#### The Physics of Dilepton Measurements in A+A

#### low invariant mass (M<sub>ee</sub><1.1GeV/c<sup>2</sup>)

 study of p meson spectral function: probe of chiral symmetry restoration

# c<sup>2</sup>)intermediate mass (1.1 < M<sub>ee</sub> < 3 GeV/c<sup>2</sup>)on:- slope represents the average

temperature of the medium



### **Recent Progress: RHIC Beam Energy Scan**

- Temperature dependence of the p spectral function
  - Initial state and temperature evolution is different
- broadened spectral function describes e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> excess from top RHIC energy at 200 GeV down to SPS energies at 19.6 GeV
  - beam energy range where final states are similar
- N<sub>part</sub> dependence as an another knob



70-80%

200 GeV

200





mass ranges  $A = \rho$ -like B=ω-like C=φ-like

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0.2

0.1

0

1.5 GeV

39 GeV

50

62.4 GeV

100

√s<sub>NN</sub>

130 GeV

150

### **Future Prospects ...**

BES Phase 1: 19.6 - 200 GeV

- Dilepton emission dominant in T<sub>c</sub> region and constant baryon density
- emission proportional to lifetime

#### BES Phase 2: 7.7 – 19.6 GeV

Probe life time + baryon density dependence of the ρ spectral function

#### Down to FAIR energies

- CBM, HADES
- probe lifetime, total baryon density, and temperature dependence
- At SPS: proposed NA60+
- overlap with RHIC and FAIR

## ... & Needs

- Include dimuon measurements
- Improve charm measurements
- Improved statistics

### **RHIC BES Phase-2**



