

# Low $Q^2$ Jet Smearing: Neutral Bias Update

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EIC WG Meeting

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# Simu Details

## ❑ Simulation

- PYTHIA-6 (BNL Instance)
- $E_e = 18 \text{ GeV}$   $E_p = 275 \text{ GeV}$
- $10^{-5} < Q^2 < 1.0 \text{ GeV}^2$

## ❑ Jet Finder

- Anti- $k_T$
- Lab frame
- $R = 0.8, 0.4$
- Min Jet  $p_T = 5$  or  $10 \text{ GeV}$  (unless specified)
- Particle Level Input: All stable particles with  $|\eta| < 3.5$  (not scattered electron)

## ❑ Smearing

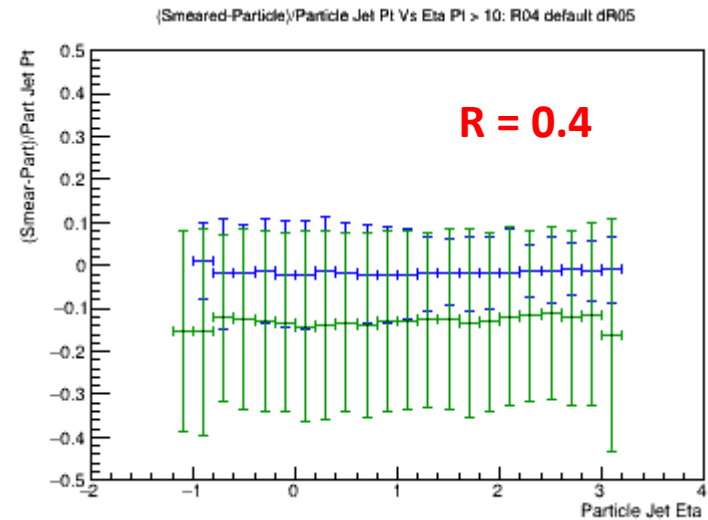
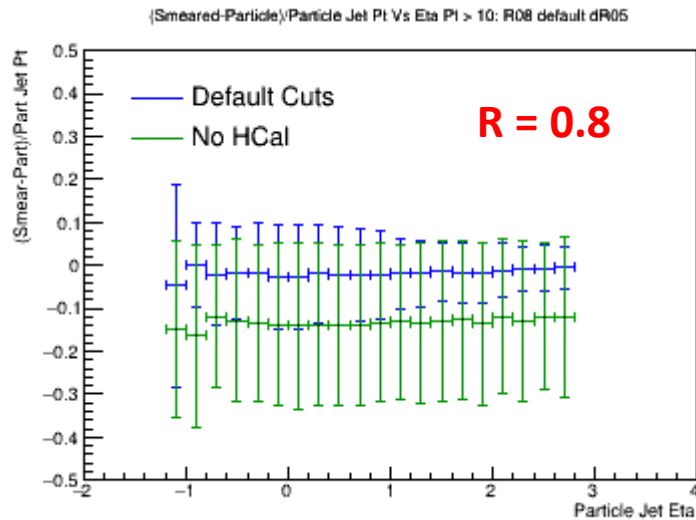
- Eic-smear: Handbook detector (v1.2)
- Charged hadron  $p_T > 250$  (500) MeV, Photon Energy  $> 200 \text{ MeV}$ , Hcal Energy  $> 500 \text{ MeV}$  (or infinite to simulate no Hcal)
- Charged hadrons detected by tracker, photons detected by Emcal, Neutrons, KLongs and untracked charged hadrons detected by Hcal
- No position smearing!

# Particle – Smear Correlations

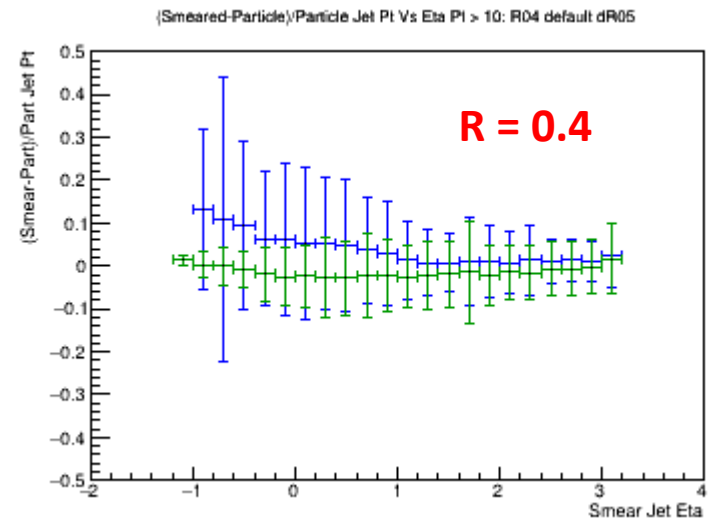
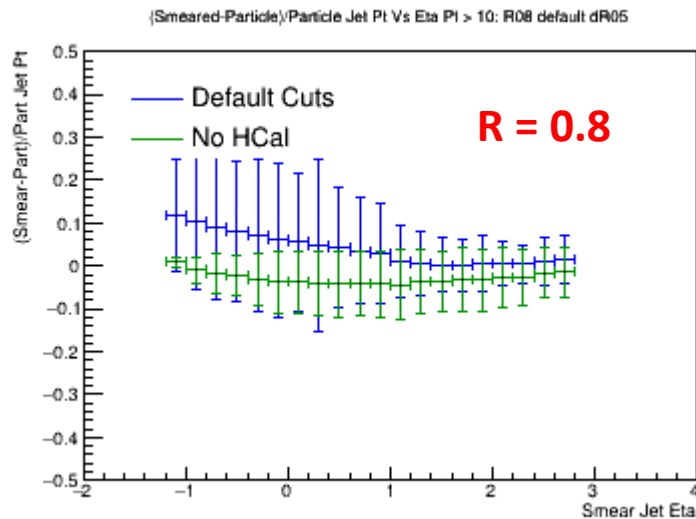
- ❑ For each particle (smeared) jet which has  $p_T$  and eta within acceptance, loop over all smeared (particle) jets and find the one closest in deltaR
- ❑ Require  $\text{deltaR} < 0.5$
- ❑ Select particle and loop over smear – show how a given particle level jet will be modified
- ❑ Select smeared and loop over particle – show potential biases introduced by the detector / selection criteria
- ❑ Will show several plots of ‘Sigma A vs B’ – Sigma is defined as (Smeared quantity – Particle quantity) / Particle quantity; error bars are RMS of sigma distribution

# Last Time ...

Select Particle

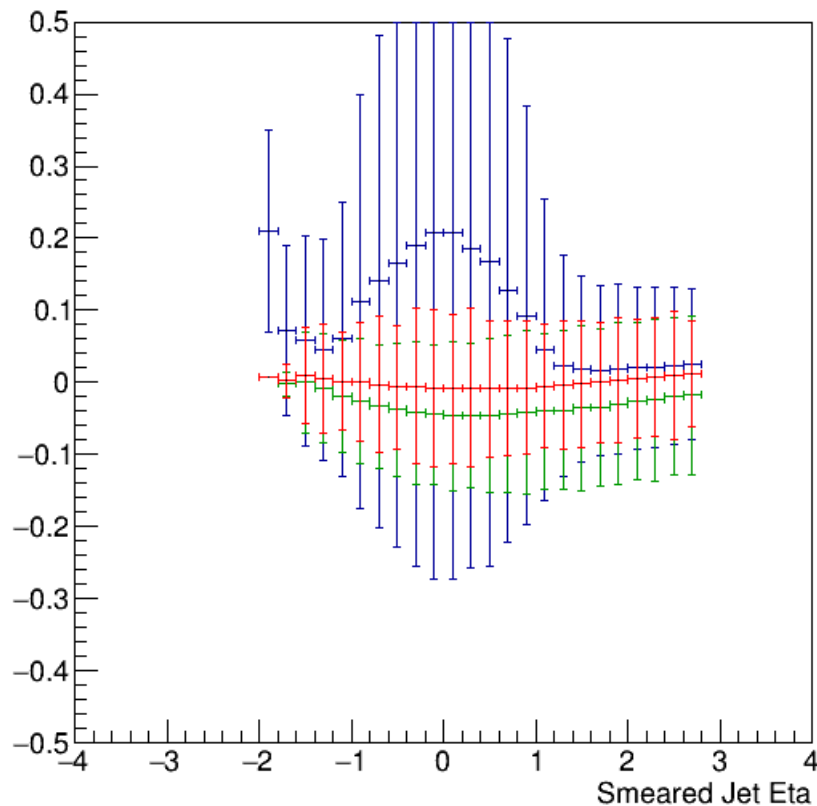


Select Smear

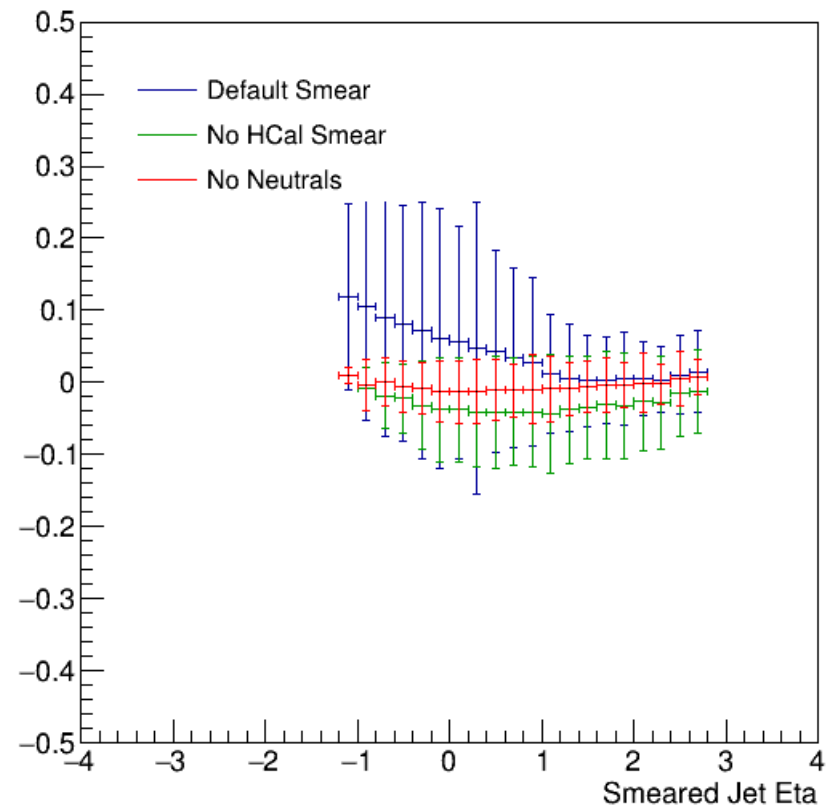


# Reconstruction Bias: $p_T$ Vs Eta

(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet Pt Vs Eta: R08 default dR05

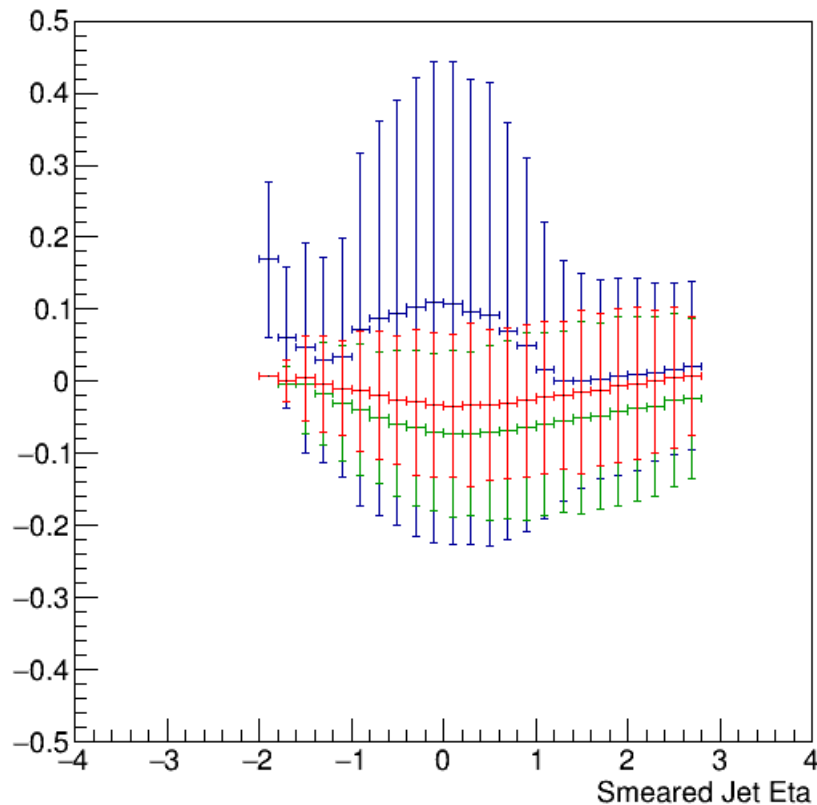


(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet Pt Vs Eta Pt > 10: R08 default dR05

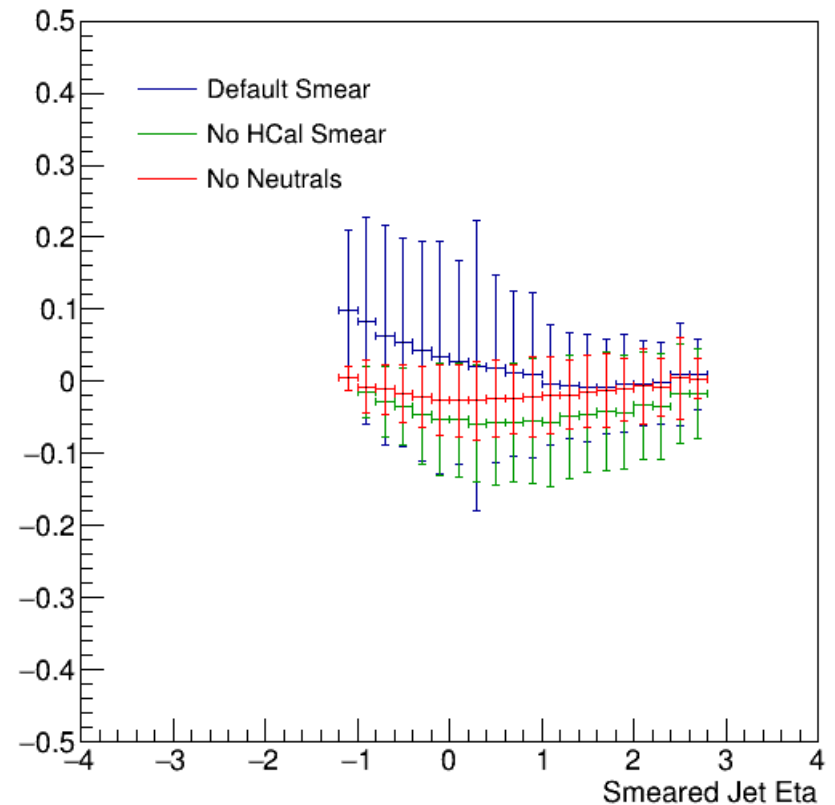


# Reconstruction Bias: E Vs Eta

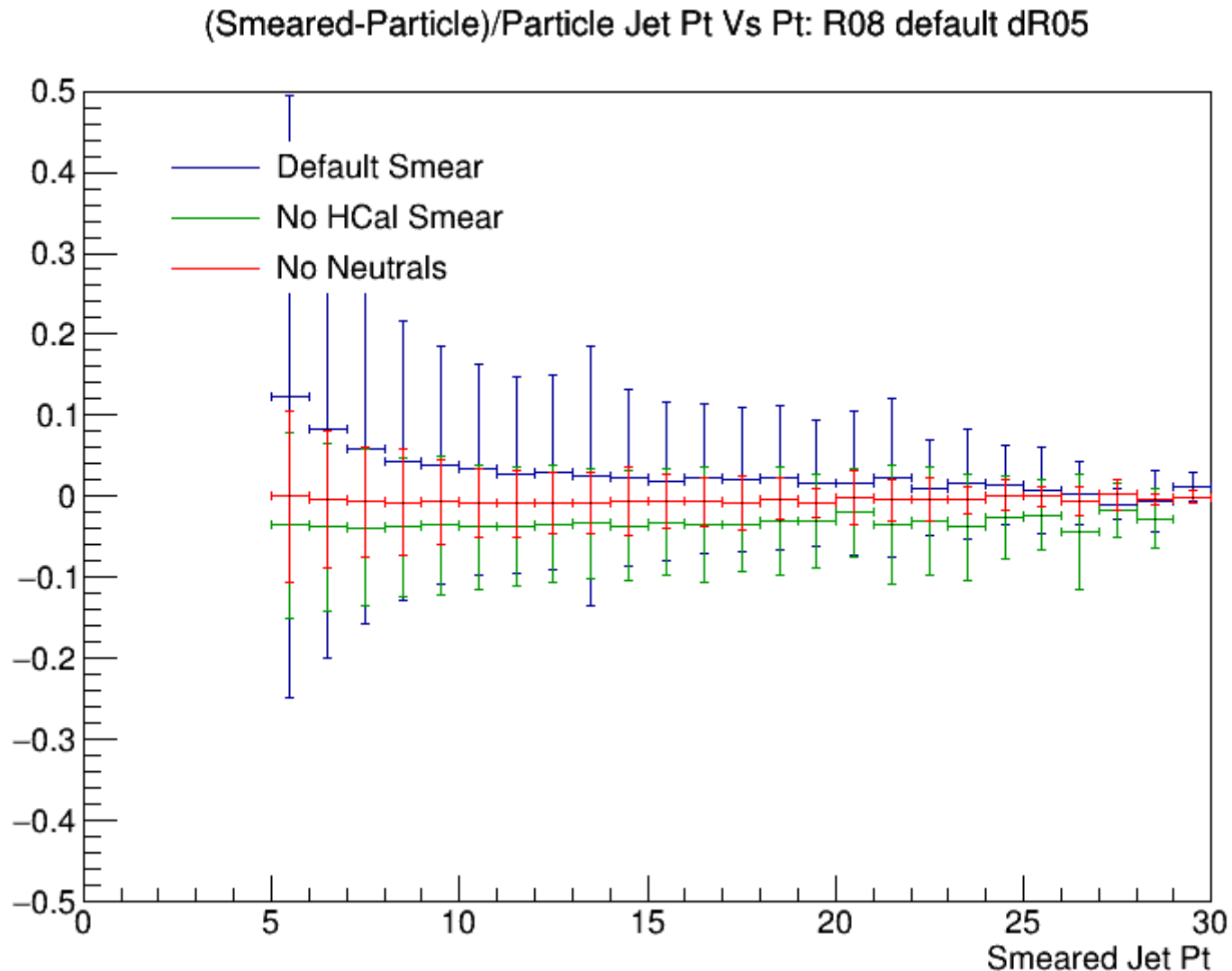
(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet E Vs Eta: R08 default dR05



(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet E Vs Eta Pt > 10: R08 default dR05

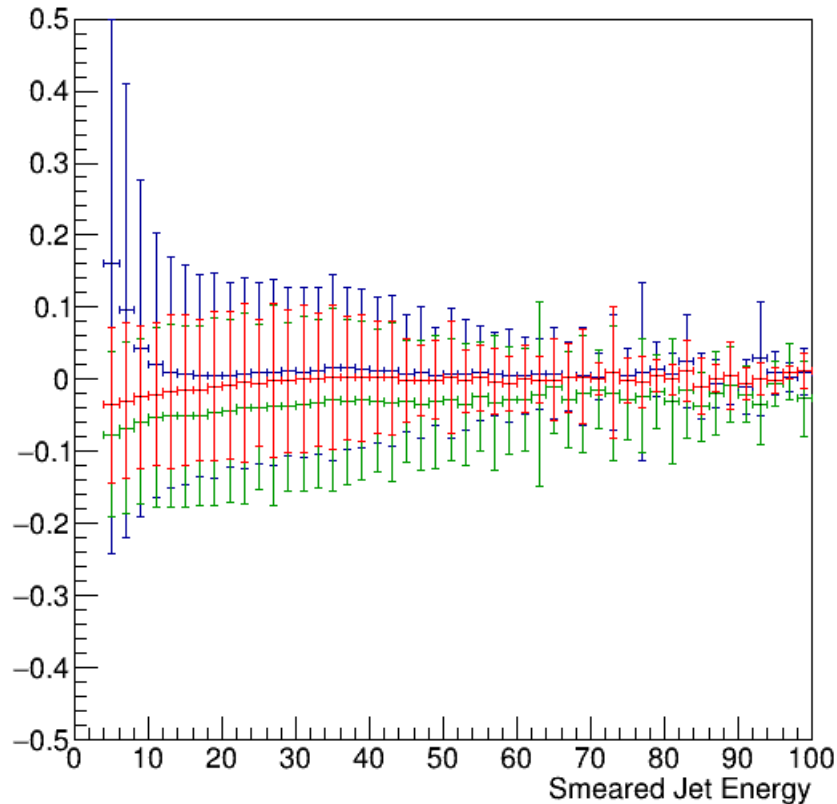


# Reconstruction Bias: $p_T$ Vs $p_T$

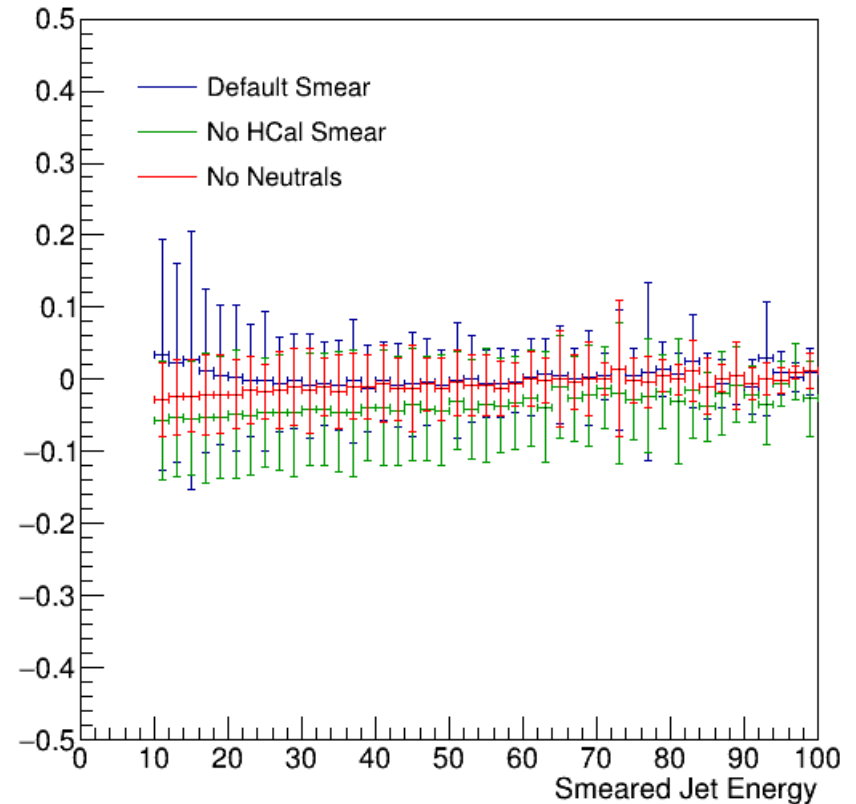


# Reconstruction Bias: E Vs E

(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet E Vs E: R08 default dR05



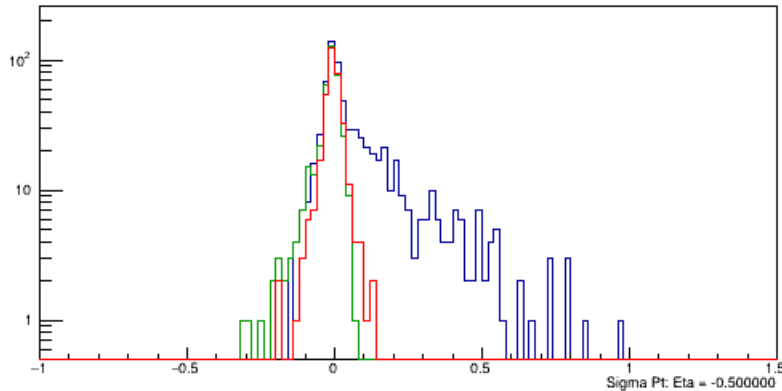
(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet E Vs E Pt > 10: R08 default dR05



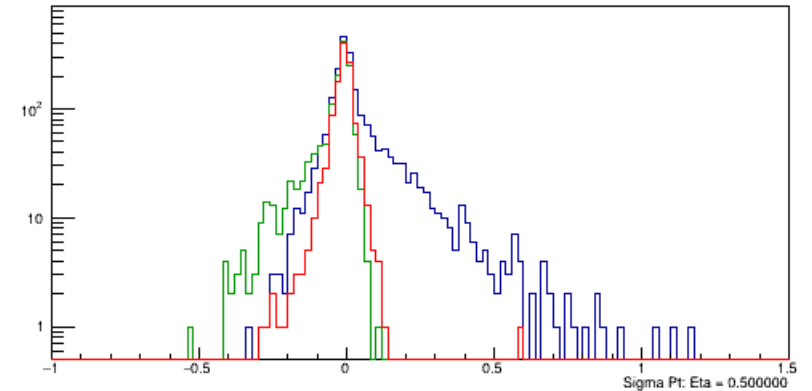


# Sigma Projection: $p_T$ Vs Eta

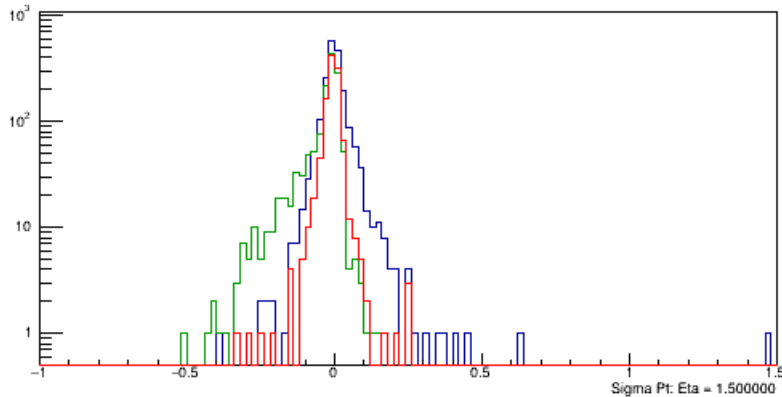
(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet Pt Vs Eta Pt > 10: R08 default dR05



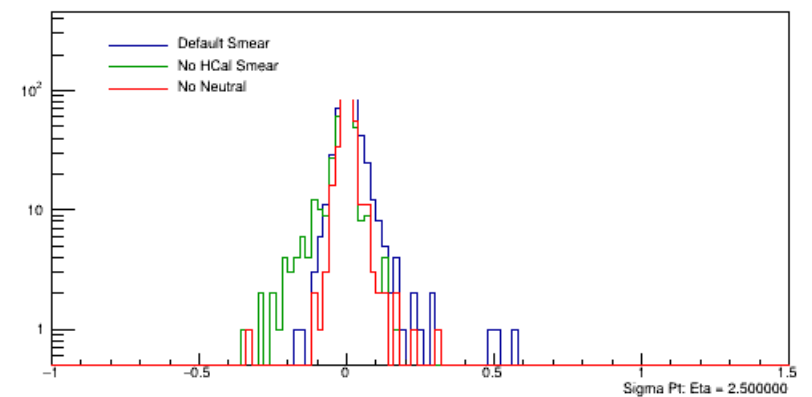
(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet Pt Vs Eta Pt > 10: R08 default dR05



(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet Pt Vs Eta Pt > 10: R08 default dR05

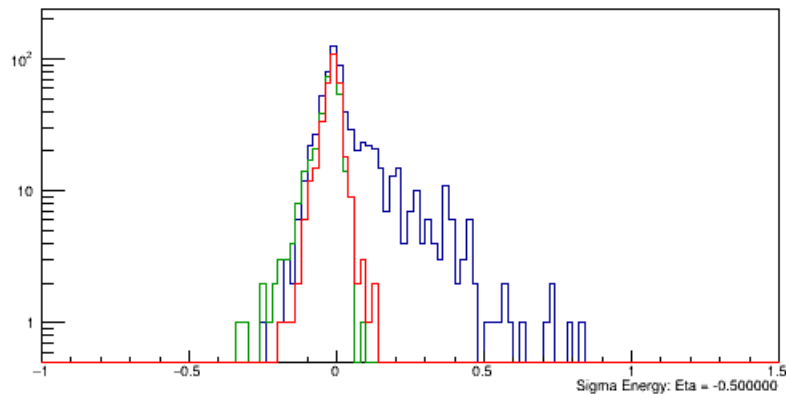


(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet Pt Vs Eta Pt > 10: R08 default dR05

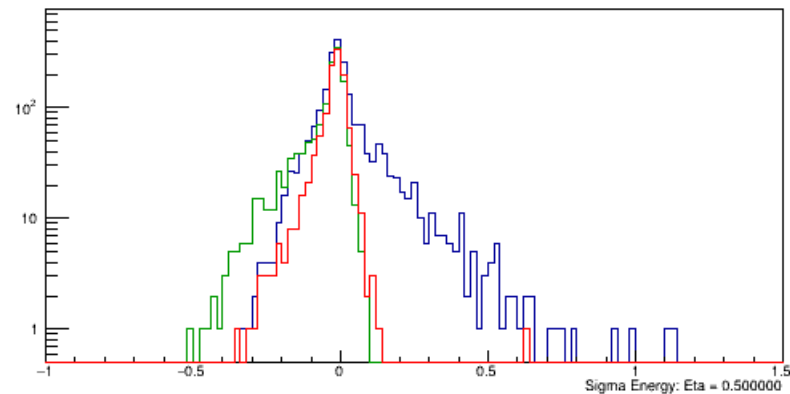


# Sigma Projection: E Vs Eta

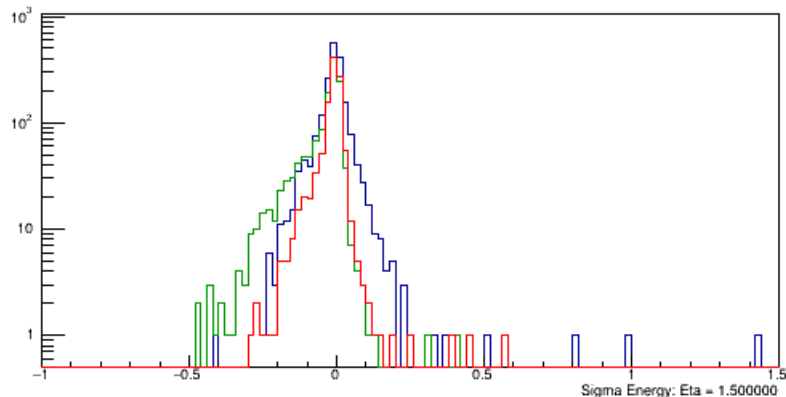
(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet E Vs Eta Pt > 10: R08 default dR05



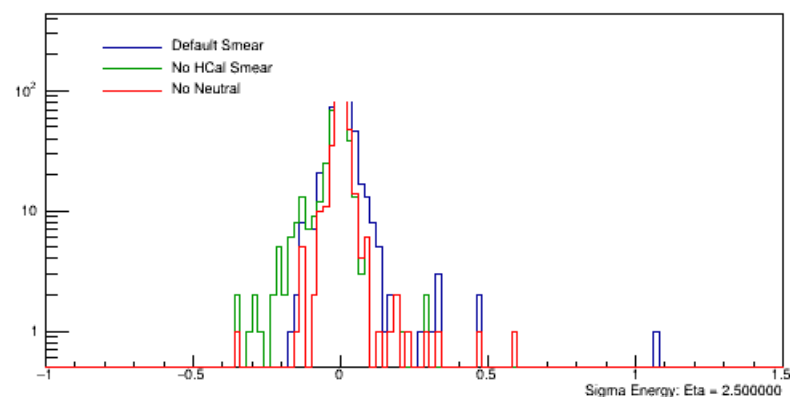
(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet E Vs Eta Pt > 10: R08 default dR05



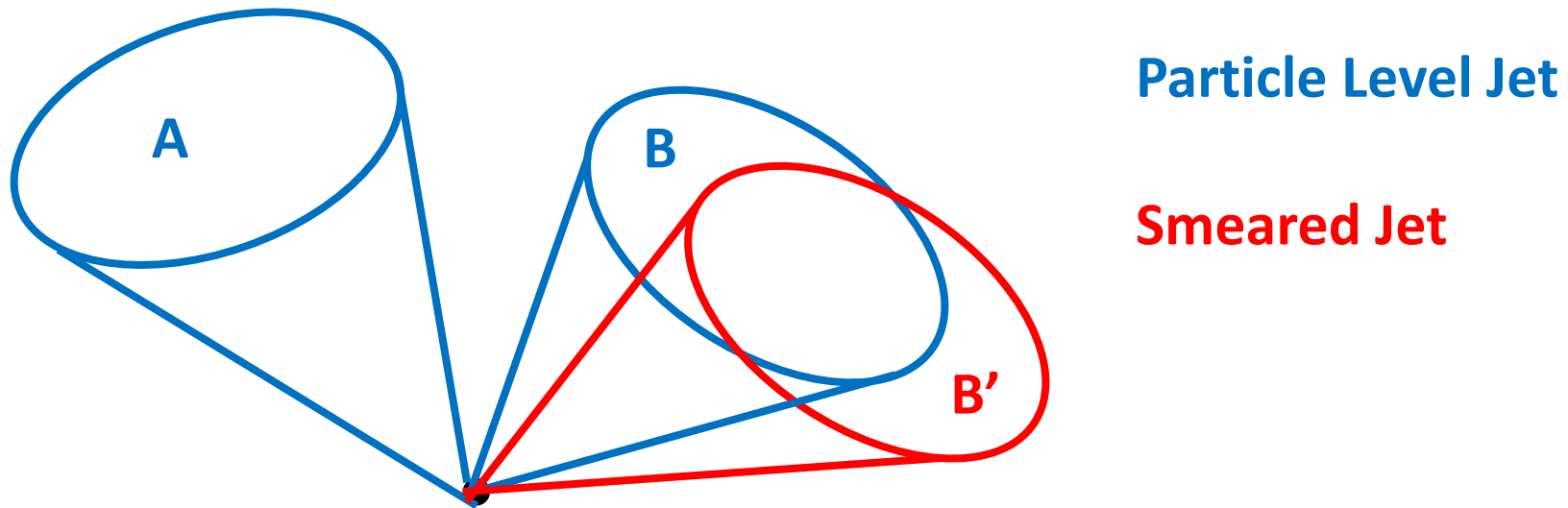
(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet E Vs Eta Pt > 10: R08 default dR05



(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet E Vs Eta Pt > 10: R08 default dR05



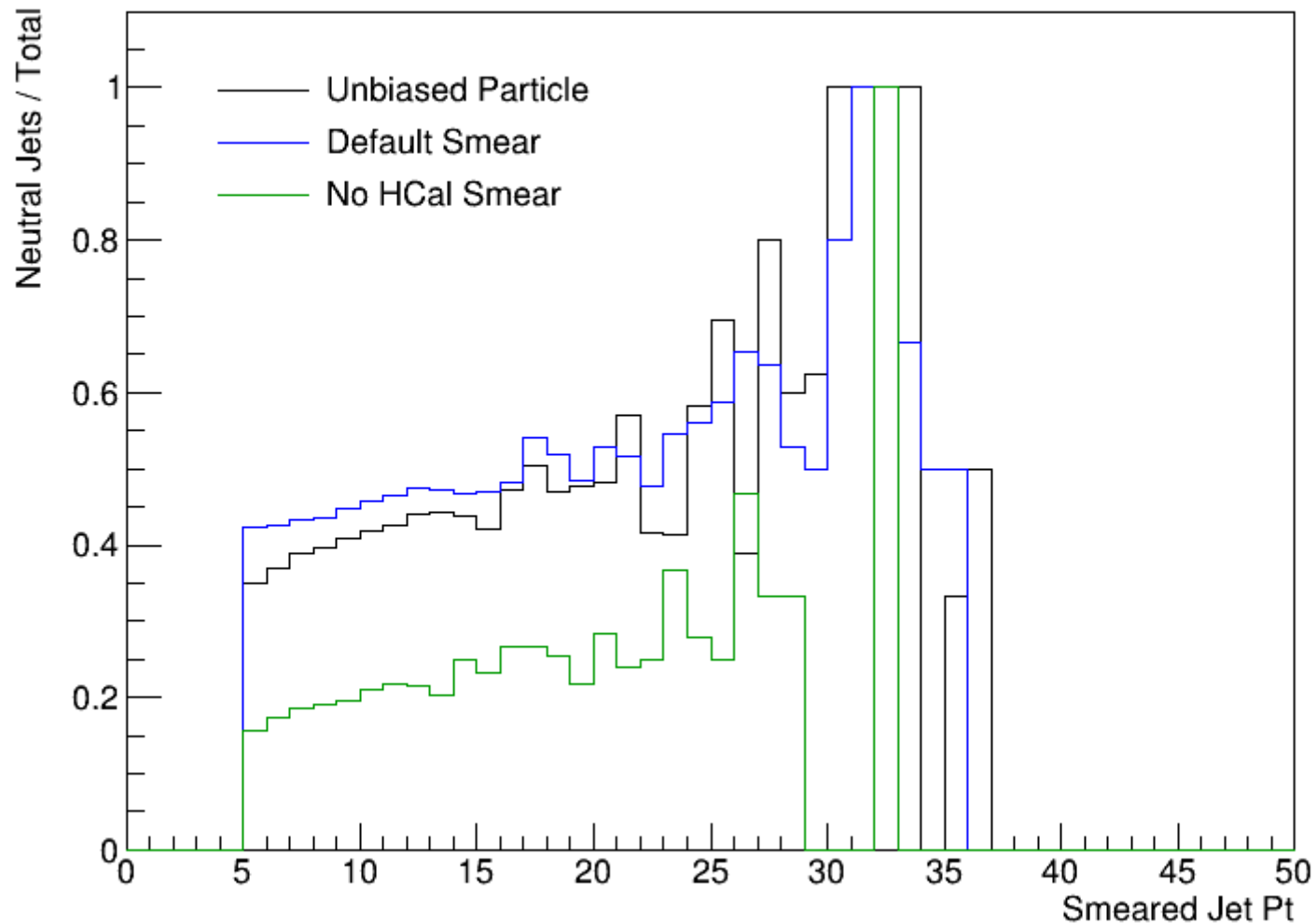
# Selection Bias



- The set of all particle level jets (A+B) which pass selection ( $p_T$  &  $\eta$ ) criteria make up the unbiased sample
- A smeared jet B' will have an associated particle level jet B – the set of all matched particle level jets (B) can have different properties than the unbiased set (A+B) – this is selection bias
- We will look at the ratio of jets containing a neutral hadron to total jets in the unbiased sample (A+B), the biased sample B associated with B' found using default smearing, and the biased sample B associated with B' found ignoring HCal information

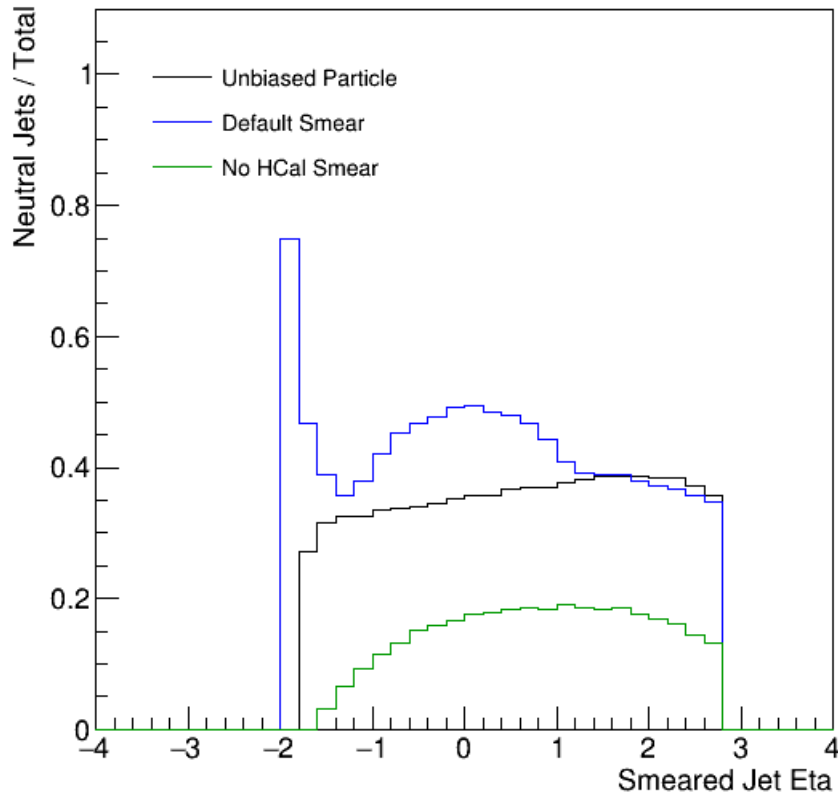
# Selection Bias: $p_T$

Particle Jet Pt: Neutral Fraction

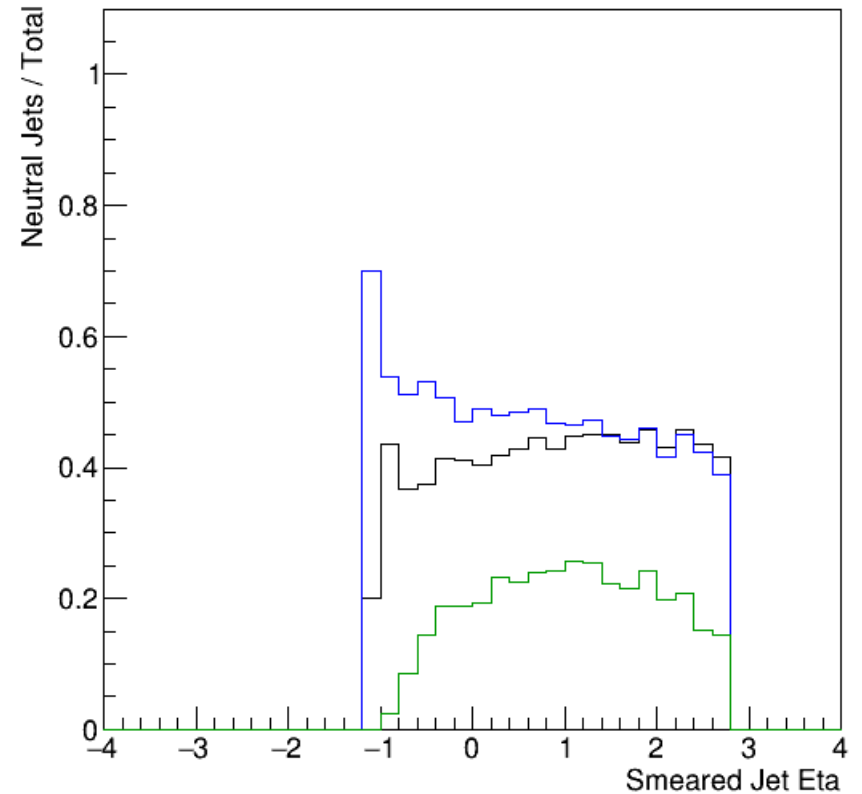


# Selection Bias: Eta

Particle Jet Eta: Neutral Fraction

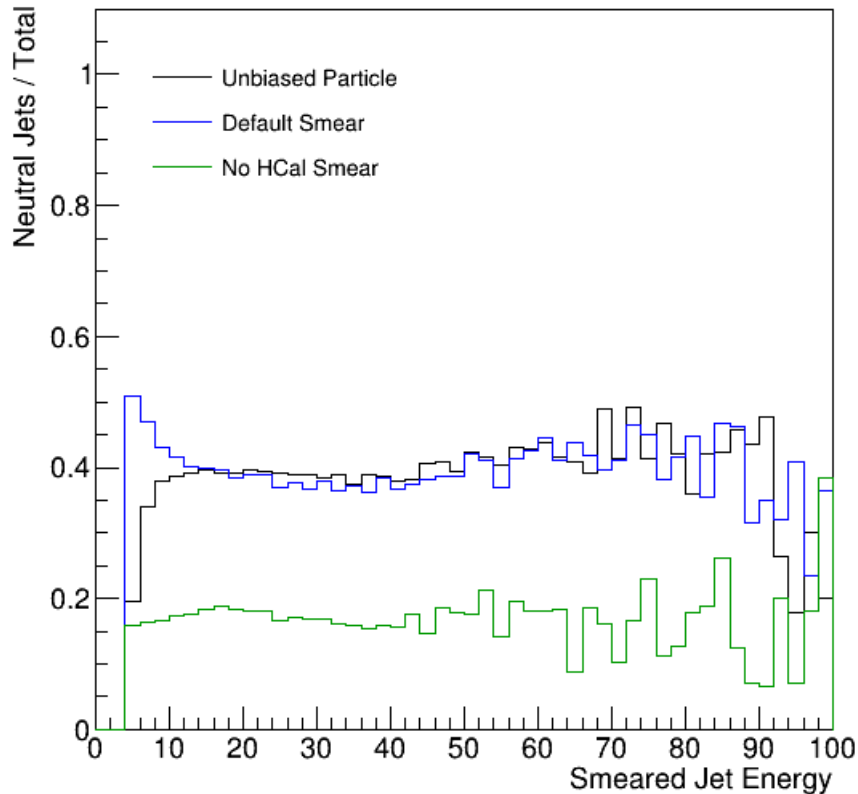


Particle Jet Eta Pt > 10 GeV: Neutral Fraction

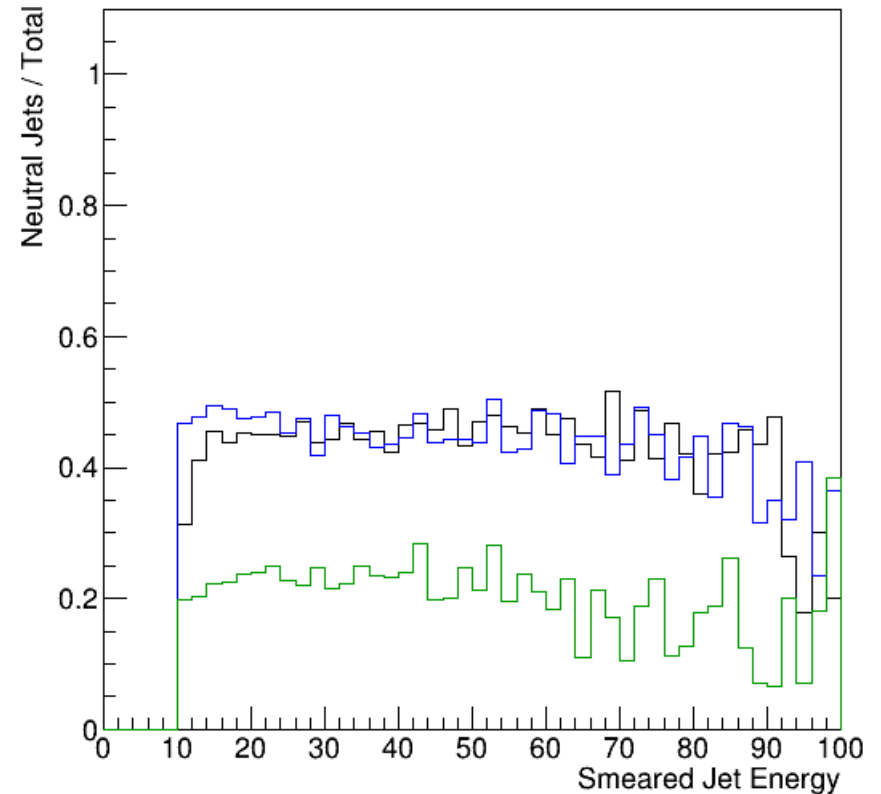


# Selection Bias: Energy

Particle Jet Energy: Neutral Fraction

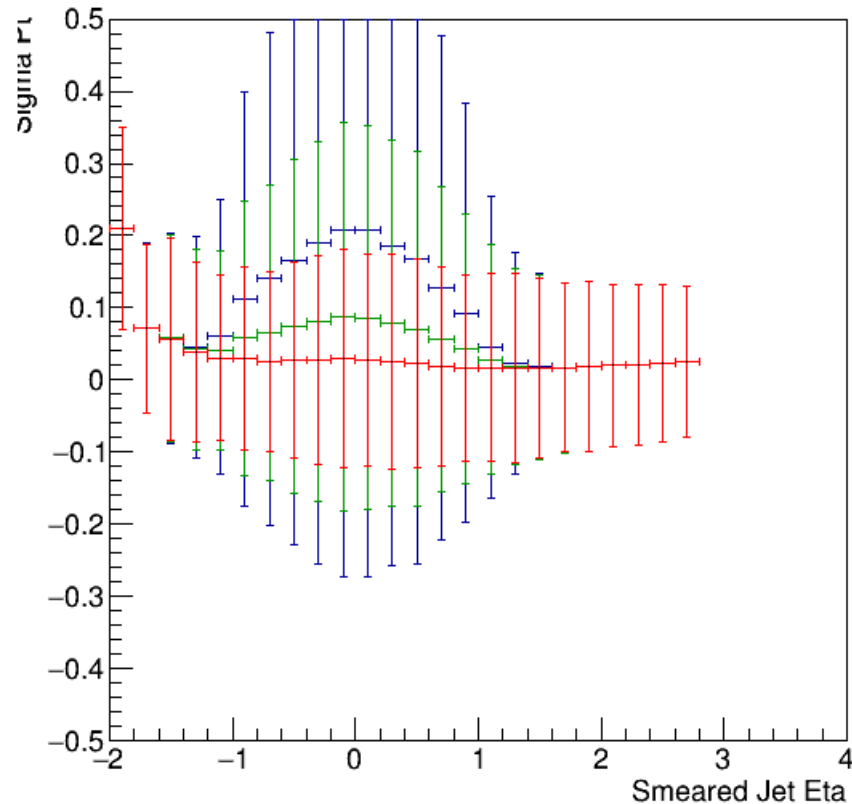


Particle Jet Energy Pt > 10 GeV: Neutral Fraction

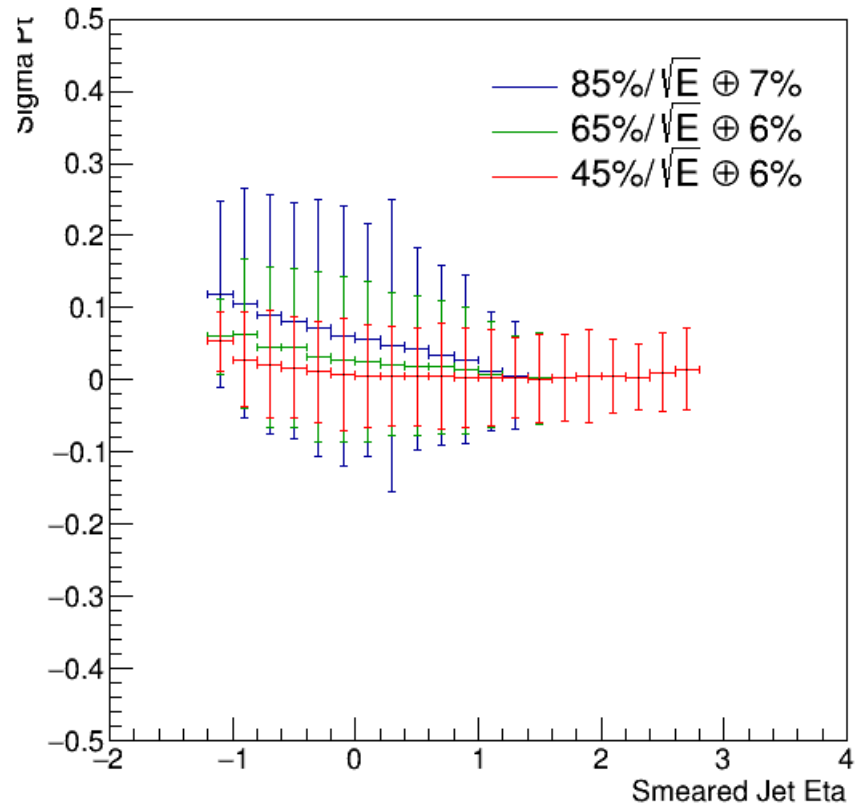


# Barrel HCal Res: Sigma $p_T$ Vs Eta

(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet Pt Vs Eta: R08 default dR05

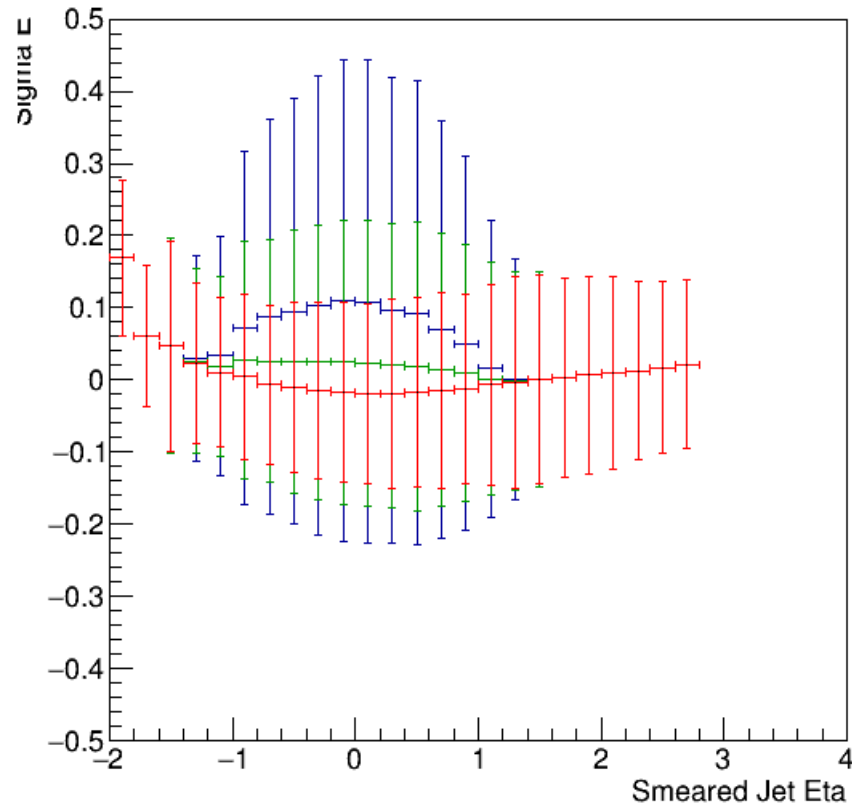


(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet Pt Vs Eta Pt > 10: R08 default dR05

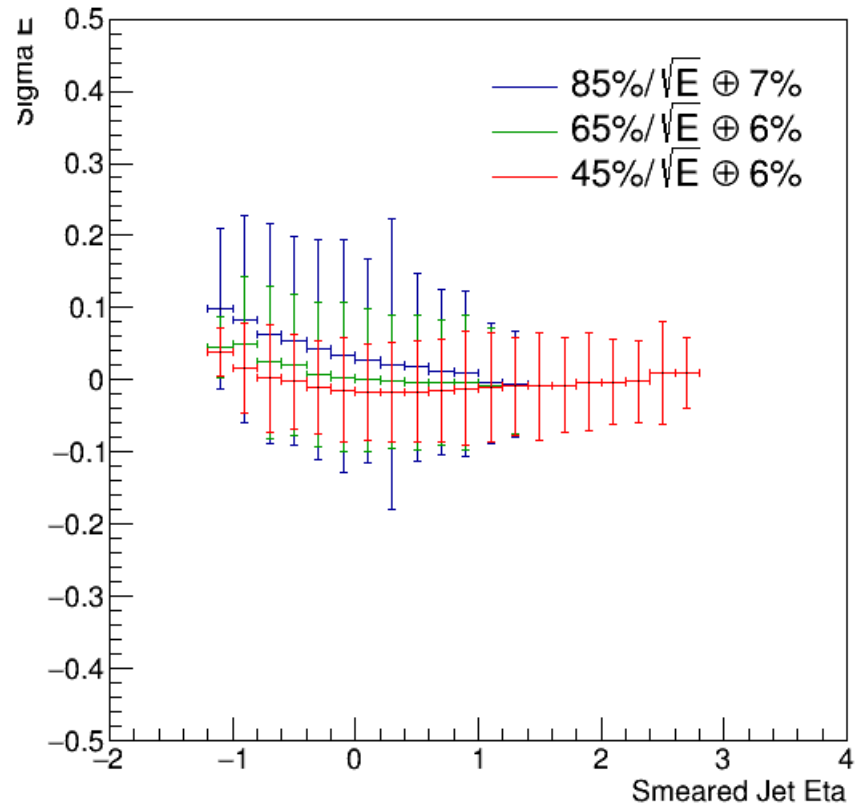


# Barrel HCal Res: Sigma E Vs Eta

(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet E Vs Eta: R08 default dR05

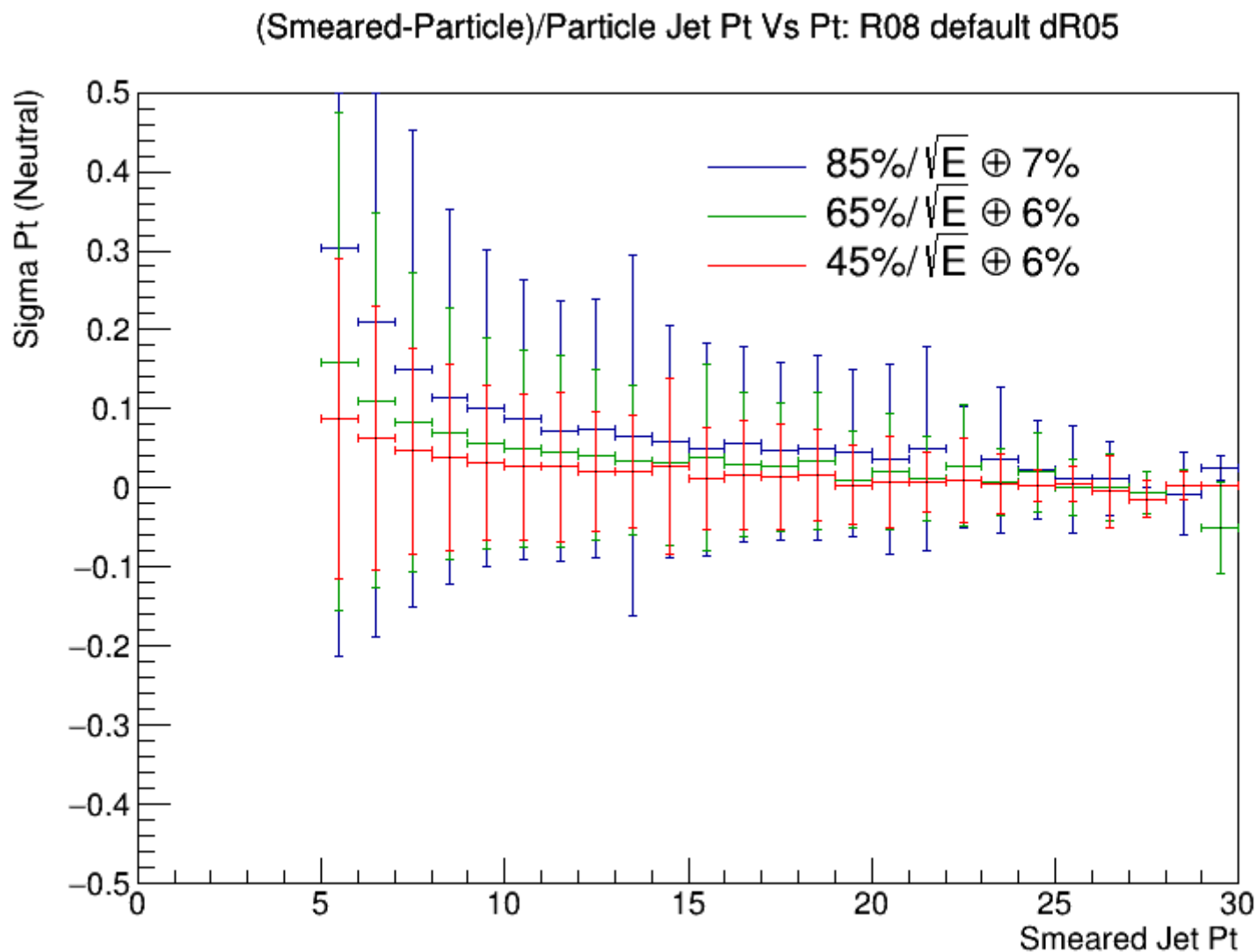


(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet E Vs Eta Pt > 10: R08 default dR05



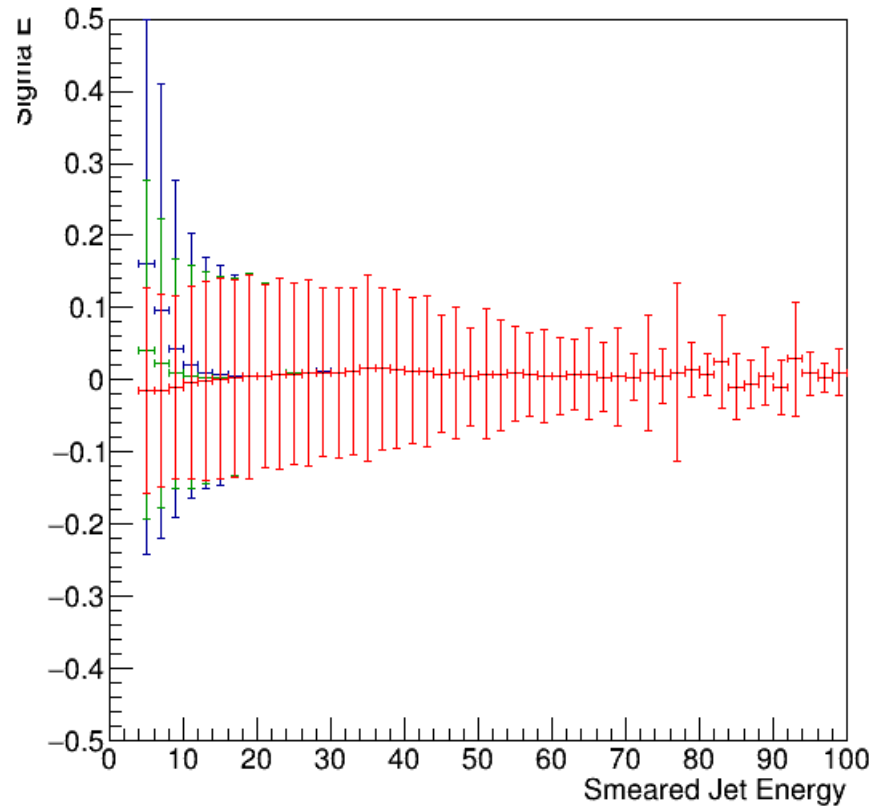


# Barrel HCal Res: Sigma $p_T$ Vs $p_T$

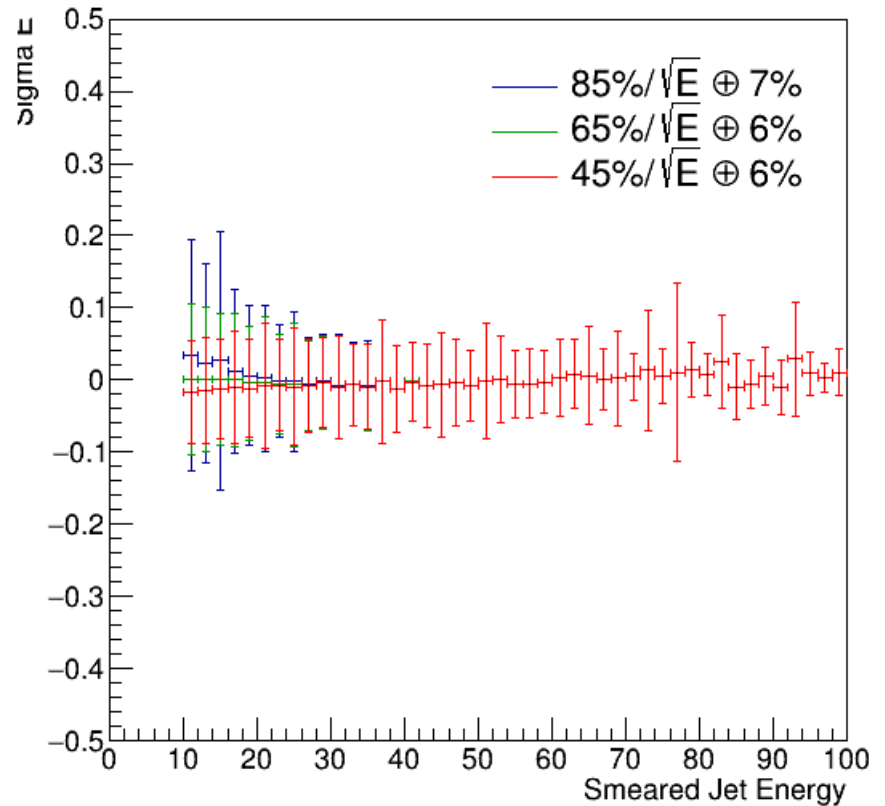


# Barrel HCal Res: Sigma pT Vs Eta

(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet E Vs E: R08 default dR05



(Smeared-Particle)/Particle Jet E Vs E Pt > 10: R08 default dR05



# Conclusions

- ❑ Biases seen in previous presentation explored in more detail
- ❑ Low  $p_T$  / negative eta jets will be challenging
- ❑ Biases seen driven entirely by fluctuations, peak of smeared – particle distribution remains at zero
- ❑ Moderate improvement in HCal resolution can reduce observed biases

# Next Steps

- ❑ Look at different  $Q^2$  ranges
- ❑ Determine effect on angularity measurement
- ❑ Think about implications for calorimeter requirements / complementarity

# Handbook Parameters

Tracker	Eta Range	Resolution
	-3.5 to -2.5	$2\%/\sqrt{P} + .1\%$
	-2.5 to -1.0	$1\%/\sqrt{P} + .05\%$
	-1.0 to 1.0	$.05\%/\sqrt{P} + .05\%$
	1.0 to 2.5	$1\%/\sqrt{P} + .05\%$
	2.5 to 3.5	$2\%/\sqrt{P} + .1\%$

EM Cal	Eta Range	Resolution
	-4.5 to -2.0	$1\%/\sqrt{E} + 1\%$
	-2.0 to -1.0	$8\%/\sqrt{E} + 2\%$
	-1.0 to 4.5	$12\%/\sqrt{E} + 2\%$

HCal	Eta Range	Resolution
	-3.5 to -1.0	$45\%/\sqrt{E} + 6\%$
	-1.0 to 1.0	$85\%/\sqrt{E} + 7\%$
	1.0 to 3.5	$45\%/\sqrt{E} + 6\%$