

# Jet bin prescription à la BNL proposal

Three methods were proposed, Frank T.'s, Jianming's I&II

## A) Frank Tackmann's proposal

Generate MC possibly with re-weighting to HqT.

Calculate jet-bin uncertainties with fixed-order calculation for  $gg \rightarrow H$ .

- 1) Assume no correlation in inclusive,  $\geq 1$ -jet and  $\geq 2$ -jet cross section errors.
  - Take inclusive cross section error from CERN YR.
  - Calculate  $\geq 1$ -jet and  $\geq 2$ -jet errors via MCFM/HNNLO/FEHiPro.
- 2) Transfer this diagonal 3x3 matrix into  $\sigma_0$ ,  $\sigma_1$  and  $\sigma_{\geq 2}$  error matrix.
- 3) Also convert into 3x3 correlation matrix.

# Division Into Jet Bins

To first approximation, one should treat perturbative series in  $\sigma_{\text{total}}$  and  $\sigma_{\geq 1}$  as independent with uncorrelated perturbative uncertainties, similarly for  $\sigma_{\geq 1}$  and  $\sigma_{\geq 2}$

- First consider *inclusive* jet cross sections

$$\sigma_{\text{total}}, \sigma_{\geq 1}, \sigma_{\geq 2} \Rightarrow C = \begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{\text{total}}^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \Delta_{\geq 1}^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \Delta_{\geq 2}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

For short-term solution, we do not use absolute XS, but use following error correlation matrix based upon numbers with full simulation MC.

- Then transform to *exclusive* jet cross sections

$$\sigma_0 = \sigma_{\text{total}} - \sigma_{\geq 1}, \quad \sigma_1 = \sigma_{\geq 1} - \sigma_{\geq 2}, \quad \sigma_{\geq 2}$$

$$\Rightarrow C = \begin{pmatrix} \Delta_{\text{total}}^2 + \Delta_{\geq 1}^2 & -\Delta_{\geq 1}^2 & 0 \\ -\Delta_{\geq 1}^2 & \Delta_{\geq 1}^2 + \Delta_{\geq 2}^2 & -\Delta_{\geq 2}^2 \\ 0 & -\Delta_{\geq 1}^2 & \Delta_{\geq 2}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

# How to get $\Delta\sigma_{\geq i}$ in Practice

- Simplest: Use relative uncertainties from fixed-order codes

$$\Delta\sigma_{\geq i} = \left[ \frac{\Delta\sigma_{\geq i}}{\sigma_{\geq i}} \right]_{\text{FO}} \times [f_{\geq i}]_{\text{MC}} \sigma_{\text{total}}$$

- ▶ for  $\Delta\sigma_{\geq 1}$ : HNNLO, FEHiP, MCFM should be identical
  - ▶ for  $\Delta\sigma_{\geq 2}$ : HNNLO, FEHiP give LO, can use MCFM for NLO
- 
- Reweight to new HqT including all its uncertainties
    - ▶ propagates its uncertainties into  $\sigma_{\geq 1}$
    - ▶ for  $\Delta\sigma_{\geq 2}$ : use HNNLO/FEHiP or MCFM

# Example Numbers

Using HNNLO (Jianming's numbers) to get  $\{\Delta\sigma_{\text{total}}, \Delta\sigma_{\geq 1}, \Delta\sigma_{\geq 2}\}$

cut	$\frac{\Delta\sigma_{\text{total}}}{\sigma_{\text{total}}}$	$\frac{\Delta\sigma_{\geq 1}}{\sigma_{\geq 1}}$	$\frac{\Delta\sigma_{\geq 2}}{\sigma_{\geq 2}}$	$\frac{\Delta\sigma_0}{\sigma_0}$	$\frac{\Delta\sigma_1}{\sigma_1}$
$p_T^{\text{cut}} = 30 \text{ GeV}, \eta^{\text{cut}} = 3$	10%	21%	45%	17%	29%

Correlations for  $\{\sigma_0, \sigma_1, \sigma_{\geq 2}\}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -0.49 & 0 \\ -0.49 & 1 & -0.42 \\ 0 & -0.42 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Correlations for  $\{\sigma_{\text{total}}, f_0, f_1, f_2\}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.44 & -0.33 & -0.22 \\ 0.44 & 1 & -0.92 & -0.10 \\ -0.33 & -0.92 & 1 & -0.31 \\ -0.22 & -0.10 & -0.31 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

## B) Jianming Qian's proposal-I

# Correlations: proposal I

$$\sigma_{\text{vis}} = \sigma_{\text{tot}} \times A \times f$$

Fractions in each jet bin

- Take the total cross sections and their uncertainties from the CERN Yellow Report;
- Estimate jet veto/bin (scale) uncertainties separately and take into account potential correlations with those on the total cross sections

$f_j$  correlation matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1.00 & -0.95 & -0.98 \\ -0.95 & 1.00 & 0.88 \\ -0.98 & 0.88 & 1.00 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\sigma_{\text{tot}}$  and  $f_j$  correlation:

0-jet=-0.99, 1-jet=0.96, 2-jet=0.95

from J. Qian

Reproduces the following uncertainties for the 0, 1 jet-bin cross sections,  $m_H = 165 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $p_T < 30 \text{ GeV}$  veto:

- 5-6% in 0-jet bin
- 14-16% in 1-jet bin

# Another proposal for errors

- Determine central values of jet bin fractions  $f_i$  from MC by each experiment for its selection;

- Calculate binned cross sections as

$$\sigma_i = f_i \times \sigma_{tot}$$

- Calculate uncertainties as

$$\Delta\sigma_i = \sqrt{(\Delta f_i)^2 \sigma_{tot}^2 + f_i^2 (\Delta\sigma_{tot})^2}$$

Gives 11-12%  
uncertainty in the  
o-jet bin for the  
test study

i.e. ignore the correlations between jet fraction and total cross section, it's simpler !

- o take the uncertainty on the total cross section from CERN Yellow Report;
- o estimate the uncertainty on the fraction using fixed order program such as HNNLO

# Proposal from Jianming

1) calculate cross sections in exclusive bins as

$$\sigma_0 = f_0 * \sigma_{tot}$$

$$\sigma_1 = f_1 * \sigma_{tot}$$

$$\sigma_2 = f_2 * \sigma_{tot}$$

2) calculate error using standard error propagation procedure assuming  $f_i$  and  $\sigma_{tot}$  are independent:

$$d(\sigma_0) = \sqrt{d(f_0)^2 * \sigma_{tot}^2 + f_0^2 * d(\sigma_{tot})^2}$$

$$d(\sigma_1) = \sqrt{d(f_1)^2 * \sigma_{tot}^2 + f_1^2 * d(\sigma_{tot})^2}$$

$$d(\sigma_2) = \sqrt{d(f_2)^2 * \sigma_{tot}^2 + f_2^2 * d(\sigma_{tot})^2}$$

This will guarantee that

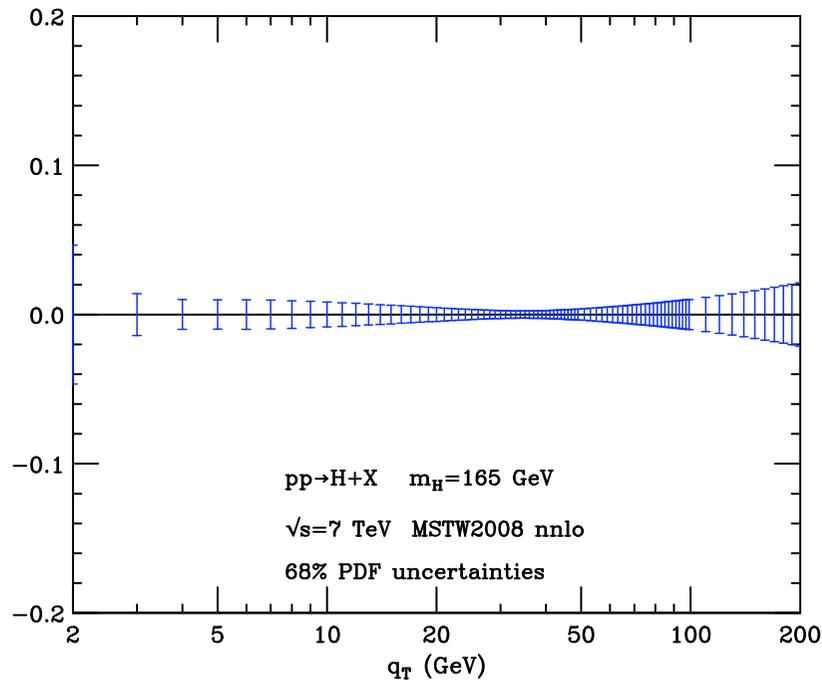
$$d(\sigma_i)/\sigma_i > d(\sigma_{tot})/\sigma_{tot}$$

a point emphasized by many theorists.

3) In combining Higgs search results from these three bins, the full correlation matrix among  $f_i$  is taken into account. For mH:

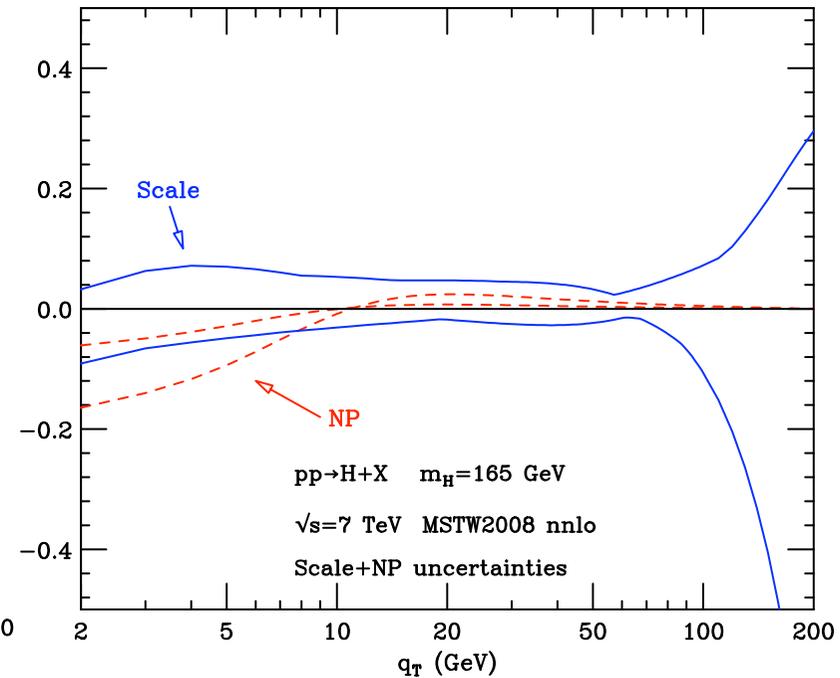
$$\begin{matrix} 1.00 & -0.95 & -0.98 \\ -0.95 & 1.00 & 0.88 \\ -0.98 & 0.88 & 1.00 \end{matrix}$$

# Shape uncertainty



PDF uncertainties apparently have a small impact on the shape of the spectrum

As  $q_T$  increases different  $x$  ranges are probed  
 → Other PDFs could lead to more sizable effects



Scale uncertainties at the level of about  $\pm 5\%$   
 NP effects estimated as in Bozzi et al. (2005)

They become important at small  $q_T$

# Longer-term plan

- ✓  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ , other  $H \rightarrow WW/ZZ \rightarrow 4f$  channels for jet-binning ?
- ✓ Study beam thrust variable.
- ✓ Study transition of parton to particle level effect (ex. UE) with full simulation.