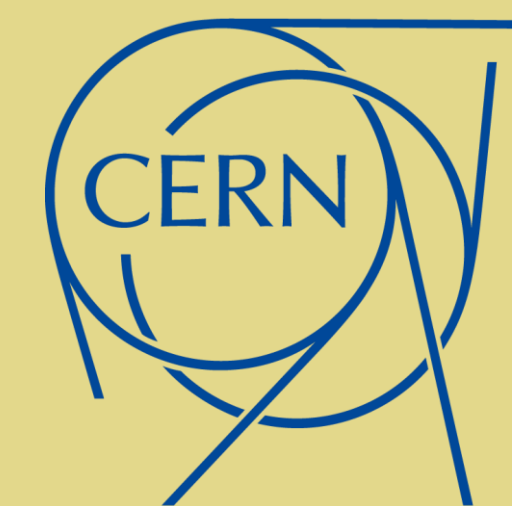


Nikhef



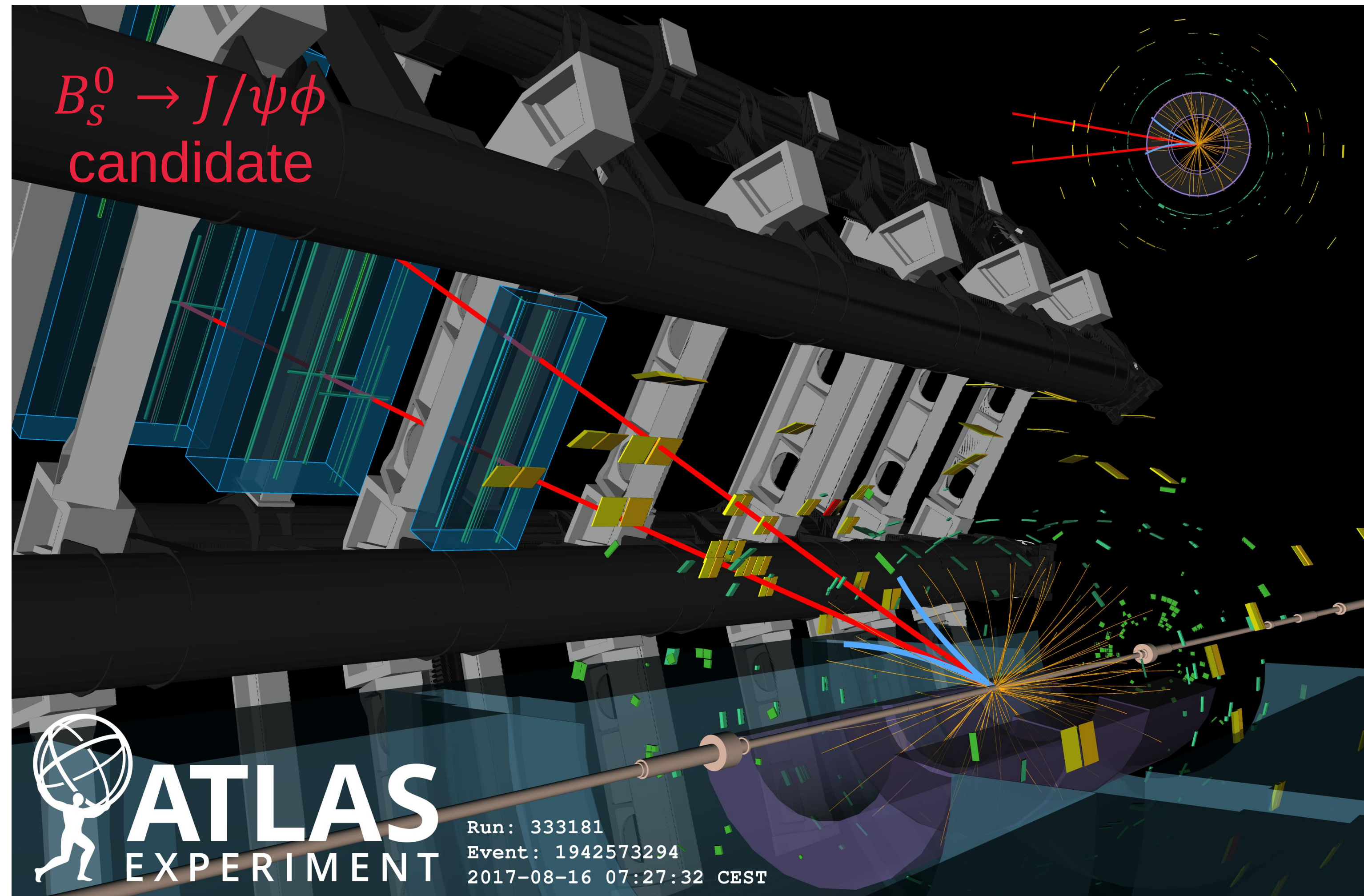
DIS2021, Stony Brook Univ., April 12-16, 2021

ATLAS RESULTS WITH BEAUTY MESONS

Ann-Kathrin Perrevoort
on behalf of ATLAS
(ann-kathrin.perrevoort@cern.ch)

ATLAS RESULTS WITH BEAUTY MESONS

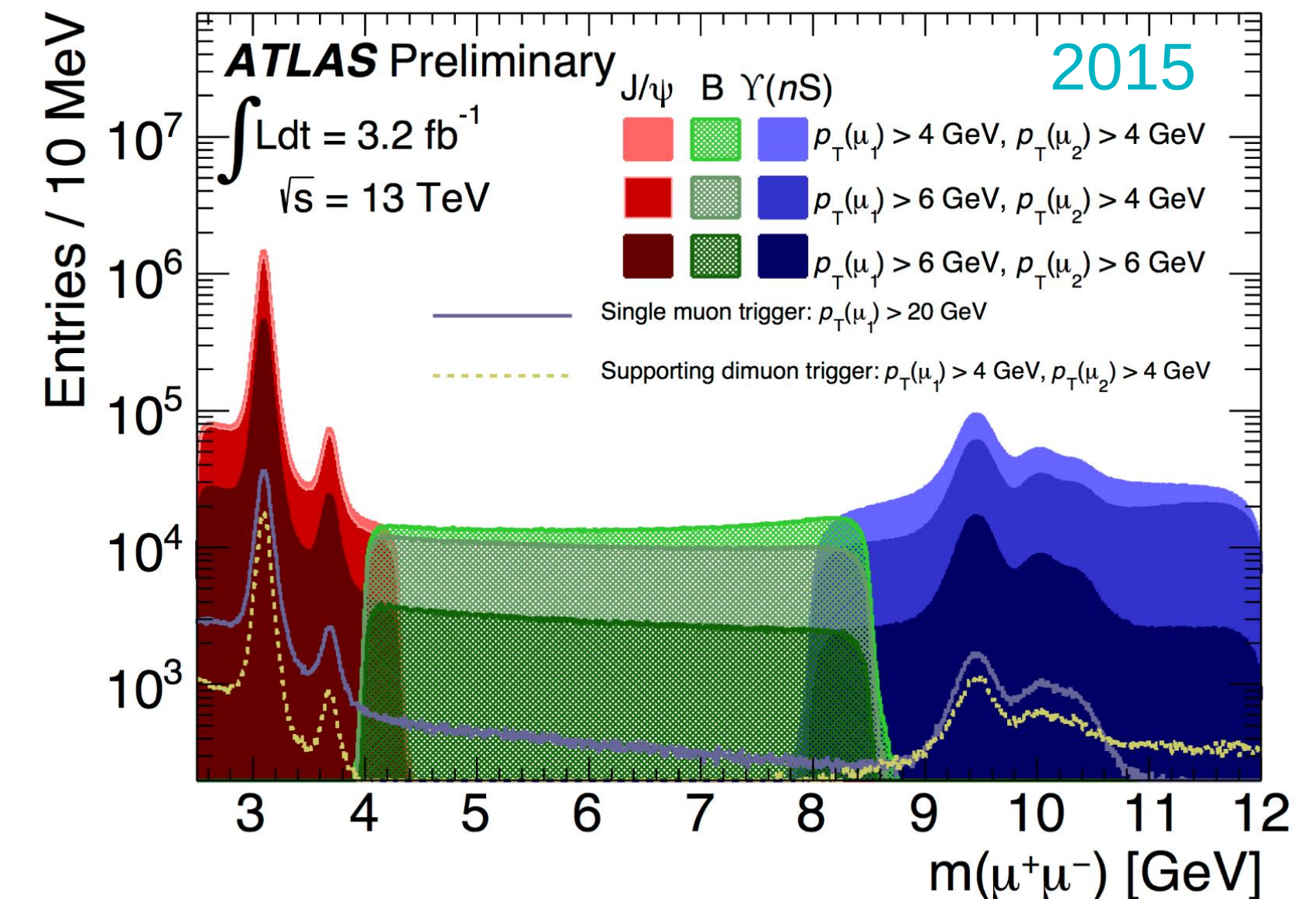
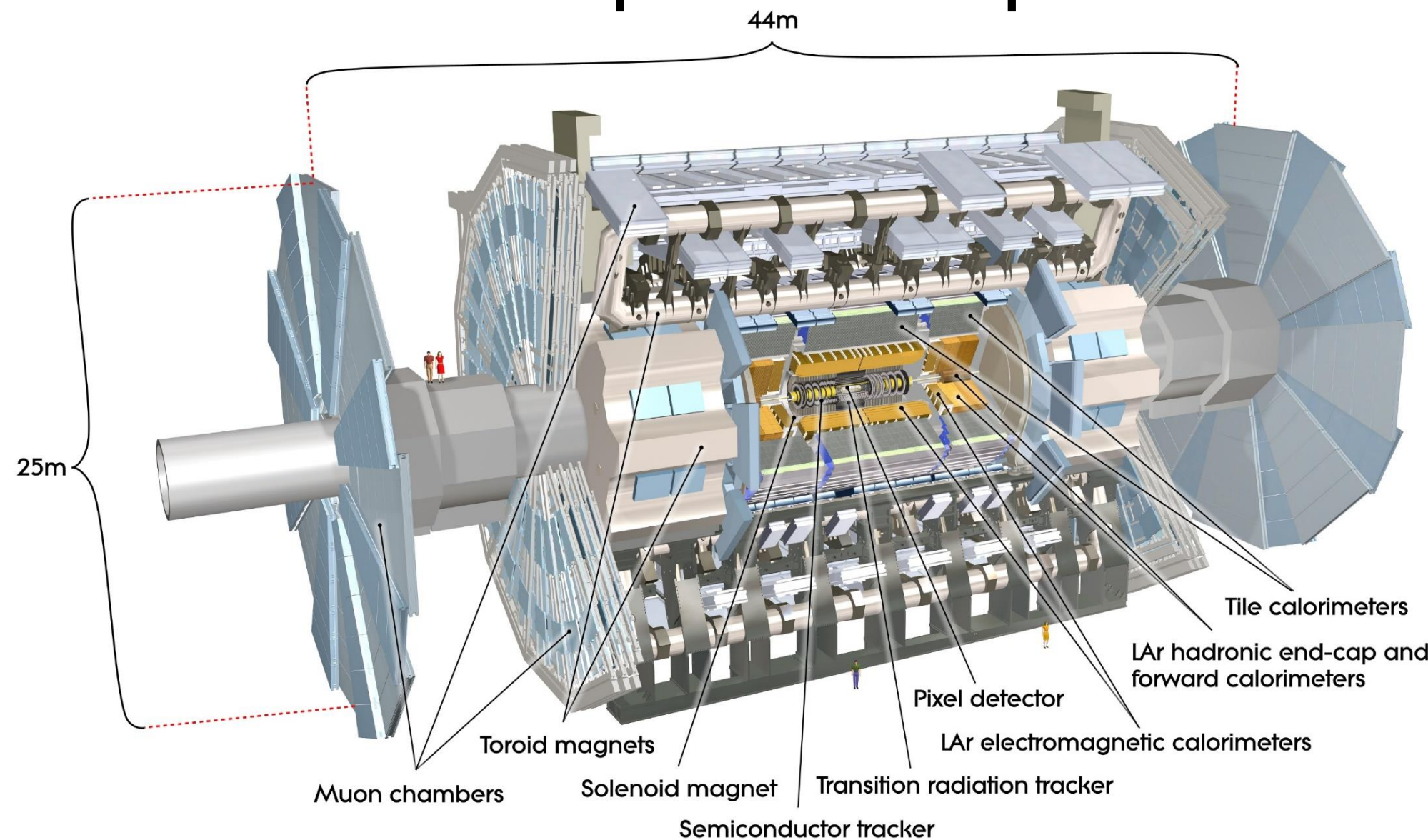
- B physics in ATLAS
- $B_c^\pm$ production and decays
- Relative $B_c^\pm/B^\pm$ production xsec
- Rare decays $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$
- ATLAS early Run 2 results
- ATLAS, CMS, LHCb combination
- CP violation in $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$
- CPV phase ϕ_s between $B_s^0 - \bar{B}_s^0$ mixing and decay



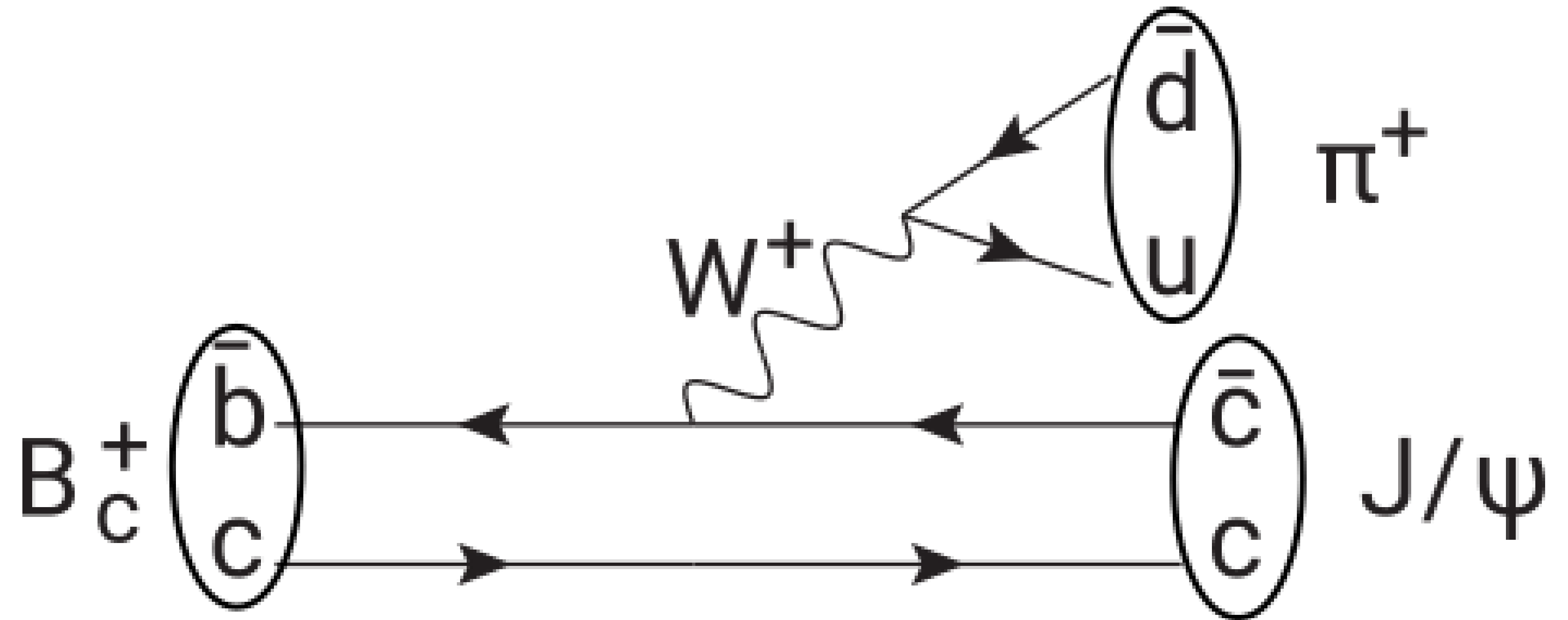
B -PHYSICS PROGRAM IN THE ATLAS EXPERIMENT

- ATLAS collected 139fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{TeV}$ in 2015-2018
- B_s , B_c etc. accessible at the LHC
- ~ 2.5 million $b\bar{b}$ pairs/sec produced

- Typical B physics trigger: low p_T , very low mass di-muon trigger using inner tracker and muon detectors
- ~ 150 -200 events with $b\bar{b}$ pairs/sec recorded

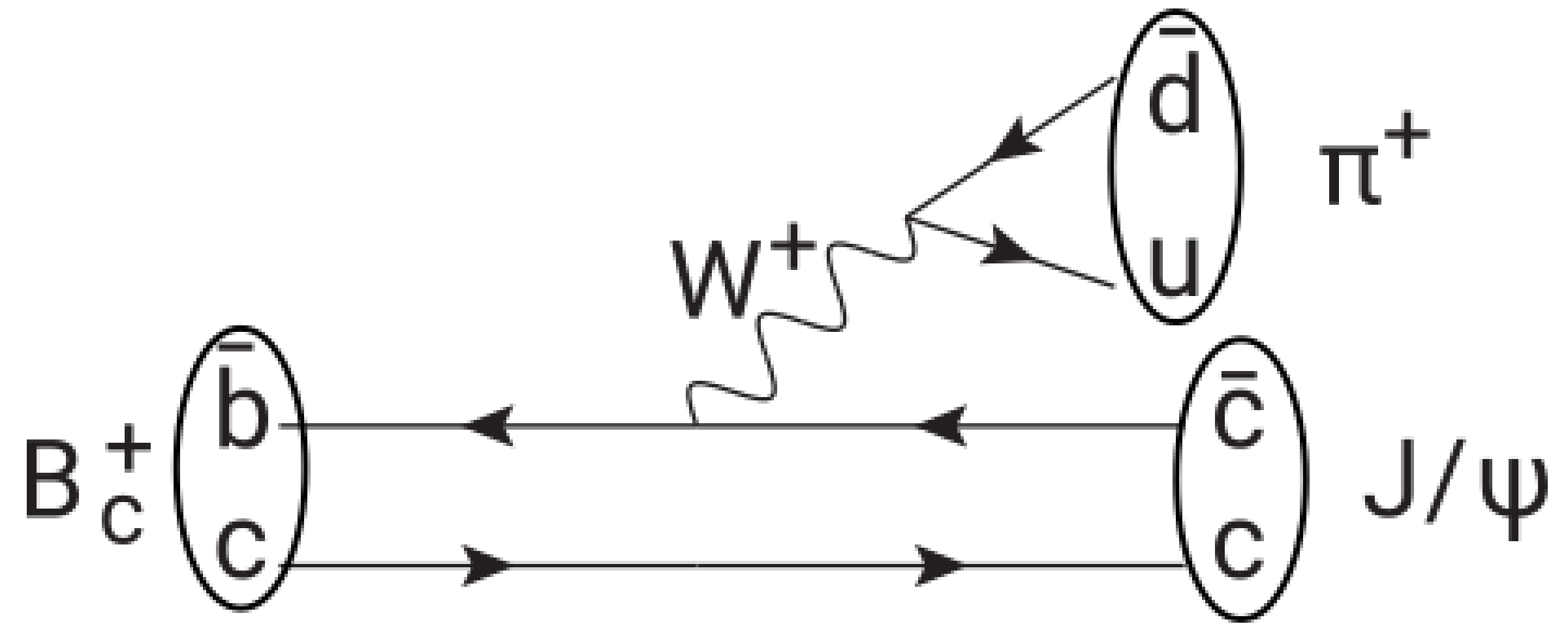


Relative
 $B_c^\pm / B^\pm$
 production
 xsec



RELATIVE $B_c^\pm/B^\pm$ PRODUCTION XSEC

- B_c^+ is a 'double-heavy' meson
($c\bar{b}$)
- Production gives insight on heavy-quark hadronisation
- Weak decays, here
 $B_c^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^\pm$ with $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
- $B_c^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi D_s^{(*)\pm}$ also measured in ATLAS



[arXiv:1912.02672](https://arxiv.org/abs/1912.02672), sub. PRD

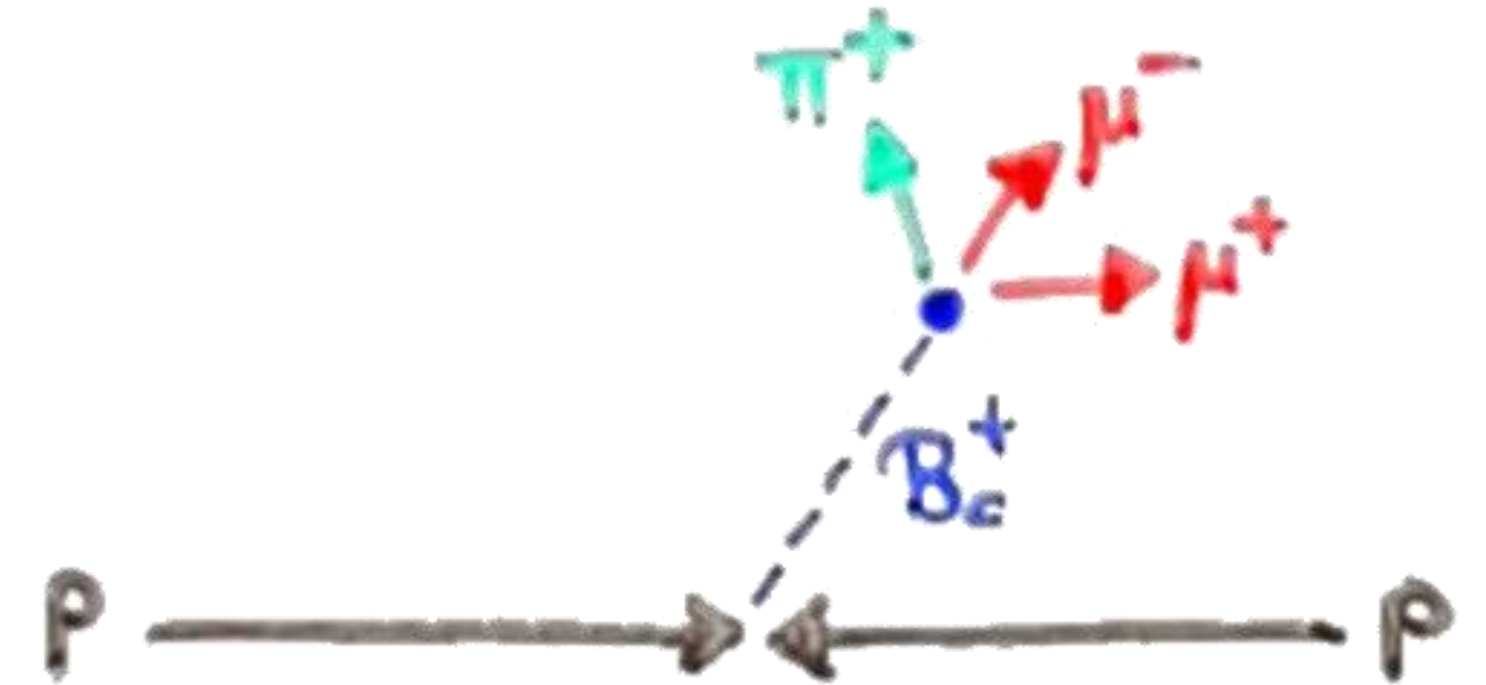
RELATIVE $B_c^\pm/B^\pm$ PRODUCTION XSEC

- Double differential measurement of relative production xsec $\times \mathcal{B}$ of $B_{(c)}^\pm$ in 2 bins of $p_T(B_{(c)}^\pm)$ and $|y(B_{(c)}^\pm)|$

- Using similar decay modes

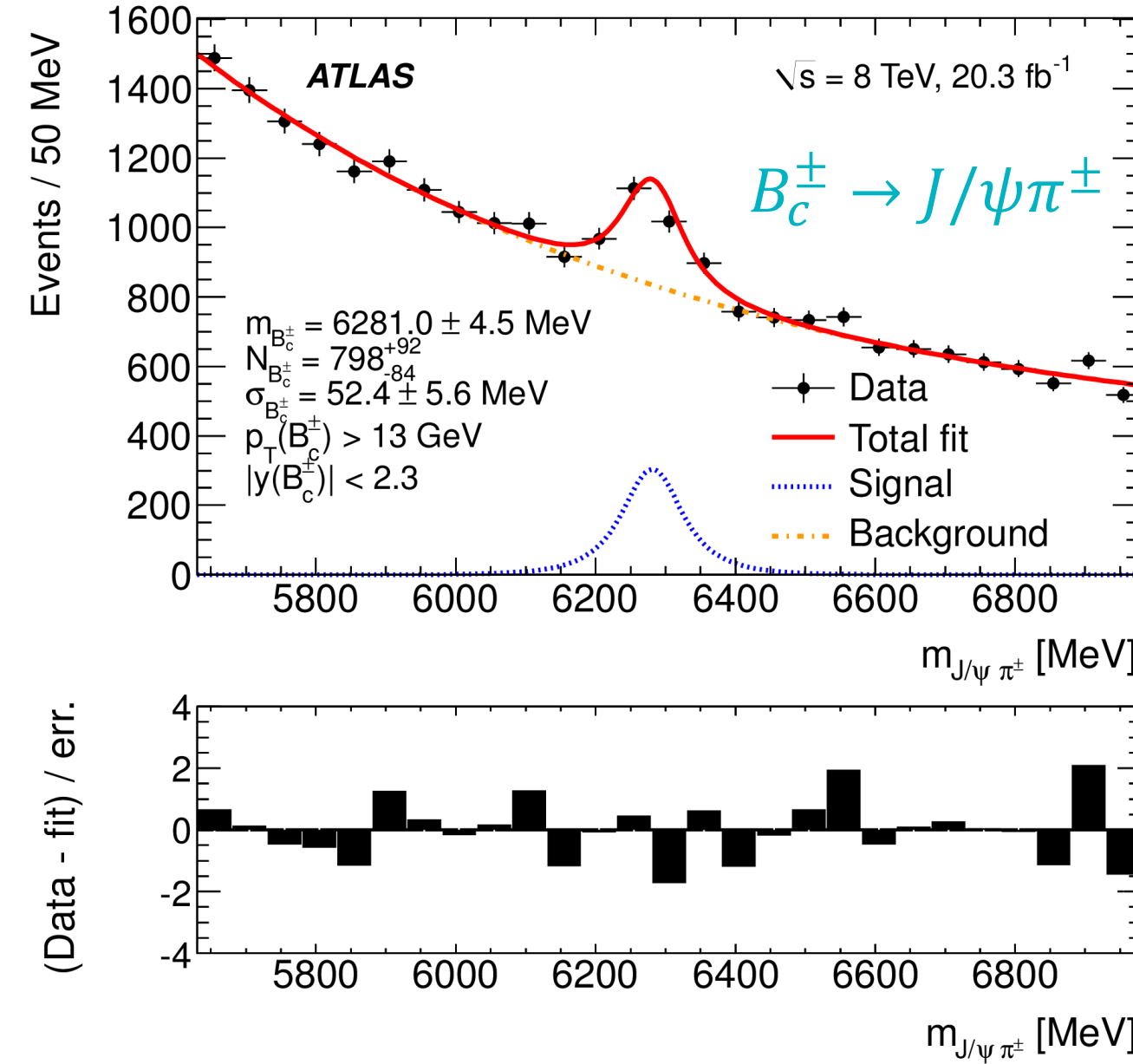
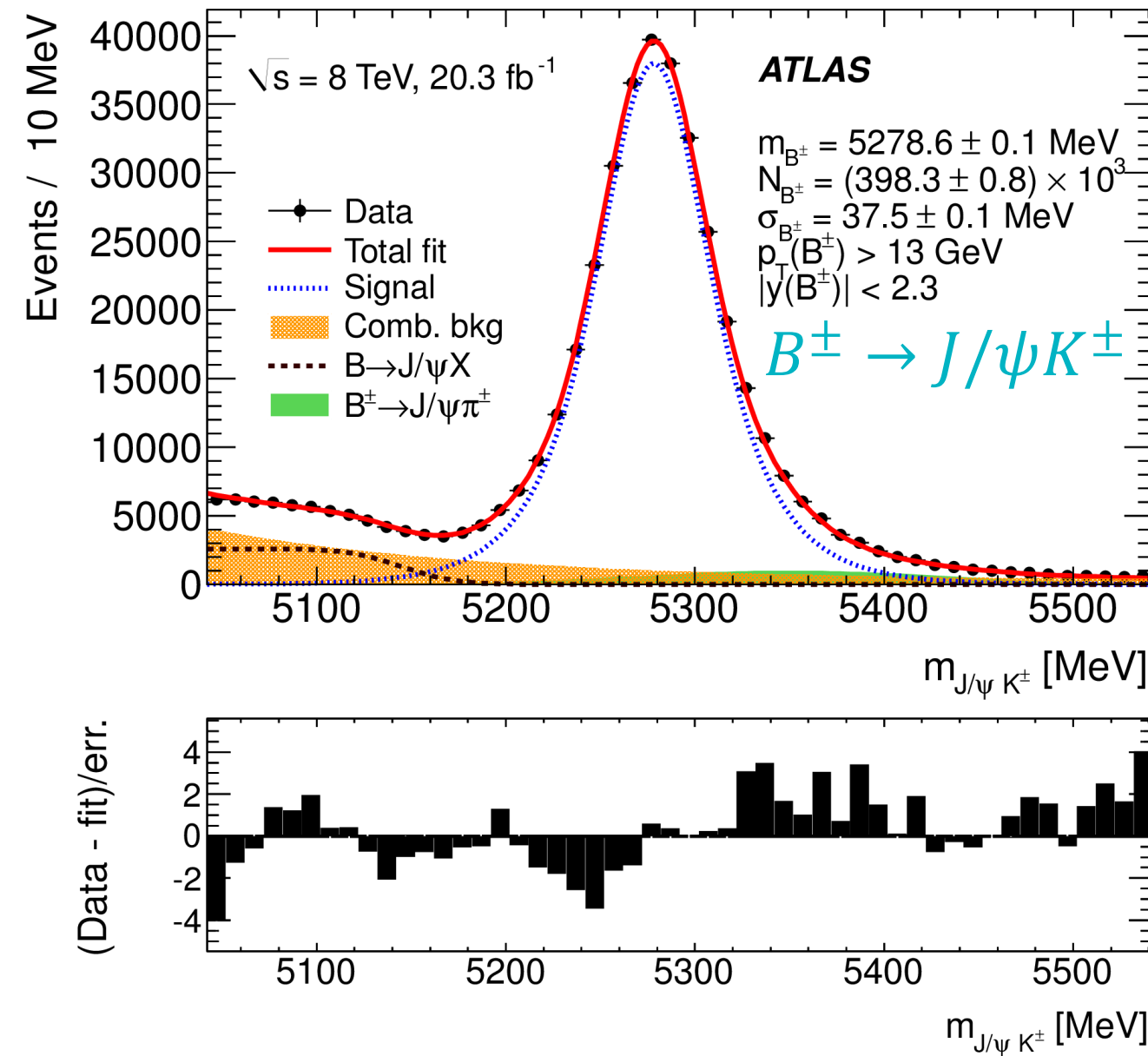
$$\frac{\sigma(B_c^\pm) \cdot \mathcal{B}(B_c^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-)\pi^\pm)}{\sigma(B^\pm) \cdot \mathcal{B}(B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-)K^\pm)} = \frac{N^{\text{reco}}(B_c^\pm)}{N^{\text{reco}}(B^\pm)} \cdot \frac{\varepsilon(B^\pm)}{\varepsilon(B_c^\pm)}$$

- ATLAS measurement of using 20.3 fb^{-1} of pp collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 8\text{TeV}$ (2012)
- Di-muon trigger for $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$



[arXiv:1912.02672](https://arxiv.org/abs/1912.02672), sub. PRD

RELATIVE $B_c^\pm/B^\pm$ PRODUCTION XSEC



Complete dataset
 $(p_T(B) > 13 \text{ GeV}, |y(B)| < 2.3)$

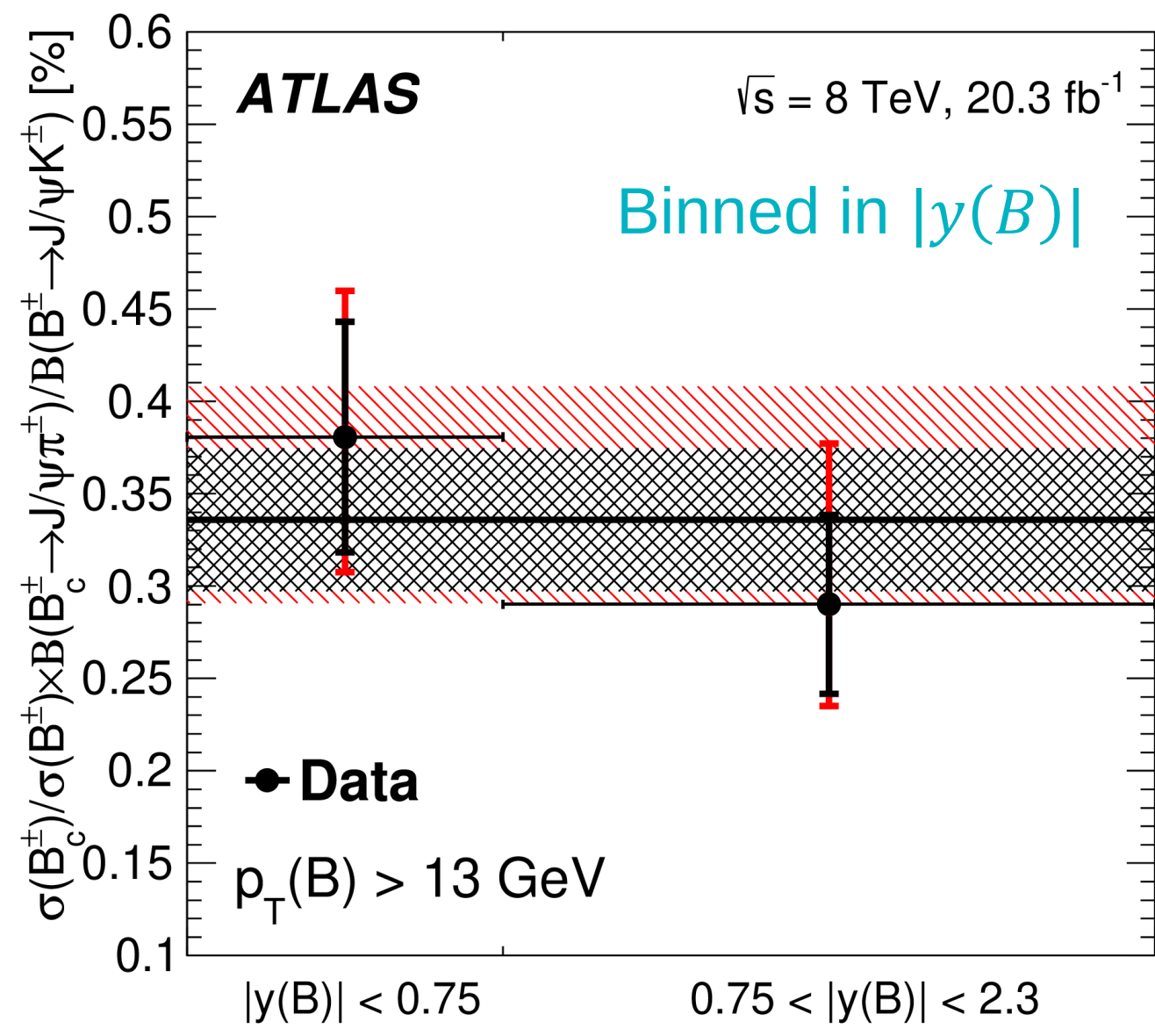
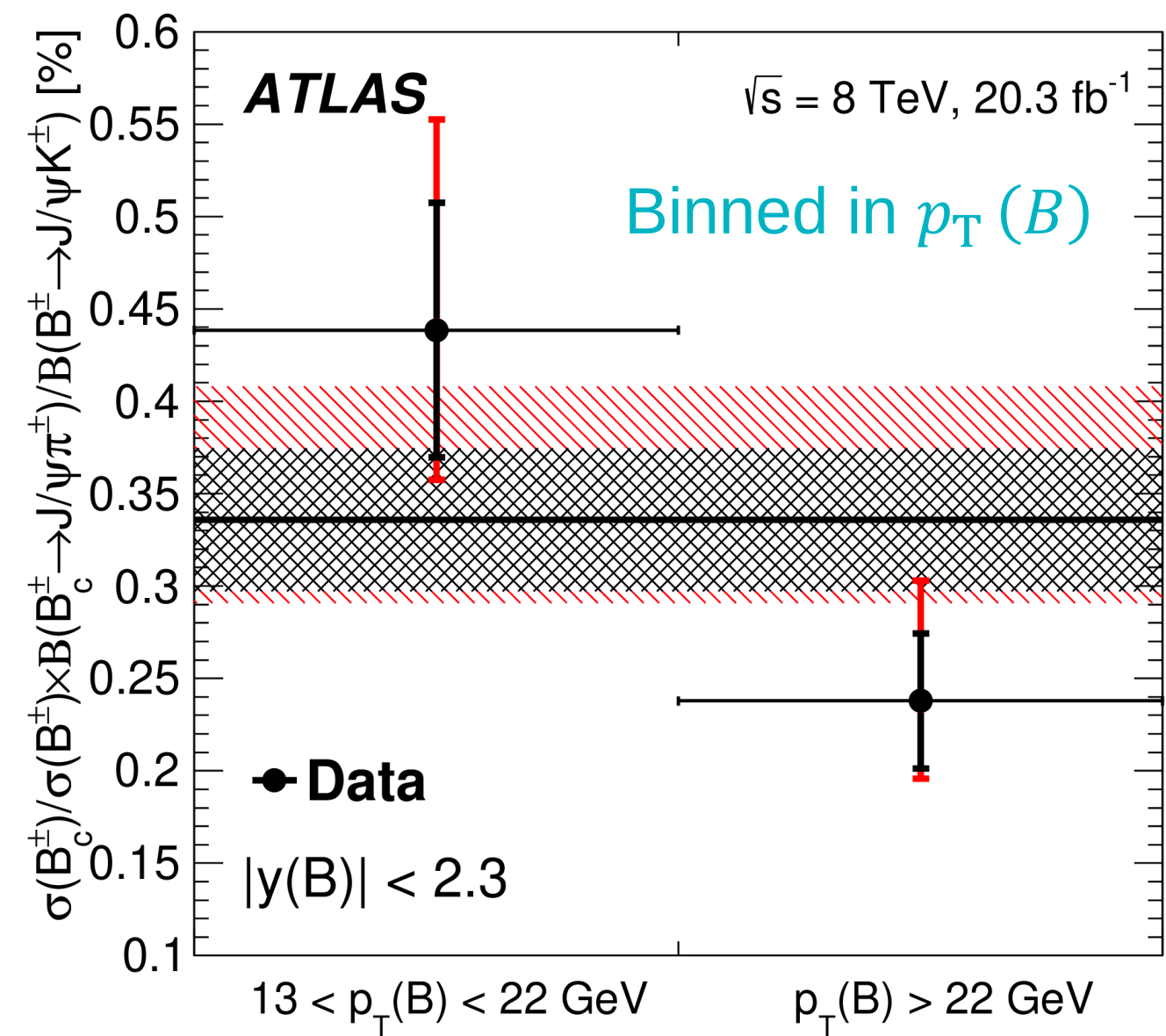
$N^{\text{reco}}(B^\pm) \sim 400\text{k}$

$N^{\text{reco}}(B_c^\pm) \sim 800$

- $B_{(c)}^\pm$ candidates formed from vertex fit of $\mu^+\mu^-$ +one track
- Background from partially reco. b -hadron decays, $B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^\pm$, combinatorial
- Fiducial volume: $p_T(B_{(c)}^\pm) > 13 \text{ GeV}$ and $|y(B_{(c)}^\pm)| < 2.3$
- Extract $N^{\text{reco}}(B_{(c)}^\pm)$ in fit to $m(B_{(c)}^\pm)$ in two bins of p_T and $|y|$

[arXiv:1912.02672](https://arxiv.org/abs/1912.02672), sub. PRD

RELATIVE $B_c^\pm/B^\pm$ PRODUCTION XSEC



- No evident dependence on rapidity $|y(B)|$
- Results suggest that $\sigma(B_c^\pm)$ decreases faster with p_T than $\sigma(B^\pm)$
- Complementary/compatible to CMS results (overlap in fiducial volume) and LHCb results (different fiducial volume)

Analysis bin	$\sigma(B_c^\pm)/\sigma(B^\pm) \times \mathcal{B}(B_c^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^\pm)/\mathcal{B}(B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi K^\pm)$
$p_T(B) > 13 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 2.3$	$(0.34 \pm 0.04_{\text{stat}}^{+0.06}_{-0.02} \pm 0.01_{\text{lifetime}})\%$
$13 < p_T(B) < 22 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 2.3$	$(0.44 \pm 0.07_{\text{stat}}^{+0.09}_{-0.04} \pm 0.01_{\text{lifetime}})\%$
$p_T(B) > 22 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 2.3$	$(0.24 \pm 0.04_{\text{stat}}^{+0.05}_{-0.01} \pm 0.01_{\text{lifetime}})\%$
$p_T(B) > 13 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 0.75$	$(0.38 \pm 0.06_{\text{stat}}^{+0.05}_{-0.04} \pm 0.01_{\text{lifetime}})\%$
$p_T(B) > 13 \text{ GeV}, 0.75 < y(B) < 2.3$	$(0.29 \pm 0.05_{\text{stat}}^{+0.07}_{-0.02} \pm 0.01_{\text{lifetime}})\%$

[arXiv:1912.02672](https://arxiv.org/abs/1912.02672), sub. PRD

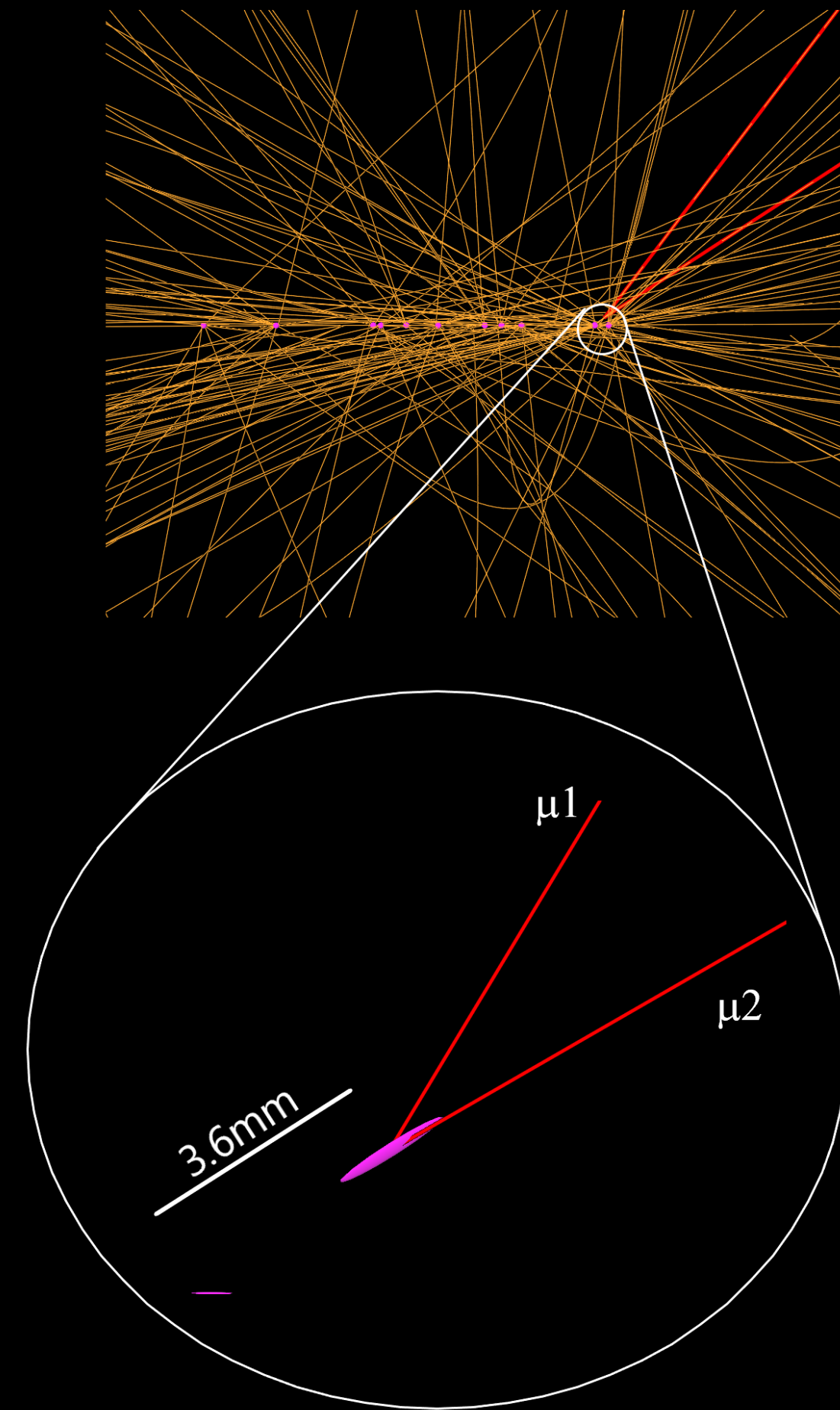
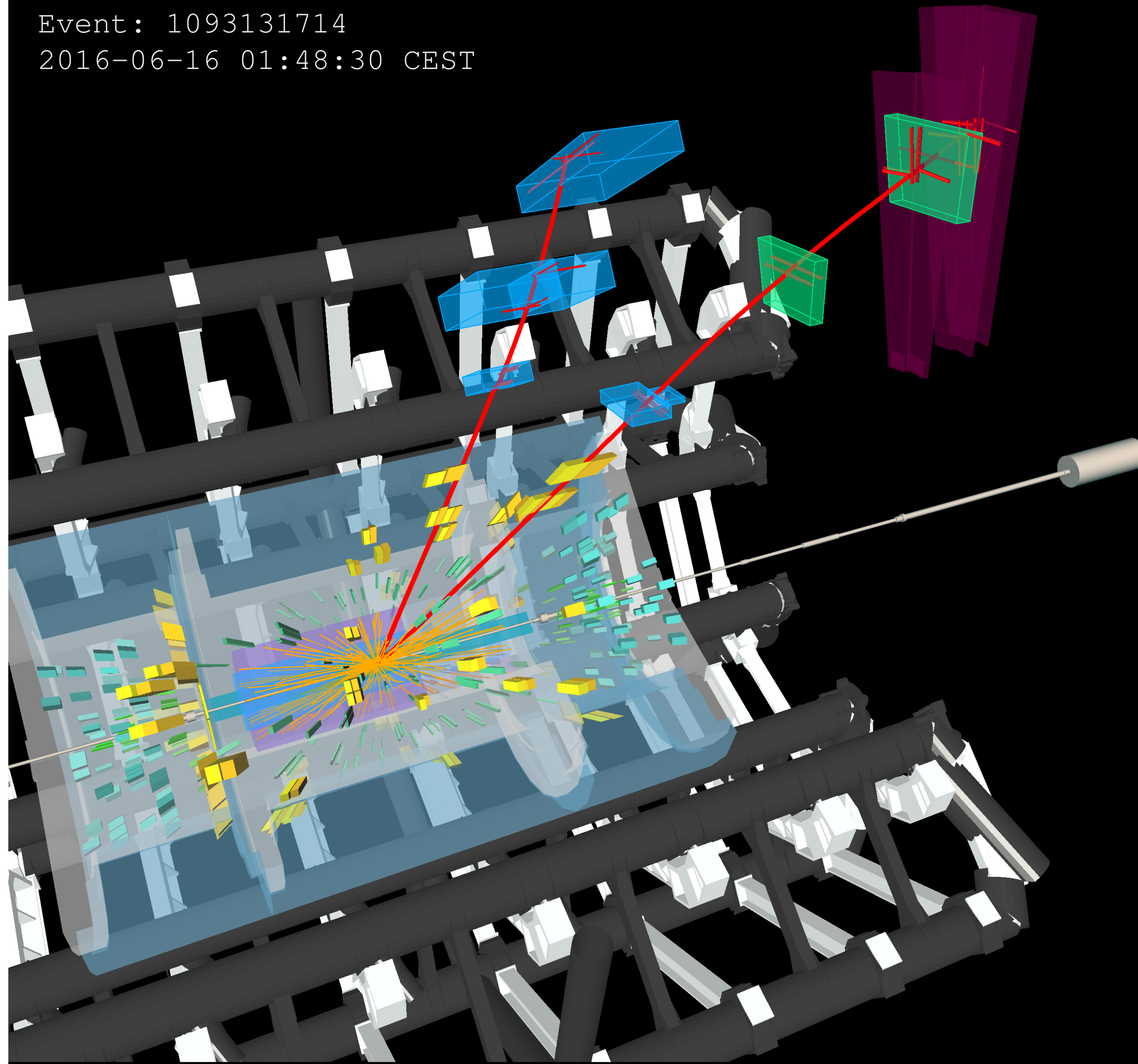
Run: 302137
Event: 1093131714
2016-06-16 01:48:30 CEST

Rare Decays

$$B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$

and

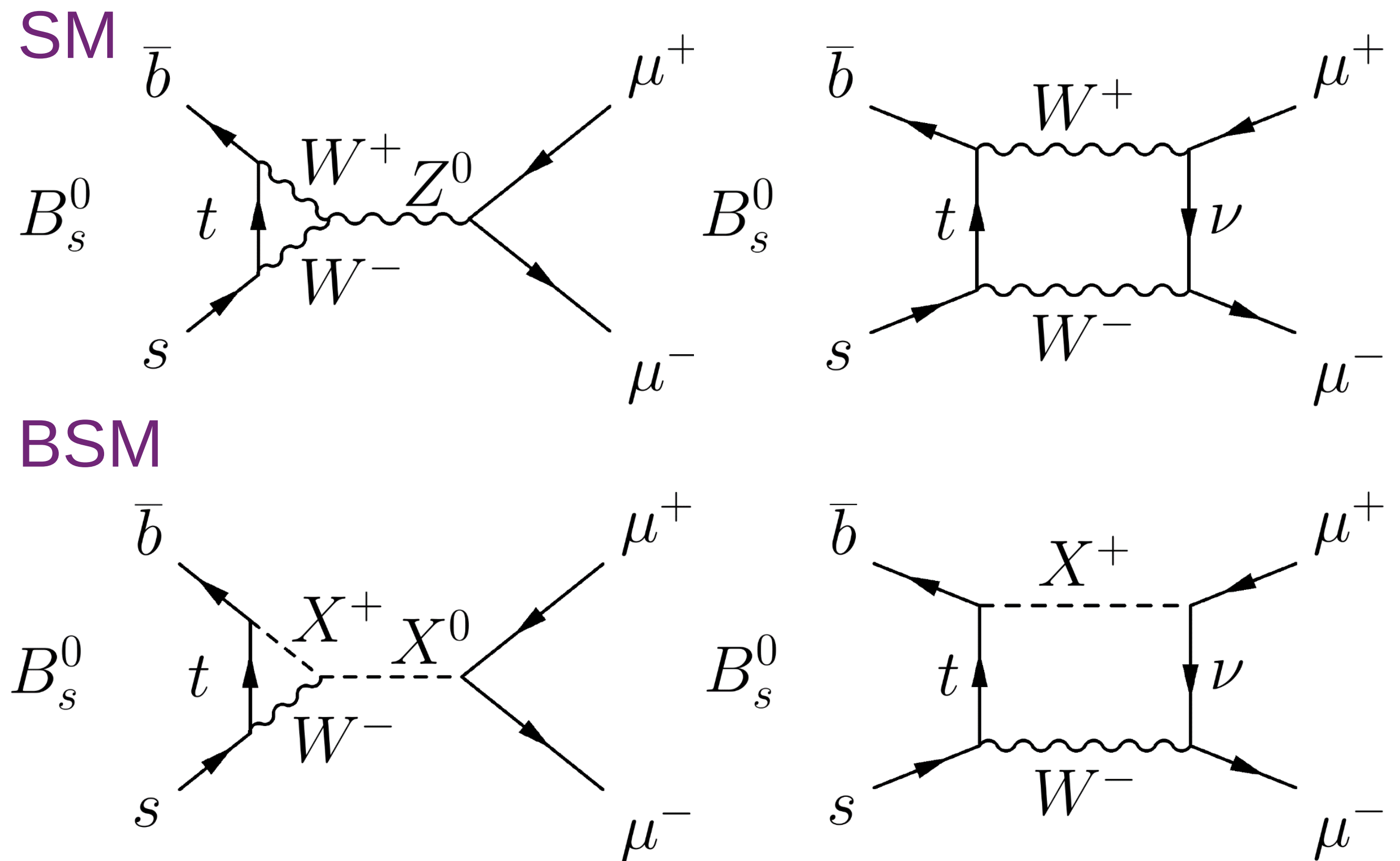
$$B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$



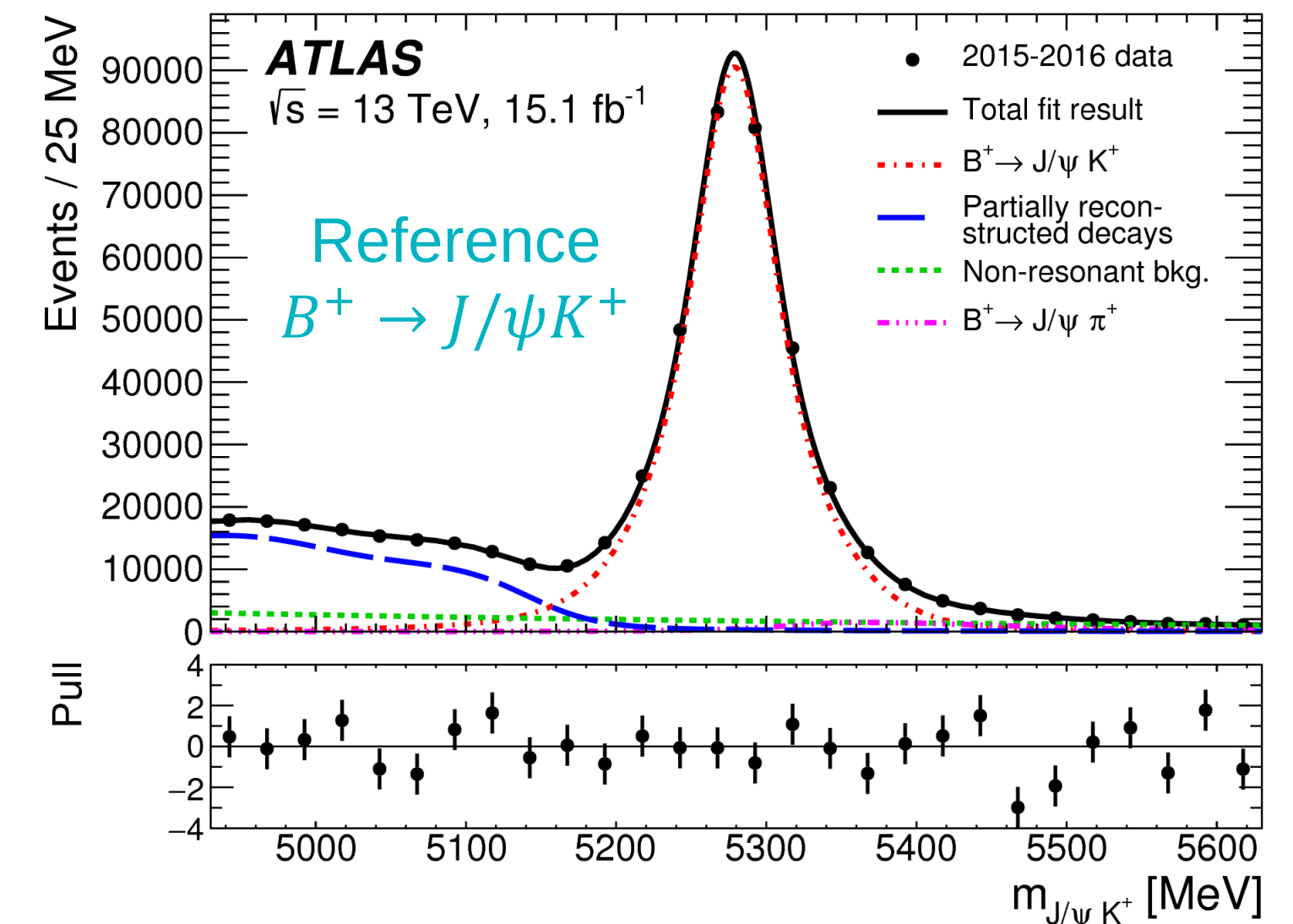
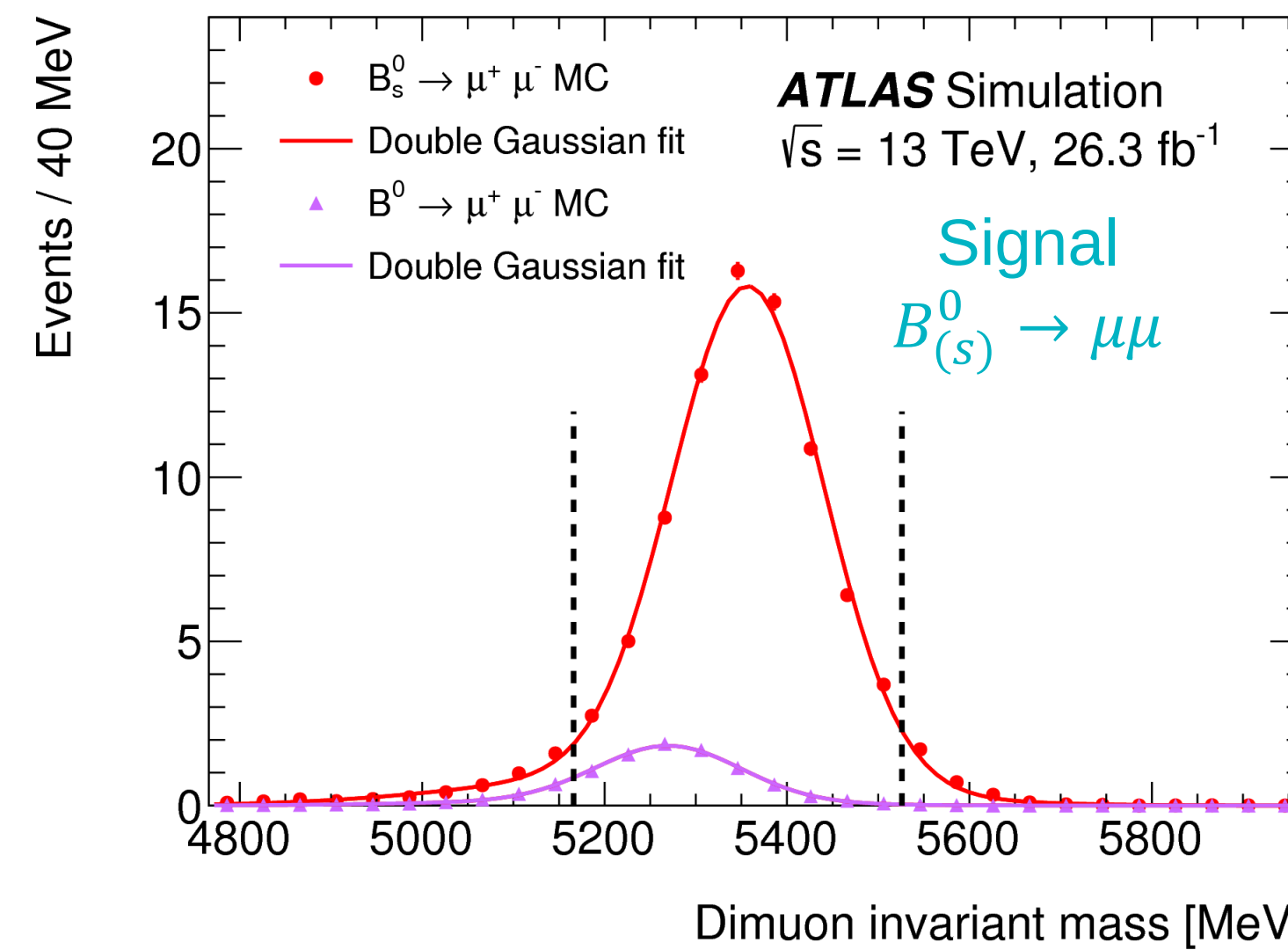
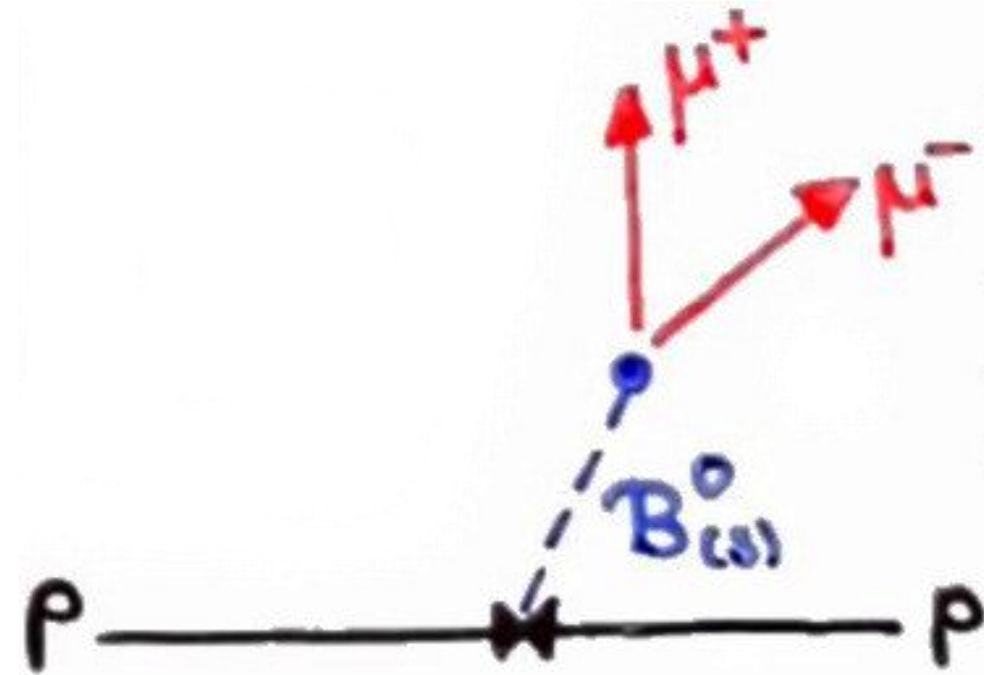
RARE DECAYS $B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ AND $B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

- FCNC in the SM via loop and box diagrams
- Helicity- and CKM-suppressed
- $B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ at $\mathcal{B} \sim 10^{-10}$ (V_{td}, V_{tb})
- $B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ at $\mathcal{B} \sim 10^{-9}$ (V_{ts}, V_{tb})
- Enhancements might arise from BSM contributions
- Deviations from predicted $\mathcal{B}$?

Example $B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$



BRANCHING FRACTIONS OF $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

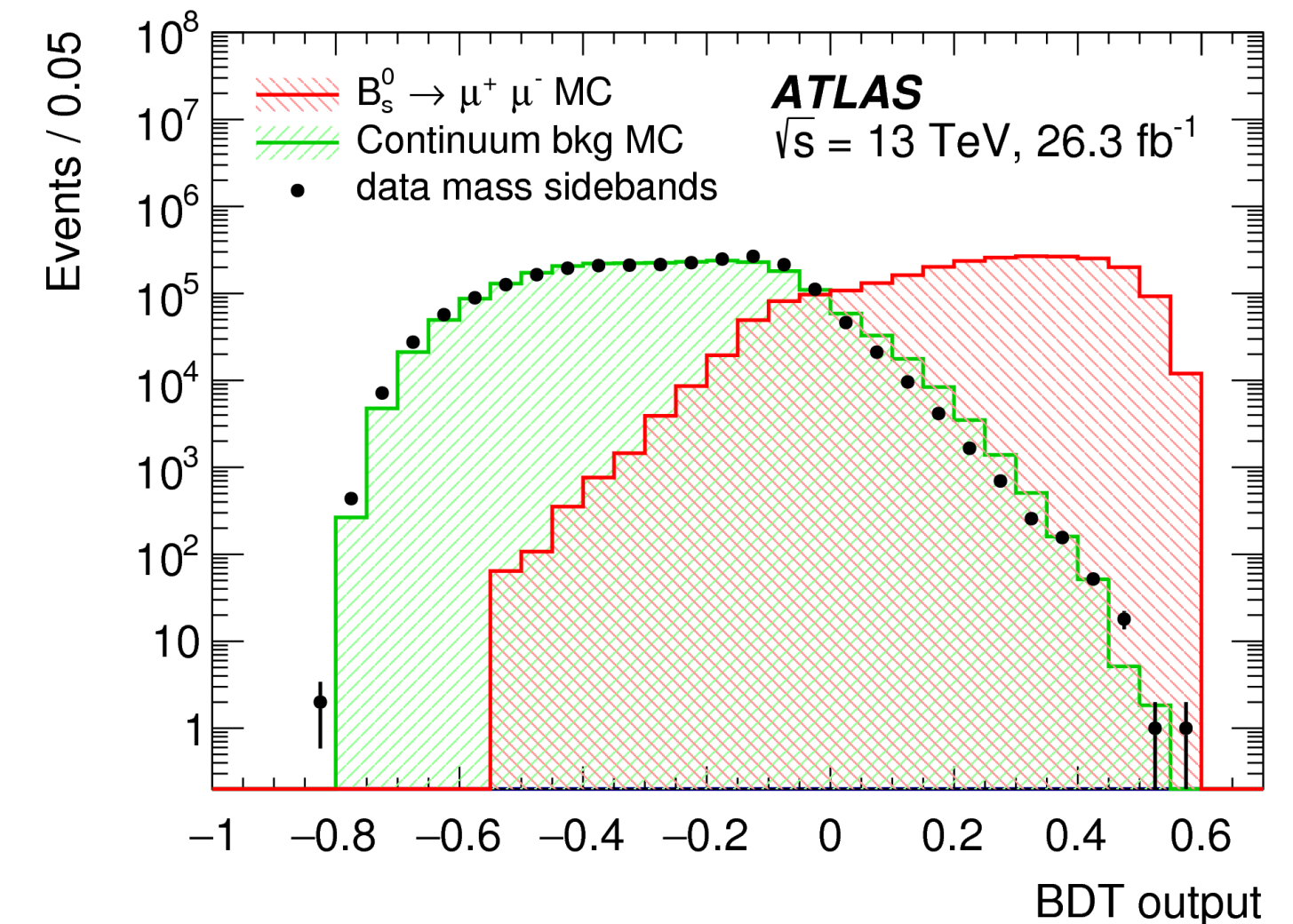
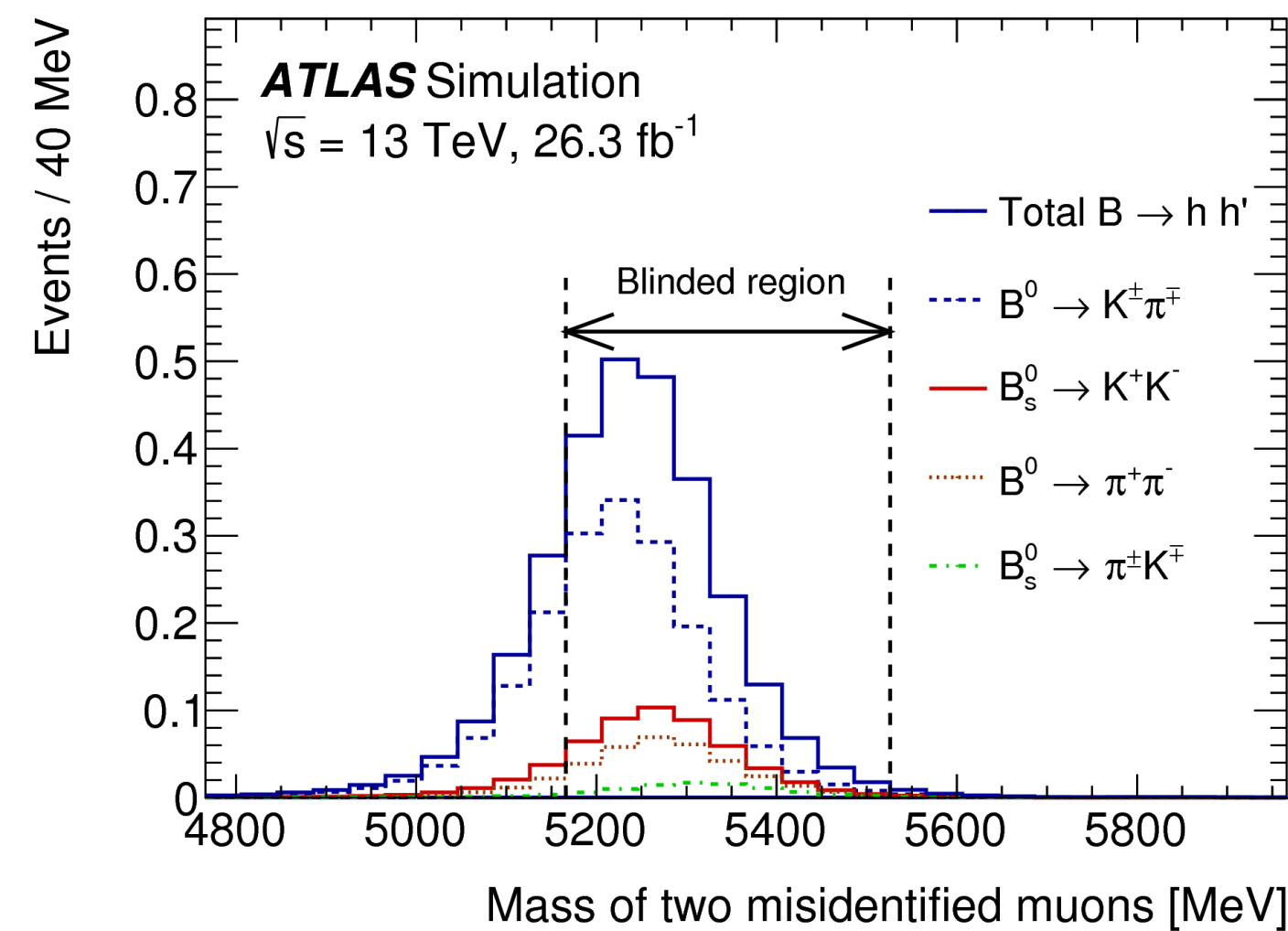
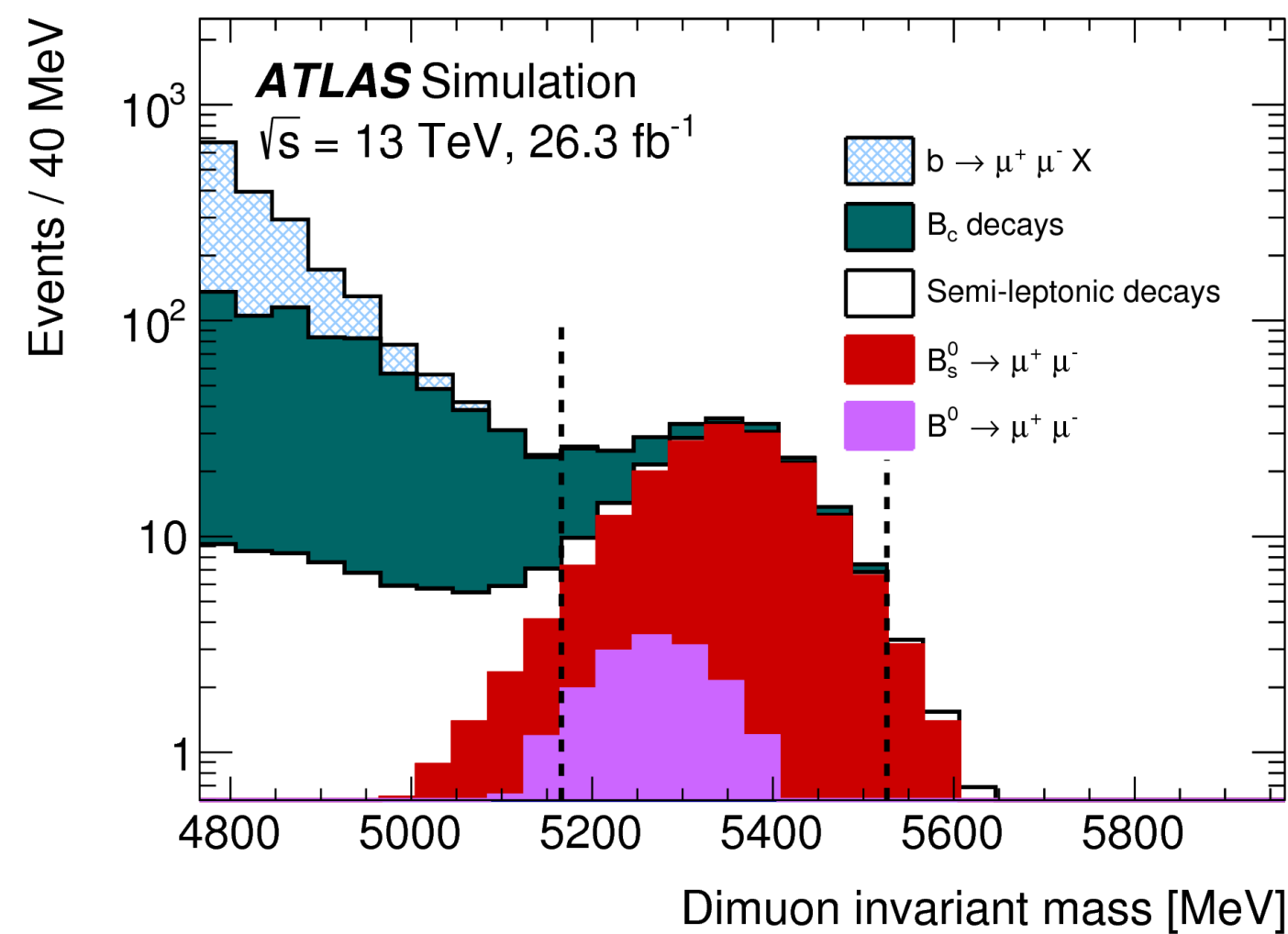


- ATLAS measurement of $\mathcal{B}(B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ using 26.3 fb^{-1} of pp collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ (2015+2016)
- Using di-muon trigger
- Simultaneous fit of $\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ and $\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$
- Measurement relative to reference channel $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu\mu) K^+$
- Separate signal from background using boosted decision tree (BDT) [JHEP 04\(2019\) 098](https://arxiv.org/abs/1808.07562)

BRANCHING FRACTIONS OF $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

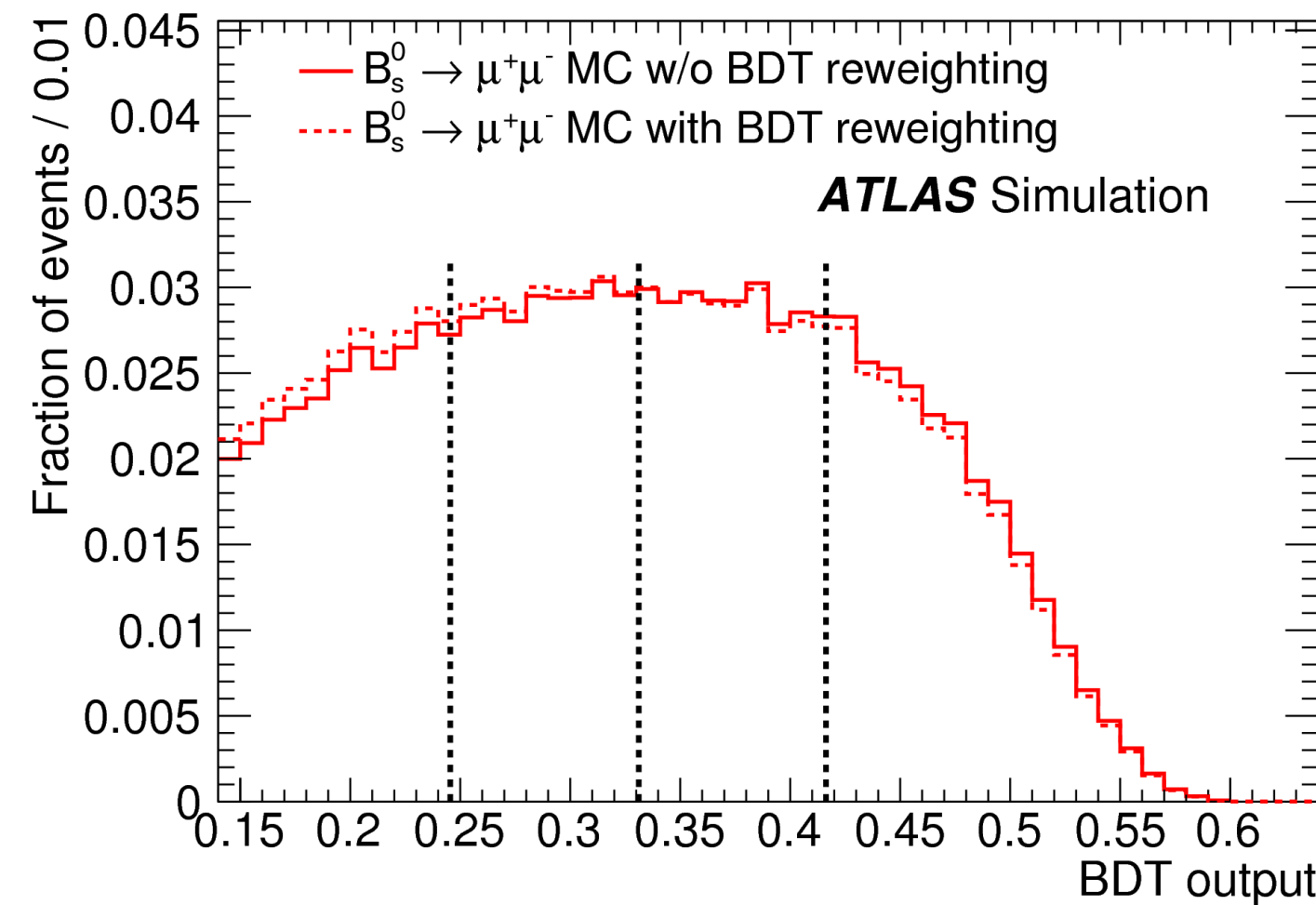
[JHEP 04\(2019\) 098](#)

- Partially reconstructed b -hadron decays mostly at lower di-muon mass
- Peaking background: $B_{(s)}^0$ decays to π and K which are mis-identified as μ
- Continuum background: combinatorial background from μ of uncorrelated hadron decays; reduced with BDT

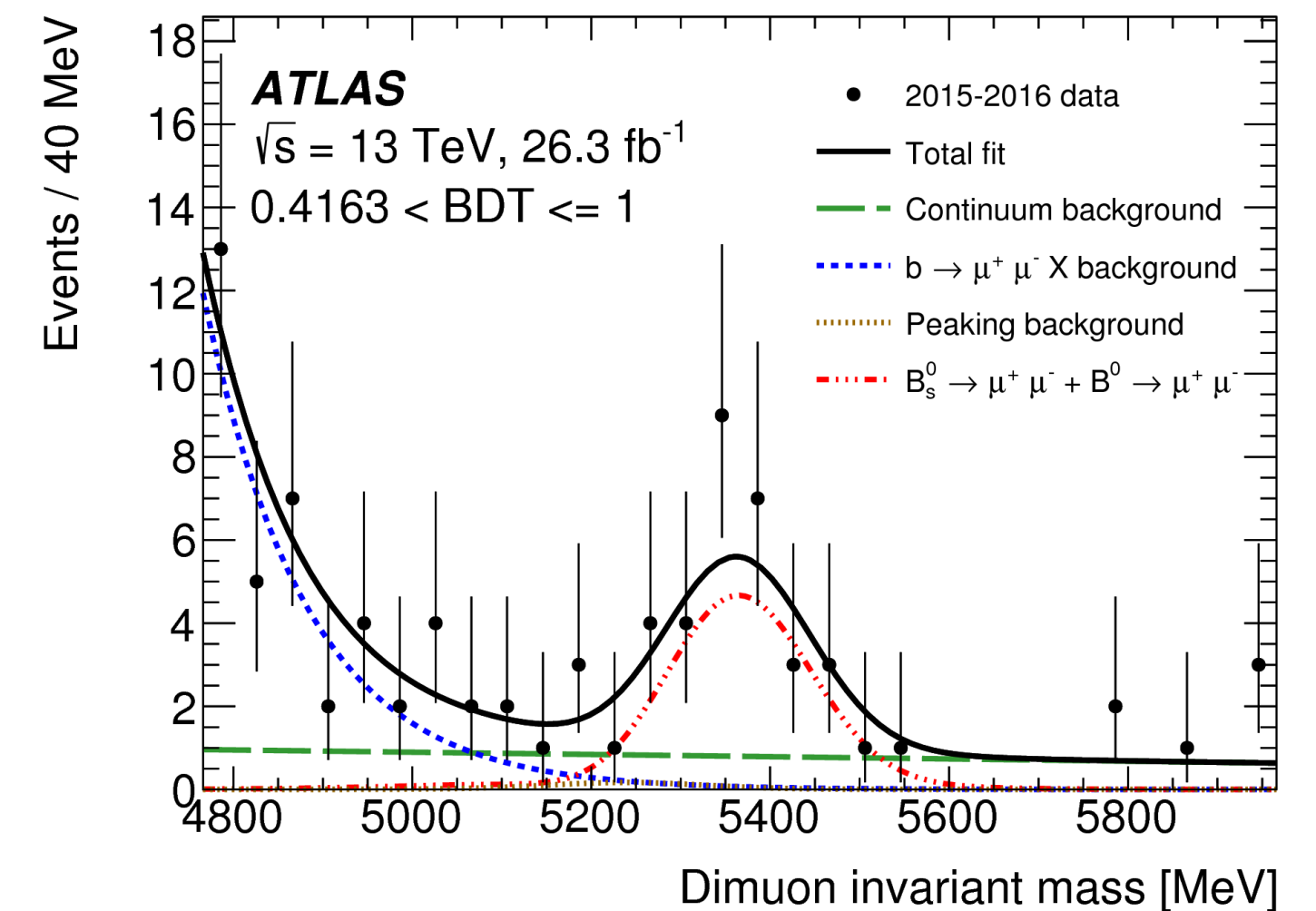
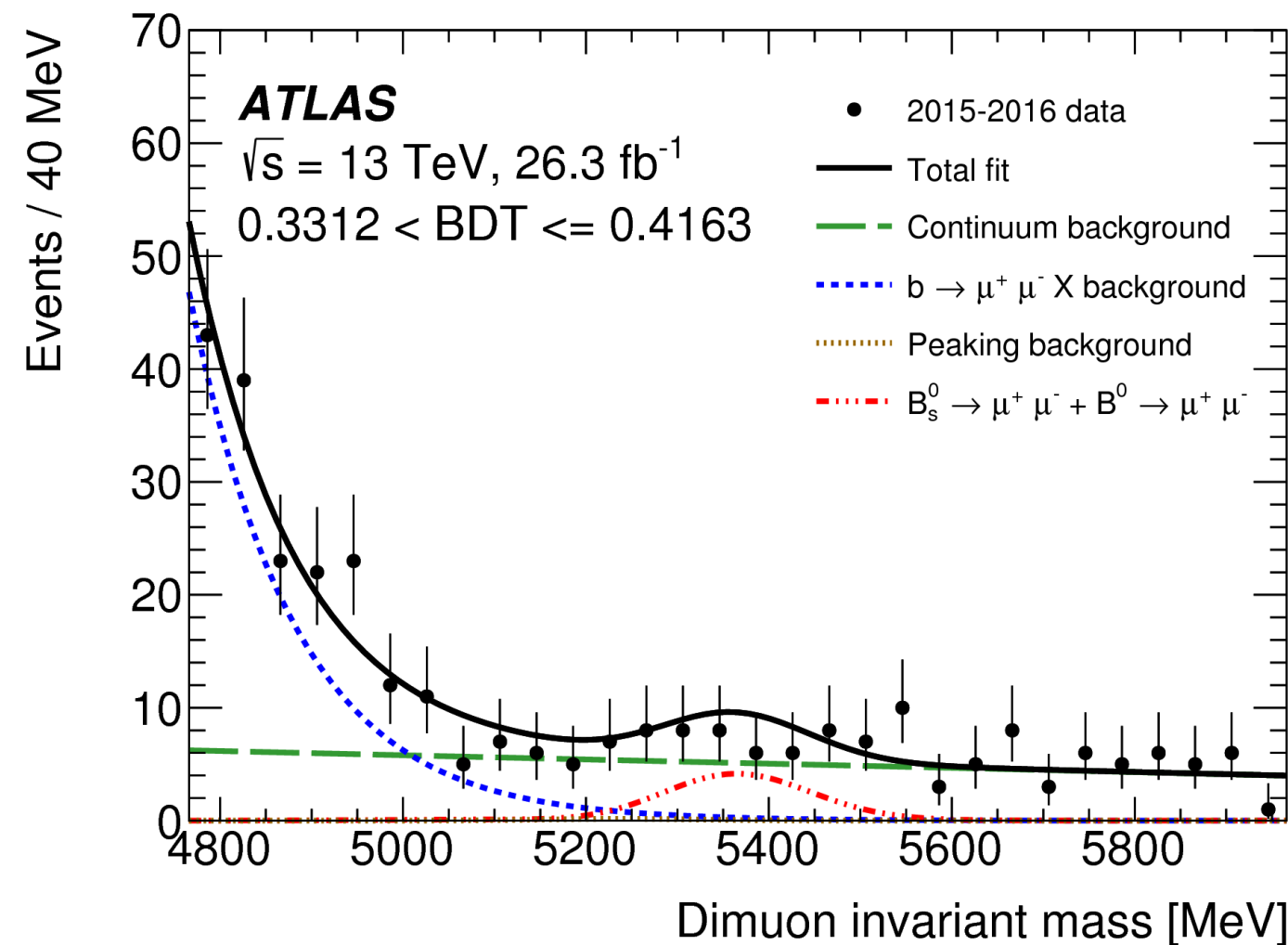
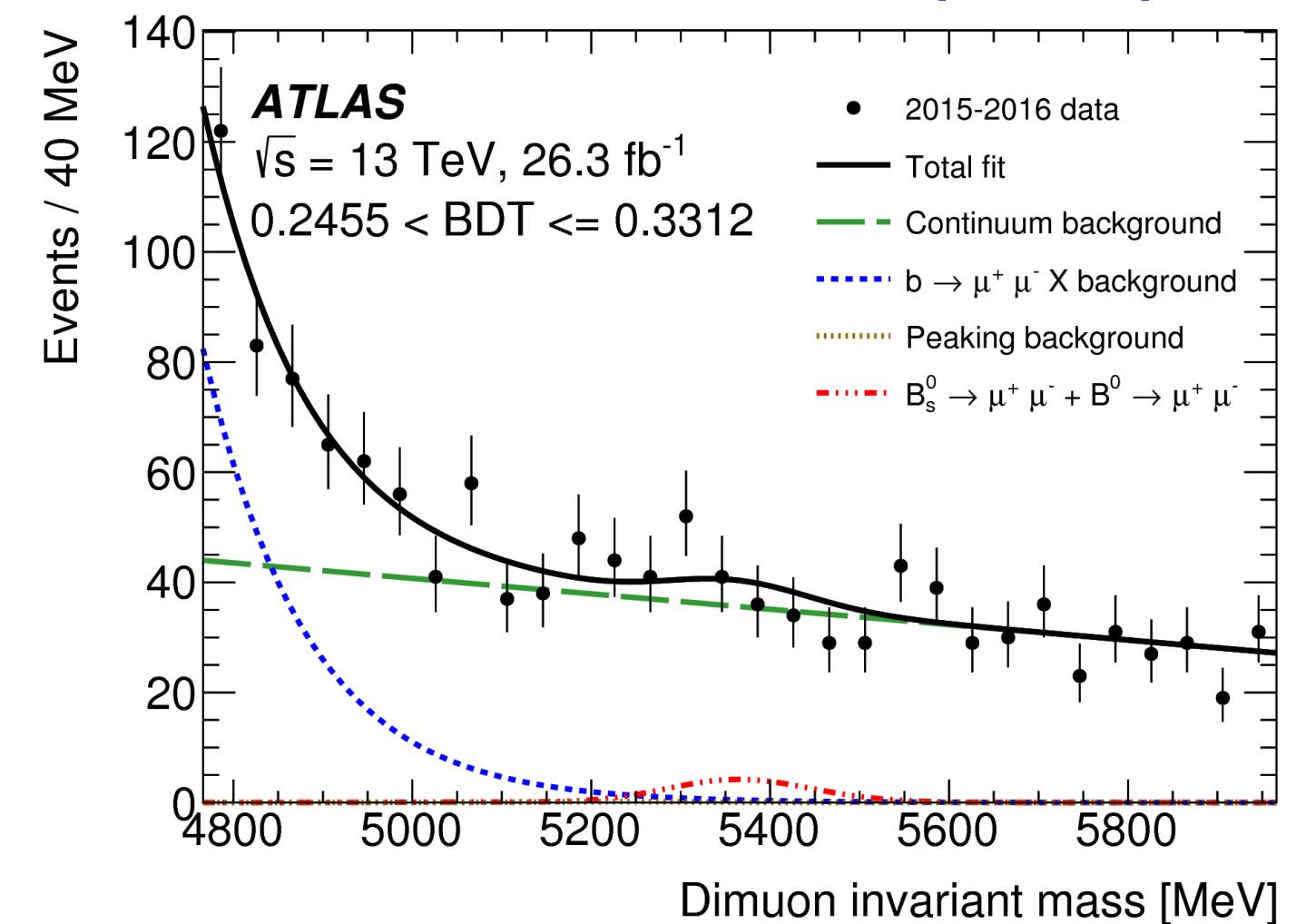
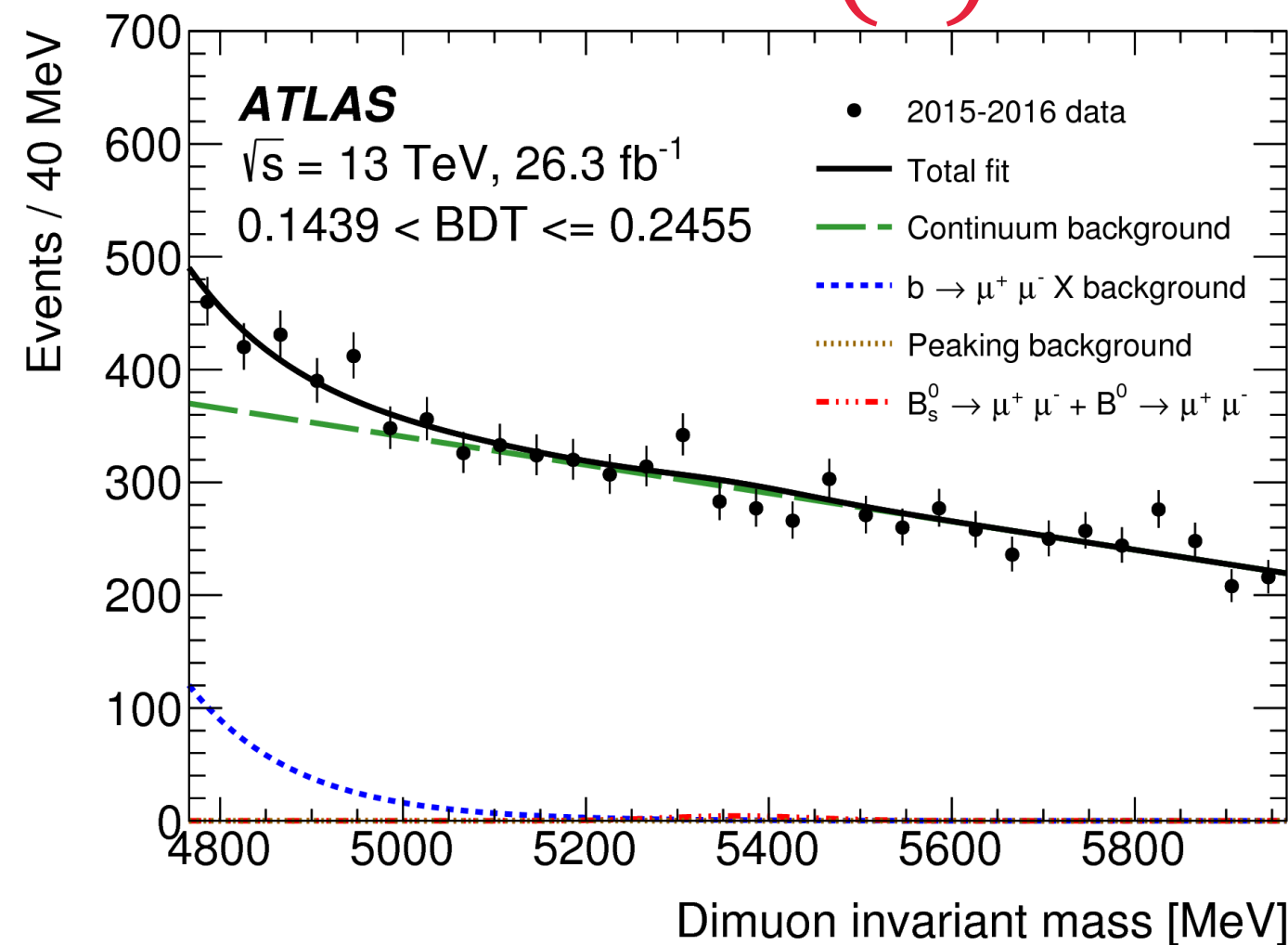


BRANCHING FRACTIONS OF $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

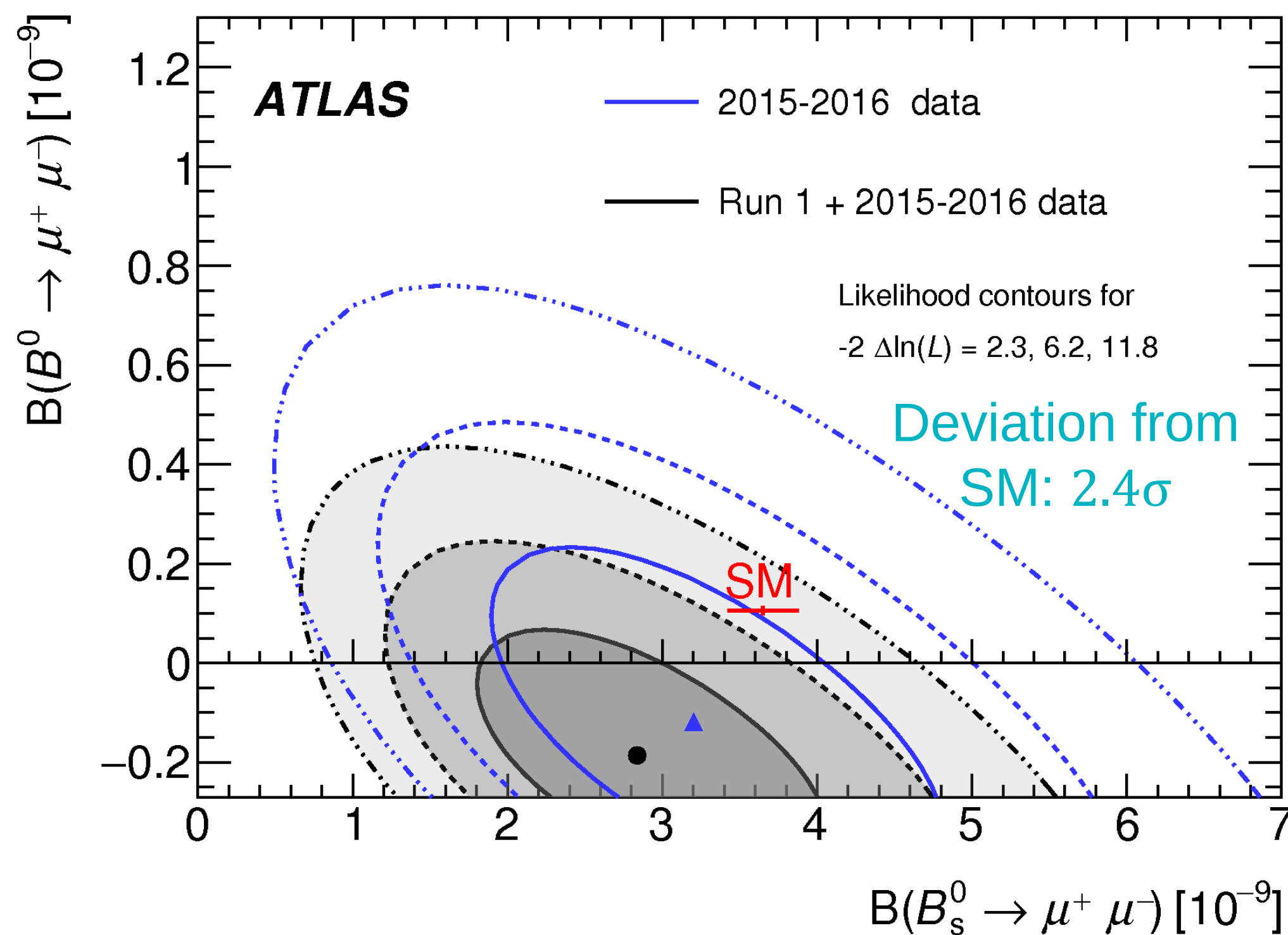
JHEP 04(2019) 098



- Signal region divided in 4 BDT intervals with constant signal efficiency
- Fit extracts simultaneously the yields of $B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$ and $B^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$



BRANCHING FRACTIONS OF $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$



Standard Model [JHEP 10\(2019\)232](#)

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu) = (3.66 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-9}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu) = (1.03 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-10}$$

Run 2

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu) = (3.2_{-1.0}^{+1.1}) \times 10^{-9}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu) < 4.3 \times 10^{-10} \text{ at 95\% CL}$$

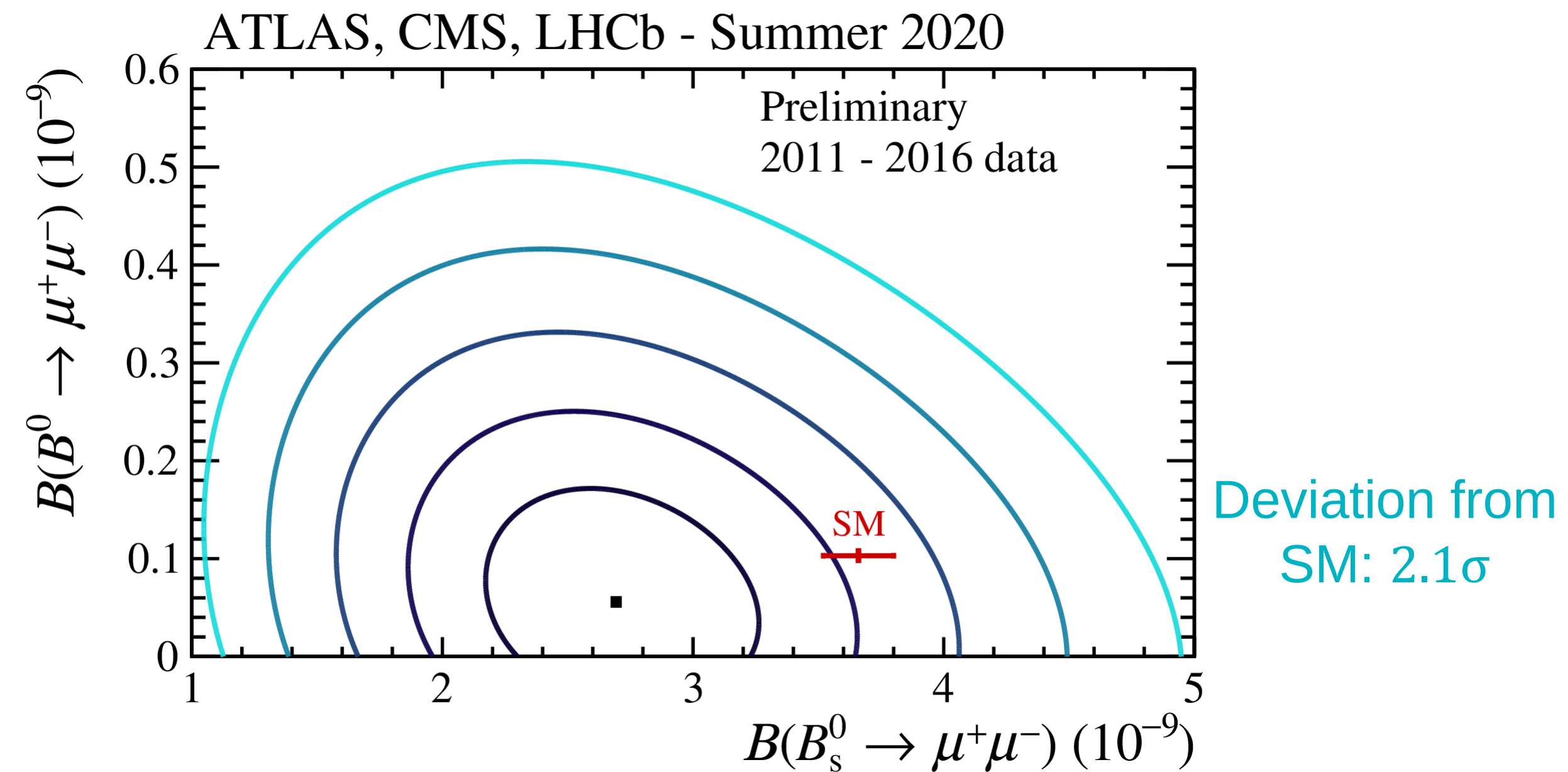
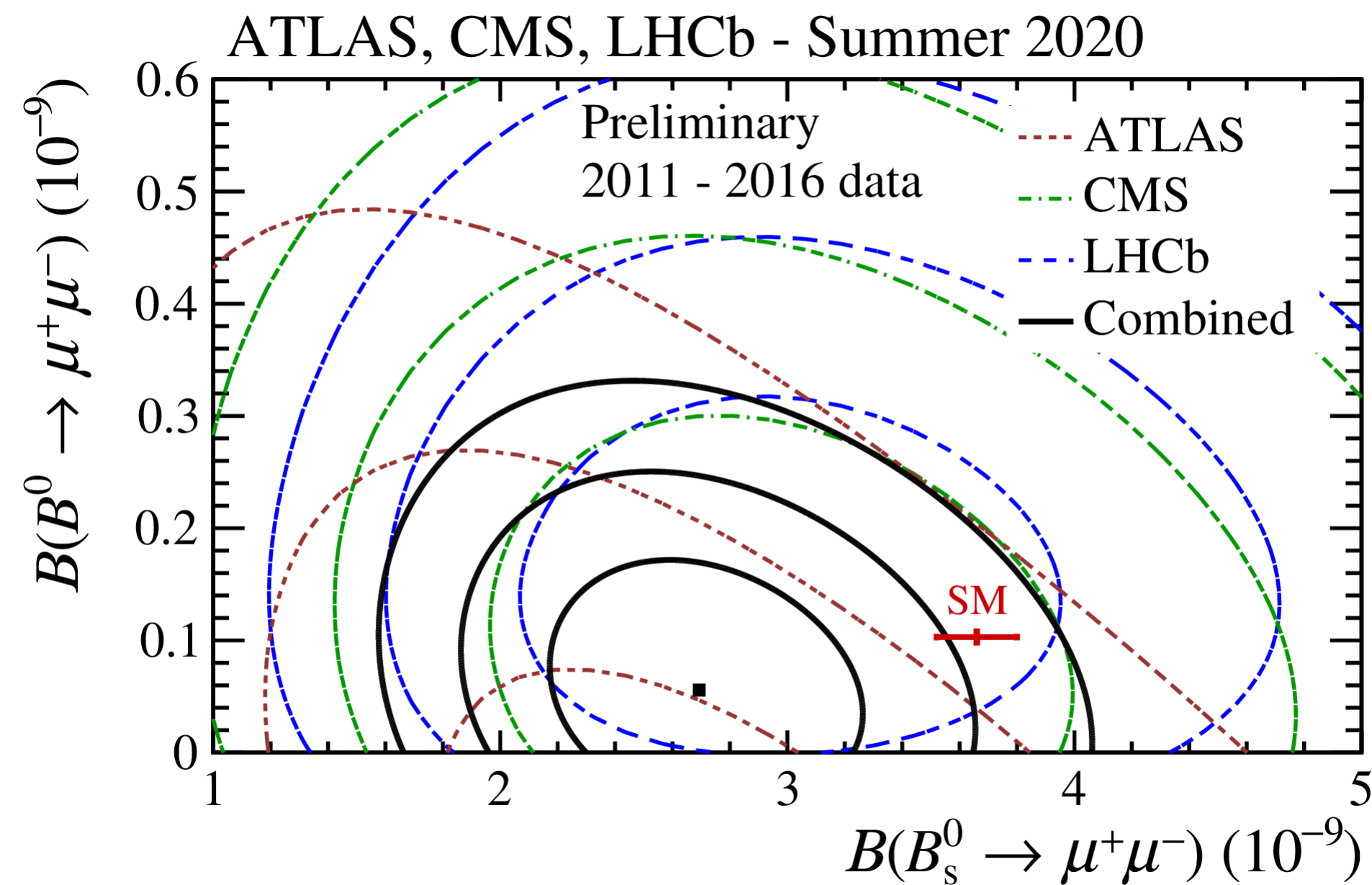
Run 1 + Run 2 (2015-2016)

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu) = (2.8_{-0.7}^{+0.8}) \times 10^{-9} \text{ Significance: } 4.6\sigma$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu) < 2.1 \times 10^{-10} \text{ at 95\% CL}$$

[JHEP 04\(2019\) 098](#)

BRANCHING FRACTIONS OF $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$



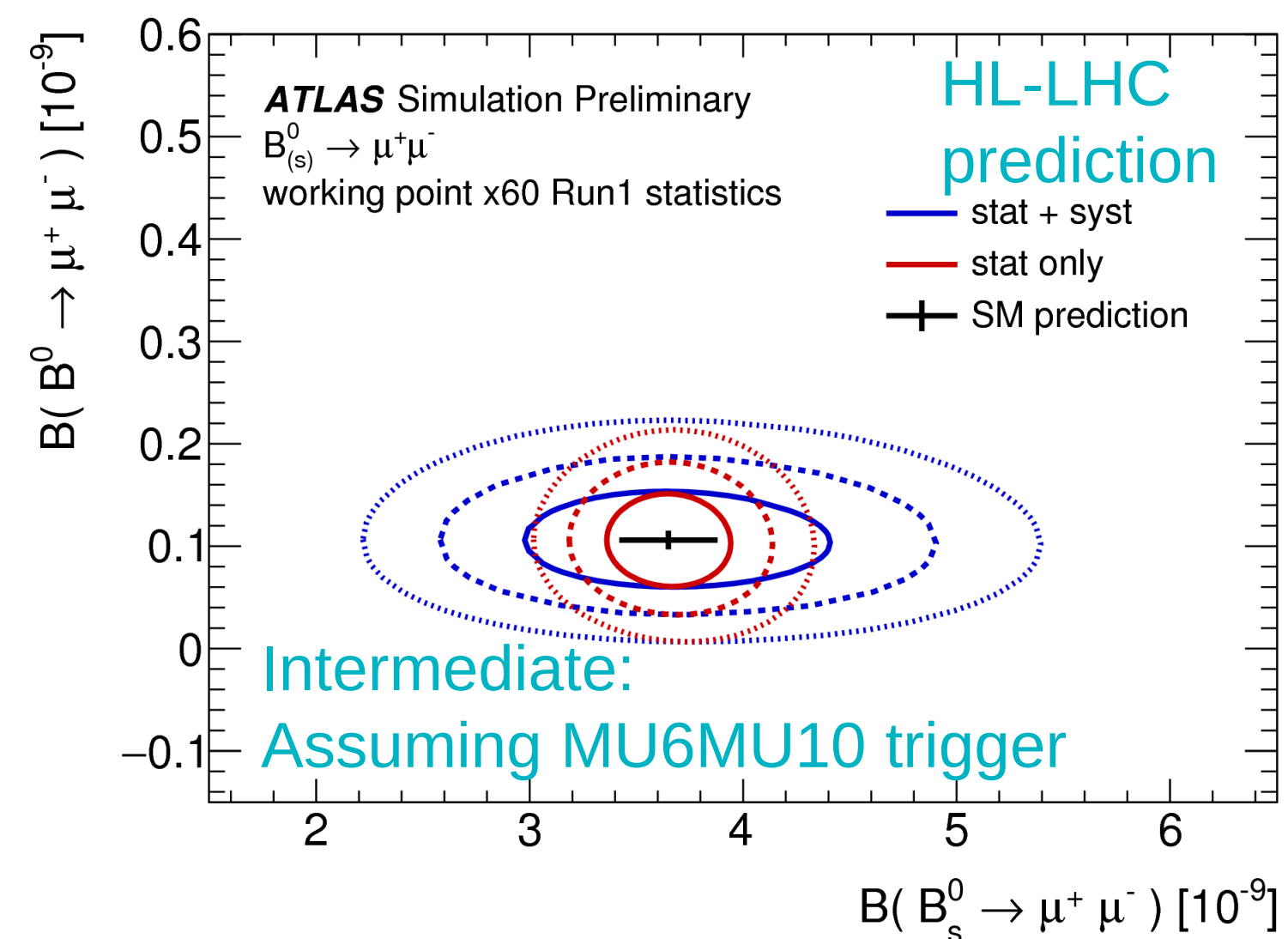
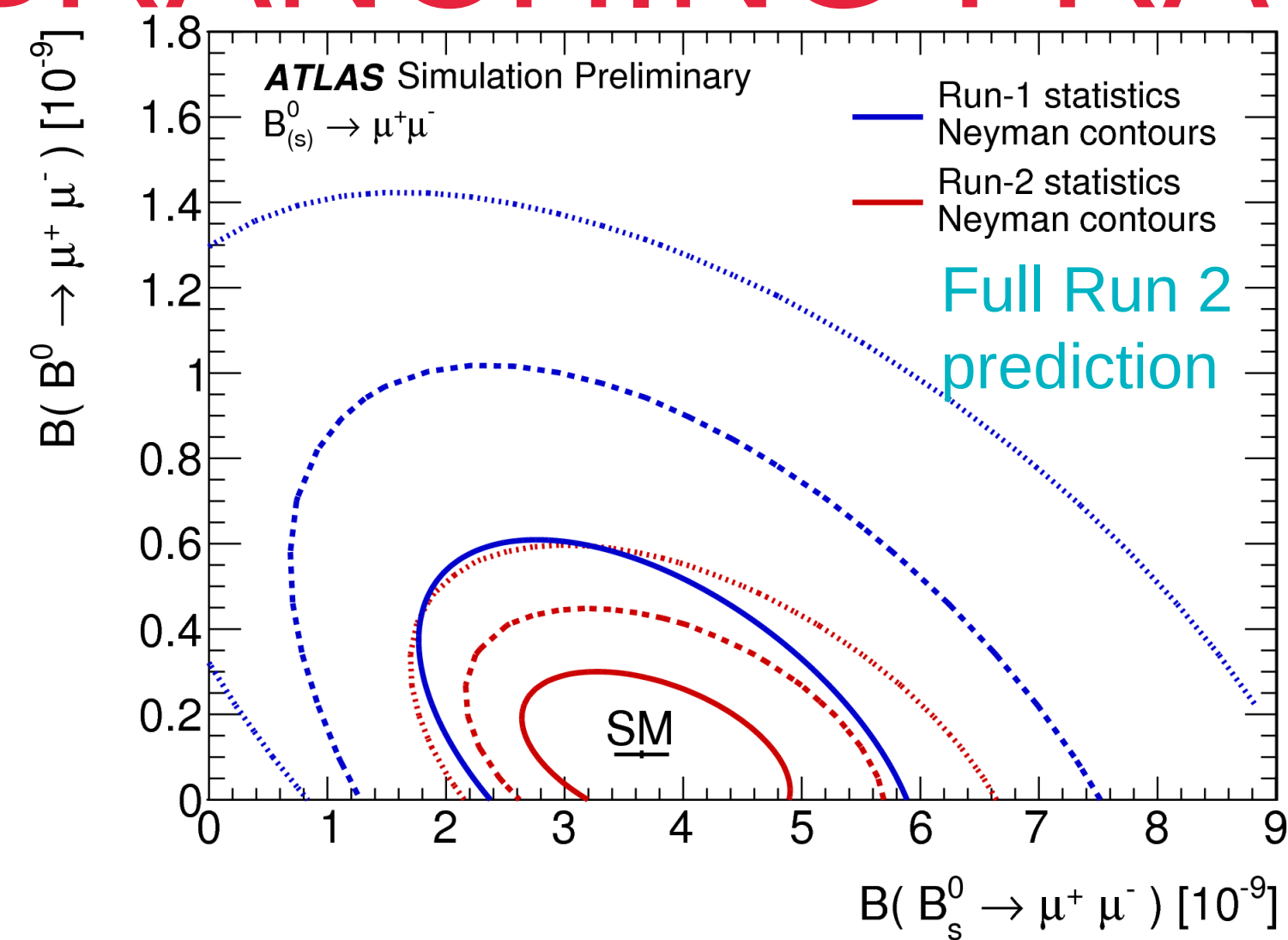
Combination ATLAS, CMS, LHCb for Run 1 + Run 2 ((2015 +) 2016)
(latest LHCb results not included)

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu) = (2.69^{+0.37}_{-0.35}) \times 10^{-9}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu) < 1.9 \times 10^{-10} \text{ at 95\% CL}$$

[BPH 20 003](#)

BRANCHING FRACTIONS OF $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$



Extrapolation of Run 1 results to full Run 2 and HL-LHC

- Increase in luminosity from 25 fb^{-1} to $130 \text{ fb}^{-1}/3 \text{ ab}^{-1}$
- Increase in $\sqrt{s}$ from 7/8TeV to 13TeV
- Adaptions for detector performance and trigger efficiencies

In HL-LHC:

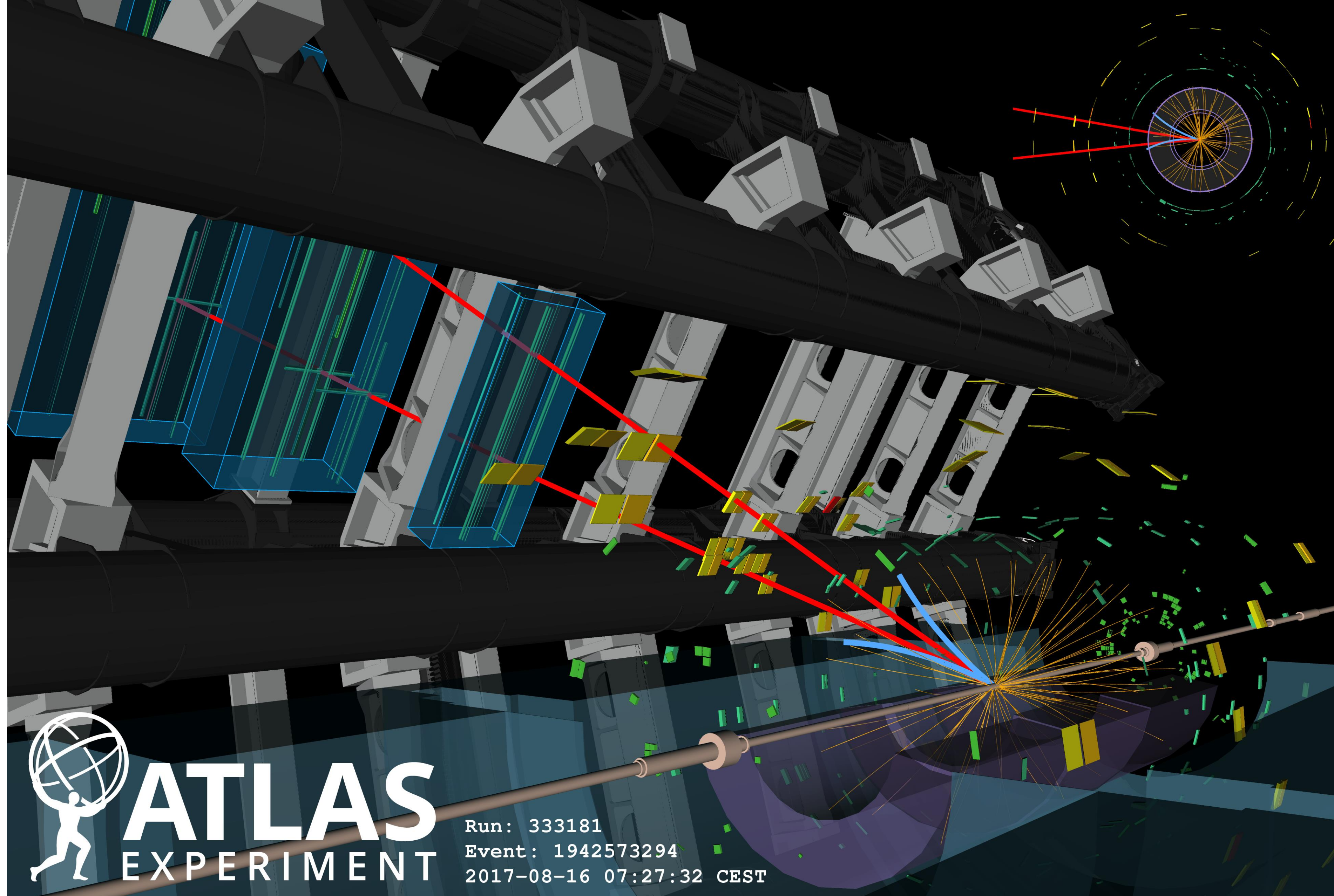
- Conservative: 2MU10 trigger x15 Run 1 statistics
- Intermediate: MU6MU10 trigger x60 Run 1 statistics
- High yield: 2MU6 trigger x75 Run 1 statistics

Uncertainty on $\mathcal{B}$

	$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$		$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$	
	stat [10^{-10}]	stat + syst [10^{-10}]	stat [10^{-10}]	stat + syst [10^{-10}]
Run 2	7.0	8.3	1.42	1.43
HL-LHC: Conservative	3.2	5.5	0.53	0.54
HL-LHC: Intermediate	1.9	4.7	0.30	0.31
HL-LHC: High-yield	1.8	4.6	0.27	0.28

ATL PHYS PUB 2018-005

CP Violation in $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$



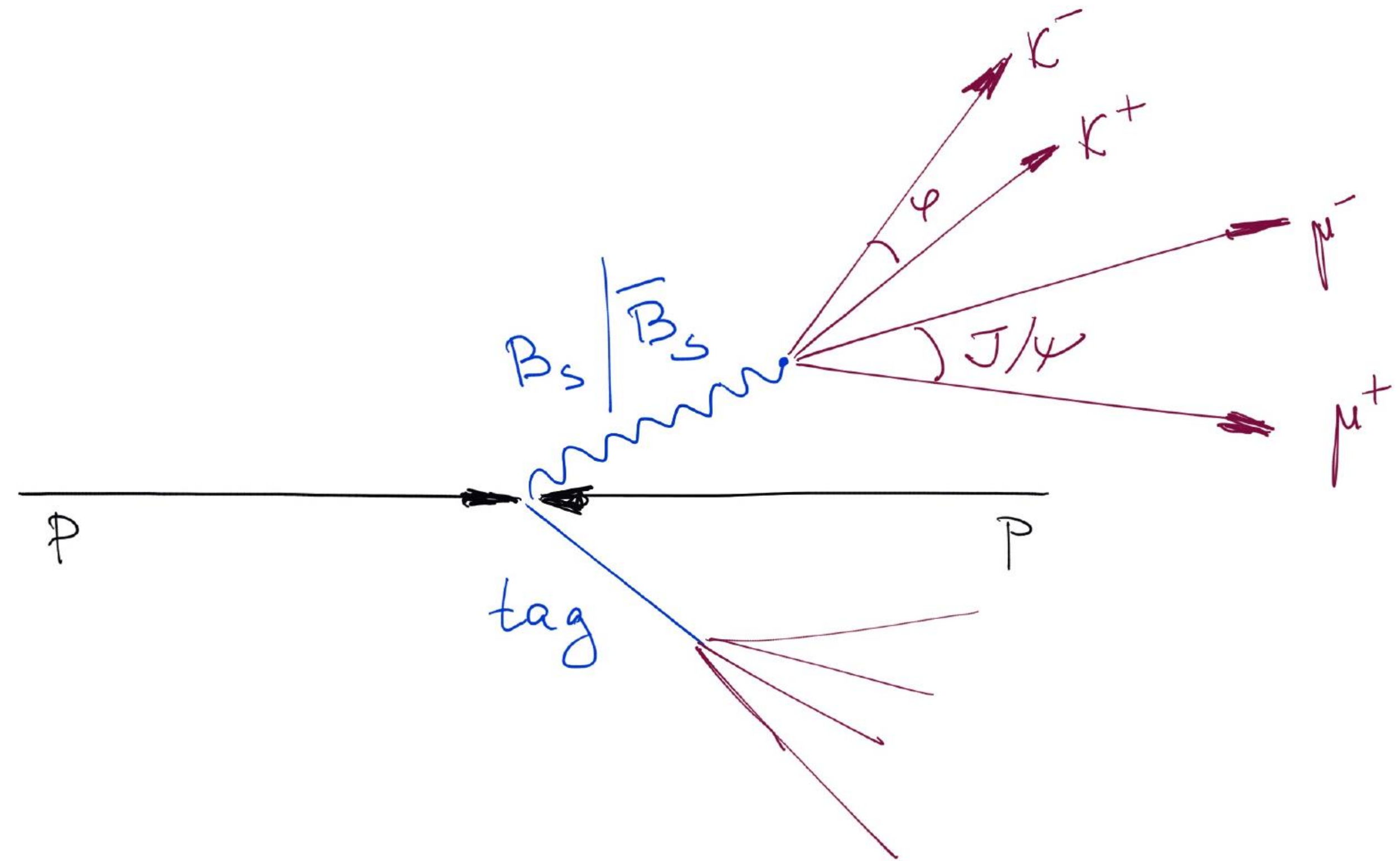
CP VIOLATION IN $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-)\phi(K^+K^-)$

- CP violating phase ϕ_s is weak phase difference between $B_s^0 - \bar{B}_s^0$ mixing amplitude and $b \rightarrow c\bar{c}s$ decay amplitude

$$\phi_s^{\text{SM}} = -36.5_{-1.2}^{+1.3} \text{ mrad}$$

- ATLAS measurement of ϕ_s and $\Delta\Gamma_s$ in $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$ using 80.5 fb^{-1} (2015-2017)

- Di-muon triggers for $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
- Opposite side flavour tagging
- Time-dependent angular analysis



[arXiv:2001.07115](https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.07115), acc. EPJC

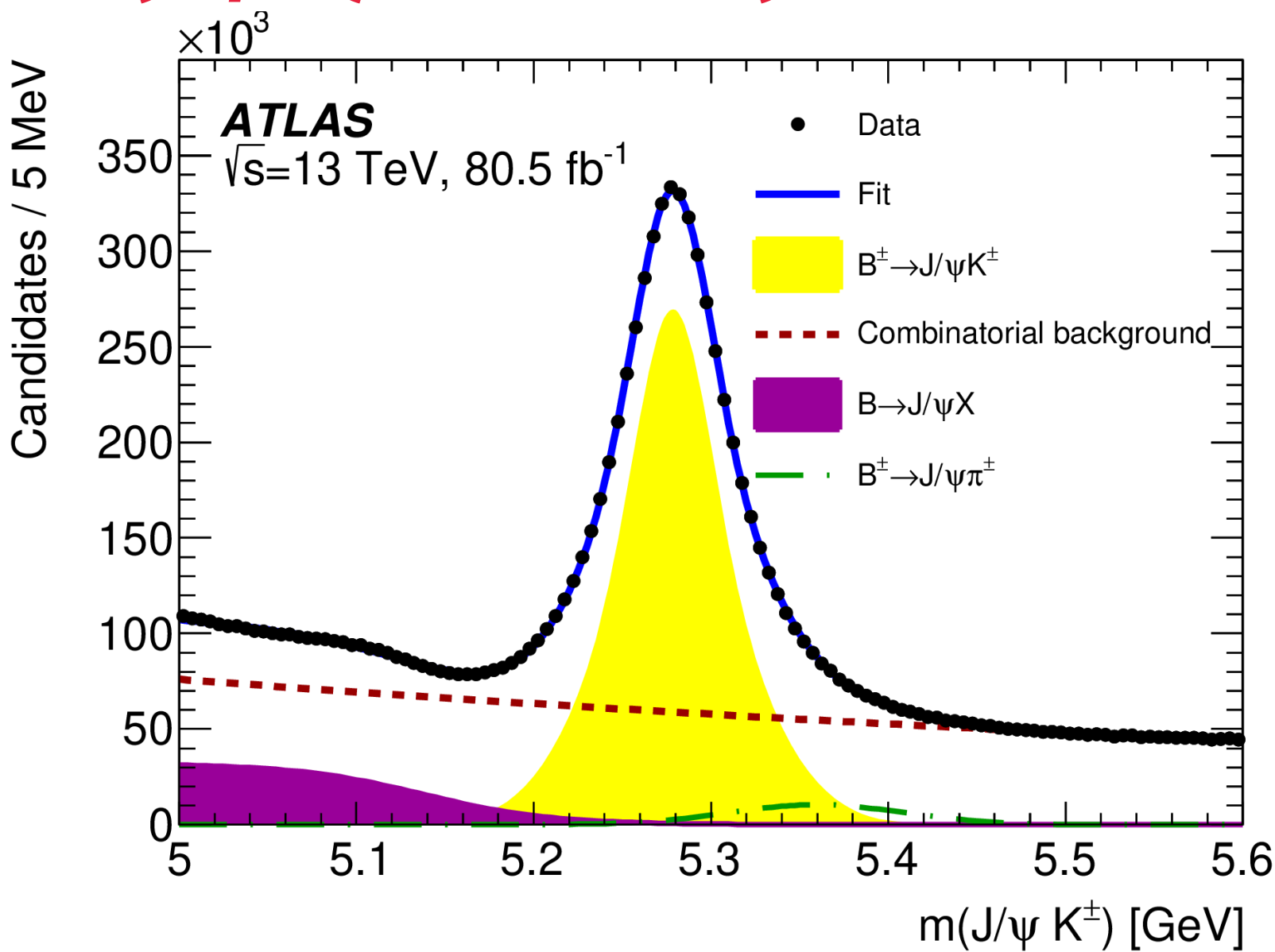
CP VIOLATION IN $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-)\phi(K^+K^-)$

Opposite-side tagging

- $b\bar{b}$ pair production:
Identify flavour of signal B candidate from other b -hadron
- Tag charge from leptons/jets with tracks in cone of $\Delta R < 0.5$

$$Q = \frac{\sum_i^{N_{trk}} q^i (p_T^i)^\kappa}{\sum_i^{N_{trk}} (p_T^i)^\kappa}$$

- Calibration channel $B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi K^\pm$



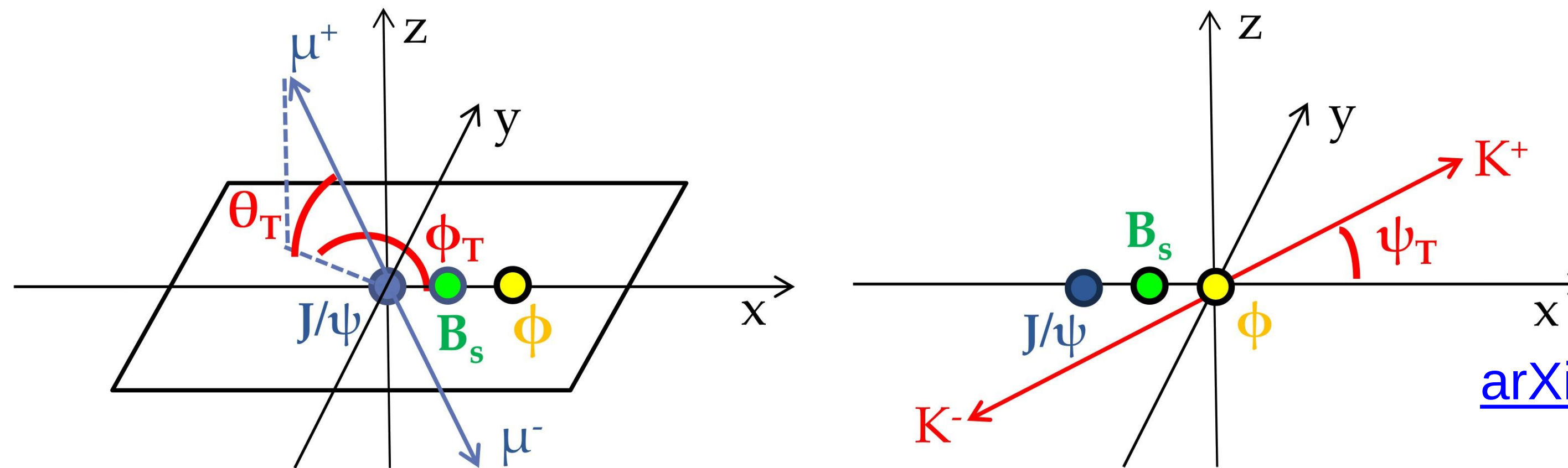
Tag method	ϵ_x [%]	D_x [%]	T_x [%]
Tight muon	4.50 ± 0.01	43.8 ± 0.2	0.862 ± 0.009
Electron	1.57 ± 0.01	41.8 ± 0.2	0.274 ± 0.004
Low- p_T muon	3.12 ± 0.01	29.9 ± 0.2	0.278 ± 0.006
Jet	12.04 ± 0.02	16.6 ± 0.1	0.334 ± 0.006
Total	21.23 ± 0.03	28.7 ± 0.1	1.75 ± 0.01

[arXiv:2001.07115, acc. EPJC](#)

CP VIOLATION IN $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-)\phi(K^+K^-)$

Time-dependent angular analysis

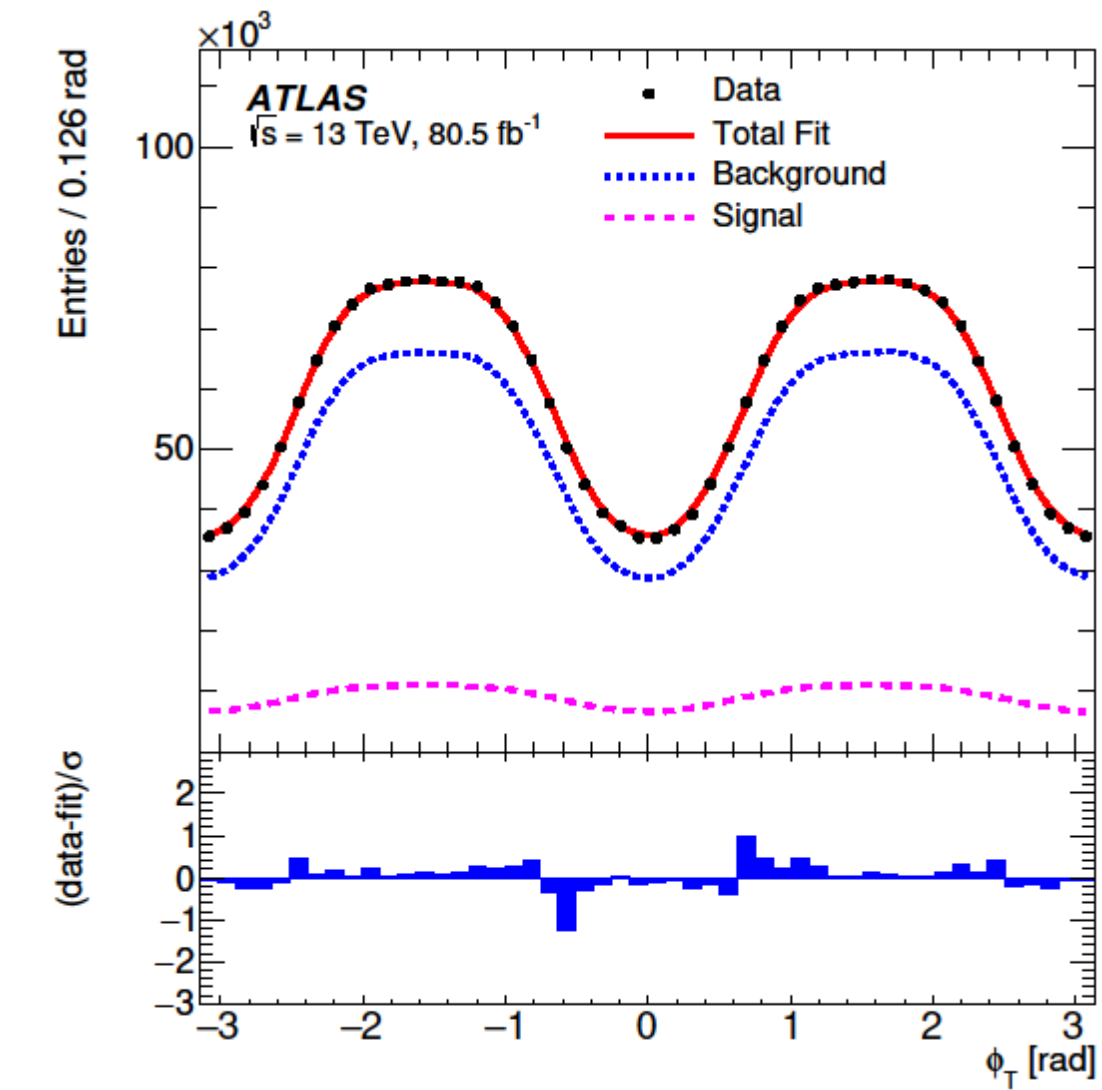
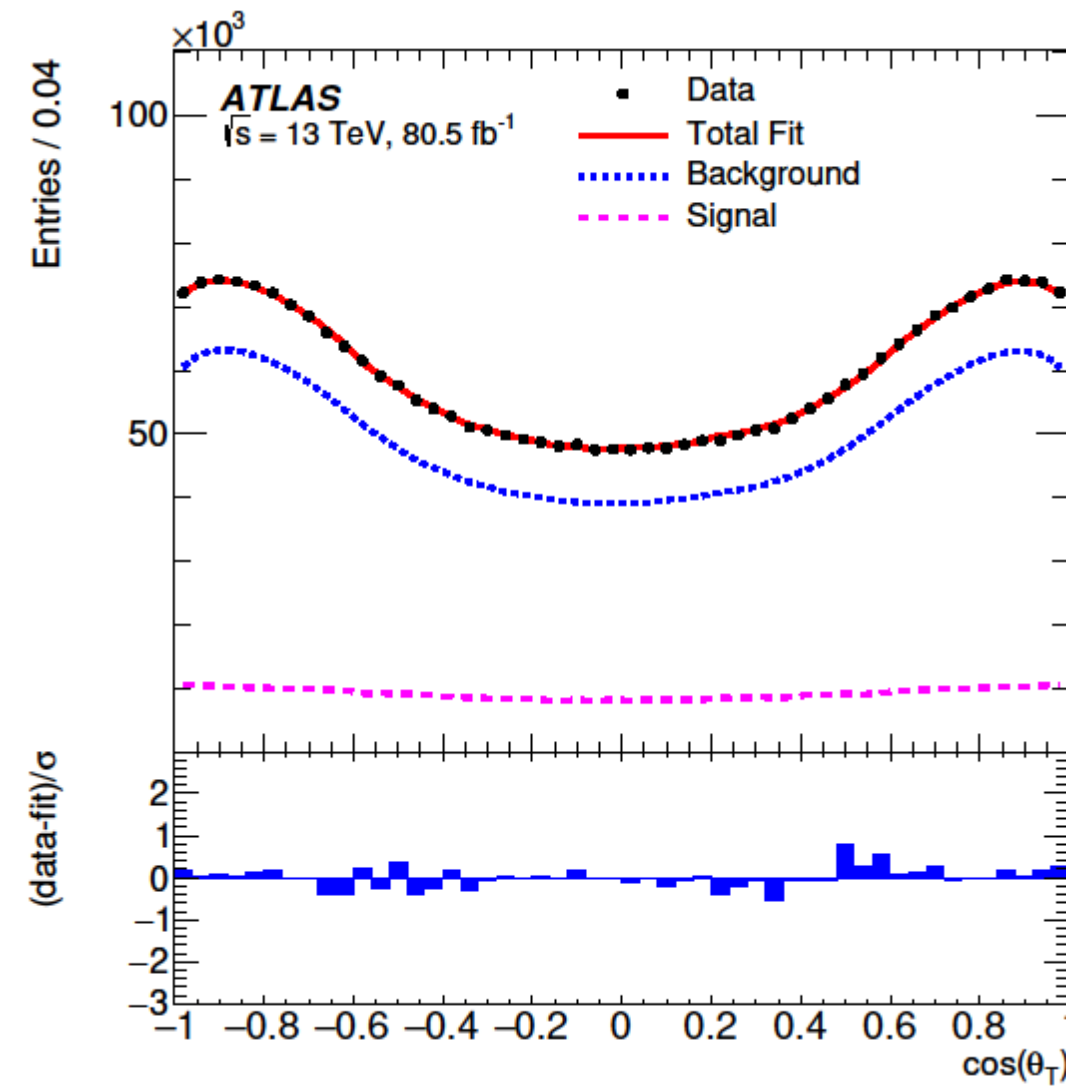
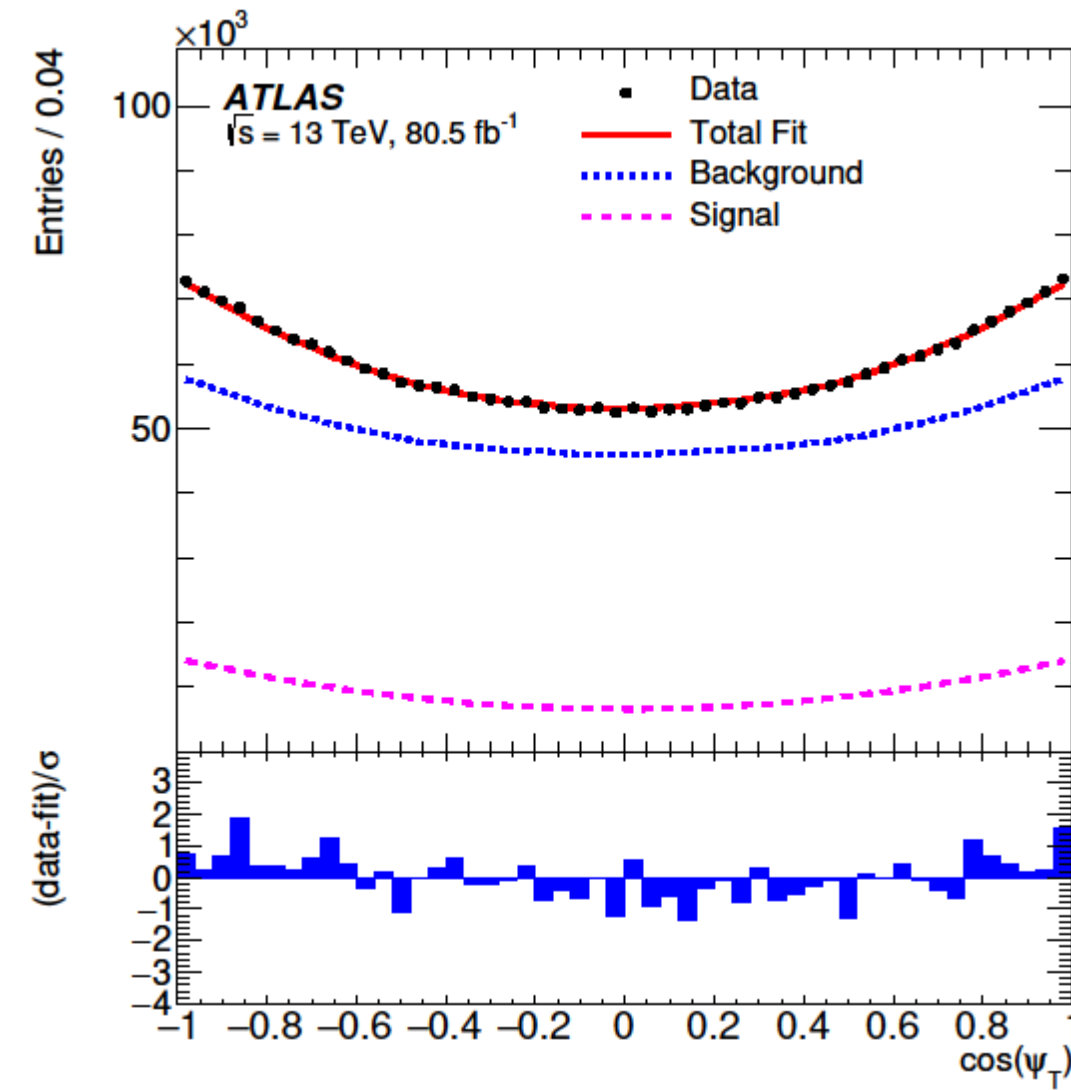
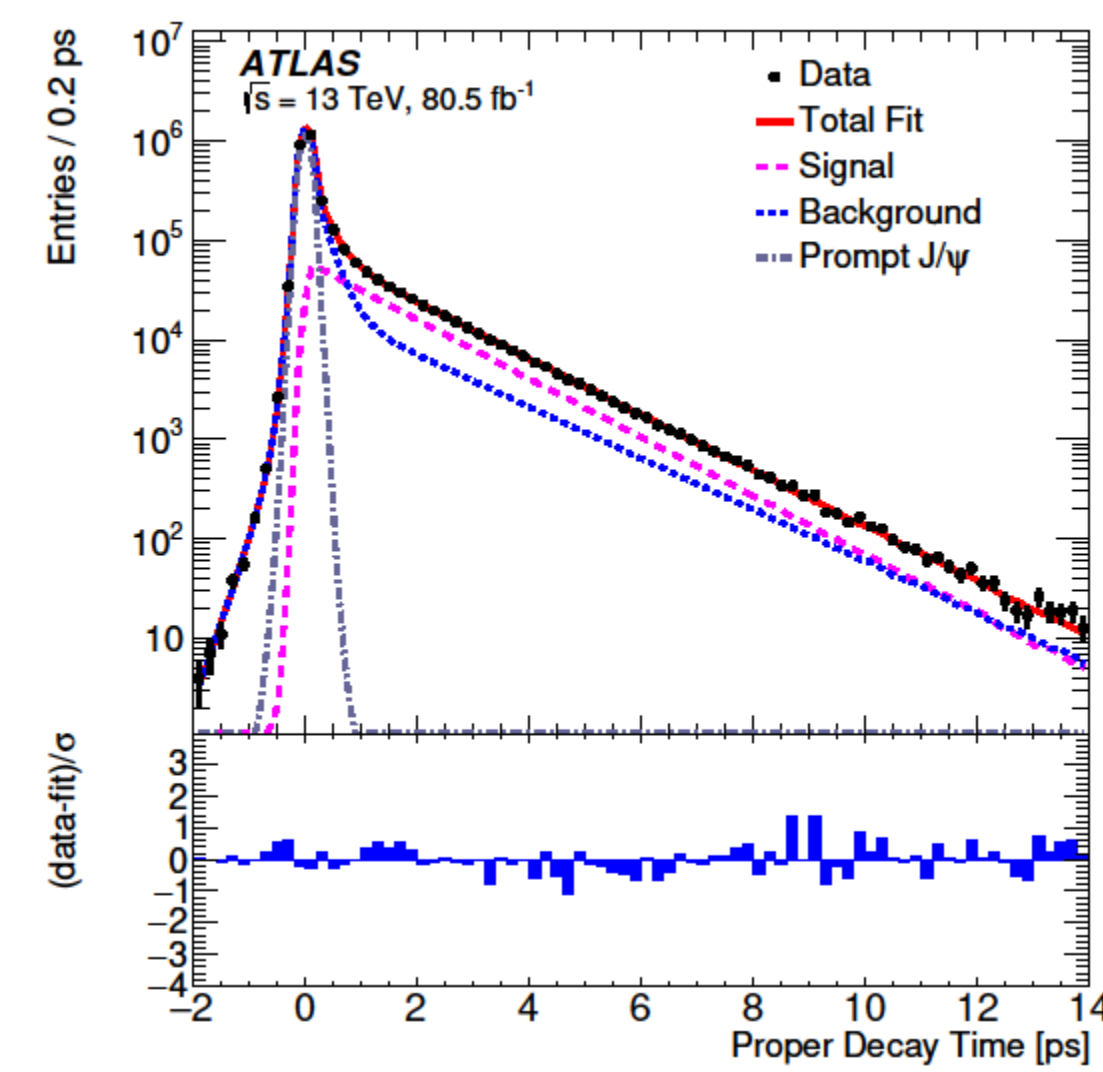
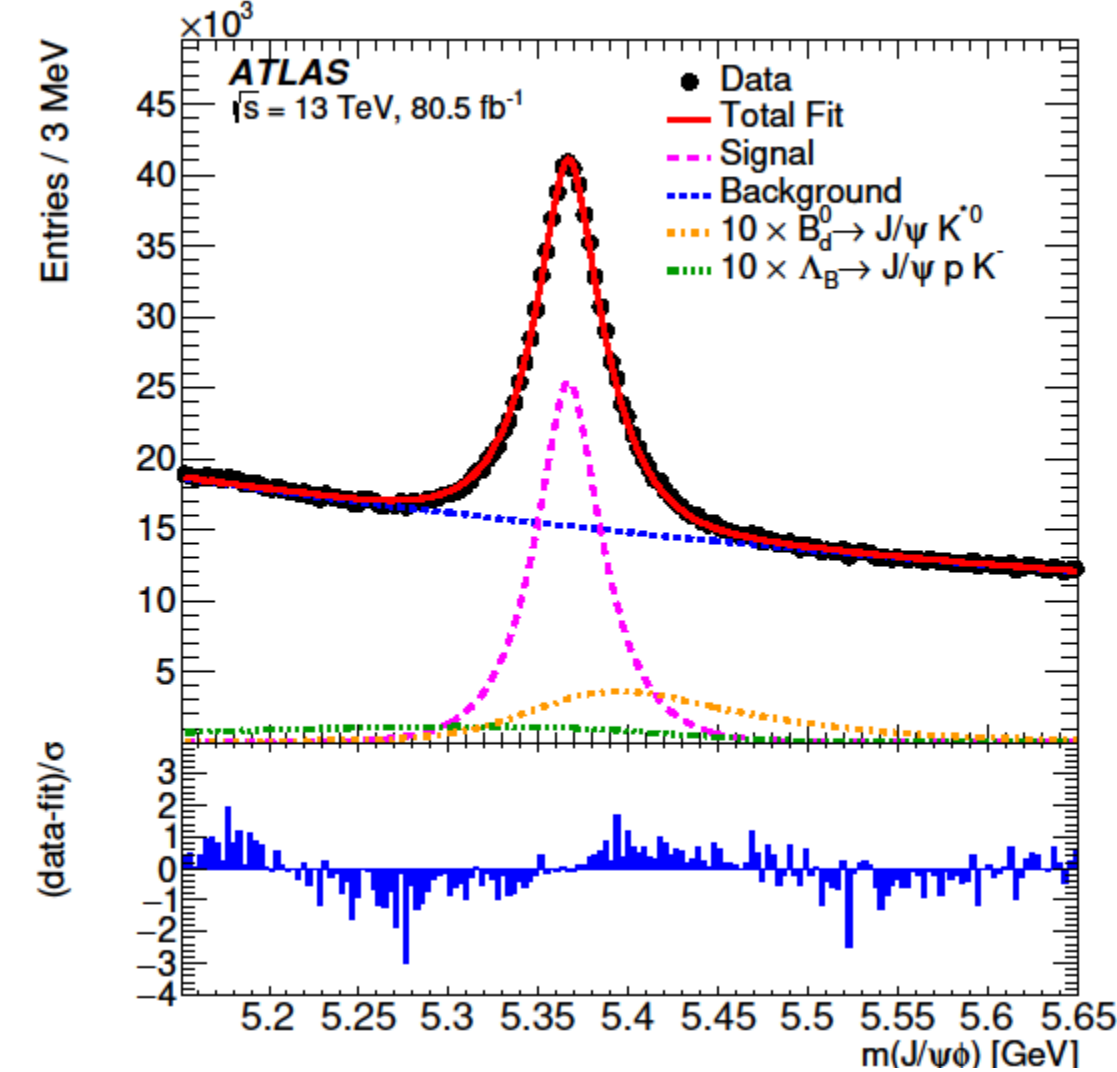
- $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\phi: J^P = 0^- \rightarrow 1^- + 1^-$
- CP-odd (L=1) and CP-even (L=0,2) states in final state can be distinguished in time-dependent angular analysis
- Interference from non-resonant $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^+K^-$
- Unbinned maximum likelihood fit for B_s^0 mass, decay time and decay angles



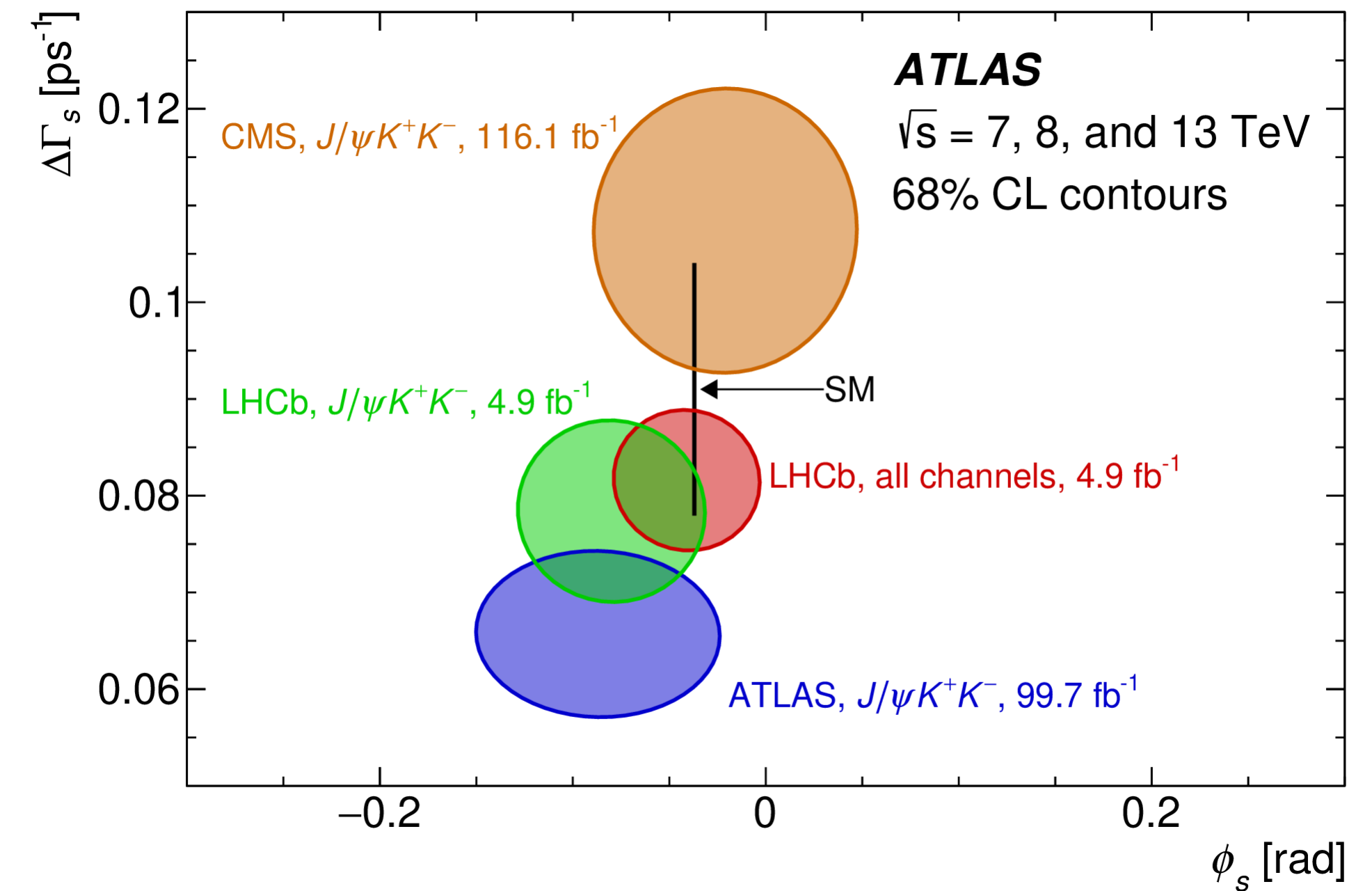
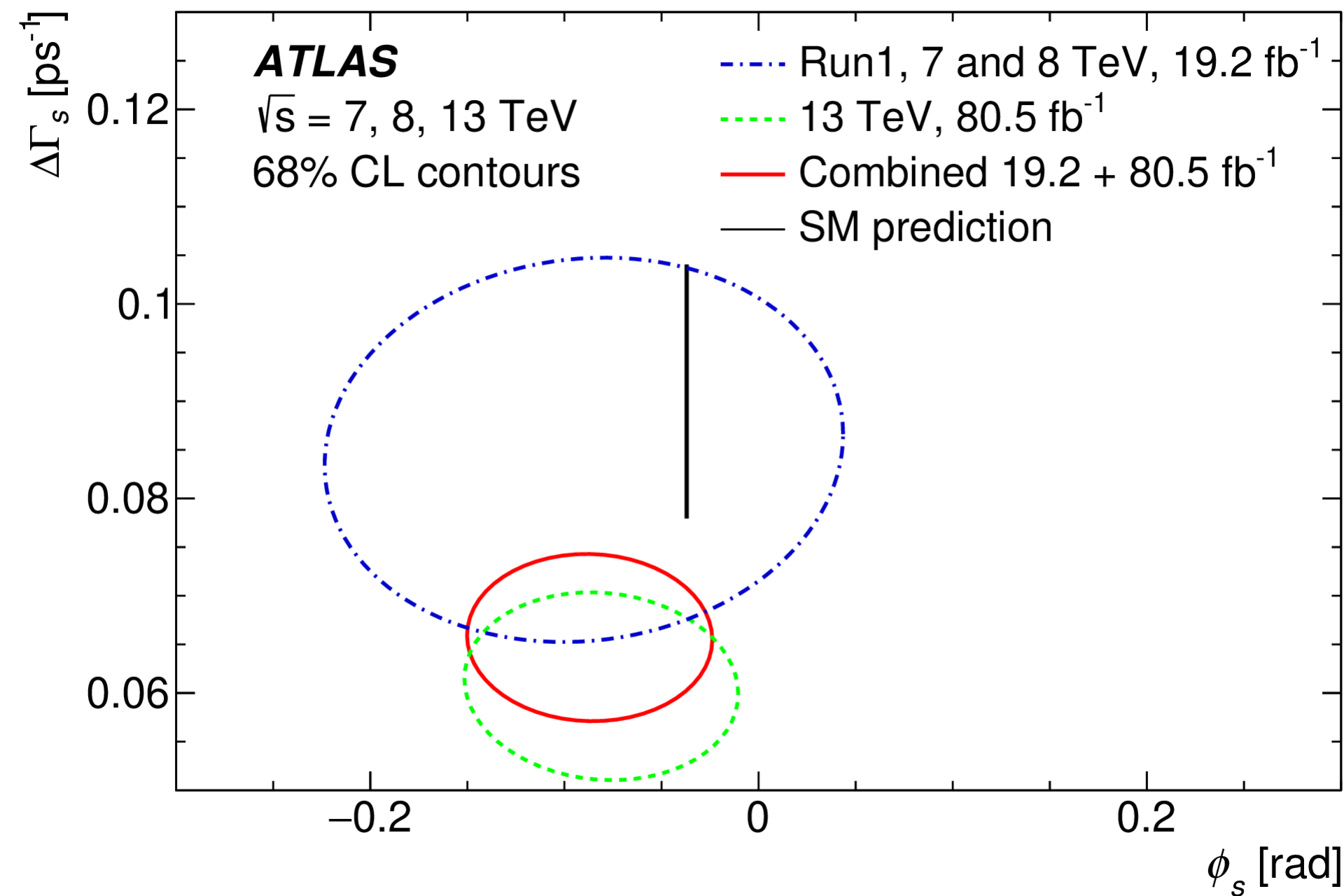
[arXiv:2001.07115](https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.07115), acc. EPJC

CP VIOLATION IN $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-)\phi(K^+K^-)$

[arXiv:2001.07115, acc. EPJC](https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.07115)



CP VIOLATION IN $B_S^0 \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-)\phi(K^+K^-)$



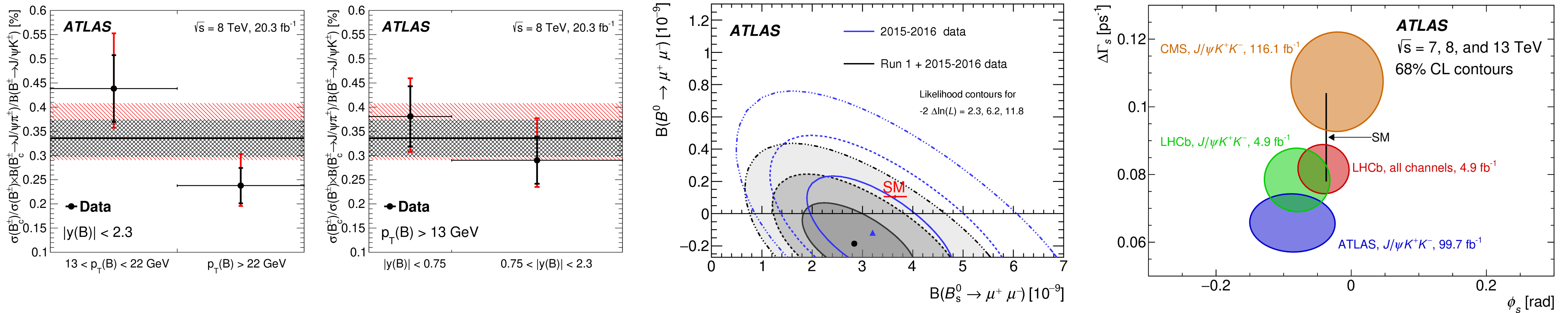
Results combined with Run 1 (19.2 + 80.5fb⁻¹)

- Consistent with SM predictions
- Measurement of decay width Γ_S at 13TeV deviates by $\sim 3\sigma$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_S &= -0.087 \pm 0.036 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.021 \text{ (syst.) rad} \\ \Delta\Gamma_S &= 0.0657 \pm 0.0043 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.0037 \text{ (syst.) ps}^{-1} \\ \Gamma_S &= 0.6703 \pm 0.0014 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.0018 \text{ (syst.) ps}^{-1}\end{aligned}$$

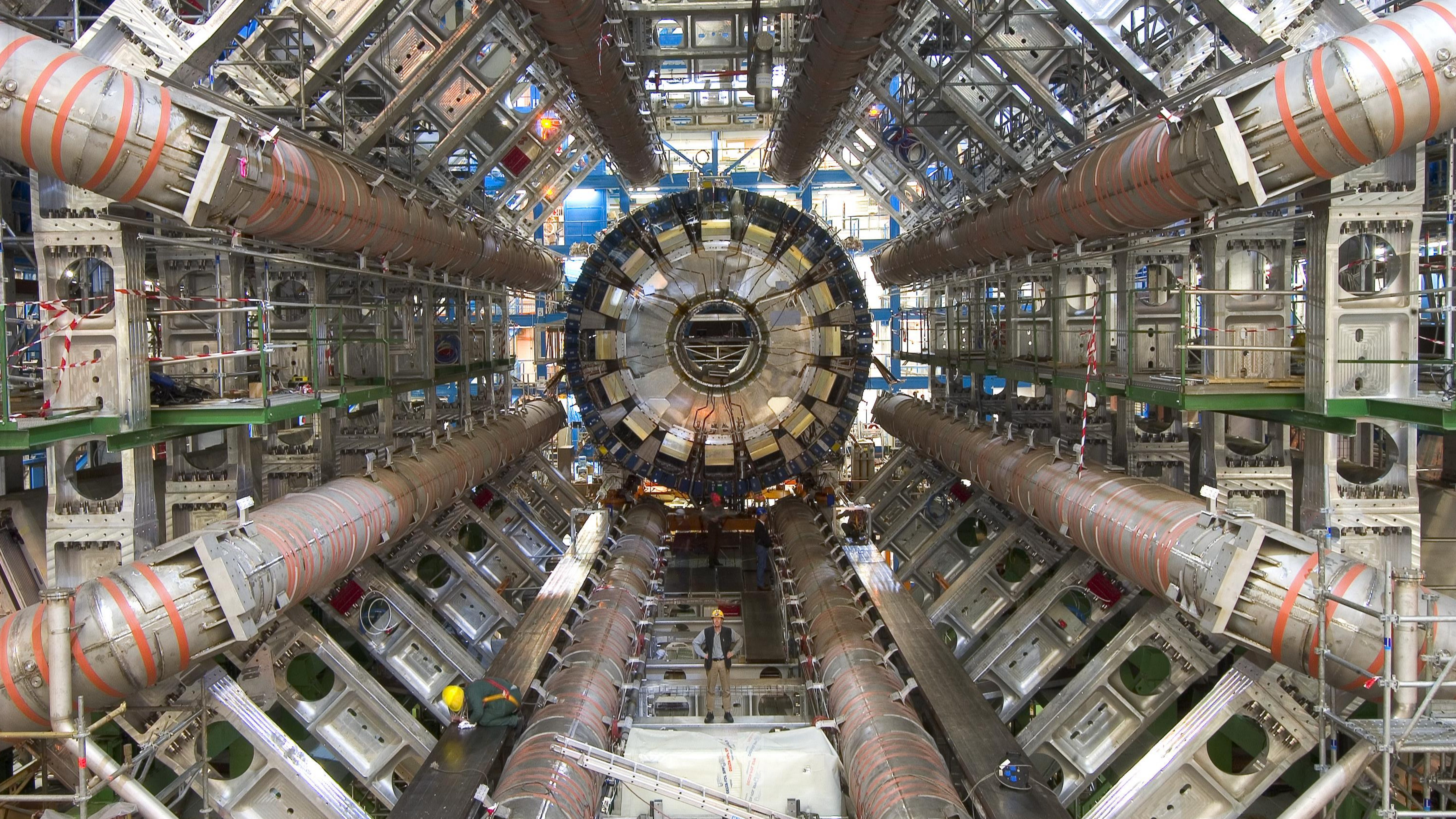
[arXiv:2001.07115](https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.07115), acc. EPJC

SUMMARY



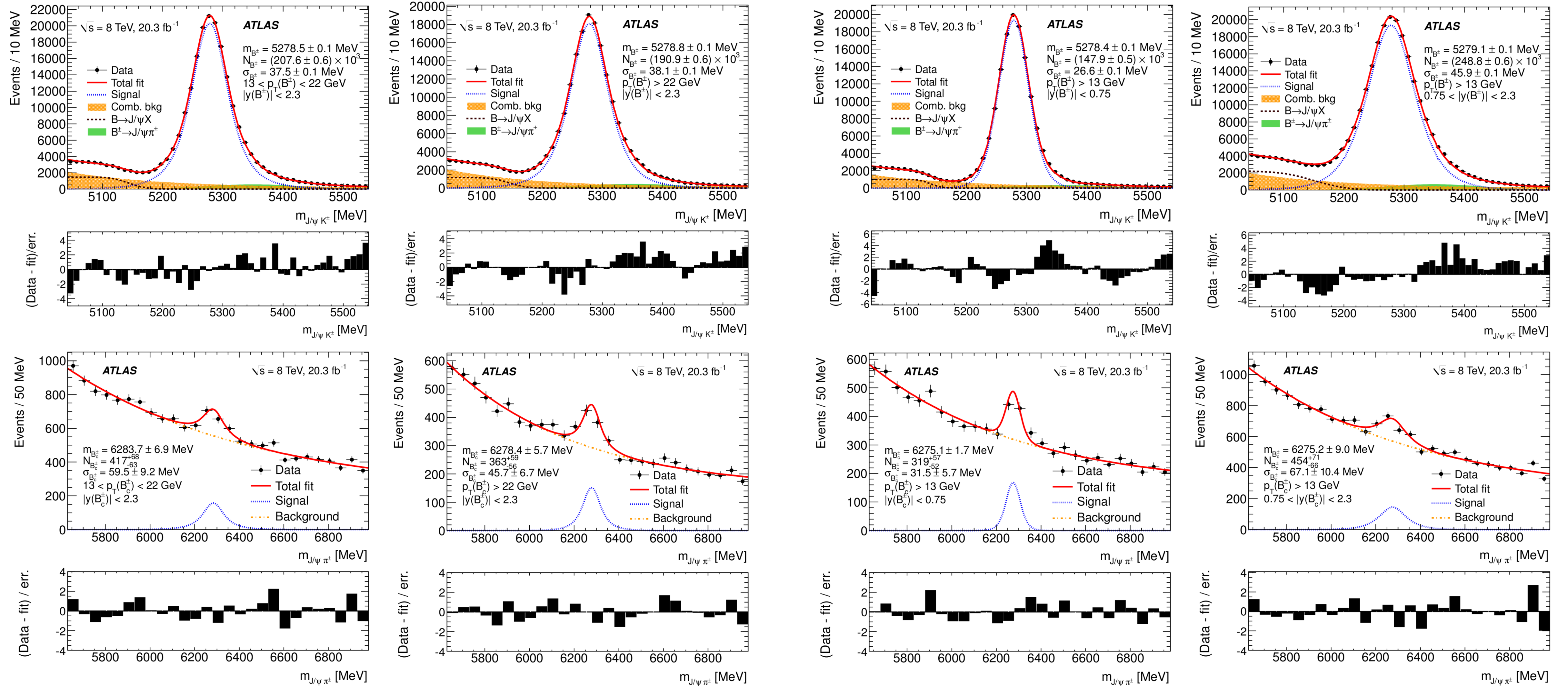
ATLAS has a rich B -physics program

- Relative $B_c^\pm/B^\pm$ production $\times \text{sec} \times \mathcal{B}$ (2012 data)
- Branching fractions of $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ (2015-2016 data)
- CP violating phase ϕ_s in $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ (2015-2017)
- Results consistent with SM predictions
- Precision will improve with full Run 2 dataset and future data



RELATIVE $B_c^\pm/B^\pm$ PRODUCTION XSEC

[arXiv:1912.02672](https://arxiv.org/abs/1912.02672), sub. PRD



RELATIVE $B_c^\pm/B^\pm$ PRODUCTION XSEC

$N^{\text{reco}}(B_{(c)}^\pm)$ are corrected for trigger, reconstruction and selection efficiencies

$$\epsilon = \epsilon^{\text{trigger}} \cdot \epsilon^{\text{MS}}(\mu^+) \cdot \epsilon^{\text{MS}}(\mu^-) \cdot \left(\epsilon^{\text{ID}}(\mu^\pm)\right)^2 \cdot \epsilon^{\text{ID}}(X_h) \cdot \epsilon^{\text{vertex}}(B) \cdot \epsilon^{\text{selection}}(B)$$

Efficiency ratios excluding minimal selection criteria $\epsilon^{\text{selection}}$

Analysis bin	Efficiency ratio $\sigma(B_c^\pm)/\sigma(B^\pm)$
$p_T(B) > 13 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 2.3$	1.75 ± 0.03
$13 < p_T(B) < 22 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 2.3$	2.19 ± 0.05
$p_T(B) > 22 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 2.3$	1.22 ± 0.03
$p_T(B) > 13 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 0.75$	1.74 ± 0.05
$p_T(B) > 13 \text{ GeV}, 0.75 < y(B) < 2.3$	1.76 ± 0.04

Corrections due to minimal selection criteria

Analysis bin	Correction to the $B_c^\pm$	Correction to the $B^\pm$	Ratio of the corrections
$p_T(B) > 13 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 2.3$	$0.0969 \pm 0.0004 \pm 0.0024$	$0.0929 \pm 0.0004 \pm 0.0022$	$0.959 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.024$
$13 < p_T(B) < 22 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 2.3$	$0.0829 \pm 0.0004 \pm 0.0031$	$0.0826 \pm 0.0004 \pm 0.0029$	$0.996 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.039$
$p_T(B) > 22 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 2.3$	$0.2164 \pm 0.0014 \pm 0.0018$	$0.2213 \pm 0.0013 \pm 0.0017$	$1.023 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.009$
$p_T(B) > 13 \text{ GeV}, y(B) < 0.75$	$0.0984 \pm 0.0007 \pm 0.0033$	$0.0996 \pm 0.0007 \pm 0.0035$	$1.012 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.035$
$p_T(B) > 13 \text{ GeV}, 0.75 < y(B) < 2.3$	$0.0952 \pm 0.0005 \pm 0.0014$	$0.0859 \pm 0.0005 \pm 0.0016$	$0.902 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.014$

[arXiv:1912.02672](https://arxiv.org/abs/1912.02672), sub. PRD

BRANCHING FRACTIONS OF $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

- Measurement of $\mathcal{B}(B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ relative to reference channel $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu\mu) K^+$

$$\mathcal{B}(B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = \frac{N_{d(s)}}{\varepsilon_{\mu^+ \mu^-}} [\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+) \cdot \mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)] \frac{\varepsilon_{J/\psi K^+}}{N_{J/\psi K^+}} \frac{f_u}{f_{d(s)}}$$

- $\frac{f_u}{f_{d(s)}}$ is ratio of hadronisation probabilities of a b -quark into B^+ and $B_{(s)}^0$

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BRANCHING FRACTIONS OF $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

Expected systematic
uncertainties on $\mathcal{B}(B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu)$

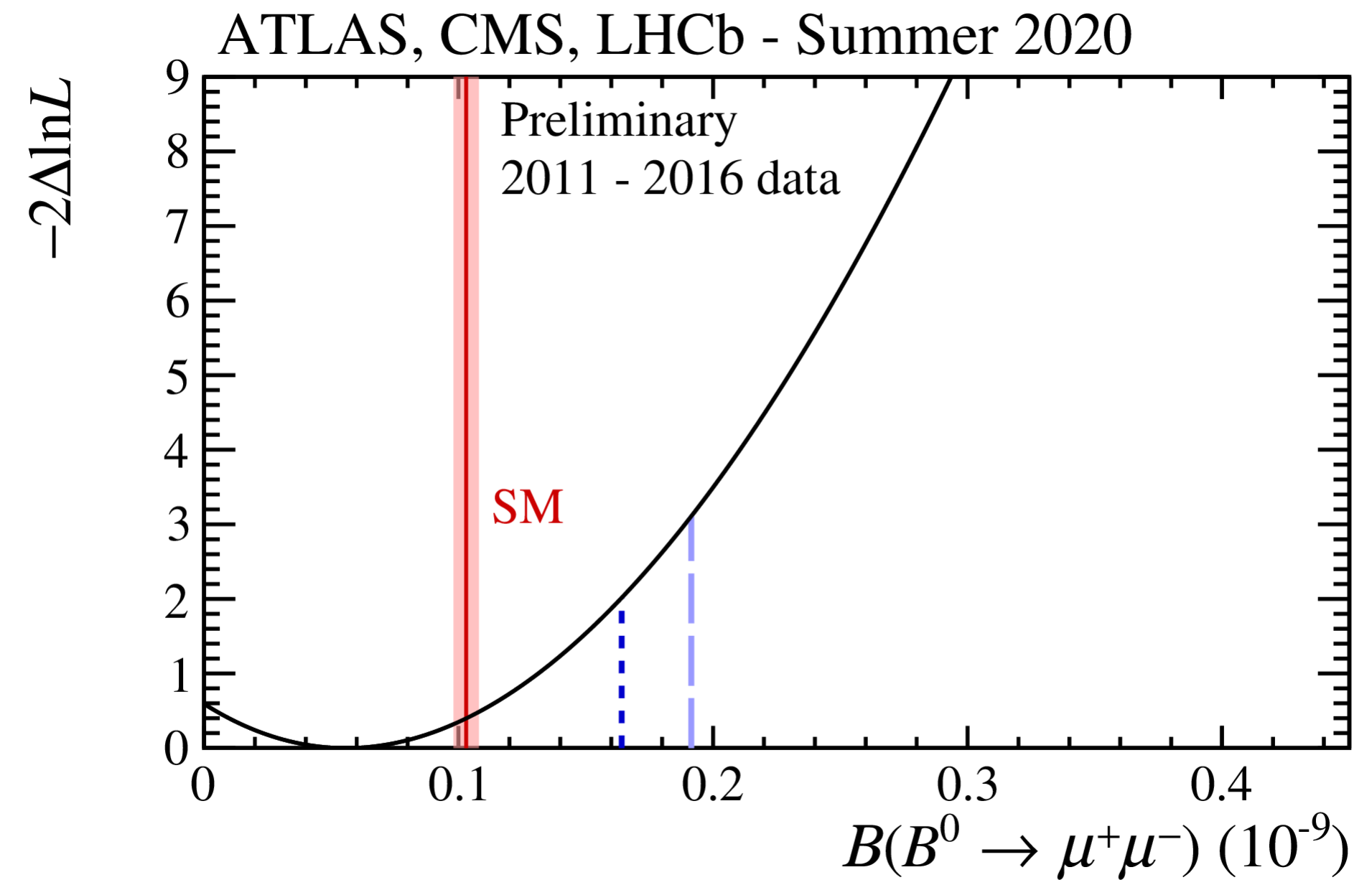
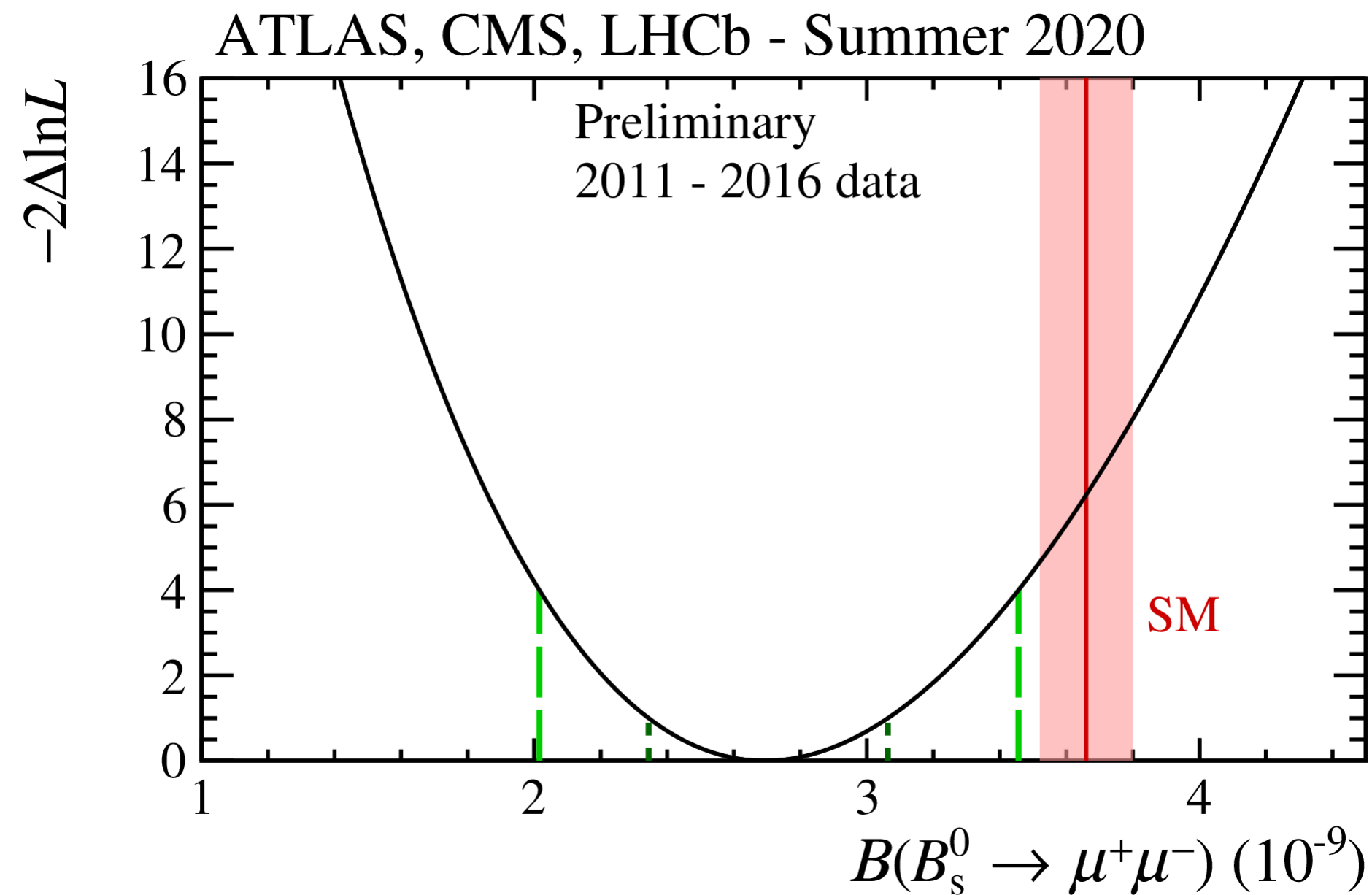
Source	B_s^0 [%]	B^0 [%]
f_s/f_d	5.1	-
B^+ yield	4.8	4.8
R_ϵ	4.1	4.1
$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+) \times \mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$	2.9	2.9
Fit systematic uncertainties	8.7	65
Stat. uncertainty (from likelihood est.)	27	150

Uncertainties on R_ϵ

Source	Contribution [%]
Statistical	0.8
BDT input variables	3.2
Kaon tracking efficiency	1.5
Muon trigger and reconstruction	1.0
Kinematic reweighting (DDW)	0.8
Pile-up reweighting	0.6

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BRANCHING FRACTIONS OF $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$



Combination ATLAS, CMS, LHCb for Run 1 + Run 2 ((2015 +) 2016)

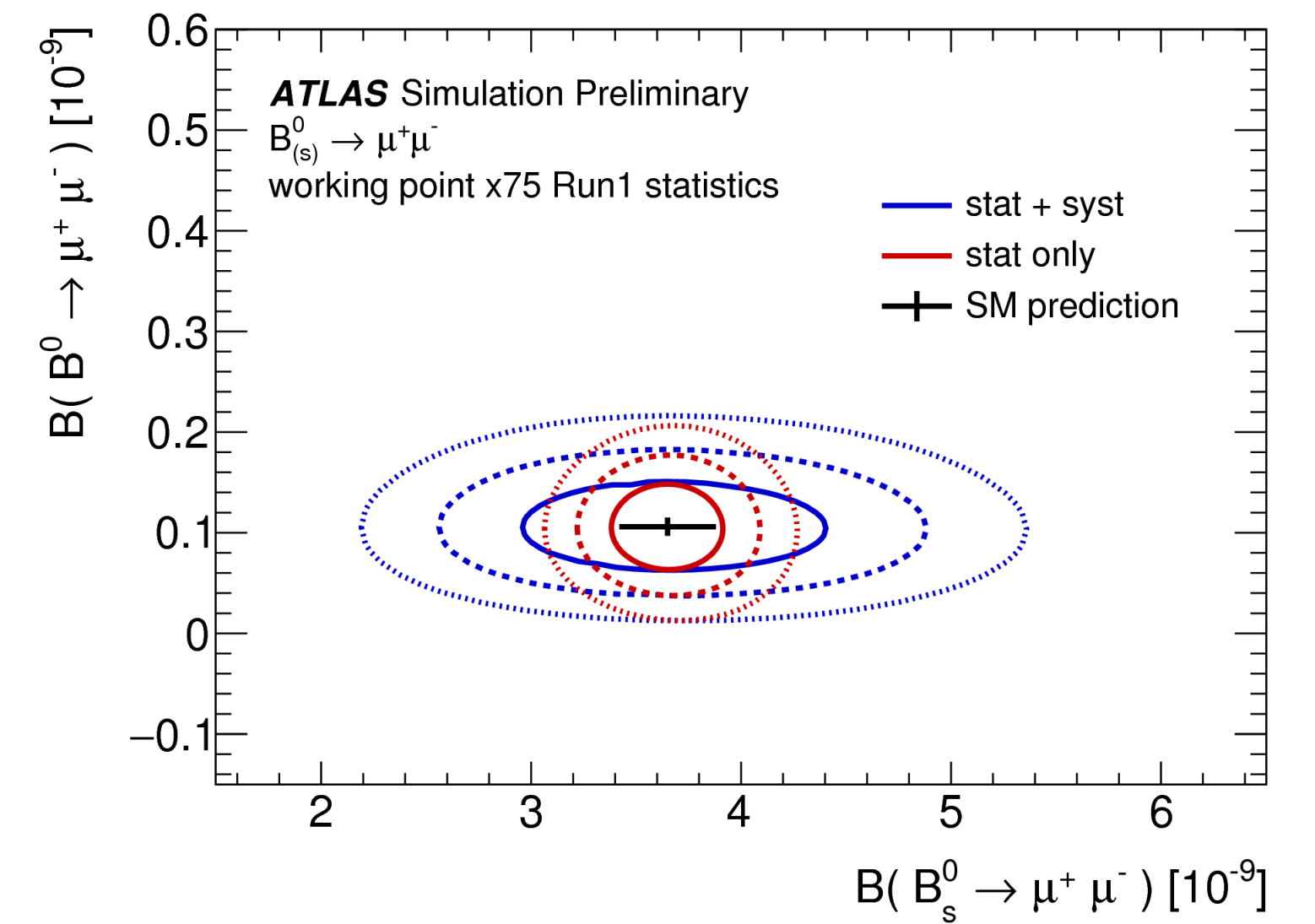
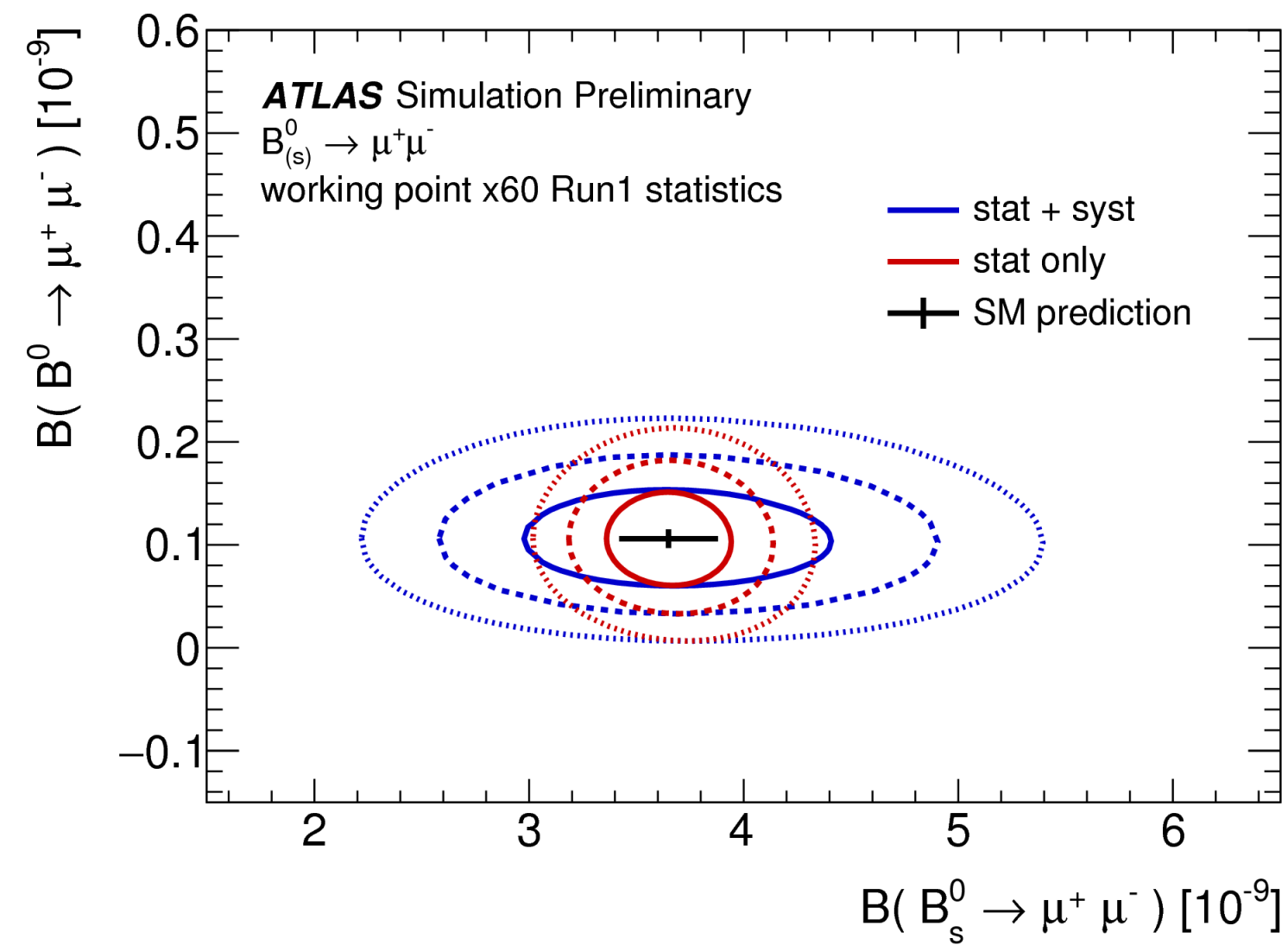
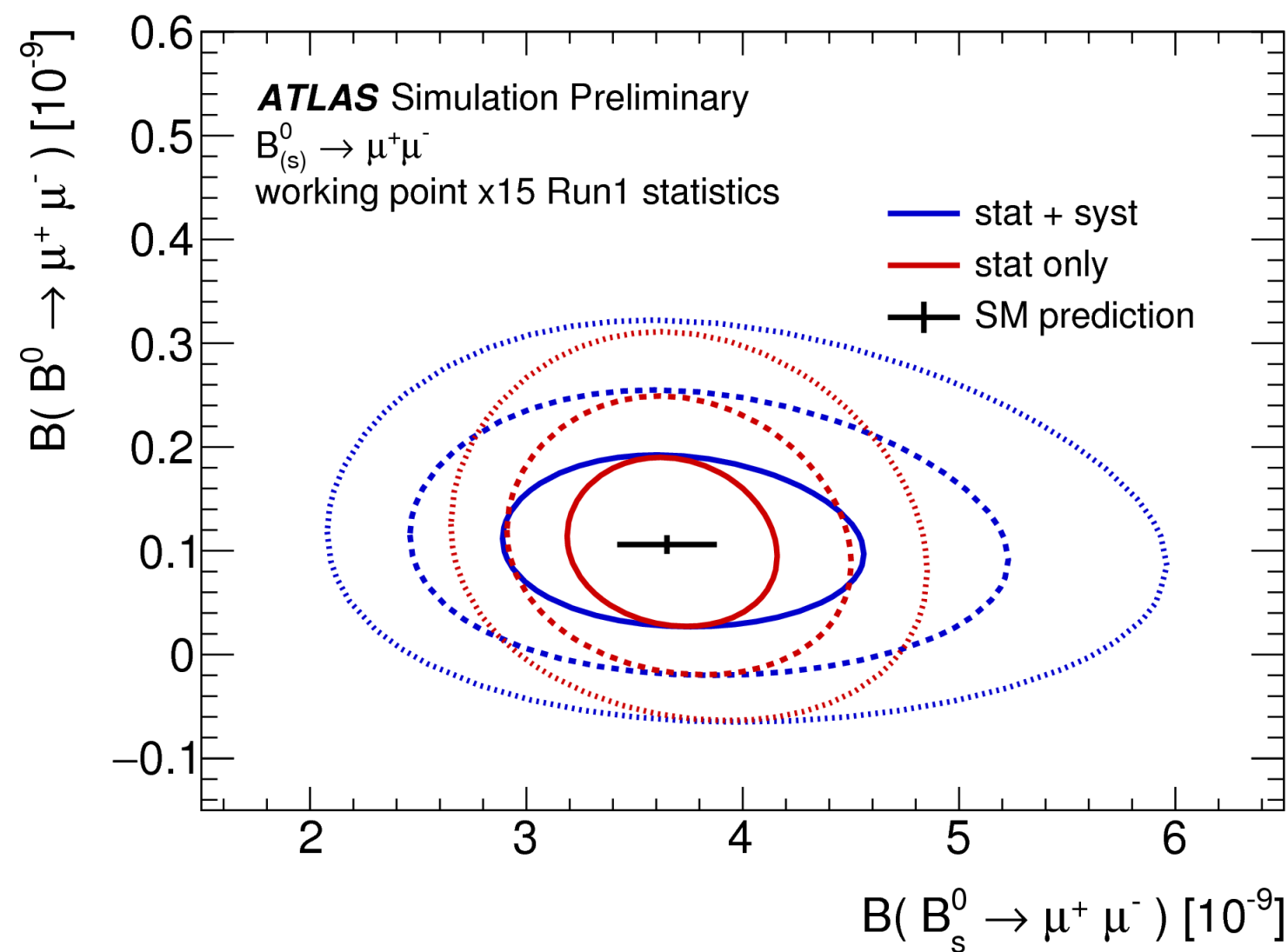
$$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu) = (2.69^{+0.37}_{-0.35}) \times 10^{-9}$$
$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu) < 1.9 \times 10^{-10} \text{ at 95\% CL}$$

[BPH 20 003](#)

BRANCHING FRACTIONS OF $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

Extrapolation of Run 1 results to HL-LHC

- Conservative: 2MU10 trigger x15 Run 1 statistics
- Intermediate: MU6MU10 trigger x60 Run 1 statistics
- High yield: 2MU6 trigger x75 Run 1 statistics



[ATL PHYS PUB 2018-005](#)

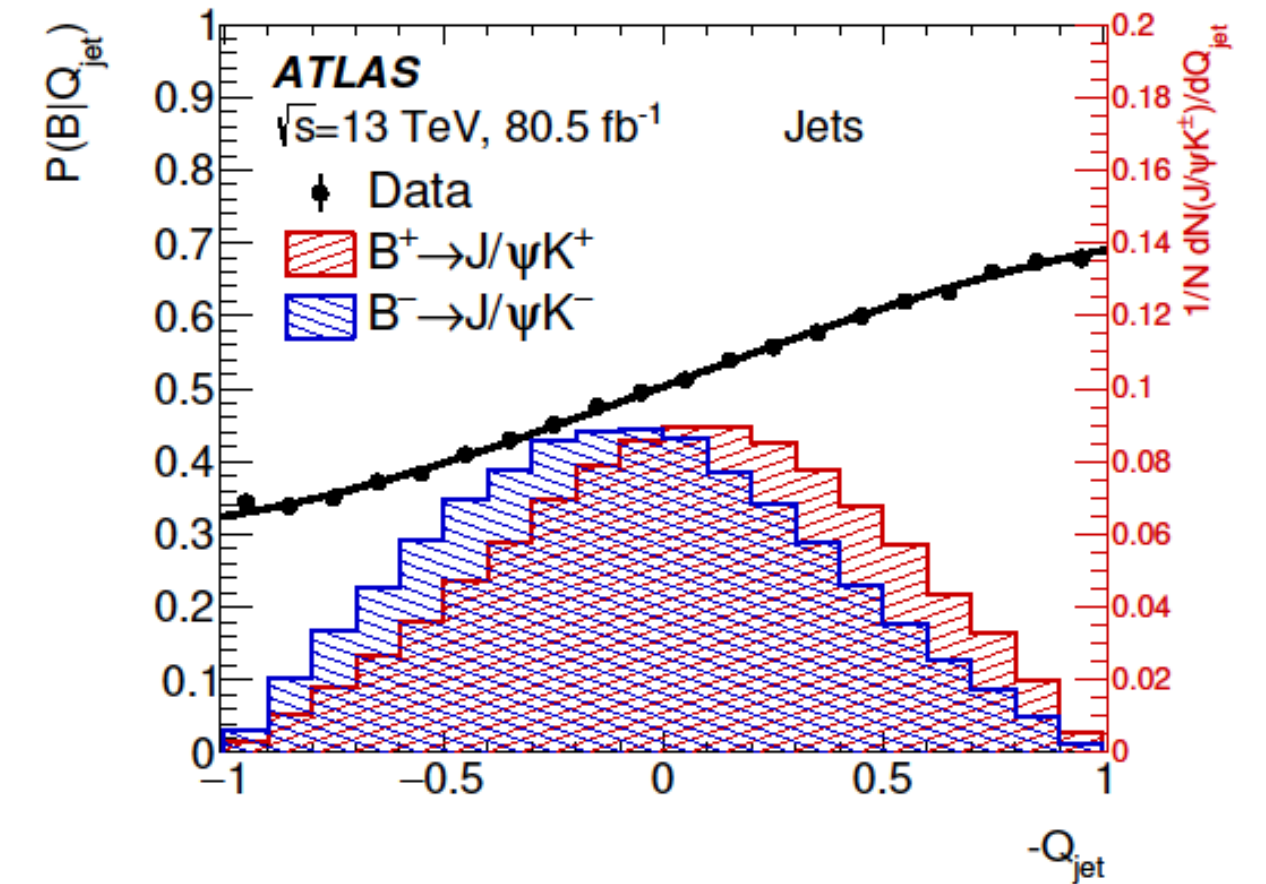
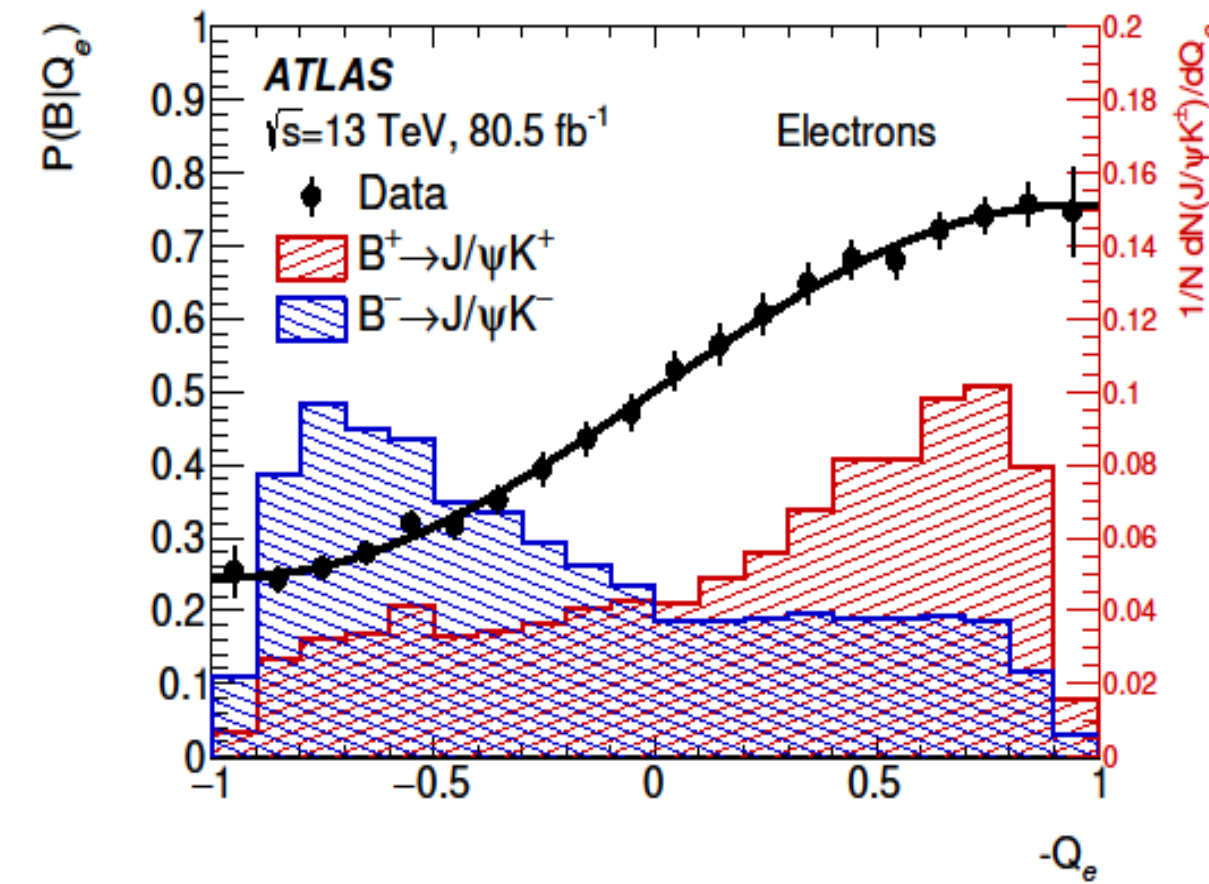
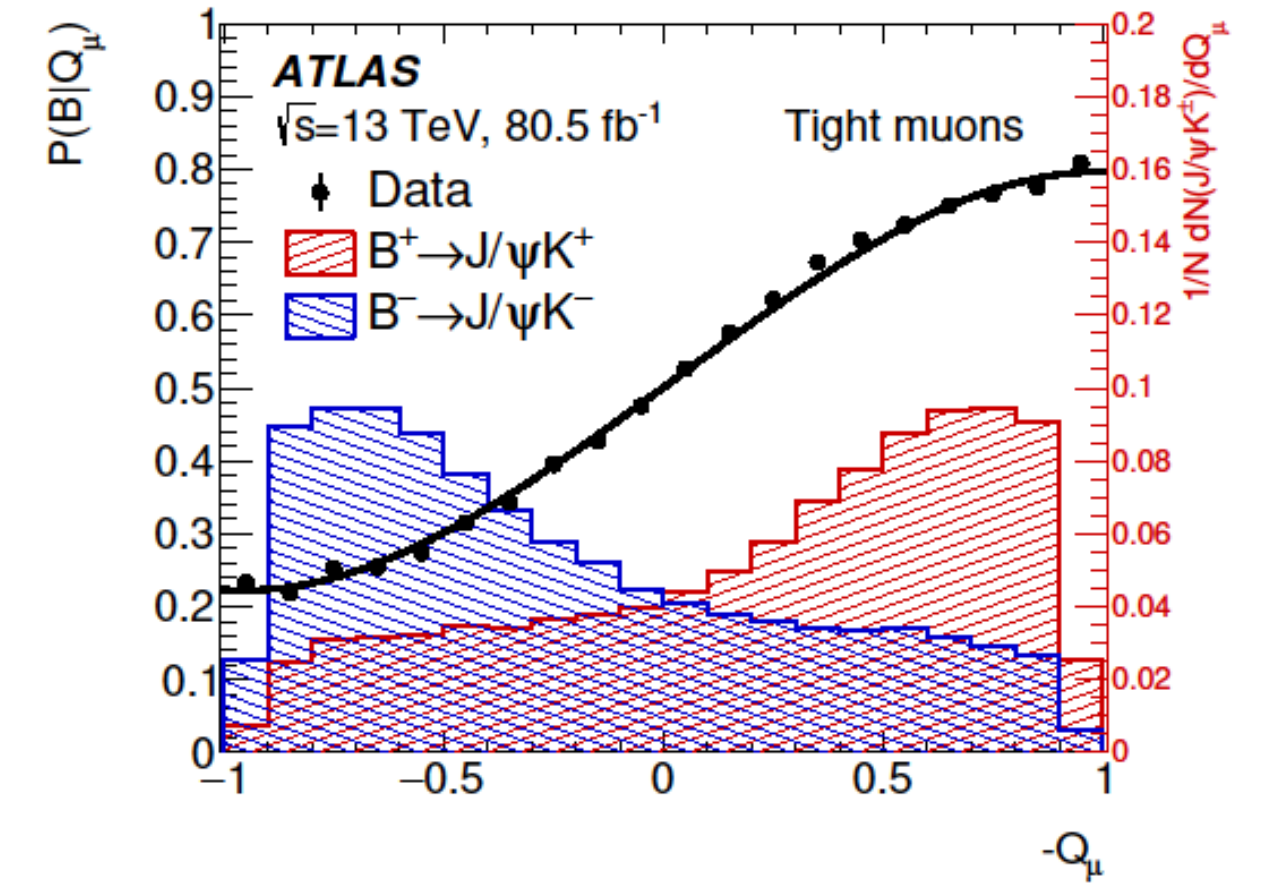
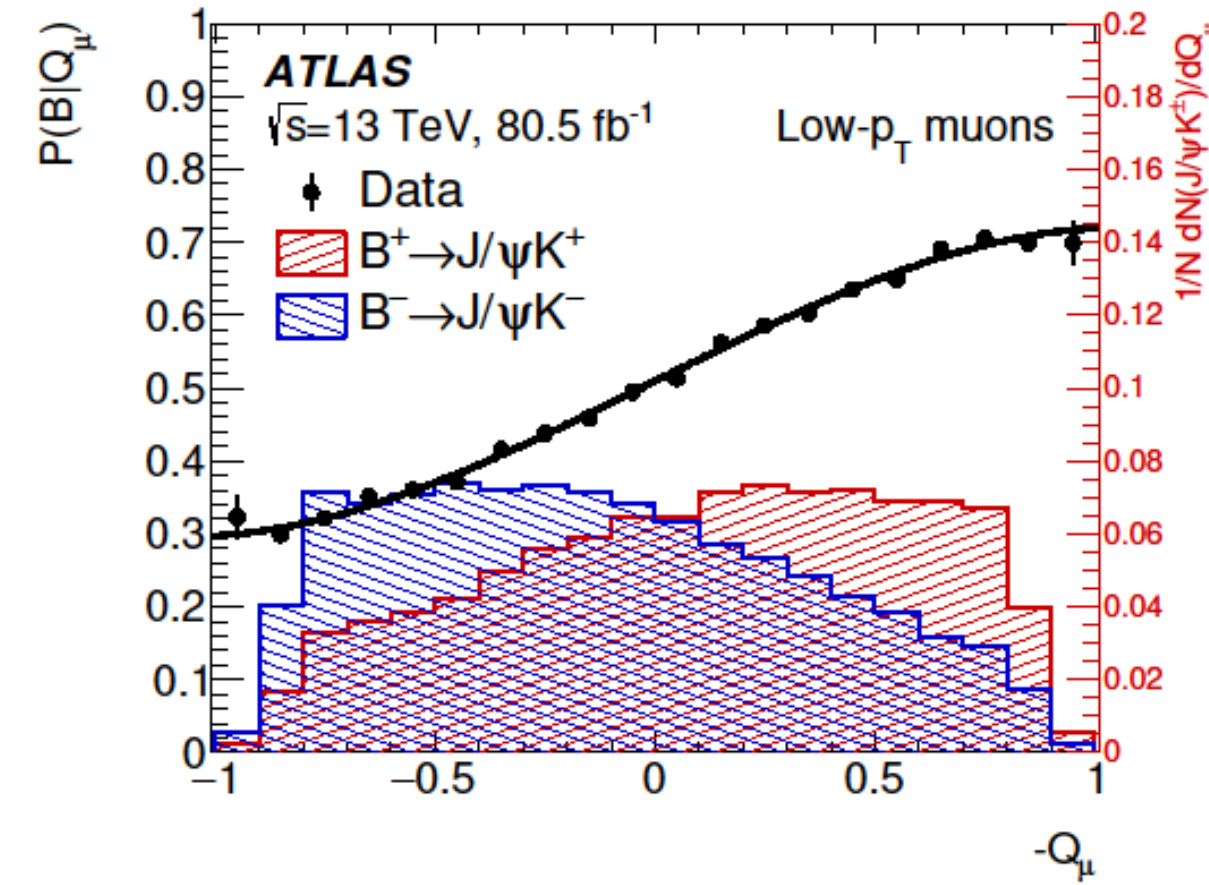
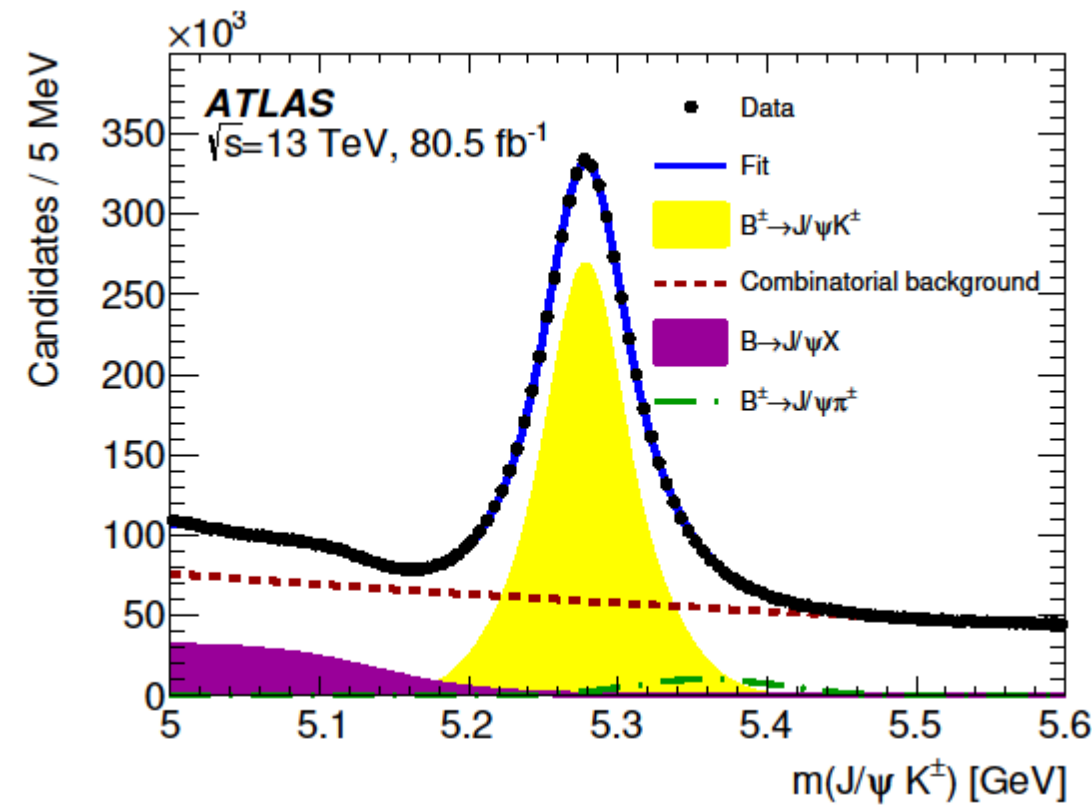
CP VIOLATION IN $B_S^0 \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-)\phi(K^+K^-)$

Opposite-side tagging

- Tag charge from leptons/jets with tracks in cone of $\Delta R < 0.5$

$$Q = \frac{\sum_i^{N_{trk}} q^i (p_T^i)^\kappa}{\sum_i^{N_{trk}} (p_T^i)^\kappa}$$

- Calibration channel $B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi K^\pm$



[arXiv:2001.07115](https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.07115), acc. EPJC

CP VIOLATION IN $B_S^0 \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-)\phi(K^+K^-)$

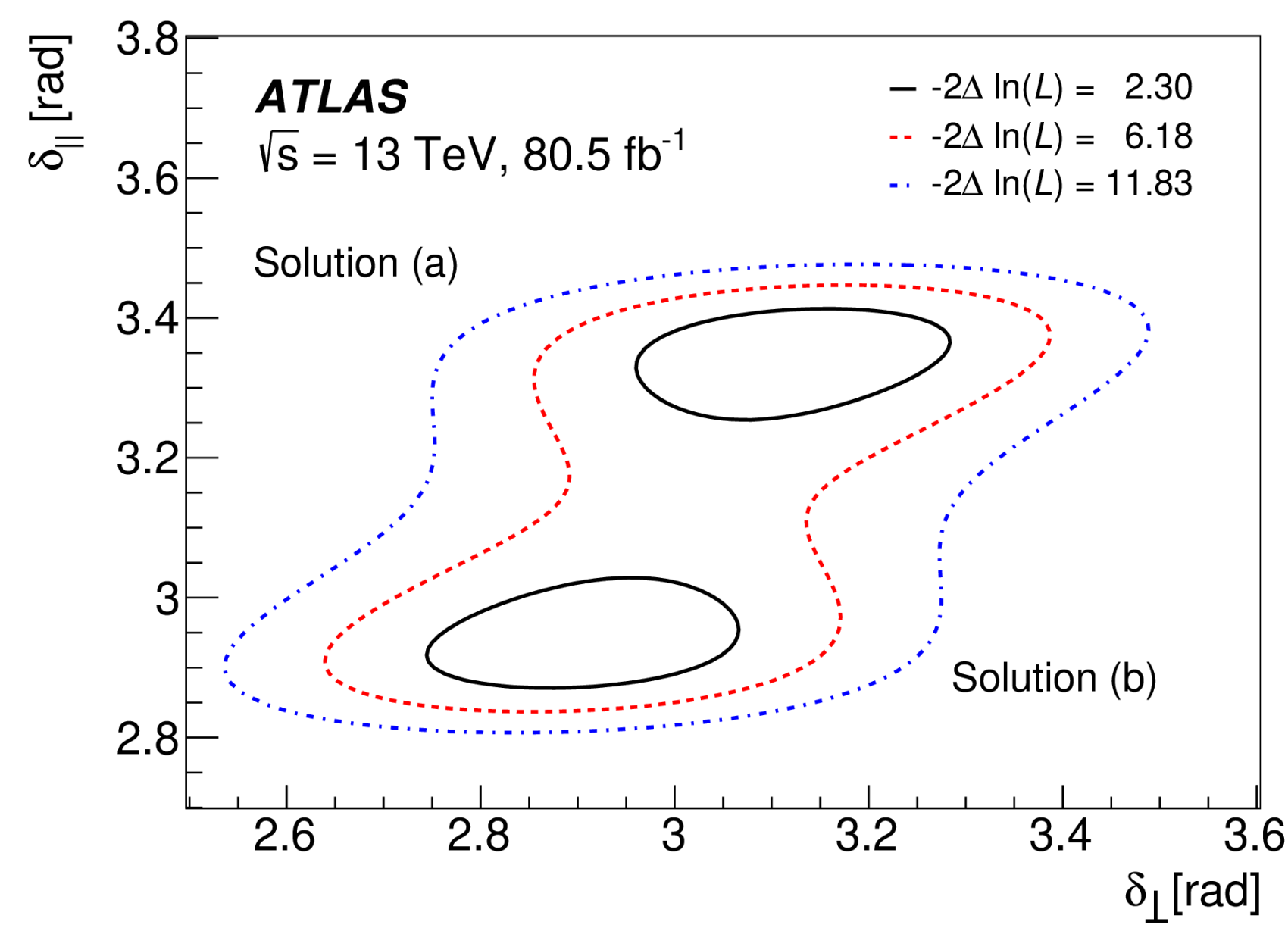
Summary of systematic uncertainties

	ϕ_s [10^{-3} rad]	$\Delta\Gamma_s$ [10^{-3} ps $^{-1}$]	Γ_s [10^{-3} ps $^{-1}$]	$ A_{ }(0) ^2$ [10^{-3}]	$ A_0(0) ^2$ [10^{-3}]	$ A_S(0) ^2$ [10^{-3}]	$\delta_{\perp}$ [10^{-3} rad]	$\delta_{ }$ [10^{-3} rad]	$\delta_{\perp} - \delta_S$ [10^{-3} rad]
Tagging	19	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	1.1	17	19	2.3
ID alignment	0.8	0.2	0.5	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	11	7.2	< 0.1
Acceptance	0.5	0.3	< 0.1	1.0	0.9	2.9	37	64	8.6
Time efficiency	0.2	0.2	0.5	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.1	3.0	5.7	0.5
Best candidate selection	0.4	1.6	1.3	0.1	1.0	0.5	2.3	7.0	7.4
Background angles model:									
Choice of fit function	2.5	< 0.1	0.3	1.1	< 0.1	0.6	12	0.9	1.1
Choice of p_T bins	1.3	0.5	< 0.1	0.4	0.5	1.2	1.5	7.2	1.0
Choice of mass window	9.3	3.3	< 0.1	0.4	0.8	0.4	17	8.6	1.8
Choice of sidebands intervals	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	1.3	4.4	7.4	2.3
Dedicated backgrounds:									
B_d^0	2.6	1.1	< 0.1	0.2	3.1	1.5	10	23	2.1
Λ_b	1.6	0.3	0.2	0.5	1.2	1.8	14	30	0.8
Alternate Δm_s	1.0	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	15	4.0	< 0.1
Fit model:									
Time res. sig frac	1.4	1.1	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	12	30	0.4
Time res. p_T bins	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.2	14	0.7
S-wave phase	0.3	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.2	8.0	15	37
Fit bias	5.7	1.3	1.2	1.3	0.4	1.1	3.3	19	0.3
Total	22	4.3	2.2	2.3	3.8	4.6	55	88	39

[arXiv:2001.07115, acc. EPJC](#)

CP VIOLATION IN $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+\mu^-)\phi(K^+K^-)$

- Approximate symmetry in signal pdf gives 2 minima for the strong phases $(\delta_{\parallel}, \delta_{\perp})$ in the fit
- No significant difference in ϕ_s and $\Delta\Gamma_s$ for the two solutions



Parameter	Value	Solution (a)		Solution (b)		
		Statistical uncertainty	Systematic uncertainty	Value	Statistical uncertainty	Systematic uncertainty
$\phi_s [\text{rad}]$	-0.087	0.036	0.021	-0.087	0.036	0.021
$\Delta\Gamma_s [\text{ps}^{-1}]$	0.0657	0.0043	0.0037	0.0657	0.0043	0.0037
$\Gamma_s [\text{ps}^{-1}]$	0.6703	0.0014	0.0018	0.6704	0.0014	0.0018
$ A_{\parallel}(0) ^2$	0.2220	0.0017	0.0021	0.2218	0.0017	0.0021
$ A_0(0) ^2$	0.5152	0.0012	0.0034	0.5152	0.0012	0.0034
$ A_S ^2$	0.0343	0.0031	0.0045	0.0348	0.0031	0.0045
$\delta_{\perp} [\text{rad}]$	3.22	0.10	0.05	3.03	0.10	0.05
$\delta_{\parallel} [\text{rad}]$	3.36	0.05	0.09	2.95	0.05	0.09
$\delta_{\perp} - \delta_S [\text{rad}]$	-0.24	0.05	0.04	-0.24	0.05	0.04

[arXiv:2001.07115](https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.07115), acc. EPJC