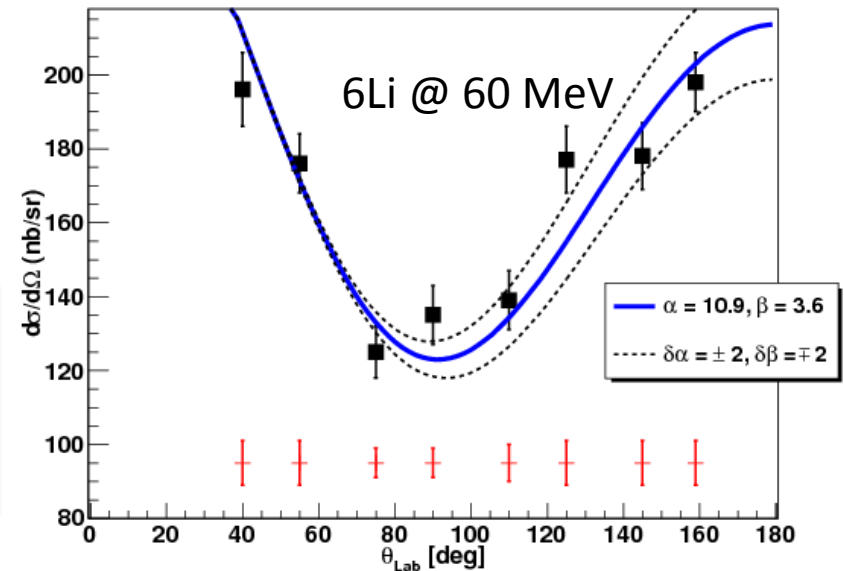


Compton Scattering at HIGS – EM Polarizabilities

Mohammad Ahmed, North Carolina Central University & TUNL

[From the Last LRP, QCD and the Structure of Hadrons, p 29]

Polarizabilities. Another important property of the nucleon is its electromagnetic polarizability—the ability of its internal constituents to orient themselves in response to external electric and magnetic fields. The most direct method of determining such polarizabilities is Compton scattering, the direct scattering of a photon from the nucleon. This provides stringent tests of calculations that link the effective low-energy description of nucleons to QCD. As with the nucleon electromagnetic distributions, the formalism to describe the polarizabilities can be extended to probe differing distance scales, using the technique of virtual Compton scattering. Collectively, the results indicate that the nucleon's paramagnetic (or intrinsic) polarizability is of opposite sign to its diamagnetic (or induced) response. The next generation of such experiments will be carried out at the HIγS facility.

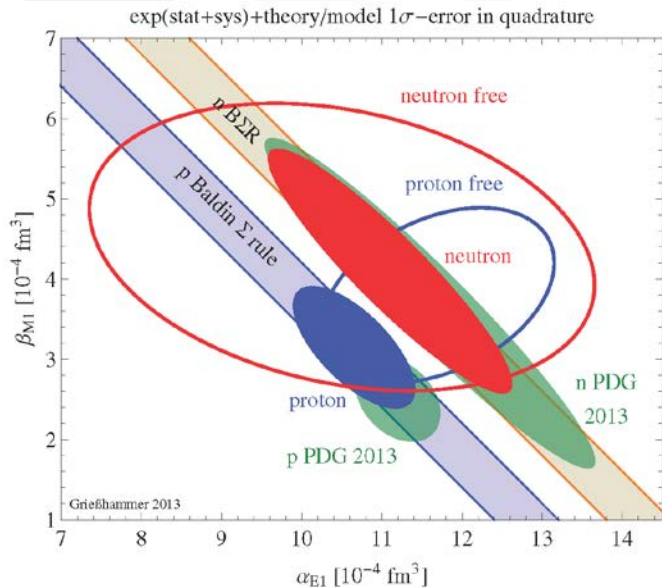


- ⁶Li at 60 MeV, L. S. Myers, et al., *Phys. Rev. C* **86**, 044614 (2012), ⁶Li at 86 MeV, L. S. Myers, et al., *Phys. Rev. C* **90**, 027603 (2014)

Duke U (H. Gao, H. R. Weller, C. R. Howell), GWU (W. Briscoe, E. Downie, G. Feldman, H. Griesshammer), UMass (R. Miskimen), UVa (B. Norum, D. Crabb), UKy (M. Kovash), JMU (S. Whisant), USask (R. Pywell), MTA (D. Hornidge)

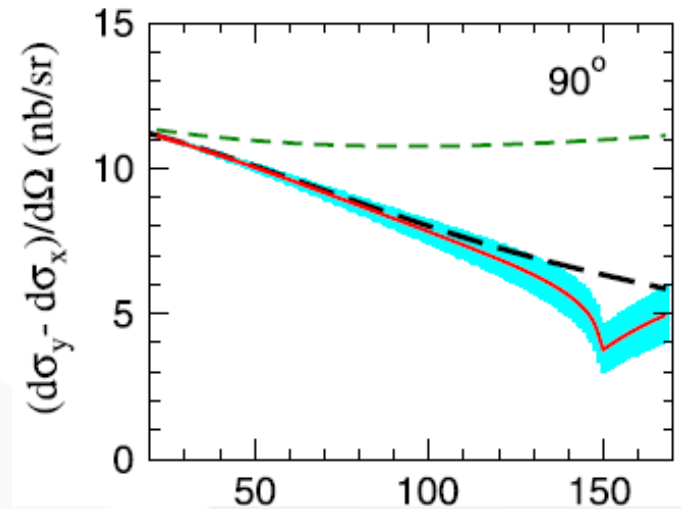
EM Polarizabilities Extractions & Errors

- EFT Extractions (Neutron) – HWG, JAM, DRP, GF, PPNP, 67 (2012) 841-897
- (Proton) – JAM, DRP, HWG, EJP, A 49 (2013) 12



Eur. Phys. J. C (2010) 65: 195–209
DOI 10.1140/epjc/s10052-009-1183-z

$B\chi$ PT with Δ



- I. The experiments at HIGS will *make model independent measurements of the electromagnetic polarizabilities for the proton* (bring the blue open circle at the same level of errors as the filled ellipse), and
- II. reduce the error in the *neutron magnetic polarizability* (filled red ellipse) *to one-half of its current value.*

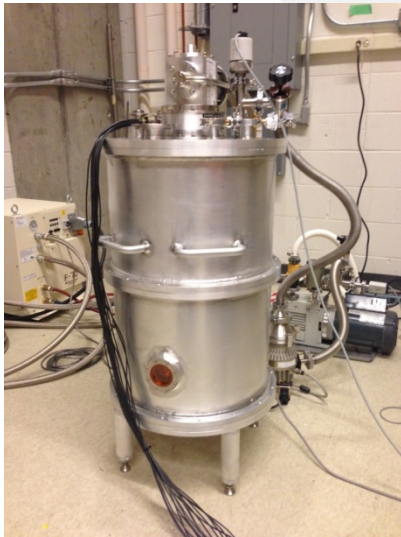
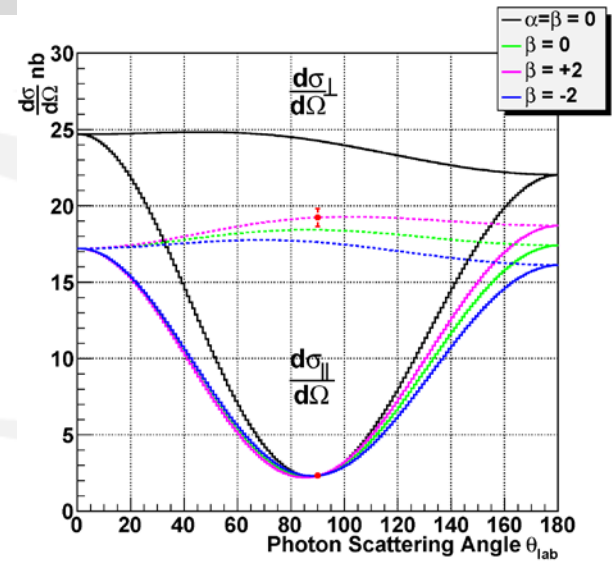


Making use of polarization sensitivity in Linear Polarized CS

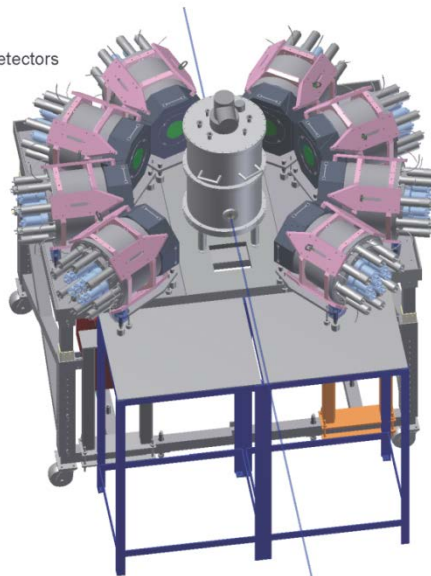
Proton: First such series of measurements of alpha and beta separately using linearly polarized gamma rays (HIGS and MAMI)

Quantity	Polarization	E_γ	% Err
α_p	Linear	85 MeV	2.5 %
β_p	Linear	85 MeV	<10%

Neutron: The 65 and 100 MeV measurements will reduce the error in β_n from ~ 50% to ~20 %



HINDA
8 NaI detectors



Scattered photons attenuated < 5%

- ❖ Cryo-Cooler
- ❖ Cooling Power: 1.5 W @ 4.2 K
- ❖ Base T = 3.5 K
- ❖ L = 20 cm, V = 0.24 Lit
- ❖ $D/H/cm^2 = 10^{24}$

- HIGS NaI Detector Array, (HINDA), 8-large NaI Core detectors with active shields

