

Jet measurements at the EIC

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The Electron-Ion Collider

January 9, 2020

- High luminosity
 $10^{33-34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Center-of-mass energy
 $\sqrt{s} = 20 - 140 \text{ GeV}$
- Highly polarized beams
- Electron-proton/nucleus collisions

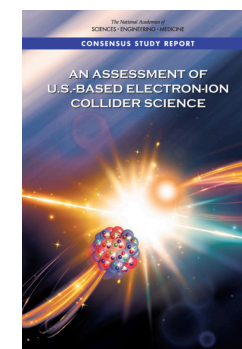
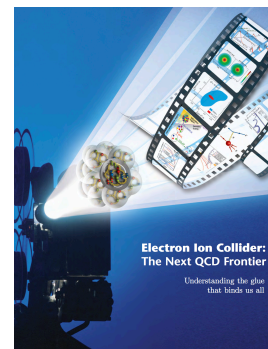


Tables of golden measurements

Spin and flavor structure of the nucleon			
Deliverables	Observables	What we learn	Requirements
polarized gluon distribution Δg	scaling violations in inclusive DIS	gluon contribution to proton spin	coverage down to $x \approx 10^{-3}$, C of about 10 fb^{-1}
polarized quark and antiquark densities	semi-incl. DIS for polarized quarks and heavy flavors	quark contr. to proton spin; asym. for $\Delta u - \Delta d$, Δu	similar to DIS, good particle ID
spin structure functions	inclusive DIS at high Q^2	flavor separation at medium x and large Q^2	$\sqrt{s} \geq 100 \text{ GeV}$, $C \geq 10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Three-dimensional structure of the nucleon and nuclei: transverse momentum dependence			
Deliverables	Observables	What we learn	Requirements
Spin and unpolarized TMDs for quarks and gluons	SEDIS with transverse polarization; heavy di-hadron ($d-jet$) heavy flavors	quantum interference multi-parton and spin-orbit correlations	valence sea quarks, overlap with fixed target experiments

Three-dimensional structure of the nucleon and nuclei: spatial imaging			
Deliverables	Observables	What we learn	Requirements
sea quark and gluon PDFs	DVCS and J/ψ , p, ϕ production cross sect. and asymmetries	transverse images of sea quarks and gluons in nucleon and nuclei; total angular momentum; onset of saturation	$C \geq 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$, Roman Pots wide range of x_B and Q^2 polarized e^- and p beams e^+e^- beam for DVCS



... 2010

2015

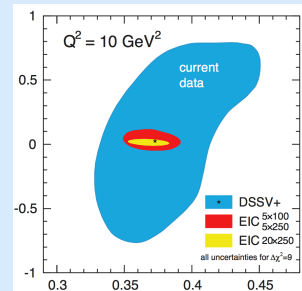
2018

2020

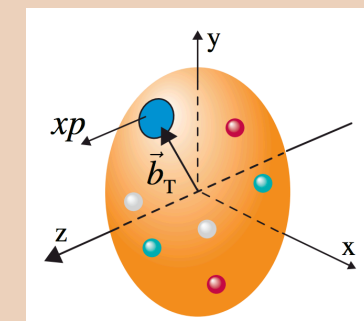
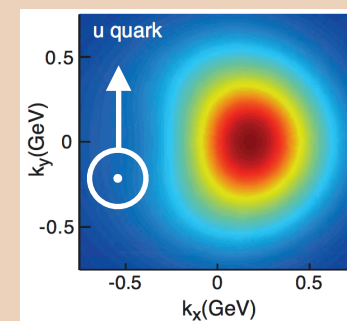
The EIC science program

- The spin and mass of the proton
- Parton distribution functions

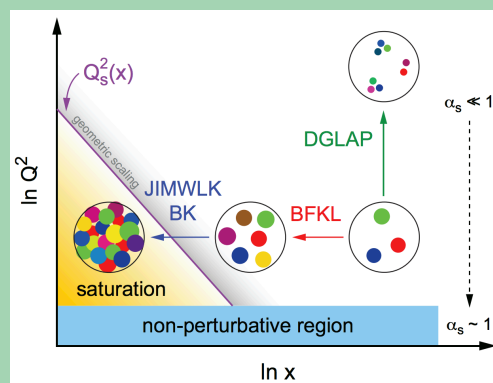
$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \Delta \Sigma(Q^2) + \Delta G(Q^2) + L_q(Q^2) + L_g(Q^2)$$



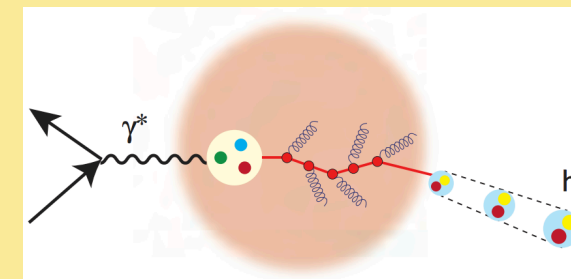
- 3D imaging
- Transverse momentum (TMDs)
and position (GPDs)



- Small-x and saturation



- Hadronization
- Nuclear modification in eA collisions



The EIC science program with jets

Jets as tools to realize the EIC science goals — Recent publications

- The spin of the proton, PDFs

Hinderer, Schlegel, Vogelsang '15, '17, Abelo, Boughezal, Liu, Petriello '16, Boughezal, Petriello, Xing '18, Aschenauer, Chu, Page '19, Guzey, Klasen '18, '20, Borsa, Florian, Pedron '20, '20, Arratia, Furlanova, Hobbs, Olness, Sekula '20

- 3D nucleon/nucleus tomography

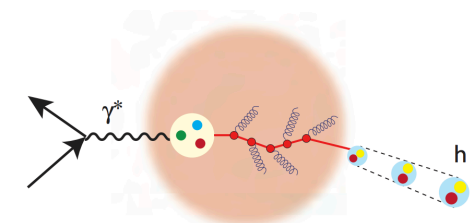
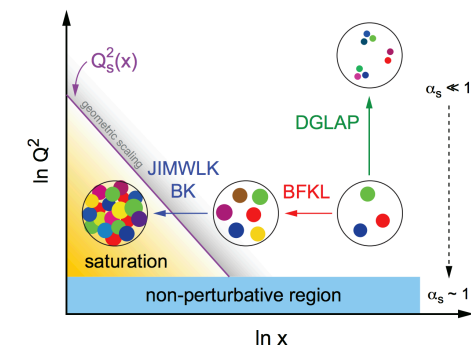
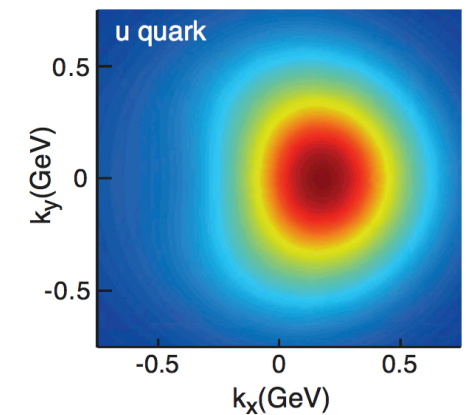
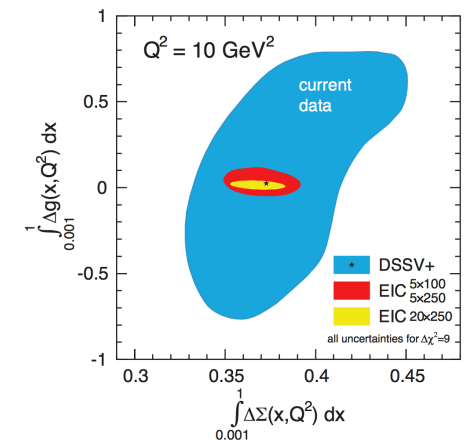
Zheng, Aschenauer, Lee, Xiao, Yin '18, Liu, FR, Vogelsang, Yuan '19, Gutierrez-Reyes, Scimemi, Waalewijn, Zoppi '19, Hatta, Mueller, Ueda, Yuan '19, Arratia, Kang, Prokudin, FR '20, Kang, Liu, Mantry, Shao '20, Castillo, Echevarria, Makris, Scimemi '20

- Saturation, a new form of gluon matter

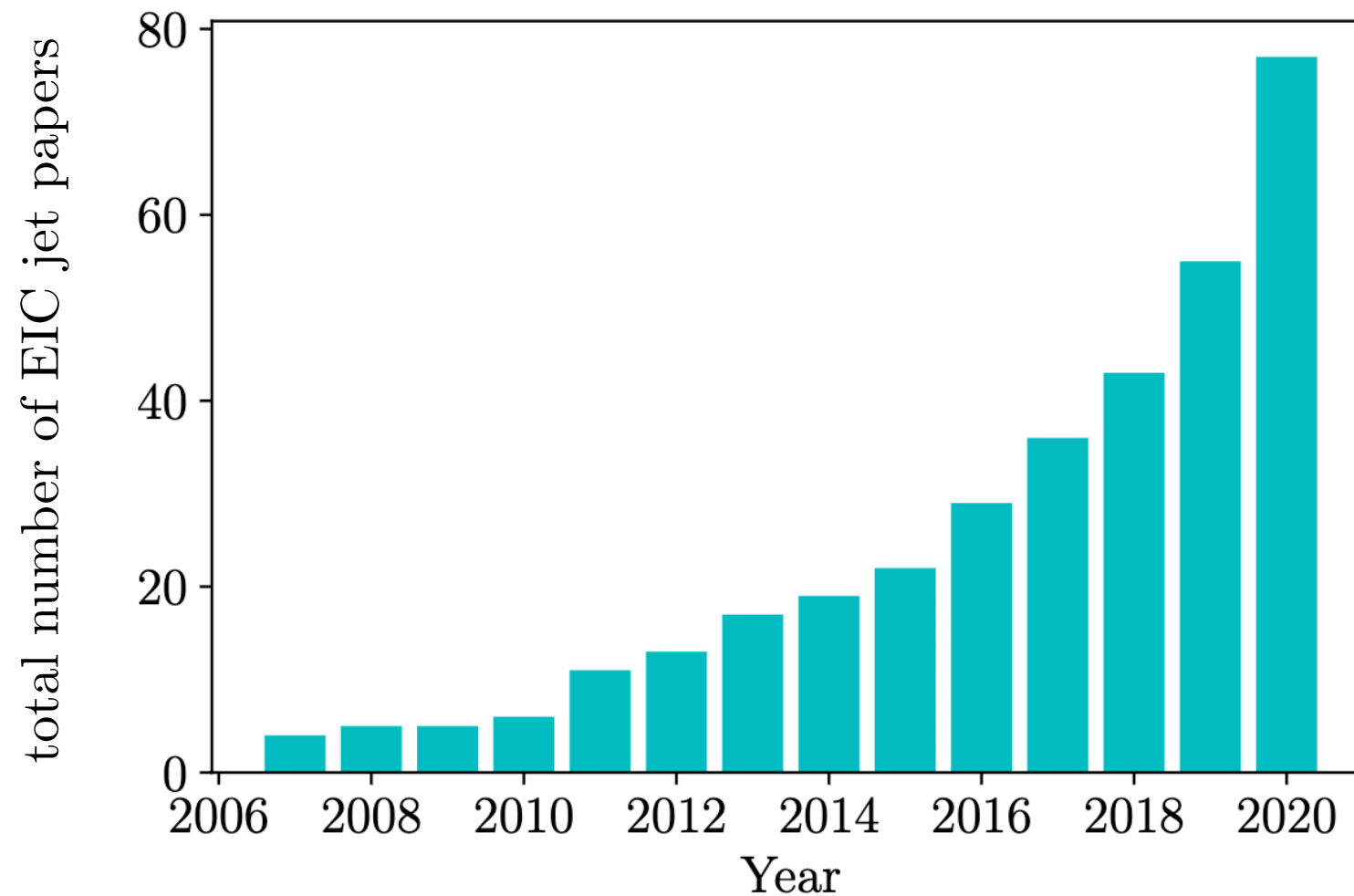
Hatta, Xiao, Yuan '17, Salazar, Schenke '19, Roy, Venugopalan '19, Kang, Liu '19, Kolbe, Roy, Salazar, Schenke, Venugopalan '20

- Hadronization and quarks and gluons in the nucleus

Klasen, Kovarik '18, Aschenauer, Lee, Page, FR '19, Qin, Wang, Zhang '19, Arratia, Song, FR, Jacak '19, Li et al. '20, Barata, Mehtar-Tani, Soto-Ontoso, Tywoniuk '20, Li, Vitev '20



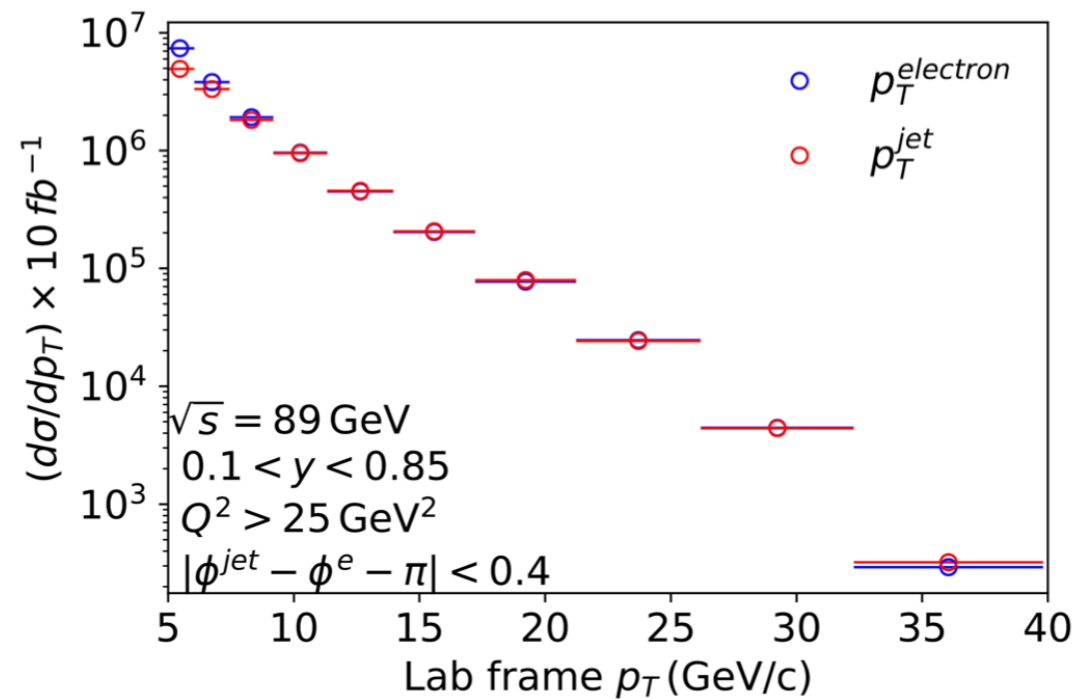
The EIC science program with jets



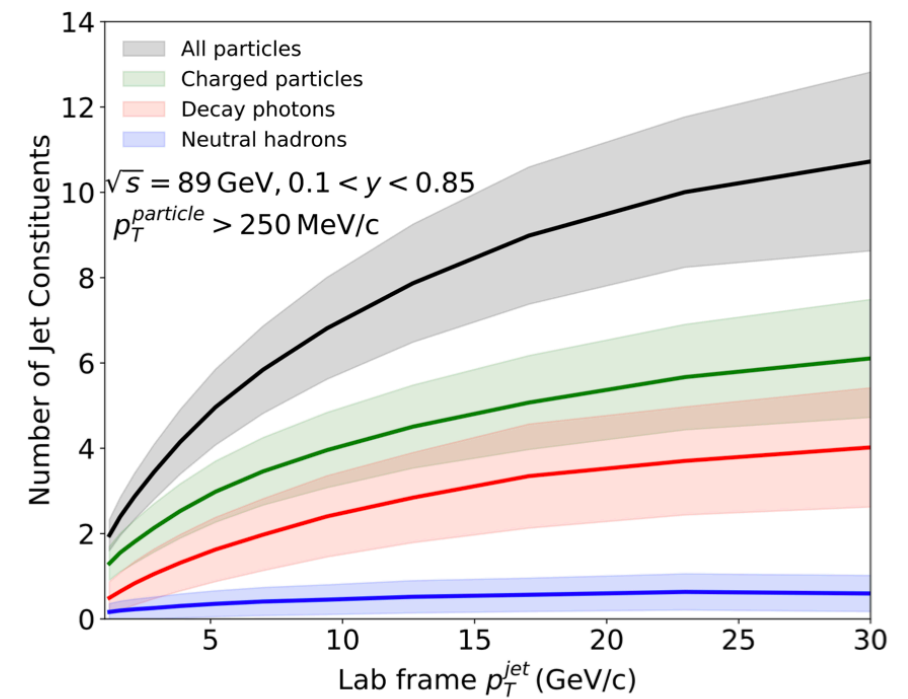
- There have been many new developments recently!
- Prominently featured in the EIC Yellow Report

Jets at the EIC

Jet transverse momentum



Number of particles



Relatively low energies, need good control of hadronization corrections

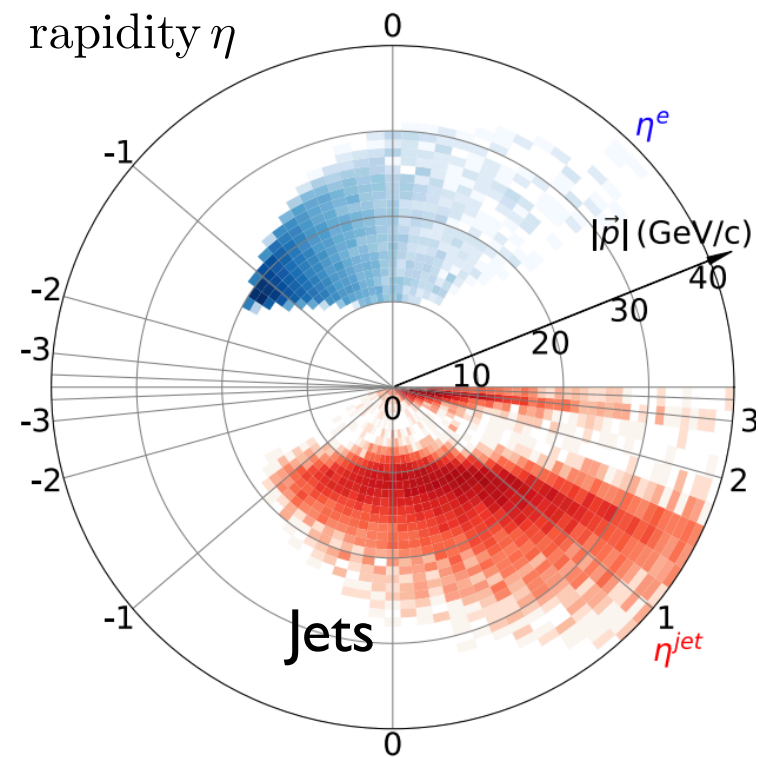
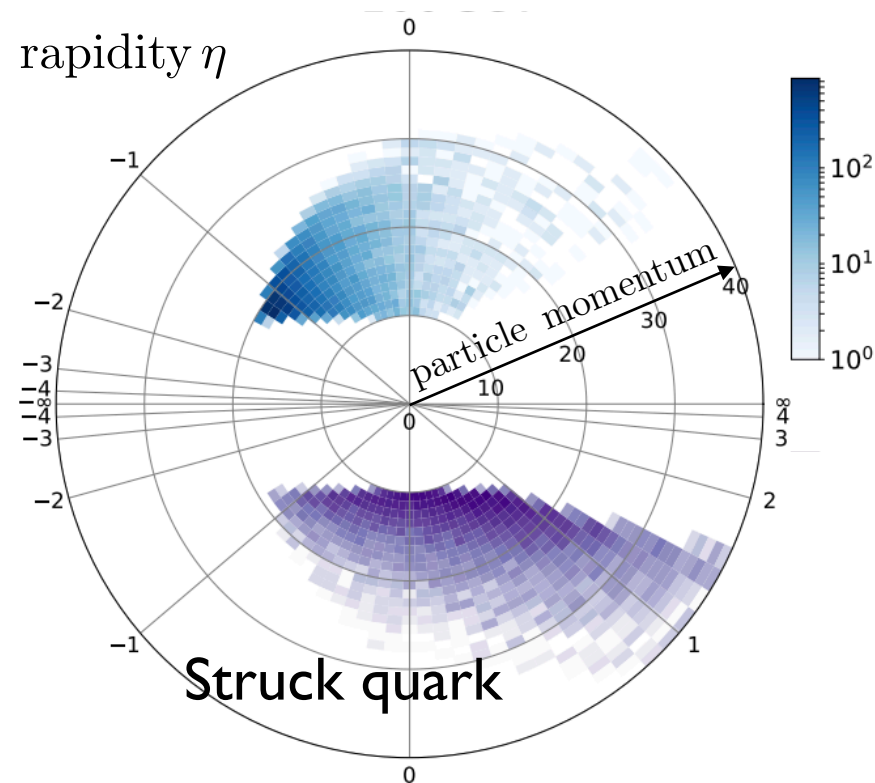
Clean environment — no Multi Parton Interactions (MPI)

Jets at the EIC

$$Q^2 > 100 \text{ GeV}^2, \sqrt{s} = 89 \text{ GeV}$$

$$10 < p_T^e < 30 \text{ GeV}, 0.1 < y < 0.85$$

initial
proton



Jets are excellent proxies of parton level kinematics

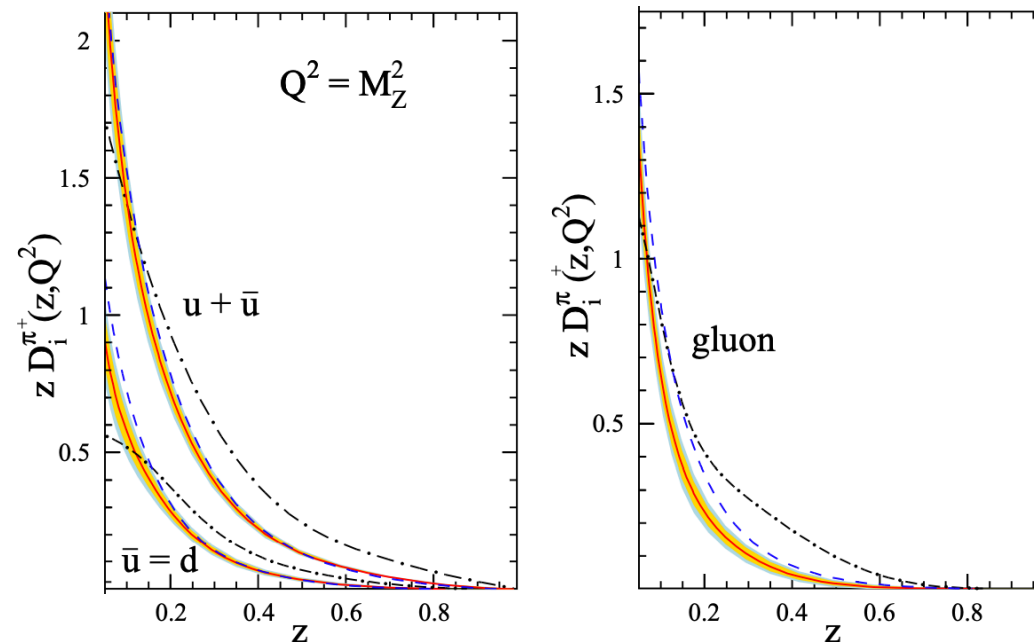
Clean separation of current & target fragmentation (UE)

Complementary to observables with hadrons

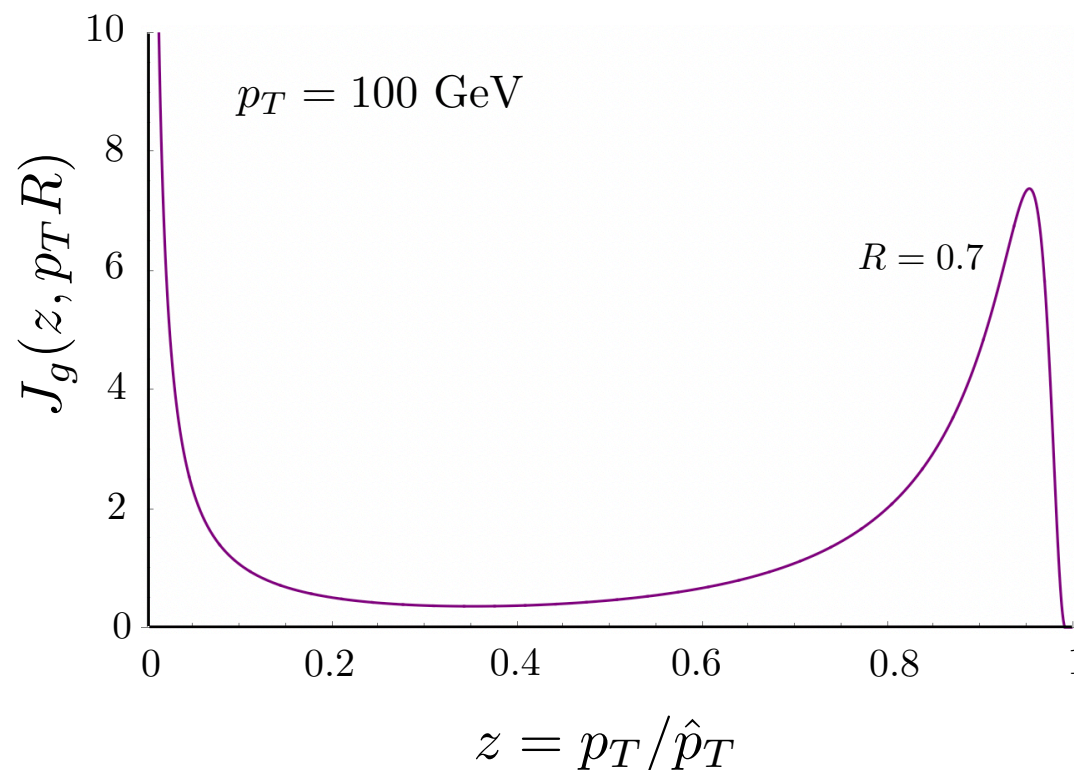
The QCD fragmentation process

- Fragmentation functions

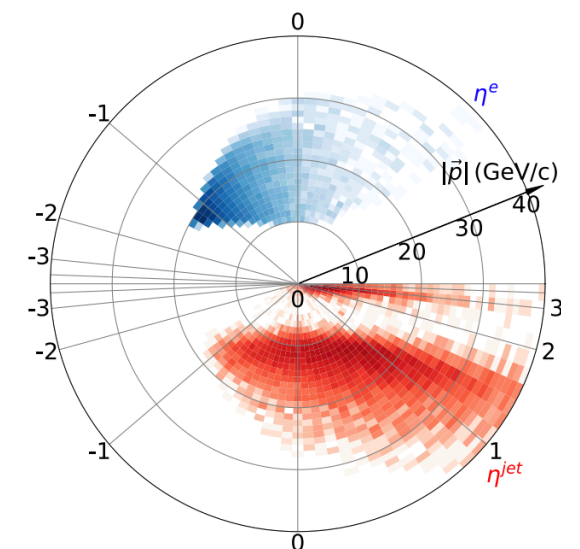
*de Florian, Epele, Hernandez-Pinto,
Sassot, Stratmann '15*



- Jet functions



*Kang, FR, Vitev '16
Dai, Kim, Leibovich '17
Neill, FR, Sato '20*



Outline

- Introduction
- Inclusive and leading jets
- TMDs measurements with jets
- Hadronization and cold nuclear matter
- Conclusions

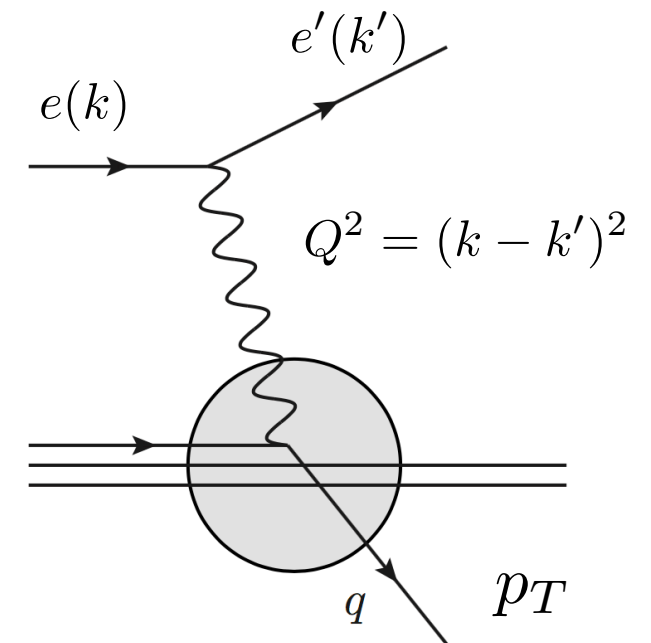
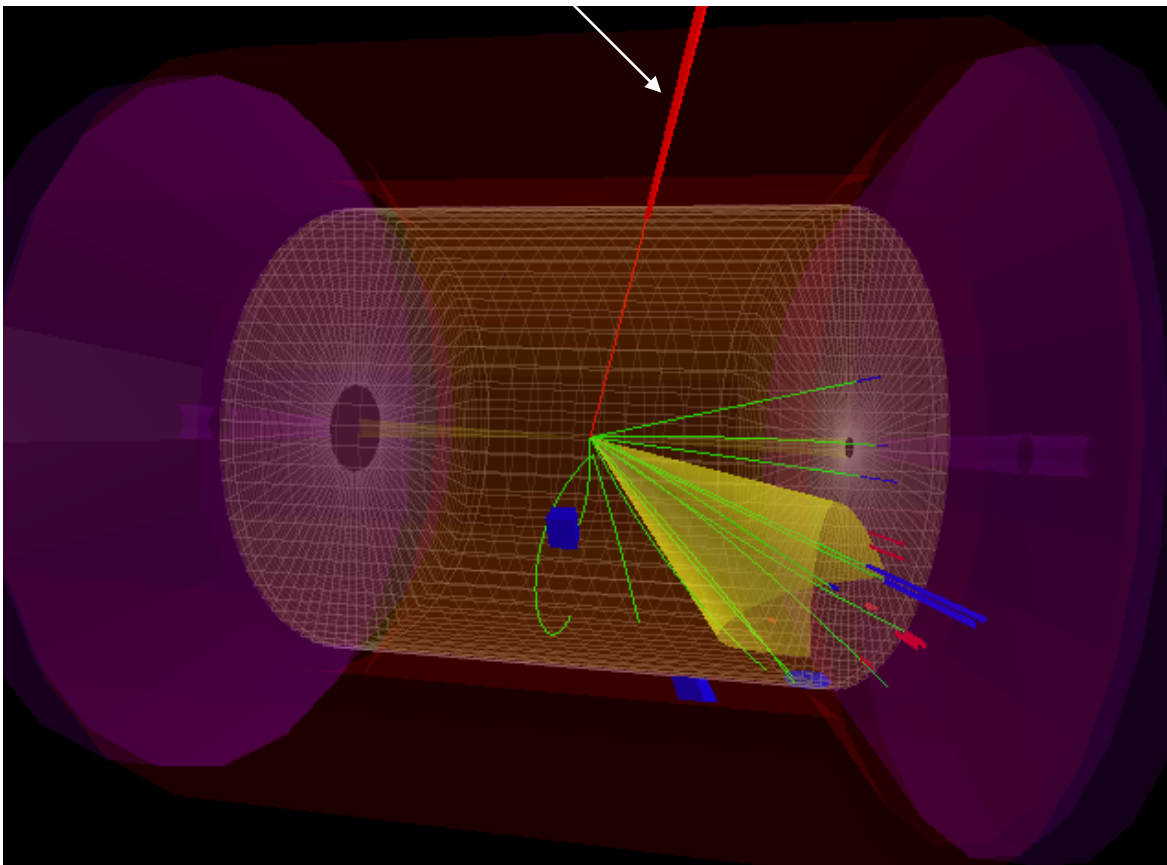
Jet clustering and frame dependence

• Laboratory frame

Can measure two variables

- Jet transverse momentum p_T
- Photon virtuality Q^2

Leading electron Q^2

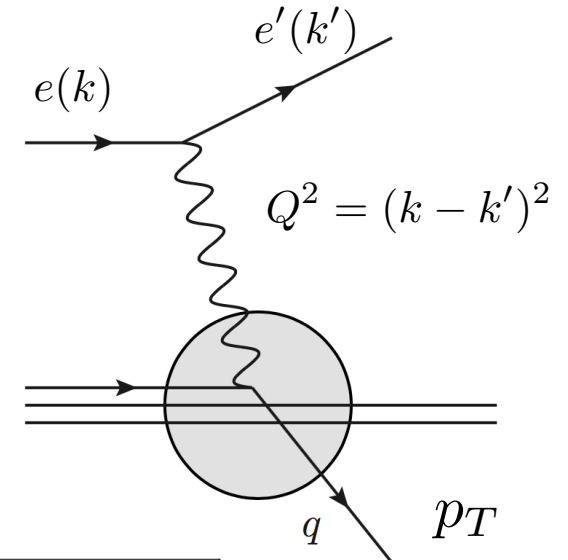


- Cluster jets in the laboratory frame η, ϕ
- Leading-order $eq \rightarrow eq$

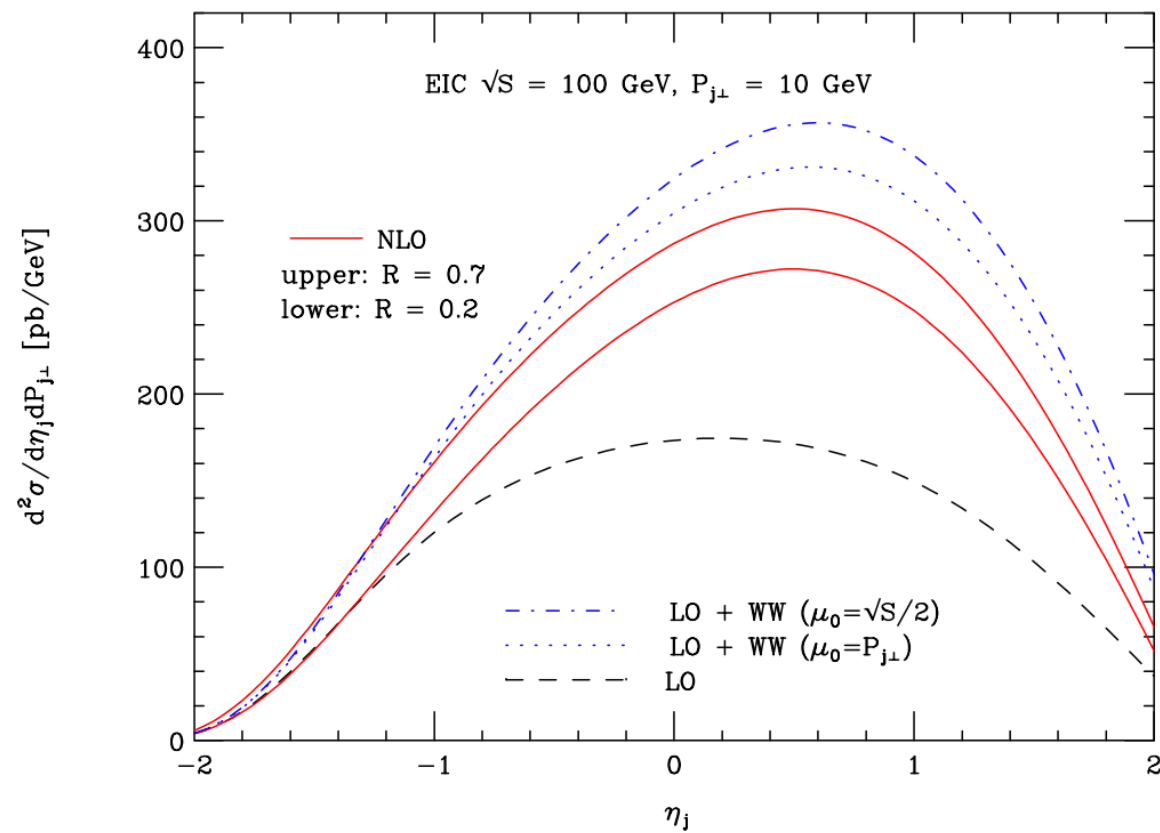
Jet clustering and frame dependence

• Laboratory frame

Measure only p_T , close analogy to $pp \rightarrow \text{jet} + X$

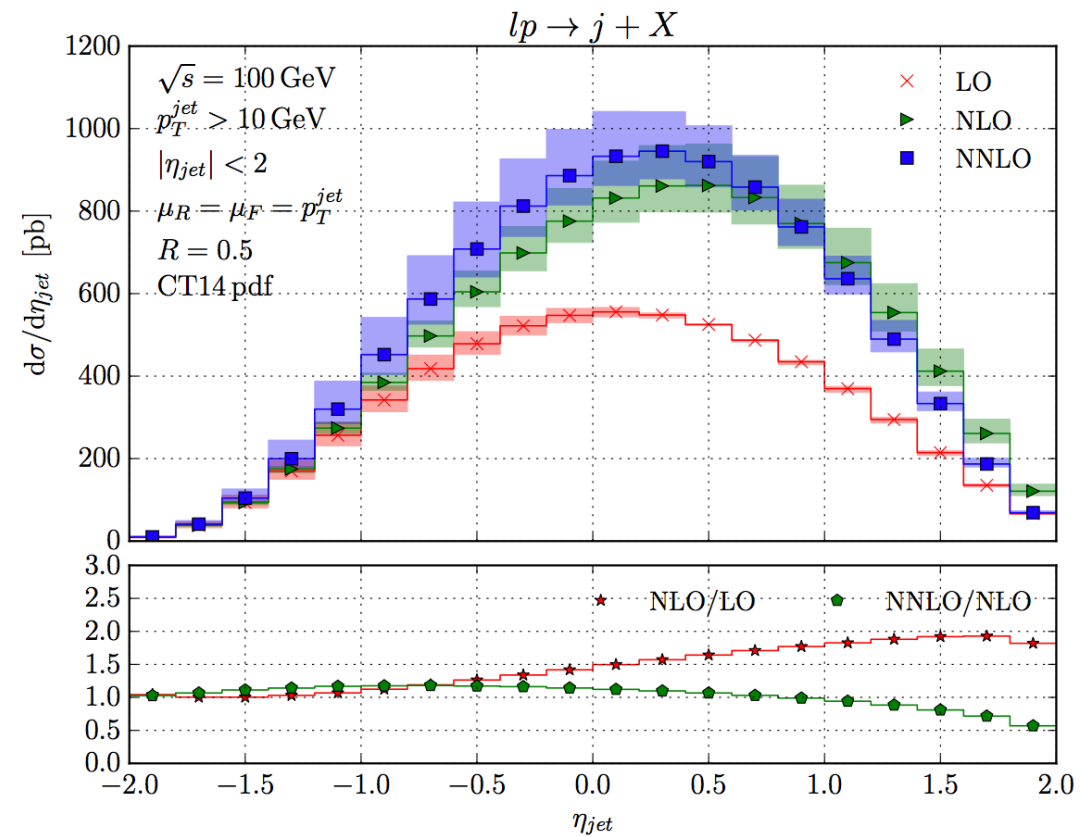


NLO



Hinderer, Schlegel, Vogelsang '15

NNLO



Abelof, Boughezal, Liu, Petriello '16

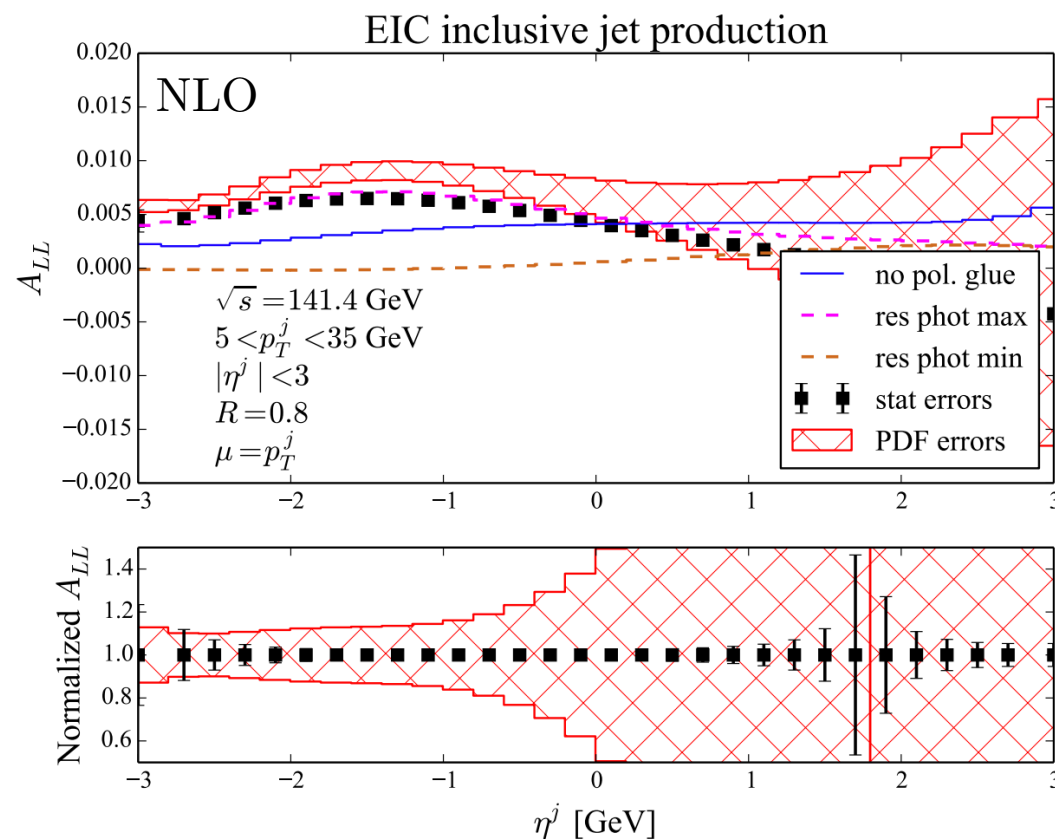
Jet clustering and frame dependence

• Laboratory frame

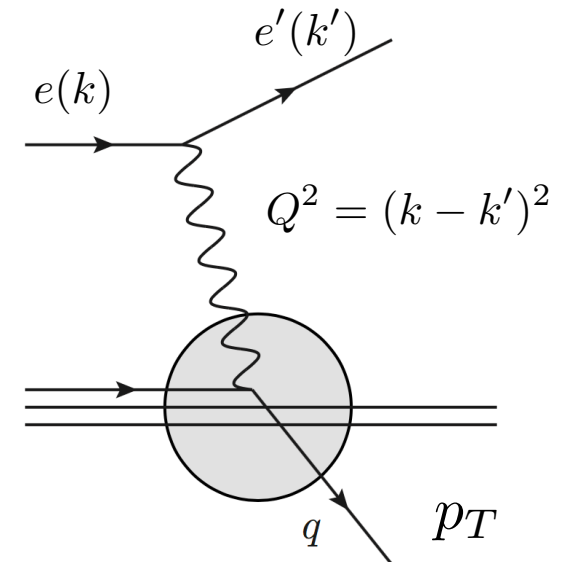
Measure only p_T , close analogy to $pp \rightarrow \text{jet} + X$

Double longitudinal spin asymmetries Δq_i , Δg

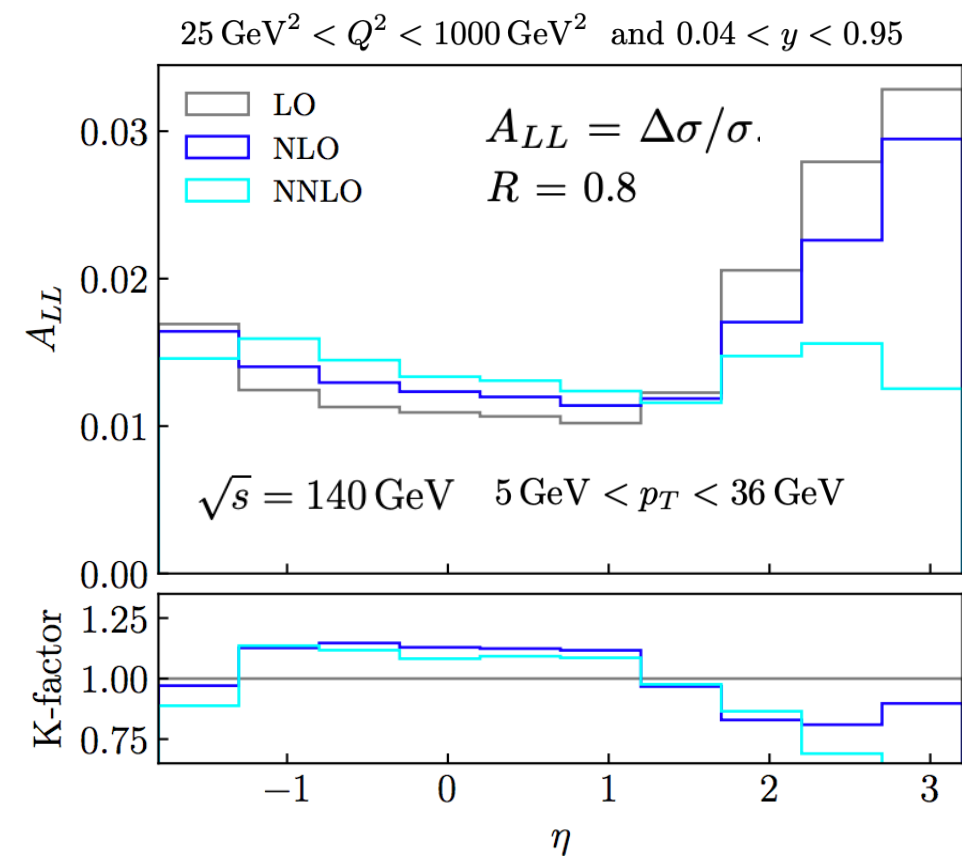
$$\vec{e} + \vec{p} \rightarrow \text{jet} + X$$



Boughezal, Petriello, Xing '18
 see also Hinderer, Schlegel, Vogelsang '17



$$\vec{e} + \vec{p} \rightarrow e + \text{jet} + X$$



Borsa, Florian, Pedron '20

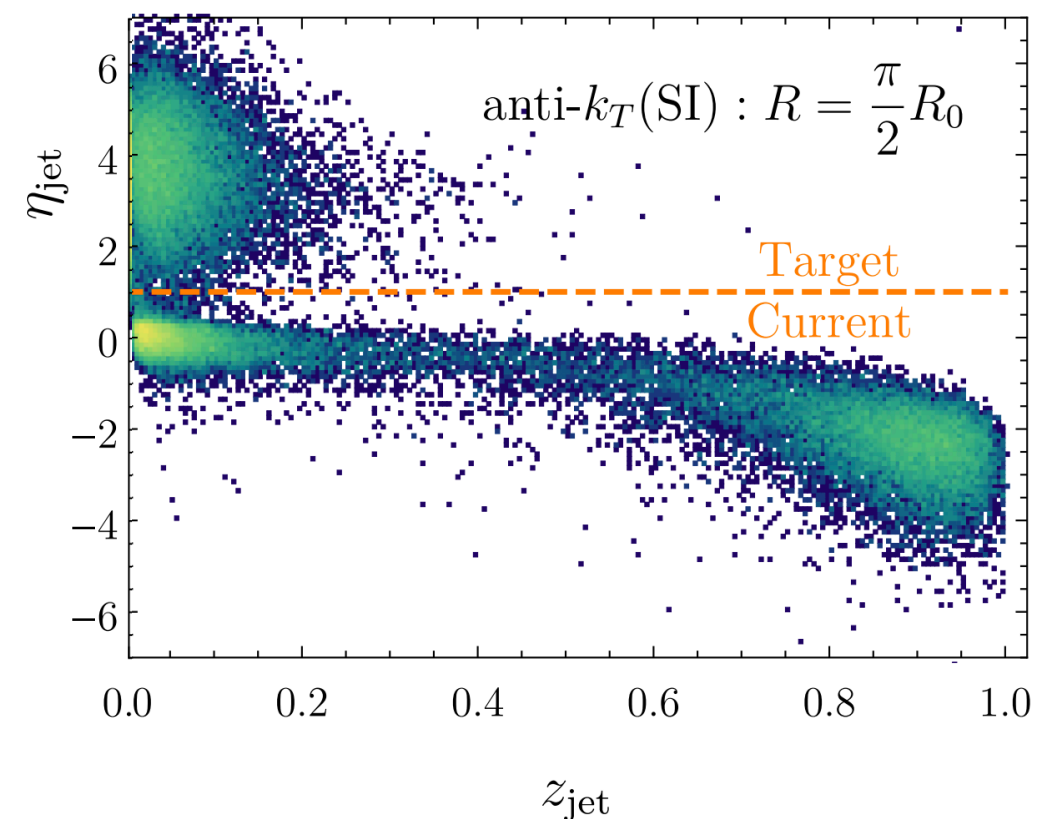
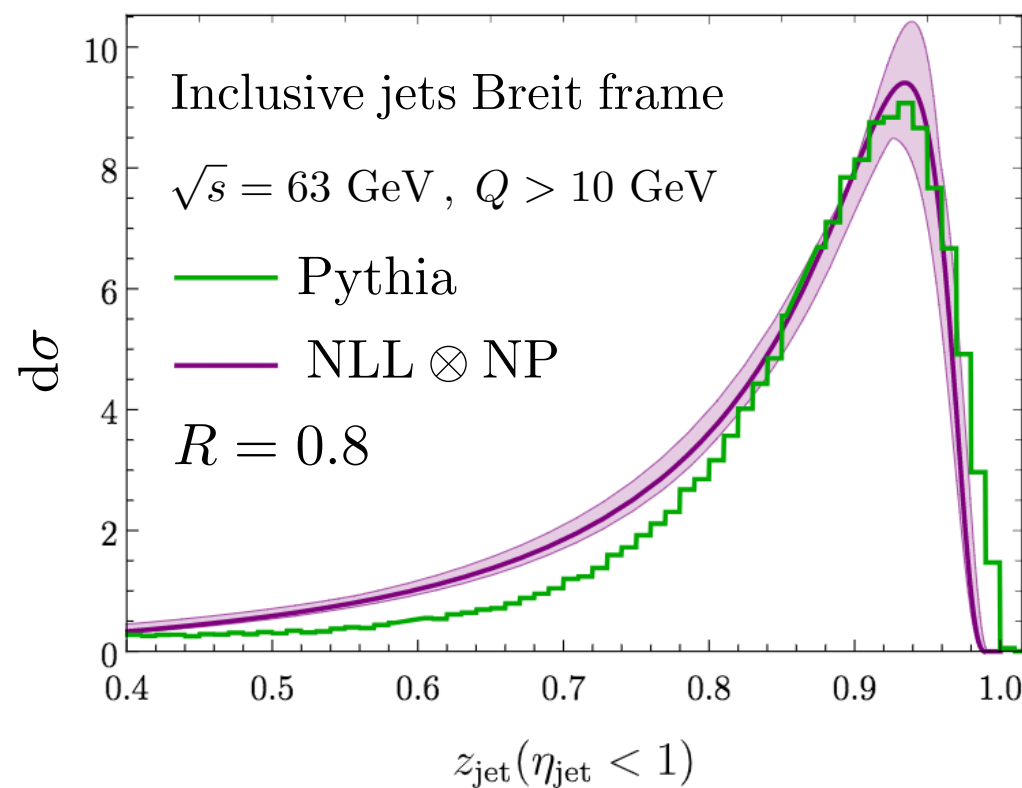
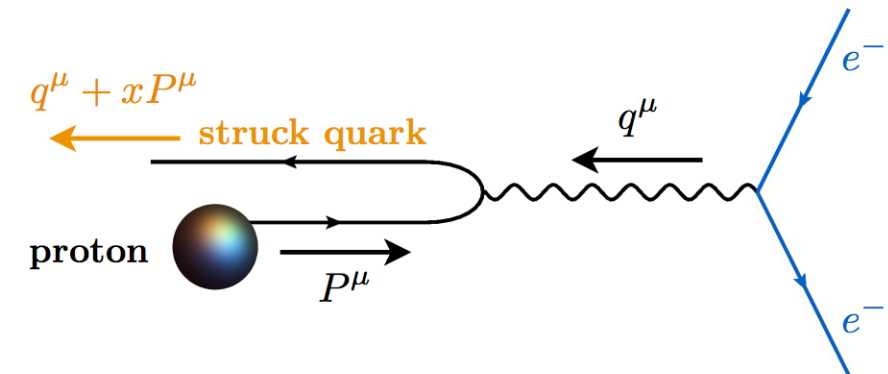
Jet clustering and frame dependence

Arratia, Makris, Neill, FR, Sato '20

• Breit frame

- Photon virtuality Q^2

- Jet **energy** $z_{\text{jet}} = \frac{P \cdot p_{\text{jet}}}{P \cdot q} \simeq p_{\text{jet}}^- / Q$

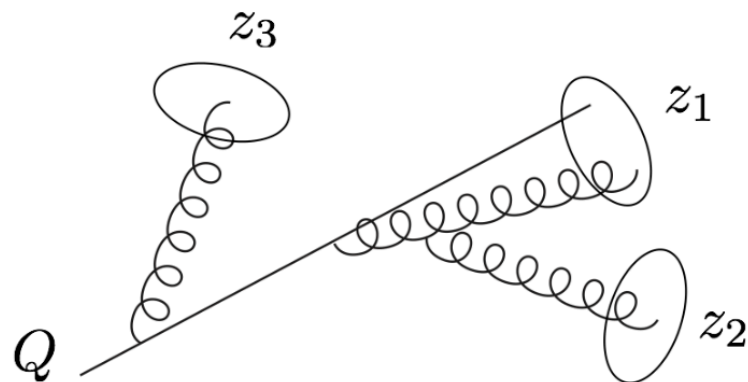
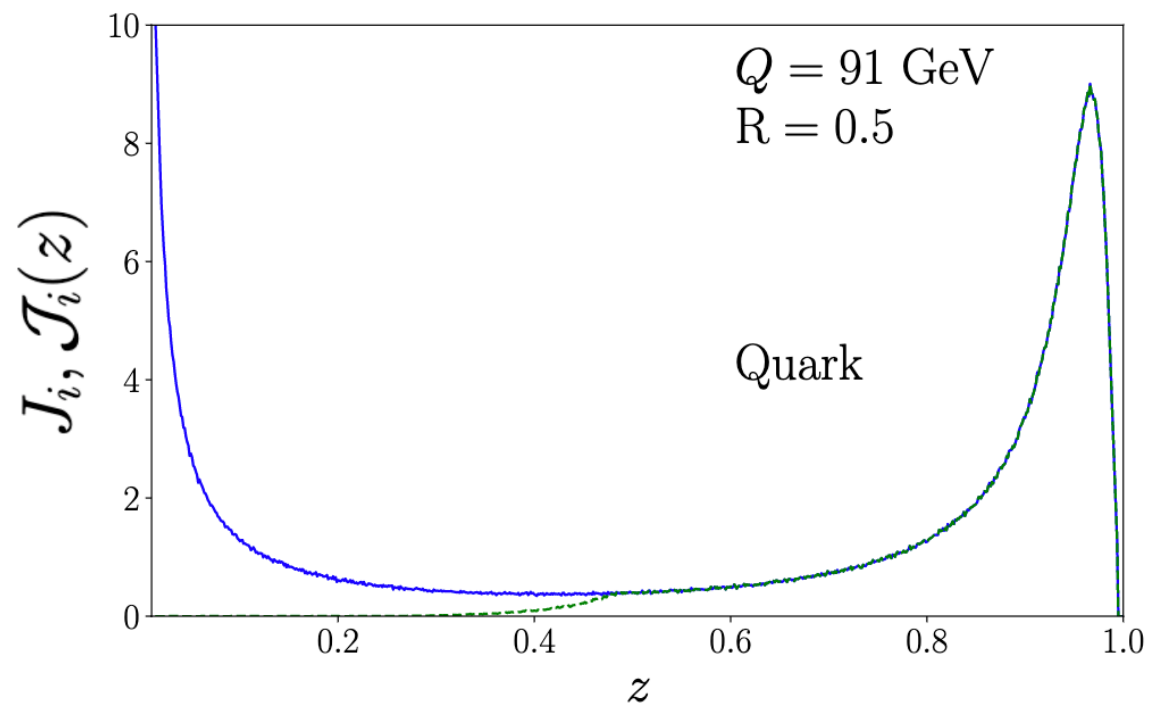


- Reconstruct jets which enclose the Breit frame beam axis
- Starting point for Breit frame TMD-jet studies

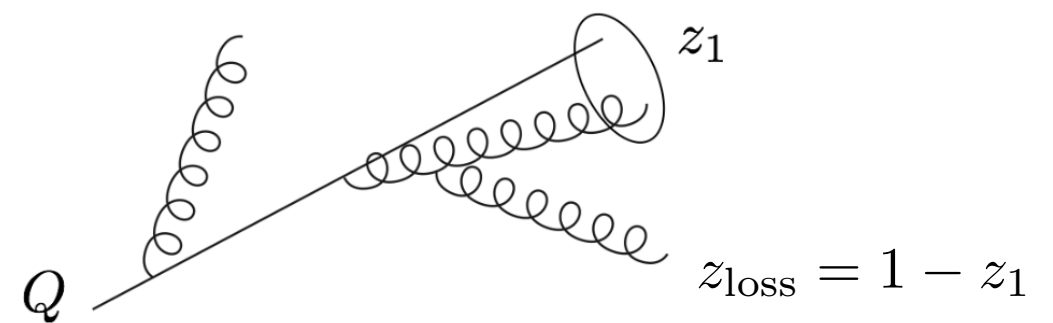
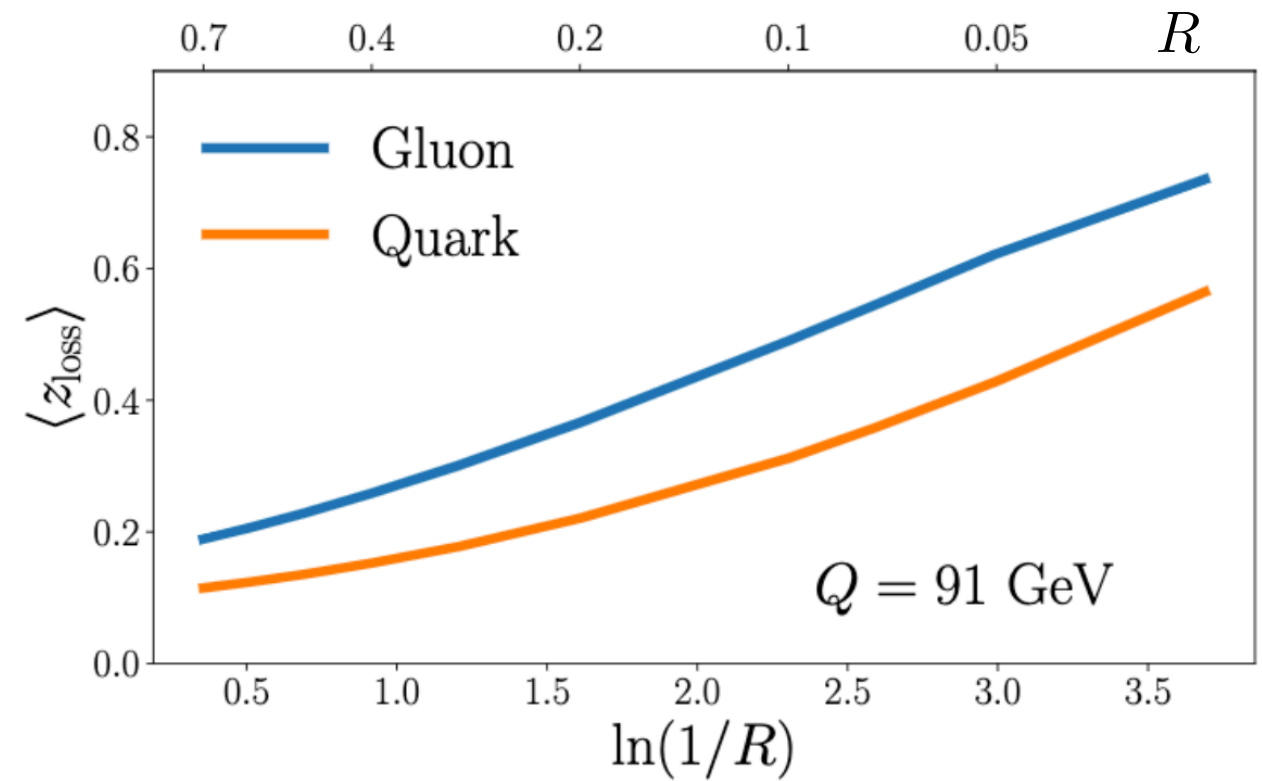
Leading jets

Neill, FR, Sato '20

- Inclusive vs. leading jets



- The average energy loss



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TMD-jet observables

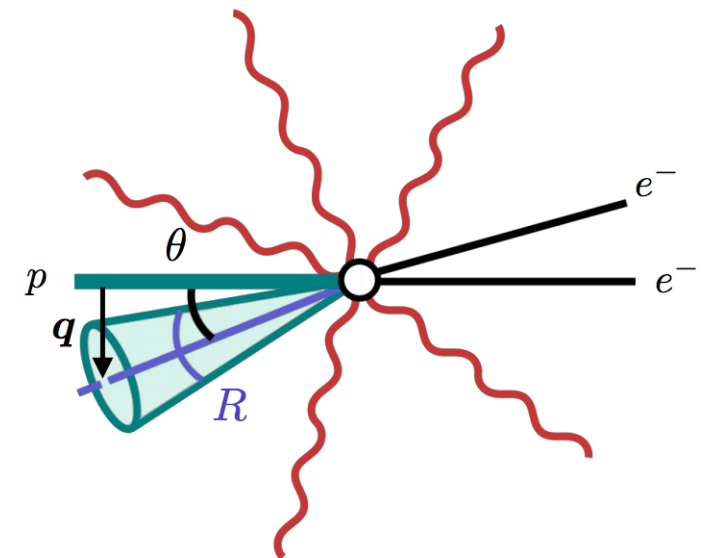
Gutierrez-Reyes, Scimemi, Waalewijn, Zoppi '18, '19
Gutierrez-Reyes, Makris, Vaidya, Scimemi, Zoppi '20

- Semi-Inclusive Deep Inelastic Scattering
- Breit frame jet reconstruction $e + p \rightarrow e + \text{jet} + X$

$$\mathbf{q} = \frac{\mathbf{P}_J}{z} + \mathbf{q}_{\text{in}} \quad z = 2E_J/Q$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{ep \rightarrow eJX}}{dQ^2 dx dz d\mathbf{q}} = \sum_q H_{\text{DIS}} f_q(x, \mathbf{q}) \otimes_{\mathbf{q}} J_q(z, \mathbf{q}, R)$$

Perturbative TMD jet function

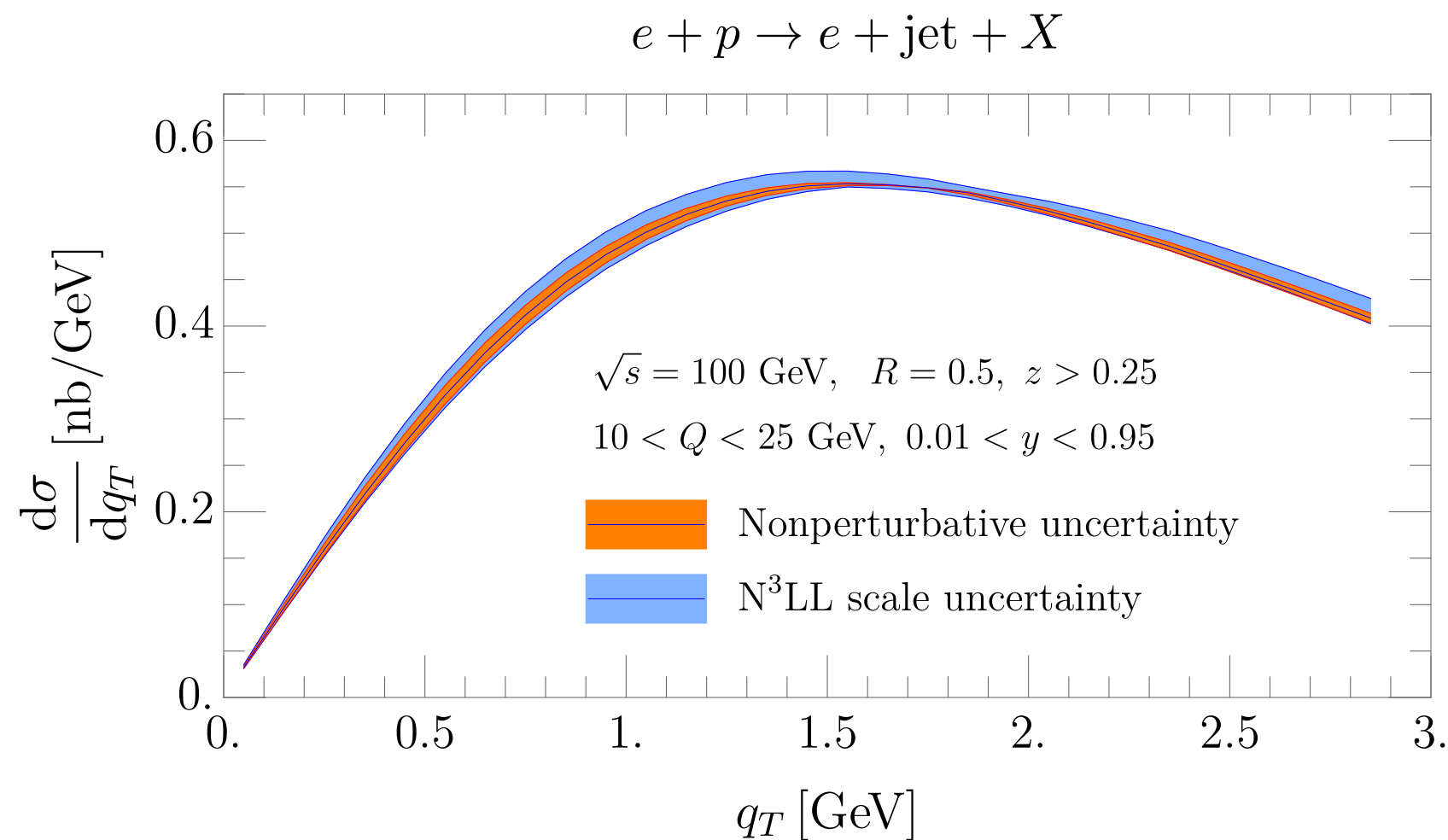


- Sensitivity to TMD PDF **only**
- Winner-take-all (WTA) jet axis

TMD-jet observables

- Semi-Inclusive Deep Inelastic Scattering
- Breit frame jet reconstruction

Gutierrez-Reyes, Scimemi, Waalewijn, Zoppi '18, '19
Gutierrez-Reyes, Makris, Vaidya, Scimemi, Zoppi '20

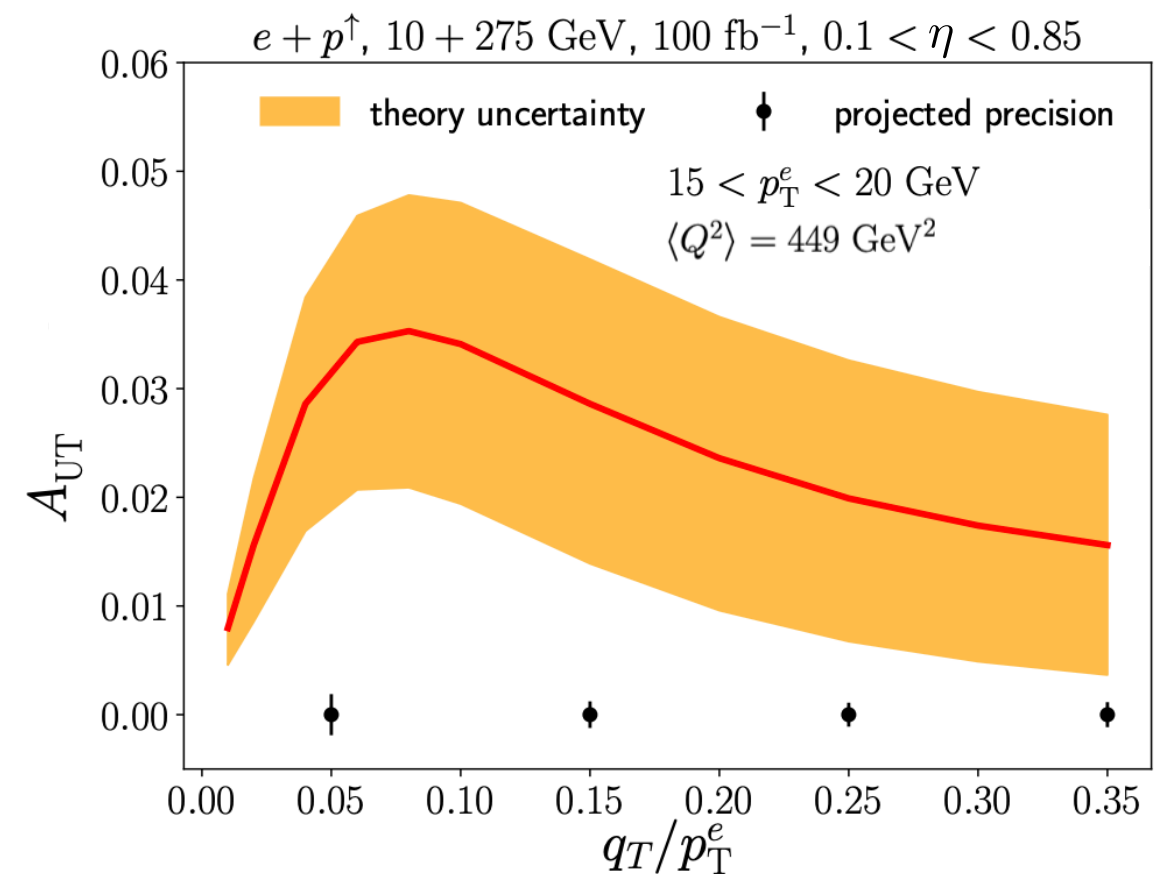
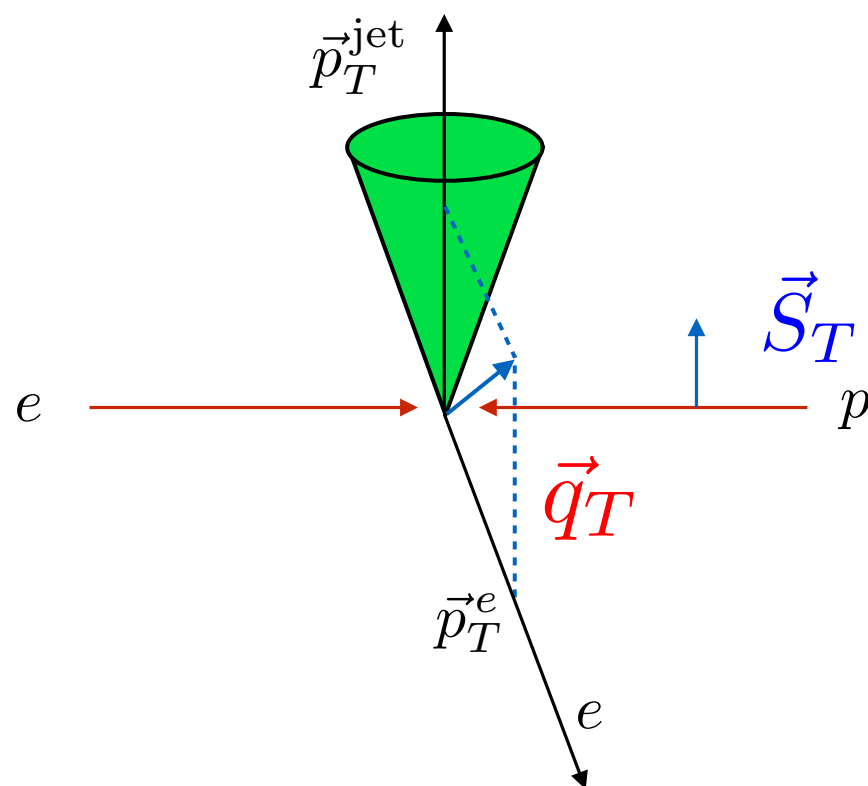


WTA-axis

Electron-jet correlations

Liu, FR, Vogelsang, Yuan '18, '20
Arratia, Kang, Prokudin, FR '19

- Measure the electron-jet imbalance $\vec{q}_T = \vec{p}_T^e + \vec{p}_T^{\text{jet}}$
- Sensitivity to TMD PDFs **only**
- Sivers asymmetry $\sigma(\vec{S}_T) - \sigma(-\vec{S}_T)$



- Test of the predictive power of QCD — di-jet processes at RHIC

Electron-jet correlations - flavor sensitivity

- Measure the electron-jet imbalance $\vec{q}_T = \vec{p}_T^e + \vec{p}_T^{\text{jet}}$

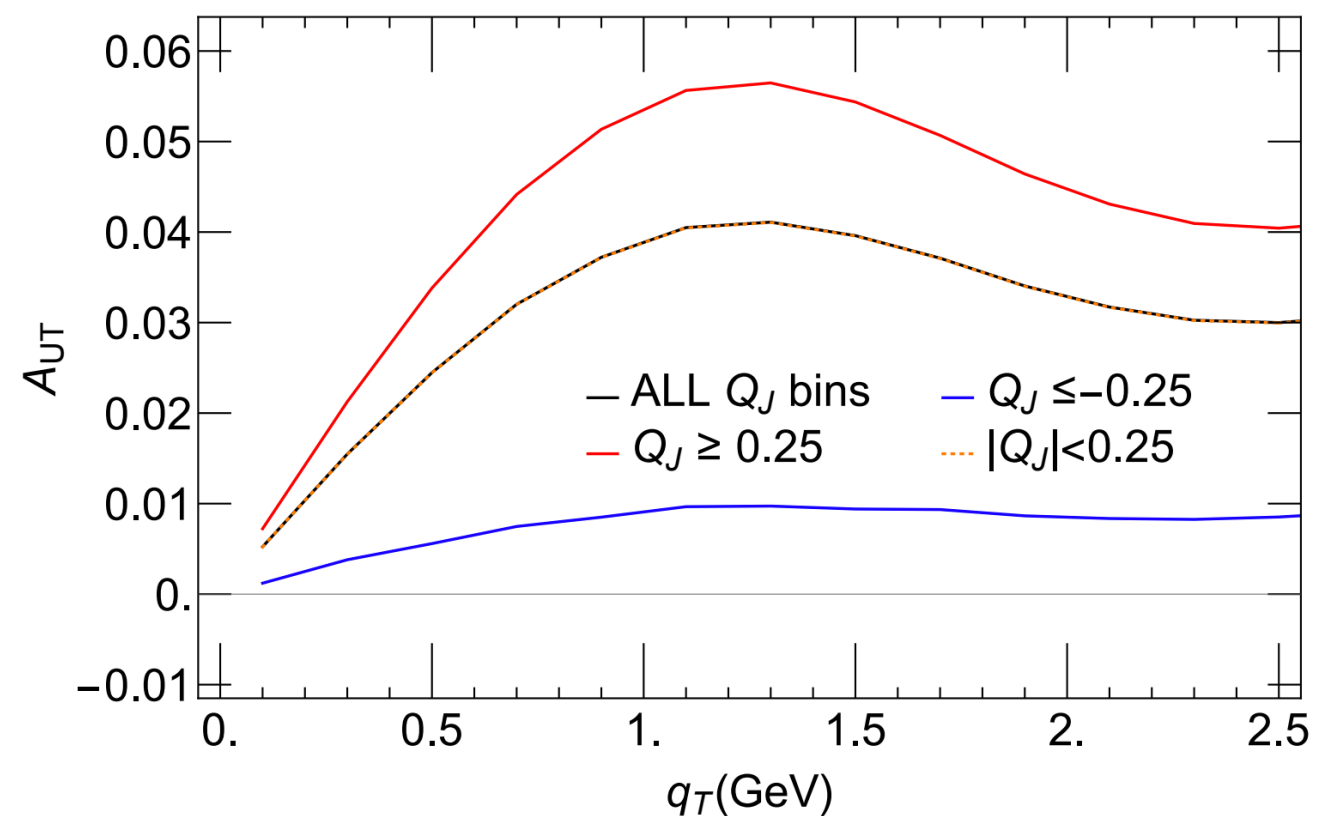
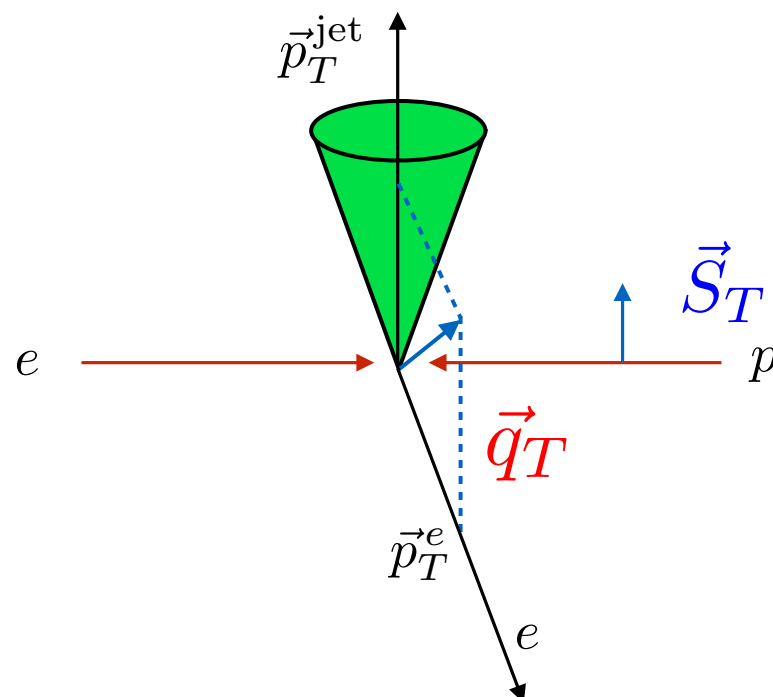
Liu, Kang, Mantry, Shao '20

- and the jet charge $Q_\kappa^i = \sum_h Q_\kappa^h \equiv \sum_{h \in \text{jet}} z_h^\kappa Q_h$

Field, Feynman '78

(weighted sum of charges)

- Jet charge tagging avoids large cancellation between different quark flavors $\sigma(\vec{S}_T) - \sigma(-\vec{S}_T)$



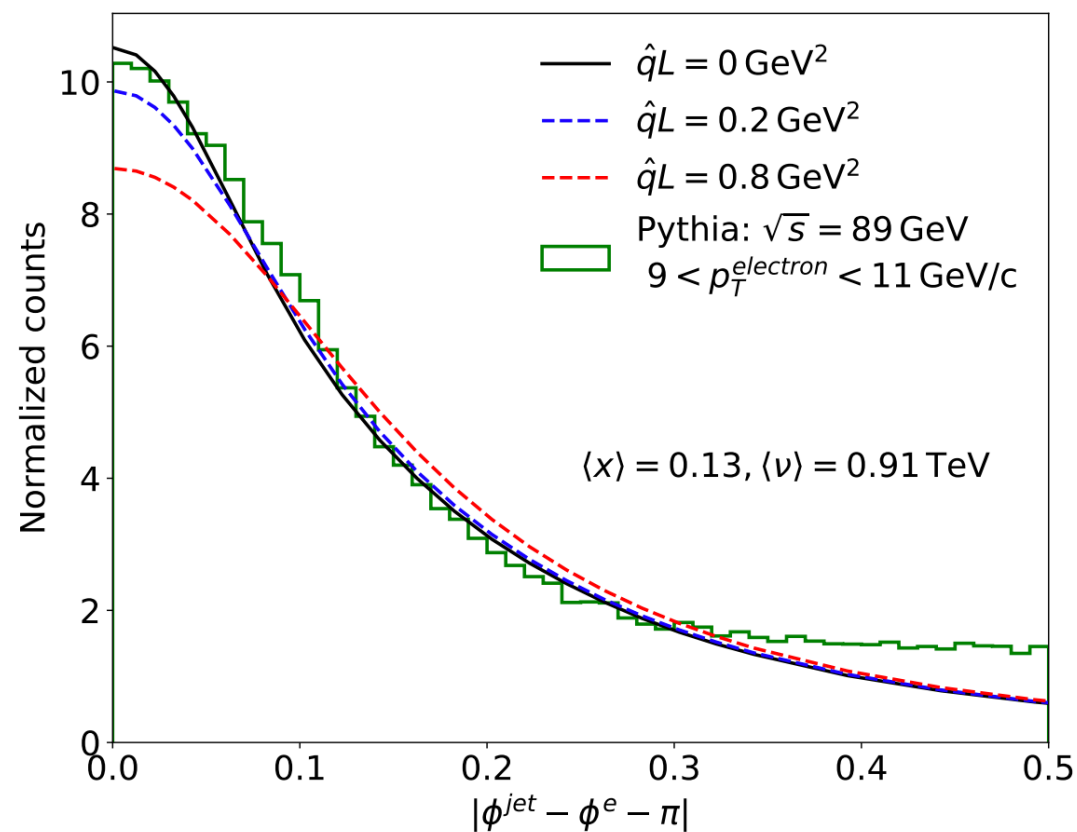
see also Krohn, Lin, Schwartz, Waalewijn '12,
Waalewijn '12,
RHIC measurements

Outline

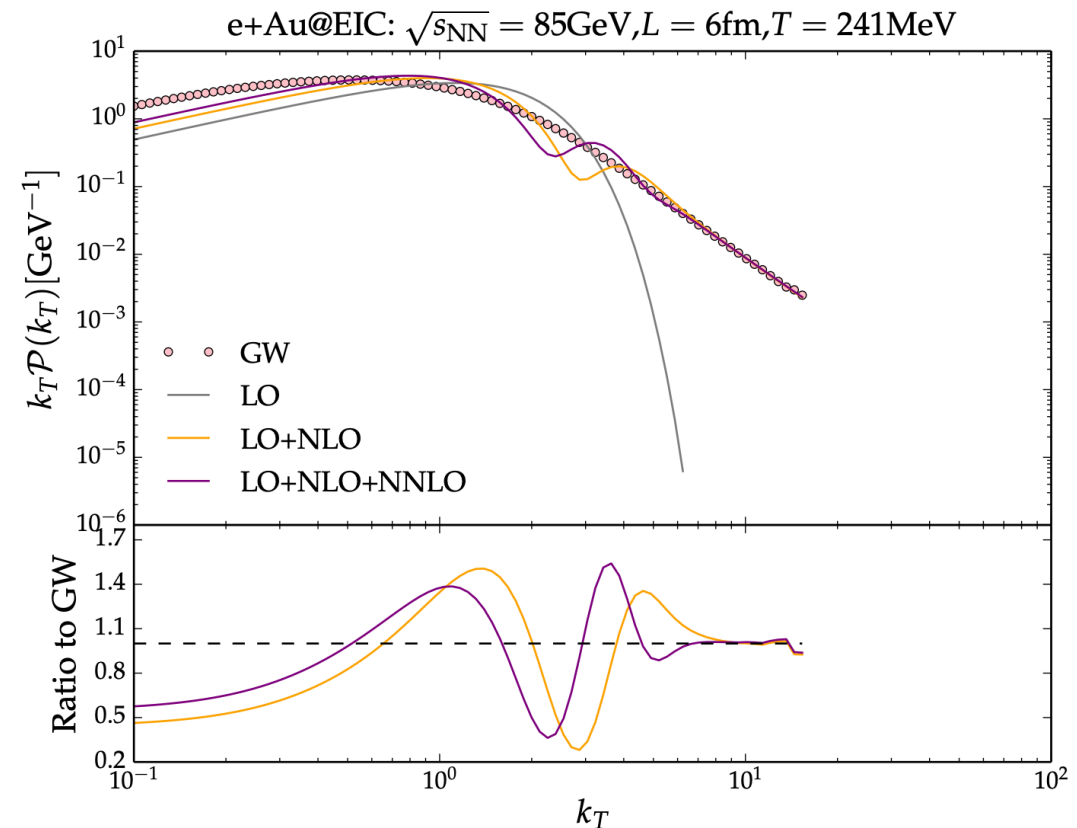
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Probes of cold nuclear matter effects in eA

• Electron-jet correlations



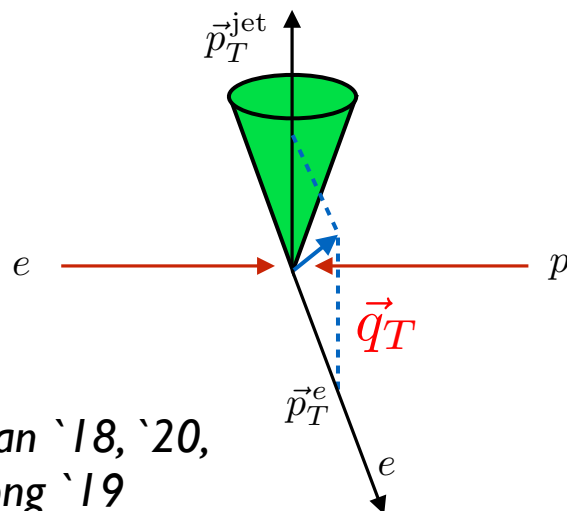
• Transverse momentum broadening



GW - Gyulassy Wang

$\mathcal{P}(\mathbf{k}, L)$ Probability distribution

Liu, FR, Vogelsang, Yuan '18, '20,
Arratia, Jacak, FR, Song '19



Barata, Mehtar-Tani, Soto-Ontoso, Tywoniuk '20

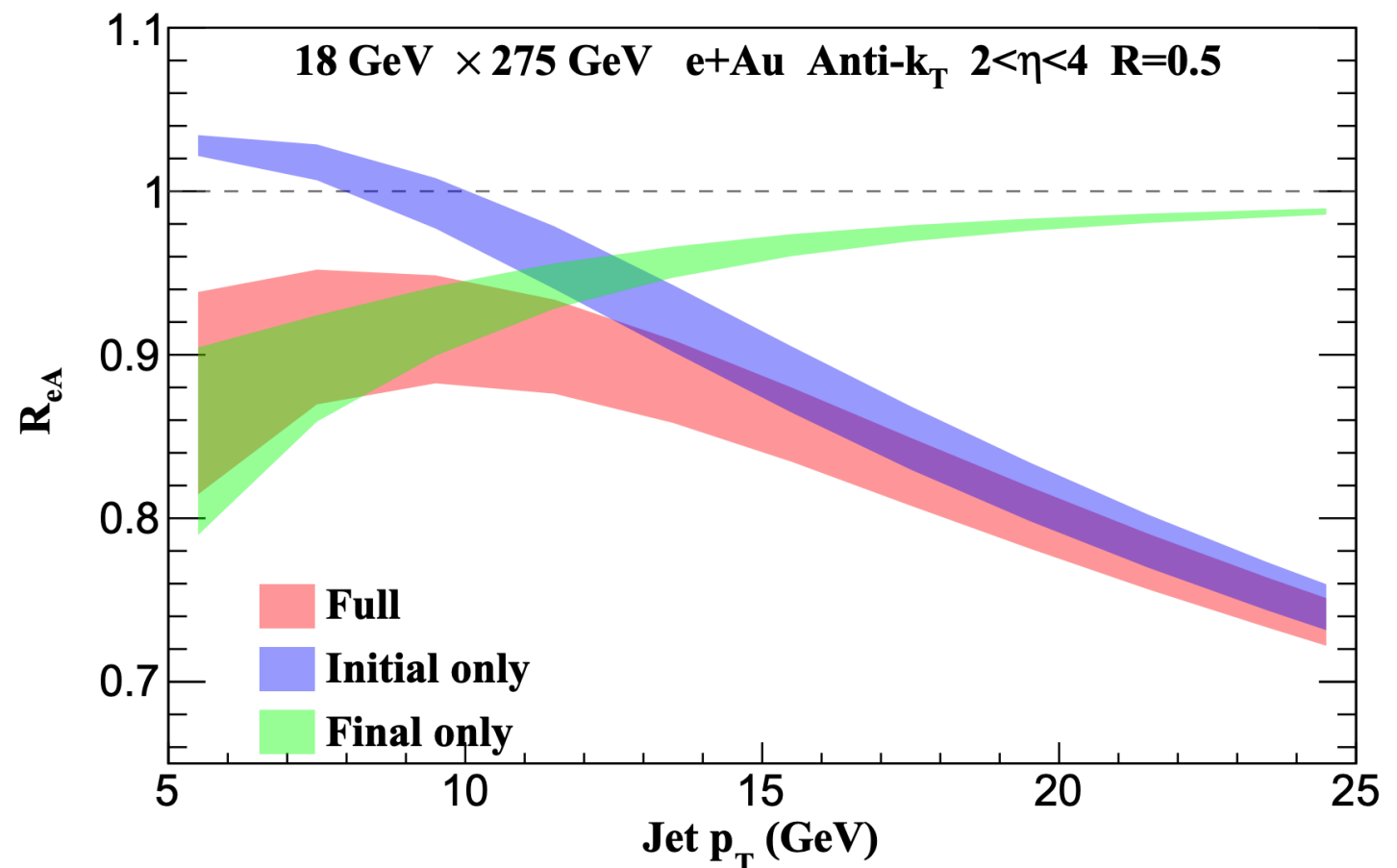
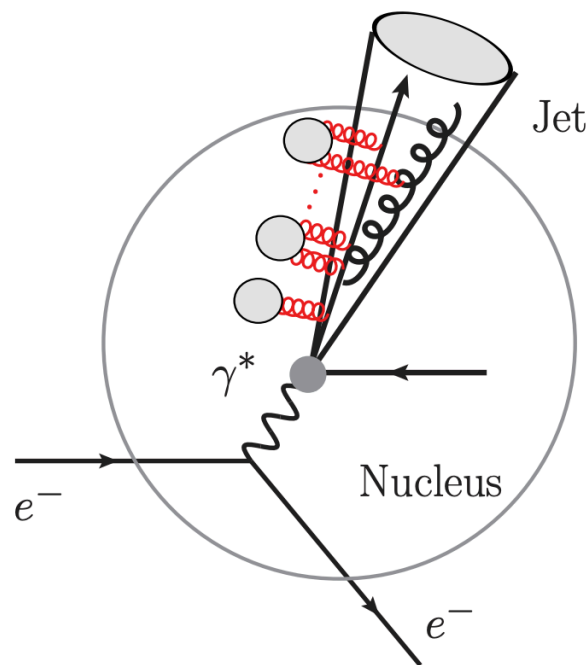
Probes of cold nuclear matter effects

Li, Vitev '20

- Inclusive jet production $e + A \rightarrow e + \text{jet} + X$

Medium modified jet function approach

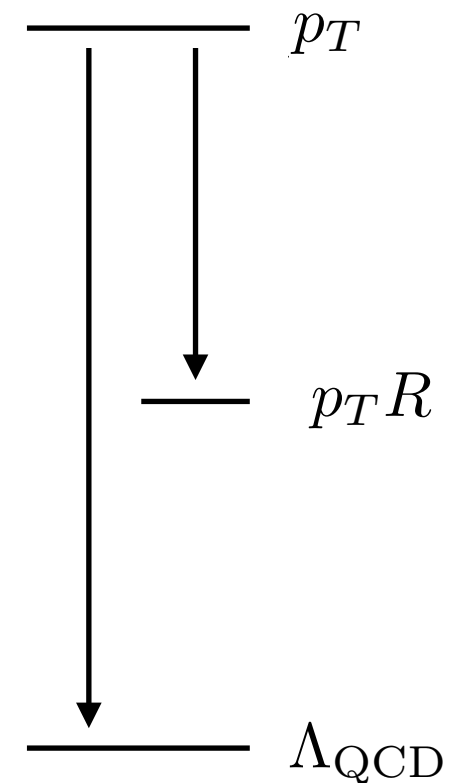
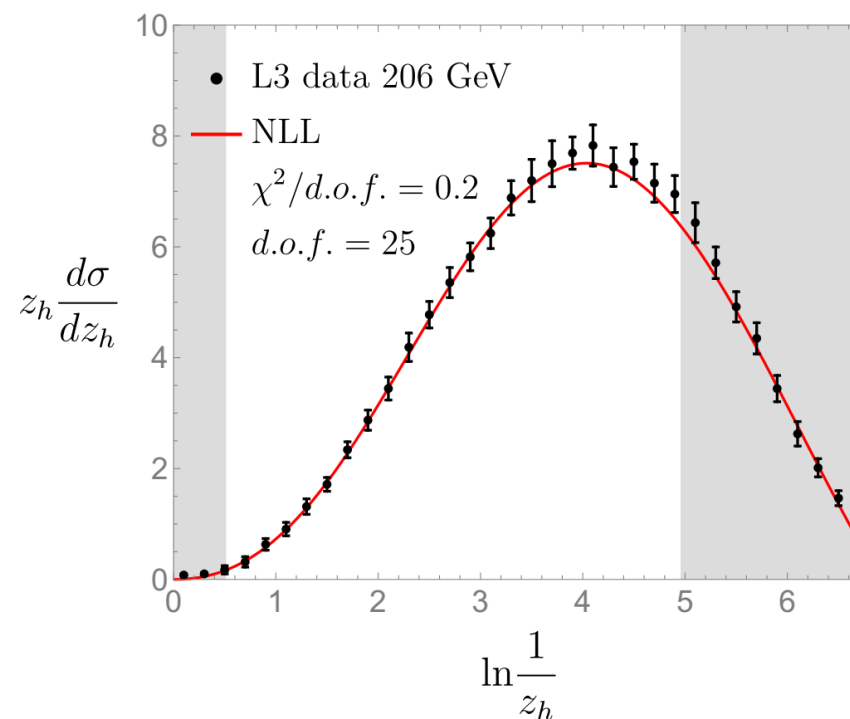
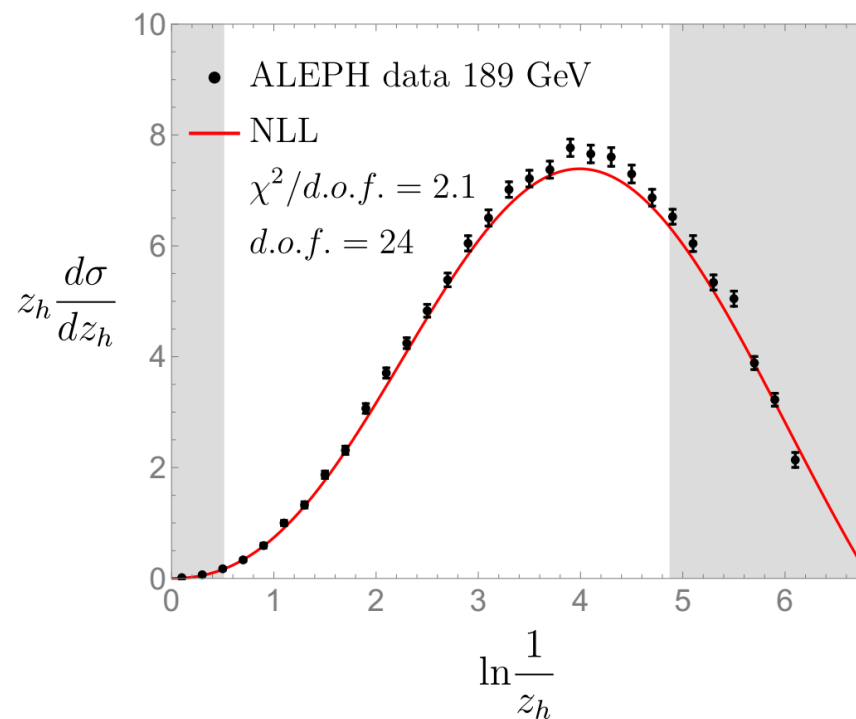
$$J_q^{\text{med}}(z, p_T R, \mu) = \left[\int_{z(1-z)p_T R}^{\mu} d^2 \mathbf{k}_{\perp} f_{q \rightarrow qg}^{\text{med}}(z, \mathbf{k}_{\perp}) \right]_+ + \dots$$



Do we need to measure jets at the EIC?

Neill '20

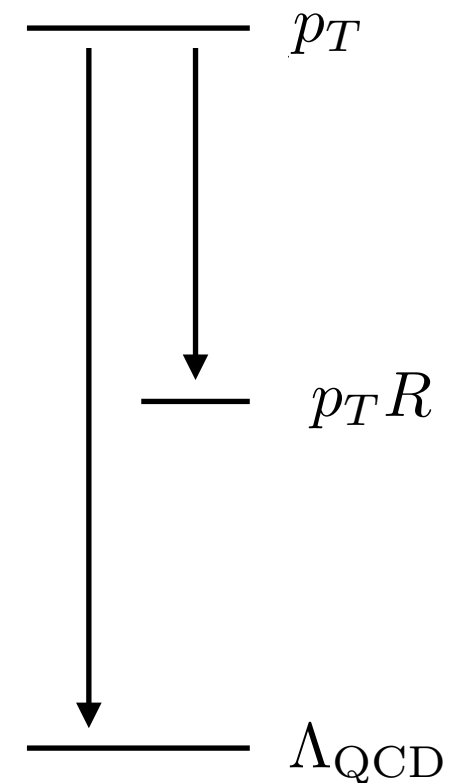
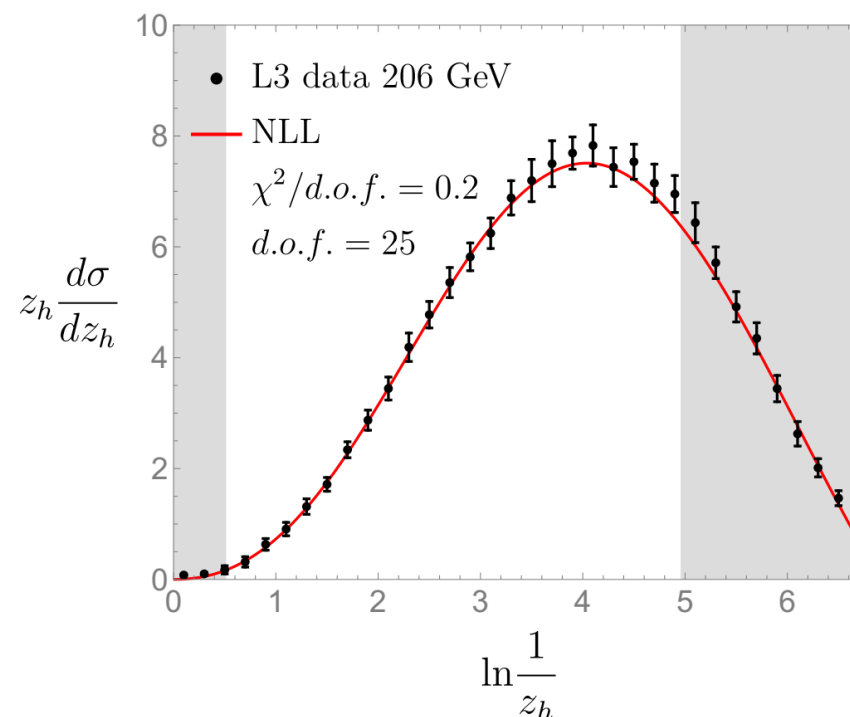
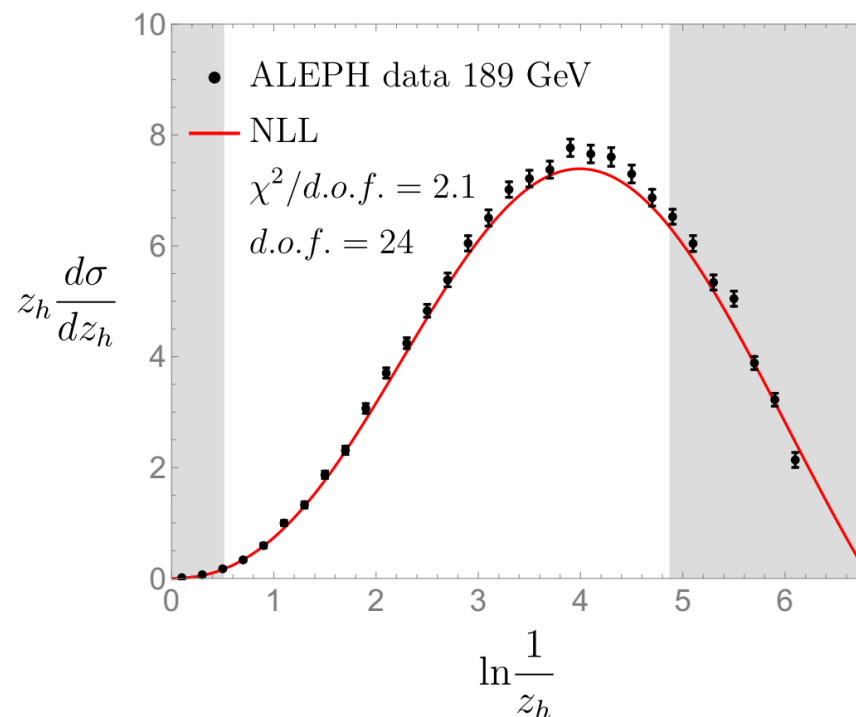
- Evolve jet functions to a nonperturbative scale ($\sim 1 \text{ GeV} \sim \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$)
- Small- z resummation + Local parton hadron duality
- The only fitted parameter is the cutoff scale (& partly the normalization)



Do we need to measure jets at the EIC?

Neill '20

- Evolve jet functions to a nonperturbative scale ($\sim 1 \text{ GeV} \sim \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$)
- Small- z resummation + Local parton hadron duality
- The only fitted parameter is the cutoff scale (& partly the normalization)



... this suggests

- Hadrons are simply jets with a nonperturbative radius
- The more fundamental objects are jets/jet functions
- Most of the QCD fragmentation process is perturbative — do we still need fragmentation functions?

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Conclusions

- Growing field of jet physics at the EIC
- Relevant for all parts of the EIC science program
- Jet physics part of the EIC Yellow Report
- Potential impact on detector design
- Many new opportunities
- STAR, sPHENIX, HERA



<https://indico.bnl.gov/event/8066/overview>