

# Detector Maps from Inclusive Reactions Group

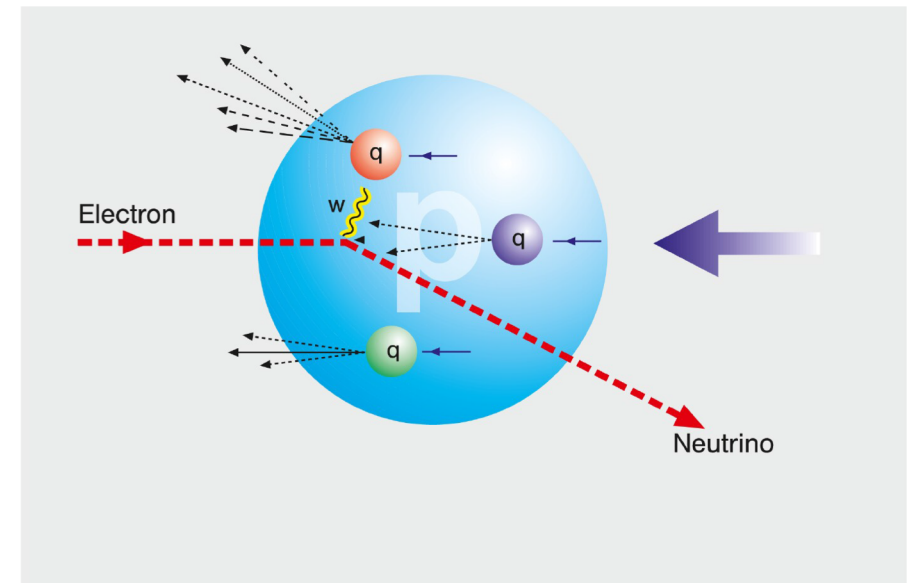
Barak, Nobuo and Renee

May 6, 2020

Measurement	Main Detector Requirements	Anticipated Plot	Physics Topic/goal
inclusive $A_{  } / A_{\perp}$	Standard inclusive	$g_1(x)$ vs $Q^2$ $\Delta g(Q^2)$ vs $x$	Gluon Helicity $\Delta g(x, Q^2)$
inclusive $A_{PV}$	Standard inclusive	$g_5^W(x)$ vs $Q^2$ or $A_{PV}$ vs $x$ for $W^{+/-}$ $\Delta s(Q^2)$ vs $x$	Strange Helicity $\Delta s(x, Q^2)$
$\sigma_{red}(x, Q^2), \sigma_{red}^{c/b}(x, Q^2) \rightarrow F_2, F_L, F_2^{c/b}$	Standard inclusive + heavy quark tag	$\sigma_{red}(x)$ vs $Q^2$ $\sigma_{red}^{c/b}(x)$ vs $Q^2$ $g(Q^2)$ vs $x$	Proton PDFs $q(x, Q^2), g(x, Q^2)$
$\sigma_{red}(x, Q^2), \sigma_{red}^{c/b}(x, Q^2) \rightarrow F_2, F_L, F_2^{c/b}$	Standard inclusive + heavy quark tag	$\sigma_{red}(x)$ vs $Q^2$ $\sigma_{red}^{c/b}(x)$ vs $Q^2$ $F_L(Q^2)$ vs $x$ $F_L^{c/b}(Q^2)$ vs $x$	Nuclear PDFs $q(x, Q^2), g(x, Q^2)$
$\sigma_{red}(x, Q^2), \sigma_{red}^{c/b}(x, Q^2) \rightarrow F_2, F_L, F_2^{c/b}$	Standard inclusive + heavy quark tag	$\sigma_{red}(x)$ vs $Q^2$ $\sigma_{red}^{c/b}(x)$ vs $Q^2$ $\Delta F_L / F_L$ vs $x, Q^2$	Non-linear QCD dynamics
inclusive $A_{PV}$	Standard inclusive	$A_{PV}(y)$ vs $Q^2$ $\sin^2\theta_w$ vs $Q^2$	BSM & Precision EW ( $\sin^2\theta_w$ )
$\frac{d\sigma^{NC}}{dx dy d\phi}$ Triply differential NC X-sec	Standard inclusive	Updated Fig.6 in <i>PhysRevD.98.115018</i> for CM energies smearing.	Lorentz and CP Violating Effects

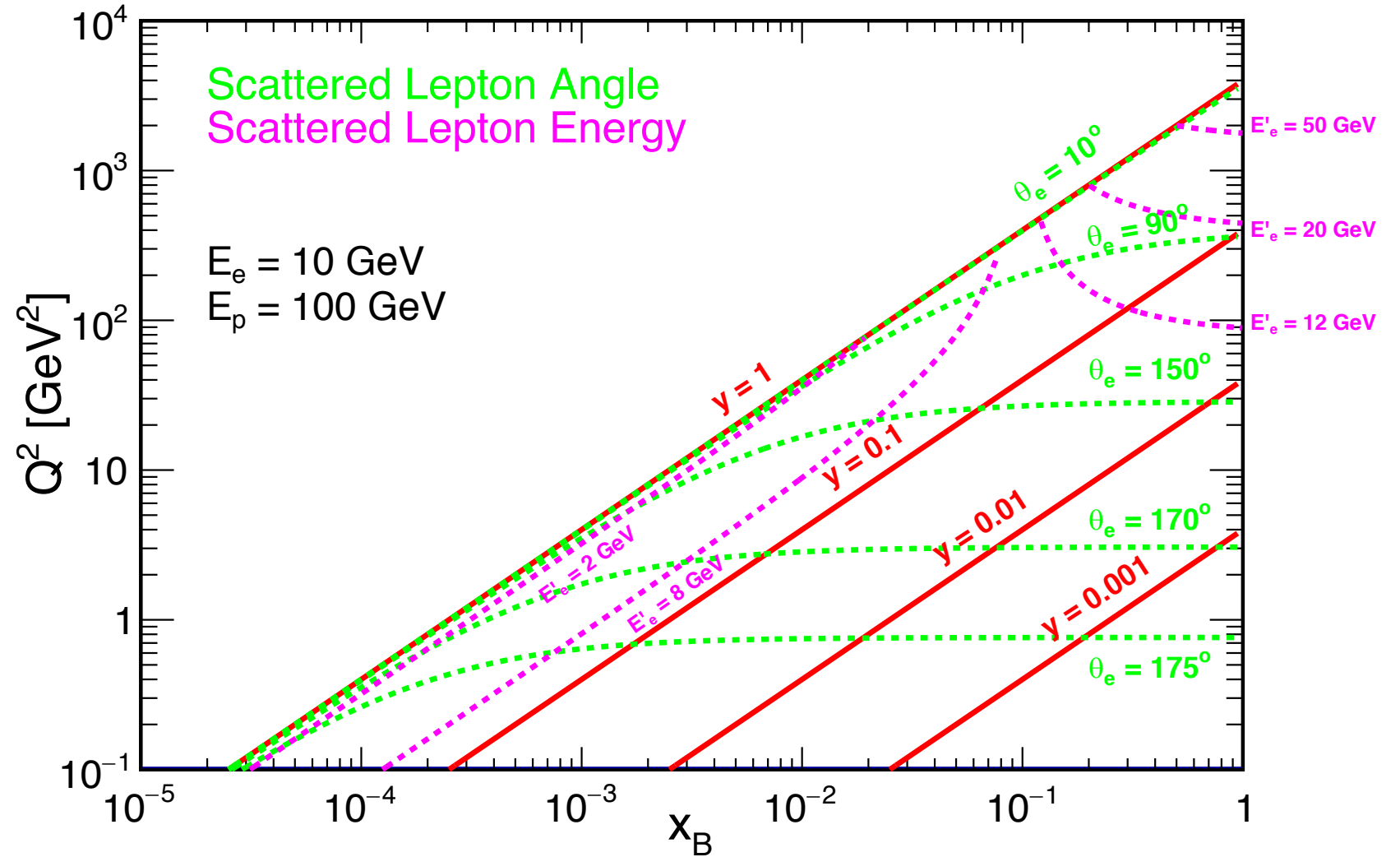
# Critical Channels for Detector Development

- The inclusive group covers a large set of physics interests, ranging from gluon helicity to nuclear PDFs and non-linear dynamics.
- Parity violating ( $A_{PV}$ ) and charged current (CC) channels were singled out, both for high scientific interest and stringent detector requirements.
  - I. Inclusive  $A_{PV}$  - Small signal requires high precision measurement. Electron PID will be critical.
  - II.  $\sigma_r^{CC}$  - Reduced cross-section requires reconstruction of  $Q^2$ ,  $x$  from hadronic recoil. Pushing down thresholds for ECAL/HCAL will be critical.



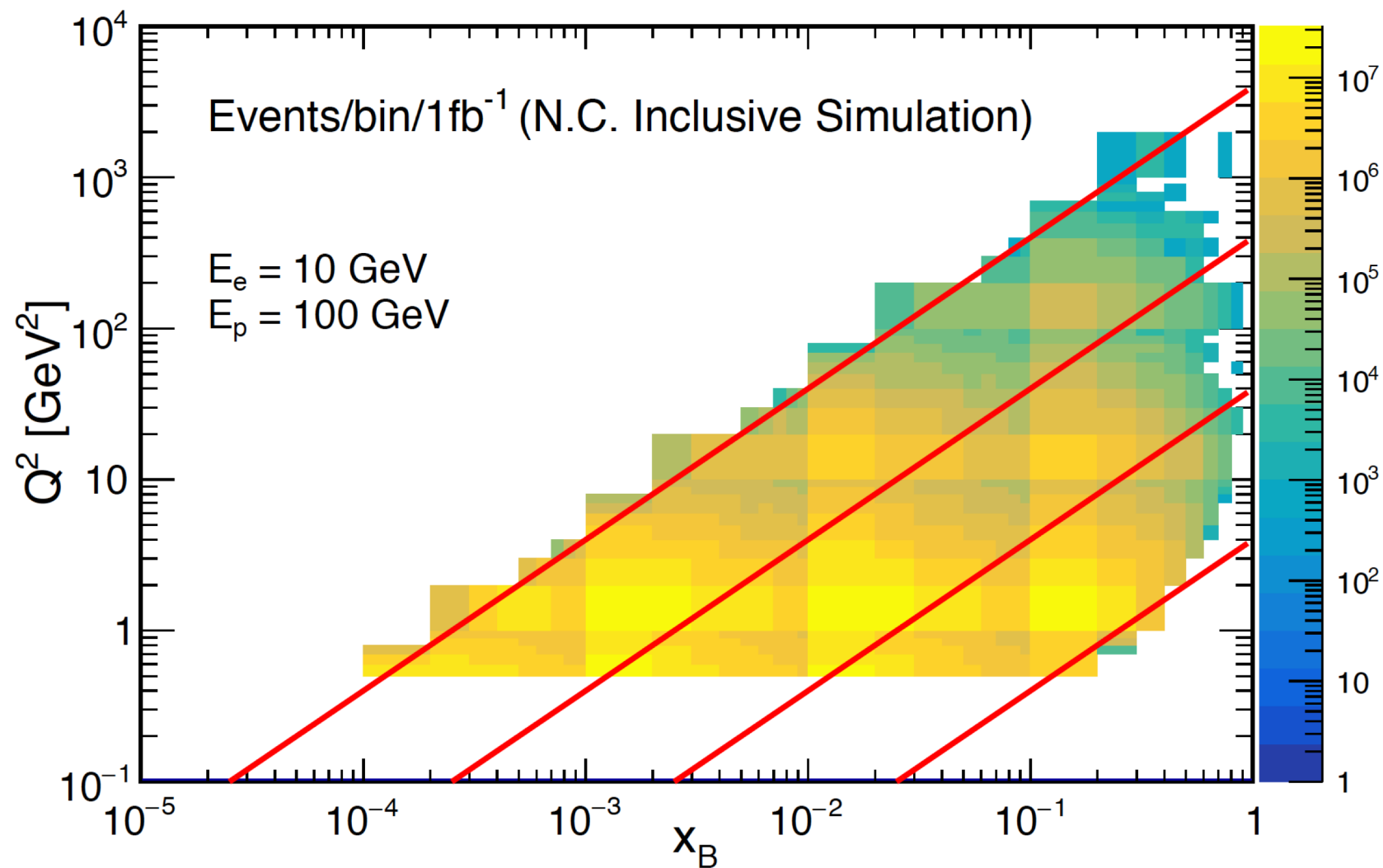
# Inclusive $e^-$ maps

- Work of Barak Schmookler
- $\theta_e$  defined WRT +z
- Yields represent  $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



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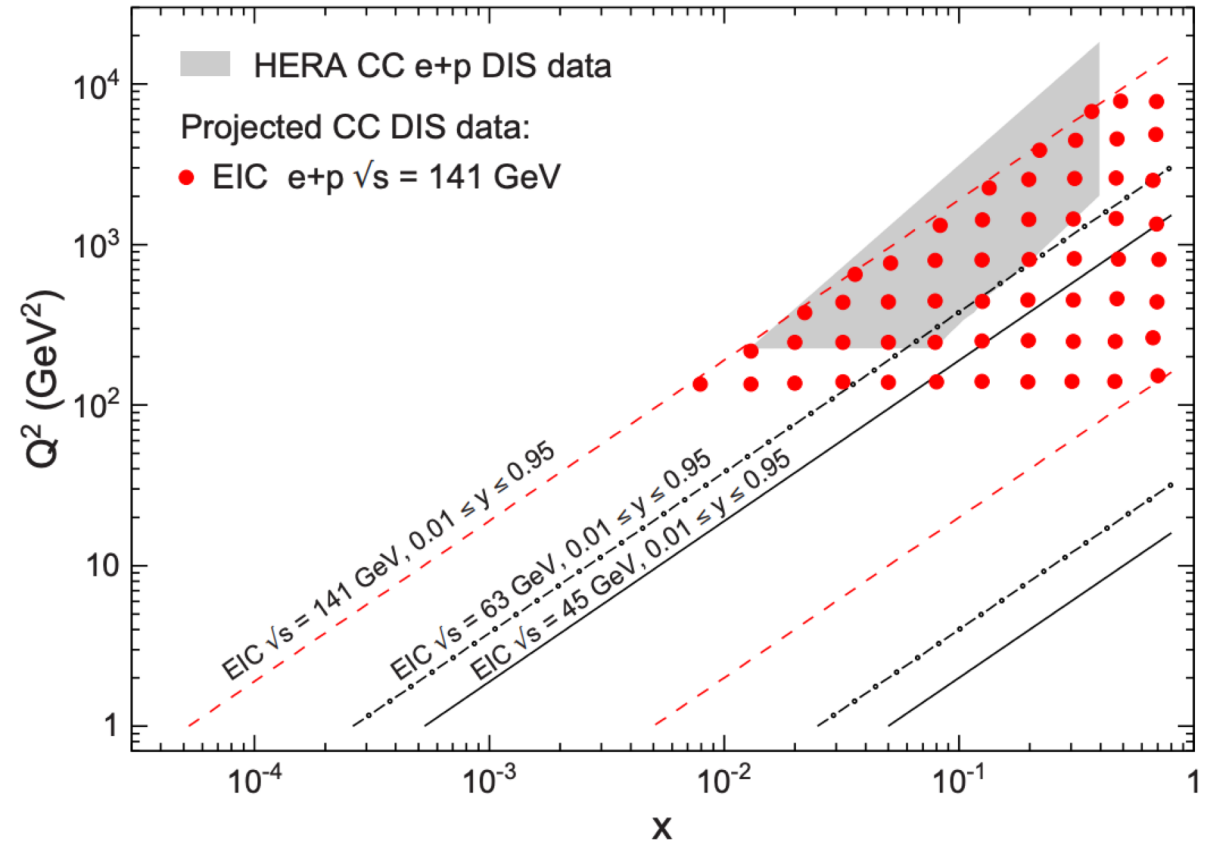


# Hadronic Recoil Maps

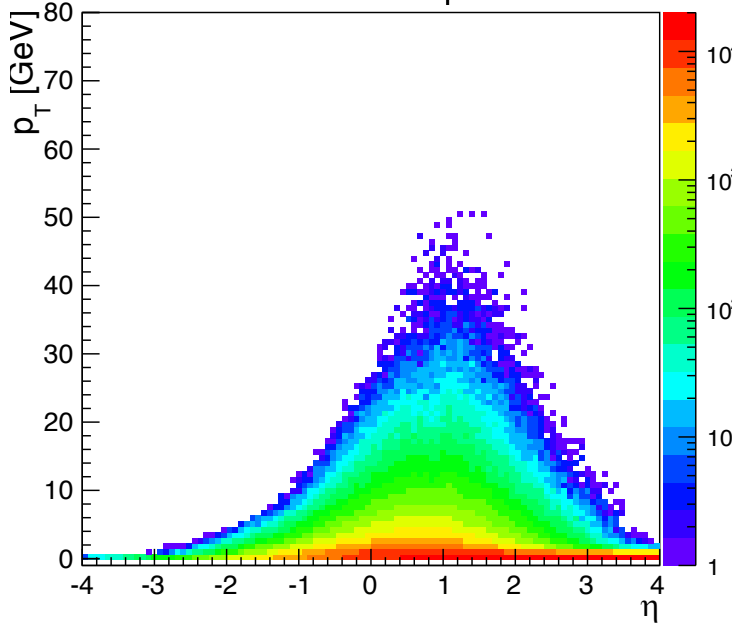
- This is the work of Xiaoxuan Chu. The full details are presented here <https://indico.bnl.gov/event/8389/>
- Use Django, e- beam = 18 GeV, p beam = 275 GeV e-p,  $\sqrt{s} = 141$  GeV. Radiative corrections turned on.  $L = 10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ,  $0.01 < y < 0.95$  and  $100 < Q^2 < 10^5 \text{ GeV}^2$ .
- Reduced cross-section is extracted using Jacquet-Blondel kinematic reconstruction

$$x_{JB} = \frac{Q_{JB}^2}{sy_{JB}}; \quad y_{JB} = \frac{(E - p_z)_h}{2E_e}; \quad Q_{JB}^2 = \frac{p_{t,h}^2}{1 - y_{JB}}$$

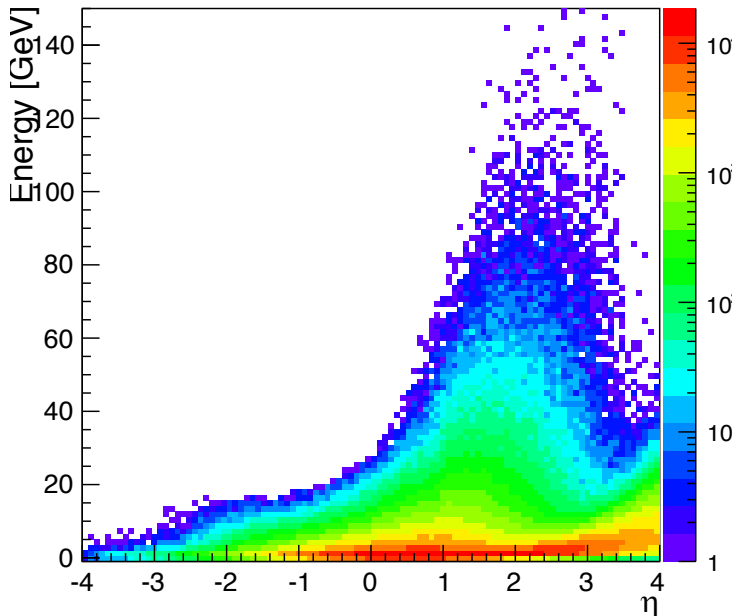
- Perfect detector is implemented



$h^{+/-}$  + neutron  $p_T$  vs  $\eta$



$h^{+/-}$  + neutron E vs  $\eta$



----- Charged Current Charged Hadron + neutron -----

eta = -3.960 theta = 0.038 pT = 0.215+/-0.000 E = 0.762+/-0.291

eta = -3.880 theta = 0.041 pT = 0.215+/-0.000 E = 0.963+/-0.348

...

eta = -2.040 theta = 0.259 pT = 0.546+/-0.017 E = 2.021+/-0.069

eta = -1.960 theta = 0.280 pT = 0.590+/-0.018 E = 2.113+/-0.065

...

eta = -1.000 theta = 0.705 pT = 1.259+/-0.015 E = 1.971+/-0.023

eta = -0.920 theta = 0.758 pT = 1.350+/-0.015 E = 1.993+/-0.022

...

eta = -0.040 theta = 1.531 pT = 2.257+/-0.016 E = 2.285+/-0.016

eta = 0.040 theta = 1.611 pT = 2.350+/-0.016 E = 2.379+/-0.016

...

eta = 1.000 theta = 2.437 pT = 2.688+/-0.018 E = 4.194+/-0.028

eta = 1.080 theta = 2.487 pT = 2.683+/-0.019 E = 4.462+/-0.031

...

eta = 2.040 theta = 2.883 pT = 1.190+/-0.013 E = 4.823+/-0.050

eta = 2.120 theta = 2.903 pT = 1.081+/-0.012 E = 4.730+/-0.051

...

eta = 3.000 theta = 3.042 pT = 0.407+/-0.004 E = 4.523+/-0.040

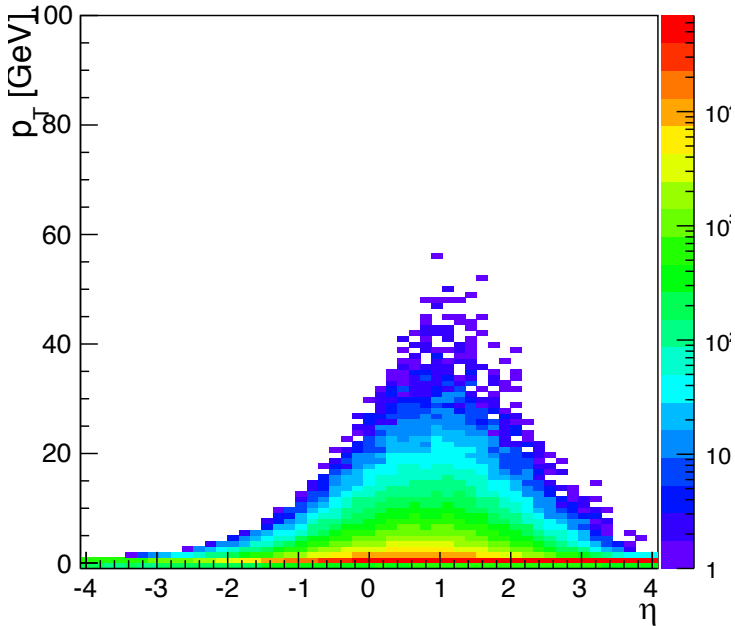
eta = 3.080 theta = 3.050 pT = 0.373+/-0.003 E = 4.525+/-0.034

....

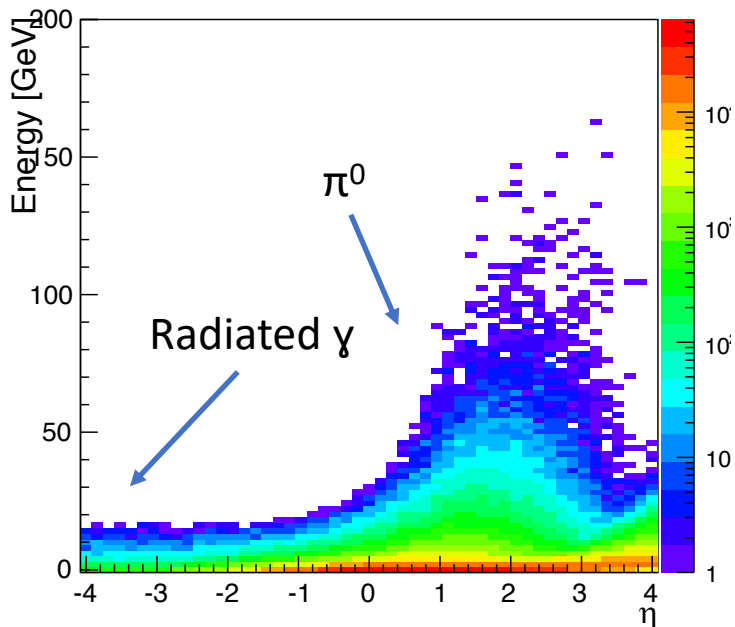
eta = 3.880 theta = 3.100 pT = 0.301+/-0.002 E = 8.314+/-0.035

eta = 3.960 theta = 3.103 pT = 0.304+/-0.002 E = 9.035+/-0.038

Gamma  $p_T$  vs  $\eta$



Gamma E vs  $\eta$



----- Charged Current Photon -----

eta = -4.000 theta = 0.037  $p_T = 0.254 \pm 0.016$  E =  $1.578 \pm 0.098$

eta = -3.840 theta = 0.043  $p_T = 0.263 \pm 0.016$  E =  $1.598 \pm 0.098$

...

eta = -2.080 theta = 0.249  $p_T = 0.525 \pm 0.008$  E =  $0.939 \pm 0.035$

eta = -1.920 theta = 0.291  $p_T = 0.551 \pm 0.007$  E =  $0.864 \pm 0.029$

...

eta = -0.000 theta = 1.571  $p_T = 1.176 \pm 0.007$  E =  $0.856 \pm 0.007$

eta = 0.160 theta = 1.730  $p_T = 1.247 \pm 0.007$  E =  $0.948 \pm 0.008$

...

eta = 0.960 theta = 2.410  $p_T = 1.342 \pm 0.008$  E =  $1.614 \pm 0.012$

eta = 1.120 theta = 2.511  $p_T = 1.367 \pm 0.008$  E =  $1.879 \pm 0.014$

...

eta = 1.920 theta = 2.850  $p_T = 0.884 \pm 0.006$  E =  $2.075 \pm 0.021$

eta = 2.080 theta = 2.893  $p_T = 0.797 \pm 0.005$  E =  $2.045 \pm 0.023$

...

eta = 3.040 theta = 3.046  $p_T = 0.526 \pm 0.001$  E =  $2.086 \pm 0.017$

eta = 3.200 theta = 3.060  $p_T = 0.516 \pm 0.001$  E =  $2.280 \pm 0.016$

...

eta = 4.000 theta = 3.105  $p_T = 0.507 \pm 0.000$  E =  $4.660 \pm 0.021$

eta = 4.160 theta = 3.110  $p_T = 0.508 \pm 0.000$  E =  $5.462 \pm 0.024$



# Ongoing Work

- Physics Object Maps (Experimentalists)
  1. Barak - inclusive electron channels
  2. Xiaoxuan – hadronic recoil channels
  3. Not currently pursuing heavy flavor tagged channels
- Detector Constraints (Experimentalists)
  1. Electron PID as a function of  $\eta$  in e+p - Hanjie
  2. Determine minimum thresholds and resolutions for ECAL/HCAL – Xiaoxuan
- Cross-section/Asymmetry correction and reconstruction (Experimentalists)
  1. Hanjie -  $\sigma^{\text{NC}}$
  2. Matt –  $g_2$  and higher twist
  3. Xiaoxuan -  $\sigma^{\text{CC}}$  and  $\sigma^{\text{NC}}$
- Impact Studies (Theorists)
  1. Statistical indicators T-test, KS test for preliminary impact (fast global fit replacement)
  2. Global Fits, including possible reweighting if necessary