
Azimuthal asymmetry of the hadron endcap tracker performance

Rey Cruz-Torres

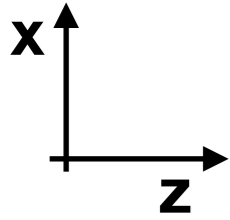
EIC Integration / Complementarity WG meeting

10/21/2020



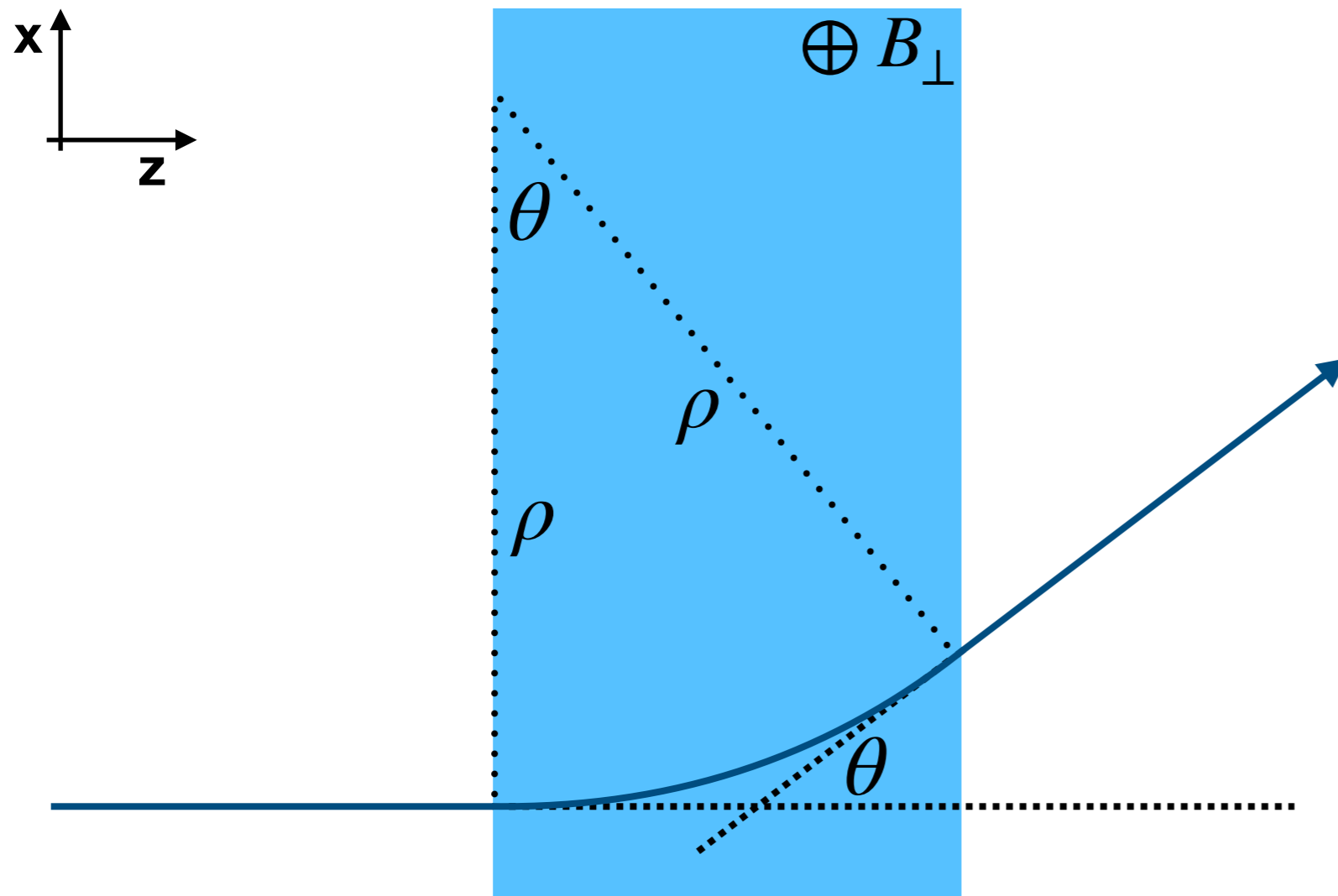
Momentum Determination (charged particles)

- Momentum is measured by tracking particles traversing a magnetic field



Momentum Determination (charged particles)

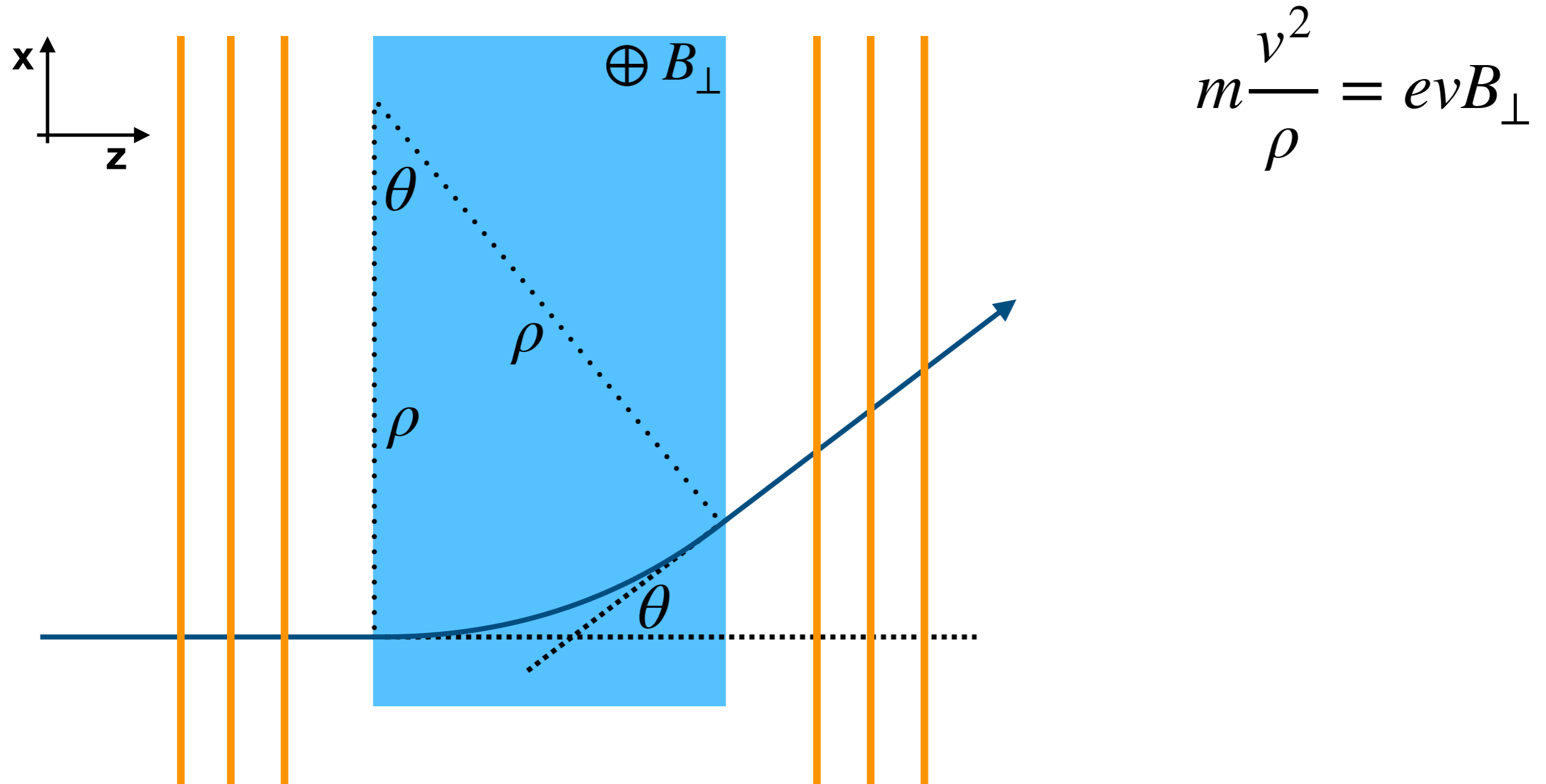
- Momentum is measured by tracking particles traversing a **magnetic field**



$$m \frac{v^2}{\rho} = evB_{\perp}$$

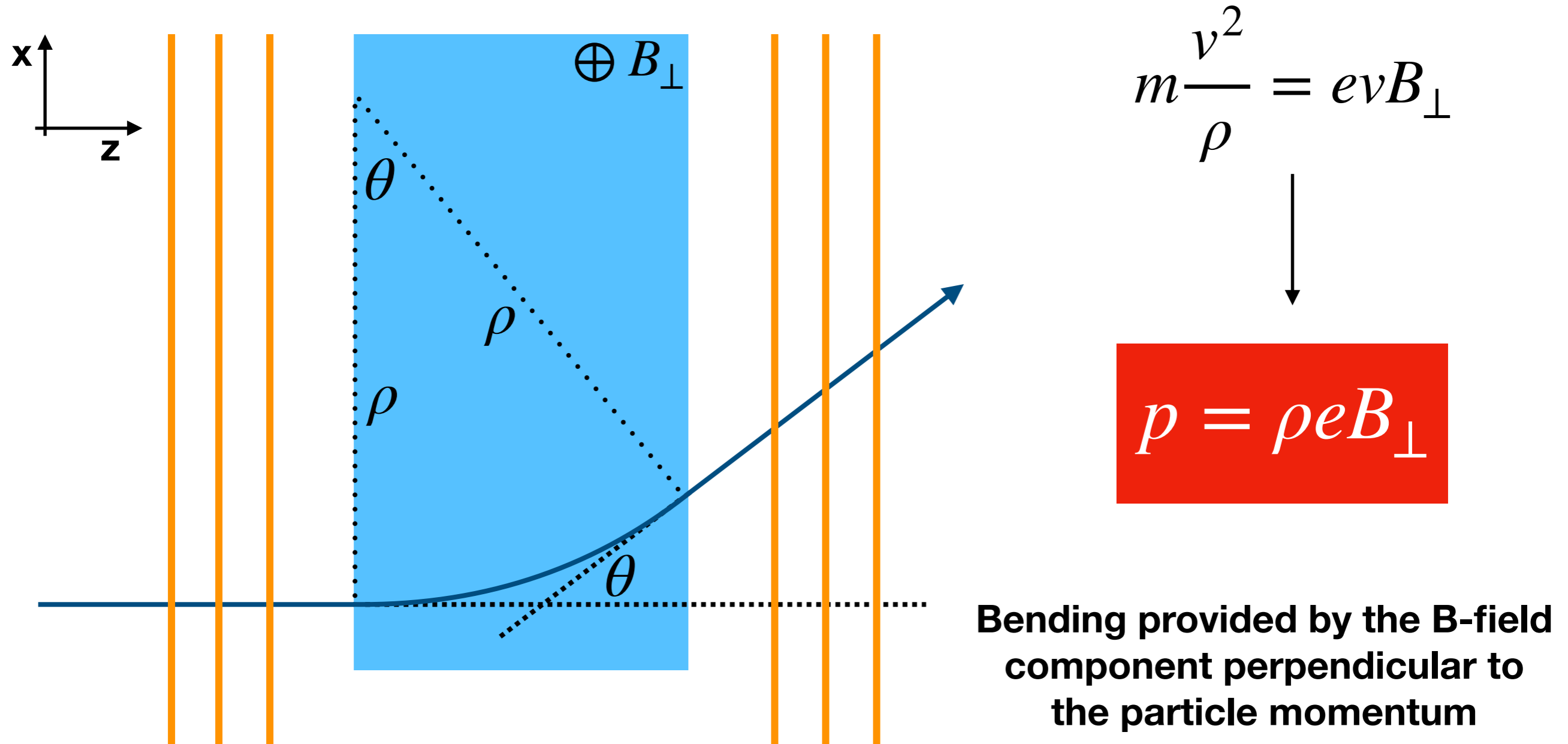
Momentum Determination (charged particles)

- Momentum is measured by **tracking** particles traversing a **magnetic field**



Momentum Determination (charged particles)

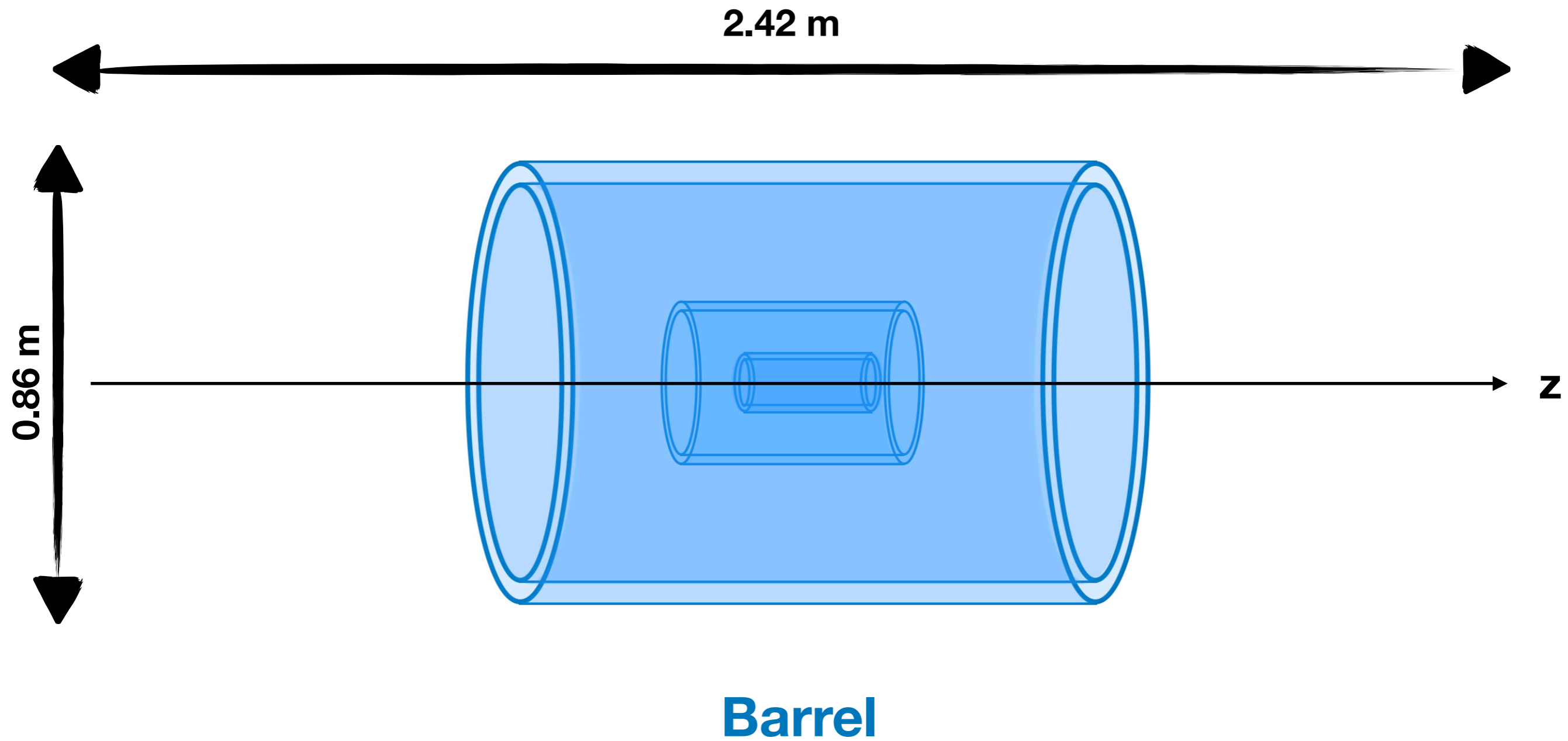
- Momentum is measured by **tracking** particles traversing a **magnetic field**



More bending ($\int B_{\perp} \cdot dl$) \rightarrow better momentum resolution

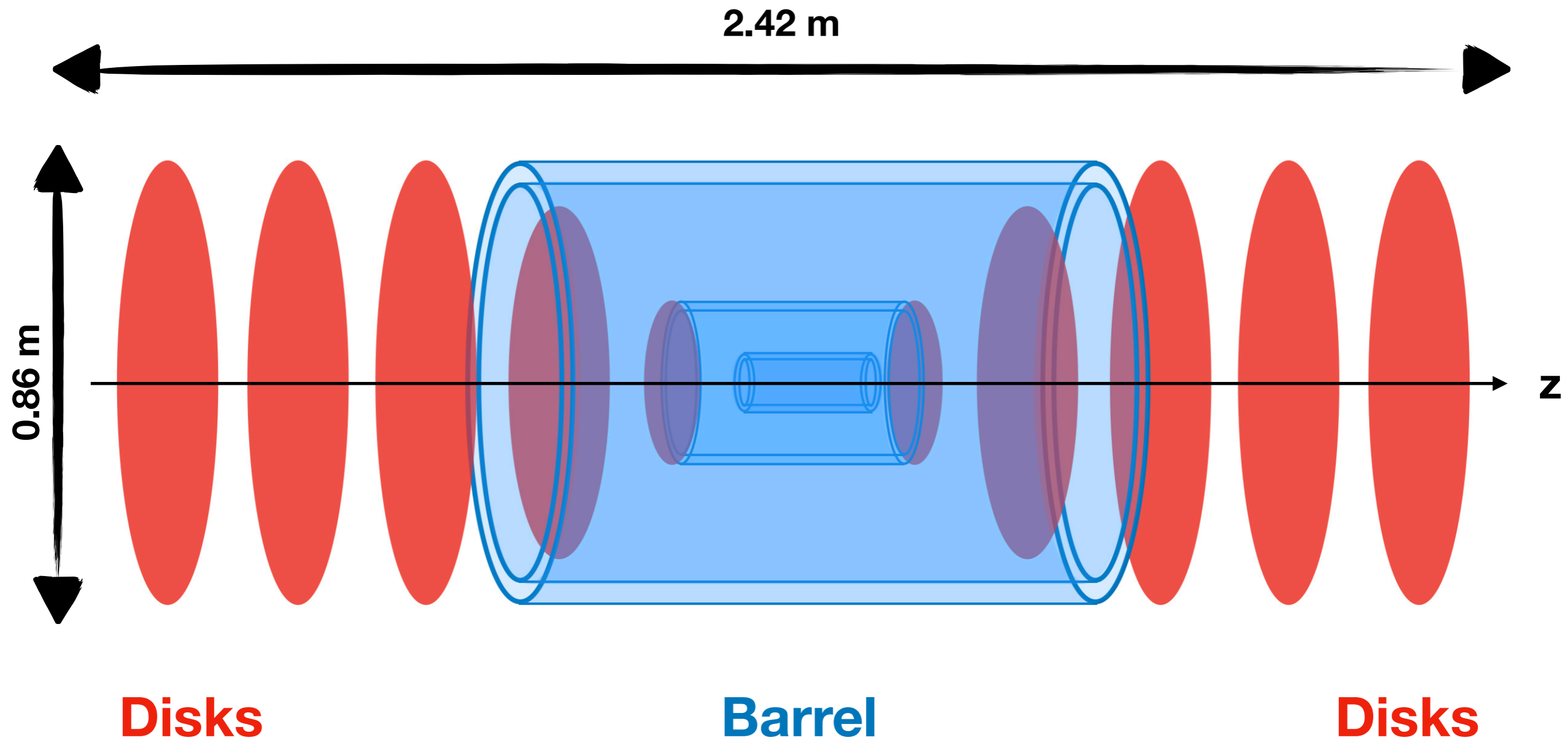
EIC All-Silicon Tracker Prototype

- Momentum is measured by tracking particles traversing a magnetic field



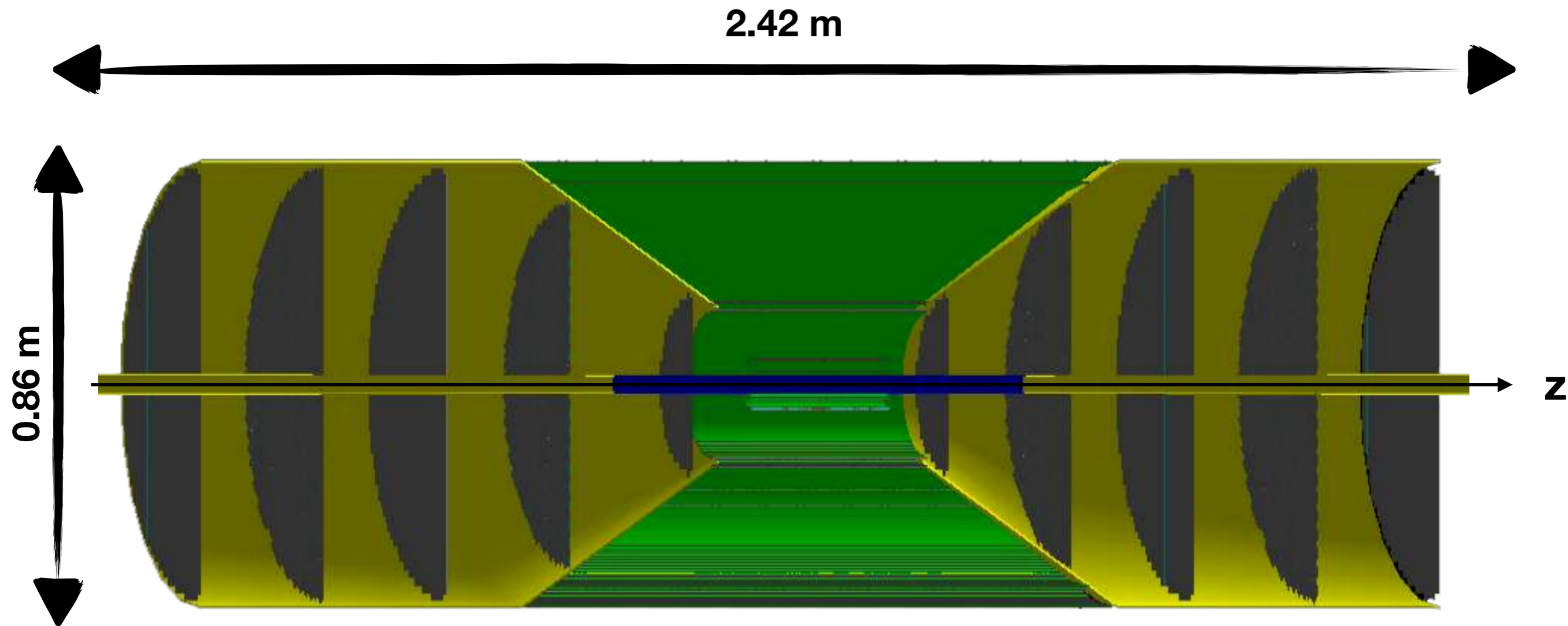
EIC All-Silicon Tracker Prototype

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EIC All-Silicon Tracker Prototype

- Momentum is measured by tracking particles traversing a magnetic field



Geant event display

Silicon disks

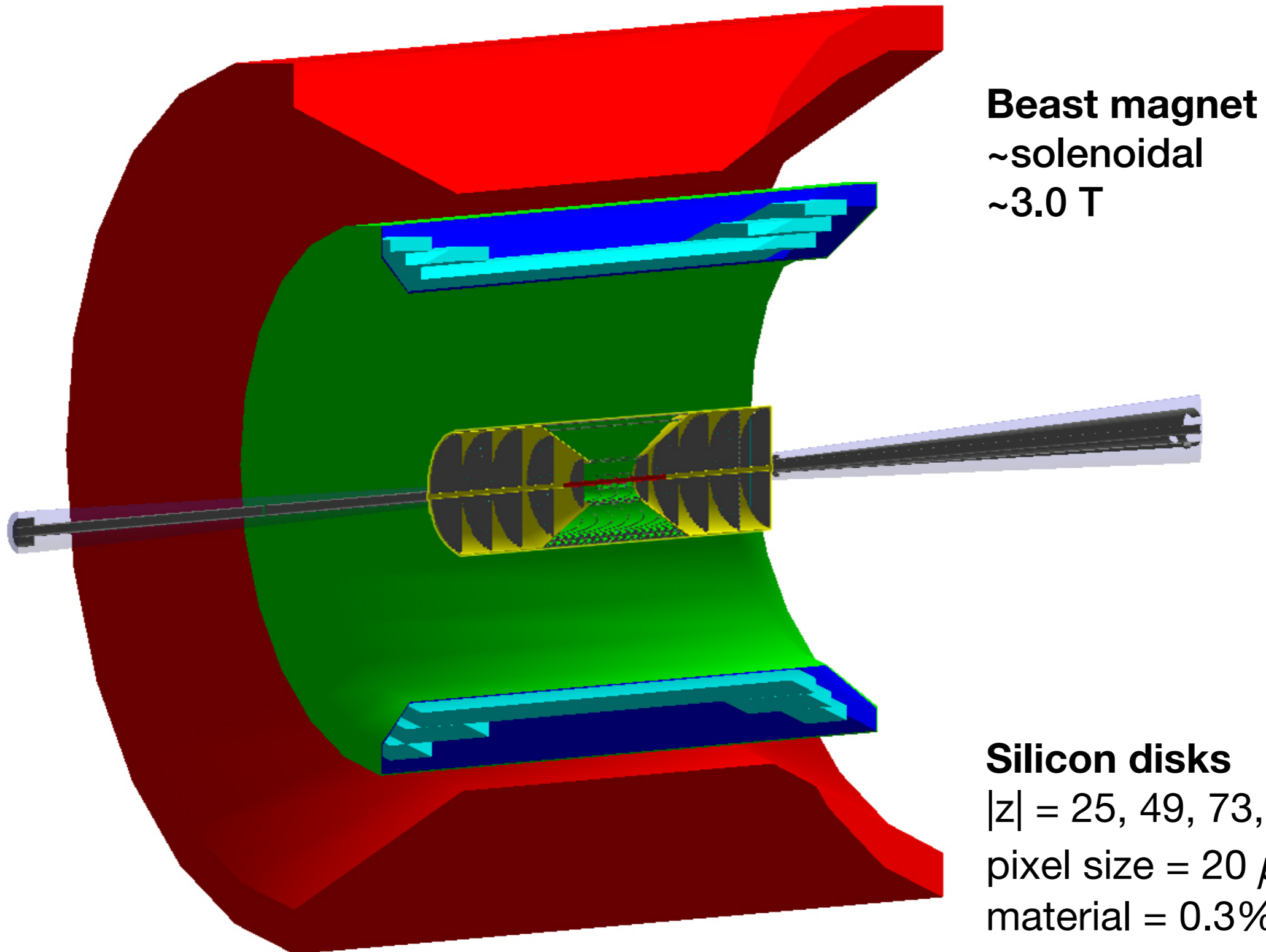
$|z| = 25, 49, 73, 97, 121$ cm

pixel size = $20 \mu\text{m}$

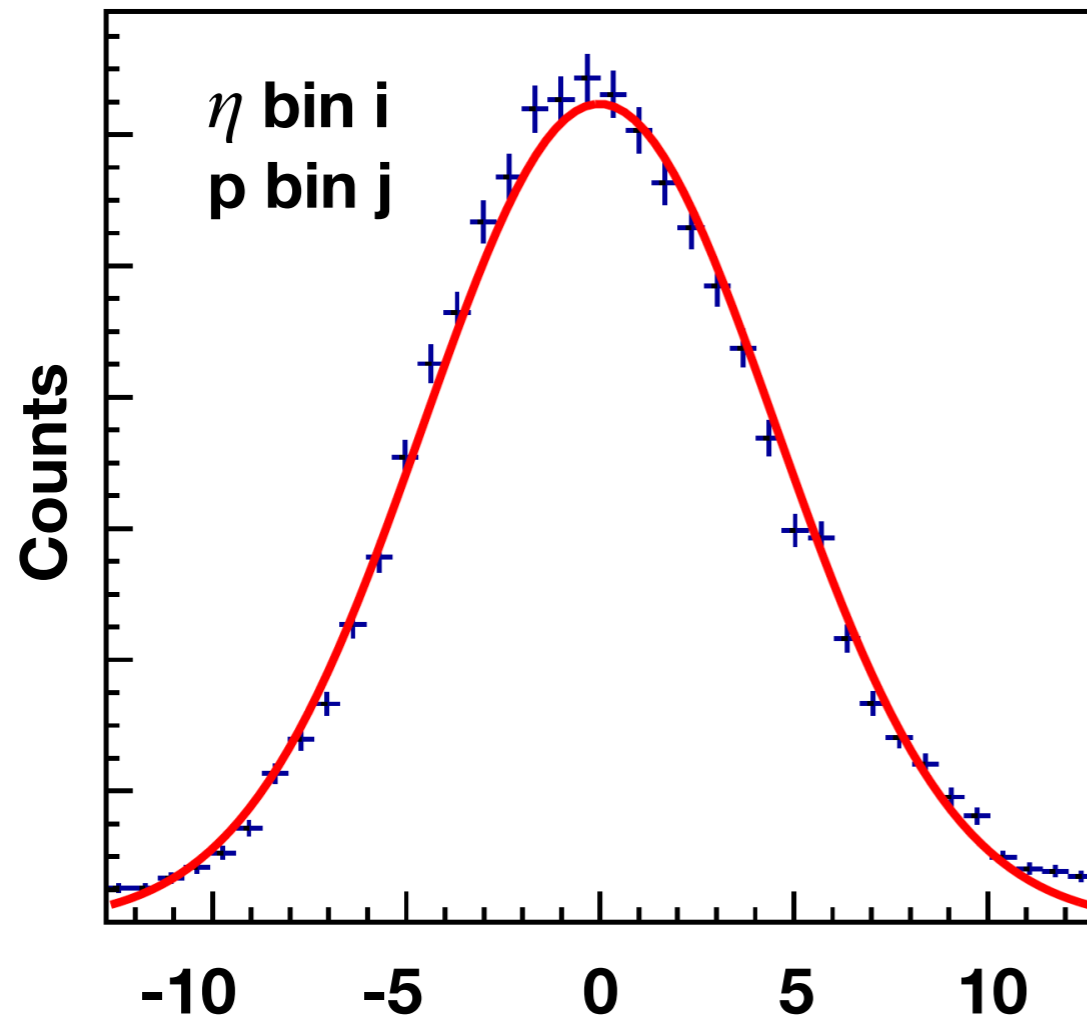
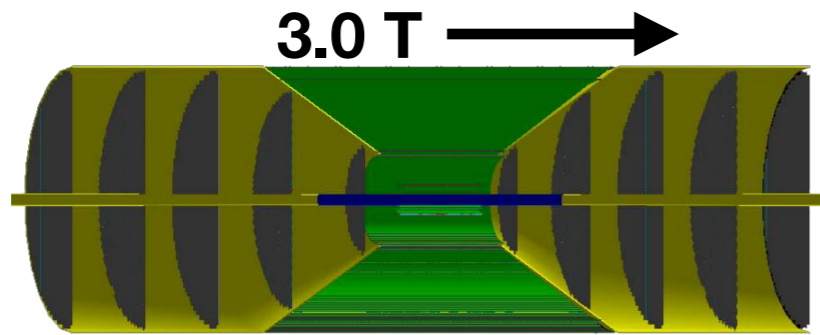
material = $0.3\% X/X_0$ each

EIC Detector Prototype

- Momentum is measured by tracking particles traversing a magnetic field

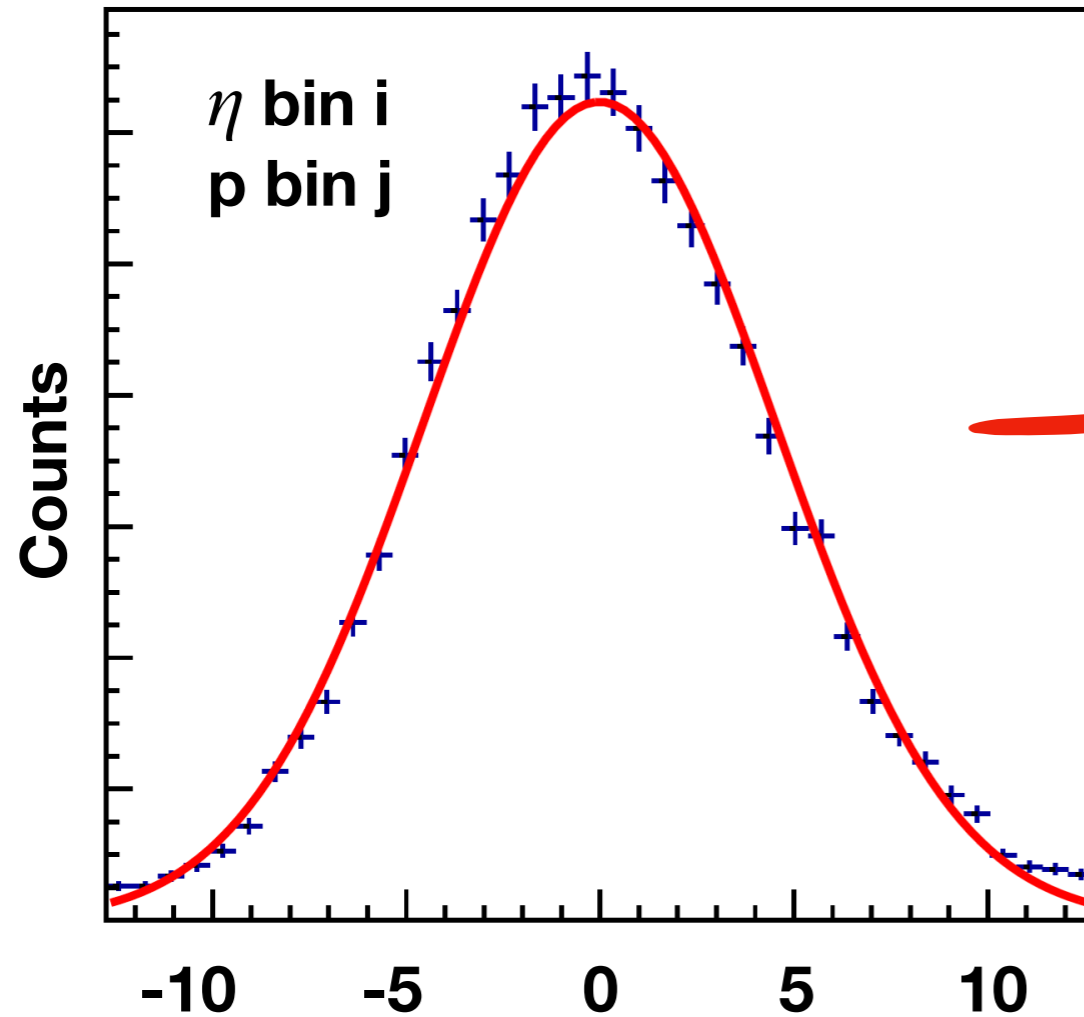
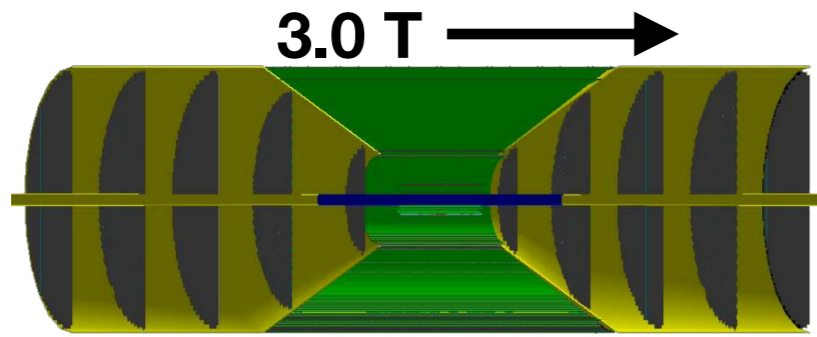


Momentum Resolution Determination



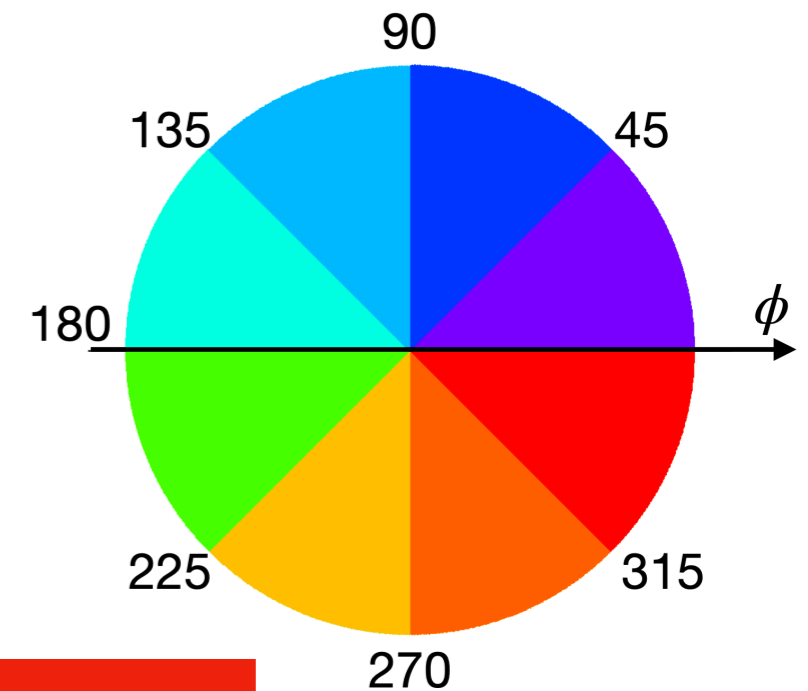
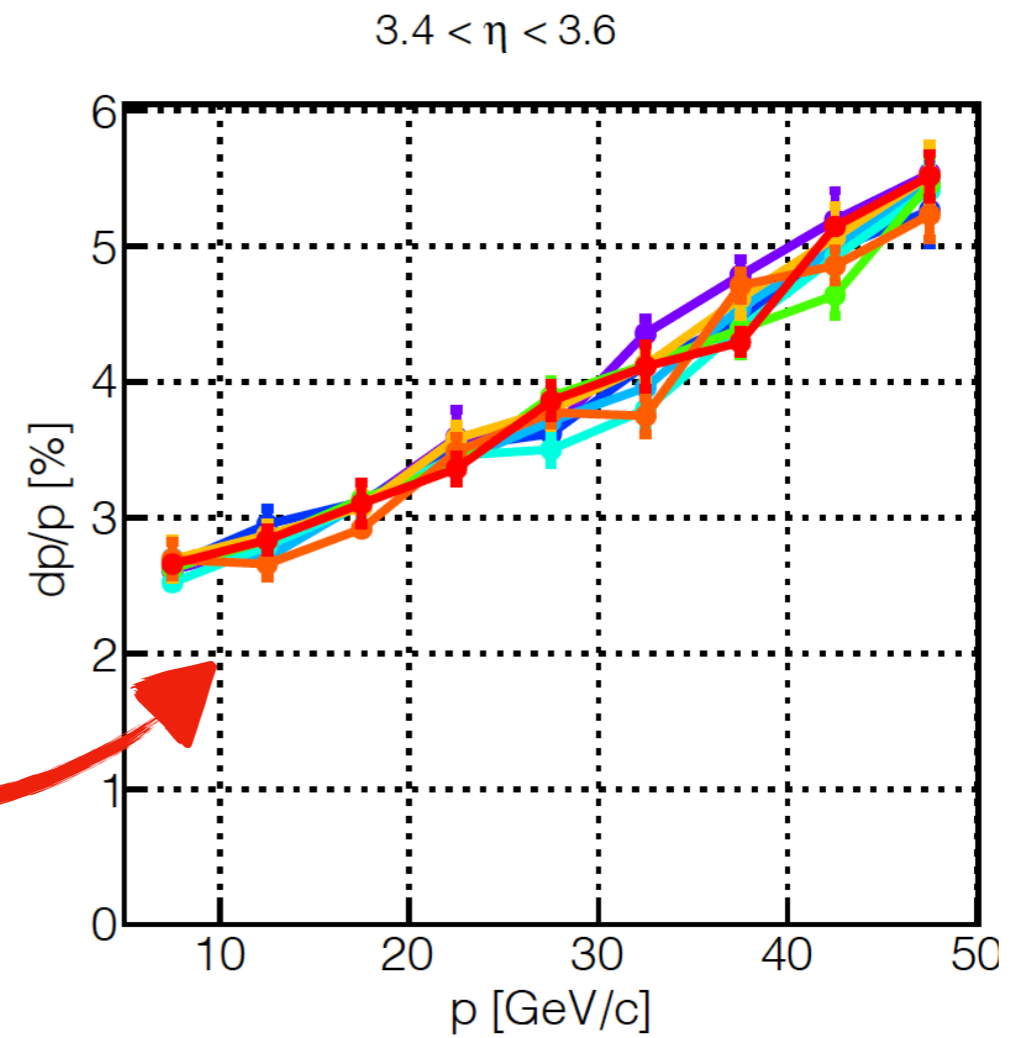
$$\frac{dp}{p} \equiv \frac{P_{reco} - P_{truth}}{P_{truth}} [\%]$$

Momentum Resolution Determination

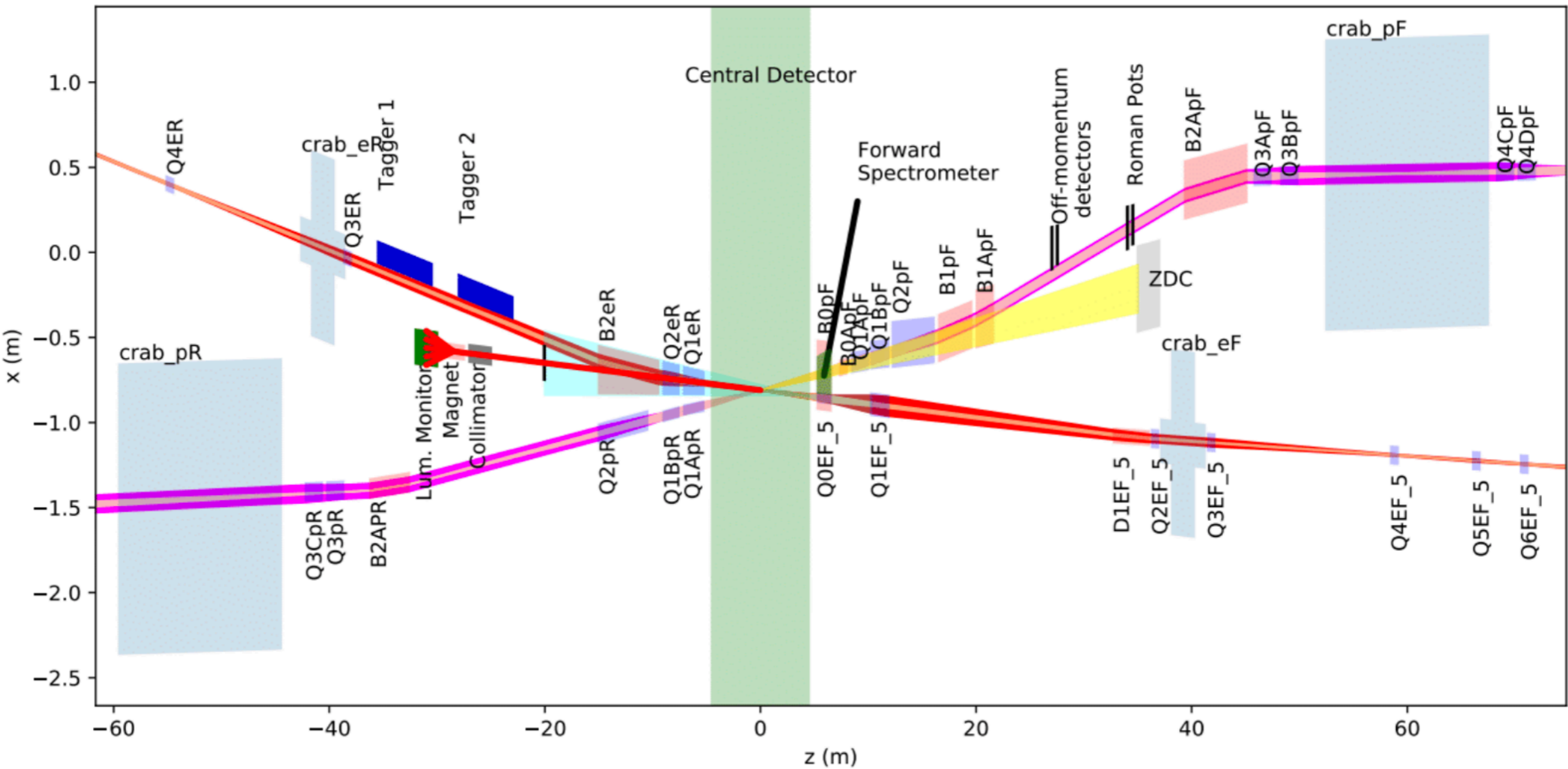


$$\frac{dp}{p} \equiv \frac{p_{reco} - p_{truth}}{p_{truth}} [\%]$$

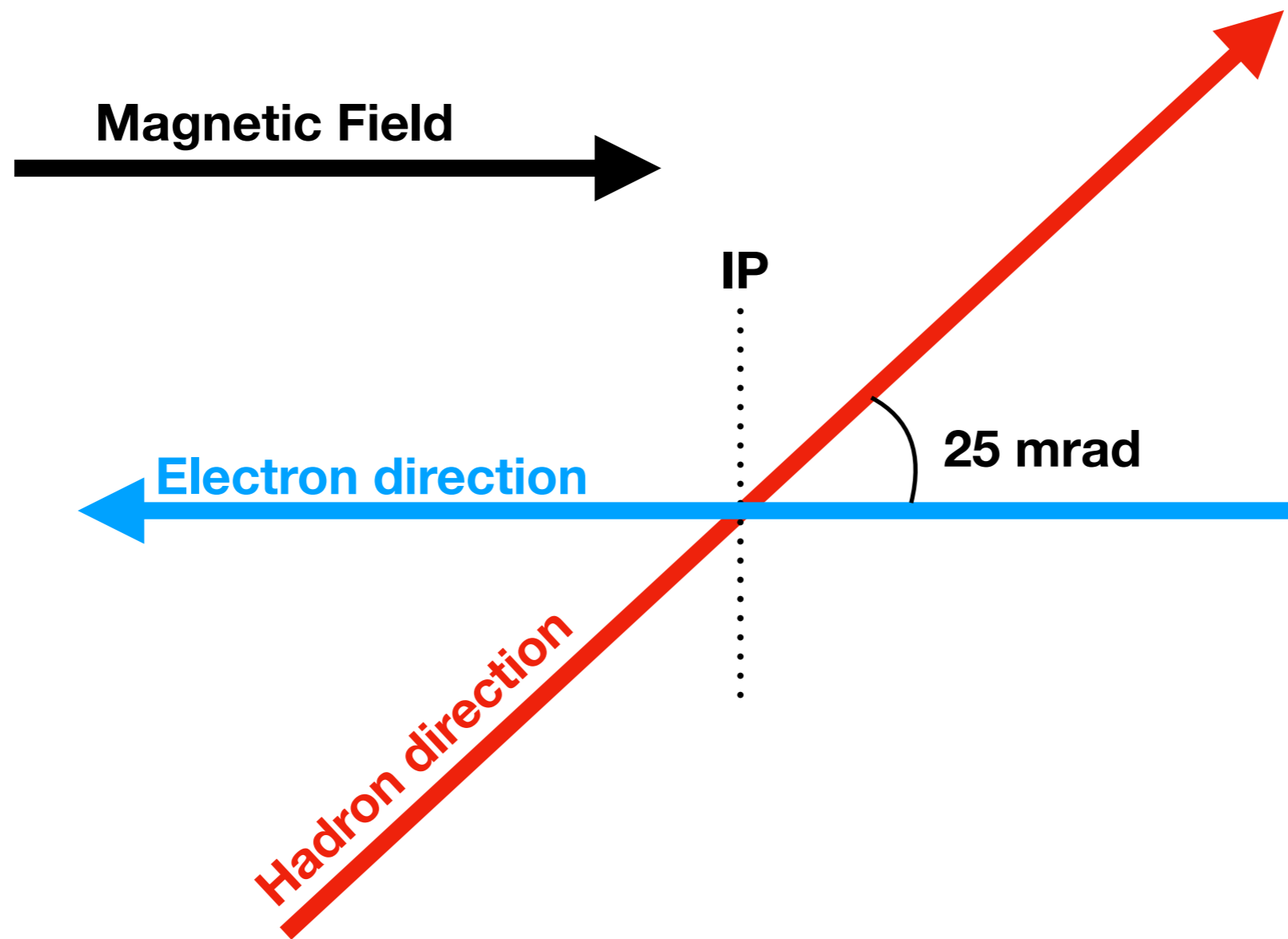
Azimuthally symmetric problem → no phi dependence



Top-down view of the EIC Interaction Region



B field rotated by 25 mrad in hadron-going direction

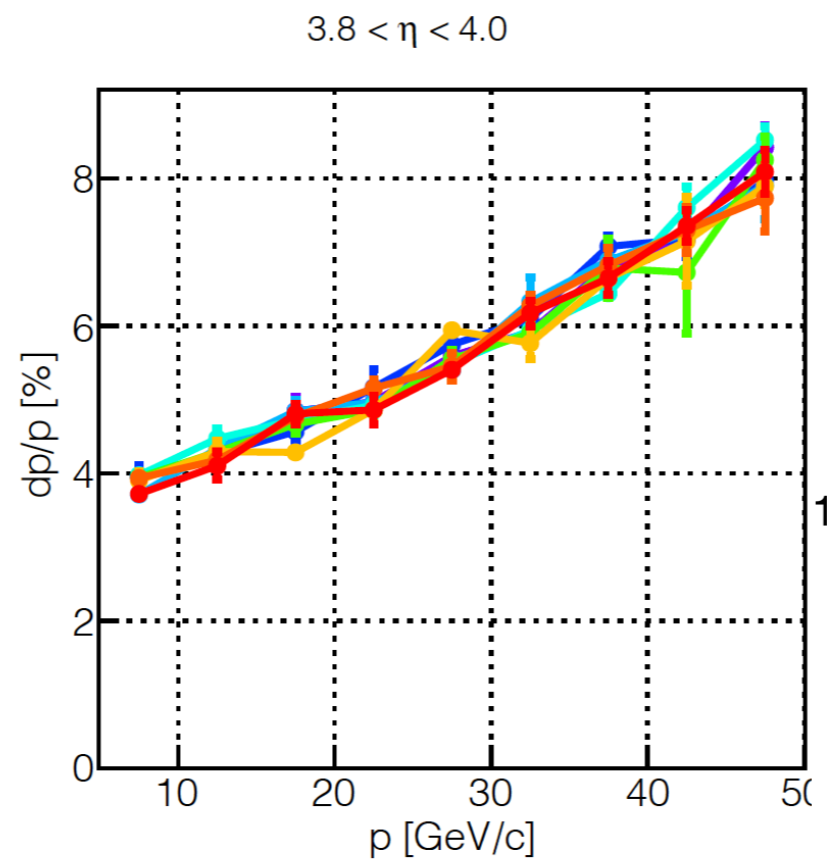
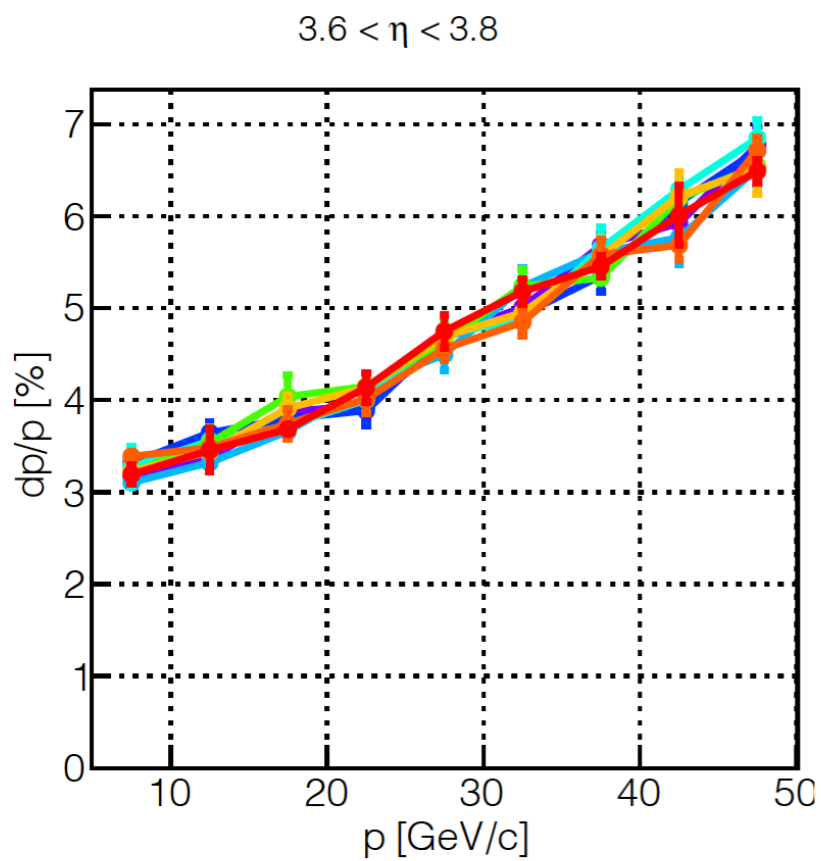
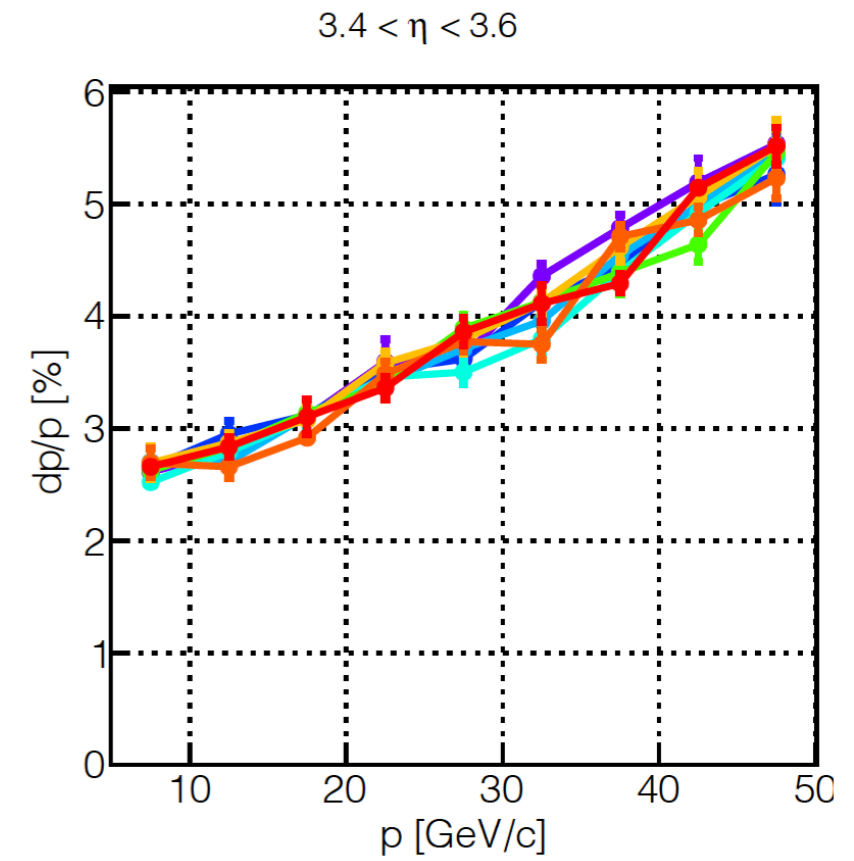
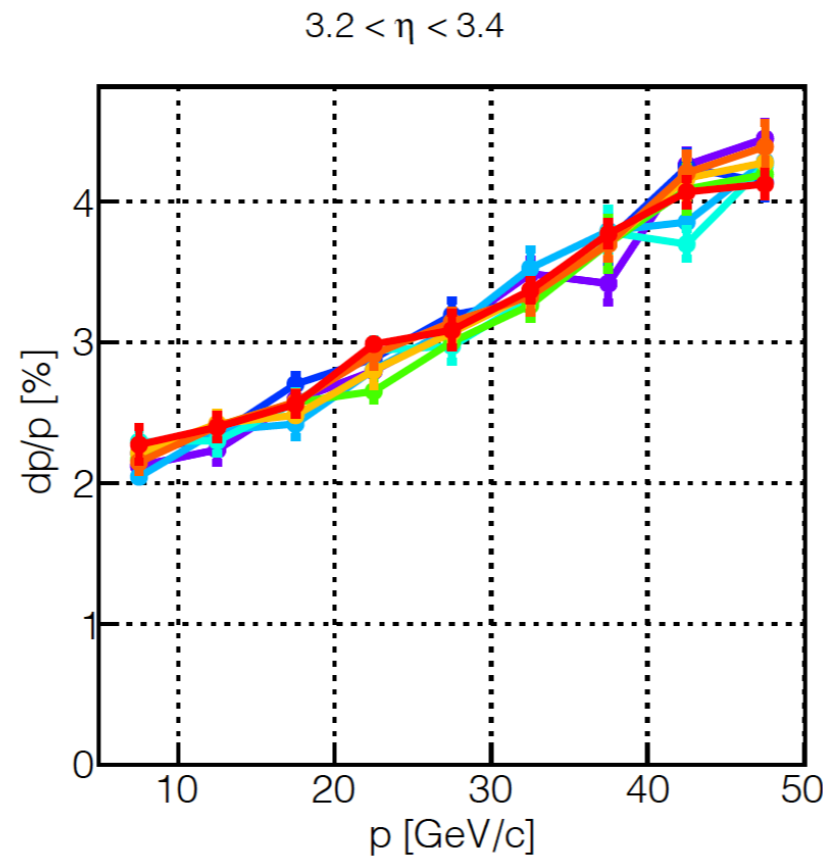
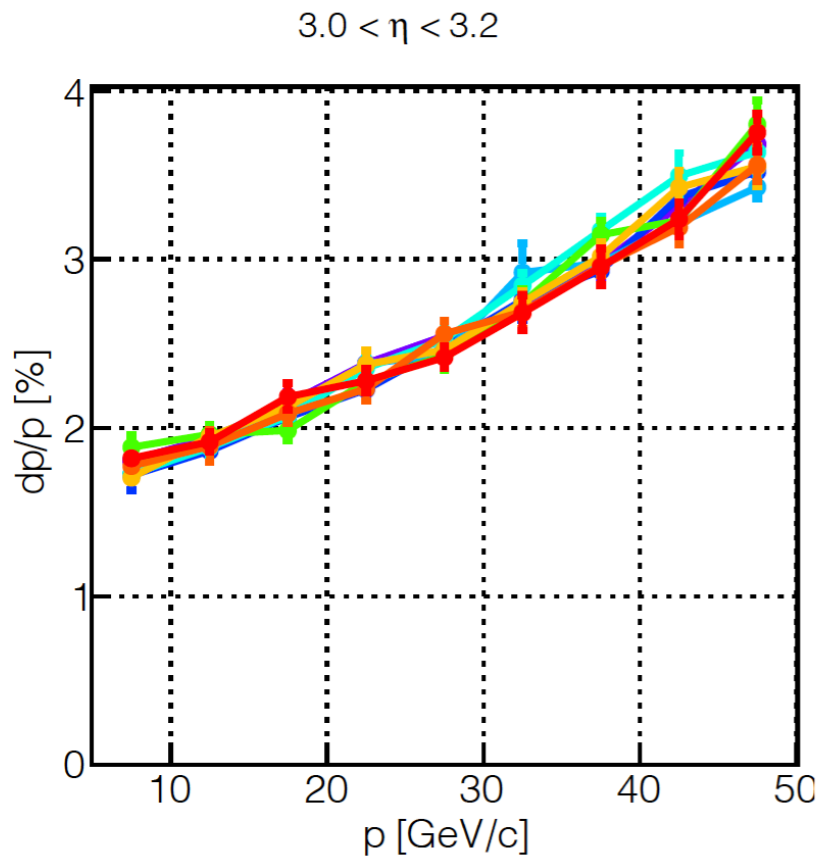


$ \eta =3.00$	$ \eta =3.50$	$ \eta =4.00$	$ \eta =4.38$	$ \eta =4.50$
~99.5 mrad	~60.4 mrad	~36.6 mrad	~25.0 mrad	~22.2 mrad

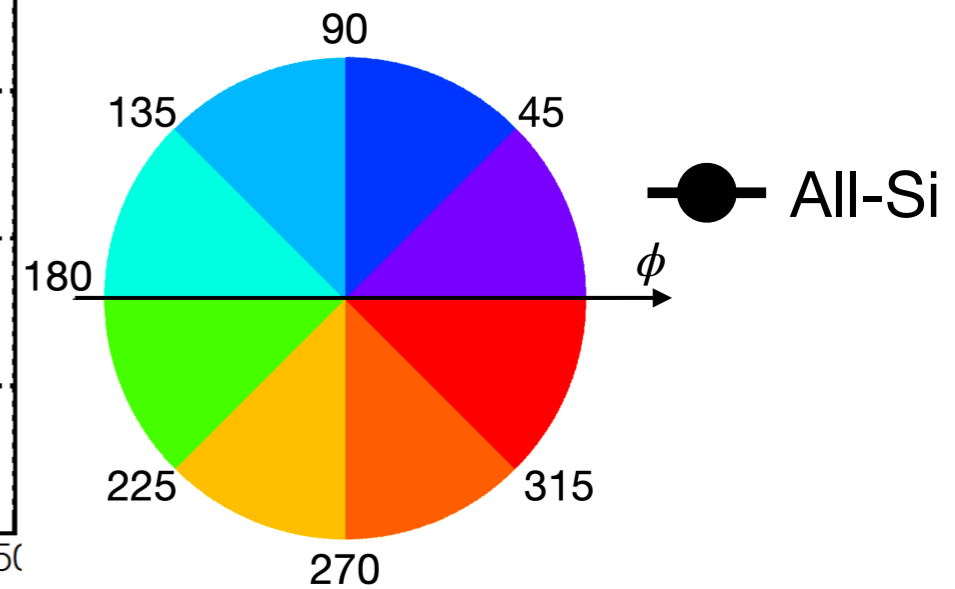
- $\int B \cdot dl$ depends on ϕ

- Need to assess asymmetry impact on momentum resolution

Momentum resolutions before rotation

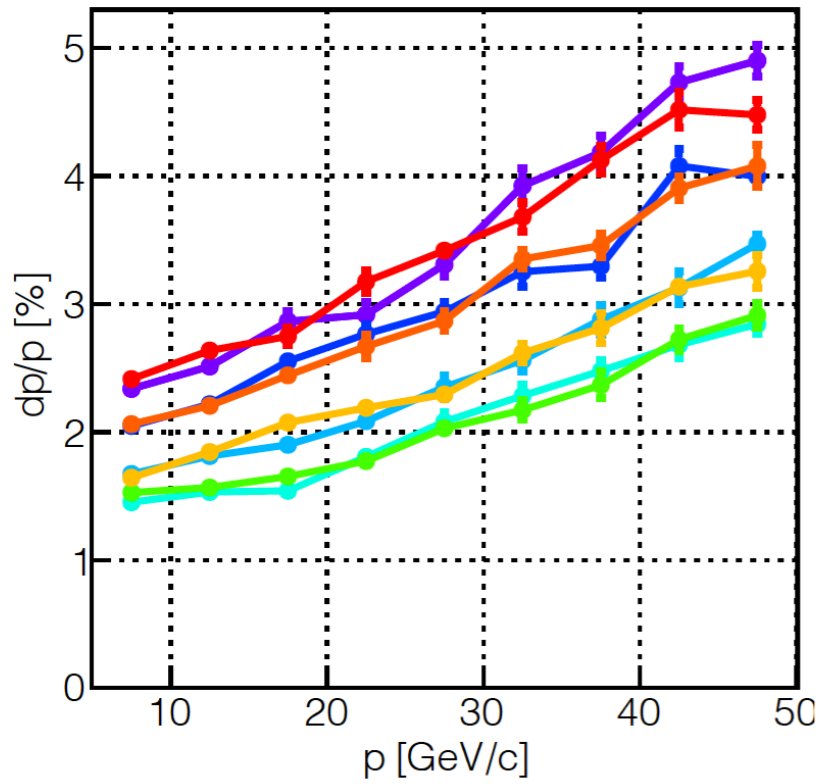


Before rotating
(perfect azimuthal symmetry)

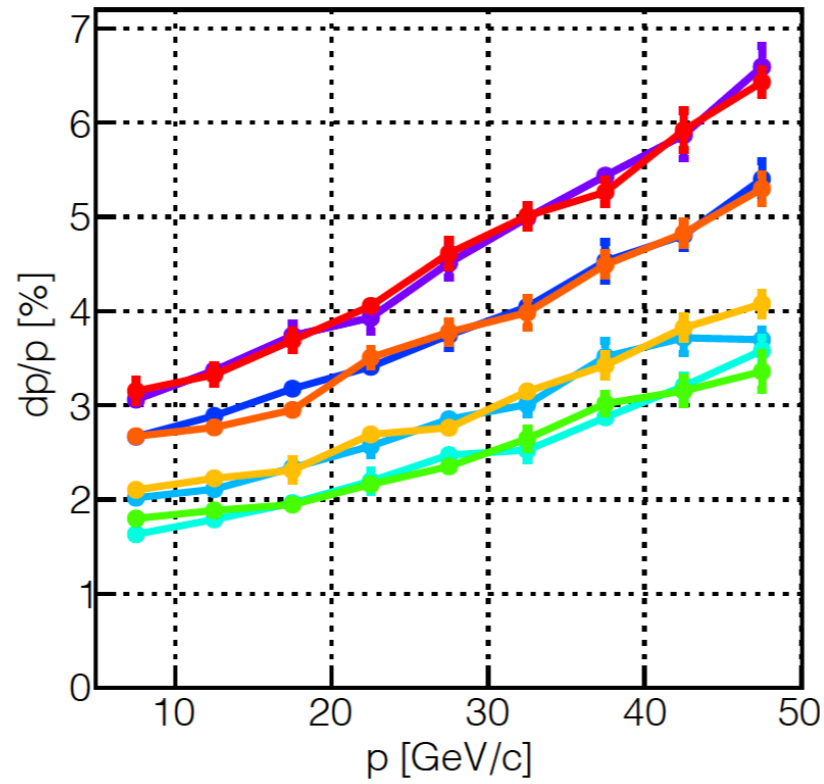


Momentum resolutions after rotation

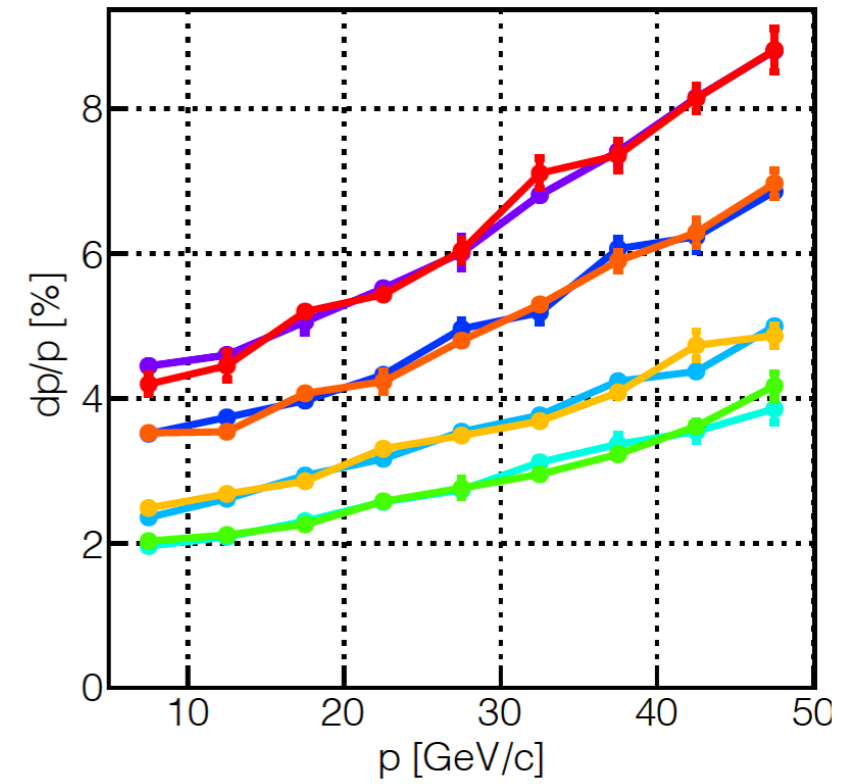
$3.0 < \eta < 3.2$



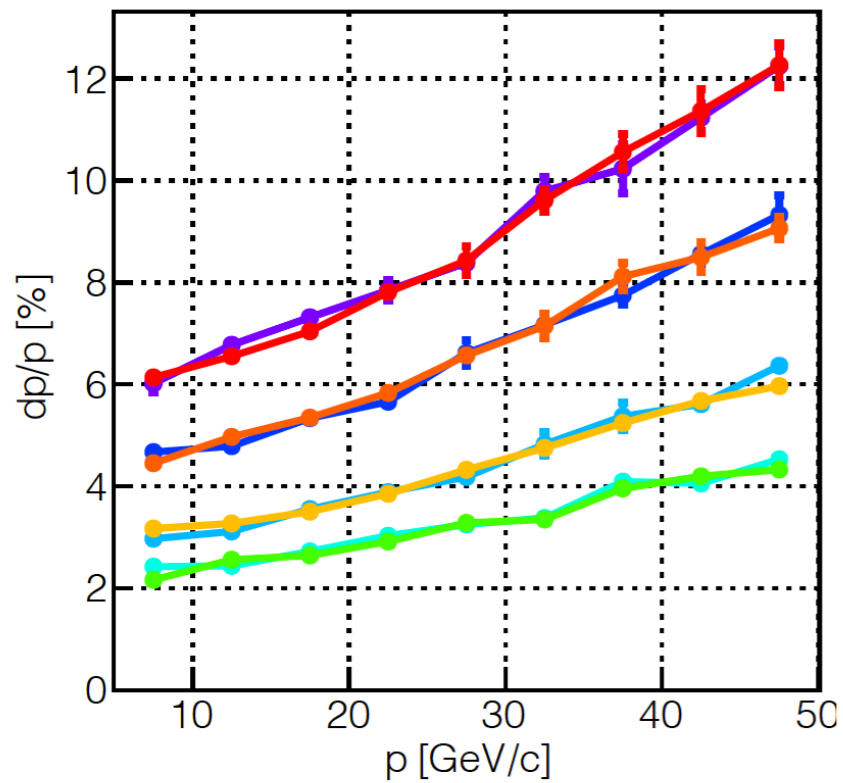
$3.2 < \eta < 3.4$



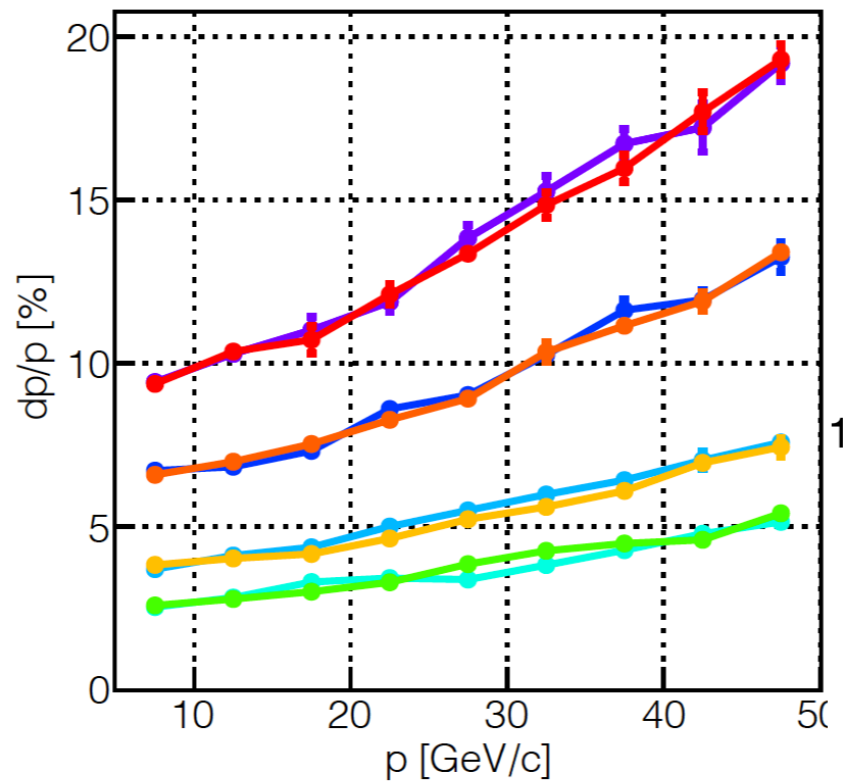
$3.4 < \eta < 3.6$



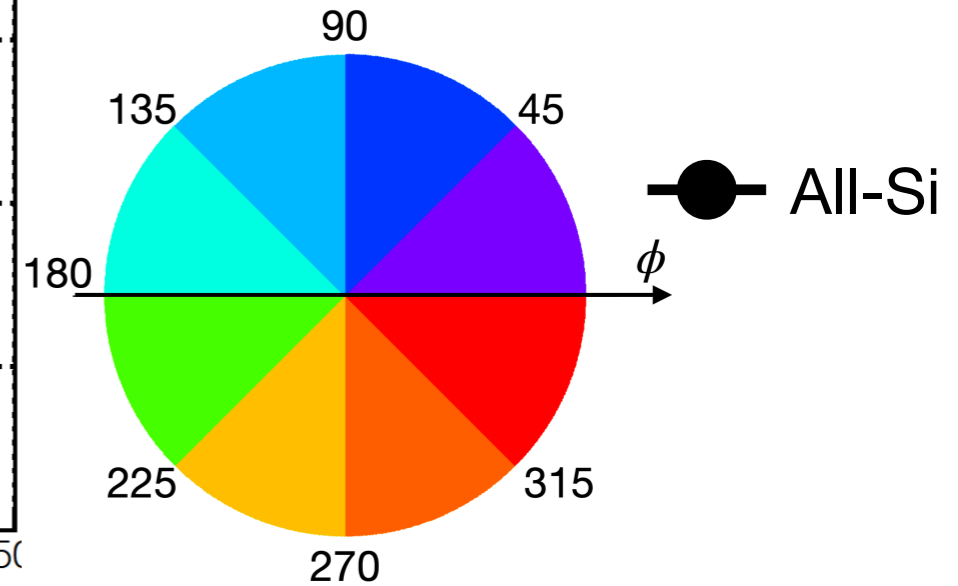
$3.6 < \eta < 3.8$



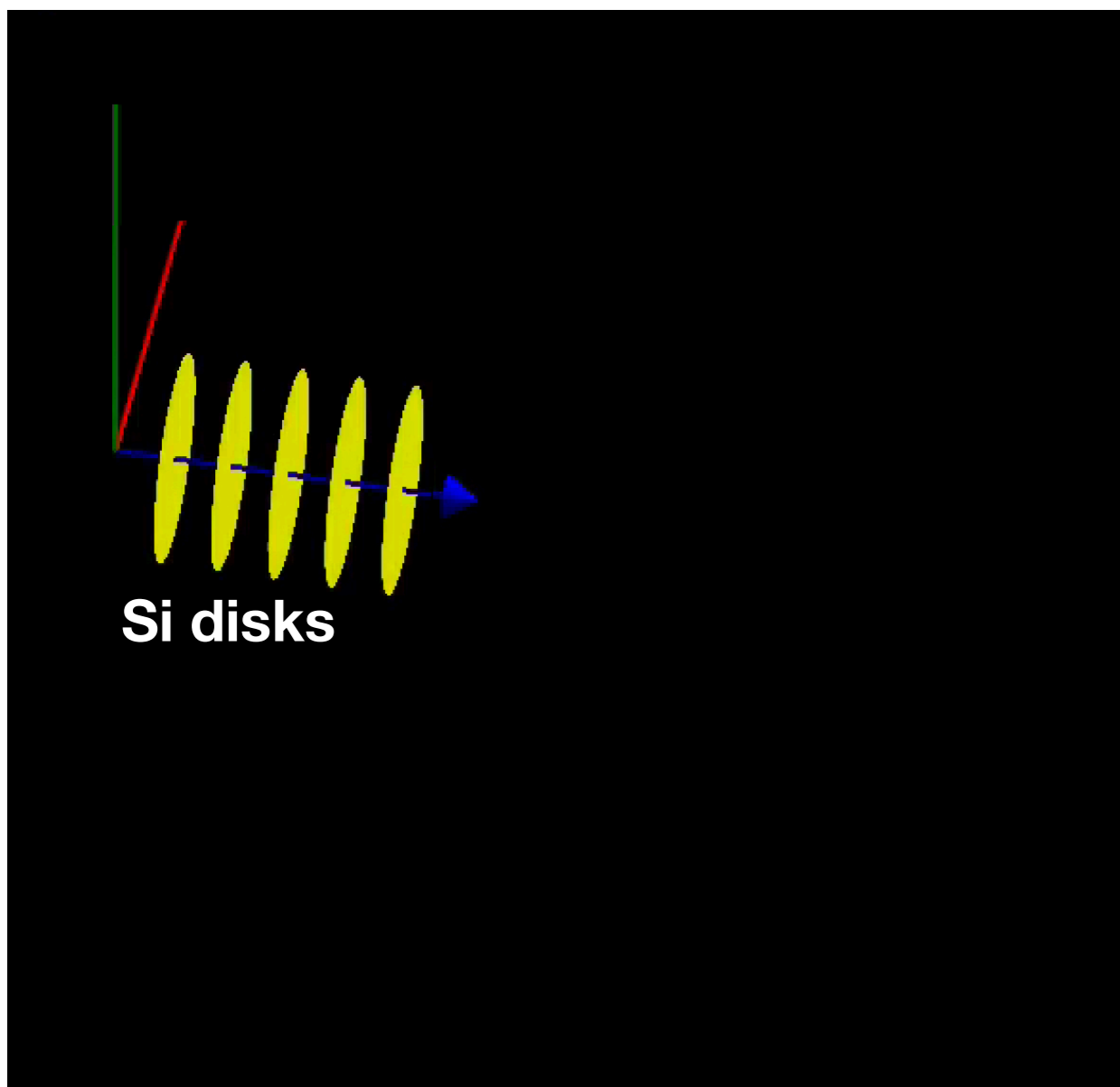
$3.8 < \eta < 4.0$



After rotating momentum vectors by 25 mrad about y axis



Detector layout (Si disks)



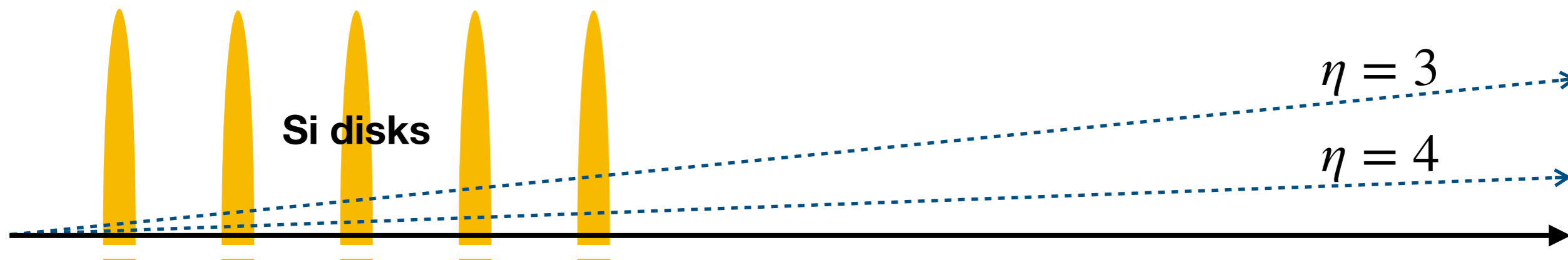
B field: uniform 3.0 T

Silicon disks

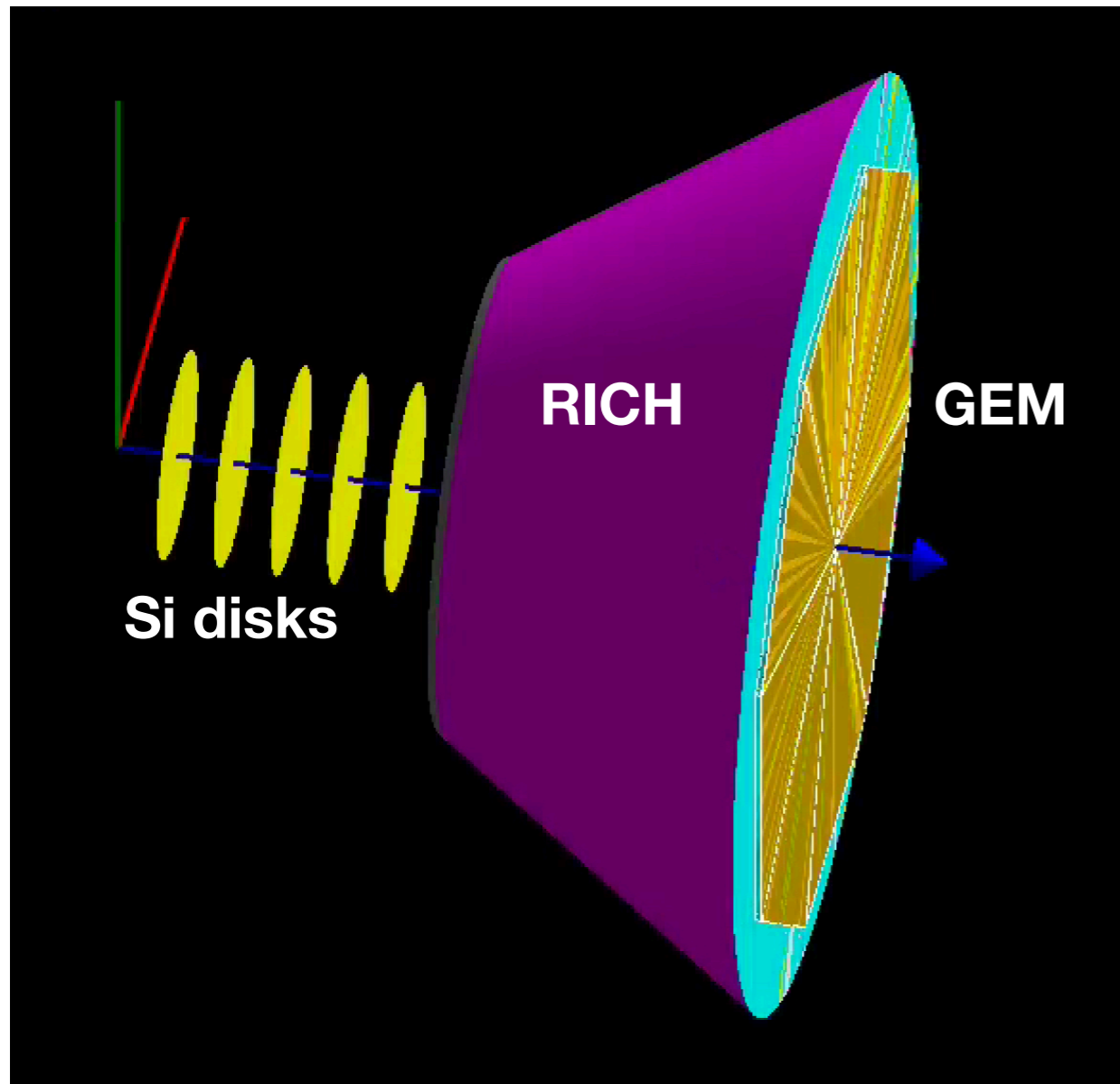
$z = 25, 49, 73, 97, 121$ cm

pixel size = $20 \mu\text{m}$

material = 0.3% X/X_0 each



Detector layout (Si disks + GEM)



B field: uniform 3.0 T

Silicon disks

$z = 25, 49, 73, 97, 121$ cm

pixel size = $20 \mu\text{m}$

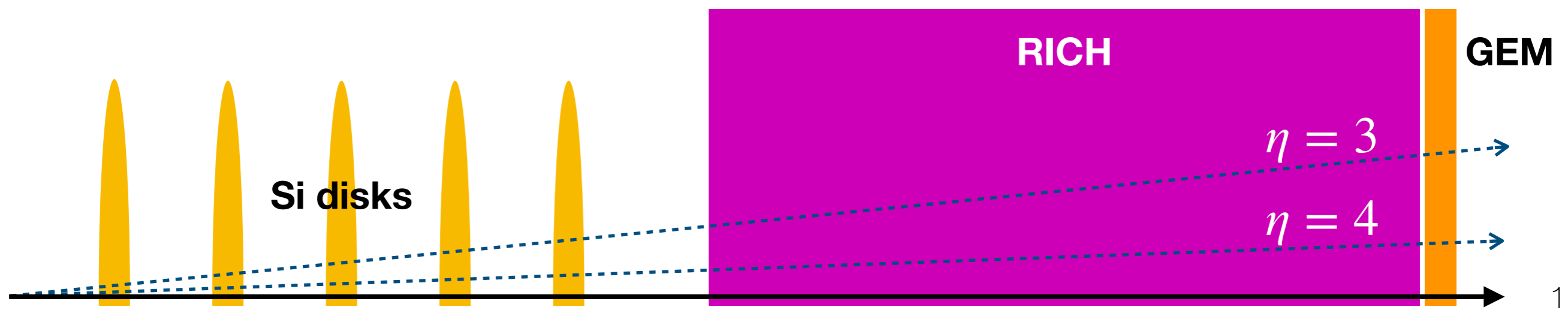
material = $0.3\% X/X_0$ each

GEM

z position = 300 cm

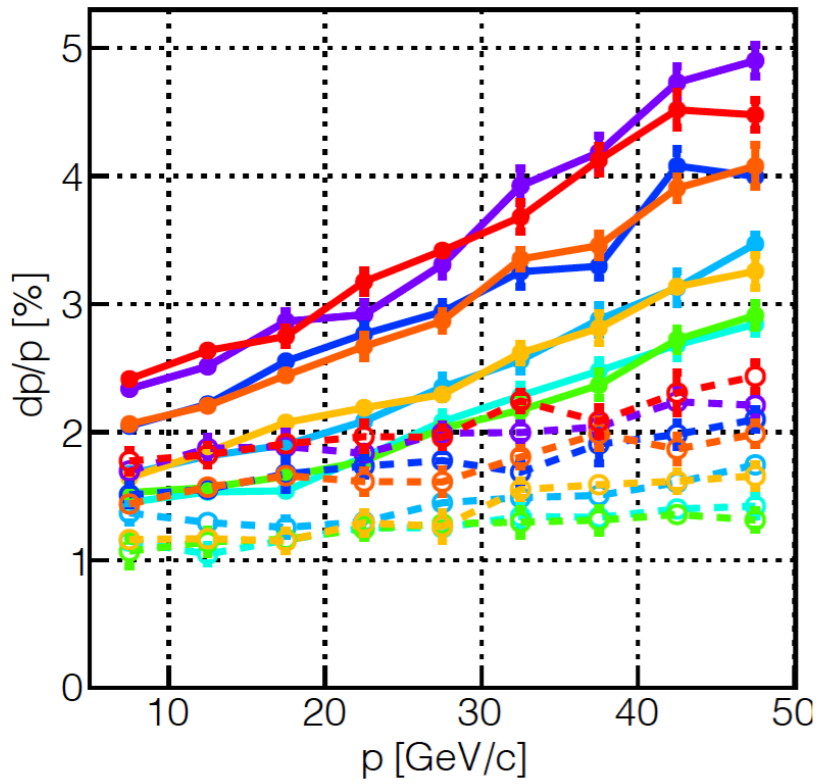
$\sigma(\hat{r}) = 50 \mu\text{m}$

$\sigma(\hat{\phi}) = 50 \mu\text{m}$

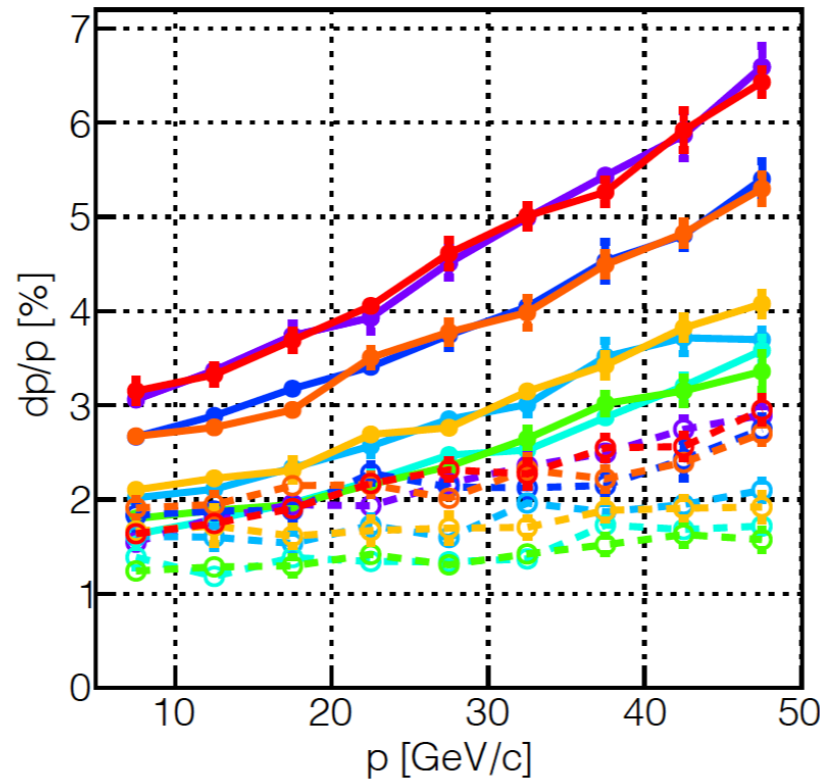


Momentum resolutions after rotation

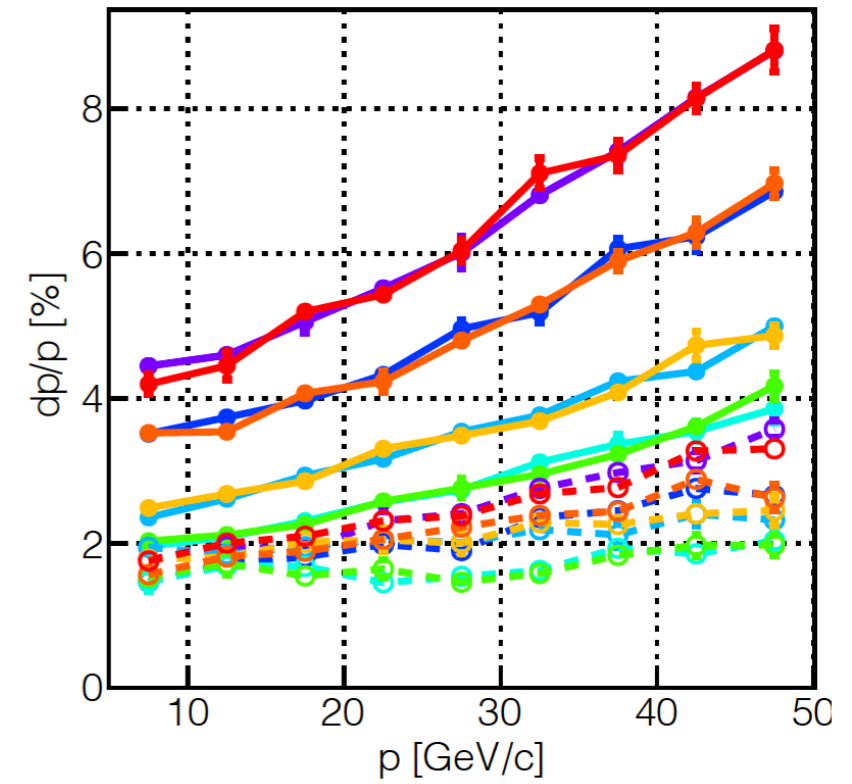
$3.0 < \eta < 3.2$



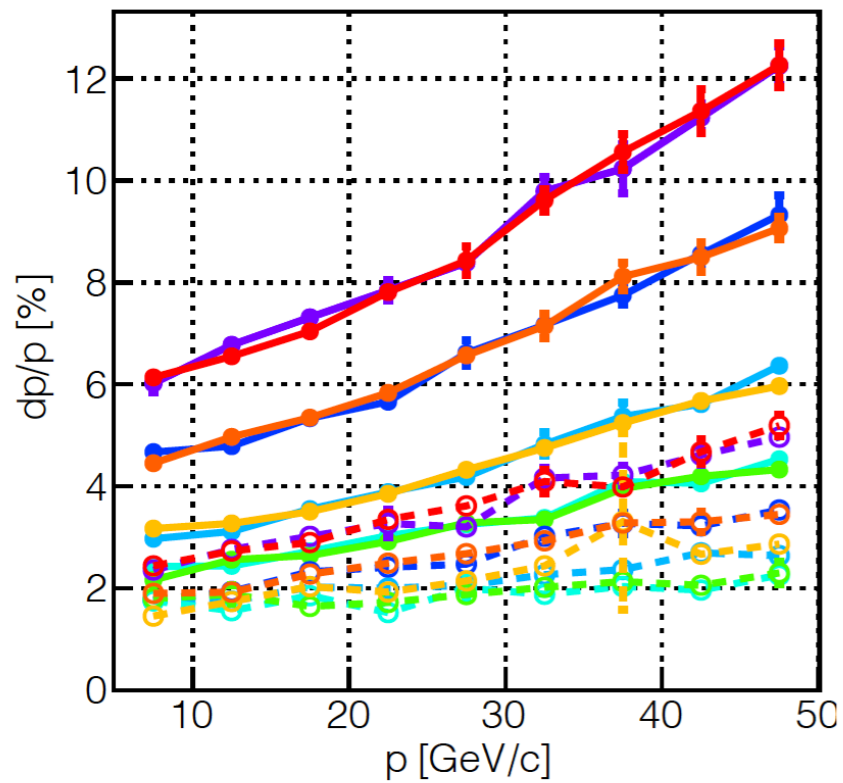
$3.2 < \eta < 3.4$



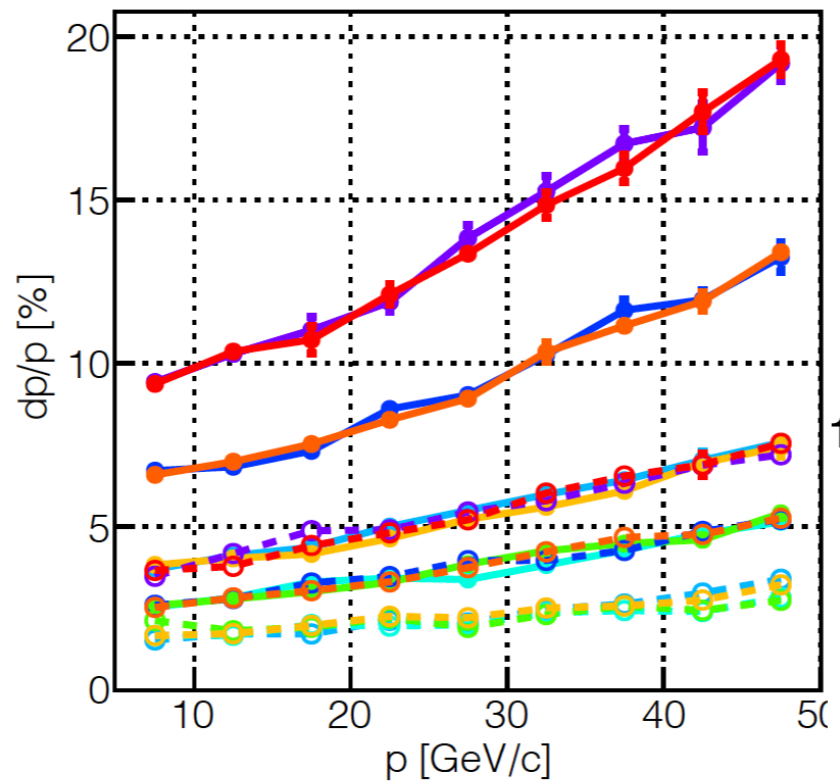
$3.4 < \eta < 3.6$



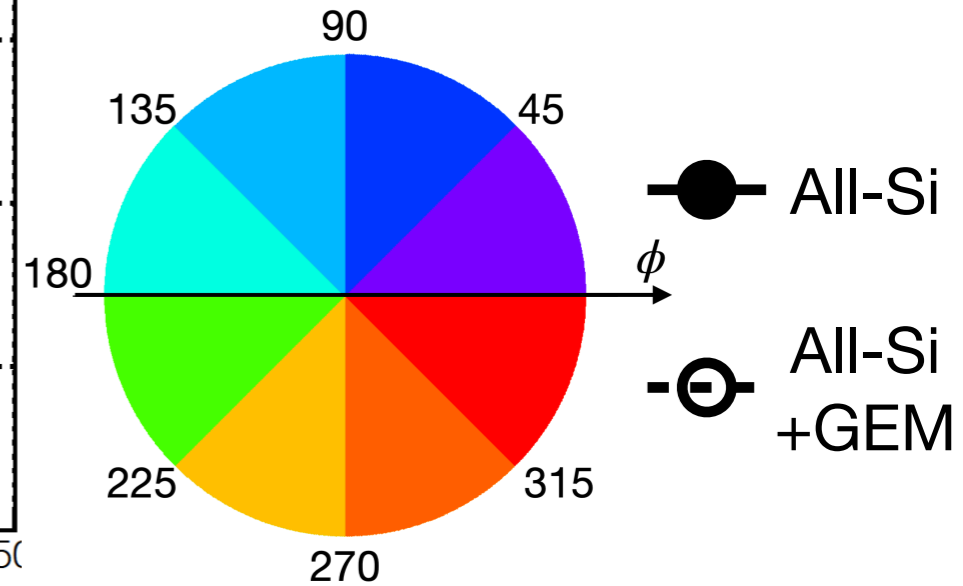
$3.6 < \eta < 3.8$



$3.8 < \eta < 4.0$



After rotating momentum vectors by 25 mrad about y axis



Summary and Conclusions

- Azimuthal momentum-resolution asymmetry needs to be taken into account in the hadron direction
- Significant momentum-resolution deterioration at higher momenta for $\phi \sim 0$
- Momentum resolution loss may be recoverable with auxiliary tracking*

Backup

Rotation

post-simulation each generated and reconstructed momentum vector is rotated by 25 mrad about the y axis (i.e. on the horizontal plane).

