First look on Lambdas in FF region

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Pion/Kaon structure functions and further progress towards a flavor decomposition



$$e p \rightarrow (K) \rightarrow e' + X + \Lambda$$
$$\Lambda \rightarrow p + \pi^{-1}$$
$$\Lambda \rightarrow n + \pi^{0}$$

mode[0] = new <u>G4PhaseSpaceDecayChannel("lambda",0.639,2,"proton","pi-");</u> <u>G4PhaseSpaceDecayChannel("lambda",0.358,2,"neutron","pi0");</u>









Decay Length (p/n vertex) (18x275)

mode[0] = new <u>G4PhaseSpaceDecayChannel("lambda",0.639,2,"proton","pi-");</u> <u>G4PhaseSpaceDecayChannel("lambda",0.358,2,"neutron","pi0");</u>







Conclusions and plans

 $\begin{array}{c} \Lambda \rightarrow p + \pi^{-} \\ \Lambda \rightarrow n + \pi^{0} \end{array}$

- Very challenging!
- For $\Lambda \rightarrow p + \pi^-$ protons could be detected efficiently, but we need trackers in opposite direction (charge) => on the path to ZDC
- $\Lambda \rightarrow n + \pi^0$ neutrons could be detected efficiently, but need to check $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ (gamma energy and momentum spread)
- Switch from virtual planes to the real size detector and check detection efficiency
- Check for different energy configurations.