

Measurements of W and Z boson production at ATLAS

Zhibo Wu

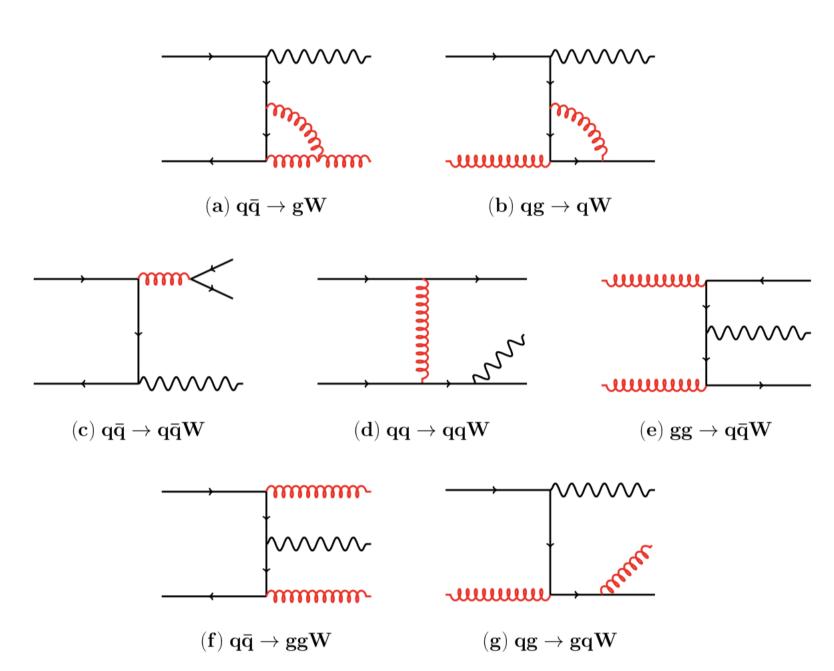
IRFU CEA Paris-Saclay University of Science and Technology of China

On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

INTRODUCTION

- W and Z production allow to probe the SM Electroweak sector and to check the consistency of the SM
 - E.g. W mass, weak mixing angle, lepton universality
- ▶ Also allow to probe (non) perturbative QCD predictions
 - At lowest order in QCD: $q\overline{q}' \to W$ and $q\overline{q} \to Z$
 - ► Higher order QCD: non-zero p_T distribution
- Provides inputs to PDF profiling
- Two measurements presented in this talk :
 - ► Measurement of W[±] and Z cross-sections at 2.76 TeV
 - Measurement of Z pT at 13 TeV
- In this talk Z refers to Z/γ^* in the Drell-Yan process; considered decay channels are muon and electron only (Signal events: $W \to e \nu$, $W \to \mu \nu$, $Z \to e^+e^-$ and $Z \to \mu^+\mu^-$)

Example NNLO diagrams for W production





EVENT TOPOLOGIES

W-decay topology:

1 lepton +
$$p_T^{miss}$$
 (neutrino)

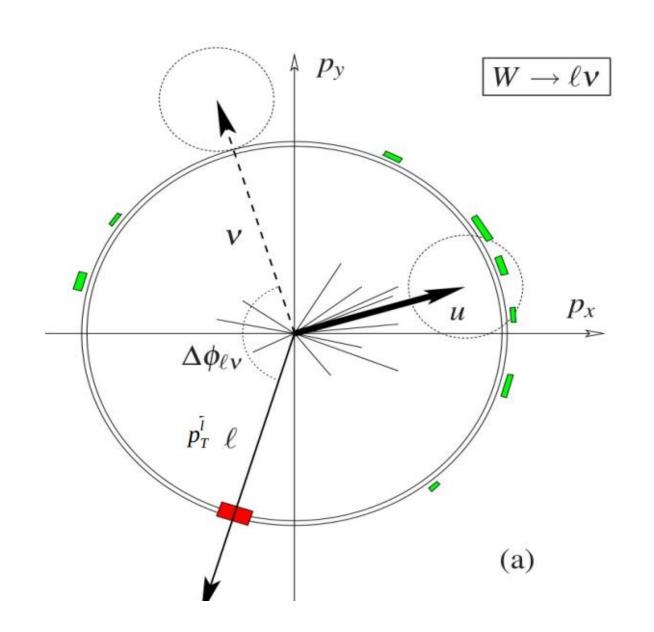
$$\vec{p}_T^{miss} = -(\vec{p}_T^l + \vec{u}_T)$$

$$m_{T} = \sqrt{2p_{T}^{l}E_{T}^{miss}\left(1 - \cos\left(\varphi_{l} - \varphi_{E_{T}^{miss}}\right)\right)}$$

 \overrightarrow{u}_T is the vector sum of all topo clusters excluding the ones from lepton

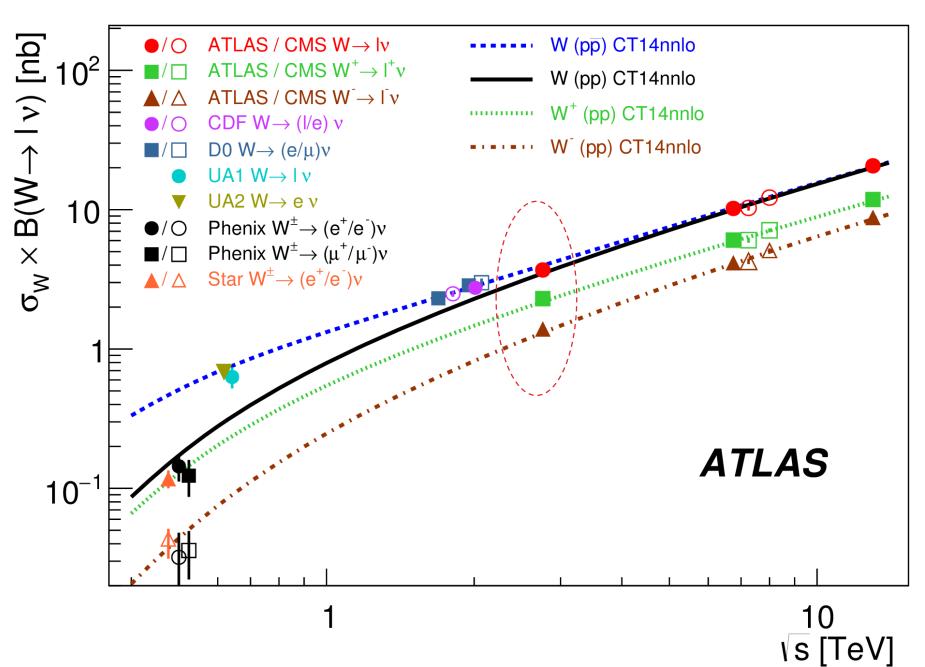
► Z-decay topology: 2 leptons with m_{ll} peaked around the Z mass.

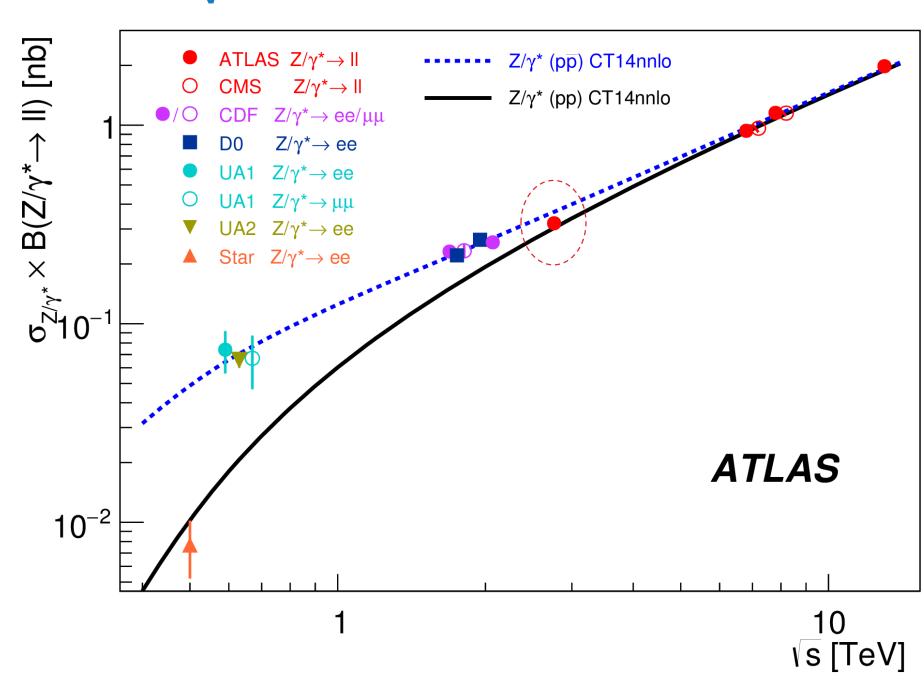
Lepton is either electron or muon.





W/Z CROSS-SECTION VS \square{s}





- ► ATLAS 7 TeV: doi.org/10.1140/epjc/s10052-017-4911-9
- ► ATLAS 8 TeV: doi.org/10.1140/epjc/s10052-016-4070-4
- ► ATLAS 13 TeV: doi.org/10.1016/j.physletb.2016.06.023
- The measurements at 2.76 TeV are indicated by the red circles. **EXPERIMENT

Measurement of W[±]-boson and Z-boson production cross-sections in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV with the ATLAS detector

ATLAS Collaboration., Aad, G., Abbott, B. et al. Measurement of W±-boson and Z-boson production cross-sections in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=2.76$ TeV with the ATLAS detector. Eur. Phys. J. C 79, 901 (2019). https://doi.org/10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-7399-7



DATA AND SIMULATION SAMPLES

Data:

February 2013 proton beams at LHC, \sqrt{s} =2.76 TeV, pile-up $\langle \mu \rangle$ =0.3. Instantaneous luminosity: $1 \times 10^{32} \, \mathrm{cm}^{-2} \mathrm{s}^{-1}$, integrated luminosity: 4.0 pb⁻¹.

Baseline simulated samples

Process	Generator	Generator QCD precision		
Signal Samples				
$W \to \ell \nu$	Powheg-Box +Pythia 8	NLO		
$Z \to \ell^+ \ell^-$	Powheg-Box +Pythia 8	NLO		
	Background Sam	ples		
$W \to \tau \nu$	Powheg-Box +Pythia 8	NLO		
$Z o au^+ au^-$	Powheg-Box +Pythia 8	NLO		
$tar{t}$	Powheg-Box +Pythia 6	NLO		
WW	Herwig	LO		
ZZ	Herwig	LO		
WZ	Herwig	LO		
$bar{b}$	Рутніа 8	LO		
$car{c}$	Рутніа 8	LO		



EVENT SELECTION

Lepton selection

	Electron	Muon
Reconstruction	Clusters of energy in EM matched to ID tracks	Combining tracks in MS and ID
Lepton p _T	$p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$	$p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$
Lepton η	η < 2.4 excluding 1.37 < η < 1.52	η < 2.4

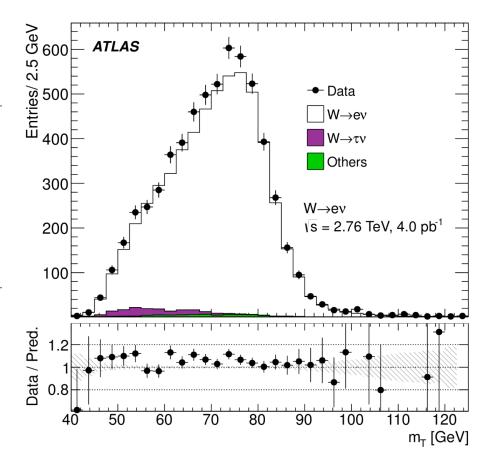
W and Z fiducial volumes selection

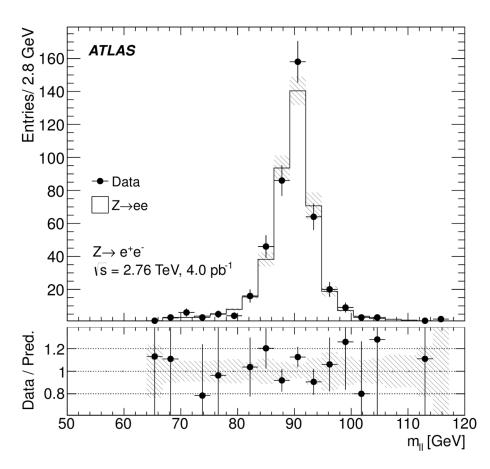
W-boson	Z-boson
$p_T^l > 20 \text{ GeV}$	$p_T^{l^+,-} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
$ \eta^l < 2.4$	$ \eta^{l^{+,-}} < 2.4$
$E_{T}^{miss} > 25 \text{ GeV}$	$66 < m_{l^+l^-} < 116 \text{ GeV}$
$m_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$	

NUMBER OF EVENTS

Summary of number of events in each channel

Measurement	Observed	Background	Background	Background-subtracted	Background
Channel	candidates	(EW + top)	(Multijet)	data $N_W^{ m sig}$	fraction
$W^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu$	3914	108 ± 6	30 ± 11	$3776 \pm 63 \pm 12$	3.5%
$W^- \to e^- \bar{\nu}$	2209	74.2 ± 3.3	30 ± 11	$2105 \pm 47 \pm 12$	4. 7%
$W^+ o \mu^+ \nu$	4365	152 ± 7	2.5 ± 1.9	$4210 \pm 66 \pm 7$	3.5%
$W^- o \mu^- ar{ u}$	2460	108 ± 4	2.5 ± 1.9	$2350 \pm 50 \pm 5$	4.5%
$Z \rightarrow e^+ e^-$	430	1.3 ± 0.0	_	$428.7 \pm 20.7 \pm 0.0$	0.3%
$Z o \mu^+ \mu^-$	646	1.6 ± 0.1	_	$644.4 \pm 25.4 \pm 0.1$	0.2%





- ► W→ τ v, Z→ l^+l^- , diboson production, $t\bar{t}$ production are estimated by simulation.
- Multijet background in W is estimated from data

mT and mll distributions for $W \rightarrow e\nu$ and $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$



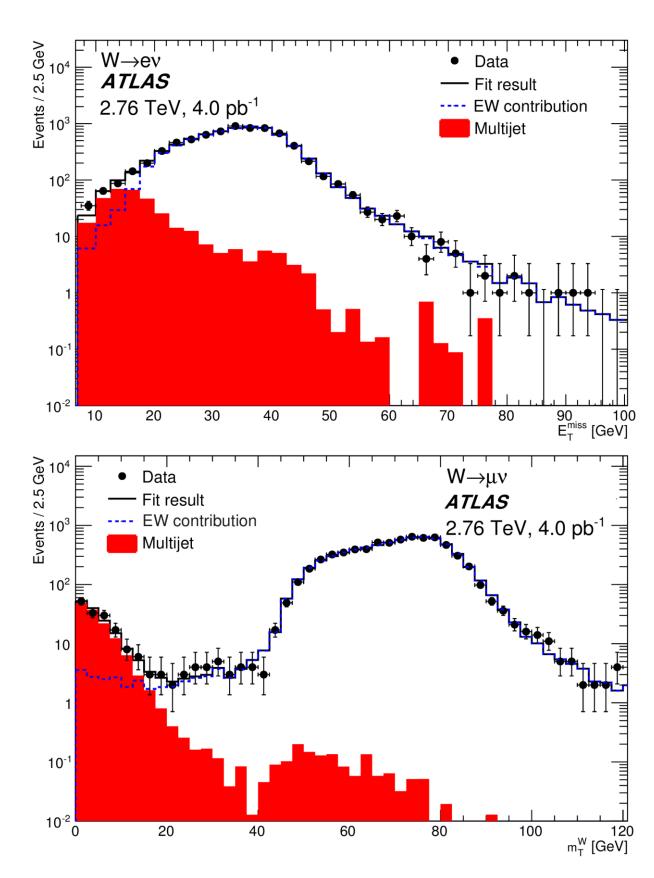
MULTIJET BACKGROUND ESTIMATION

CR for MJ templates

Electron: Revert electron identification and remove E_{T}^{miss} cut

Muon: Revert muon isolation and remove mT cut

- Shape of MJ template: E_T^{miss} or mT distribution in the control region after subtraction of expected contributions determined from MC samples.
- Normalization in SR : A χ^2 fit of E_T^{miss} or mT to the sum of template, signal and other backgrounds.



Overall number of MJ events estimated from a fit to the total W sample

CORRECTION FOR DETECTOR EFFECTS

► Fiducial production cross-section:

$$\sigma_{W,Z\to l\nu,ll}^{fid} = \frac{N_{W,Z}^{sig}}{C_{W,Z} \cdot L_{int}}$$

► Total production cross-section:

$$\sigma_{W,Z\to l\nu,ll}^{tot} = \sigma^{tot} \times B(W,Z\to l\nu,ll) = \frac{N_{W,Z}^{sig}}{A_{W,Z} \cdot C_{W,Z} \cdot L_{int}}$$

- ightharpoonup Central values of acceptance $A_{W,Z}$: around 0.6
- Values of event detection efficiency $C_{W,Z}$:

$W \rightarrow e v$	$W \rightarrow \mu \nu$	$Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$	$Z \rightarrow \mu^{+}\mu^{-}$
0.67	0.75	0. 55	0.79



UNCERTAINTIES

Systematic uncertainties in $C_{W,Z}$

$\delta C/C$ [%]	$W^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu$	$W^- \rightarrow e^- \nu$	$Z \rightarrow e^+ e^-$	$W^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$	$W^-\!\!\!\to\!\!\mu^-\nu$	$Z{ ightarrow}\mu^{+}\mu^{-}$
Lepton trigger	0.14	0.13	< 0.01	1.07	1.07	0.03
Lepton reconstr. and ident.	2.31	2.33	4.55	0.30	0.32	0.62
Lepton isolation	0.71	0.71	1.41	0.51	0.51	1.01
Lepton scale and resolution	0.44	0.43	0.34	0.05	0.05	0.04
Recoil scale and resolution	0.25	0.20	_	0.22	0.22	_
PDF	0.22	0.29	0.11	0.11	0.20	0.06
MC statistical uncertainty	0.24	0.31	0.30	0.24	0.34	0.43
Total	2.5	2.5	4.8	1.3	1.3	1.3

Muon trigger, electron reconstruction and identification uncertainties are the dominant systematics.

ightharpoonup Systematics uncertainty in $A_{W,Z}$

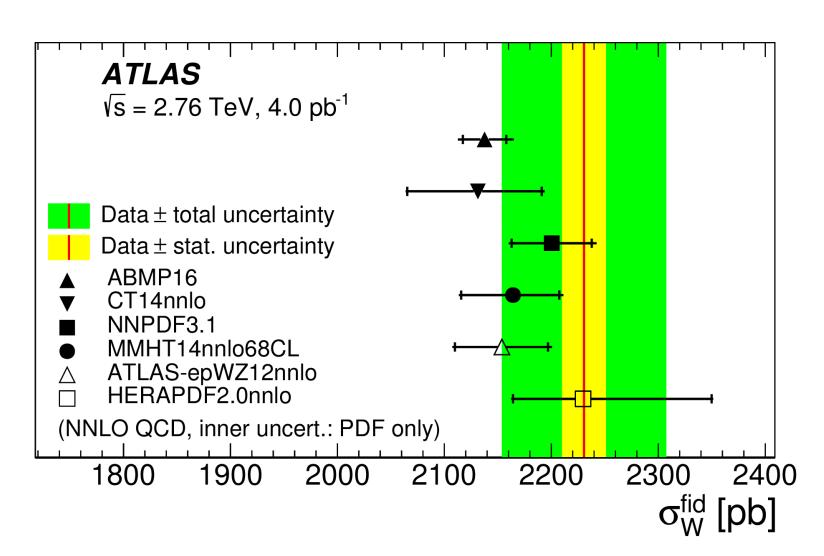
Choice of PDF set: 1.0%(1.2%) for $A_{W^+}(A_{W^-})$, 1.4% for A_{Z}

Choice of modelling: ~0.9%

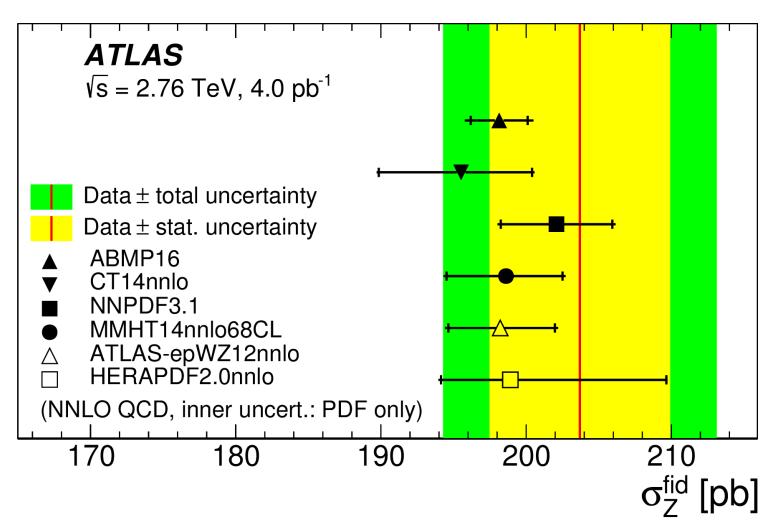


Cross-section measurement

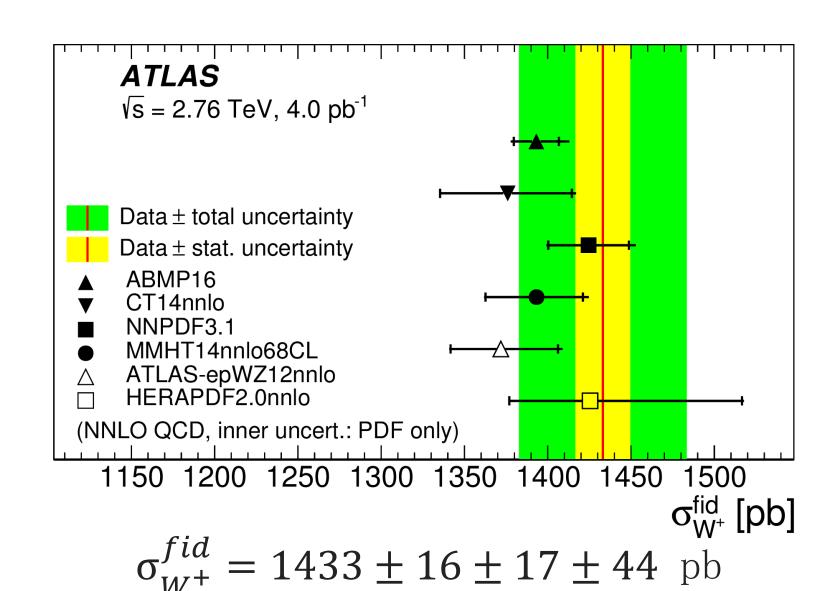
$$\sigma^{fid}$$
 = value \pm stat. \pm syst. \pm lumi.

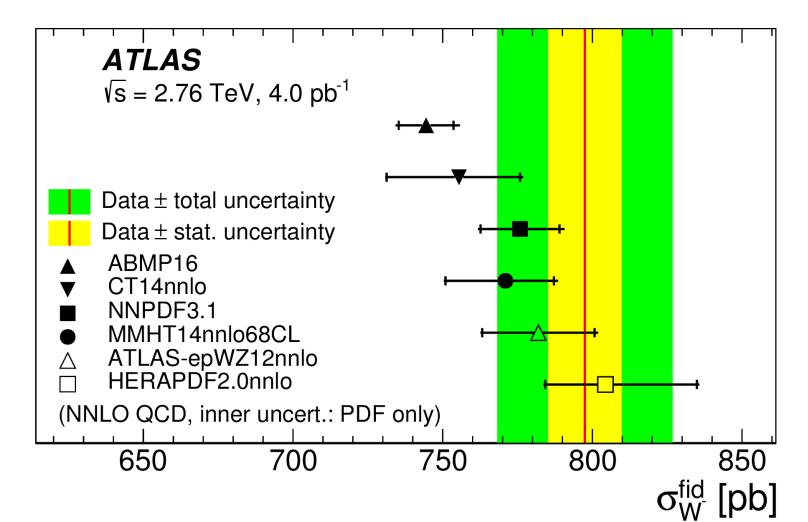


$$\sigma_W^{fid} = 2231 \pm 20 \pm 26 \pm 65 \text{ pb}$$



$$\sigma_Z^{fid} = 203.7 \pm 6.2 \pm 3.2 \pm 6.3 \text{ pb}$$





$$\sigma_{W^-}^{fid} = 798 \pm 12 \pm 10 \pm 25 \text{ pb}$$

The ratios of measured cross-sections (test of lepton universality)

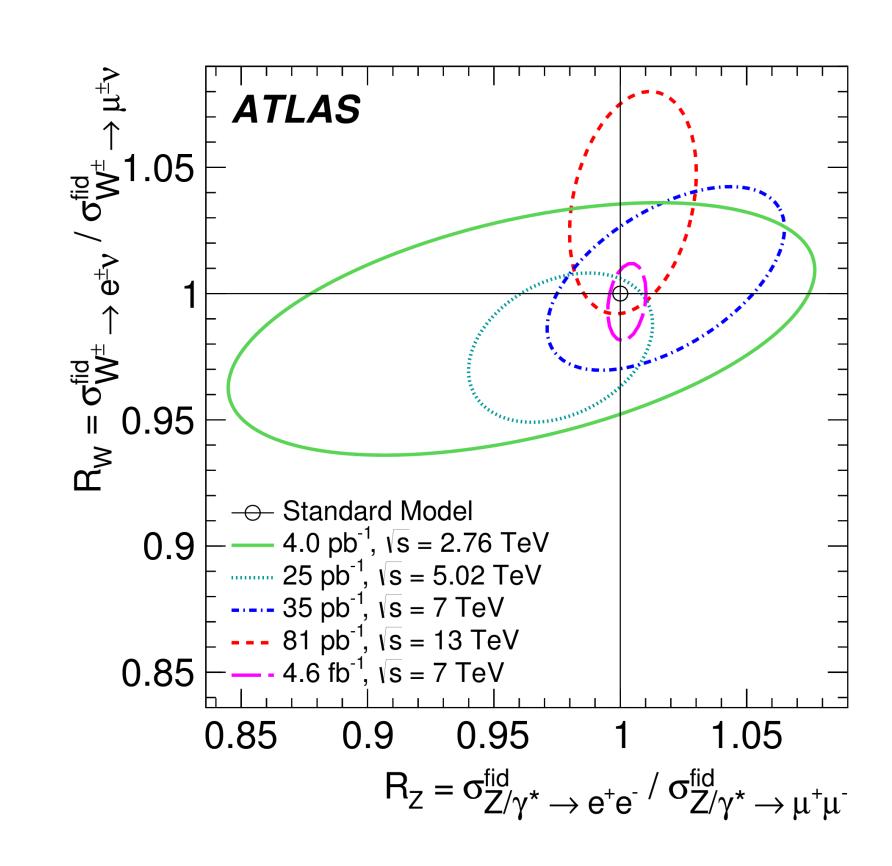
$$R_{W^{+}} = \frac{\sigma_{W^{+} \to e^{+} \nu}^{fid}}{\sigma_{W^{+} \to \mu^{+} \nu}^{fid}} = 0.985 \pm 0.023(stat.) \pm 0.028(syst.)$$

$$R_{W^{-}} = \frac{\sigma_{W^{-} \to e^{-} \nu}^{fid}}{\sigma_{W^{-} \to \mu^{-} \nu}^{fid}} = 0.988 \pm 0.030(stat.) \pm 0.028(syst.)$$

$$R_{W} = \frac{\sigma_{W^{-} \to e^{-} \nu}^{fid}}{\sigma_{W^{-} \to \mu^{\nu}}^{fid}} = 0.986 \pm 0.018(stat.) \pm 0.028(syst.)$$

$$R_{Z} = \frac{\sigma_{Z^{-} \to e^{+} e^{-}}^{fid}}{\sigma_{Z^{-} \to \mu^{+} \mu^{-}}^{fid}} = 0.96 \pm 0.06(stat.) \pm 0.05(syst.)$$

Taking ratios of the measurements benefits from full or partial cancellation of correlated systematics.





- ► The ratios of measured cross-sections:
- $R_{W/Z} = 10.95 \pm 0.35(stat.) \pm 0.10(syst.)$

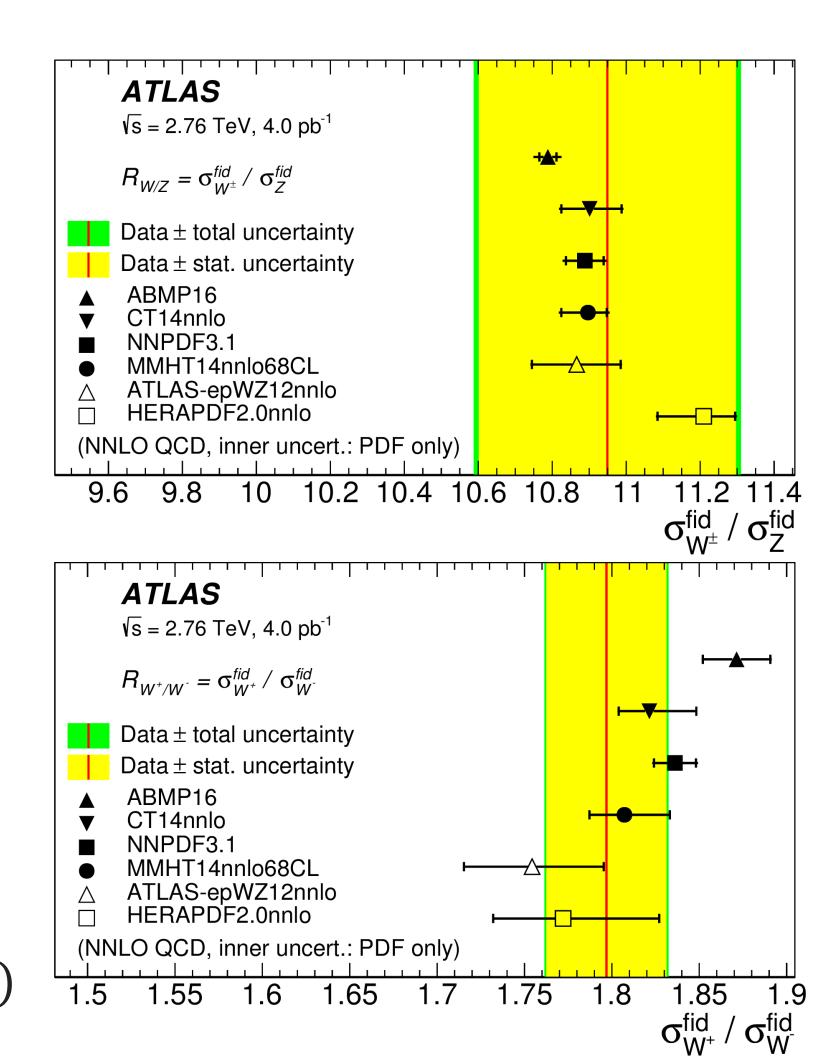
Constrains strange quark distribution.

 $R_{W^+/W^-} = 1.797 \pm 0.034 \text{(stat.)} \pm 0.009 \text{ (syst.)}$

Constrains valence quark distributions.

Alternatively, in terms of charge asymmetry:

$$A_{l} = \frac{\sigma_{W^{+}}^{fid} - \sigma_{W^{-}}^{fid}}{\sigma_{W^{+}}^{fid} + \sigma_{W^{-}}^{fid}} = 0.285 \, \pm 0.009 (stat.) \pm 0.002 (syst.) \\ = 0.285 \, \pm 0.009 (stat.) \pm 0.000 (syst.) \\ = 0.285 \, \pm 0.009 (syst.) \pm 0.000 (syst.) \\ = 0.285 \, \pm 0.000 (syst.) \pm 0.000 (syst.) \\ = 0.285 \, \pm 0.000 (syst.) \pm 0.000 (syst.) \\ = 0.285 \, \pm 0.000 (syst.) \\ = 0.285 \, \pm 0.000 (syst.) \\ = 0.285 \, \pm 0.00$$



Measurement of the transverse momentum distribution of Drell-Yan lepton pairs in proton-proton collisions at \sqrt{s} = 13 TeV with the ATLAS detector

Aad, G., Abbott, B., Abbott, D.C. et al. Measurement of the transverse momentum distribution of Drell-Yan lepton pairs in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s=13}$ TeV with the ATLAS detector. Eur. Phys. J. C 80, 616 (2020). https://doi.org/10.1140/epjc/s10052-020-8001-z



DEFINITIONS OF OBSERVABLES

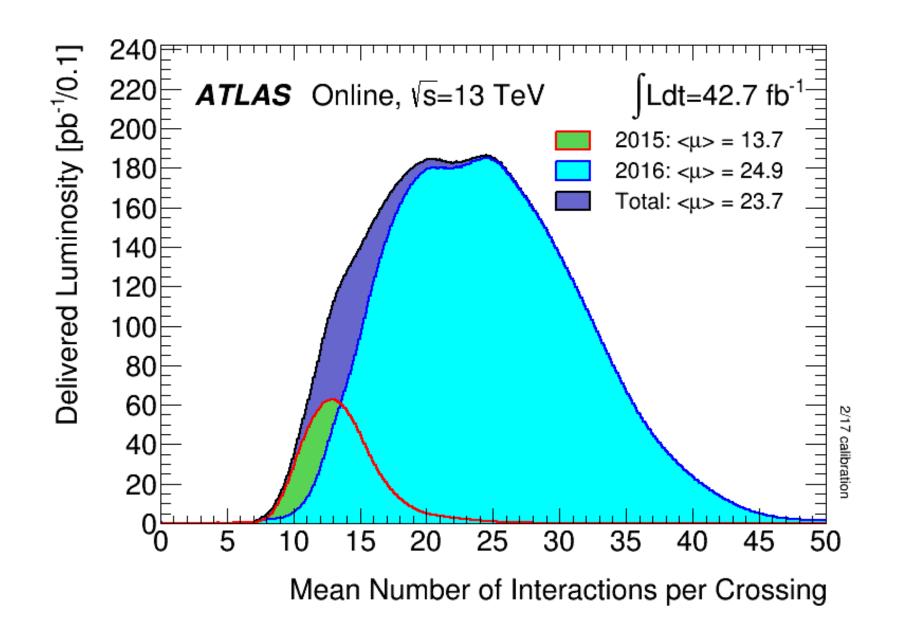
The Z-boson differential cross-sections are measured as a function of p_T^{ll} and φ_η^*

- A precise measurement of the p_T^{ll} provides an important input to the background prediction in searches for beyond SM processes (high p_T) as well as to SM precision measurement (low p_T).
- $\phi_{\eta}^* = tan\left(\frac{\pi \Delta \phi}{2}\right) \times sin(\theta_{\eta}^*)$, with $\cos(\theta_{\eta}^*) = tanh\left(\frac{\eta^- \eta^+}{2}\right)$. Since ϕ_{η}^* depends on the direction of leptons, it overcomes the limitation of lepton momentum resolution in low p_T^{ll} .



DATA AND SIMULATION SAMPLES

- ▶ Data: 2015+2016 pp collision at \sqrt{s} =13TeV, integrated luminosity of the sample: L_{int} =36.1 fb⁻¹
- MC Signal: Powheg-Box + Pythia8



Number of interactions per crossing for combined 13 TeV data from 2015 and 2016.

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/LuminosityPublicResultsRun2

EVENT SELECTION

Lepton selection

	Electron	Muon
Reconstruction	Clusters of energy in EM matched to ID tracks	Combining tracks in MS and ID
Lepton p _T	$p_T > 27 \text{ GeV}$	$p_T > 27 \text{ GeV}$
Lepton η	η < 2.47 excluding 1.37 < η < 1.52	η < 2.5

Z-boson fiducial volume selection

Z-boson
$p_{T}^{l^{+,-}} > 27 \text{ GeV}$
$ \eta^{l^{+,-}} < 2.5$
$66 < m_{l^+l^-} < 116 \text{ GeV}$

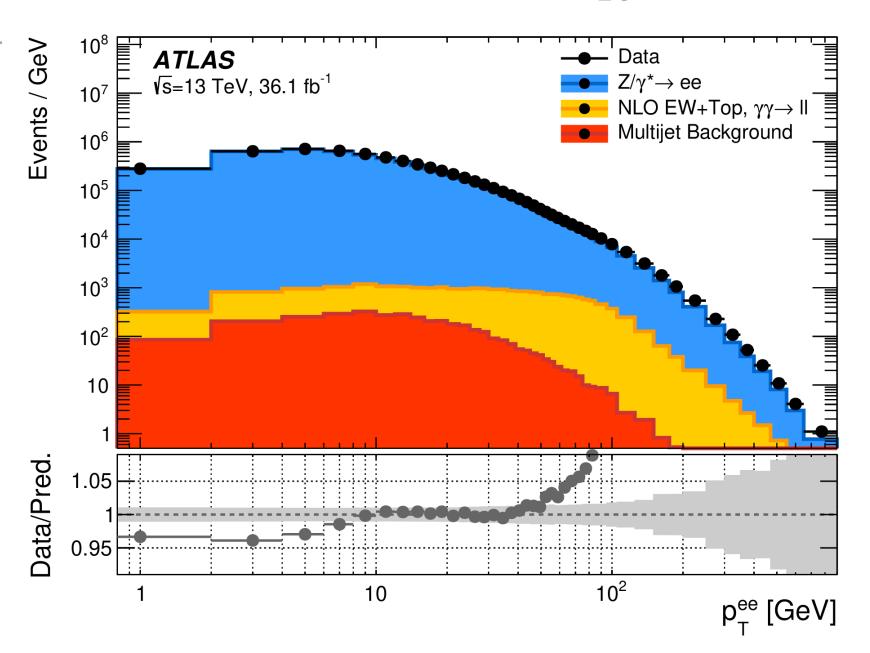


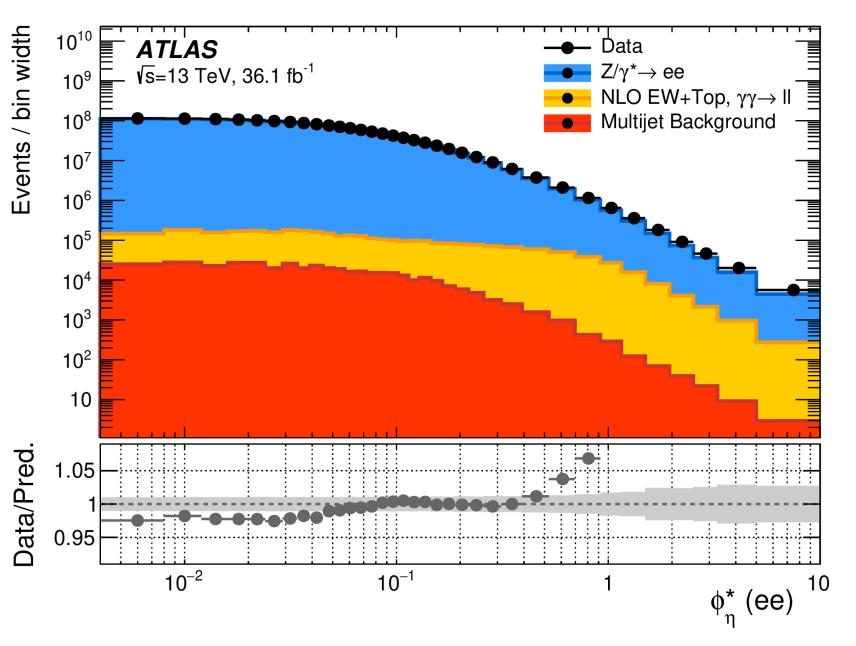
NUMBER OF EVENTS

Signal events & estimated background

	$Z/\gamma^* \to ee$	$Z/\gamma^* \to \mu\mu$
Two reconstructed leptons within fiducial volume	13 649 239	18 162 641
Electroweak background $(Z \rightarrow \tau\tau, WW, WZ, ZZ)$ Photon-induced background Top-quark background Multijet background	40000 ± 2000 2900 ± 140 38000 ± 1900 8500 ± 4900	50000 ± 2500 4100 ± 200 45400 ± 2200 1000 ± 200
Total Background	89400 ± 5600	100500 ± 3300
Background fraction	0.7%	0.6%

• On the right: p_T^{ll} and ϕ_η^* for electron channel comparing data and MC predictions





ATLAS
EXPERIMENT

CORRECTION FOR DETECTOR EFFECTS

Measurement in fiducial volumes

$$\sigma_{Z/\gamma^* \to ll}^{fid} = \frac{N_{Data} - N_{Bkg}}{C_Z \cdot L_{int}}$$

 C_{Z} is the correction for event detection efficiency

Final differential distributions account for detector effects using Bayesian unfolding. The response matrix and correction for reconstruction efficiency are obtained from signal MC samples predictions.

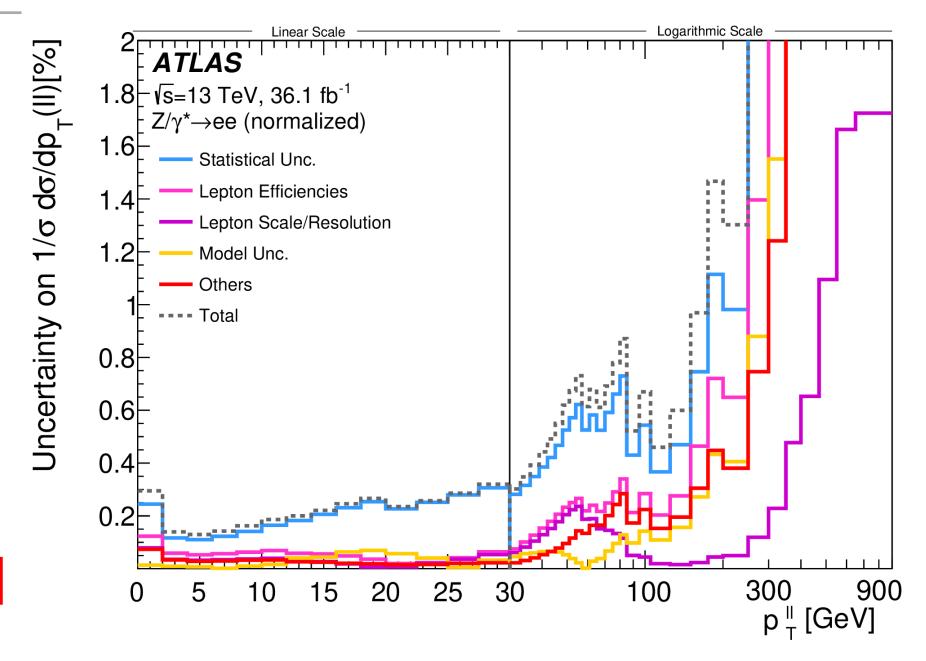
UNCERTAINTIES

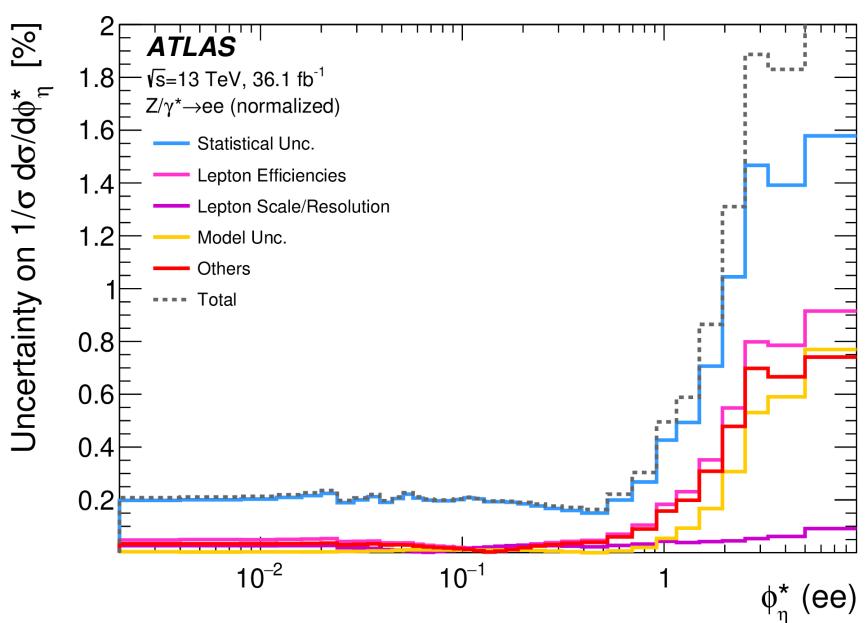
Detection efficiency factors \mathcal{C}_Z and their systematic uncertainties.

	Electron channel		Muon	channel		
	Born	Dressed	Born	Dressed		
C_Z	0.509 ± 0.005	0.522 ± 0.005	0.685 ± 0.011	0.702 ± 0.011		
Trigger efficiencies	± 0.0004		± 0.0004			
Identification & reconstruction efficiencies	± 0.0049		± 0.0102			
Isolation efficiencies	± 0.0009		± 0.0	0029		
Energy/momentum scale and resolution	± 0.0014		± 0.0014 ± 0.0014		± 0.0	0010
Pile-up	± 0.0011		± 0.0	0019		
Model uncertainties	± 0.0001		± 0.0	0001		

Theory and modelling uncertainties are negligible.

Systematic uncertainties in electron channel for p_T^{ll} and φ_{η}^* are shown on the right.



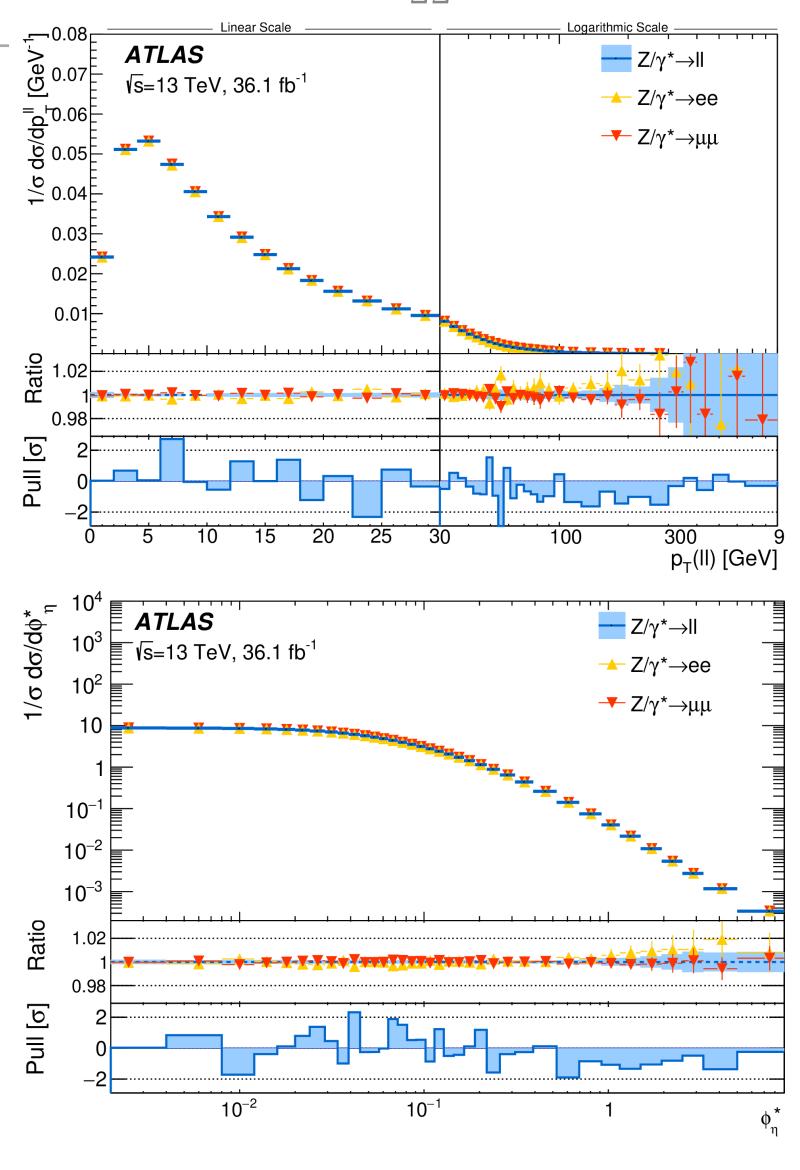


Integrated cross-section

Channel	Measured cross-section $\times \mathcal{B}(Z/\gamma^* \to \ell\ell)$	Predicted cross-section $\times \mathcal{B}(Z/\gamma^* \to \ell\ell)$
	(value ± stat. ± syst. ± lumi.)	(value \pm PDF $\pm \alpha_S \pm$ scale \pm intrinsic)
$Z/\gamma^* \to ee$	$738.3 \pm 0.2 \pm 7.7 \pm 15.5 \mathrm{pb}$	
$Z/\gamma^* \to \mu\mu$	$731.7 \pm 0.2 \pm 11.3 \pm 15.3 \mathrm{pb}$	
$Z/\gamma^* \to \ell\ell$	$736.2 \pm 0.2 \pm 6.4 \pm 15.5 \mathrm{pb}$	$703_{-24}^{+19}_{-8}^{+6}_{-6}^{+4}_{-5}^{+5}$ pb (See Ref. below)

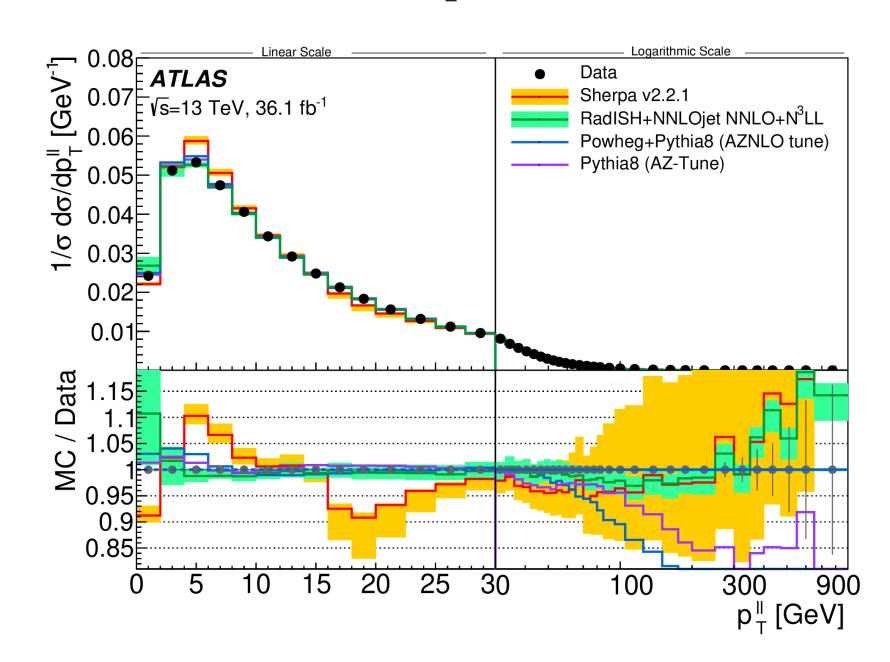
The prediction is at NNLO in $\alpha_{\mathcal{S}}$ using CT14 PDF set.

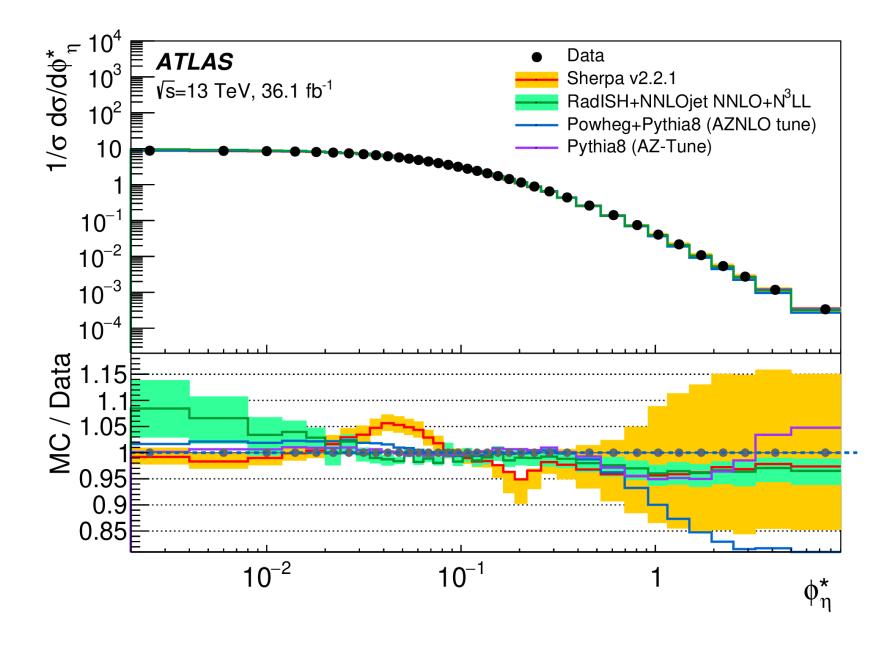
Reference: ATLAS Collaboration, Measurements of top-quark pair to Z-boson cross-section ratios at $\sqrt{s} = 13$, 8, 7 TeV with the ATLAS detector, JHEP 02 (2017) 117, DOI: 10.1007/JHEP02(2017)117



Normalized cross-section

Comparison of the normalized distributions predicted by various computations with the Born level combined measurement.





The RadISH prediction agrees with the data over the spectra of p_T^{ll} and ϕ_{η}^* within uncertainties of typically 1%^3% (larger in the low p_T^{ll} and ϕ_{η}^* regions).

SUMMARY

- The production cross-section for W and Z bosons are measured using ATLAS data at \sqrt{s} =2.76 TeV in fiducial region and extrapolated to the full phase space. Measured ratios and asymmetries are also reported, in agreement with NNLO QCD calculations.
- ▶ p_T^{ll} and ϕ_η^* distributions of Drell-Yan lepton pairs have been measured by ATLAS at \sqrt{s} =13 TeV. The data agrees with QCD prediction based on resummation approaches within uncertainties.



BACKUP



ATLAS DETECTOR

Sub-detector systems:

Inner detector (ID)
EM calorimeter
Hadronic calorimeter
Muon spectrum (MS)

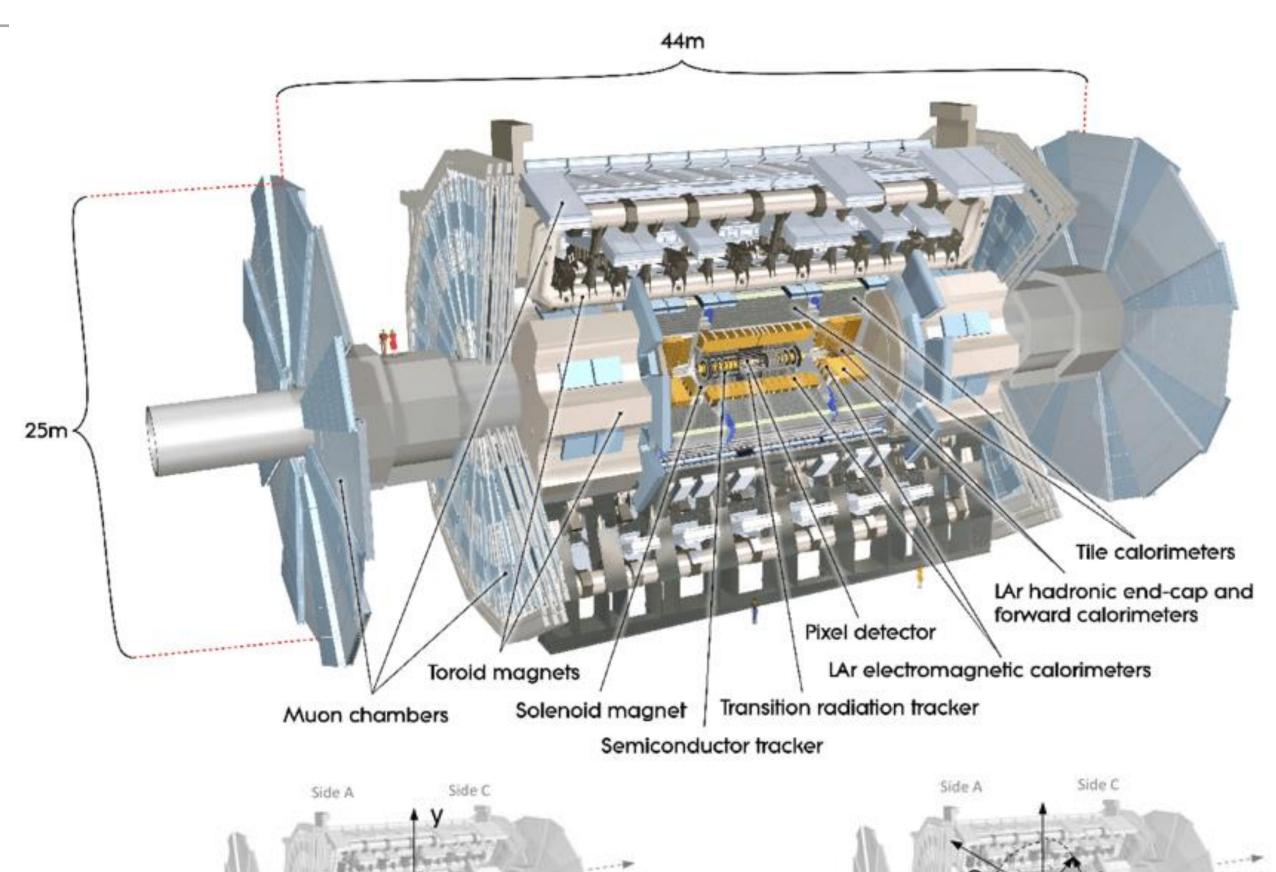
Magnet system:
Central solenoid magnet

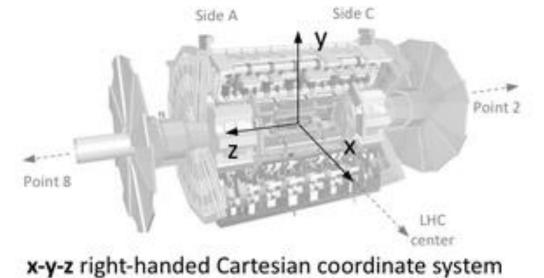
Barrel & end-cap toroids

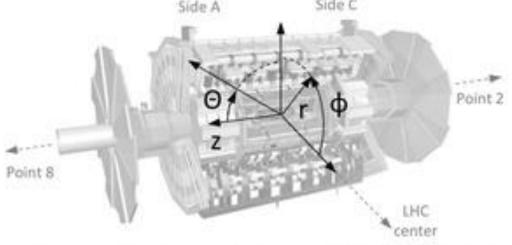
Pseudo-rapidity: $\eta = \ln[\tan(\theta/2)]$

Angular distance:

$$\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta \eta^2 + \Delta \theta^2}$$







r-ф-z cylindrical coordinates and Θ - visualization



ANA-STDM-2018-06: EVENT SELECTION

- Event trigger : at least 1 electron (muon) with $p_T^l >$ 15 GeV (10 GeV)
- ► Hard scatter vertex with at least 3 associated tracks
- Electrons: clusters of energy in EM matched to ID tracks, $p_T>20$ GeV, $|\eta|<2.4$ excluding $1.37<|\eta|<1.52,$ medium identification, isolated (Sum of transverse energies <10% of electron p_T within $\Delta R = 0.2$)
- Muons: combining tracks in MS and ID, p_T > 20 GeV, $|\eta|$ < 2.4 , isolated (p_T sum <80% of muon p_T within Δ R=0.8)
- W boson: hadronic recoil built from the vector sum of topoclusters calibrated to the hadronic scale
- $^{\blacktriangleright}$ W selection : exactly one lepton matching the trigger, E_{T}^{miss} > 25 GeV, m_{T} > 40 GeV
- $\,\,^{\triangleright}$ Z selection : exactly two opposite sign leptons fulfilling 66 < m_{ll} < 116 GeV, at least one matches the trigger

Fiducial volumes selection		
W-boson fiducial region	Z-boson fiducial region	
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell} > 20 \; \mathrm{GeV}$	$p_{\rm T}^{\ell^{+,-}} > 20 {\rm GeV}$	
$ \eta^{\ell} < 2.4$	$ \eta^{\ell^{\frac{1}{+},-}} < 2.4$	
$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} > 25~{\rm GeV}$	$66 < m_{\ell^+\ell^-} < 116 \text{ GeV}$	
$m_{\rm T} > 40~{\rm GeV}$		

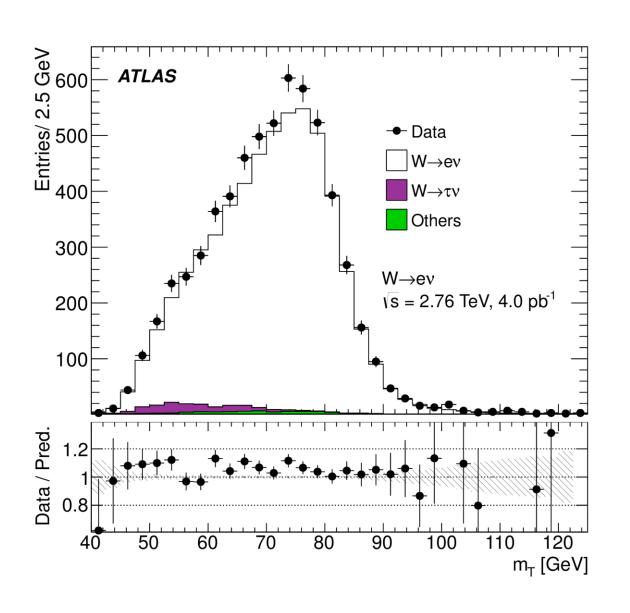


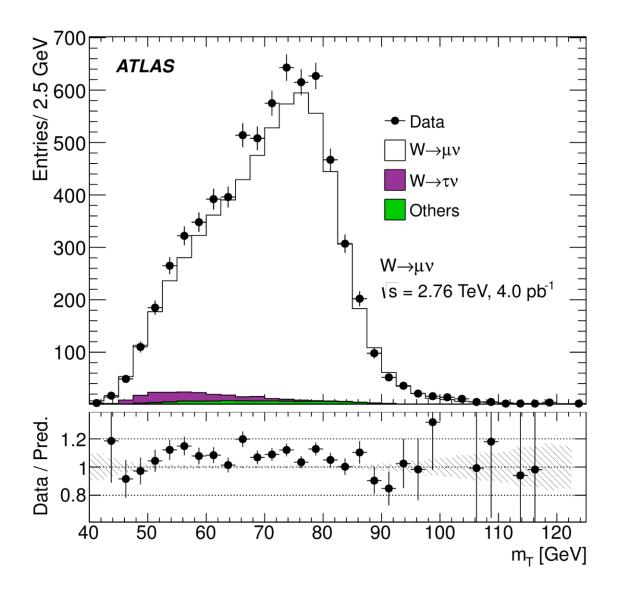
Combined fiducial and total X-sections

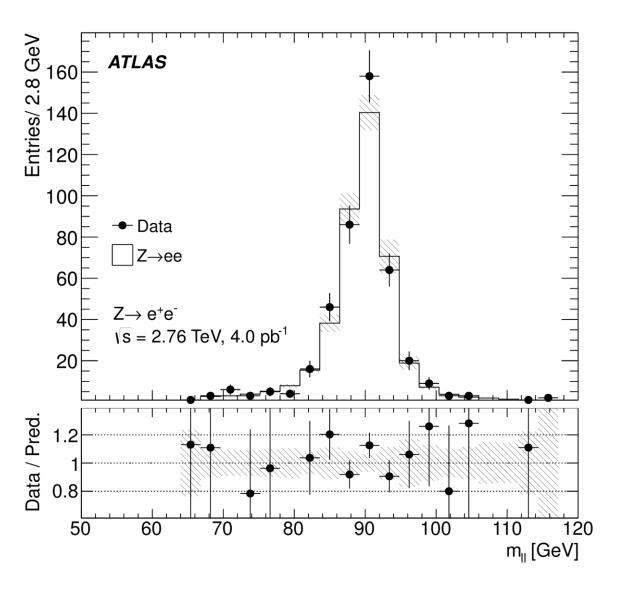
	Value ± stat. ± syst. ± lumi. (± extr.)	Value \pm stat. \pm syst. \pm lumi. (\pm extr.)					
	$W^+ o \ell \nu$	$W^- \to \ell \nu$					
σ_W^{fid} [pb]	$1433 \pm 16 \pm 17 \pm 44$	$798 \pm 12 \pm 10 \pm 25$					
σ_W^{tot} [pb]	$2312 \pm 26 \pm 27 \pm 72 \ (\pm 30)$	$1399 \pm 21 \pm 17 \pm 43 \ (\pm 21)$					
	$W o \ell \nu$						
σ_W^{fid} [pb]	$2231 \pm 20 \pm 26 \pm 69$						
$\sigma_W^{ m tot}$ [pb]	$3711 \pm 34 \pm 43 \pm 115 \ (\pm 51)$						
	$Z o \ell \ell$						
σ_Z^{fid} [pb]	$203.7 \pm 6.2 \pm 3.2 \pm 6.3$						
σ_Z^{tot} [pb]	$323.4 \pm 9.8 \pm 5.0 \pm 10.0 \ (\pm 5.5)$						

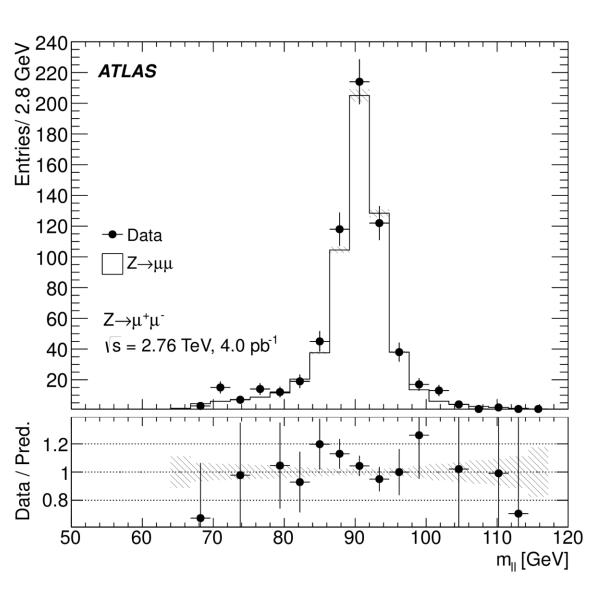


▶ mT or m_11 candidate events











Uncertainties

Electron Reco&ID: tag-and-probe method in 8 TeV data, extrapolated to the 2.76 TeV dataset. (+2%)

Isolation corrections: tag-and-probe at 2.76 TeV. Uncertainty is set to the correction itself. (1% at low pT, 0.3% at high pT)

Electron energy scale: possible bias in the calibration method, the choice of generator, the presampler energy scale, and imperfect knowledge of the material in front of the EM calorimeter.

Muon trigger and isolation: tag-and-probe at 2.76 TeV (1.1%; 0.6% (0.5%) at low(high) pT)

Muon Reco&ID: tag-and-probe method at 8 TeV is applied

MET: smearing and bias corrections applied to obtain satisfactory modelling of the recoil

Luminosity: calibration of the luminosity scale derived from beam-separation scans performed during the 2.76 TeV operation (3.1%)

Uncertainties (correlations)

Source		Muon channel			Electron channel		
		W^+	W^-	Z	W^+	W^-	
Muon trigger		A	A	_	_	_	
Muon reconstruction/ID		A	A	_	_	_	
Muon energy scale/resolution		A	A	_	_	_	
Muon isolation		A	A	_	_	_	
Electron trigger		_	_	A*	A^*	A^*	
Electron reconstruction/ID		_	_	Α	A	A	
Electron energy scale/resolution		_	_	A	A	A	
Electron isolation		_	_	A	A	A	
Recoil related		A	A	_	A	A	
EW background		В	В	A	В	В	
Top-quark background		A	A	A	A	A	
Multijet background		A	A	_	A	A	
PDF		A	A	A	A	A	

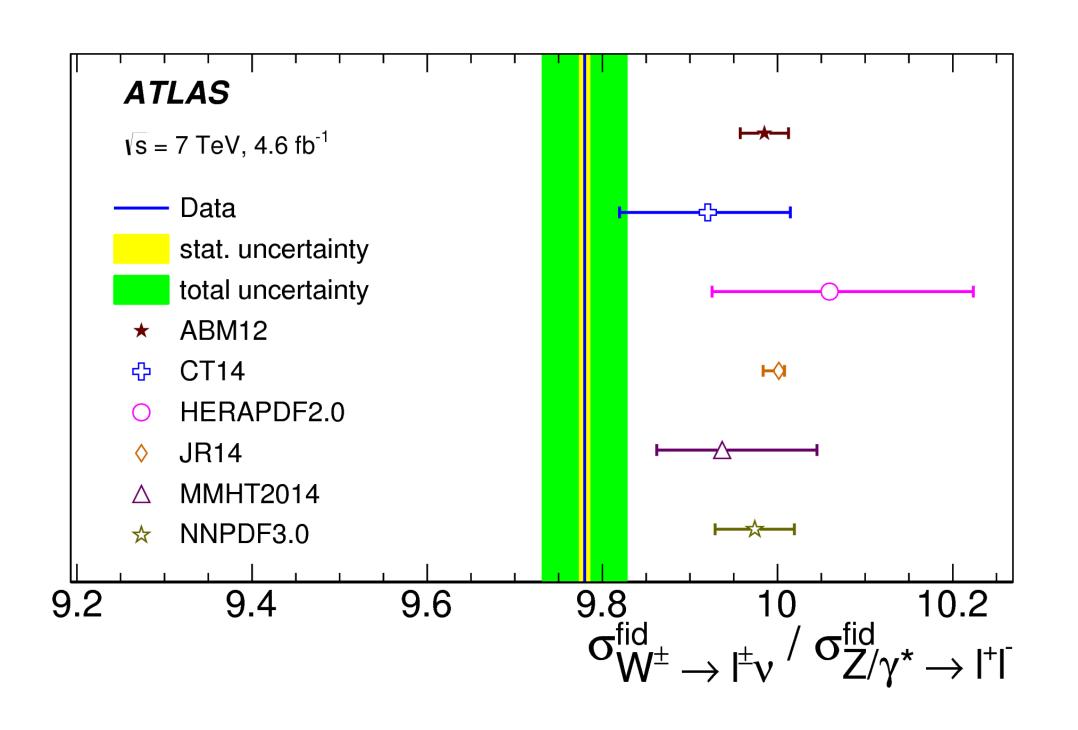
Same letter in a row: fully correlated

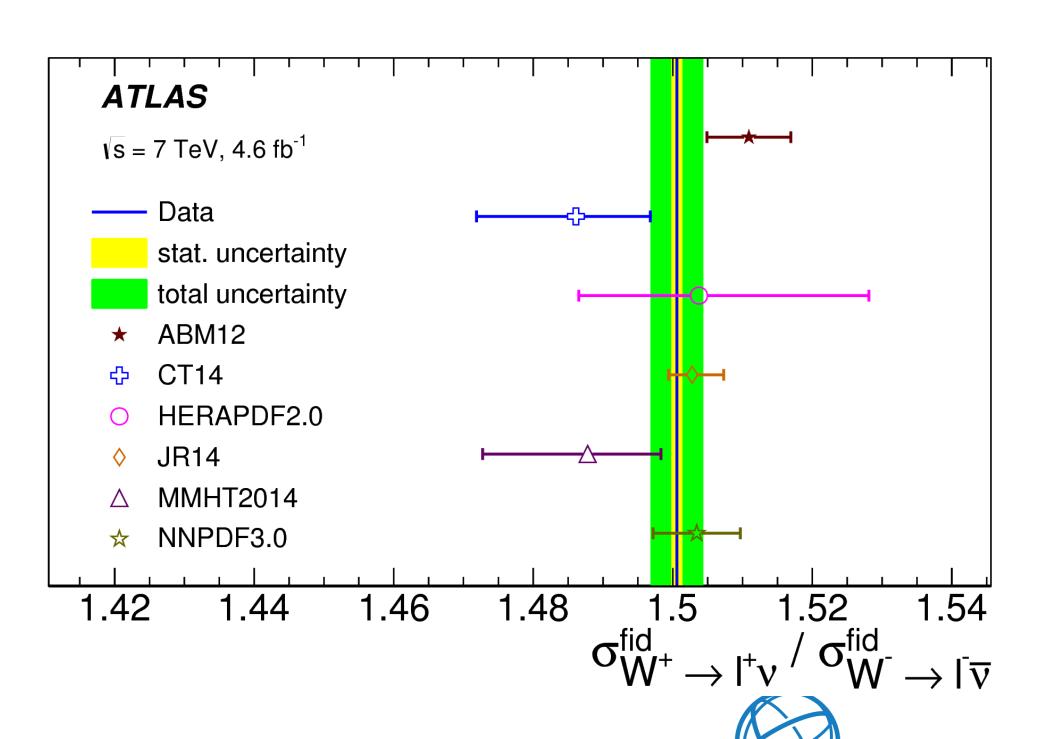
Starred letter: mostly correlated with the same letter in a row

Different letters in a row: fully or mostly uncorrelated



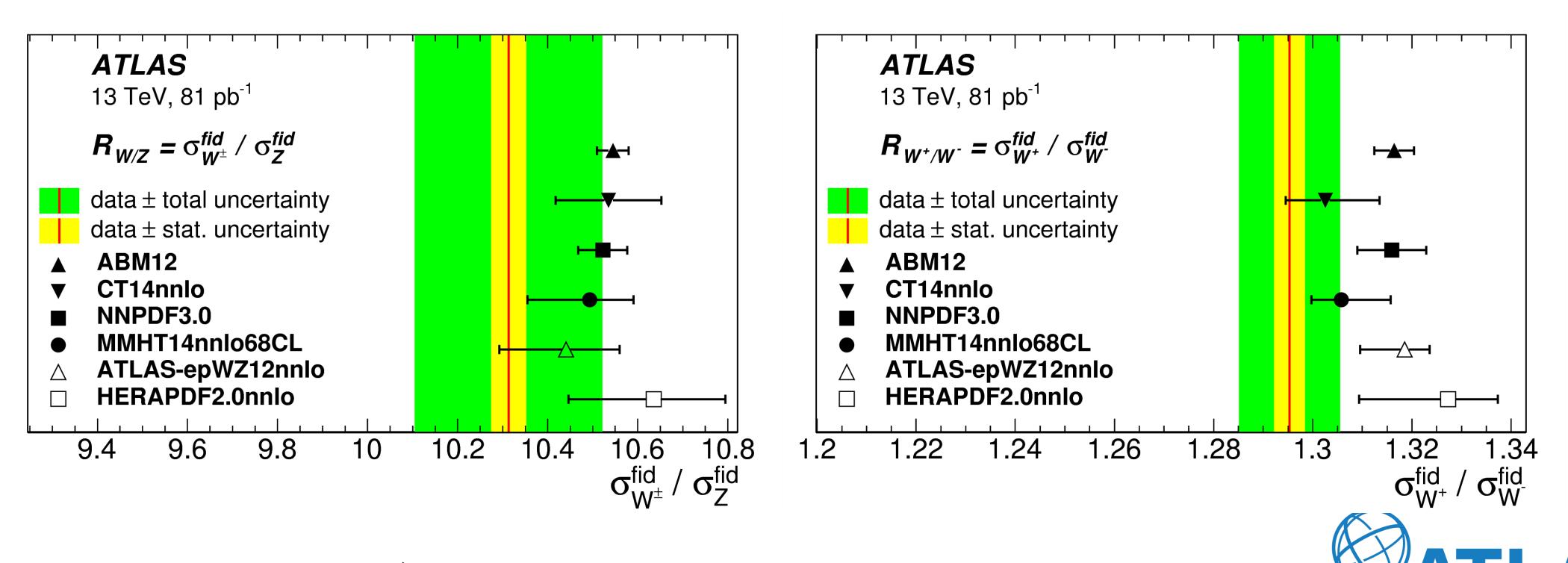
 $ightharpoonup R_{W/Z}$ and R_{W^+/W^-} at 7 TeV





DOI: 10.1140/epjc/s10052-017-4911-9

 $ightharpoonup R_{W/Z}$ and R_{W^+/W^-} at 13 TeV



DOI: 10.1016/j.physletb.2016.06.023

ANA-STDM-2018-14: EVENT SELECTION

- \blacktriangleright $Z \rightarrow ee$ trigger: at least 1 isolated electron with $p_T > 24 \text{GeV}$ in 2015 and $p_T > 26 \text{ GeV}$ in 2016
- ${ { Z} \to \mu \mu}$ trigger: at least 1 isolated muon with $p_T >$ 20GeV in 2015 and $p_T >$ 26GeV in 2016
- Primary vertex: at least 2 reconstructed tracks with $p_T \,>\, 0.4 \,\, \text{GeV}$
- Electron candidate: clusters of energy in EM matched to ID tracks, *medium* identification and *gradient* isolation
 - ▶ $p_T > 27$ GeV, $\mid \eta \mid < 2.47$ excluding 1.37 $< \mid \eta \mid < 1.52$, impact parameter cuts
- Muon candidate: combining tracks in MS and ID, medium identification, gradient isolation
 - $p_T > 27$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$, impact parameter cuts
- Exactly two opposite sign leptons fulfilling 66 < m_{ll} < 116 GeV, at least one matches the trigger

 $ightharpoonup Z/\gamma^*
ightharpoonup ll$ fiducial volume selection:

Exactly two OSSF leptons with $p_T > 27 \text{GeV}$ and $|\eta| < 2.5$ and $66 < m_{ll} < 116 \text{ GeV}$



▶ Background simulation: Powheg+Pythia8 for $Z \to \tau\tau$ and diboson, Powheg+Pythia6/Powheg+Pythia8 for top background, Pythia8 for $\gamma\gamma \to ll$



Uncertainties

Limited size of data & MC samples: pseudo-experiment variations

Dominant uncertainties in pTll: scale and resolution of electron energy scale and muon momentum scale

Dominant uncertainties in fiducial X-section: electron or muon Reco and ID (uncorrelated)

MC background estimations: independently varying the theory crosssections used to normalize the corresponding samples and observing the effect

Luminosity: LUCID-2 for the primary luminosity measurements (2.1%)



Multijet-dominated samples

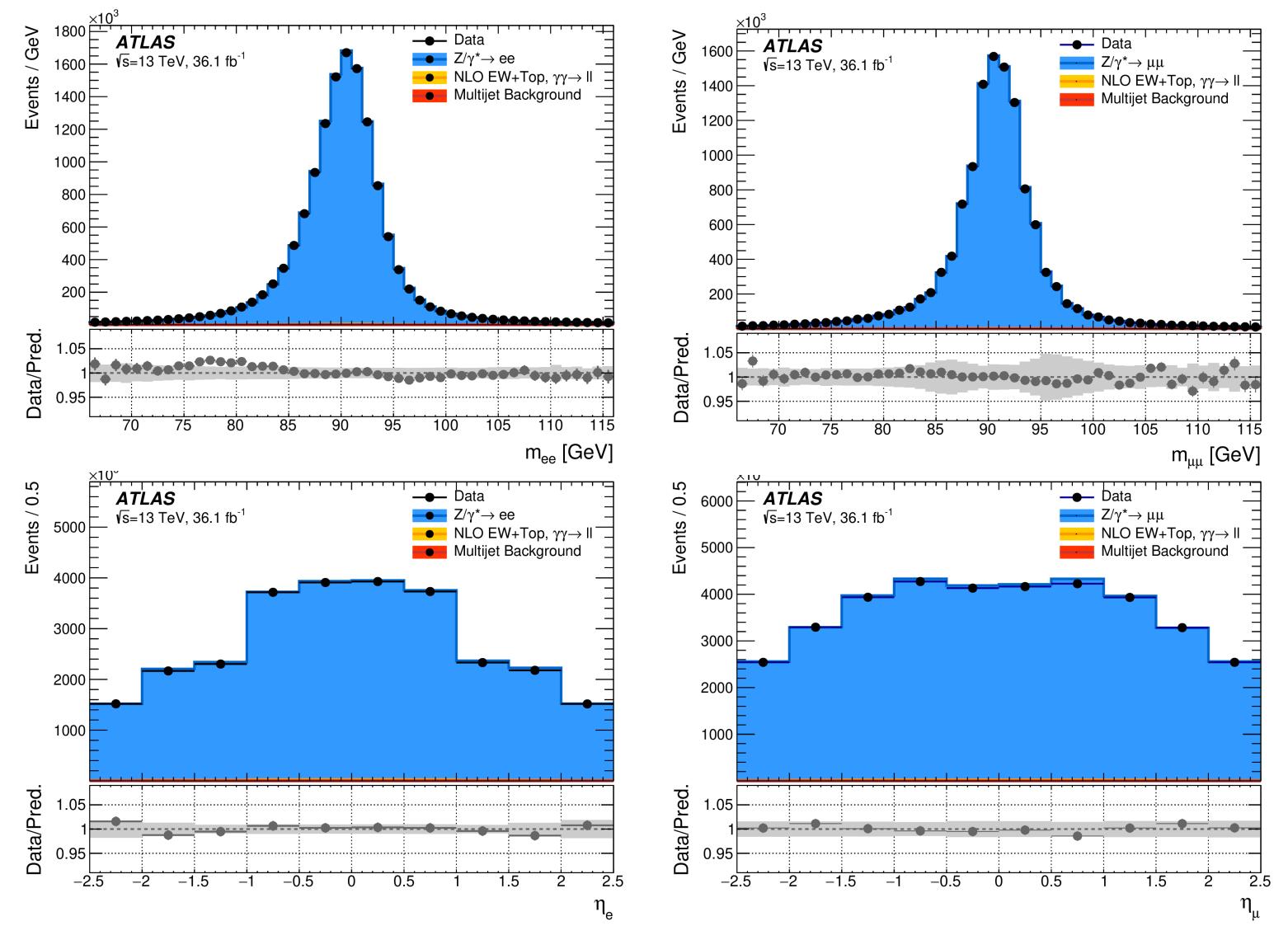
Electron: two same-charge electrons passing loose ID but not medium ID, collected by di-electron trigger without isolation.

Muon: two same-charge muons.

Normalization of the template

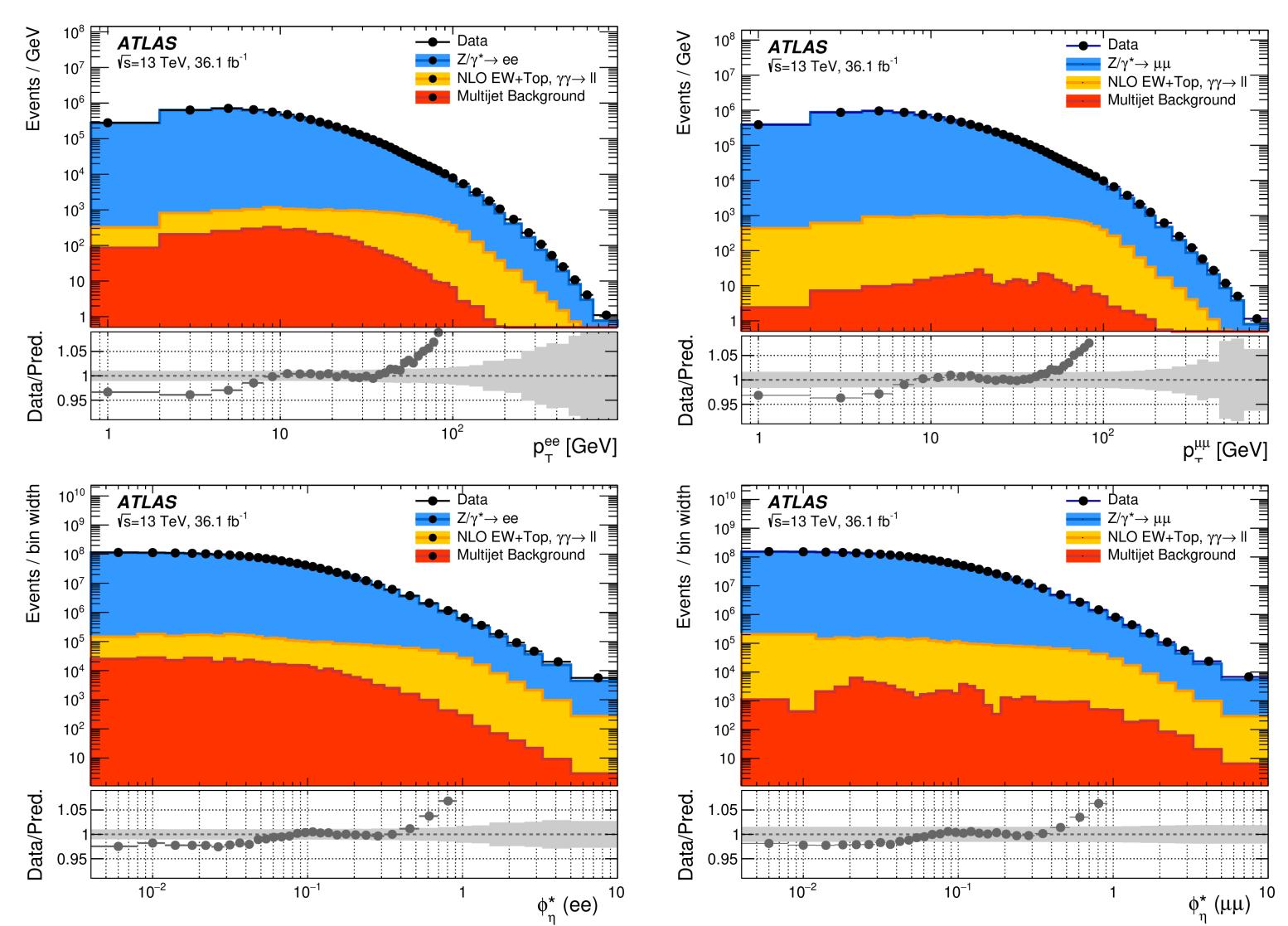
Electron: A fit to the distribution of the electron isolation using all event-selection criteria except the ones for isolation variables.

Muon: Using the ratio of number of opposite-charge dimuon events to the number of same-charge events where the muons don't satisfy the isolation criteria.



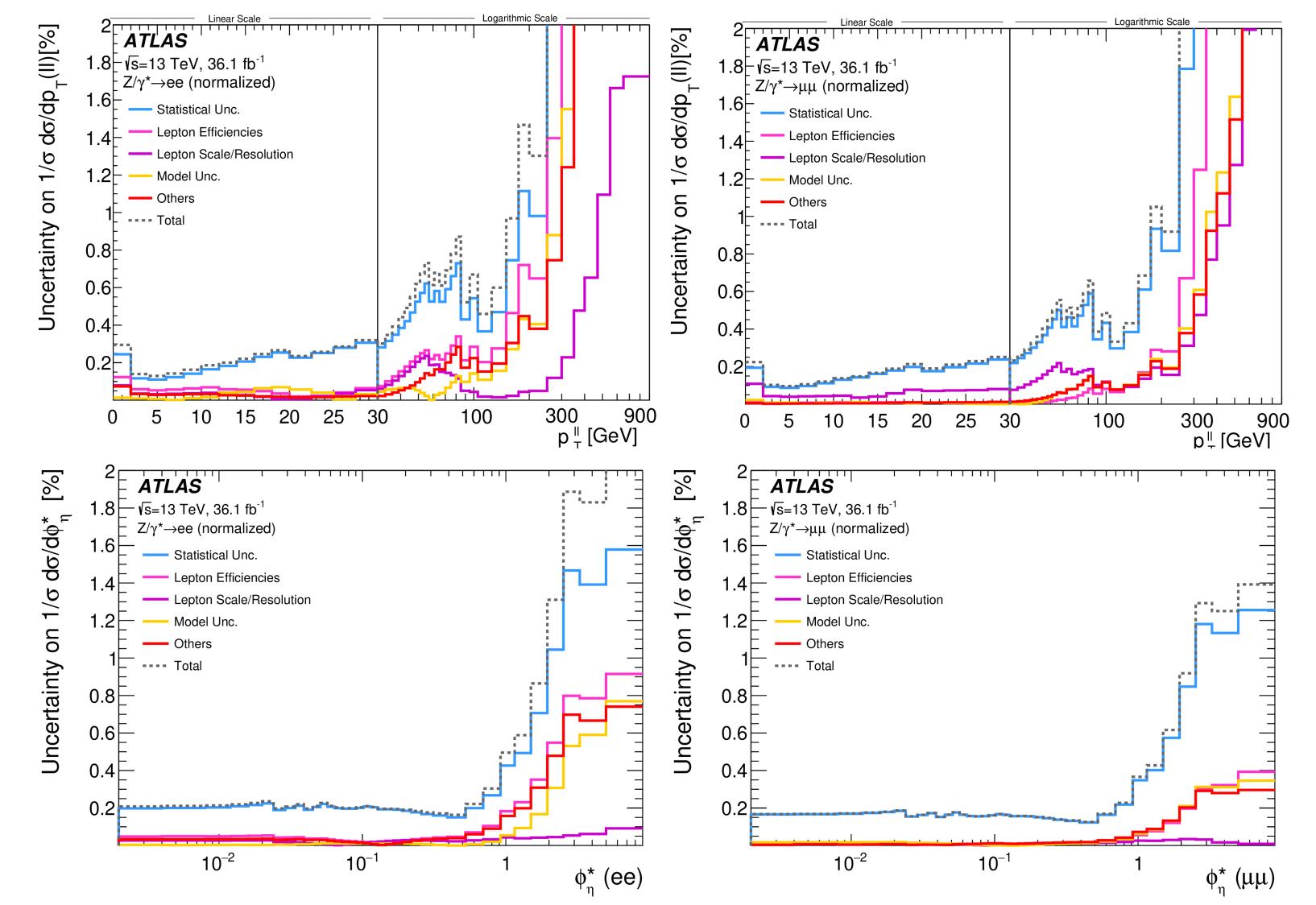
• m_{ll} and η_l for both channels.





 $\begin{array}{c} \boldsymbol{\triangleright} \ p_T^{ll} \ \ \text{and} \ \ \boldsymbol{\varphi}_{\eta}^* \ \ \text{for} \\ \text{both channels} \end{array}$





 p_T^{ll} and ϕ_{η}^* uncertainties

