

Higgs Hunting @ CMS

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(On behalf of the CMS Collaboration)

BNL Workshop on SUSY with 5fb^{-1}

May 4, 2012

Outline

- **Standard Model**

- bb
- WW
- $\tau\tau$
- ZZ
- $\gamma\gamma$
- Combination

- **BSM**

- 4th generation
- Fermiophobic
- MSSM (neutral & charged)
- NMSSM
- Doubly charged Higgs

Summary

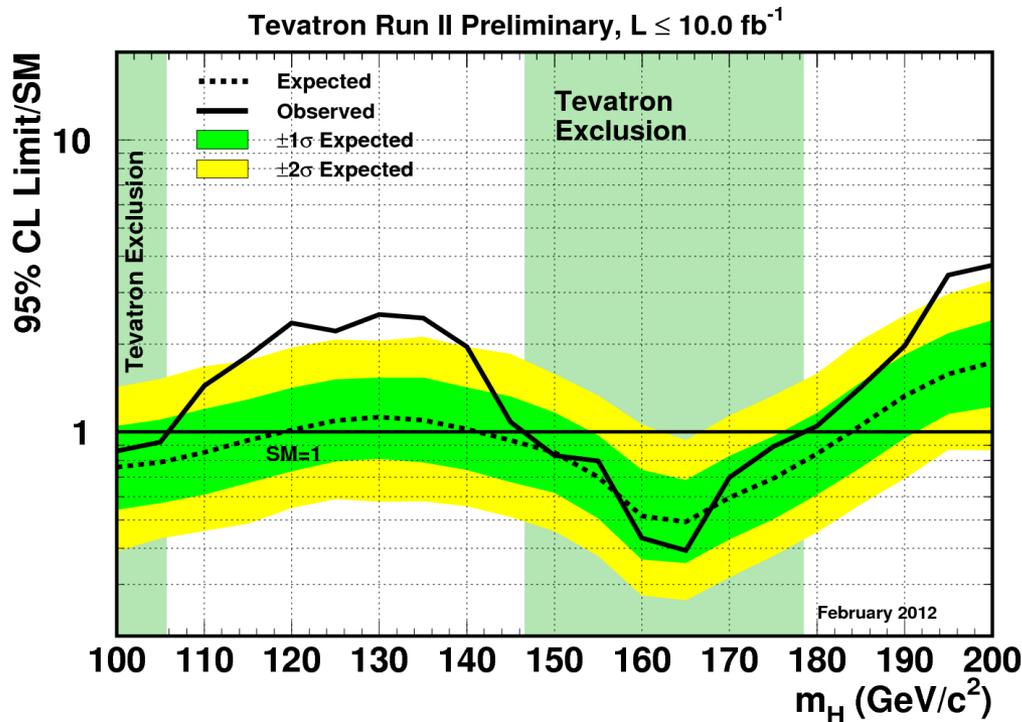
Non-LHC Constraints

Direct exclusions (95% C.L.)

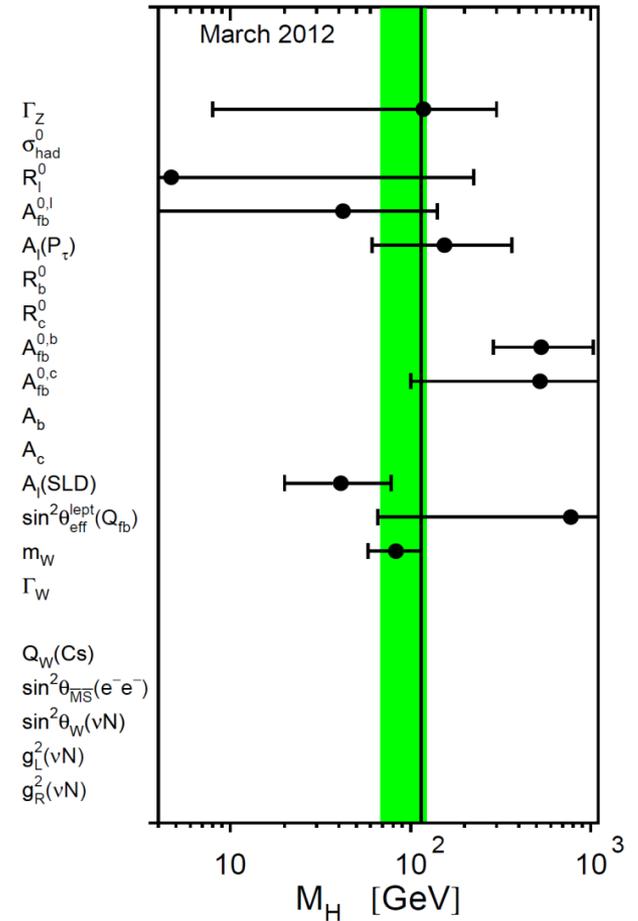
- LEP: $M_H > 114.4$ GeV
- FNAL: $147 < M_H < 179$ GeV

Excess (2.2σ) @ Tevatron

- Consistent with a SM Higgs for 115 – 135 GeV

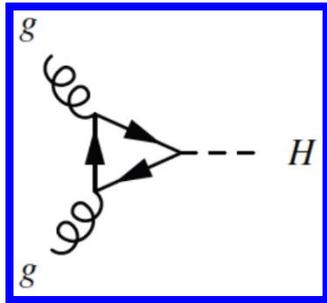


Precision EWK measurements

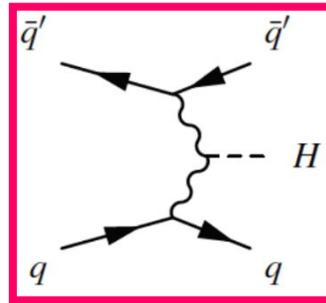


Precision EWK+top: $M_H = 94_{-24}^{+29}$ GeV

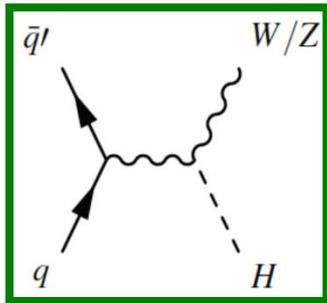
SM Higgs Production at the LHC



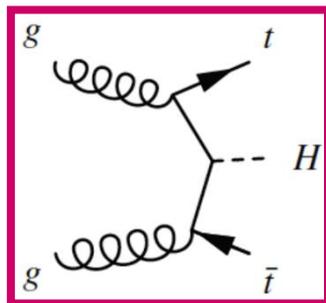
Gluon Fusion



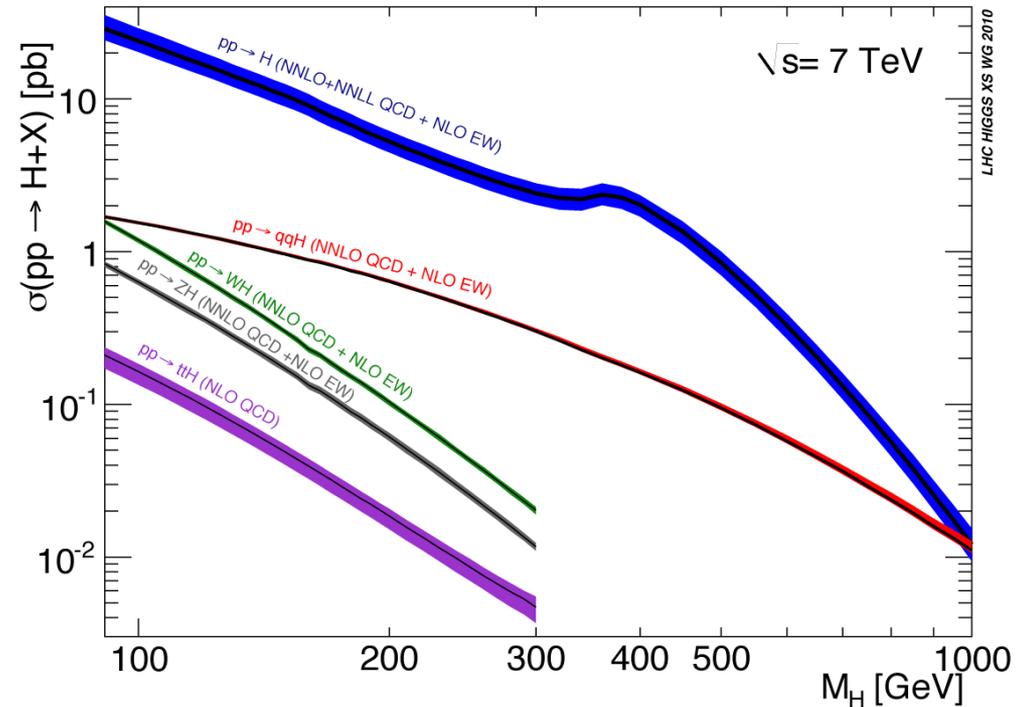
Vector-Boson Fusion



Higgs-strahlung



Top Fusion ($t\bar{t}H$)



LHC in 2012, at record luminosity ($5.5 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$) and energy (8 TeV), is now producing SM Higgs bosons ($M_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$) at a rate $\sim 500/\text{hr}$

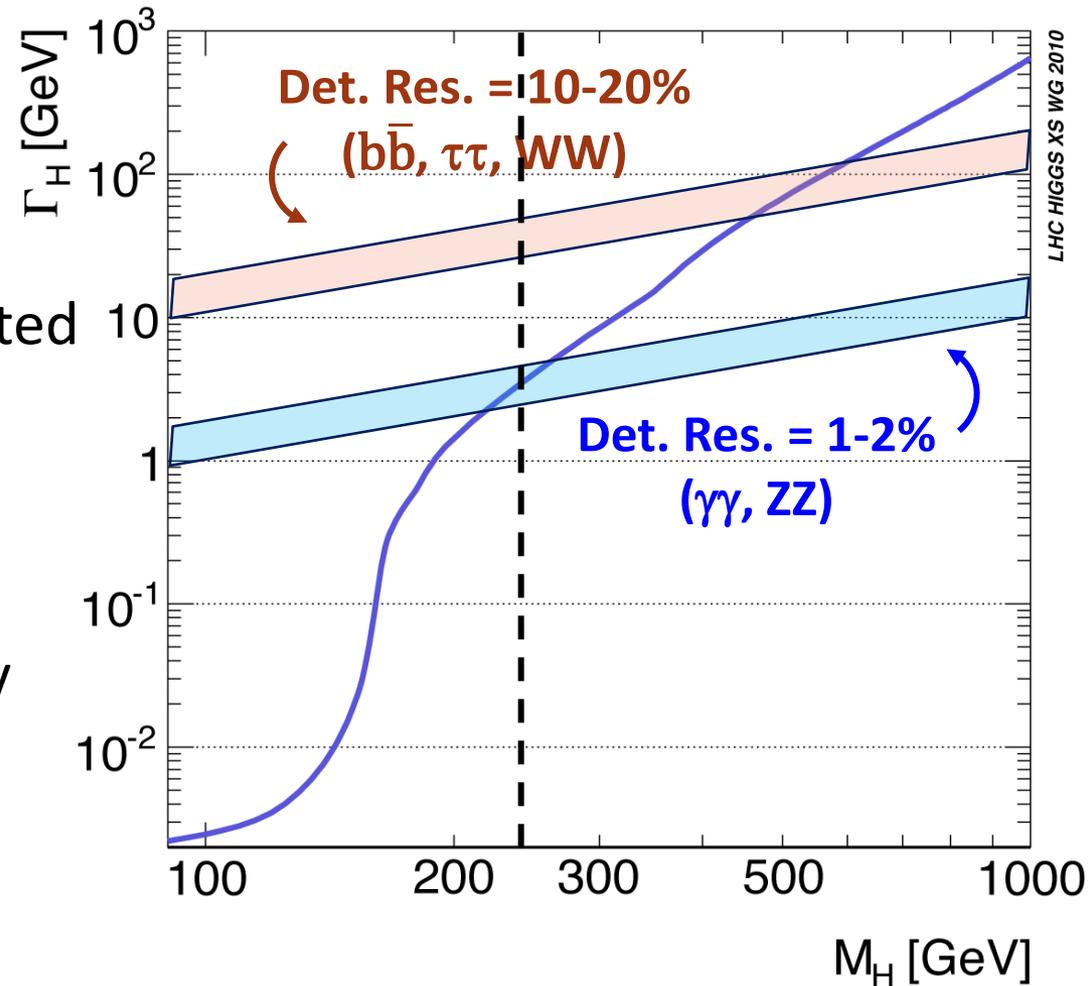
What does the SM Higgs look like?

- **Low mass**

- Peak in $\gamma\gamma$, $ZZ(4l)$, also eventually in $b\bar{b}$
- Observed width dominated by *detector resolution*

- **High mass**

- Higgs becomes a broad resonance dominated by *natural width*
- Theory input is critical



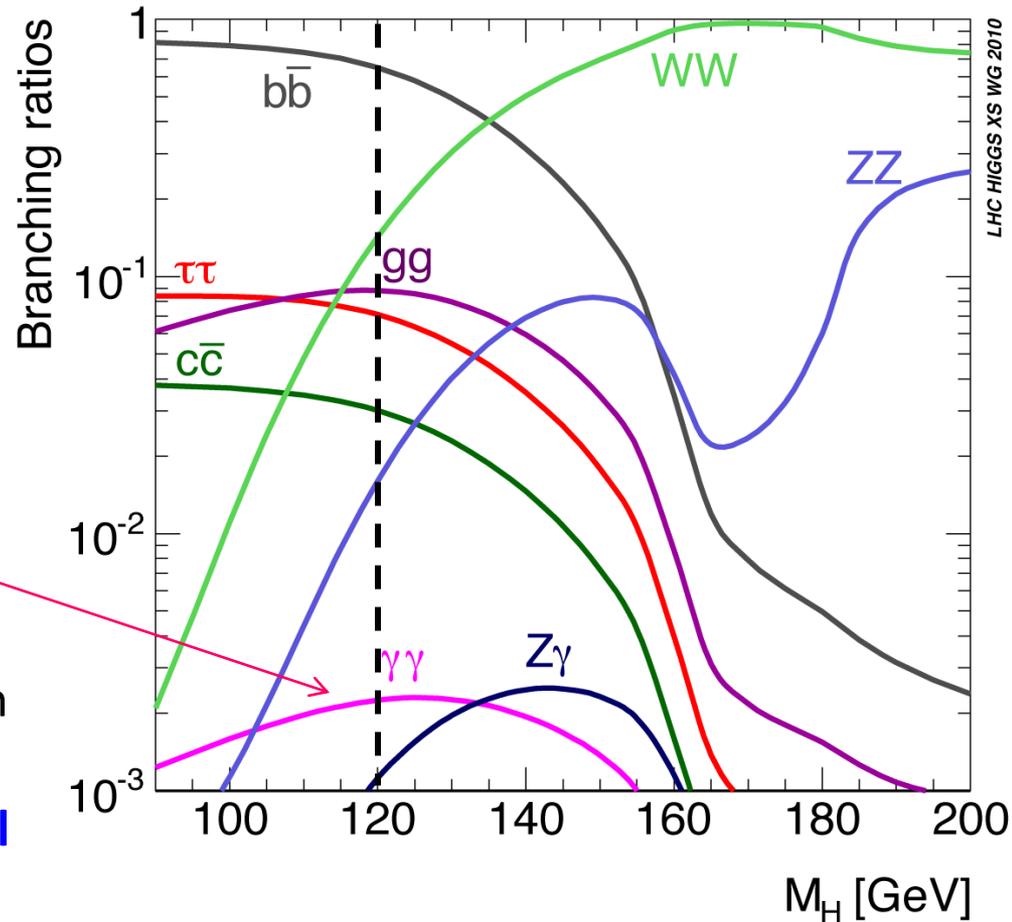
Partial Widths

- Favorite daughters for $M_H = 120$ GeV:

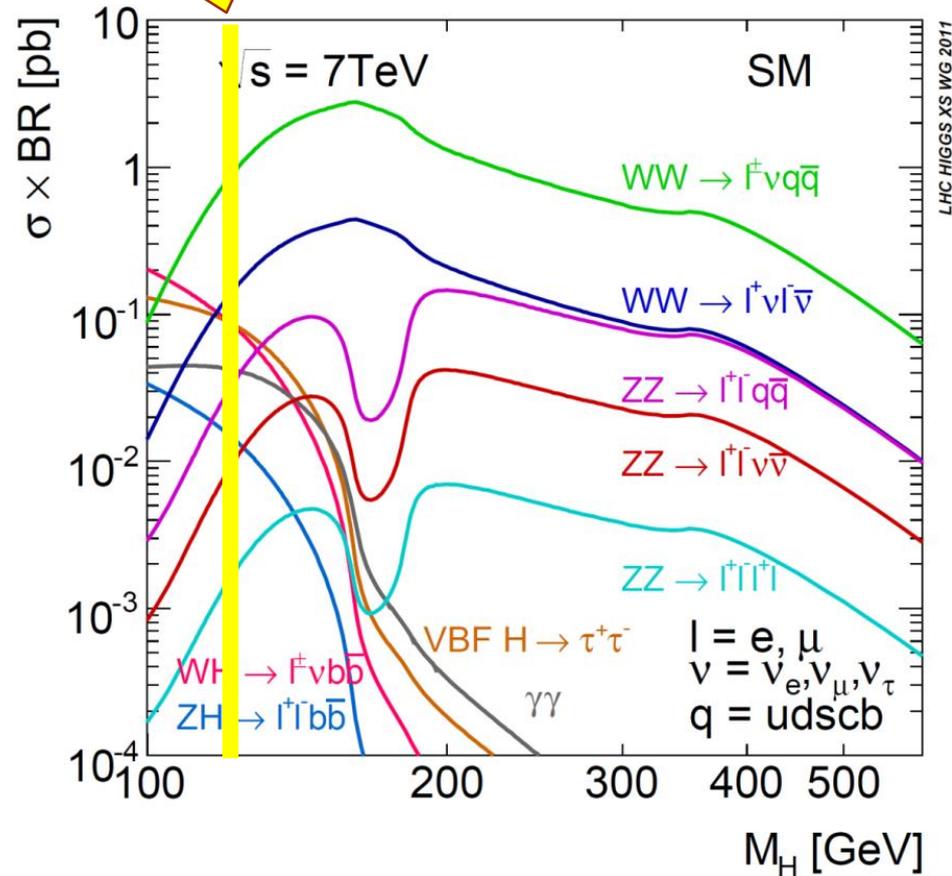
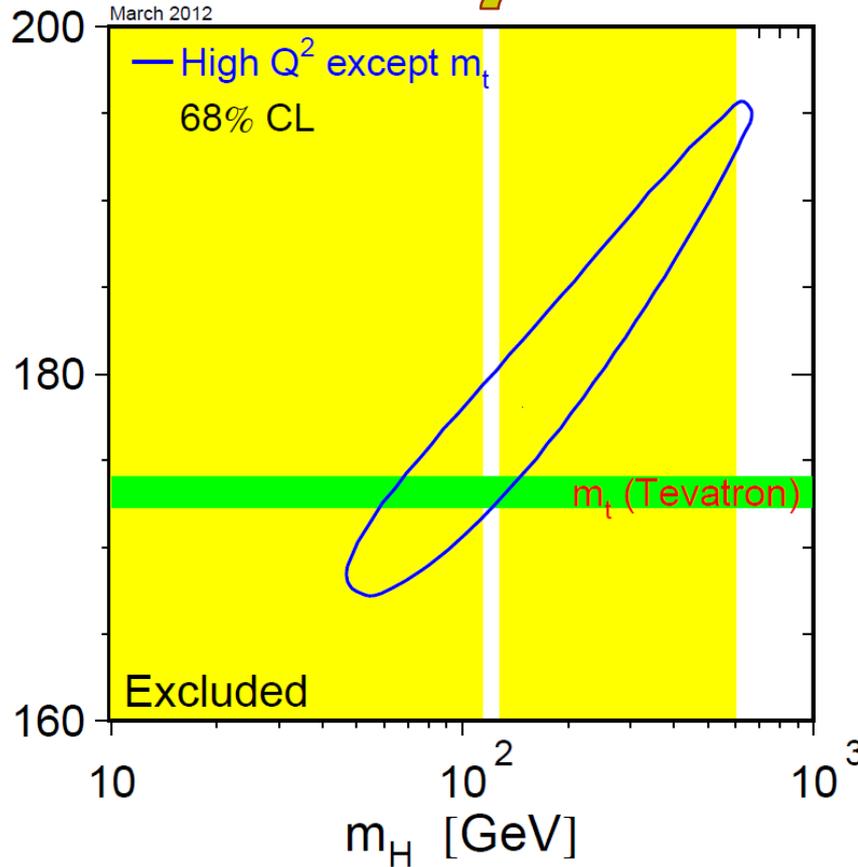
- $b\bar{b} = 65\%$
- $WW = 14\%$
- $\tau\tau = 7.0\%$
- $ZZ = 1.6\%$
- $\gamma\gamma = 0.2\%$

- Might discover it in one of its least favorite modes!

- Using particles that do not even couple to the Higgs!
- $b\bar{b}$ and other modes are critical for establishing the SM Higgs



Hitting the Sweet Spot



Only region in M_H where



- Cross sections are large
- Fermion final states ($bb+\tau\tau$) are accessible
- Natural width is negligible

SM Higgs Search at CMS

Approved results as of Moriond 2012

	Channel (production)	m_H range	sub-channels	m_H resolution
$\gamma\gamma$	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (ggH)	110–150	1	1–2%
	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (VBF)	110–150	1	1–2%
$\tau\tau$	$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (ggH)	110–140/145	8	20%
	$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (VBF)	110–140/145	4	20%
	$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (VH)	100–140	2	20%
$b\bar{b}$	$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ (VH)	110–135	5	10%
WW	$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ (ggH)	110–600	5	20%
	$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ (WH)	110–200	1	20%
ZZ	$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ (ggH)	110–600	3	1–2%
	$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow ll\nu\nu$ (ggH)	250–600	2	7%
	$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow llqq$ (ggH)	130–164, 200–600	8	3%
	$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow ll\tau\tau$ (ggH)	190–600	6	10–15%

More information available here:

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsHIG>

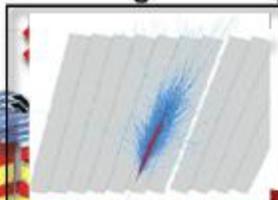
CMS Apparatus

SUPERCONDUCTING COIL

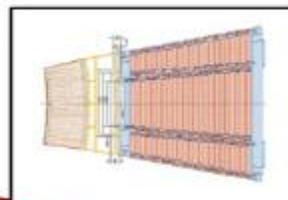
Total weight : 12,500 t
Overall diameter : 15 m
Overall length : 216 m
Magnetic field : 4 Tesla

CALORIMETERS

ECAL Scintillating PbWO_4 Crystals



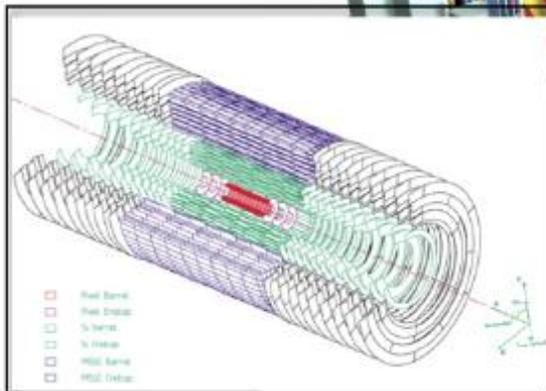
HCAL Plastic scintillator



brass sandwich

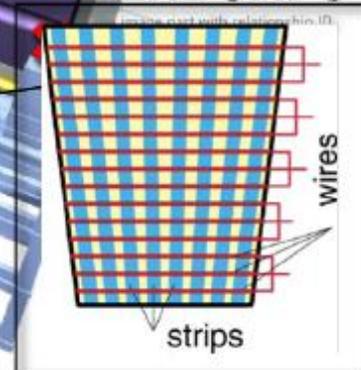
IRON YOKE

TRACKERS

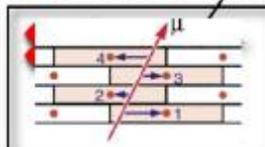


Silicon Microstrips
Pixels

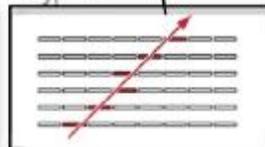
MUON ENDCAPS



MUON BARREL



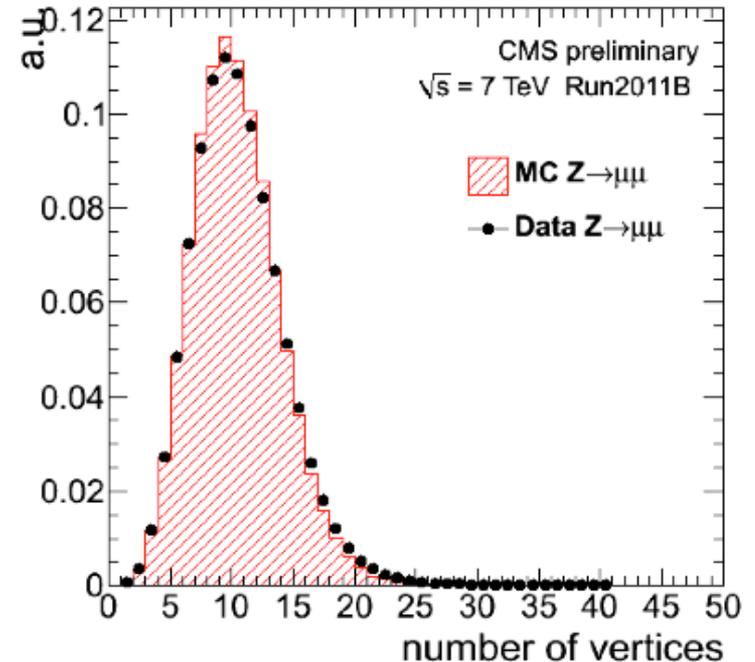
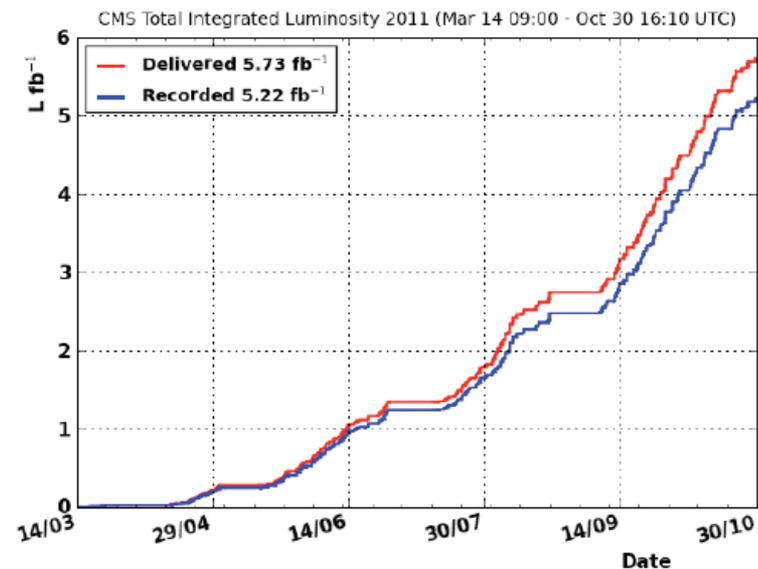
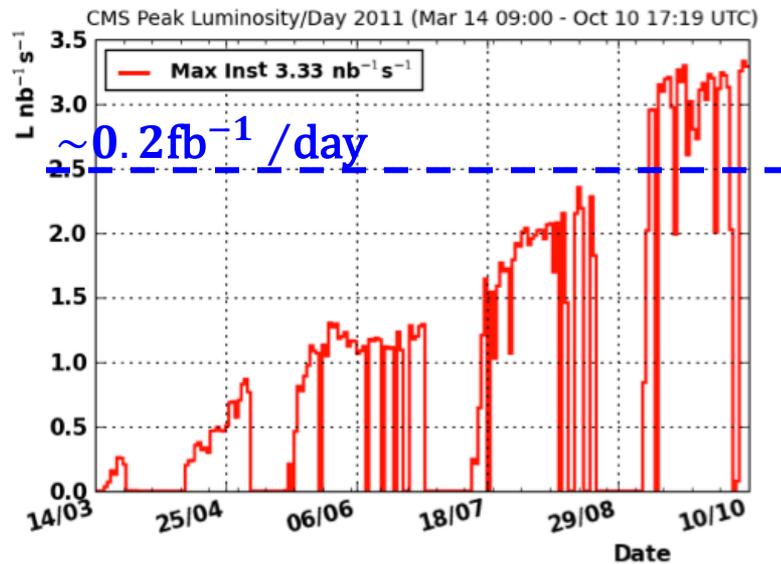
Drift Tube
Chambers (DT)



Resistive Plate
Chambers (RPC)

Cathode Strip Chambers (CSC)
Resistive Plate Chambers (RPC)

LHC and CMS Performance (2011)



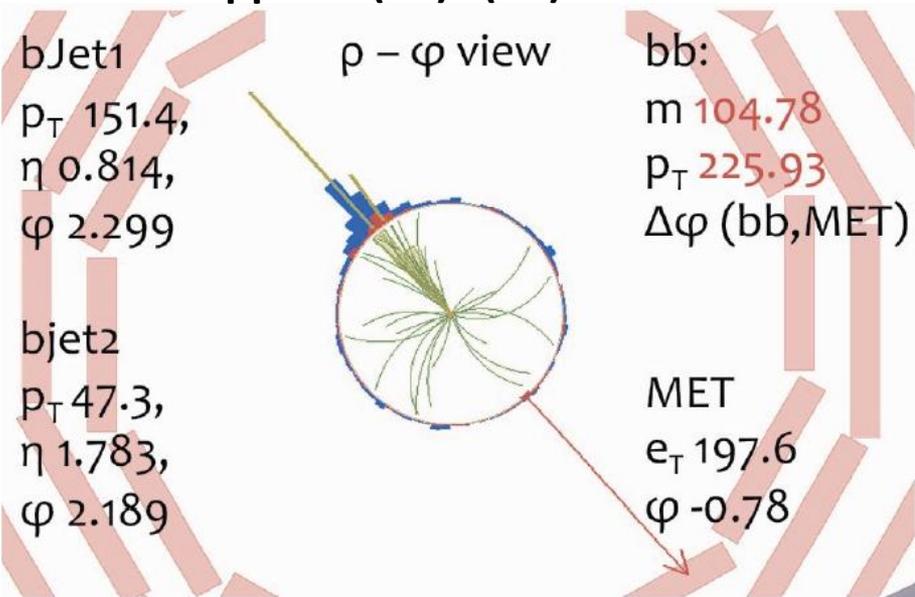
- peak lumi $\sim 3.5 \times 10^{-33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- $> 5/\text{fb}$ recorded @ $> 90\%$ eff
- mean pile-up ~ 10 , not a problem

What do we see at low mass?

(Moving in order of decreasing branching fraction)

H \rightarrow $b\bar{b}$

Candidate $pp \rightarrow Z(\nu\nu)H(bb)$ event



- **b-jet identification is critical**

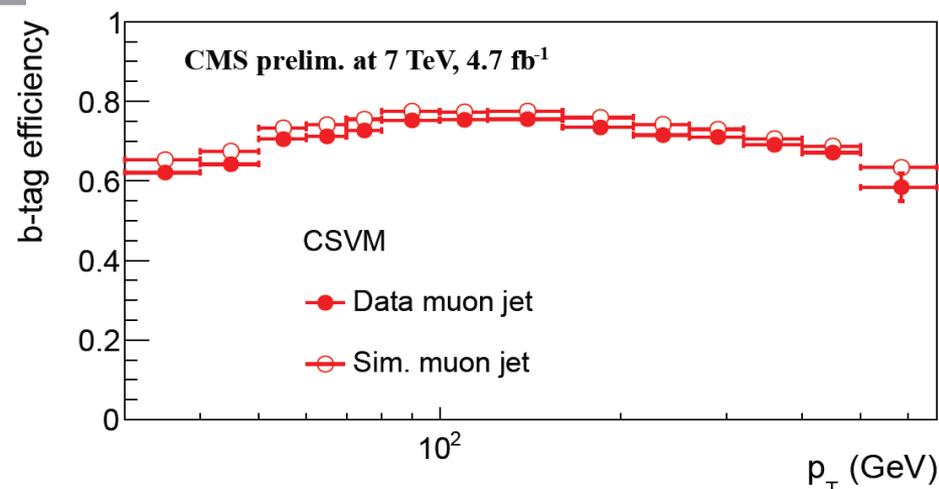
- Fake rate < 2% for $\varepsilon \sim 70\%$
- p_T dependence calibrated in data using $t\bar{t}$ events

- **Most sensitive in VH channel**

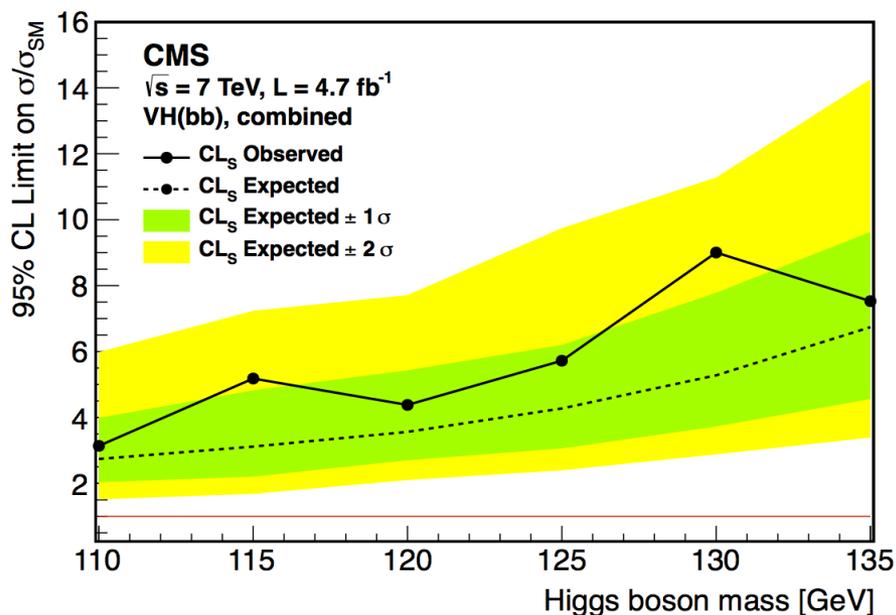
- V kills QCD and provides trigger
- p_T spectrum of V+jets is softer
 - boosting V and H increases S/B
 - Standard dijet reconstruction
- 3 topologies (5 channels):
 - $Z\ell\ell$, $Z\nu\nu$, $W\ell\nu$ [$\ell = e, \mu$]

- **Main backgrounds**

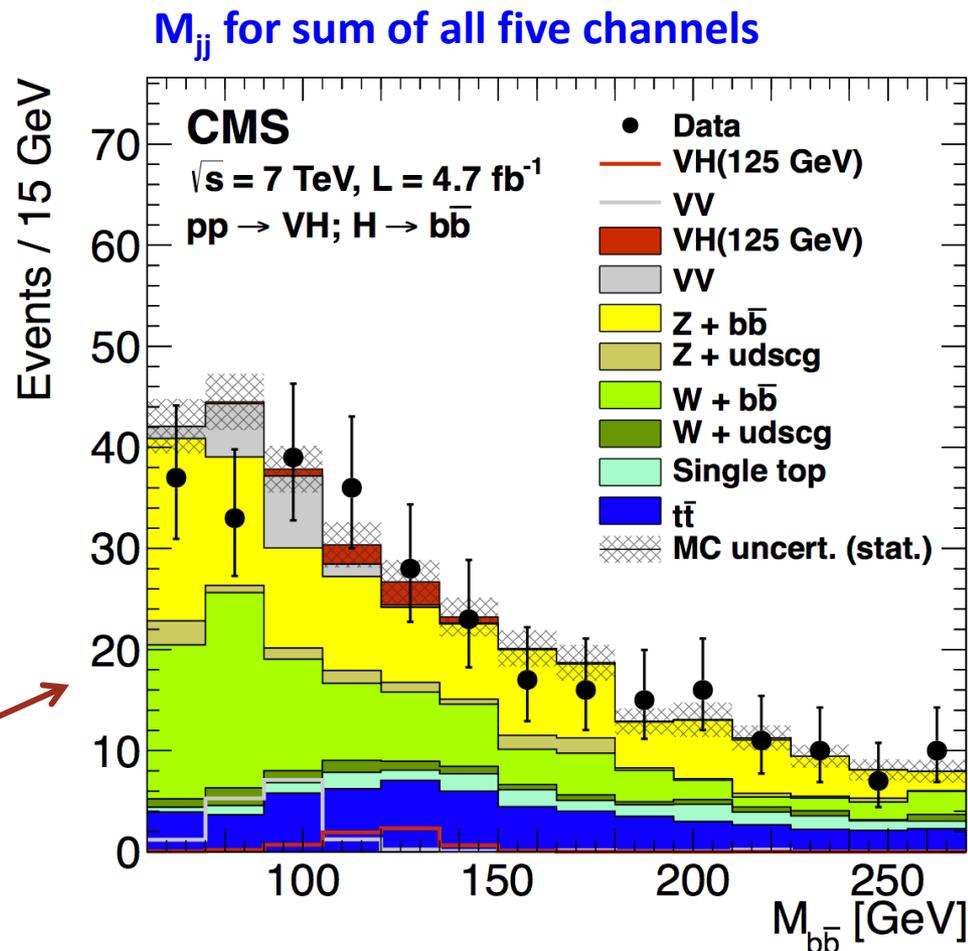
- V+bb, $t\bar{t}$, single top, VV



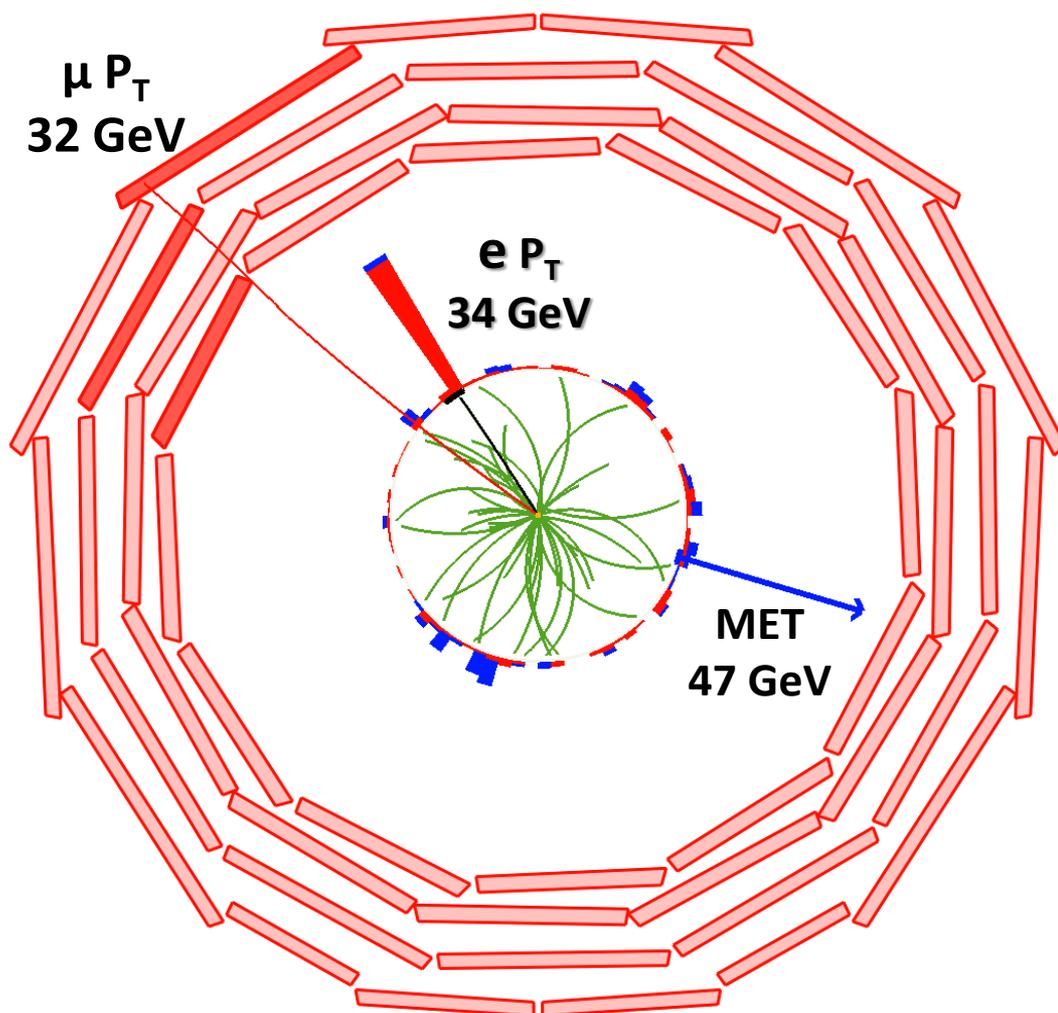
H \rightarrow $b\bar{b}$: Results



- **Results from MVA analysis**
 - exclude 3-9 x SM @ 95% CL_S
 - cross-check analysis on M_{jj}
 - many improvements on the way
- **Coming attractions**
 - H \rightarrow bb using VBF and ttH



$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 2\ell 2\nu$

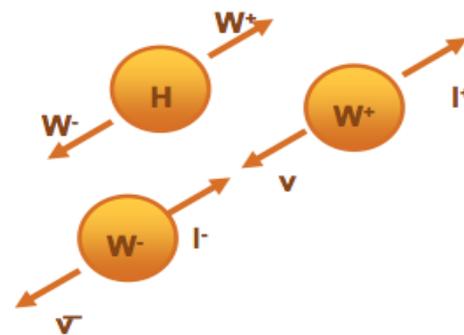


- **364kg Gorilla**

- 2nd largest $\sigma \times \text{BF}$
- Charged leptons for trigger
- Controllable backgrounds
- Kinematic handles

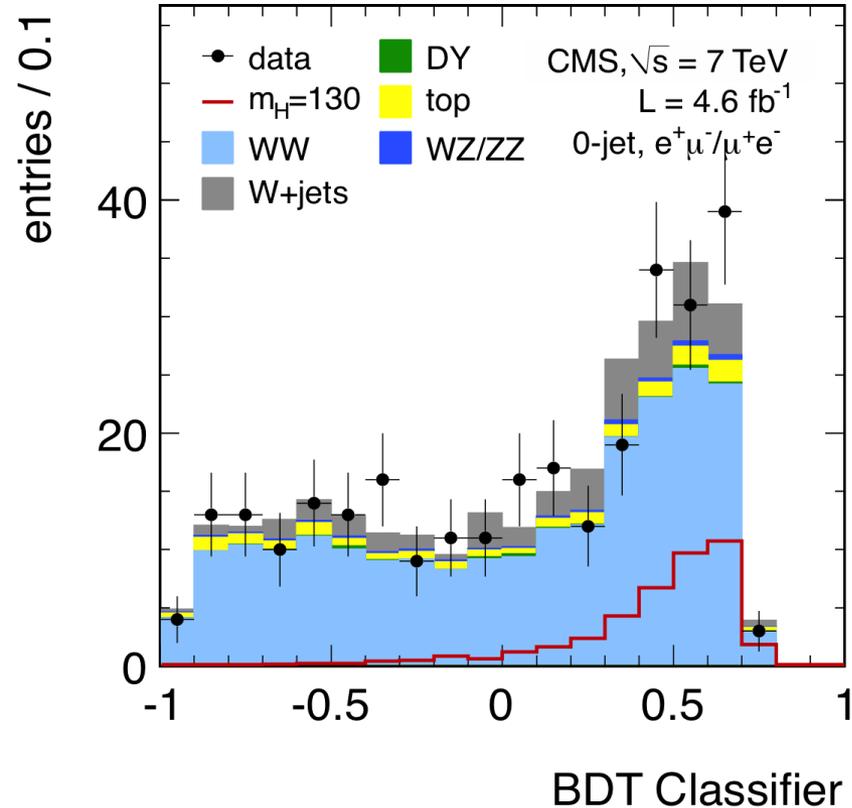
➔ **Sensitivity: 115 – 600 GeV**

Spin-0 Higgs + V-A weak int. =
small angle between ℓ 's, and ν 's



Only real drawback is no sharp mass peak (20% resolution in M_T)

$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 2\ell 2\nu$: Results

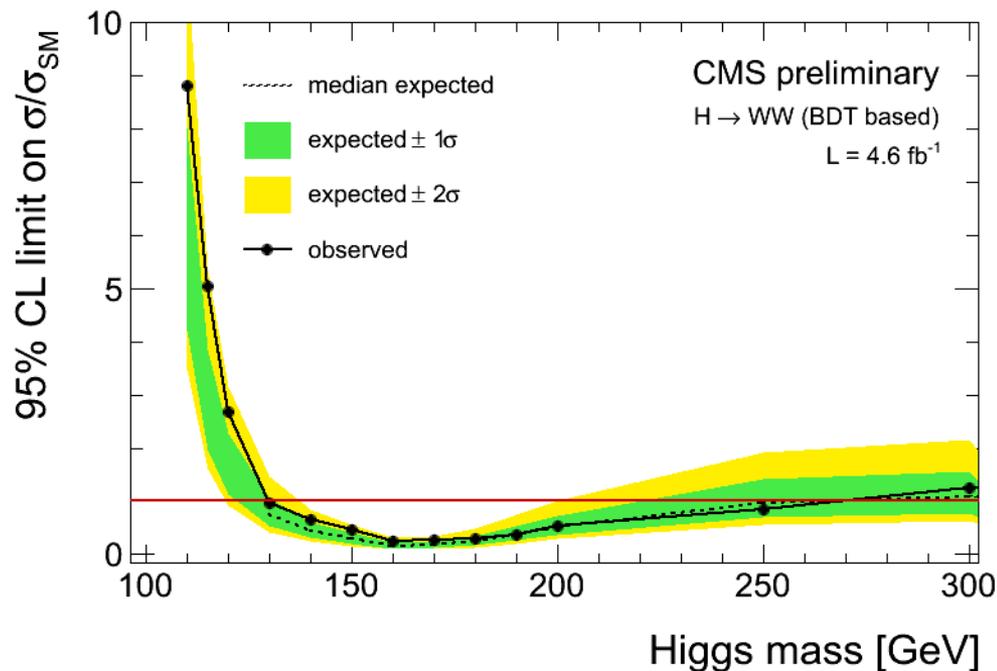


Results (95% CL_s)

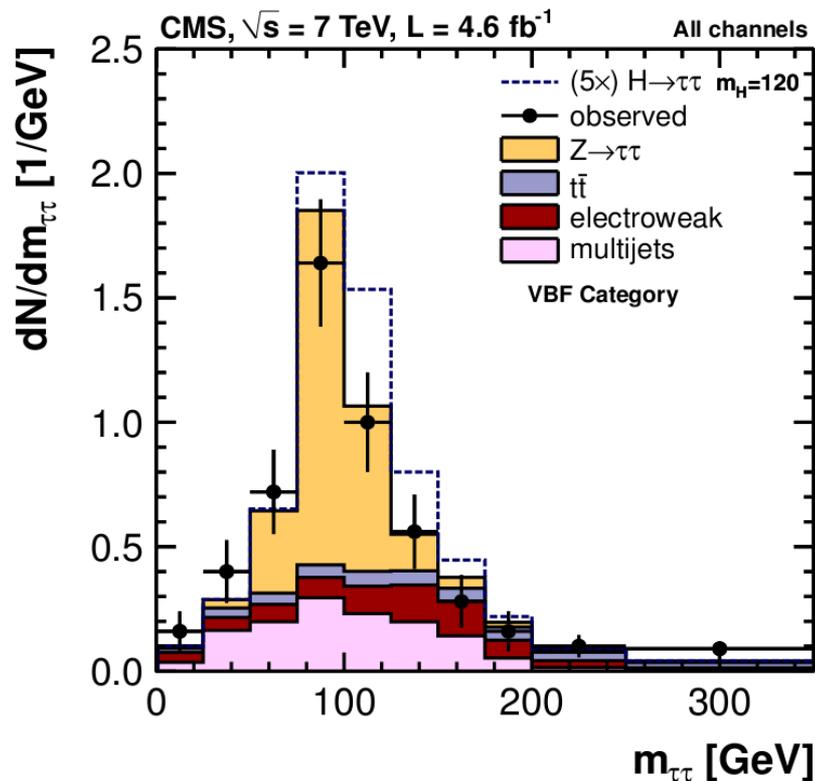
- Exp exclusion: 127-270 GeV
- Obs exclusion: 129-270 GeV

Analysis method:

- MVA shape analysis with 0/1 jet
 - Cross-check includes VBF (2 jets)
- Main bkg obtained from data
- Not much room left for improvement
 - Added WH(WW) [HIG-11-034]
 - adding WW($2\ell 2j$)



H \rightarrow $\tau\tau$

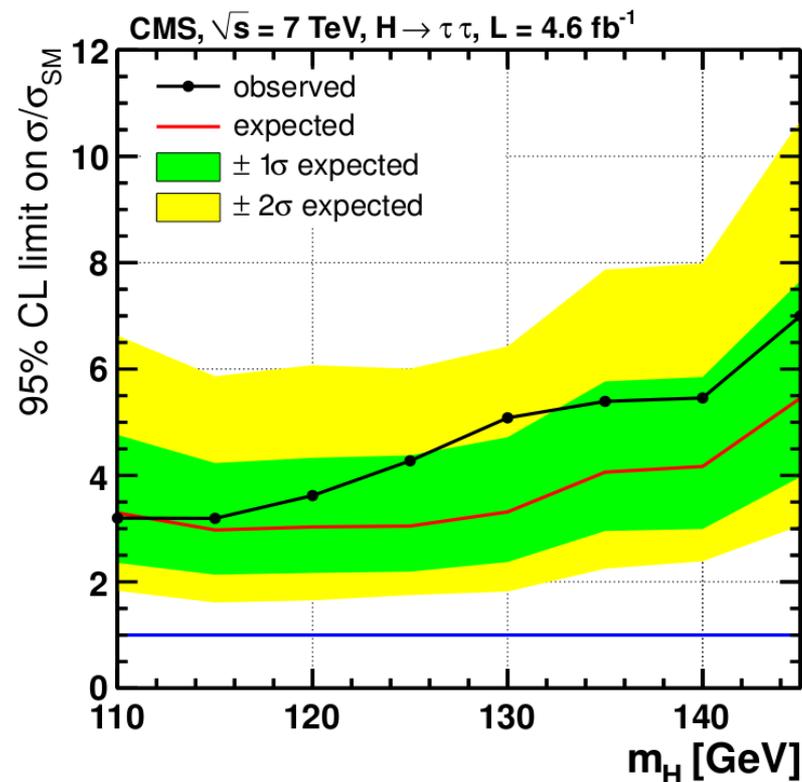


Analysis method:

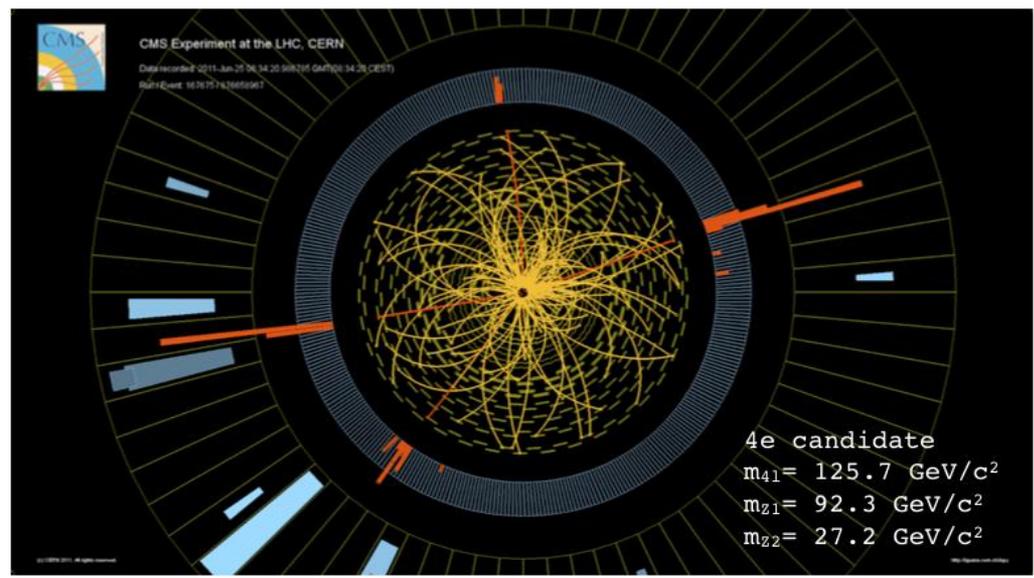
- Binned ML fit to $M_{\tau\tau}$ in categories
 - 0/1 jet, boosted, VBF
- Use $e\mu$, $e\tau_h$, and $\mu\tau_h$

Results from SM analysis

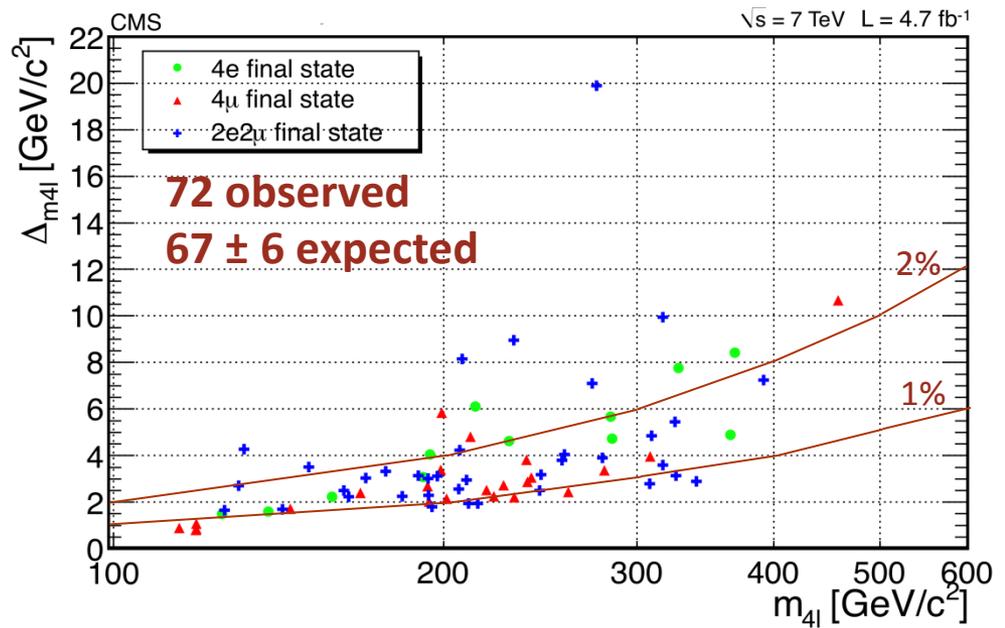
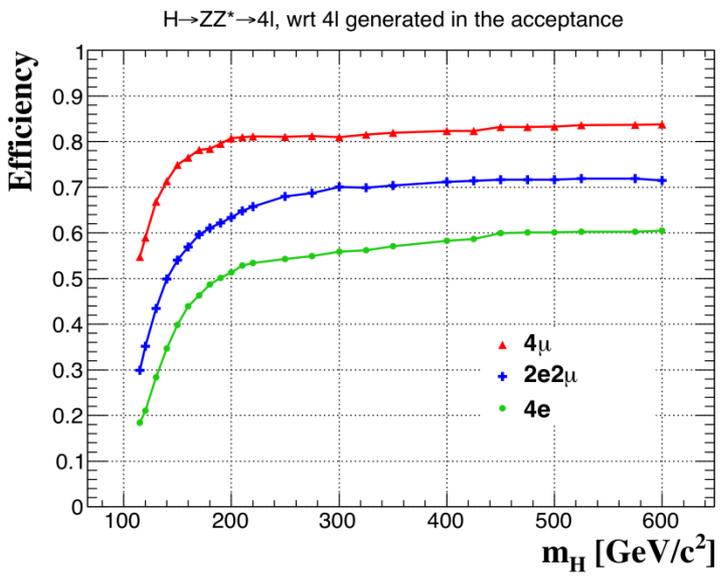
- exclude 3-7 x SM @ 95%CL $_s$
- New SM results (Moriond 2012)
 - $\mu\mu$ mode [HIG-12-007]
 - WH($\tau\tau$) [HIG-12-006]



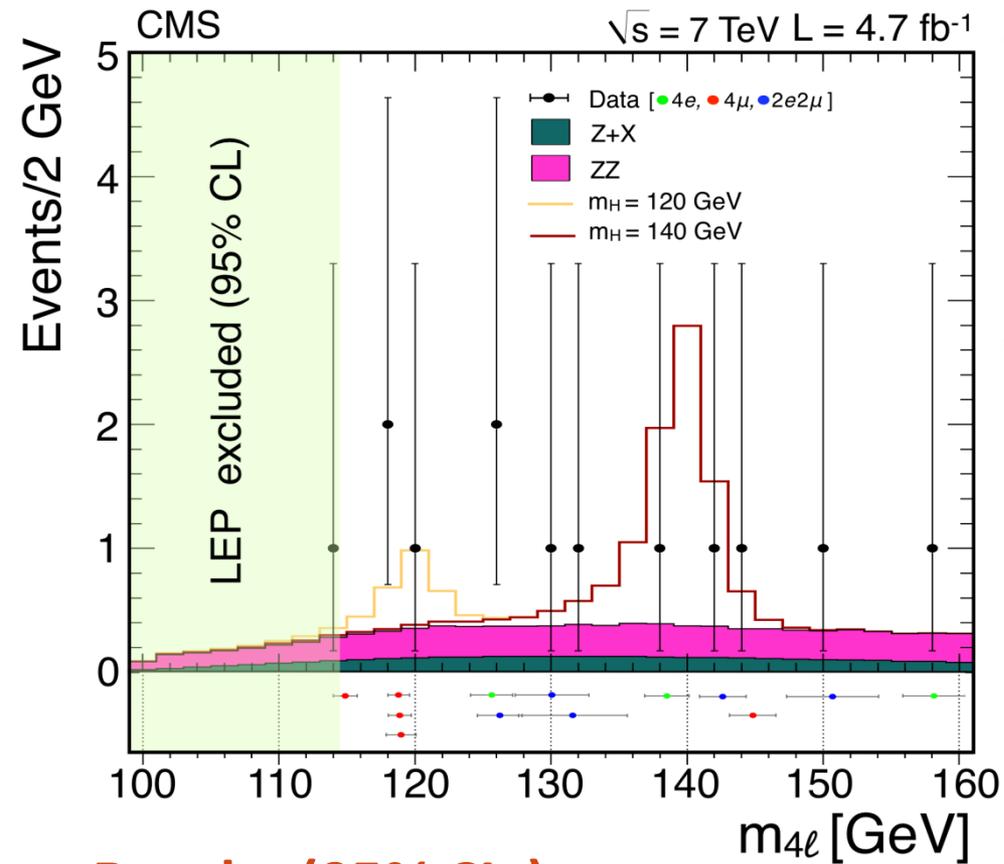
H → ZZ → 4ℓ



- **High purity**
 - Small signal, smaller bkg
- **4 charged tracks**
 - > 97% trigger efficiency
 - Excellent resolution (1-2%)
 - Robust against pile-up



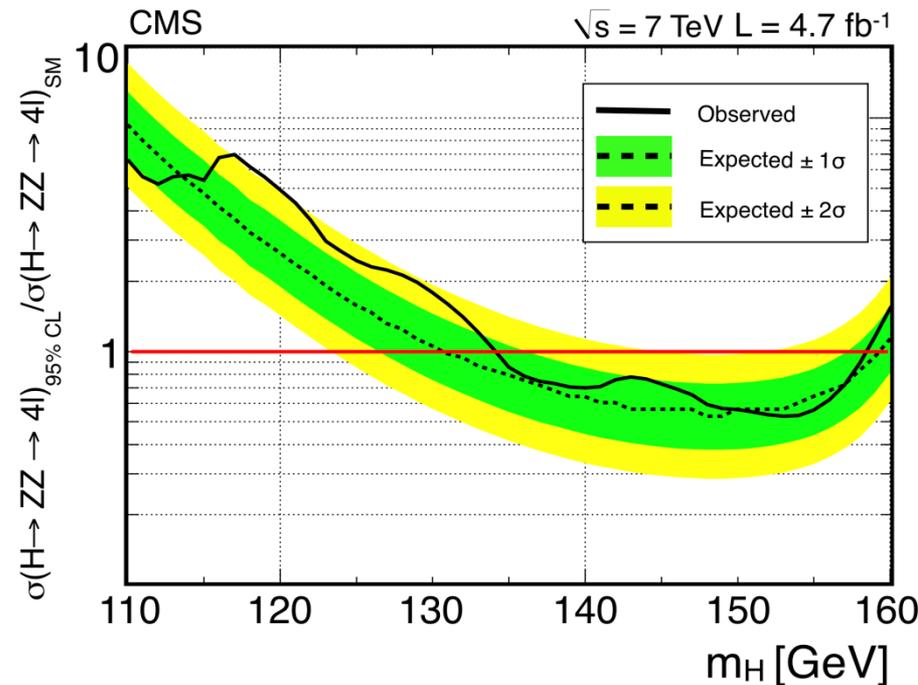
H → ZZ → 4ℓ: Results

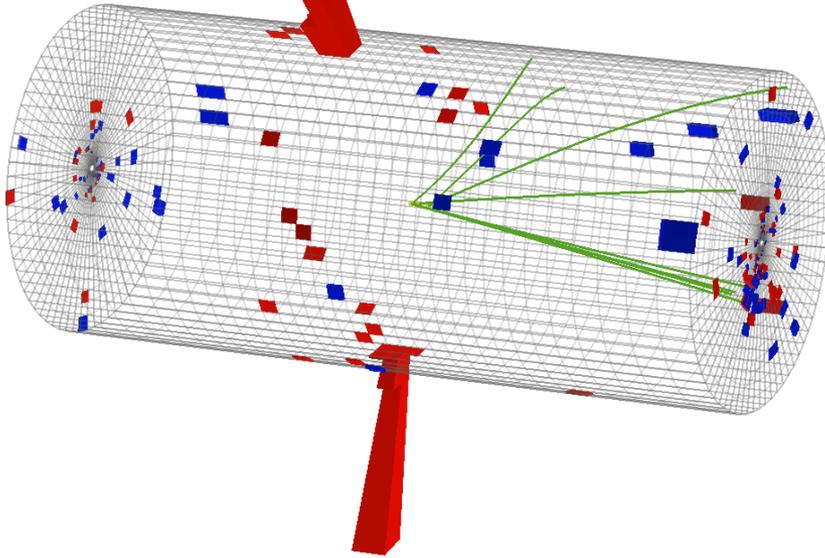


- In the region 100 – 160 GeV:
 - 13 events observed
 - 5 μμ, 5, eμ, 2 ee
 - 9.5 ± 1.3 expected
- Some clustering near 119 GeV
 - But only in μμ

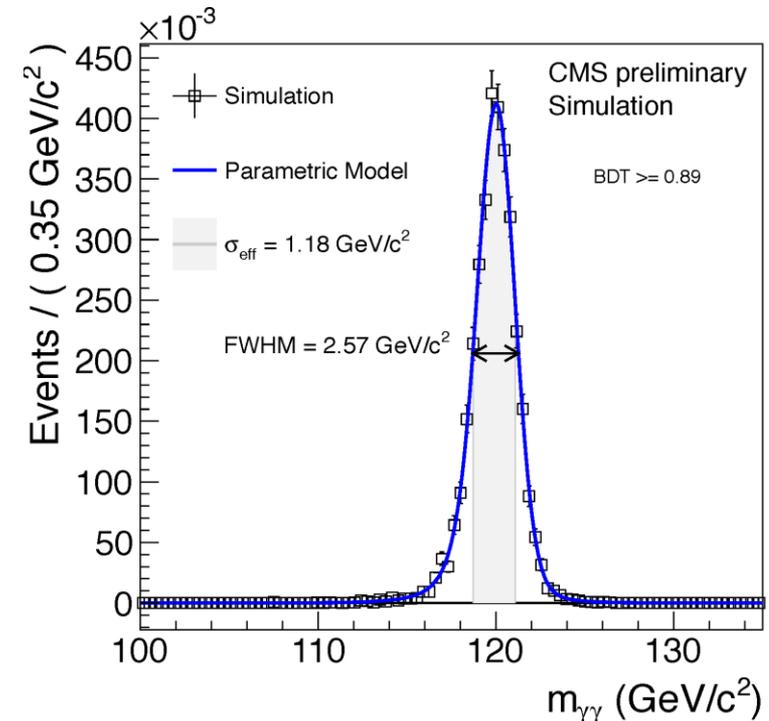
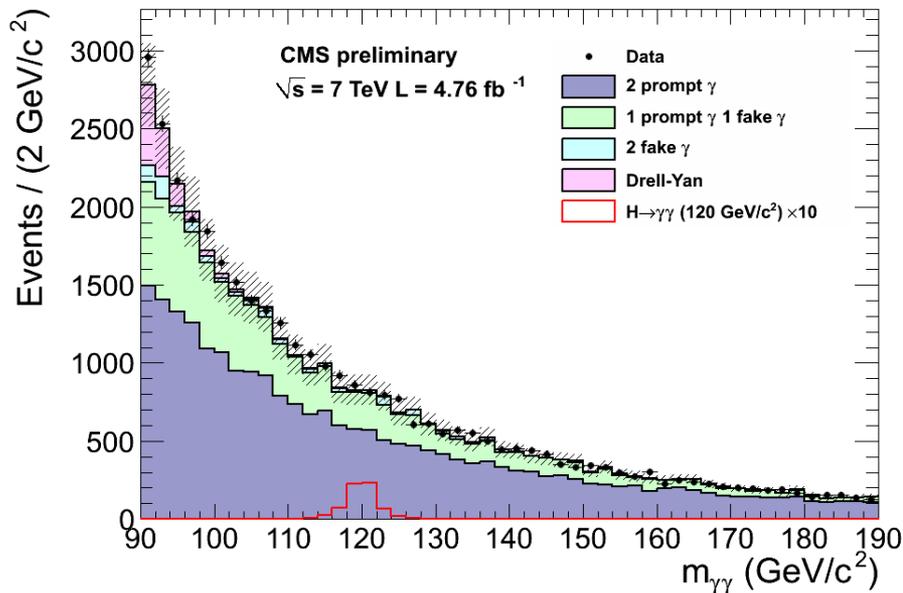
• Results (95% CL_s)

- Observed exclusion: 134-158 GeV
- Broad excess in obs limit 115-135 GeV, expect narrow excess if Higgs

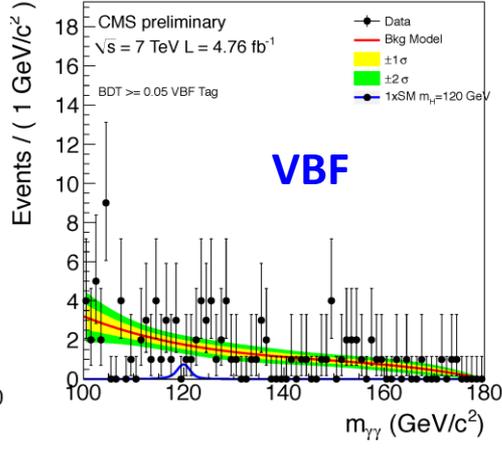
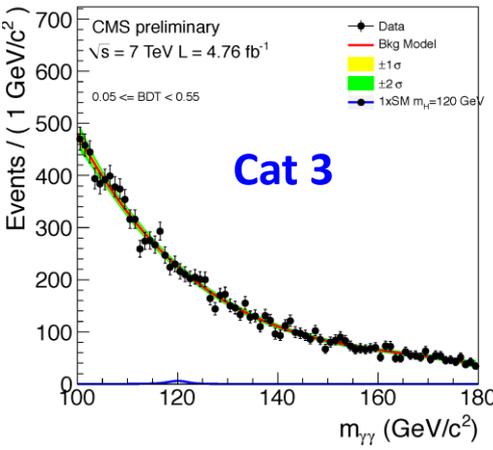
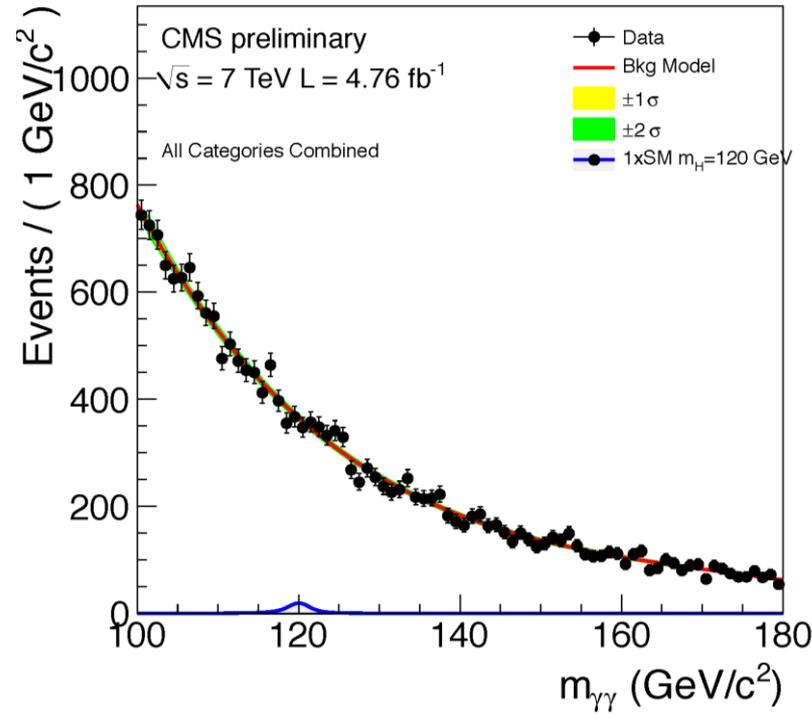
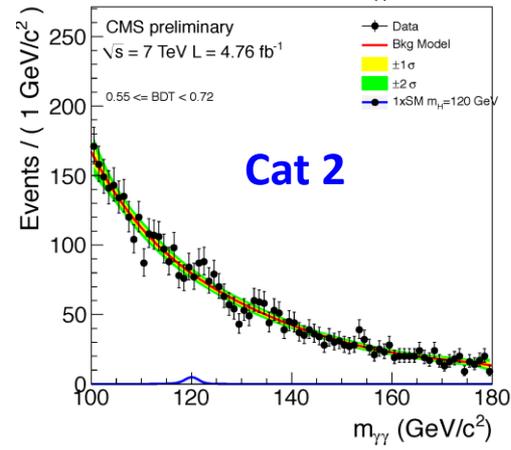
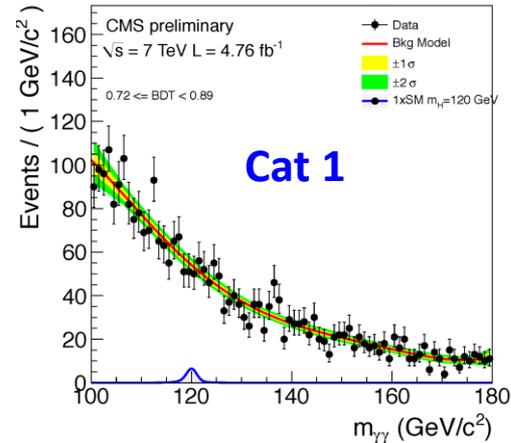
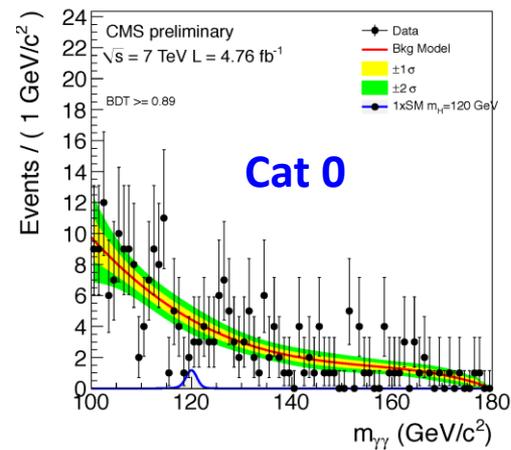




- **Resolution is critical**
 - Smallest BF in searched channels
 - Large irreducible diphoton bkg
 - Challenging trigger with pile-up
 - Few event-level handles
- **Search for narrow peak on large smoothly falling background**



H \rightarrow $\gamma\gamma$: MVA Analysis



Strategy

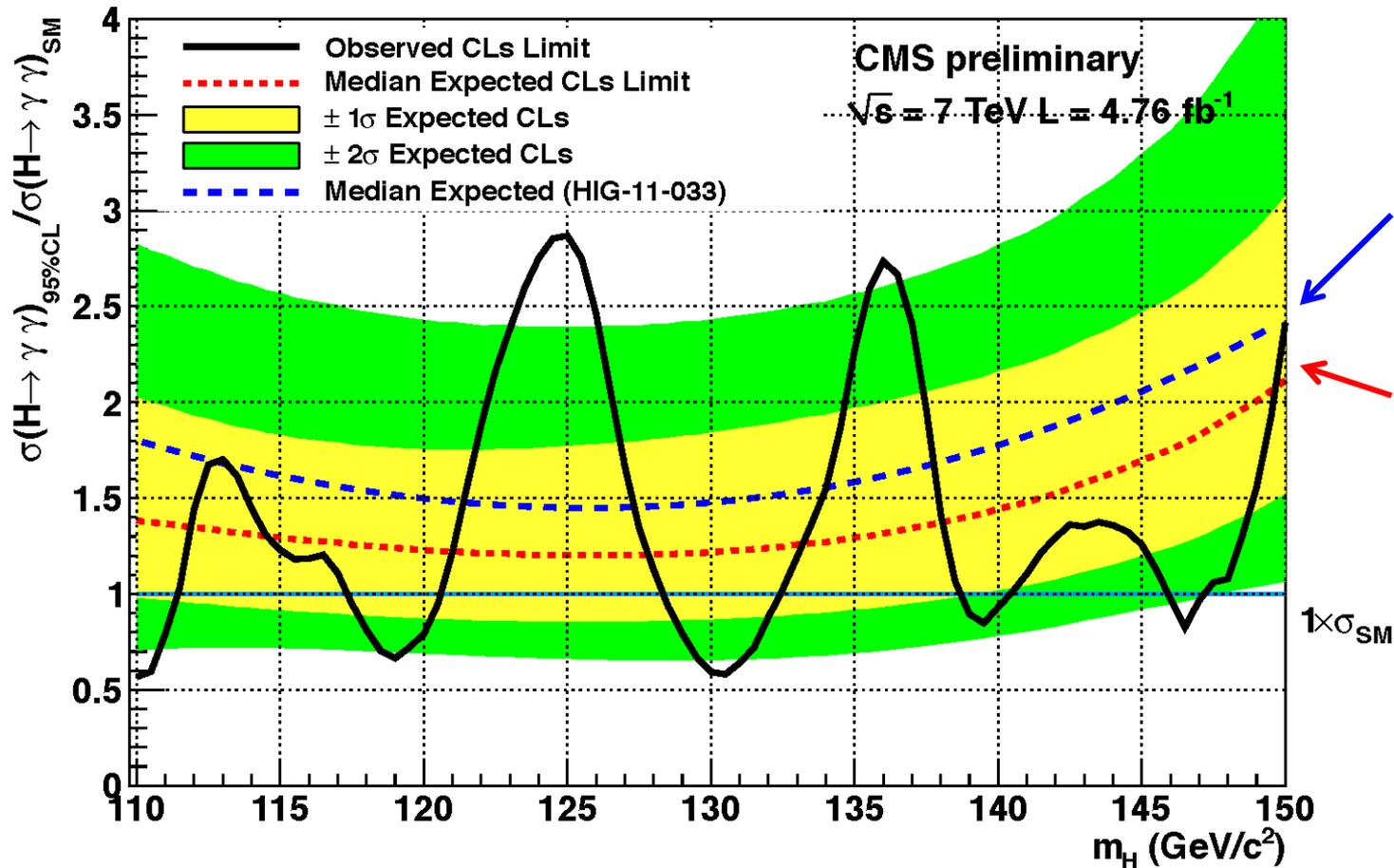
- Categorize events based on diphoton
 - “diphoton BDT”
- Add VBF events
- Fit $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ in categories

Background shape

- Obtained from data
- Different functions tried
- Additional cross-checks

20% improvement in expected limit over published result

H \rightarrow $\gamma\gamma$: Results

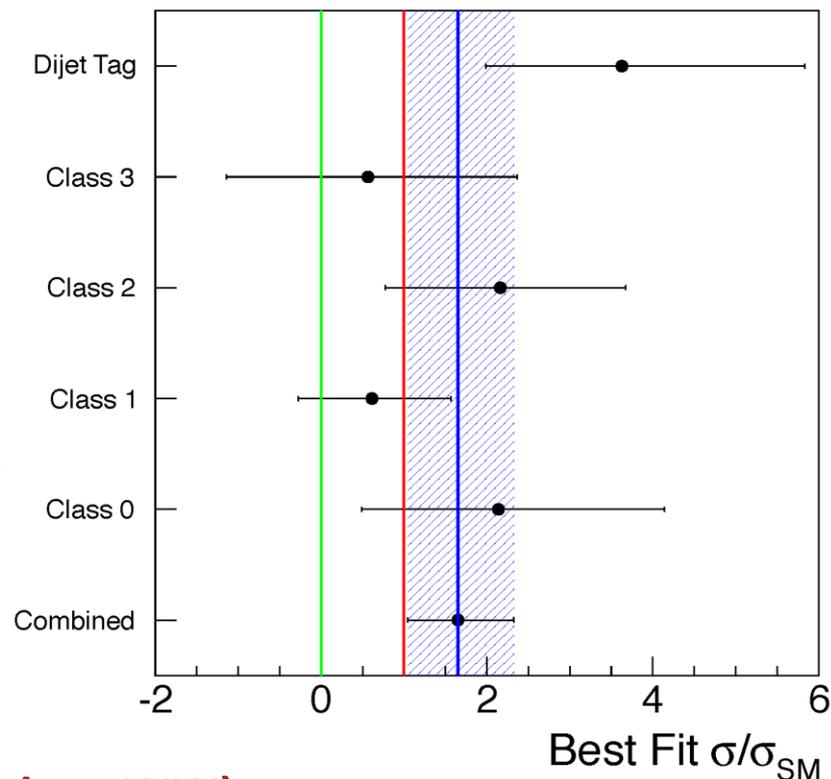
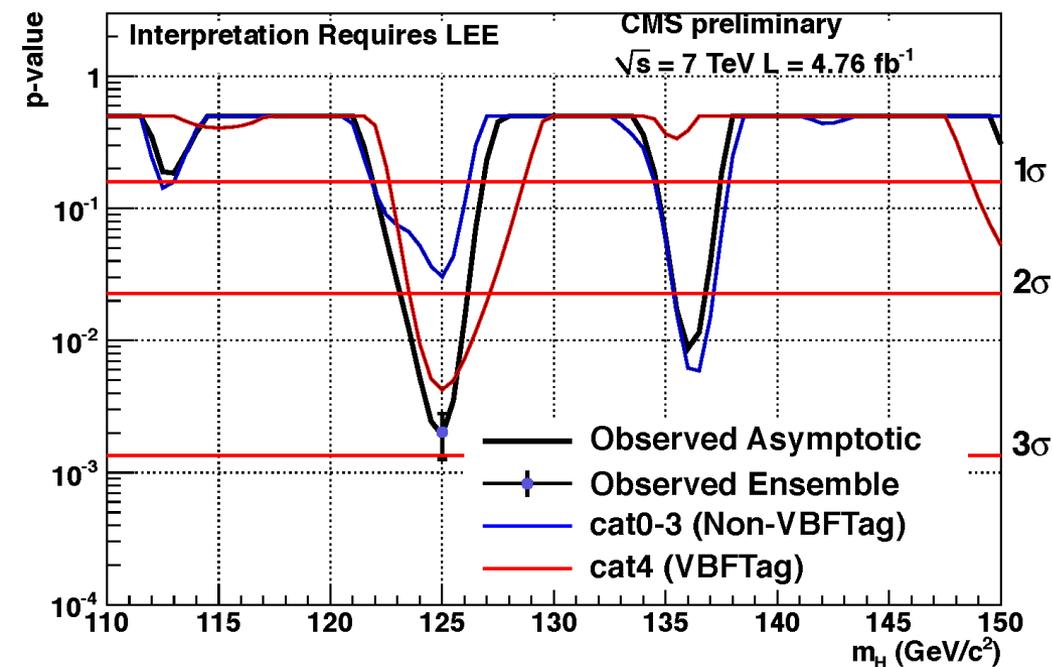


arXiv.1202.1487
(published)

CMS PAS
HIG-12-001

Expected limits from 1.2 – 2.1 for 110-150 GeV (95% CL_s)
 Two regions of large excess: 125 GeV and 136 GeV

H \rightarrow $\gamma\gamma$: p-values and signal strength

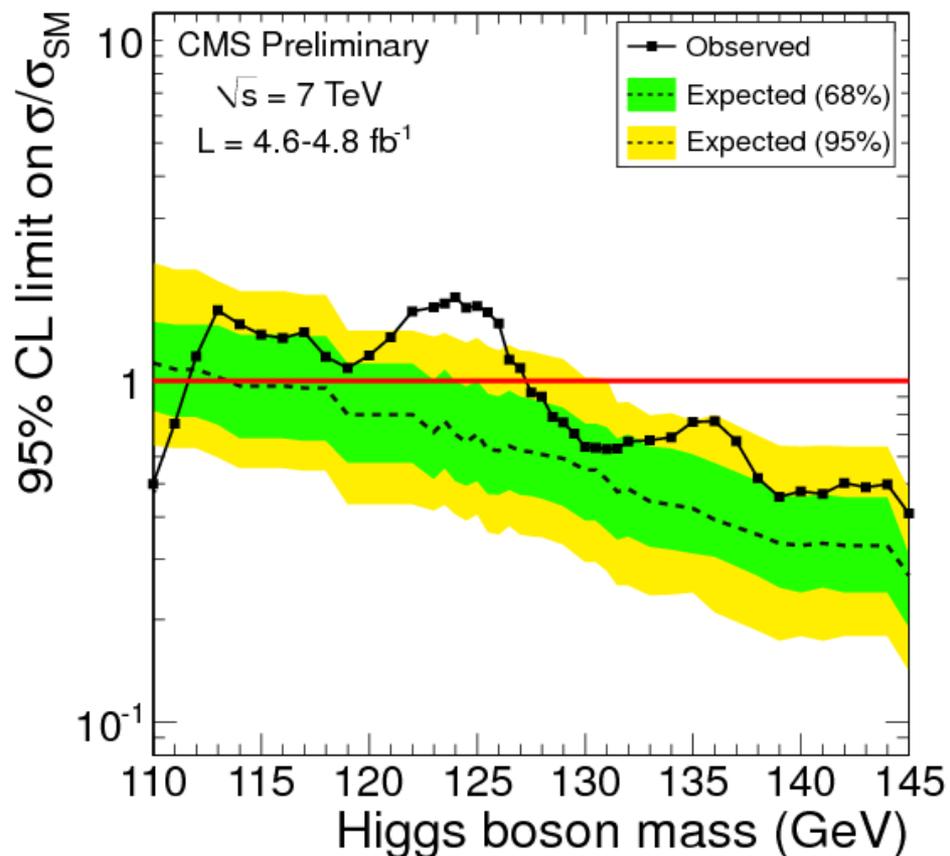
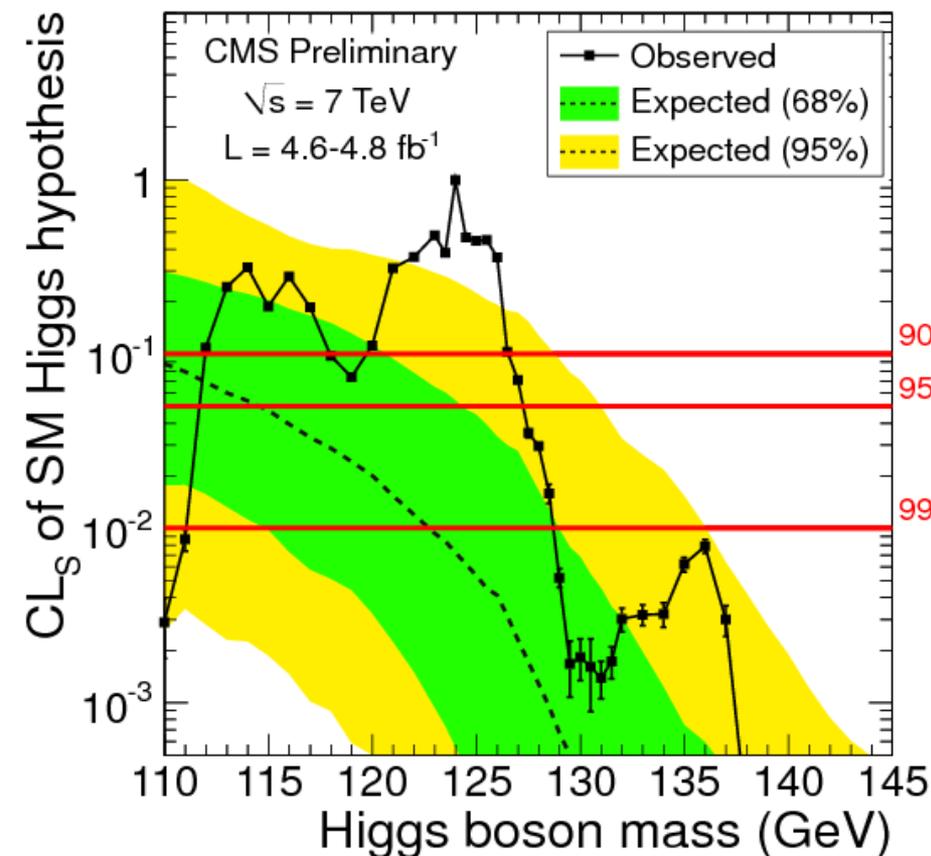


VBF does not like a 136 GeV Higgs (neither does WW)
 @ 125 GeV: local p-value = 2.9σ , global p-value = 1.6σ

LHC will provide the conclusion (maybe soon!)

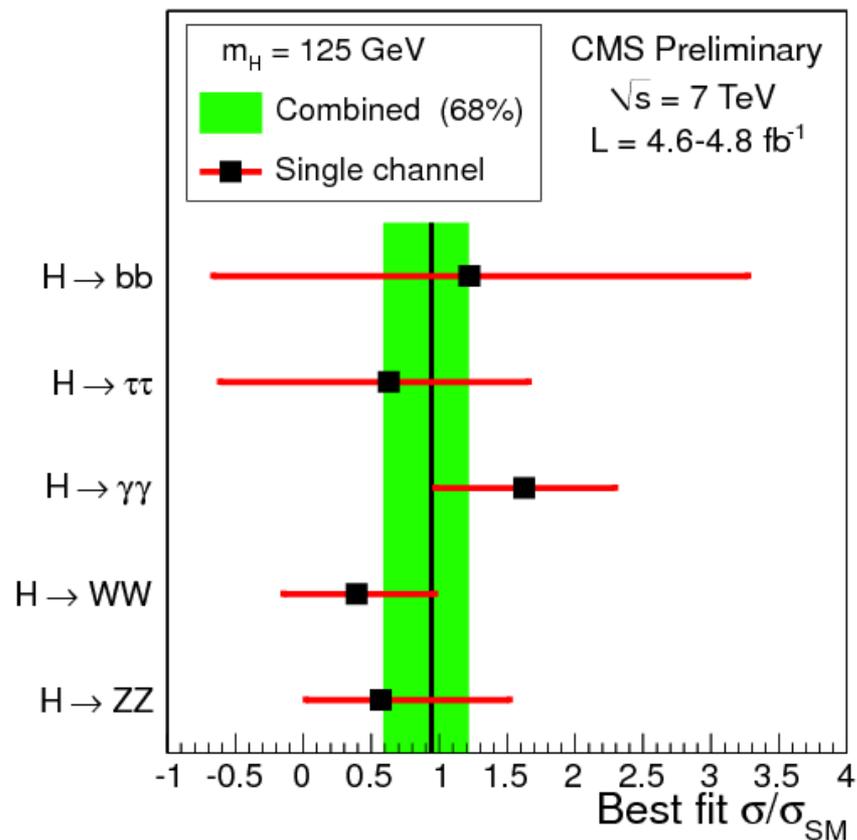
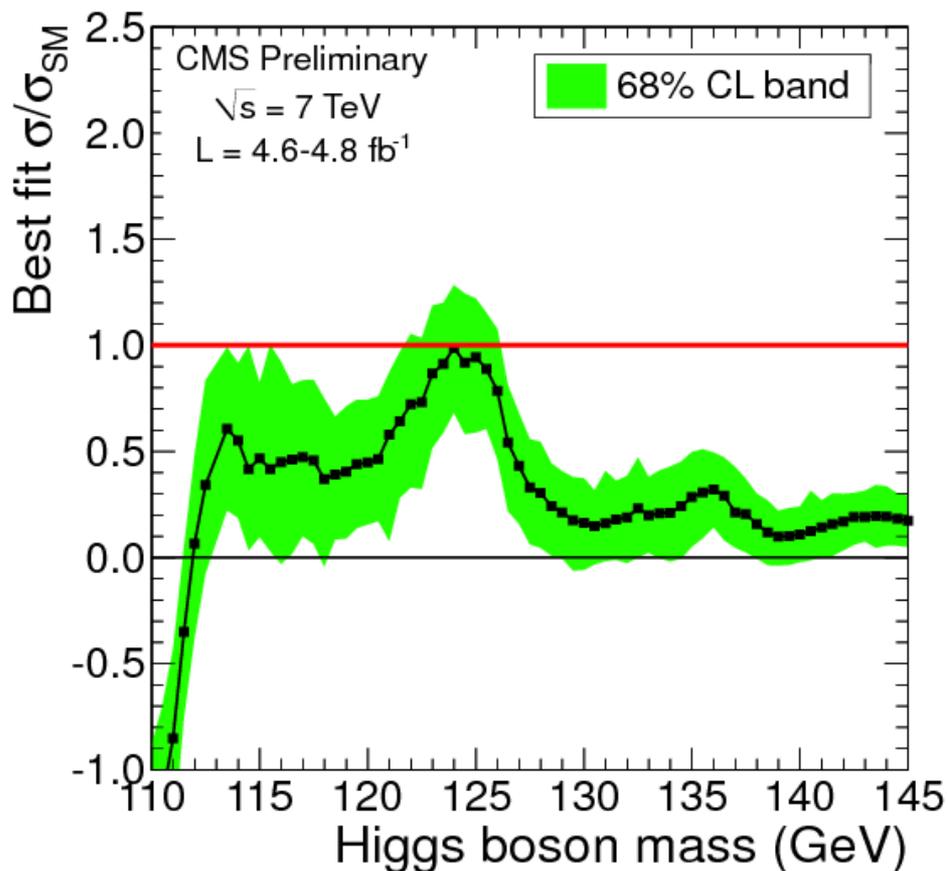
Higgs Combination at Low Mass

CMS Winter 2012 Combination



@95% CL_s { Expected exclusion: 114.5 – 543 GeV
 Observed exclusion: 127.5 – 600 GeV

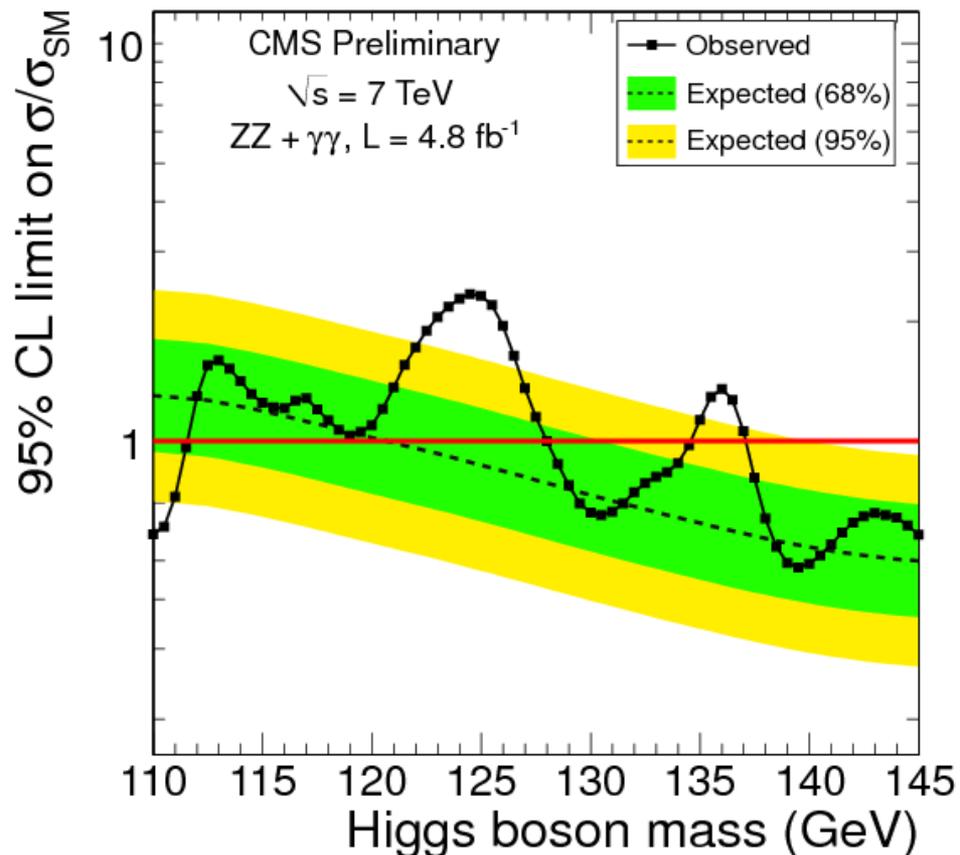
Is it the SM Higgs?



All channels are consistent with a SM Higgs @ 125 GeV

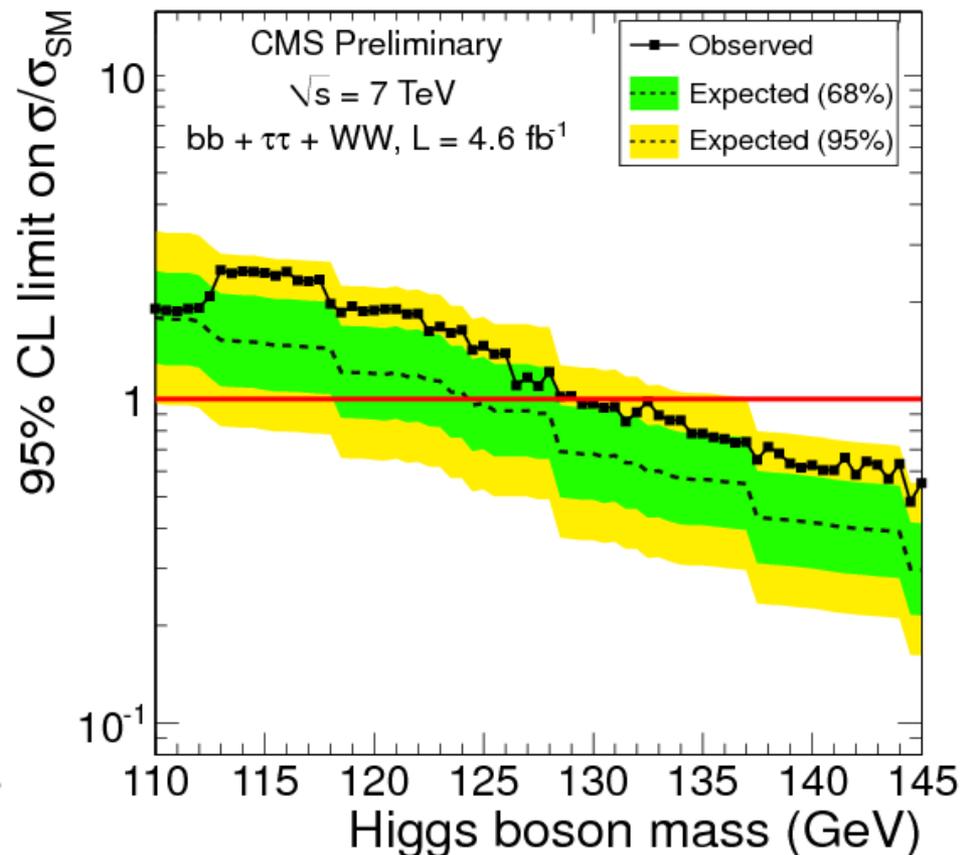
$\gamma\gamma + ZZ$ vs. $bb + \tau\tau + WW$

1-2% mass resolution



ZZ does not remove excesses

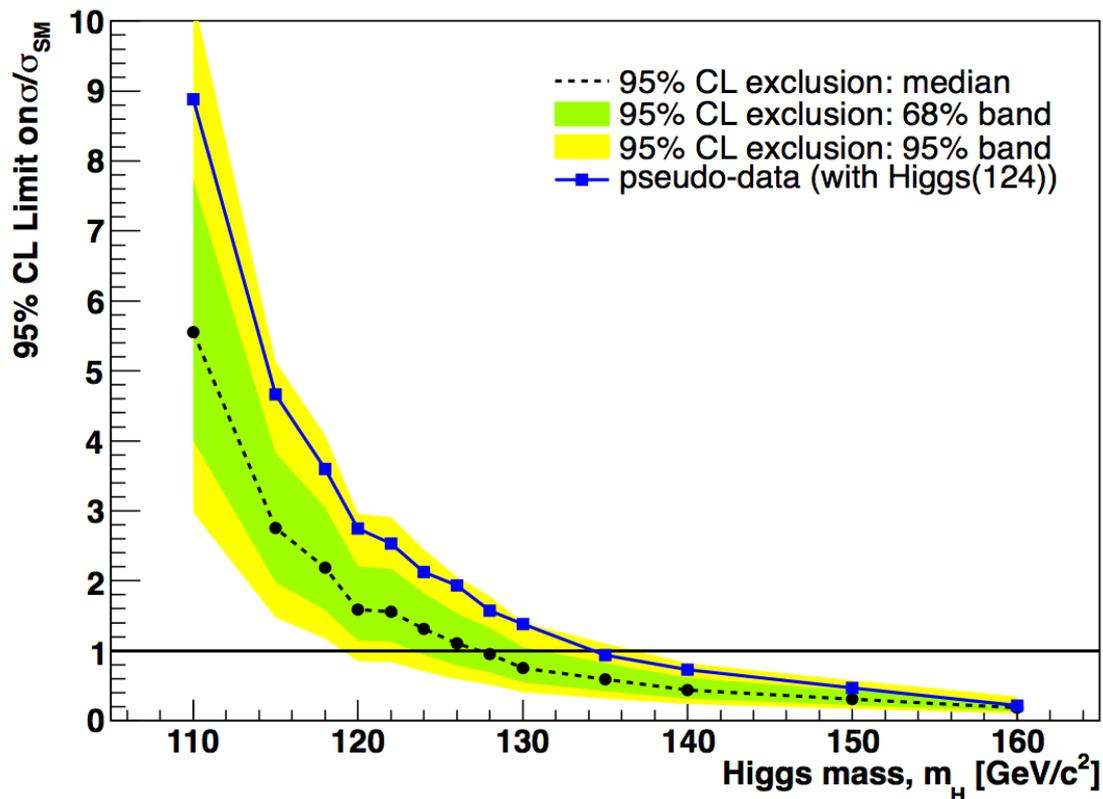
10-20% mass resolution



Broad 1σ excess 112 – 145 GeV

What Would Signal Look Like in WW?

$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 2l2\nu + 0/1/2\text{-jets}$, mva based



Run pseudo-experiments
injecting WW signal @ 124 GeV

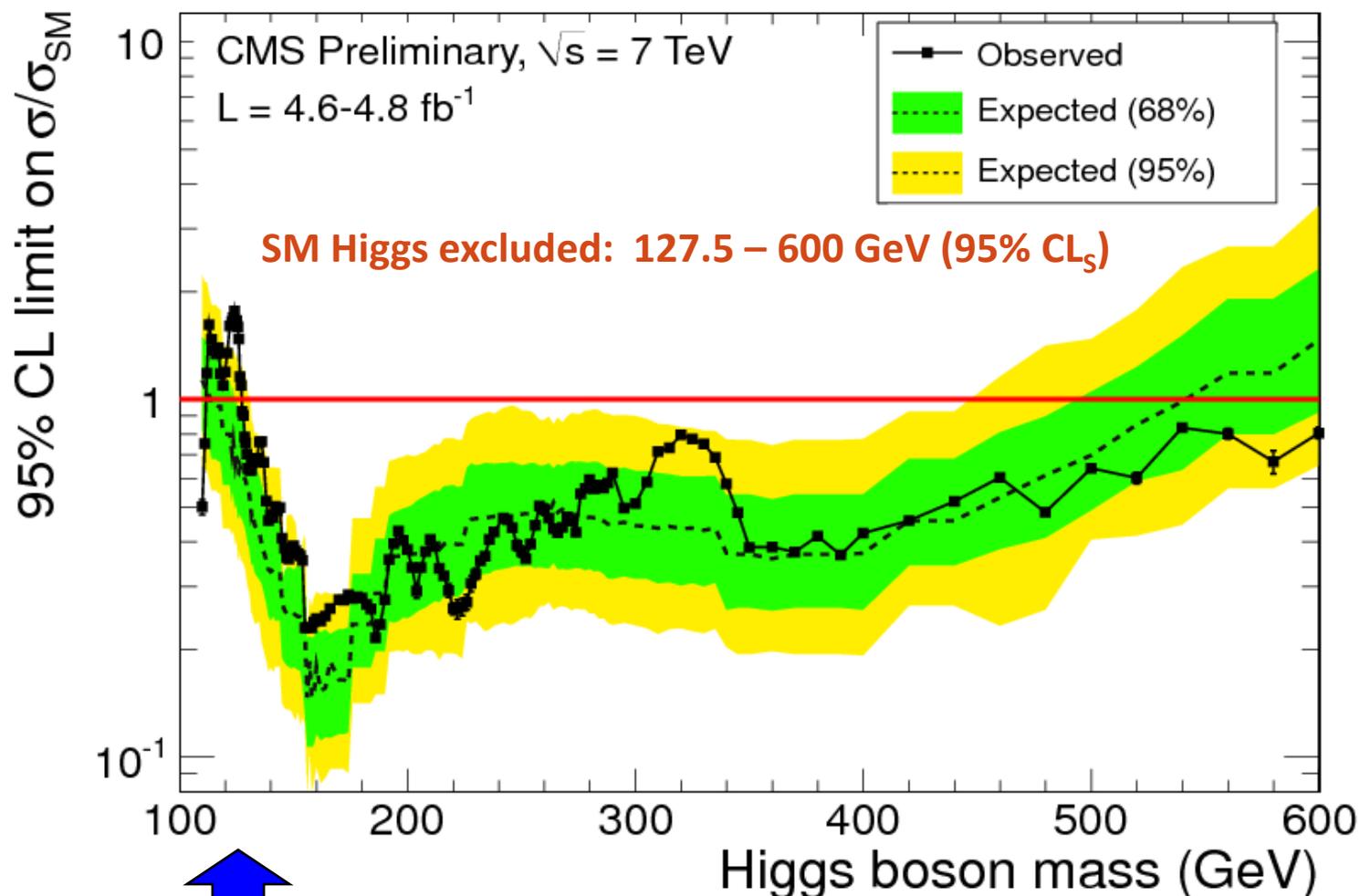
Reproduce the analysis and
recalculate “observed” limits

Results look very similar to
actual data result

Demonstrates that observed
excess in WW is compatible
with a SM Higgs near 125 GeV

What if no SM Higgs at Low Mass?

CMS Winter Combination: Full Range



If not here...

It must be way out here

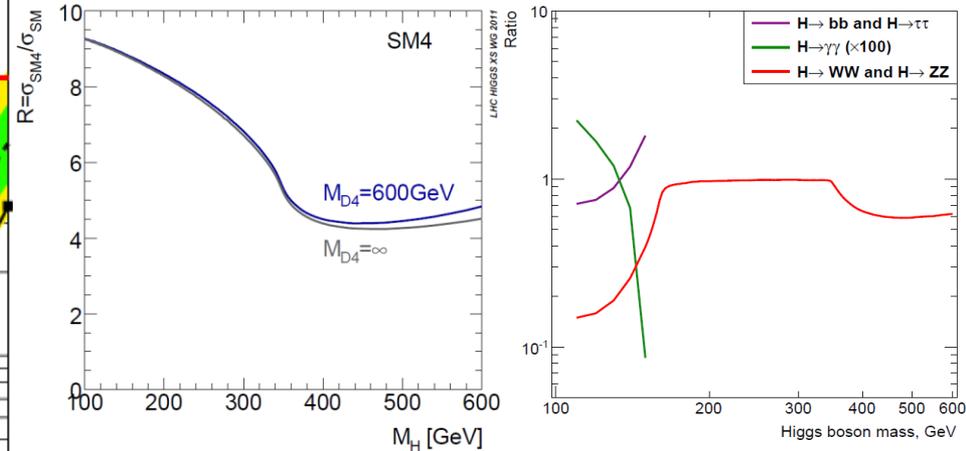
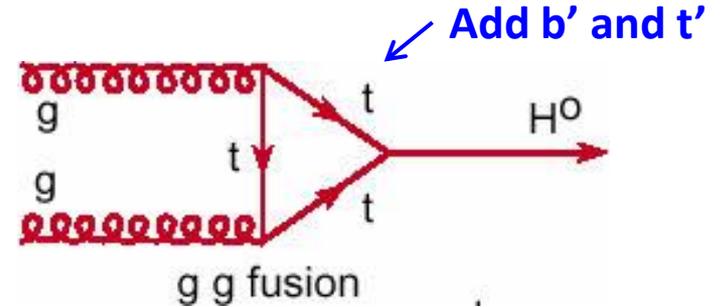
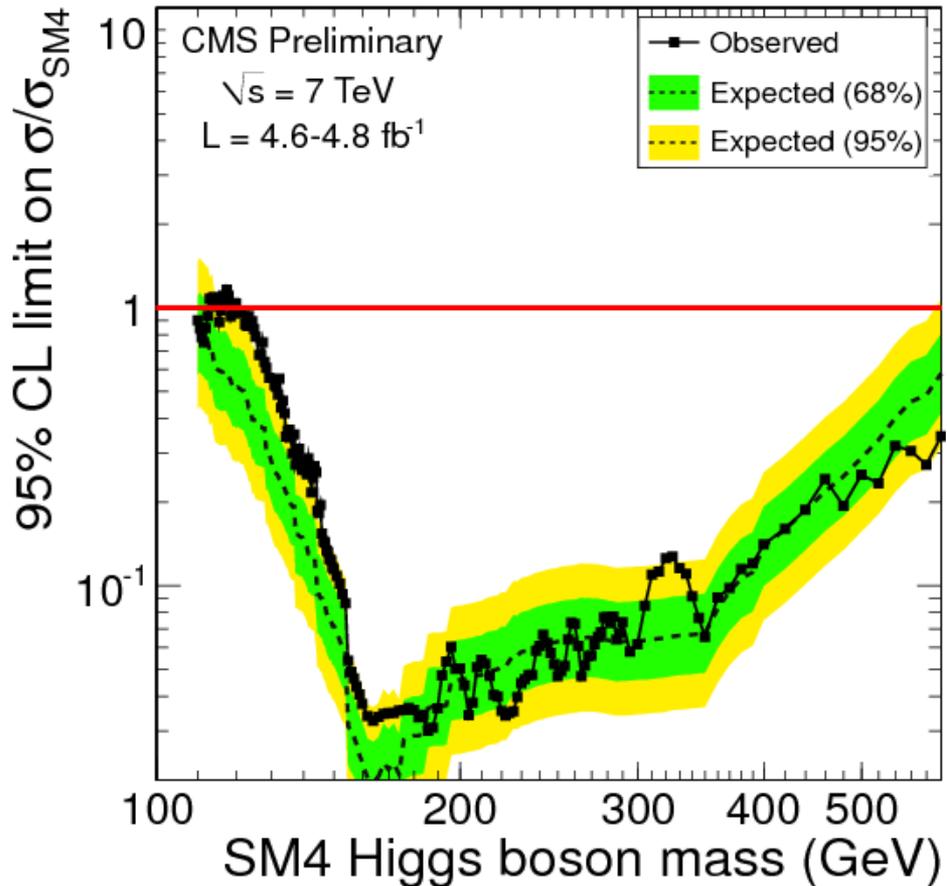
BSM Higgs Searches

BSM Overview

- **Extensions to the SM**
 - 4th generation of heavy fermions
 - Fermiophobic Higgs sector
- **Supersymmetric**
 - MSSM with two Higgs doublets
 - NMSSM with additional scalar field
- **Triple your fun**
 - Minimal seesaw model of type II
 - Triplet scalar field → doubly charged Higgs

Limits on SM4 Higgs

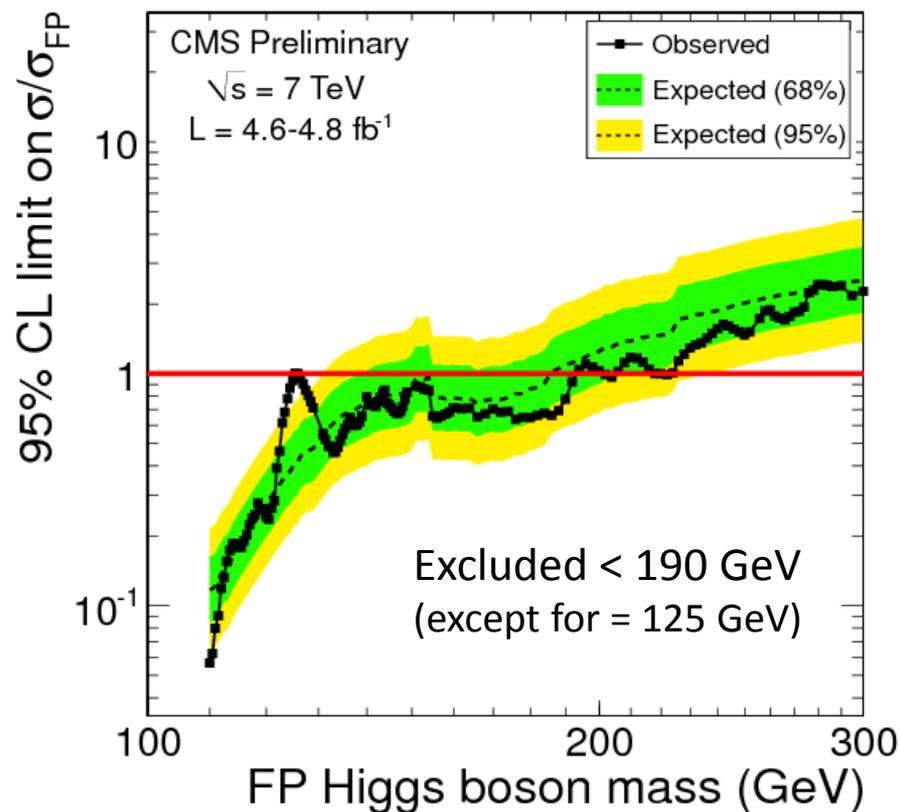
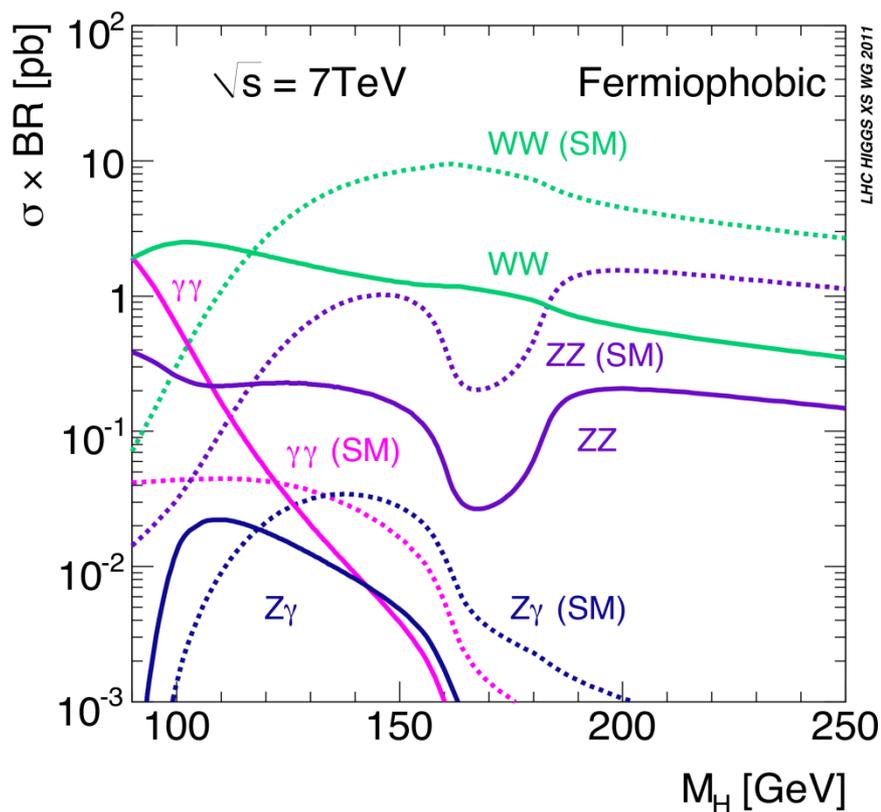
SM4 Higgs excluded for $M_H > 120$ GeV



Cross sections and branching fractions modified significantly

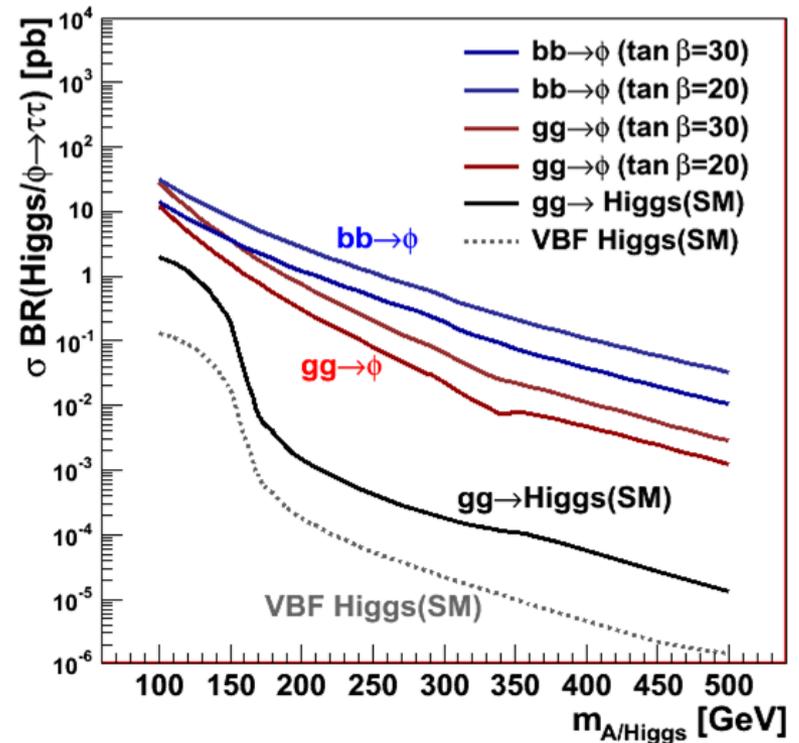
Fermiophobic Higgs

- **Assume no coupling to fermions**
 - Gluon fusion and $t\bar{t}H$ production forbidden (no change to VBF and VH)
 - Big enhancement (10x) to $\gamma\gamma$ branching fraction
 - Reinterpretation of existing analyses (VH added for $\gamma\gamma$)



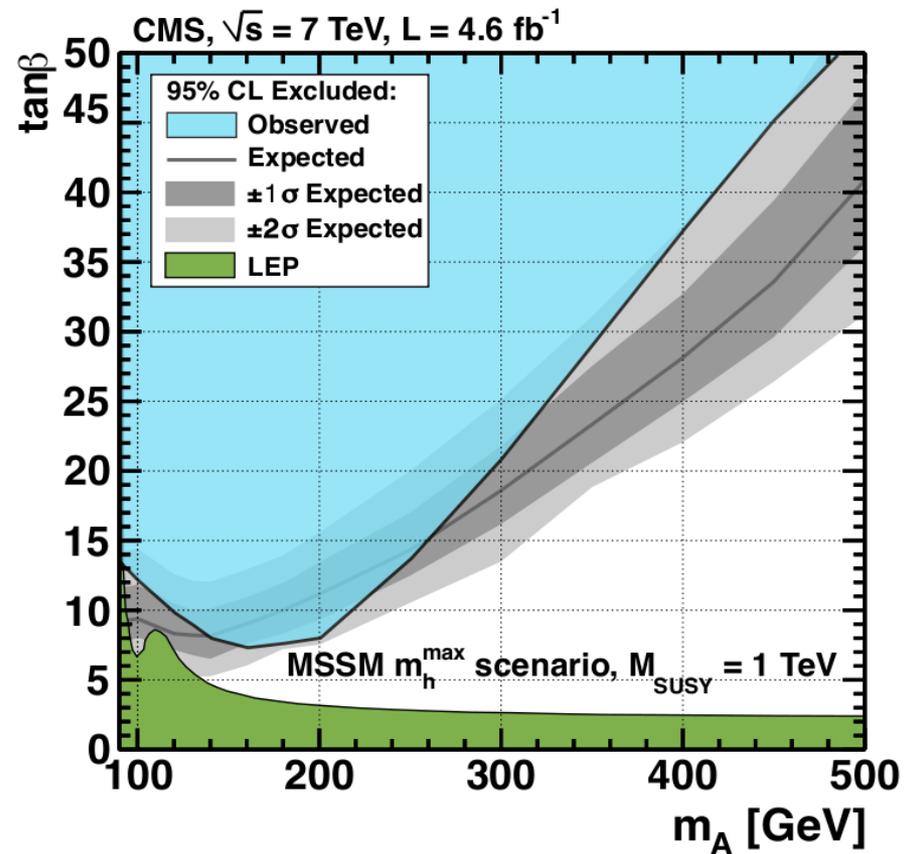
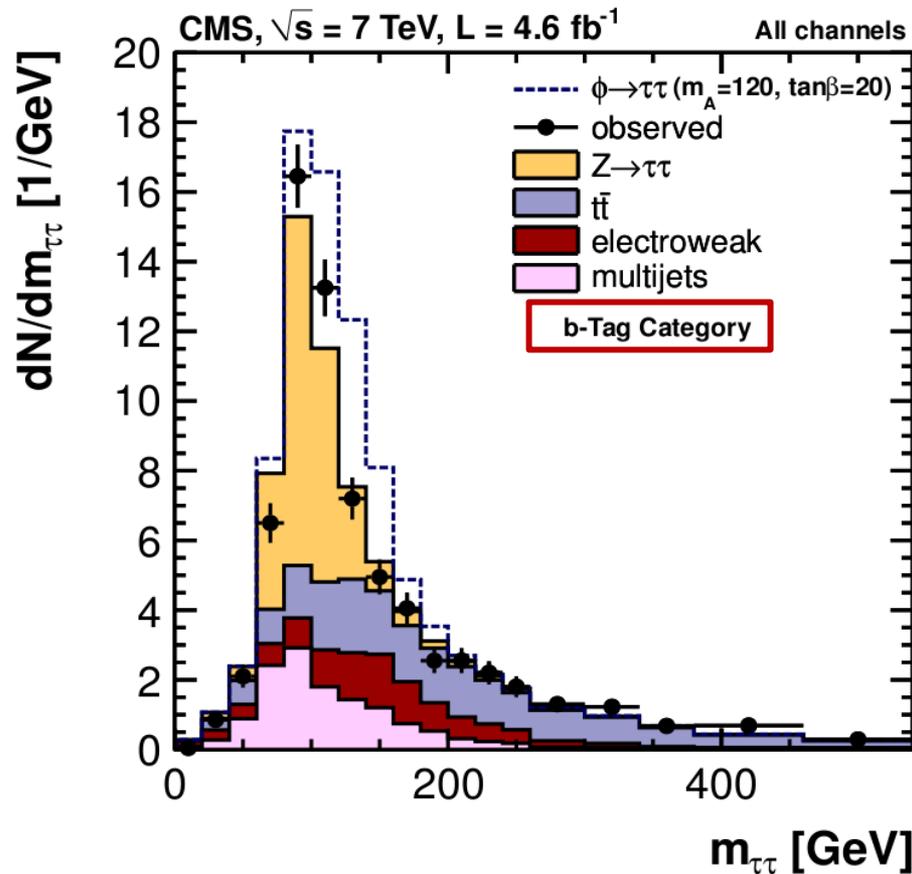
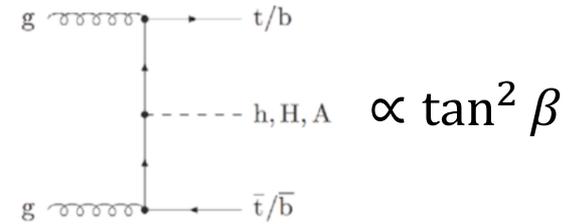
MSSM Higgs

- **Two Higgs doublets**
 - Five Higgs particles
 - Three neutral (h, H, A)
 - Two charged (H^\pm)
 - Two free parameters
 - Search in $m_A - \tan\beta$ plane
- **Searches @ CMS**
 - Neutral: $\tau\tau$ (and bb)
 - Charged: look in top decays



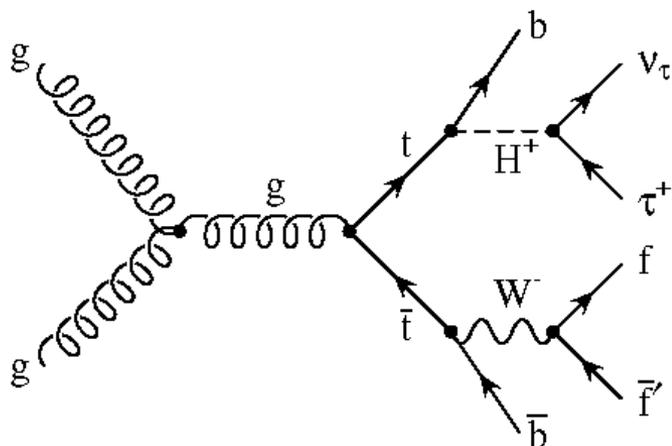
MSSM $\phi(h, H, A)$

Enhanced coupling to b quarks, add associated production via b-tags



Charged Higgs

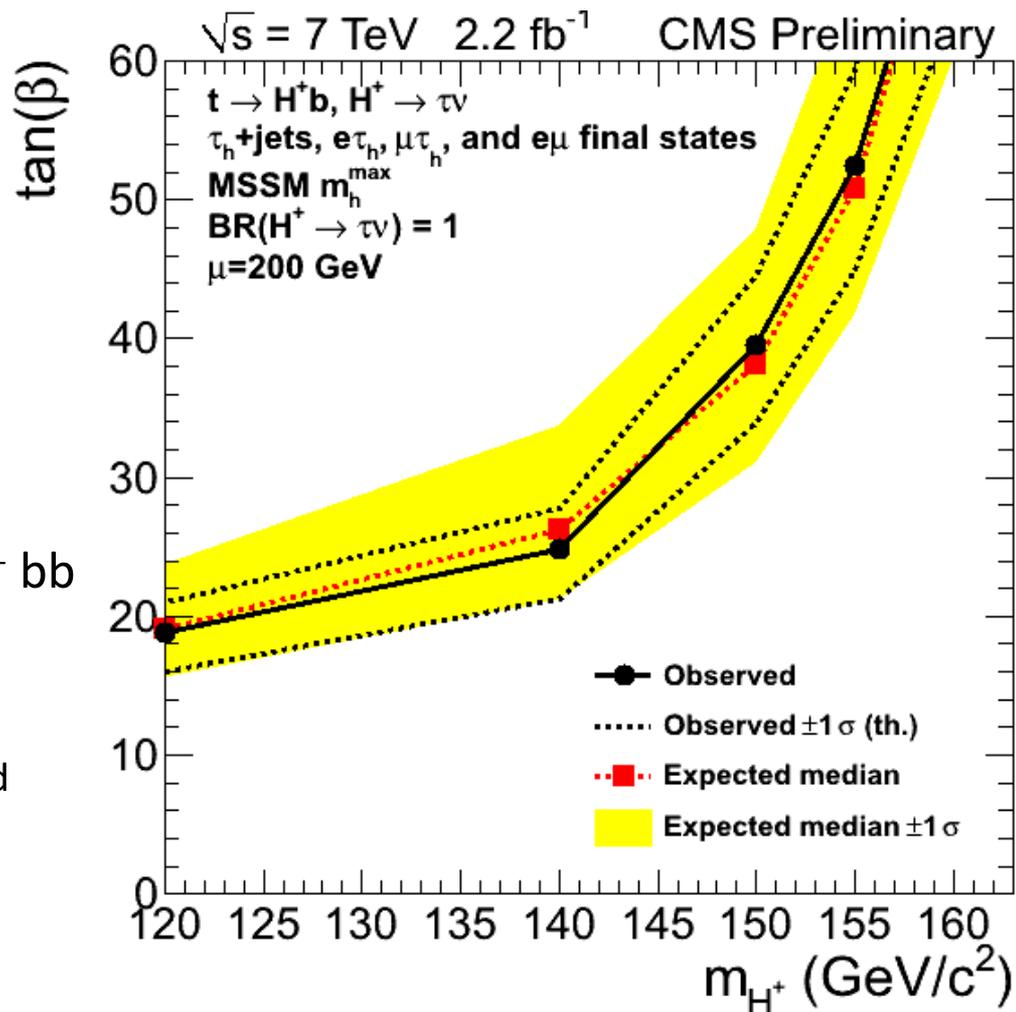
For $m_H < m_t$



• Strategy

- Look for $tt \rightarrow H^+W^-bb$ or H^+H^-bb with $H \rightarrow \tau\nu$
- Three classes of events:
 - All hadronic with jets + $\tau \rightarrow \text{had}$
 - Lepton + jets with $\tau \rightarrow \text{had}$
 - Dilepton in the $e\mu$ channel

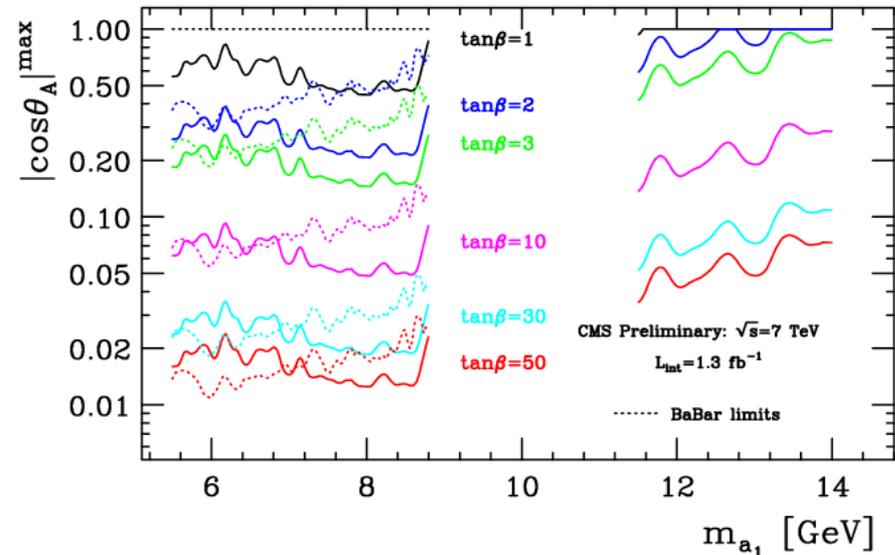
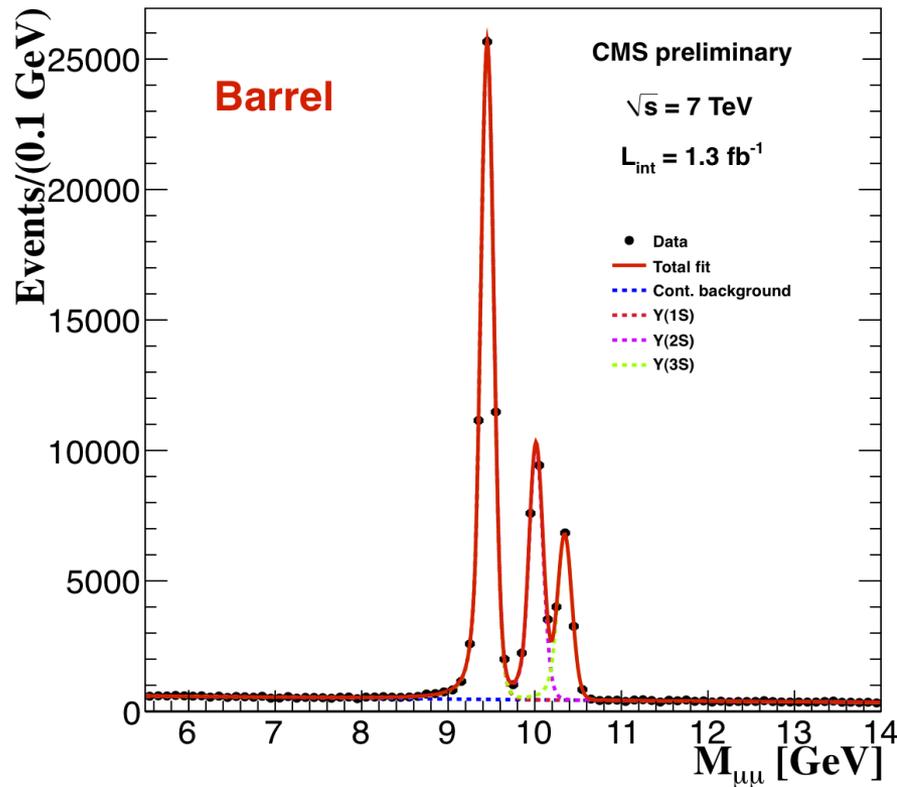
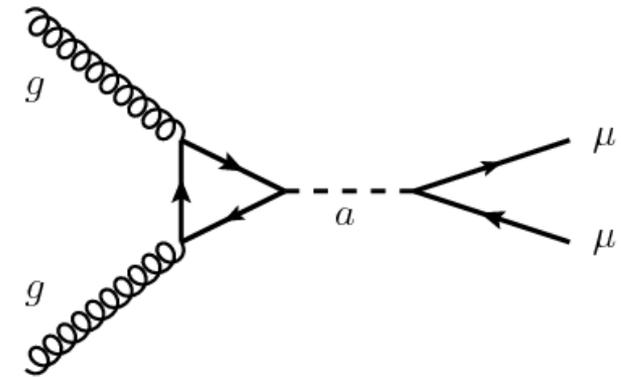
• Constrain $\text{BF}(t \rightarrow Hb) < 3\%$



NMSSM: $a_1 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

- **Add a scalar singlet**

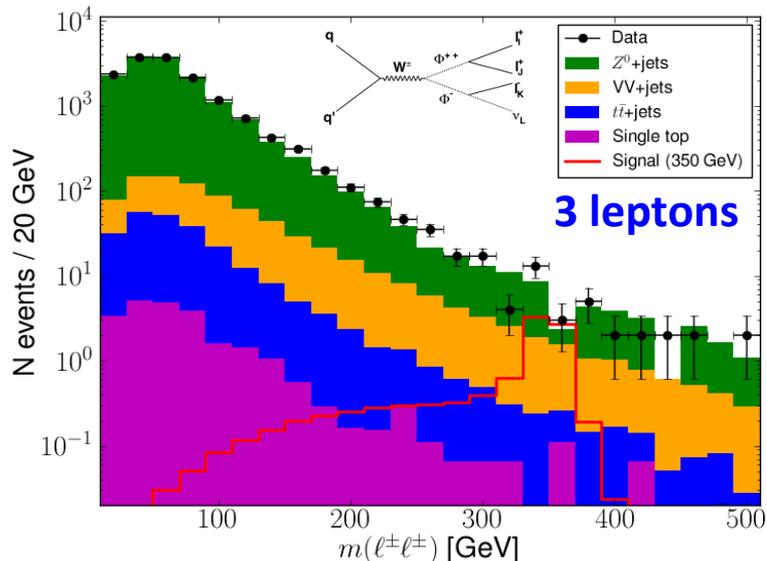
- 3 CP even (h_1, h_2, h_3), 2 CP odd (a_1, a_2), H^\pm
- Out pops a ~ 10 GeV boson
- Search for $a_1 = a \cdot \cos \theta_A + a_S \sin \theta_A$



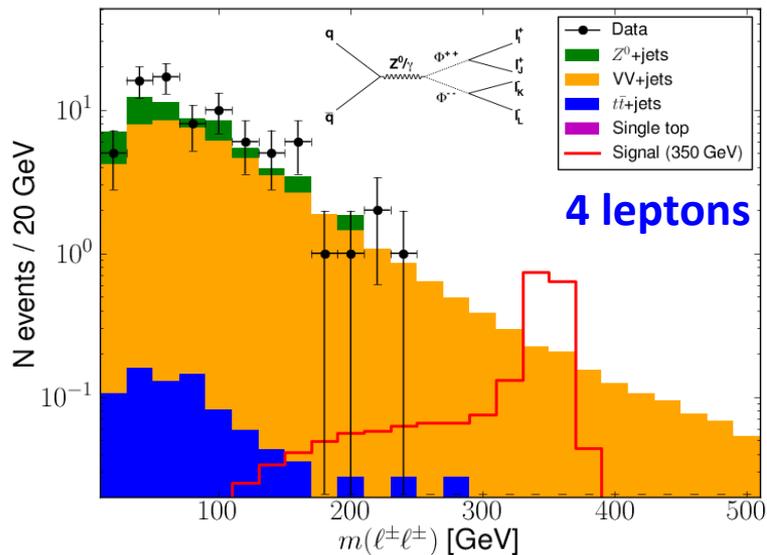
BaBar searches in $\Upsilon(3s) \rightarrow \gamma a_1$

Doubly Charged Higgs Φ^{++}

CMS Preliminary $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, $\int \mathcal{L} = 4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

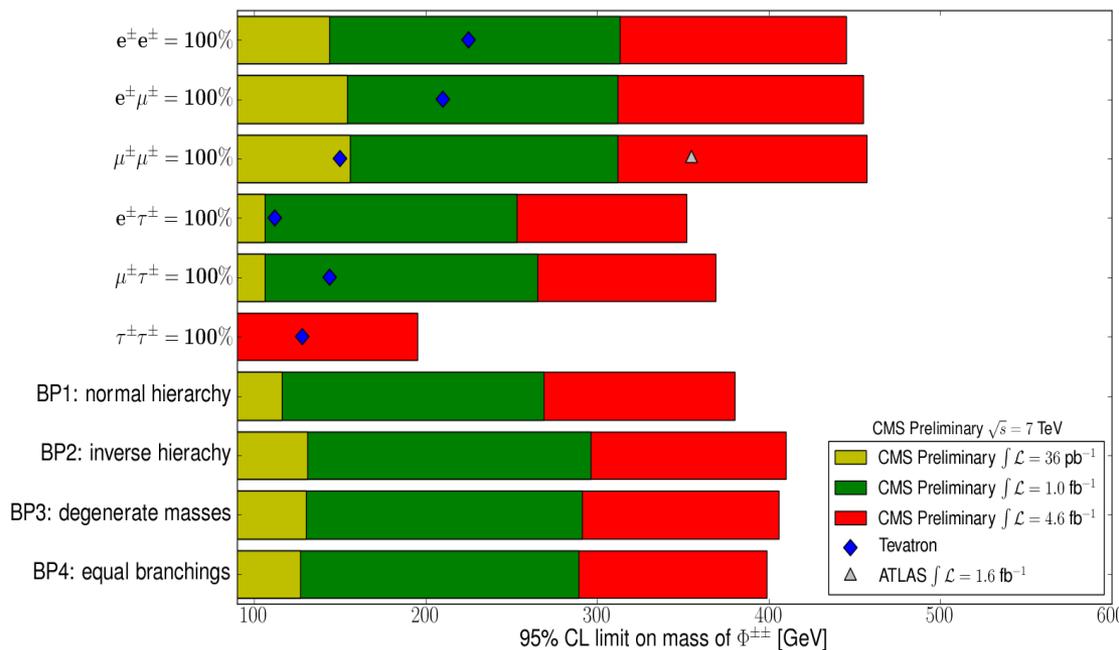


CMS Preliminary $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, $\int \mathcal{L} = 4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



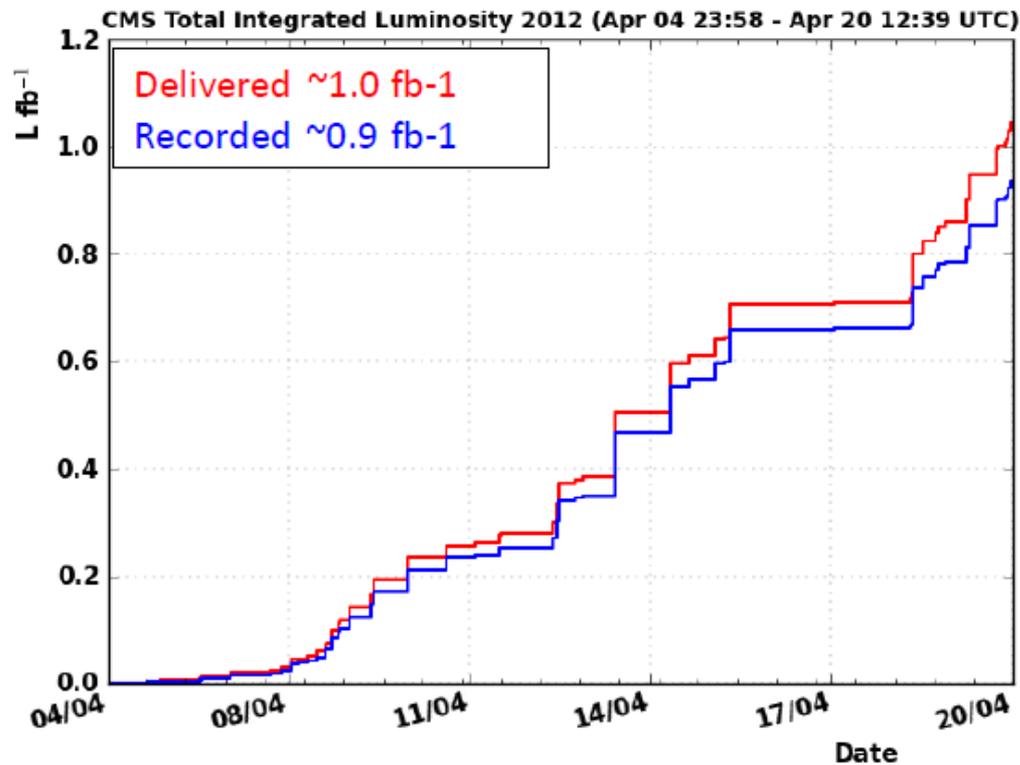
• Triplet Higgs field in see-saw models

- Produced in association with singly charged Higgs or in pairs
 - Unique signature
 - No SM background with real leptons
- Search with all lepton flavors



LHC in 2012

Higher energy (4 TeV per beam) and higher luminosity ($> 7e33$)



- **Phenomenal performance**
 - Record luminosity ($> 5e33$) achieved shortly after startup
 - 1fb^{-1} delivered in a few weeks
 - Sustained rate of $1.5\text{fb}^{-1} / \text{wk}$
- **Challenging conditions**
 - Average pile-up ~ 30
 - Triggers are working!
 - Extensive development over the break, rates are less than expected (feared)
 - CMS is in great shape
 - $> 90\%$ data-taking efficiency, as usual

Summary

- **LHC continues its outstanding performance**
 - On track to deliver promised samples in 2012
- **No evidence for SM or BSM Higgs in 2011 data**
 - But hints at low mass (125 GeV)
- **CMS is searching far and wide**
 - Adding channels to SM search
 - Expanding search for BSM Higgs-like objects
- **2012 should be the definitive year**