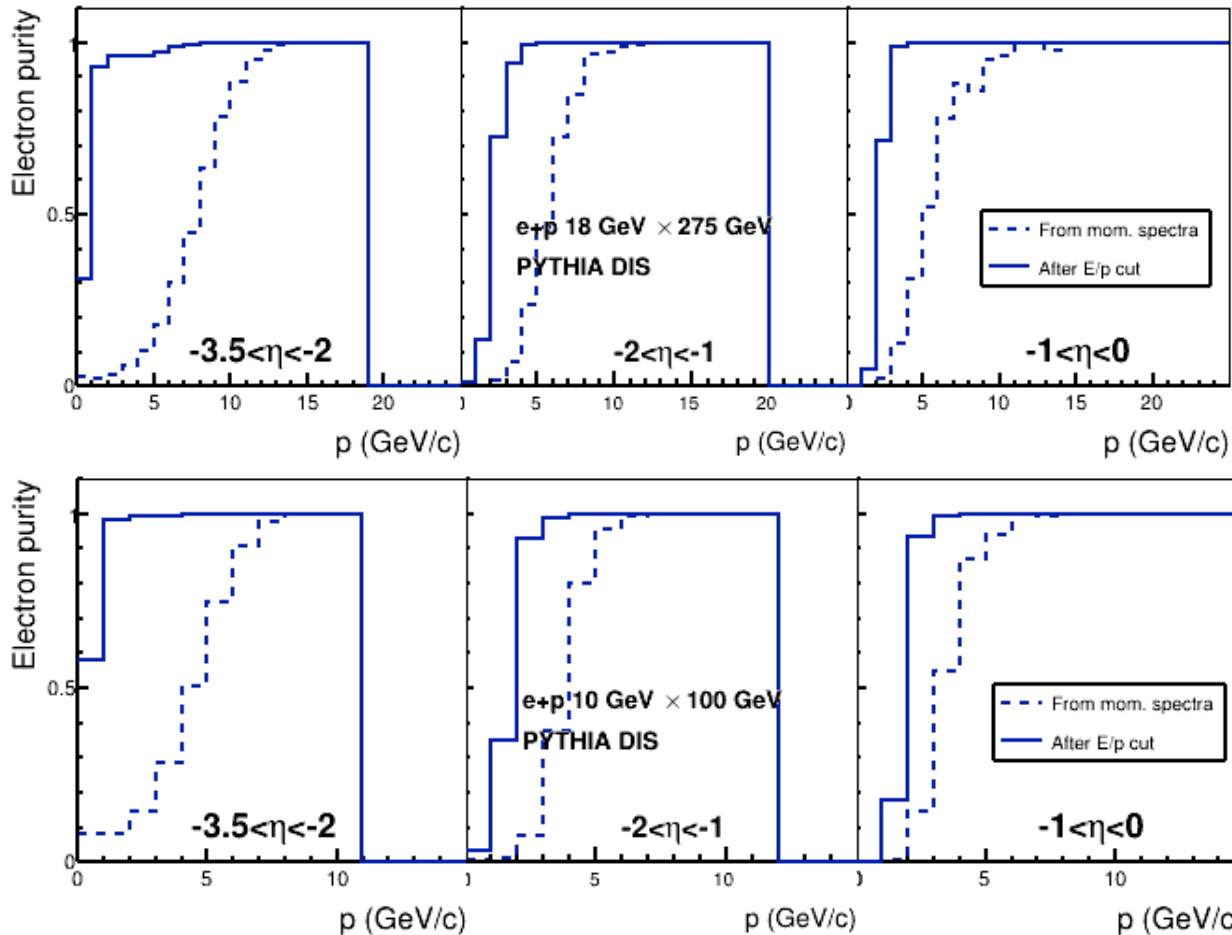
# DIS scattered electron purity

$-3.5 < \eta < -2$	$-2 < \eta < -1$	$-1 < \eta < 1$
$\frac{\sigma_E}{E} = \frac{2.5\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 1\%$	$\frac{\sigma_E}{E} = \frac{7\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 2\%$	$\frac{\sigma_E}{E} = \frac{12\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 2\%$

## Ideal case:

- No material on the way to EMCal
- Perfect EMCal (no gaps/cracks)
- Gaussian response to electron

$$\text{Purity} = e / (e+h)$$



18 GeV × 275 GeV:

Clean eID at >4 GeV/c

10 GeV × 100 GeV:

Clean eID at >2-3 GeV/c

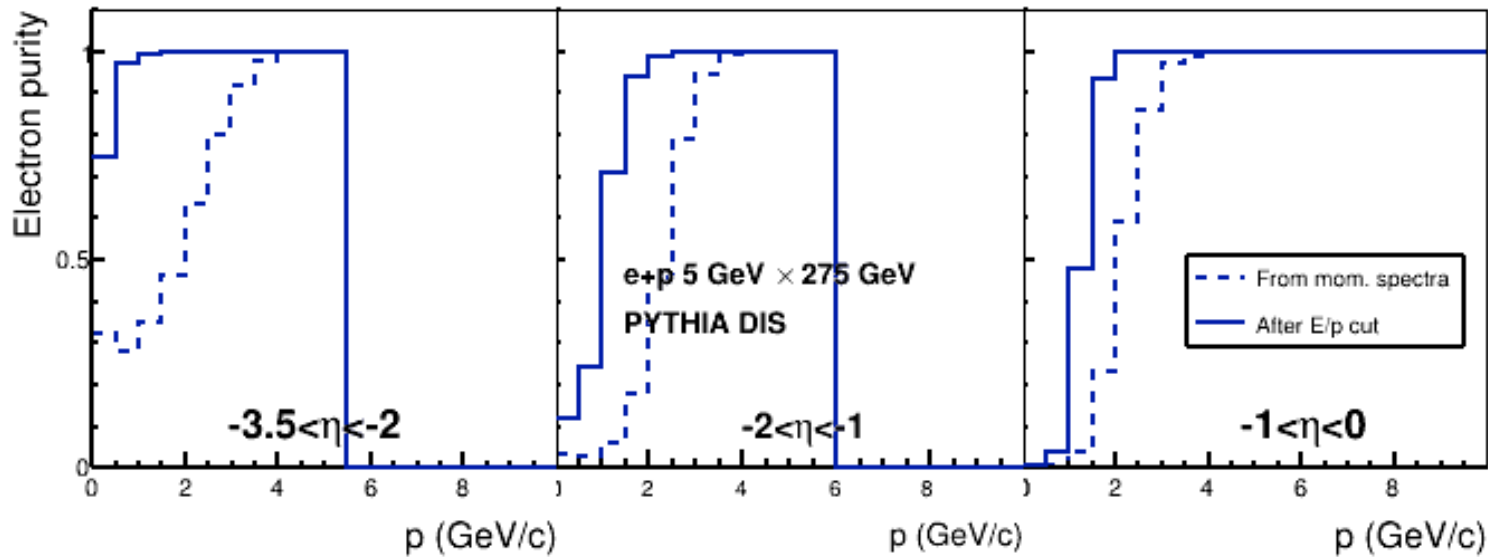
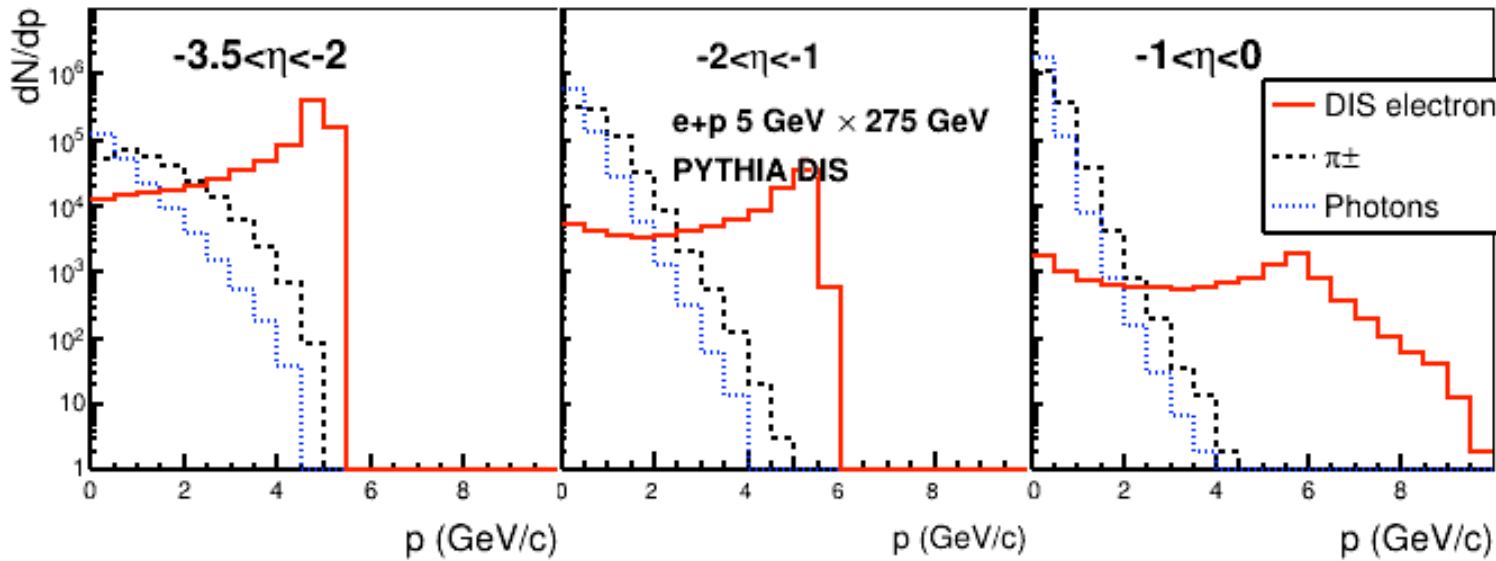
Need additional eID capabilities at  $p < 4$  GeV/c

# Summary

- We are at initial stage in evaluation of EMCAL eID capability
  - Calculations done for “nearly ideal” detector and environment
  - Need to explore world wide experimental experience with similar EMCALs
  - Need to take and evaluate test beam data for each EMCAL prototype (ongoing R&D)
- Tracking momentum resolution effect is dominant in EMCAL+Tracking eID capabilities in the region covered by high resolution EMCAL ( $-3.5 < \eta < -2$ )
- EMCAL+Tracking eID provides high electron purity at  $p > 4-5$  GeV/c at the highest beam energy configuration
  - Need additional eID capabilities at  $p < 4-5$  GeV/c

# Backup

# ep 5x275

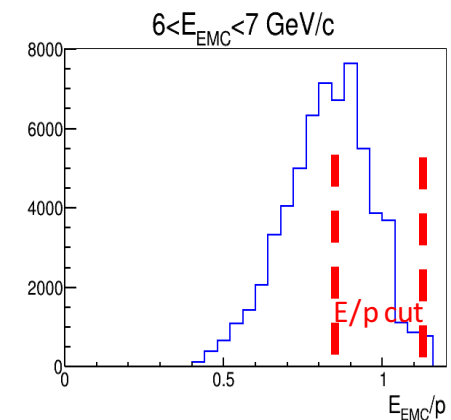
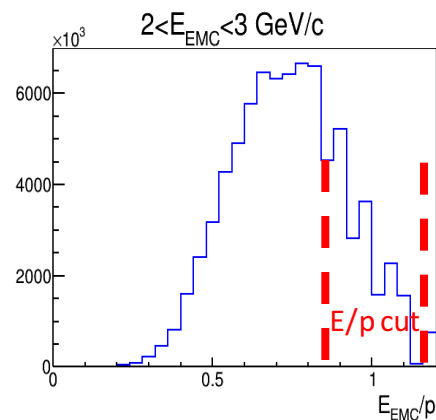
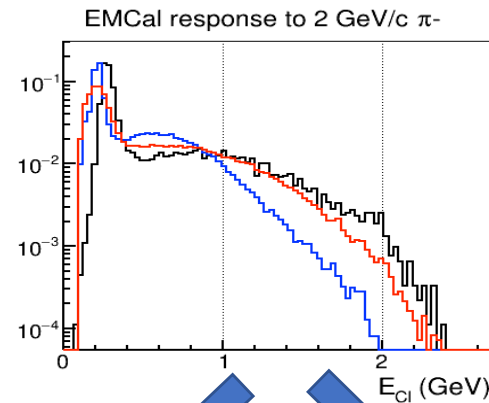
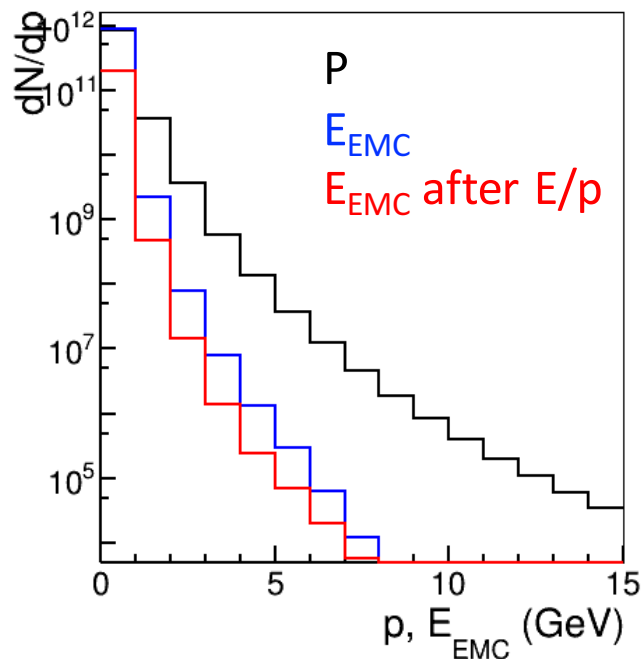


Clean eID  
at  $p > 2$  GeV/c

# Inclusive DIS: Background Suppression

Use  $E_{EMC}$  to measure electron candidate momentum  
 Use  $p$  for  $E/p$  cut

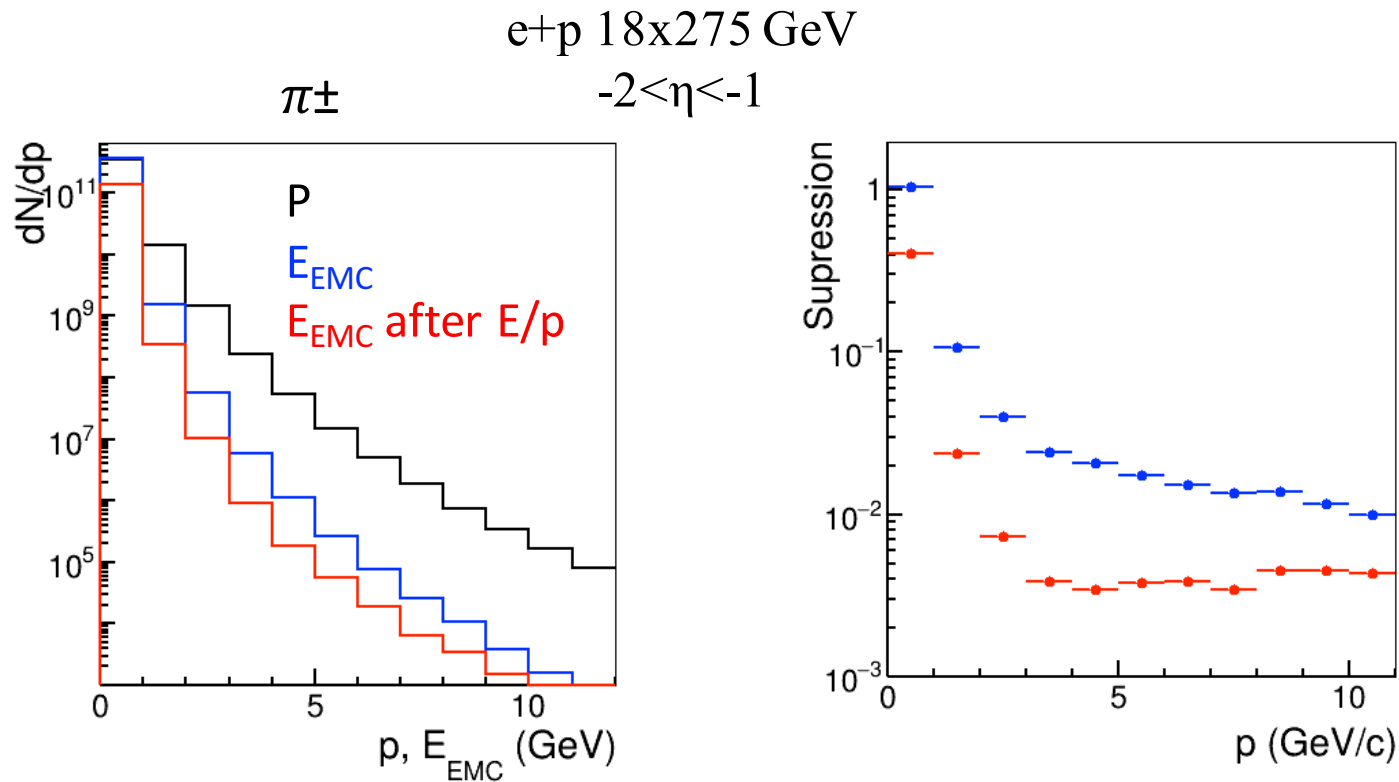
Effect of sharply falling spectrum:  
 Effectively selects hadrons with high  $E/p$  ratio



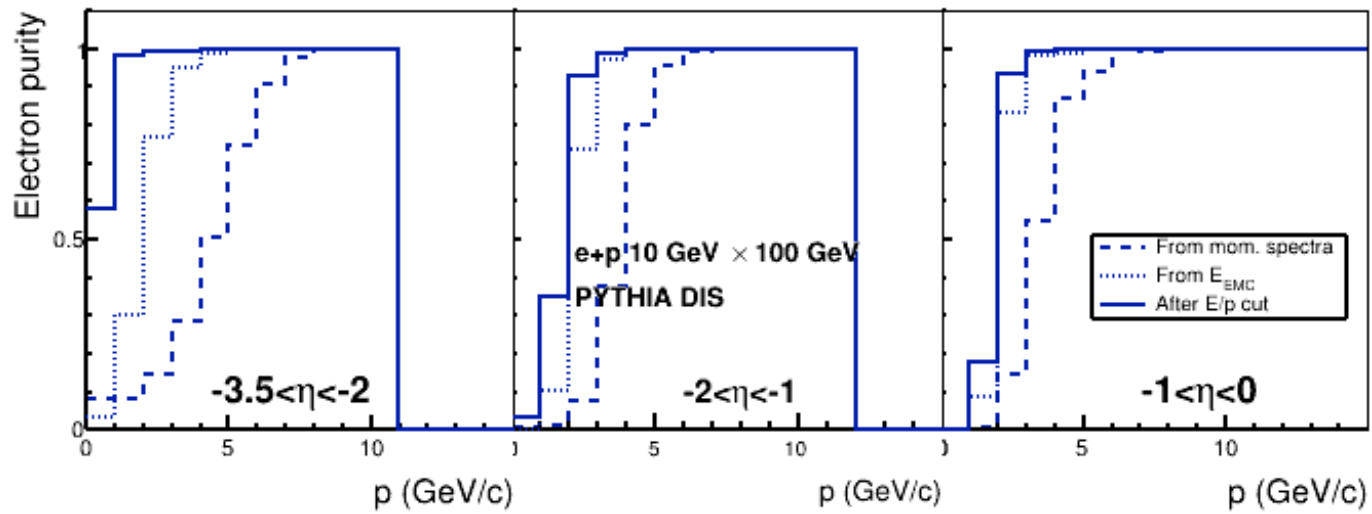
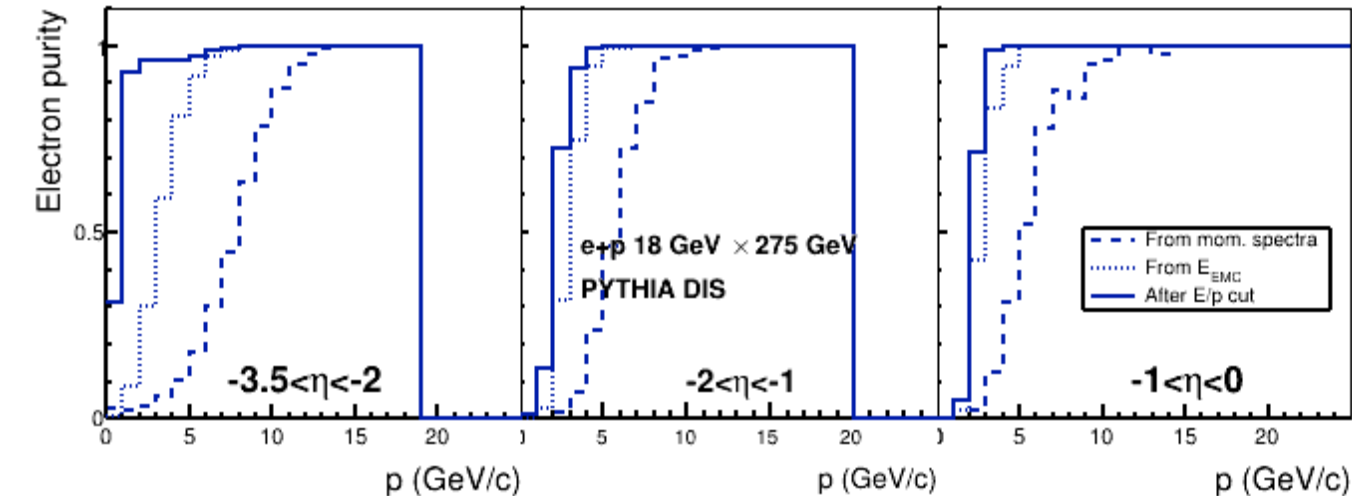
# EMCal: Hadronic Background Suppression

Use  $E_{EMC}$  to measure electron candidate momentum

Use  $p$  for  $E/p$  cut



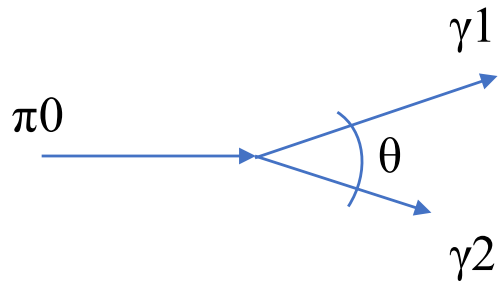
>50 charged hadron suppression at >4 GeV/c due to **EMCal** response  
~300 charged hadron suppression at >3 GeV/c after **E/p** cut



# Granularity and $\pi^0/\gamma$ discrimination in EMCAL (alone)

“Usual” criteria:

$\pi \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  distinguished if photons are separated by 1 tower size



$$\theta = \frac{2m_{\pi^0}}{E_{\pi^0}\sqrt{1-\alpha^2}}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{E_{\gamma_1} - E_{\gamma_2}}{E_{\gamma_1} + E_{\gamma_2}}$$

$$\theta_{min} = \frac{2m_{\pi^0}}{E_{\pi^0}}$$

$\Theta_{min}$	$E_{\pi^0}$ GeV
0.005	54
0.01	27
0.02	13.5



