

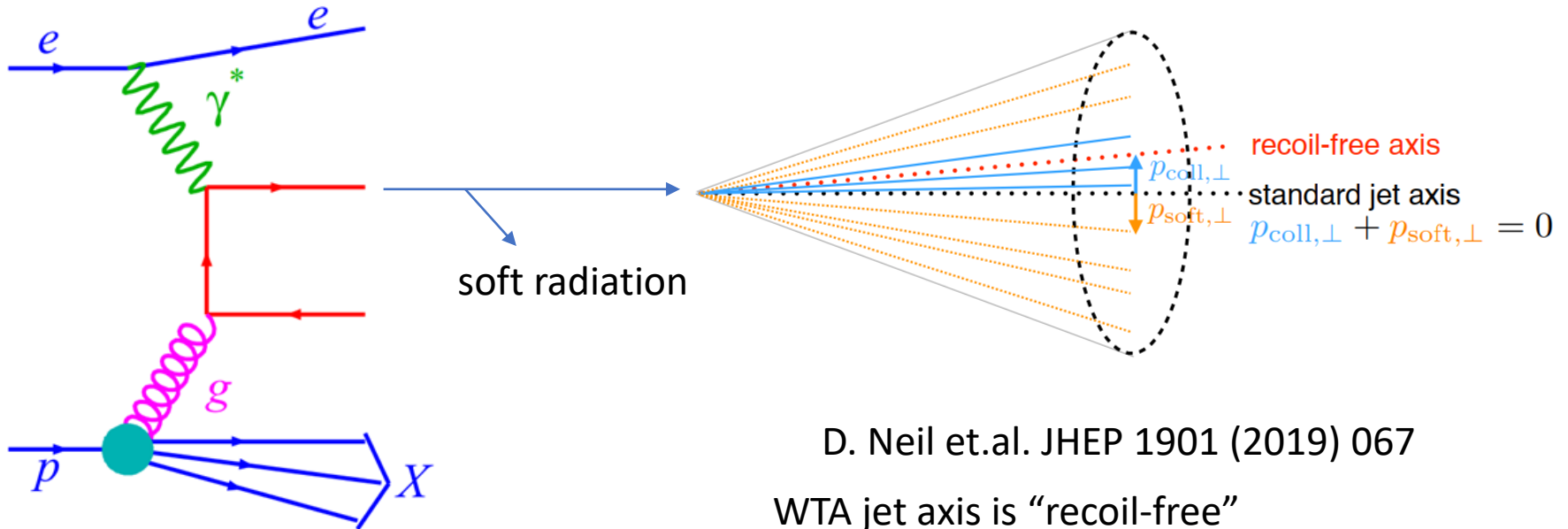
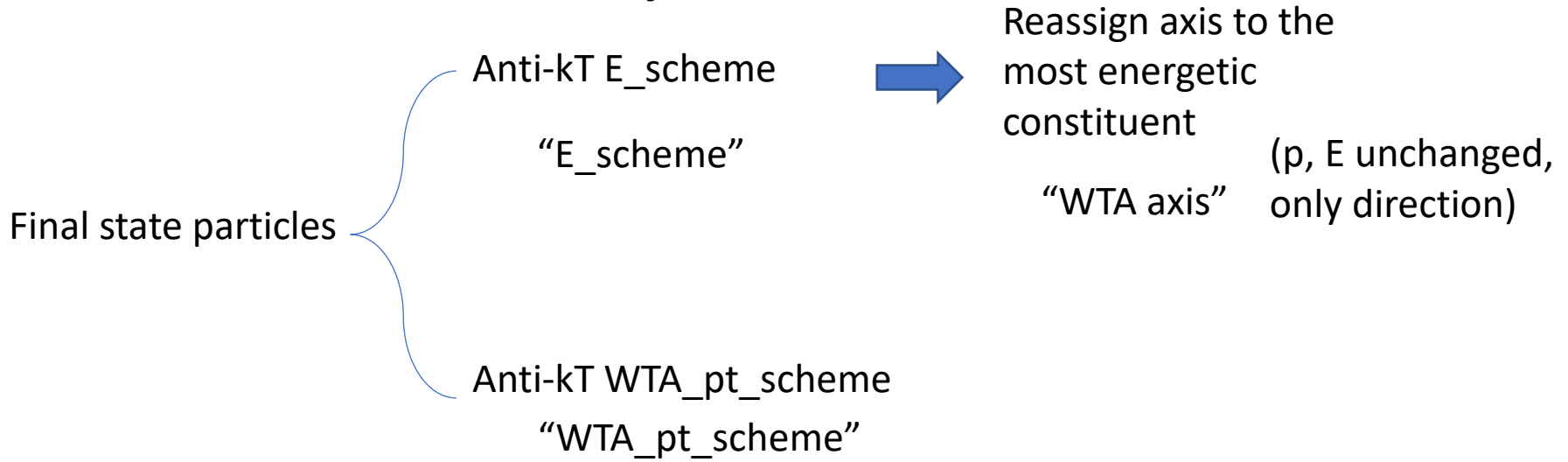
# Gluon Sivers updates

Liang Zheng

# Plan

- Optimize our jet measurement with WTA jet axis (negative result)
- Explore the detector requirement from the gluon Sivers measurement
  - Minimum track  $p_T$
  - Track efficiency
  - Detector resolution
  - Granularity

# fastjet



D. Neil et.al. JHEP 1901 (2019) 067

WTA jet axis is "recoil-free"  
from soft radiations.

# Jet axis change

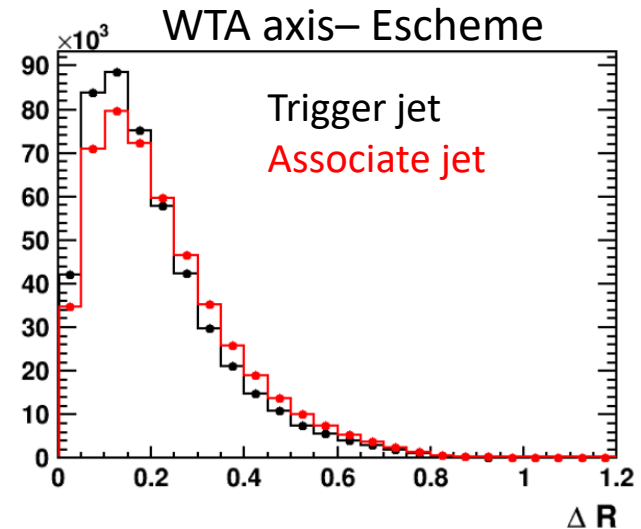
Jet reconstruction

R=1, All final state particles,  $p_T > 250$  MeV

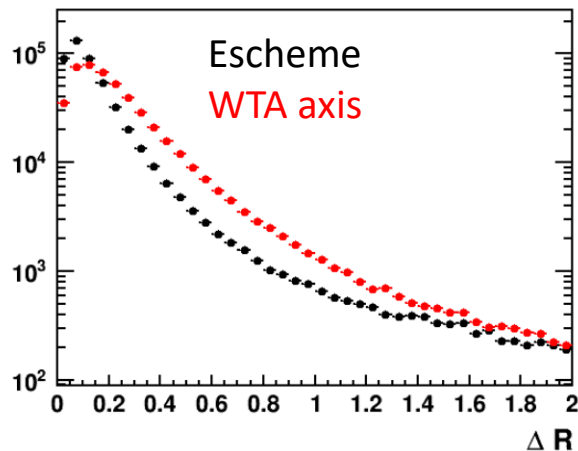
$$\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\eta^2 - \Delta\phi^2}$$

- WTA jet axis shifts almost 0.2 relative to E scheme jet axis in both trigger/associate jet in  $\eta$ - $\phi$  space
- Jet axis correlation to parton axis becomes weaker in WTA

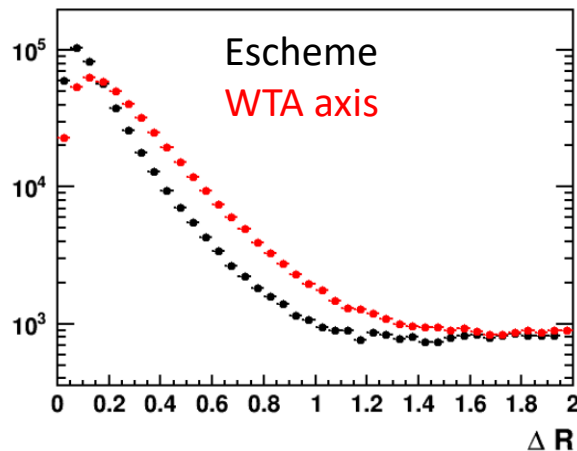
In photon-hadron c.m.s frame



Trigger Jet – Parton



Associate Jet – Parton

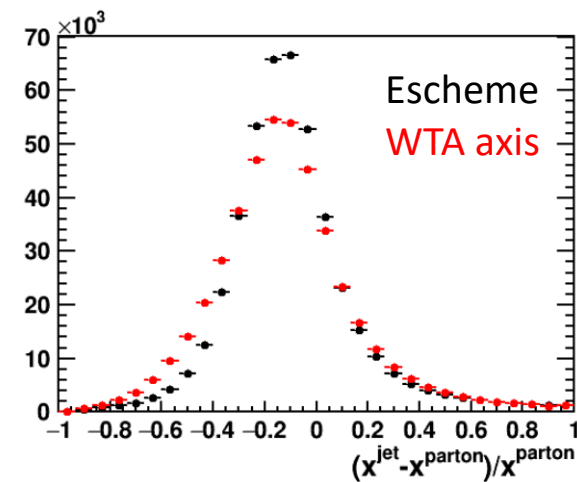
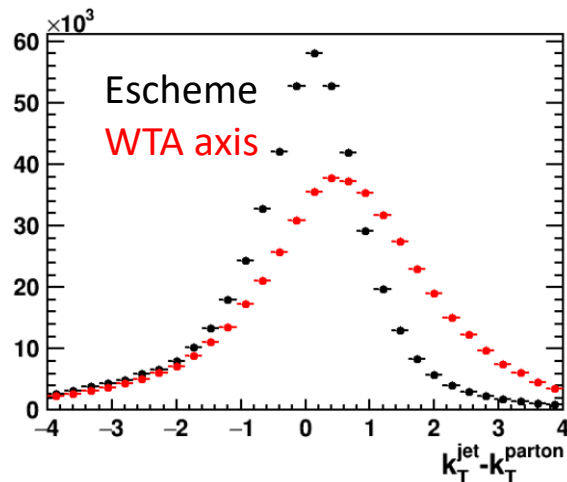
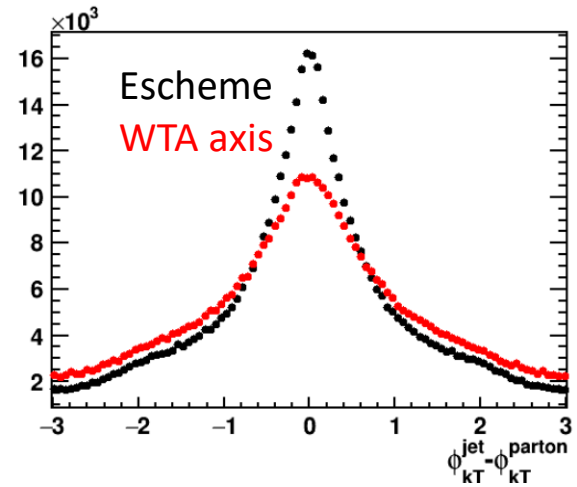


# Connection to underlying parton kinematics

In photon-hadron c.m.s frame

$$\vec{k}_T = \vec{p}_{T1} + \vec{p}_{T2}$$

- Jet  $k_T$  angular correlation to parton gets broadening in WTA than in E-scheme
- Jet  $k_T$  value gets shifted and broadened in WTA
- Parton momentum fraction  $x$  slightly shifts to negative region in WTA



# Dijet axis systematics in PGF

$\gamma^* g \rightarrow q\bar{q}$  Before Final Shower parton(BFS)  
 $q \rightarrow qg$  After Final Shower parton(AFS)

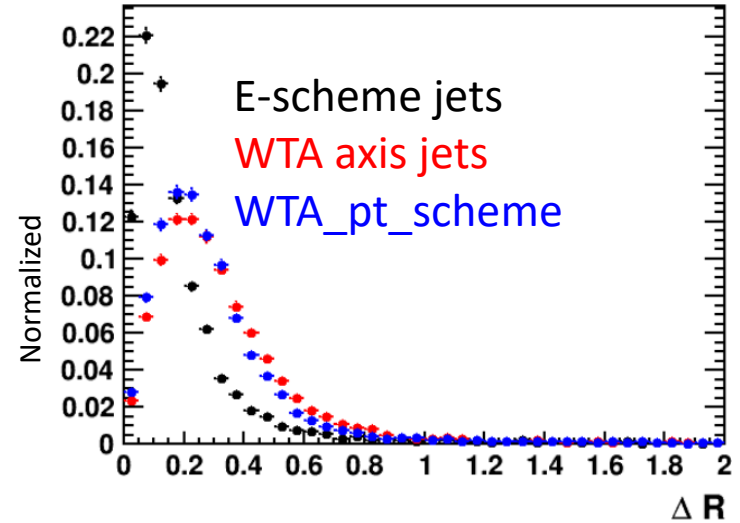
Jet reconstruction

R=1, All final state particles,  $p_T > 250$  MeV

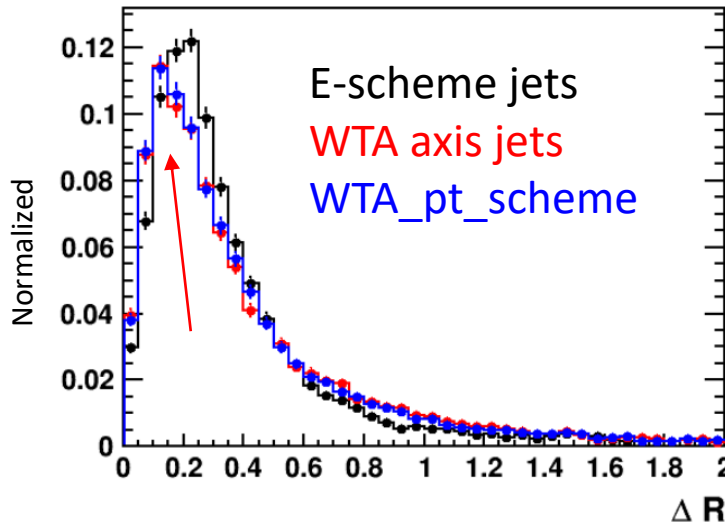
PGF,  $Q^2 > 1$ ,  $p_{T \text{ trig}}^{\text{jet}} > 4.5$ ,  $p_{T \text{ assc}}^{\text{jet}} > 4$ ,  $\Delta R(\text{BFS-AFS}) > 0.2$

E-scheme jets collimation with BFS, WTA jets aligned with AFS, if AFS and BFS are far from each other

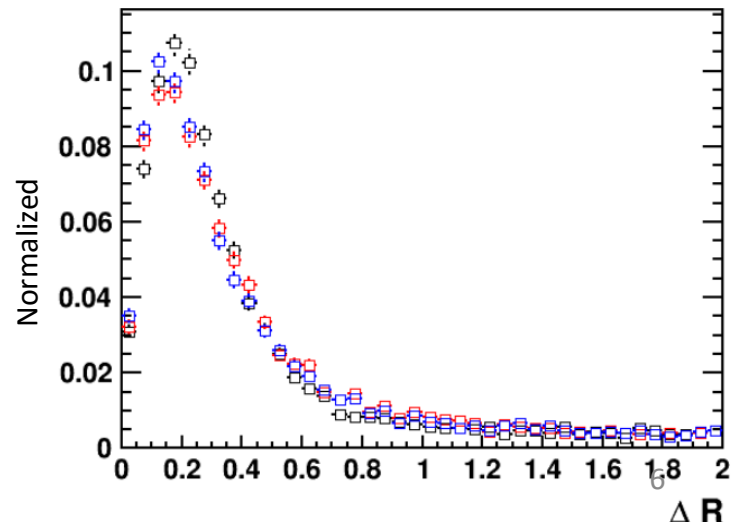
Trigger jet – BFS



Trigger jet – AFS



Associate jet – AFS

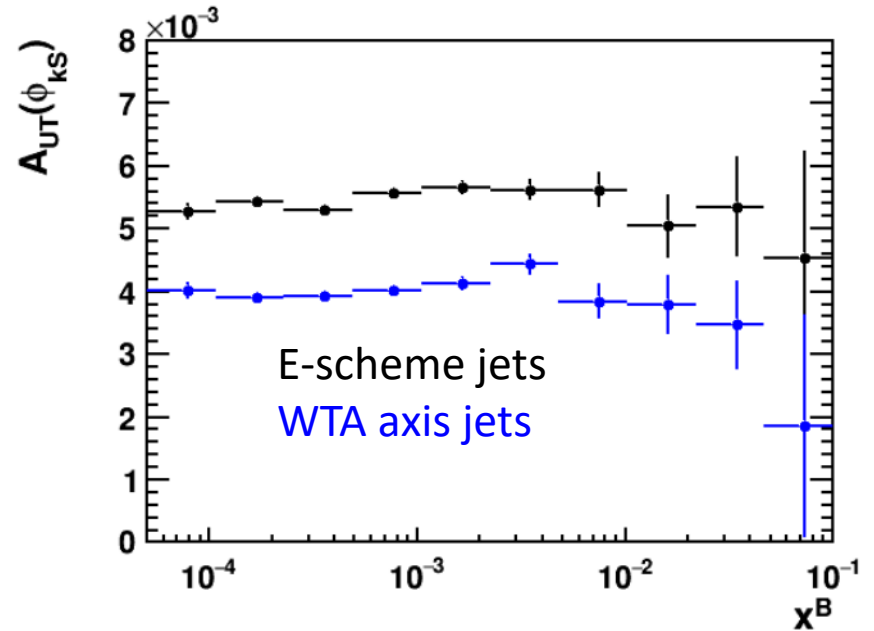
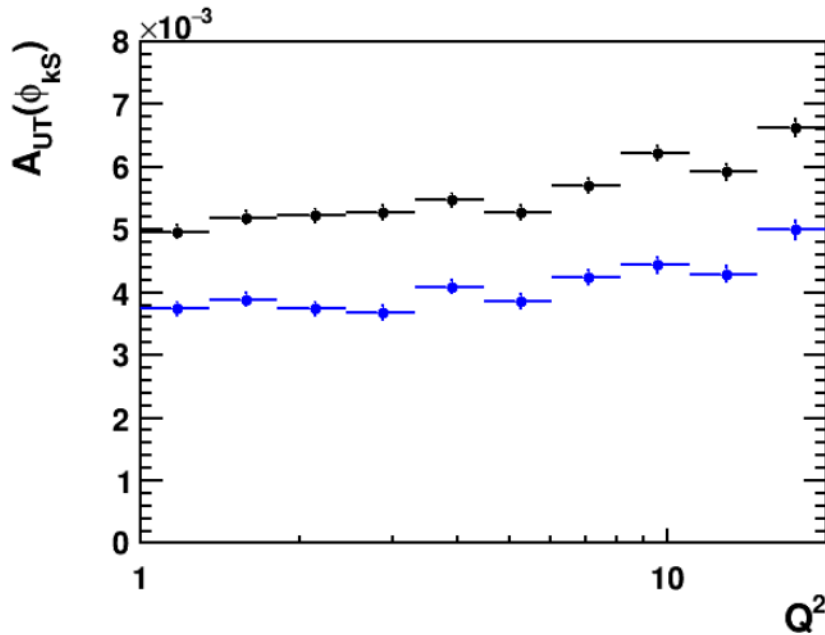


# Dijet single spin asymmetry with WTA jet axis

Jet reconstruction

$R=1$ , All final state particles,  $p_T > 250$  MeV

$1 < Q^2 < 20$ ,  $0.01 < y < 0.95$ ,  $p_{T \text{ trig}}^{\text{jet}} > 4.5$ ,  $p_{T \text{ assc}}^{\text{jet}} > 4$



Stronger dilution with WTA axis.

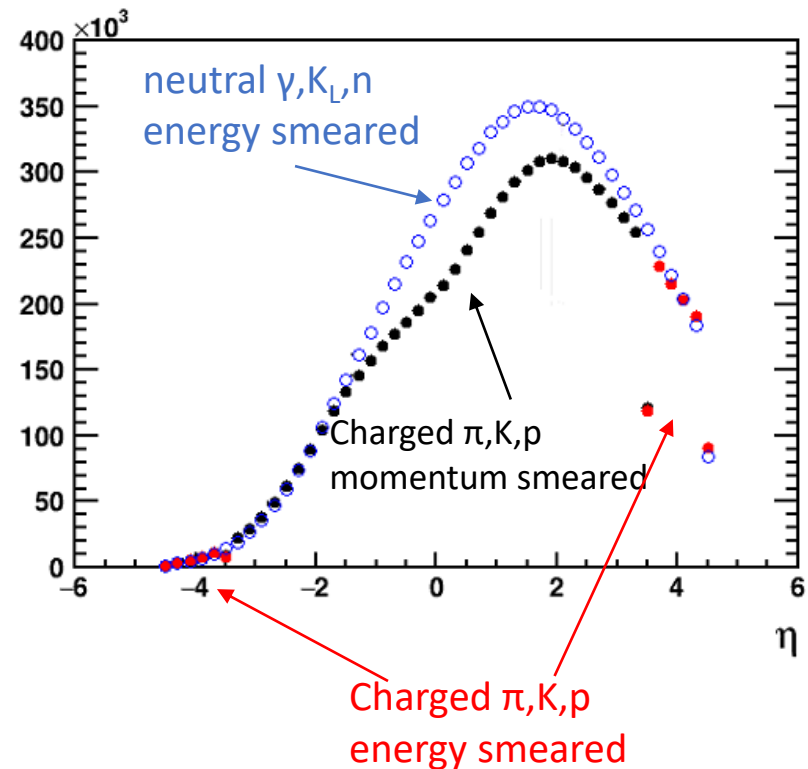
# Detector response on jet with eic-smear

<https://gitlab.com/eic/eic-smear/-/blob/master/scripts/smearBeAST.cxx>

A final state particle is smeared either in momentum or energy, perfect PID assumed.

$p/\text{direction smeared} \rightarrow E = \sqrt{p^2 + m^2}$   
 $E \text{ smeared} \rightarrow p = \sqrt{E^2 - m^2}$  direction unchanged

- Track efficiency can be inserted before taking out the smeared information
- Granularity can be embedded during momentum assignment for the energy smeared particles



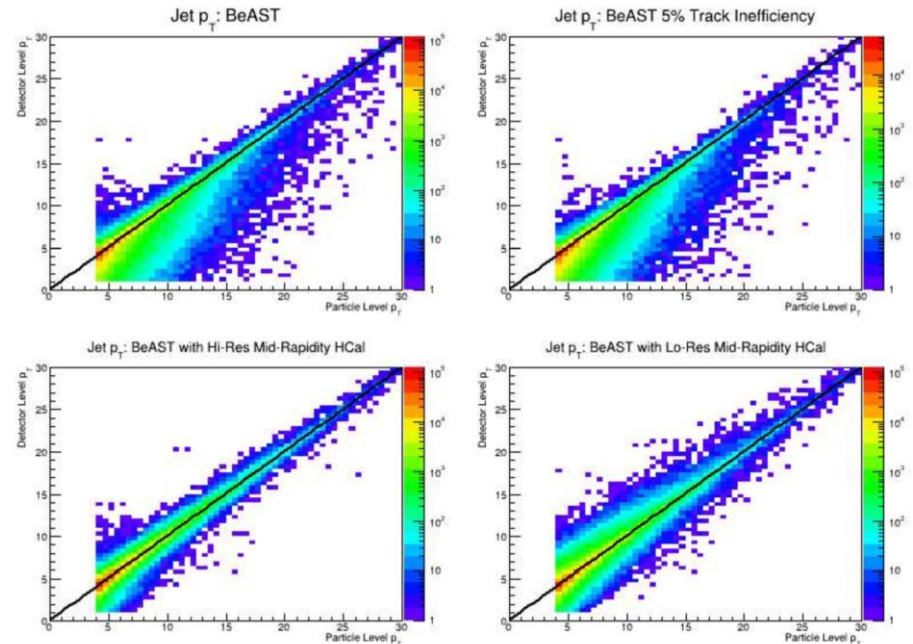
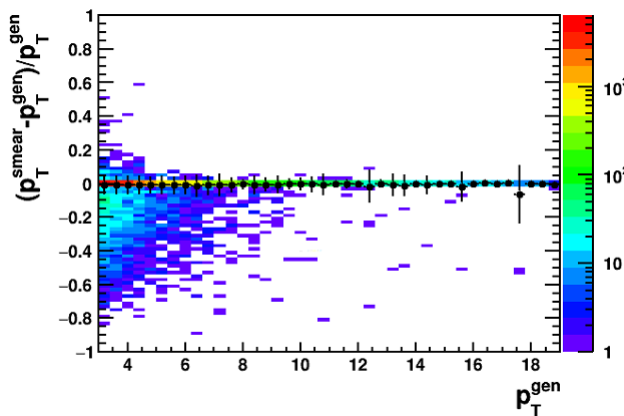
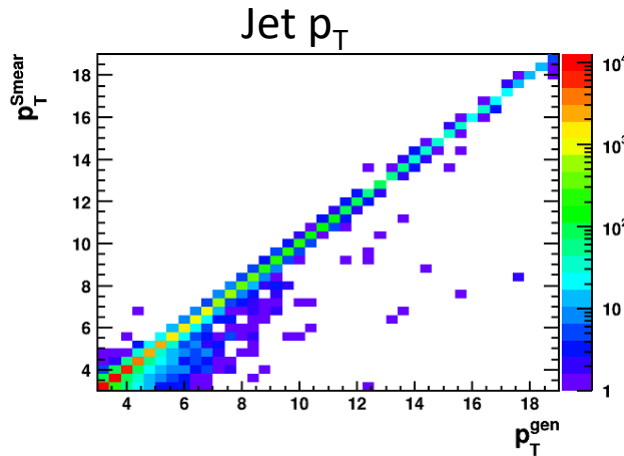


# Detector response on jet with eic-smear

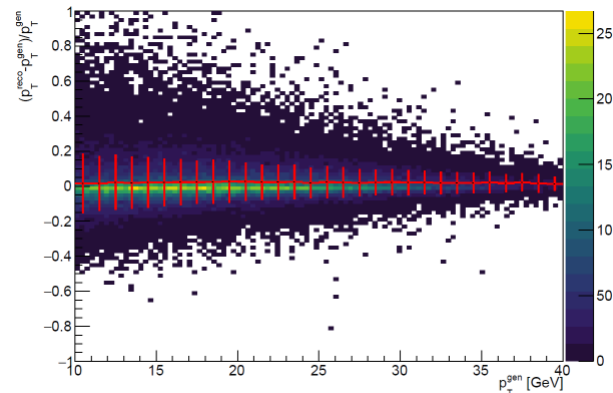
ep  $20 \times 100$ ,  $W^2 > 4$ ,  $Q^2 > 1$ ,  $0.1 < y < 0.85$

Jet reconstruction

$R=1$ , All final state particles,  $p_T > 250$  MeV



From B. Page



From M. Arratia  
PYTHIA8+DELPHES