

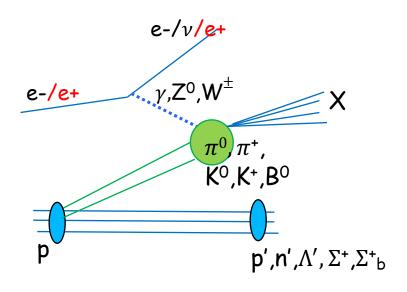


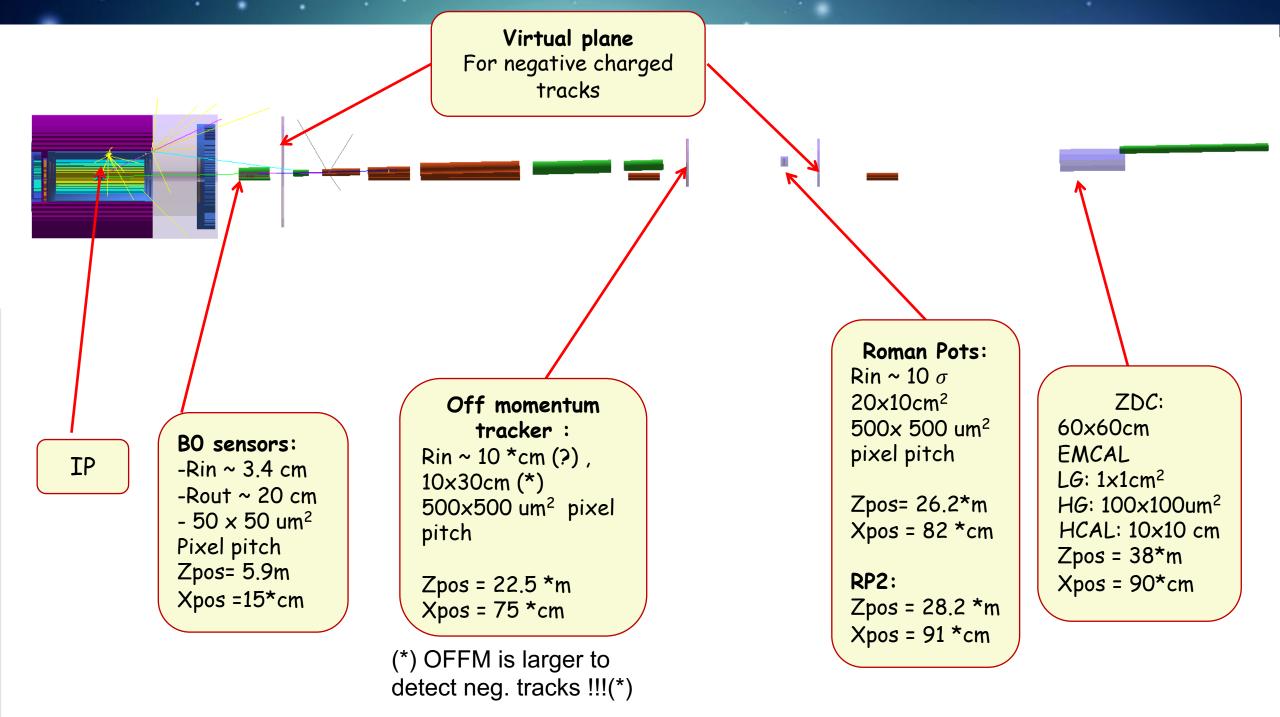




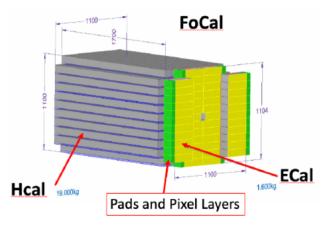


# Pion/Kaon structure functions and further progress towards a flavor decomposition

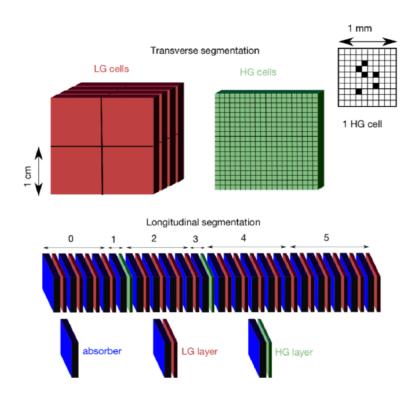




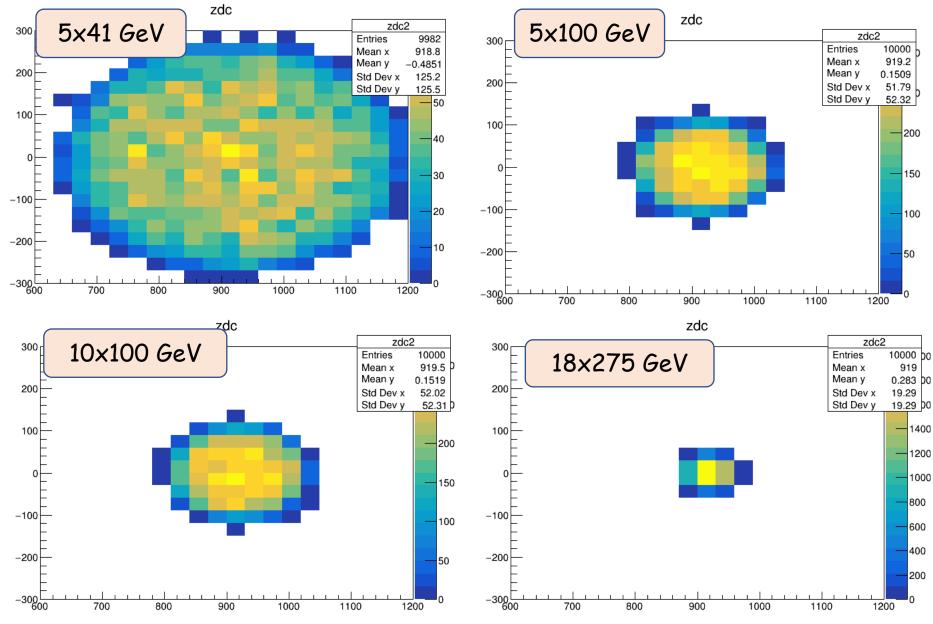
# **ZDC** (Y.Goto)



HCal: ~2K channels

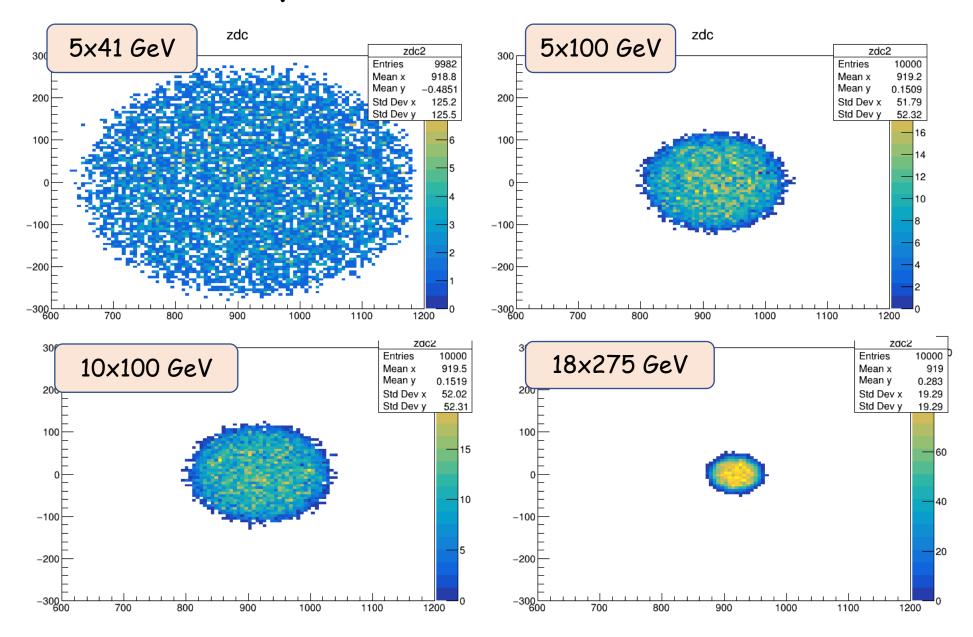


#### Neutron sample



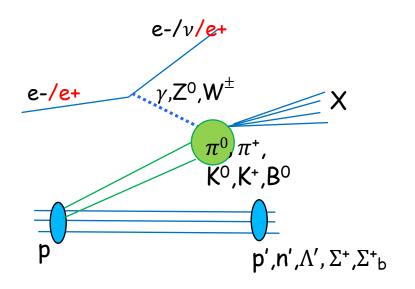
ZDC 60x60 cm 20bins => 3cm towers

### Neutron sample



ZDC 60x60 cm 100bins => 0.6cm towers

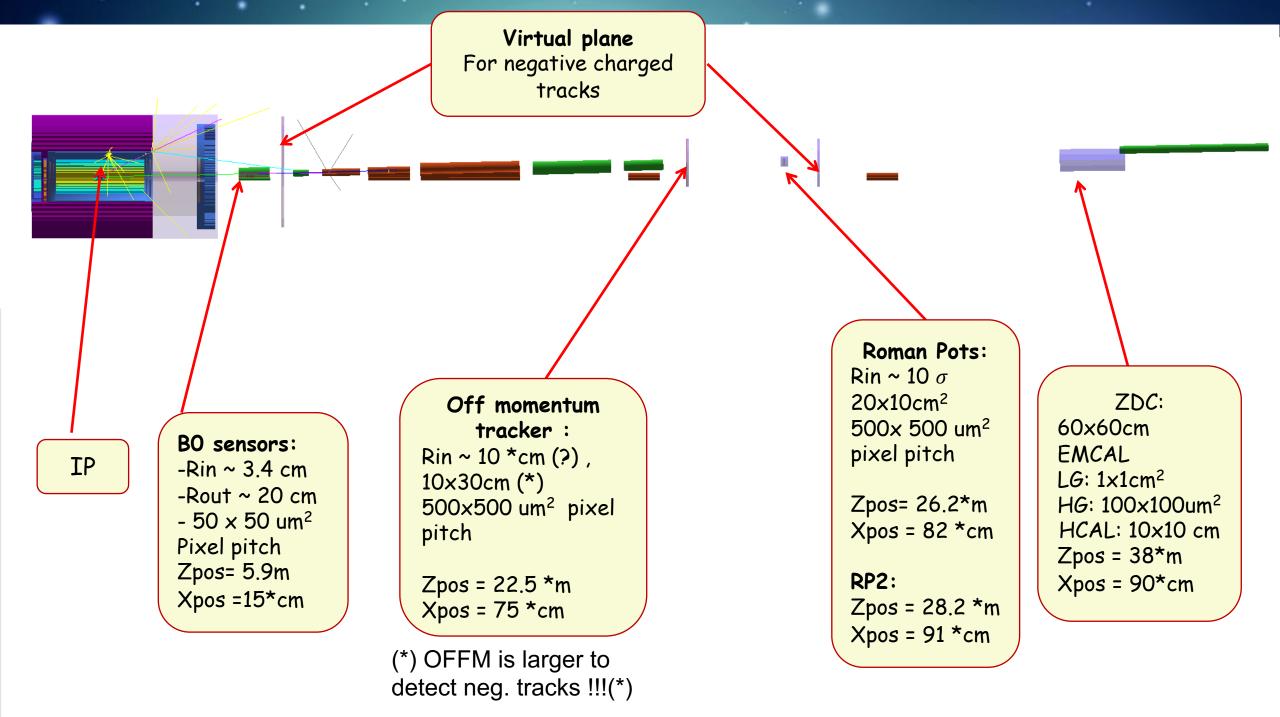
# Pion/Kaon structure functions and further progress towards a flavor decomposition



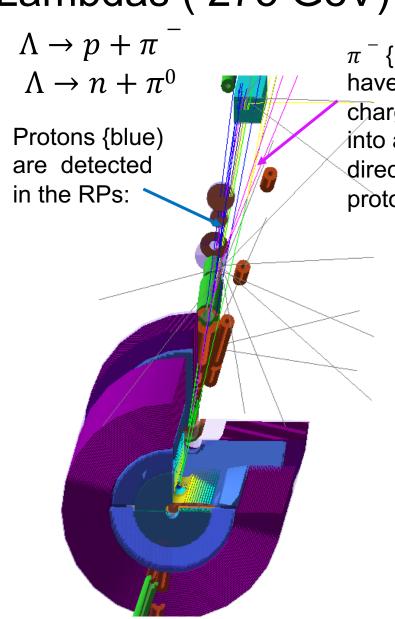
e p -> (K) -> e' + 
$$\Lambda$$
 +  $X$ 
 $p + \pi$ 
 $n + \pi^0$ 

MC sample with Lambda's . Geant4 is decaying them during the transportation.

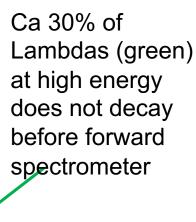
```
mode[0] = new
G4PhaseSpaceDecayChannel("lambda",0.639,2,"proton","pi-");
G4PhaseSpaceDecayChannel("lambda",0.358,2,"neutron","pi0");
```



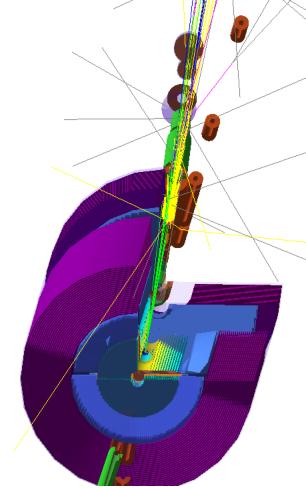
## Lambdas (275 GeV)

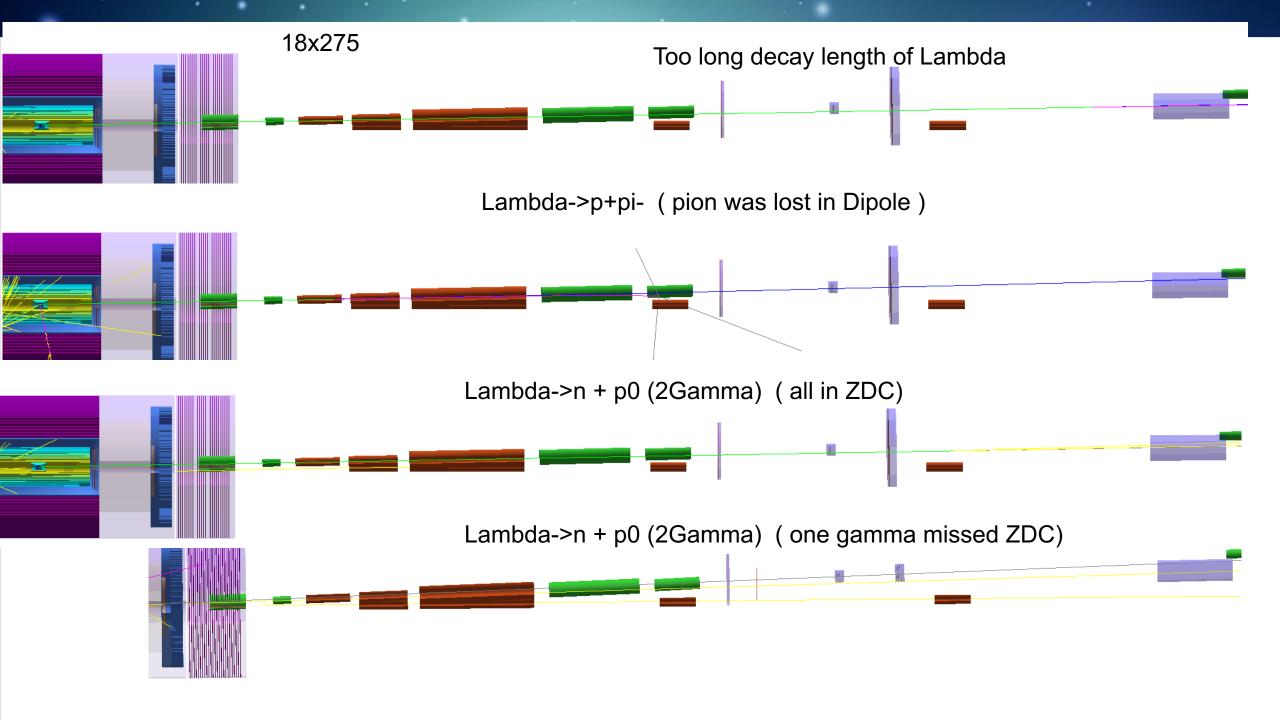


 $\pi^-$  {magenta) have opposite charge( bending into an other direction from protons)



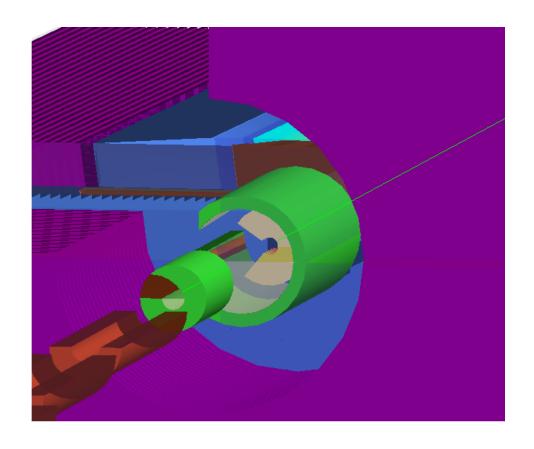
Neutrons  $\{gray\}$  and  $fraction of <math>\pi 0$  ( yellow) goes into ZDC

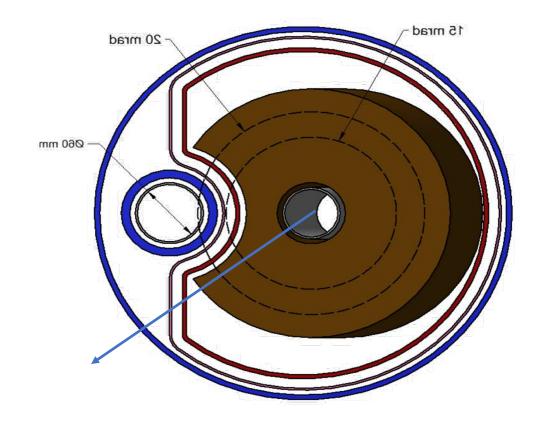


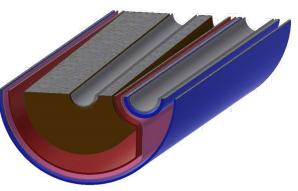


### BO detectors

shape of B0 tracker : asymmetric in  $\varphi$  due to the crossing angle and electron FFQ placement

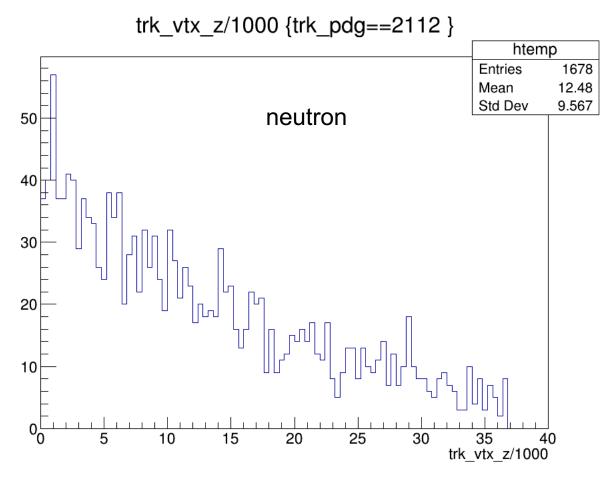




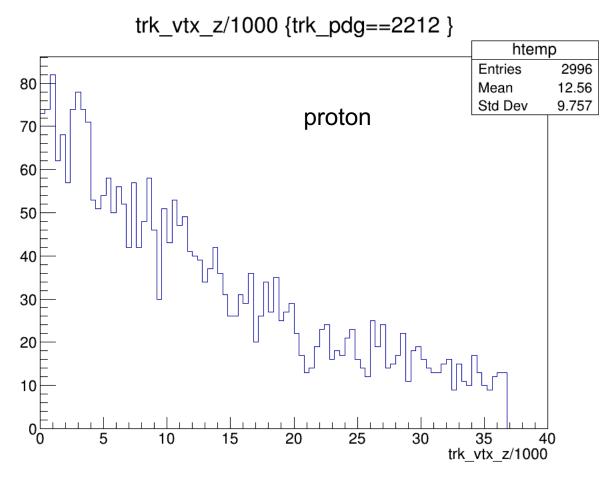


### Decay Length (p/n vertex) (18x275)

mode[0] = new <u>G4PhaseSpaceDecayChannel</u>("lambda",0.639,2,"proton","pi-"); <u>G4PhaseSpaceDecayChannel</u>("lambda",0.358,2,"neutron","pi0");



10k events total => 3580 neutrons => ~ 47% Need to add pi0 efficiency

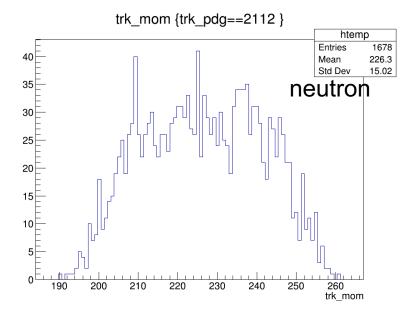


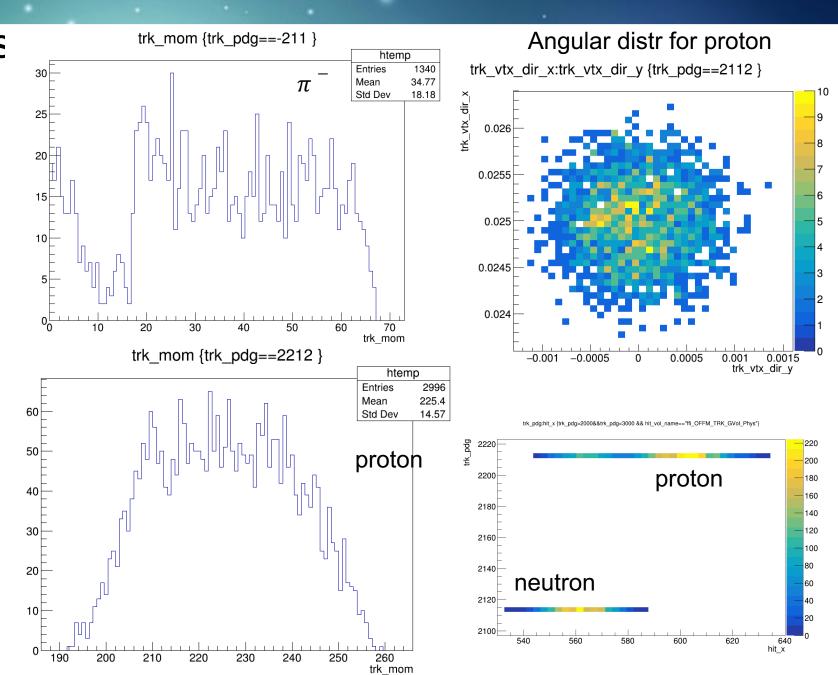
10k events total => 6390 protons => ~ 47% Need to add pi- efficiency

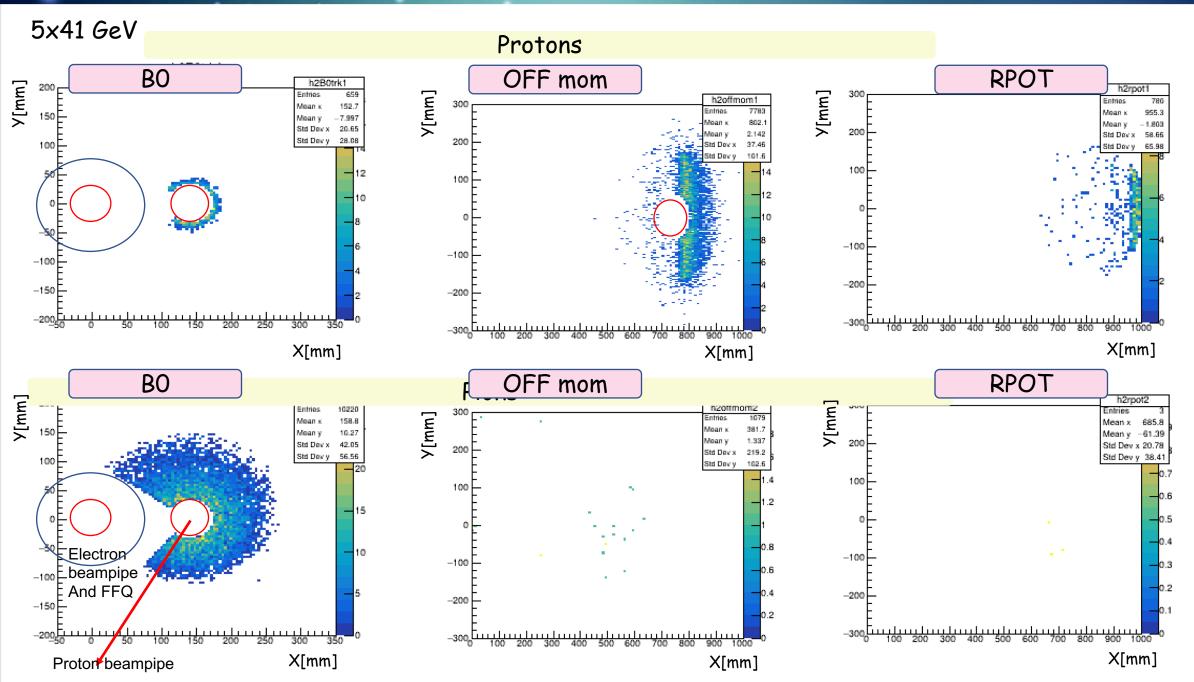
# Protons and neutrons (18x275)

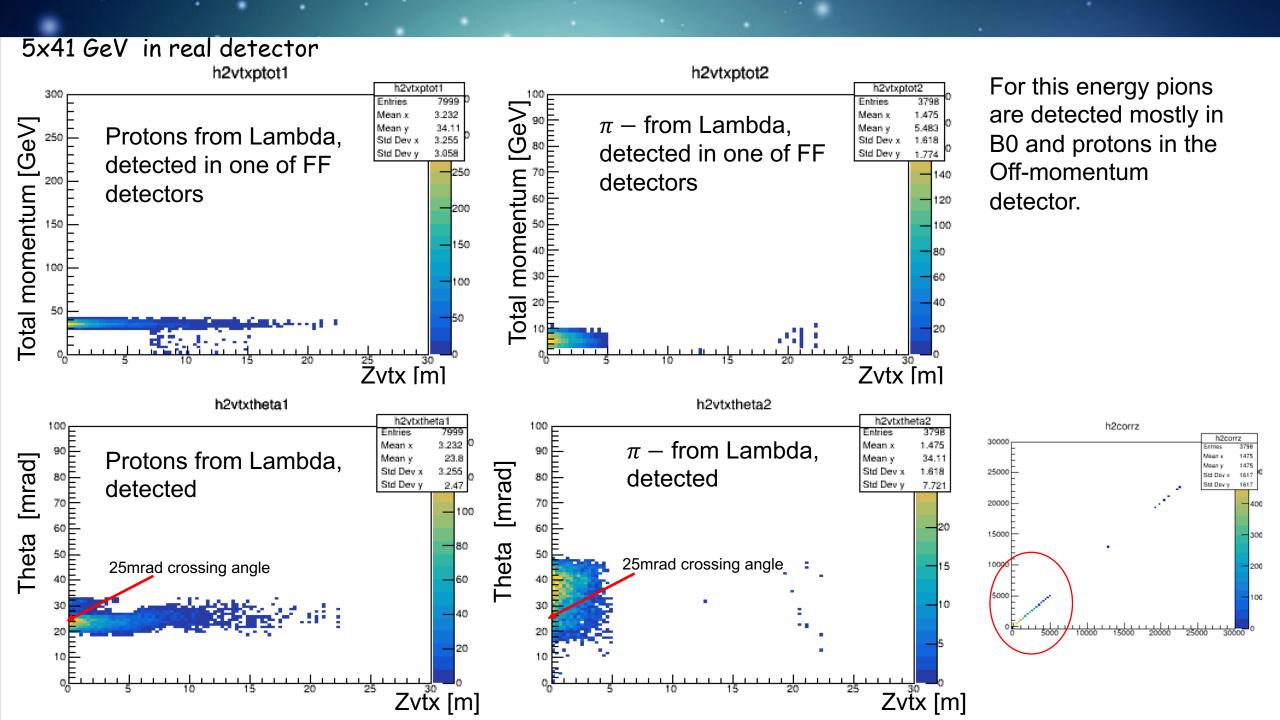
$$\Lambda \to p + \pi^-$$

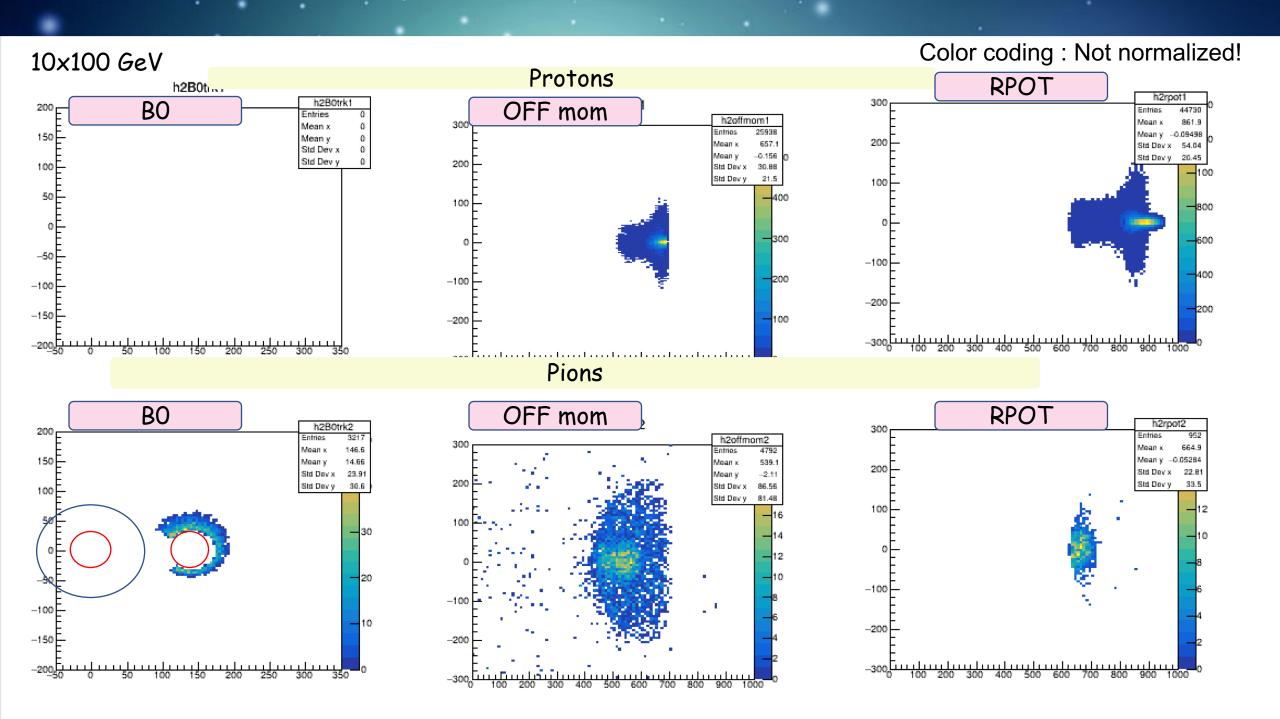
$$\Lambda \to n + \pi^0$$

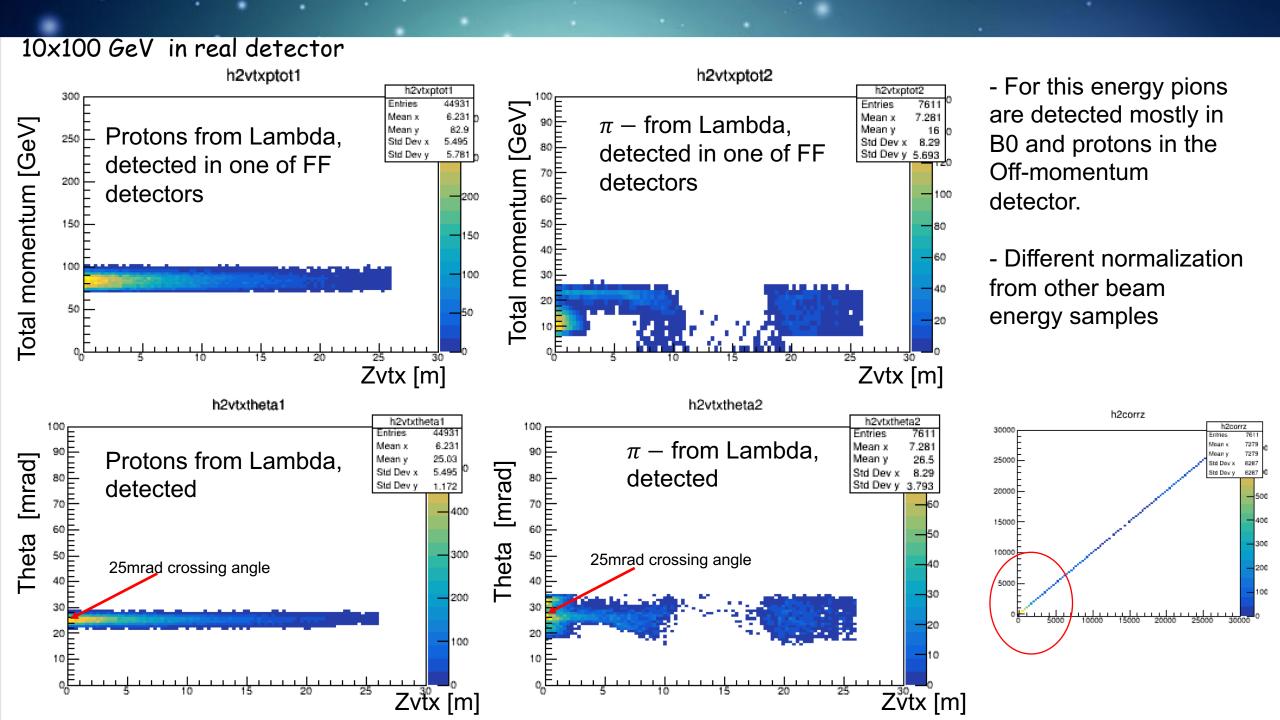


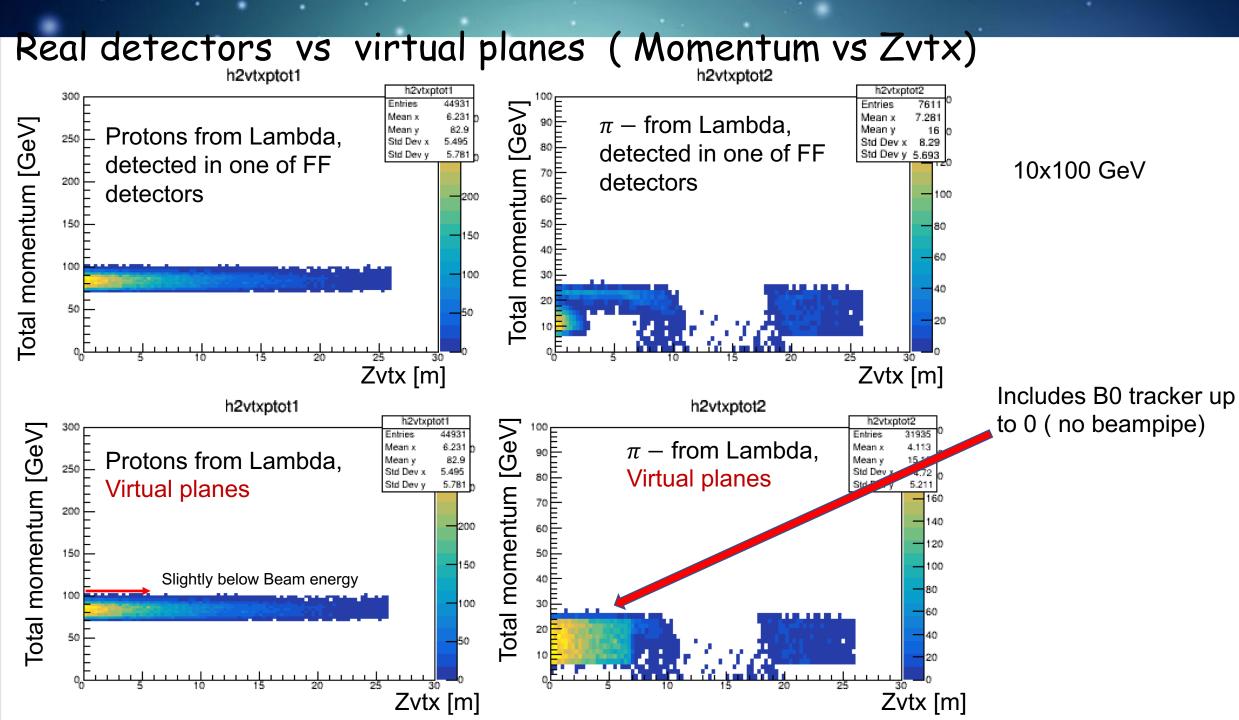


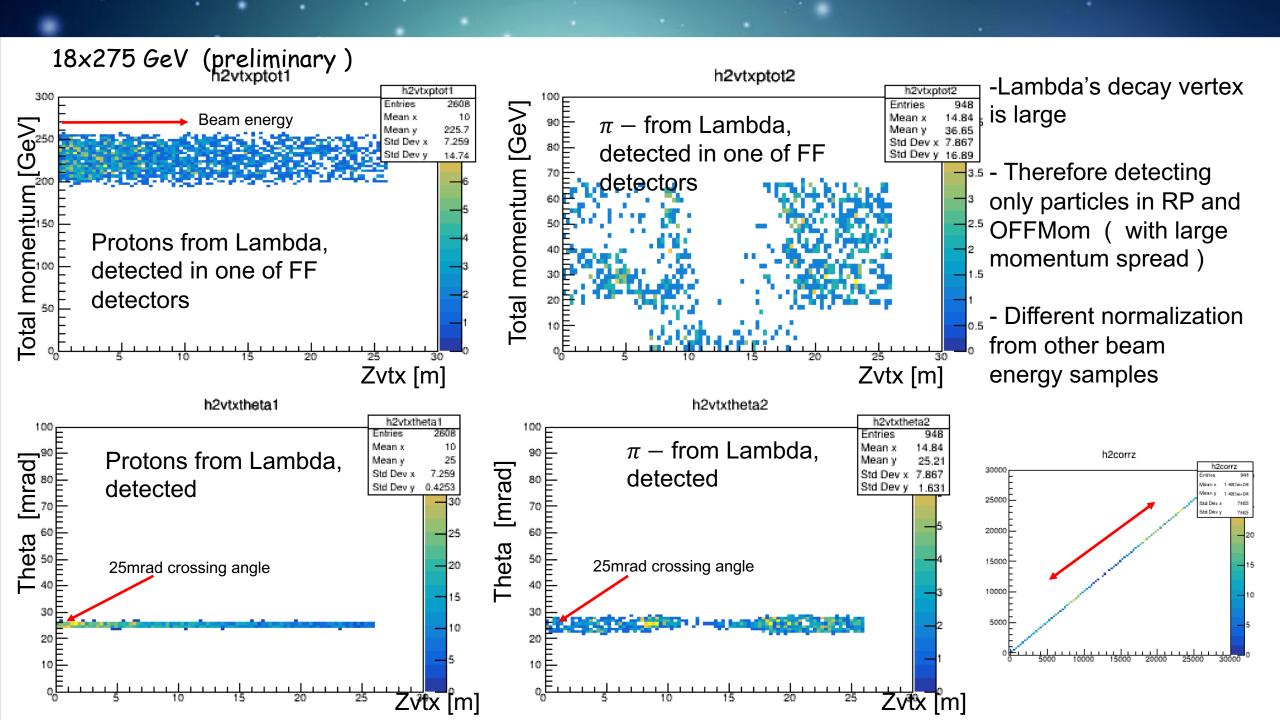






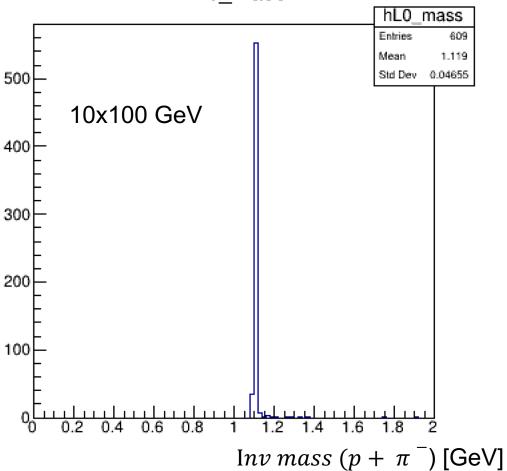






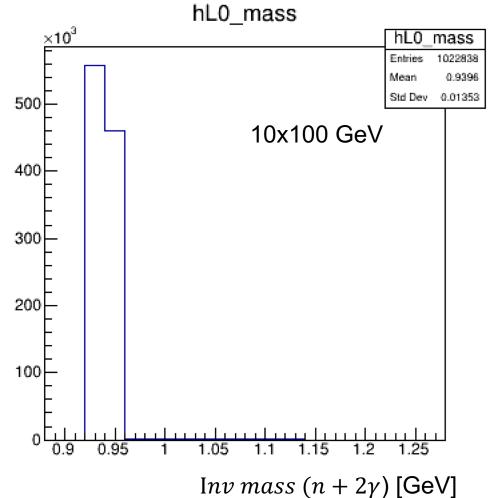
$$\Lambda \rightarrow p + \pi^-$$





$$\Lambda \rightarrow n + \pi^0$$

A lots of gammas, but they are not forming a Lambda peak (needs more investigations)



$$\Lambda \rightarrow p + \pi^-$$

mode[0] = new

G4PhaseSpaceDecayChannel("lambda",0.639,2,"proton","pi-"); G4PhaseSpaceDecayChannel("lambda",0.358,2,"neutron","pi0");

From 10,000 total lambda events only 6390 events decays to charged particles  $\Lambda \to p + \pi^-$  (Branching ratio)

	5x41		10x100		18x275 (preliminary )	
Detected	Protons	Pions	Protons	Pions	Protons	Pions
В0	225	3311	-	414	-	-
OFF Mom	2526	378	541	687	2700	861
RPOTs	260	2	6233	124	2662 ?	291 ?
Total detected	2606	1267	6261	1045	2608	948
Total Lambdas reconstructed	1267 (~20%)		1045 (~16%)		948 (15%) ?	

Note, that particles have displaced vertex along Z (meters)

#### Conclusions

- Ca 20 % detection efficiency for  $\Lambda \to p + \pi^-$  for low energies.
- Need to reduce proton- beampipe radius at B0 location
- Off momentum detector –need to be symmetric in  $\varphi$  ( to detect opposite charge),also important to reduce beampipe radius
- For high energy beam settings: lambdas decay length is very high (meters!), momentum is high and very low theta => How to reconstruct momenta?
- Need to find a proper detector placement.
- Todo:
  - Momentum vs Zvtx for different sub-detectors
  - Zvxt cut < 2m

