### **Elastic Stack - SDCC**

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#### **Overview**

- Elastic Overview
- Node configurations (elk01-04)
- Our Implementation
  - Logstash configurations
  - Elastic Indexes
- Storage Use and Growth
- Summary and Future Plans





#### **Elastic Overview**

• At simplest, it's "document" ingestion, enrichment and analysis and NOT single-point-of-truth database (a "document" could be log entry, wikipedia entry, blog post, db transaction etc. etc.)

/var/log/app.log

DATE=202009010800 USER=matt IP=1.2.3.4 EVENT=authentication

DATE=202009010801 USER=matt IP=1.2.3.4 EVENT=file create FILE=stuff.txt

DATE=202009010802 USER=matt IP=1.2.3.4 EVENT=file edit FILE=stuff.txt

- Elasticsearch stores each entry above
  - As an atomic document for representation in kibana etc.
  - But more importantly, as an inverted index that allows for fast searching
- To be clear: Apache Lucene is what's indexing these documents
- Elasticsearch is really the outer layer that handles what to do with these onto storage
  - Distributed (NoSQL), node-aware
  - Shard primaries and replicas
  - Not intended as an RBDMS with persistent, historic atomic points of truth





#### **Elastic Overview**

- Index <= Shards <= Documents</li>
  - Index represents some logical thing sent to Elasticsearch
    - Could be log or some logical extraction of log (event or just time window)
    - Can combine indexes with aliases to search or visualize across indexes
  - Shards spread the indexed data across the nodes
    - Shard = 1 lucene index
    - Primary shard is stored on 1 node and can be written to
    - Replica shard is spread across nodes and is only read from
  - continued...





#### **Elastic Overview**

- Index <= Shards <= Documents</li>
  - Document
    - Flat, independent, self-containing thing (perhaps event, metric, blog post)
    - Self-containing meaning it is not joined to some other index like relational database; allows for "fuzziness"
    - Since the storage is NoSQL can support denormalized/semi-structured data
    - Besides the initial index mapping no presupposition of a future purpose
      - idea is to store quick, extract and enrich later





## **Node Configurations**

- ELK cluster ("sdcc-test") consists of 4 nodes (elk01,elk02,elk03,elk04)
- Sizes
  - 16GB of RAM
  - 4 CPUs
  - 300 GB disks
  - 256 GB of disk space is allocated to /var
- Elasticsearch 7.6.2 running on all 4 nodes
- Logstash 7.6.2 (elk04)
- Kibana 7.6.2 (elk04)
- Nightly incremental snapshots written to nfs01 mount





### **Our Implementation**

- For our implementation so far, "documents" are
  - log entries
  - System metric snapshots
  - Database view
- BNLBox
  - Nextcloud log index
  - Apache log index
  - 3 database states (count of users, total storage, storage by user)
- Globus
  - Globus log
- "beats" agents
  - Filebeats (we have all of these pointed to logstash)
  - Metricbeats (all system heartbeats are going directly to elasticsearch)





## **Our Implementation - Logstash**

- 3 Logstash pre-processing pipelines
  - # grokking of all nextcloud and apache logs
  - pipeline.id: user\_data
    - path.config: "/usr/share/logstash/config/conf.d/bnlbox/user\_data.conf"
  - # sql calls out to bnlbox postgres db for storage counts
  - pipeline.id: storage\_data
    - path.config: "/usr/share/logstash/config/conf.d/bnlbox/storage\_data.conf"
  - # parsing/grokking of globus server log
  - pipeline.id: globus\_data
    - path.config: "/usr/share/logstash/config/conf.d/globus/globus.conf"





## **Our Implementation - Logstash**

Enrichment Example → user\_data.conf

```
[message] =~ /Login successful:/ {
     mutate {
          add_field => {"action" => "Login Successful"}
          add tag => ["login"]
[message] =~ /File created:/ {
     mutate {
          add field => {"action" => "File Created"}
          add_tag => ["file_edit"]
    grok {
      match => {
       "message" => "File created: \"%{GREEDYDATA:file}\""
[message] =~ /File written to:/ {
     mutate {
          add field => {"action" => "File Written"}
         add_tag => ["file_edit"]
    grok {
      match => {
       "message" => "File written to: \"%{GREEDYDATA:file}\""
```





# **Our Implementation - Logstash**

• Example → Globus.conf

```
input {
 beats {
filter {
  #grok {
  # patterns_dir => "/usr/share/logstash/config/conf.d/globus/patterns"
  # match => { "message" => "%{GRIDFTP}" }
  kv {
   transform key => "lowercase"
  mutate {
   rename => {"[host]" => "[hostname]"}
  mutate {
   convert => {"nbytes" => "integer"}
  geoip {
   source => "dest"
output {
 elasticsearch {
  index => "globus"
```





## **Our Implementation - metricbeats**

Metricbeats are sending system heartbeats every hour for bnlbox nodes and elk cluster nodes

(bnlbox01-03, elk01-04)

- - module: system
  - period: 1h
  - metricsets:
  - cpu
  - load
  - memory
  - network
  - process
  - process\_summary
  - socket\_summary
  - diskio
  - uptime
  - top 5 processes by cpu
  - top 5 processes by memory





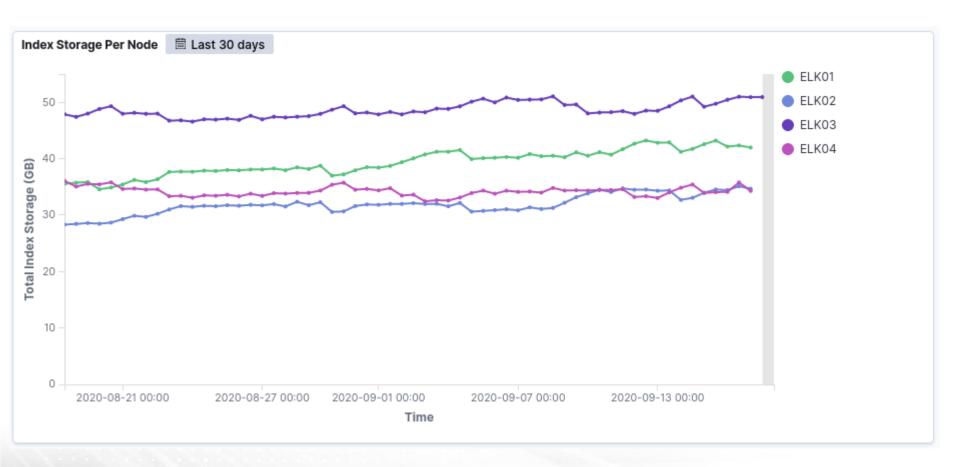
# **Index Lifecycle Management**

- Optimizing when to rollover indexes
- Previous policy for some indexes (nextcloud, apache) was set to a daily rollover which could be a problem with many hot indexes and if query interest is broader (across months)
- Current lifecycle policies
  - 50GB or 30 days age whichever is soonest
  - OK for now but need to look into including
    - Document count limiter based on rate inspected
    - Put older indexes to cold phase (read-only since so far none of these documents or indices need to be updated once they're ingested, transformed into Elasticsearch)





# **Storage Use and Growth**







### **Summary and Future plans**

- Showed current sdcc-test ELK cluster
- Implementations of bnlbox and globus log monitoring on ELK stack
- Need a better understanding around index lifecycle management and optimizations of shard replication across nodes
- At one point metricbeats accounted for ~75% of index storage and document count; reduced cadence; nagios monitoring probably makes this unnecessary
- More insights into globus transfers from raw logs
- Where are the "hot" and "cold" files?
- Current vision is no need for disparate elastic systems since we can horizontally scale according to a specific index/shard (log ingestion)
- Combine all on 1 cluster of new storage and tune appropriately





## Thanks for your time!

**Questions?** 



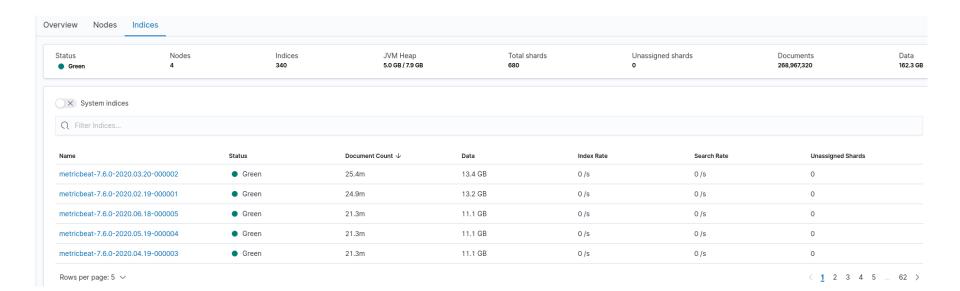


#### **Extra Slides**





# Kibana - Index Mgmt







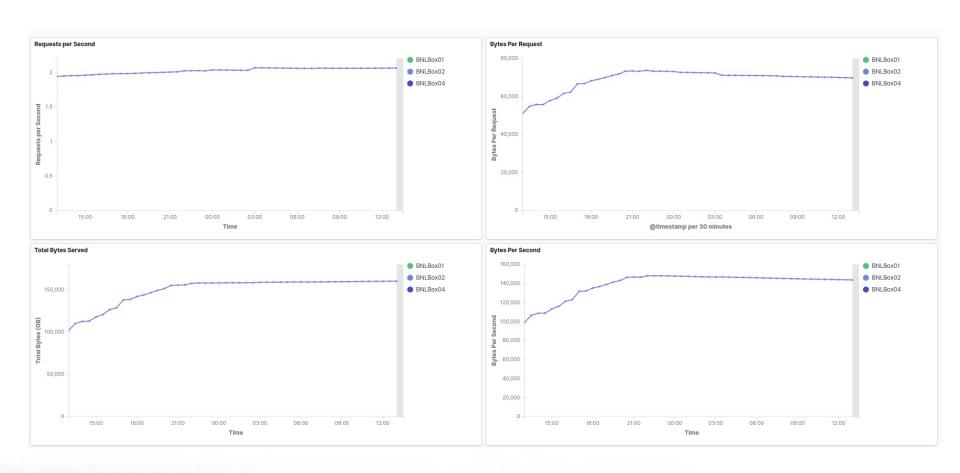
#### Kibana API console

Search Profiler Grok Debugger History Settings Help 1 GET / cat/indices?v&human pri rep docs.count docs.deleted store.size pri.store.size nextcloud-2020.06.29 pojolXUBRdG7UrCApZ05mA nextcloud-2020.06.23 14051 14.2mb 7.4mb GET / cat/indices/metricbeat-7.6.0-2020.05.19-000004?v FaJb-7YeSmirBzaAVa5fma nextcloud-2020.06.24 RyaNr-XWQc6R6j8-BPLXZq 4759 1249 6.8mb 3.3mb green GET / cat/indices/metricbeat-7.6.0 areen nextcloud-2020.06.21 K5cWu2IxSyaIaFQUSI2zZQ 564 2.5mb 438 5kh 4630 nextcloud-2020.06.22 VaHvSX9sTqq5p 5 NMdiuQ 4.8mb POST / analyze nextcloud-2020.06.27 GioQmp-TSjSbzJ4smQAKpw 924 616.1kb {"text": "You'll love Elasticsearch 7.0."} nextcloud-2020.06.28 m7cTaly90gm DOuMLRsAkg 1183 3.4mb 710.4kb areen open nextcloud-2020.06.25 1xWf N9YRyufFToPkpUB-Q 1620 3121 6.1mb 2.1mb GET / cat/indices/gridftp-test 283b filebeat - 7.6.1 - 2020.08.13 - 000006 9ANacb8rRsaaCZUa2-fu0w 566b areen nextcloud-2020.06.26 -Rjcym6hT7a L46E0T8hSQ 3439 5666 9.3mb 4.5mb yeR1QNZATV-vDFh8IfqcbQ 12 PUT /gridftp-test/ mapping apache-ssl-2020.05.29 162880 183mb 91 4mb 13 -24907963 13.2qb 6.6qb 159 4mh 79 5mb 14 + "properties": { 14 apache-ssl-2020.05.27 R314J-UMSl-bWtYK3bsnyw 15 -"nbytes": { 15 apache-ssl-2020.05.28 cp1MuyqFS2WSAnXq-hyrsQ 164671 174.3mb 87.1mb areen 16 "type": "long" 16 apache-ssl-2020.05.25 3cELQtc4Qh-DrbLQkCtHkA 90030 104.7mb 52.3mb ZRSEG0SBSHmuQeKdvqgdJQ 17 nextcloud-2020.06.30 6603 12.1mb 6mb areen open 18 apache-ssl-2020.05.26 FHgR2osdT0gays7--prjIg 137512 151.4mb 76.6mb 19 - } FF1VgfAhR4WnsSkHj2Kpkg areen apache-ssl-2020.05.23 75641 81.8mb 40.9mb AP6XoPomQ3mf2DBGCHpHnq 86008 49.7mb GET /gridftp-test/ doc/uwShVXQB3A7iEXlyv7B0 WTqJhAERQYmej IXgbaKkmw 186894 194 4mh 97 2mh apache-ssl-2020.05.21 22 apache-ssl-2020.05.22 aVfHUs2ATLyW3GT1SXuSJQ 155398 90.1mb areen 23 GET / cat/aliases?v 23 apache-ssl-2020.05.20 hsaxhfuCTz0q9Hf tX8L6w 158574 177.2mb 89.2mb 24 24 XwPt5kh9RIuMdlURXAGLZA 2662 6666 10.2mb 5.1mb nextcloud-2020.07.09 areen 25 GET / ilm/policy 25 nextcloud-2020.07.08 LAHWYm9TSbm5N6 lelDiRg 3194 5701 7.4mb 4.5mb 26 26 green nextcloud-2020.07.03 WUQpkBT0R5mQCeGGFxQ1AA 1305 4.6mb 899.7kb 27 ELapii0VQJqC3EcRXut2hQ 22448 5557 21.3mb GET /globus/ mapping 11.2mb 28 12594 5.6mb areen nextcloud-2020.07.01 blo958tLRAiB2zfAohjEnA 13.9mb 29 GET / cat/shards nextcloud-2020.07.07 2-58fyIIQeWfkQdXvuND2Q 2020 8.3mb 3mb 30 nextcloud-2020.07.06 nKghTDRoQQGTMJMTHdYs9g 6747 6.1mb 3mb 31 GET /globus/ mapping 31 nextcloud-2020.07.05 RPb7s9YfQF0q0kWxszd6KA 3152 2185 5.9mb 2.5mb areen open 32 32 nextcloud-2020.07.04 3kbGt-ufTo2rbtHGkqWrtw 2549 2751 6.4mb 2.5mb 33 3016666 590710 1.5gb 33 green .monitoring-es-7-2020.09.11 1Ph7 LD-RE6KBQamTBBr8q 3.1qb apache-ssl-2020.06.08 Ax85SallRxuE9v4IEijN0Q 100825 116.4mb 58.2mb 142.7kb 63kb 35 qgipFNSqTC-ABho9kioDsA 23 areen connection-2020.08.20 areen apache-ssl-2020.06.09 q0ykZsUKTCqqownob6eQBA 122355 135.5mb 67.7mb KRaBvViORNqHOBjaeuX0Eg green .monitoring-es-7-2020.09.13 3058818 260852 3.1gb 1.5gb





# **BNLBbox apache dashboard**







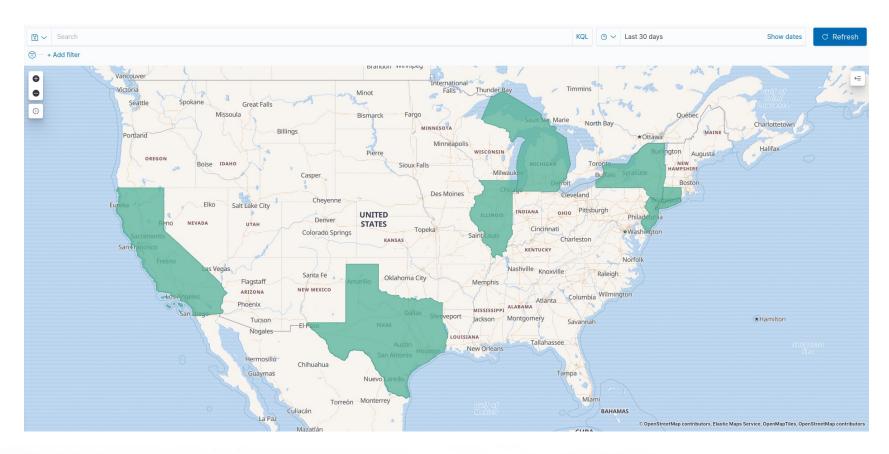
# globus01 transfer size (incl. tag cloud top 5 users by nbytes)







# globus01 transfer regional destinations (todo: include geo\_point heat map layer)







# globus01 transfer world country destinations (todo: include geo\_point heat map layer)

